

[First Publication
NOTIFICATION]

The 31st October 1884.—I hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to make the following Port and Pilot rules for the Port of Chittagong. They will take effect from the 1st November 1884.

The Port of Chittagong, and the navigable river and channels leading thereto, having, with the sanction of the Governor-General of India in Council, been declared subject to the provisions of Act XXII of 1855, have become subject to Act XII of 1875 (the Indian Ports Act) in accordance with the provisions of section 3 of the latter Act.

The limits of the said Port of Chittagong are as follow:—

To the north-east,—a line drawn across the river Karnafulee from the boundary pillar at the mouth of the Chaktai nulla to the boundary pillar on the opposite bank of the said river.

To the south,—a line drawn from Jooldia staff to Patunga beacon.

These limits include so much of the river Karnafulee and the shores thereof as lie within fifty yards of high-water mark at ordinary spring tides.

The limits of the navigable river and channels leading to the said Port of Chittagong are as follow:—

To the north-east,—the Port of Chittagong as above defined.

To the south,—a line drawn west from Norman's Point light-house.

To the north,—the port as defined above, and from Patunga beacon a line drawn due west seawards.

To the west,—a line drawn parallel to a line between Patunga beacon and Norman's Point light at a distance of four miles.

To the east,—the south bank of the Karnafulee river between Jooldia and Norman's Point light-house.

All parts of the river Karnafulee between the said limits and below high-water mark at ordinary spring tides are subject to the said Act.

Port dues shall be levied at the following rates:—

Balam boats of 10 tons and upward for every ton of burthen.

All other sea-going vessels of 10 tons and upwards, 4½ annas for every ton of burthen.

Port Rules.

The following Port Rules are hereby notified for general information and guidance.

Rule I.—Within 24 hours after arrival within the limits of the port, the master of every vessel shall report to the Port Officer the arrival of the vessel, and shall be put into moorings or up such berth as may be appointed by the Port Officer, from which she shall not depart (except in case of emergency) without the sanction of the said officer. Every vessel shall remain at her berth when required by the Port Officer.

Rule II.—Every vessel lying within the limits of the port shall be moored and shall be kept under way.

Rule III.—Unless moored head and stern, every vessel within the port, or in the navigable channel leading thereto, shall lie close to the shore, or so as not to obstruct the passage of boats in any way.

Rule IV.—Every vessel in moorings shall use her bower chain for her stern moorings, or such other chain that may be approved of by the Port Officer, who, in case of approaching bad weather, may have the same changed or doubled at his discretion.

Rule V.—Every vessel within the port shall rig in her jib and driver booms, and, if required to do so, take in all boats hanging at the davit as soon as she has moored, and shall so retain them, unless otherwise authorized by the Port Officer.

Rule VI.—Every vessel entering the port between the 15th day of May and 15th day of November shall send down her top-gallant yards, and have mast ropes rove ready to send down her top-gallant masts at short notice on receiving instructions from the Port Officer.

Rule VII.—No ballast shall be discharged from shipboard, or landed from boats, or taken from the shore or river banks within the port and its approaches without the previous sanction of the Port Officer, who may appoint ballast guards to supervise the work.

Rule VIII.—Vessels of less than 12 feet draught, proceeding up or down the river, are prohibited from anchoring in the fairway.

Rule IX.—All vessels anchored in the stream within the port and its approaches shall exhibit between sunset and sunrise, where it can be best seen, but at a height not exceeding 20 feet above the hull of the vessel, a white light in a globular lantern of eight inches in diameter, and so constructed as to show a clear, uniform and unbroken light, visible all round the horizon, at a distance of one mile. Vessels under weigh at night shall show the lights prescribed by the Board of Trade Regulations.

Rule X.—All ballams, cargo-boats, bhurs, and budgerows, when under weigh after dark within the port, shall carry a white light in a lantern in the forepart of the vessel, where it can be distinctly seen.

Rule XI.—Except in cases of emergency, no vessel shall be moored, or unmoored, and no hawse and moose shall be left out between sunset

of 100 to 199 tons	...	4
of 200 " 299 "	...	5
of 300 " 499 "	...	6
of 500 " 699 "	...	7
of 700 and upwards	...	10

Rule XIV.—Vessels shall not anchor in fairway off the bar, or on the bar, and any vessel so anchoring shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 100 for every day or portion of a day on which she may remain in the fairway or on the bar.

Rule XV.—No vessel dropping up or down the river shall anchor in the fairway unless she be of heavy draught or of great length. Any vessel on the move or waiting the next tide shall sheer out of the channel and anchor as far out of the fairway as she can do without risk.

Rule XVI.—Vessels occupying moorings or using the heave-up boat will be subject to the undermentioned charges :—

	Rs.
Occupying moorings, per diem ...	6
Occupying swinging buoys ...	3
For mooring at or unmooring from the fixed fore-and-aft moorings with the use of heave-up boat on each occasion ...	16
For mooring at or unmooring from swinging moorings with the use of heave-up boat on each occasion ...	10
Harbour Master's fee for mooring or unmooring a vessel on Sundays and holidays ...	10
Use of heave-up boat for assisting a vessel, per diem ...	32
Running out anchors for vessels on shore, or going on the hard, to clear bottom on each occasion ...	32
Use of Government hawser, per diem ...	10
Shifting a vessel's berth for the convenience of the owners ...	16
Vessels occupying the jetty head for loading or discharging cargo other than salt, per diem ...	20
Vessels occupying the jetty head for loading or discharging salt, per thousand maunds ...	10
Salvage on anchors and cables, per cwt. ...	8-8

Rule XVII.—No person, unless authorized by the Port Officer, shall creep or sweep within the port for anchors, cables, or other stores lost, or supposed to be lost, therein.

Rule XVIII.—Any sampan, cargo-boat, or other vessel going alongside an arriving steam-vessel before she is anchored, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 100.

Rule XIX.—The Port Officer, or any one deputed by him, shall not be interfered with in the execution of his duty.

Rule XX.—No vessel shall use any of the moorings, whether fixed or swinging, without permission of the Port Officer.

Rule XXI.—All applications to be hauled into, or cast off from, the moorings, or for any other assistance, shall be made either personally or by letter to the Port Officer. Applications will, as far as possible, be complied with in order according to date of receipt.

Rule XXII

Signals for the Port of Chittagong.

Storm signals will be only used within the limits of the Port of Chittagong to give notice to the shipping and general public of the early approach of a severe cyclone with its attendant storm-wave. The following are the storm signals which will be used within the limits of the port. They will be hoisted on the flagstaff yard-arm at Sudder ghât and on the Jooldia flagstaff yard-arm on receipt of instructions from the Meteorological office.

A *ball* indicates that a severe cyclone, of which the centre is in the neighbourhood of Akyab, will probably advance towards Chittagong.

1. Day warning signal.



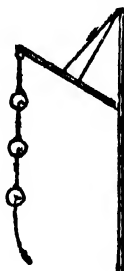
A *drum* indicates that a severe cyclone with its attendant storm-wave is approaching Chittagong.

2. Day danger signal.



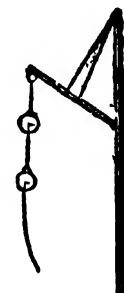
Three lights in a vertical plain indicate that a severe cyclone, of which the centre is in the neighbourhood of Akyab, will probably advance towards Chittagong.

3. Night warning signal.



Two lights in a vertical line indicate the early approach of a severe cyclonic storm and its attendant storm-wave to the Port of Chittagong.

4. Night danger signal.



Rule XXIII.

Vessels lying in the stream or the moorings shall at times have at least one anchor at the bow, with cable bent and ranged ready to let go. Vessels with no spare hawse pipe for cables shall have good hawser bent ready for letting go.

Rule XXIV.—Every ship or vessel within the port shall remove any anchor or spar, or other object projecting from her side.

Rule XXV.—No person shall use or use naked light of any description in the hold or between-decks of any vessel lying in the port. Closed lanterns, secured by lock and key, and in charge of an officer of the vessel, shall alone be taken between-decks or into the hold.

Rule XXVI.—Fires shall be permitted only in galleys or fire-places regularly constructed for the purpose; such fires to be kept alight only between daybreak and 9 P.M. Fires for cooking shall not be allowed on board of vessels in dock.

Rule XXVII.—With a view to the extinction of fires, all vessels in port shall be provided with three buckets for every hundred tons of registered measurement up to 600 tons, and two additional buckets for every 100 tons above 600: provided that the total number of buckets shall not be required to exceed 50 in any vessel. One-half of such buckets shall be left constantly hung up on the quarter-deck or other convenient place.

Rule XXVIII.—When fire has broken out in any vessel, the officers in charge of all vessels in neighbouring moorings or anchorage shall furl their awnings, get their force-pumps ready for use, and prepare for slipping their cables and chains, seeing specially that the pins of the shackles can be immediately knocked out.

Rule XXIX.—No vessel shall lie at single anchor in the port unless a pilot or assistant harbour master is on board; and a fee of Rs. 10 per diem will be charged for his services.

Rule XXX.—All vessels about to leave the port shall hoist the Blue-Peter at the fore at least twenty-four hours before leaving the moorings, and shall keep it hoisted until the pilot takes charge of the vessel to take her to sea.

Rule XXXI.—No vessel shall steam, sail, or be towed up on the flood or down on the ebb within port limits except with the permission of the Port Officer.

Rule XXXII.—River steamers and tug steamers having no vessels in tow are permitted to move up on the flood, or down on the ebb, at their own risk and at a speed sufficient to keep the vessels under command; but in no case shall the speed exceed four miles an hour through the water.

Rule XXXIII.—For the use of the Government Launch Fire-engine, a charge of Rs. 50 will be made for every twelve hours and part thereof.

Rules for Pilots in the Port of Chittagong.

I.—Pilots in charge of inward-bound vessels are directed to hoist the vessel's number, and, if salt laden or from dutiable ports, are to have the ensign hoisted at the main-mast head for the information of the Customs Inspector, Jaldia.

II.—A pilot on taking charge of an inward-bound vessel shall, immediately on boarding her, hoist his distinguishing number, and hand over to the master of the vessel the following papers:—(1) Port Rules, (2) Pilotage Rules, (3) Medical Inspection Rules, (4) Customs Regulations. If any case of cholera, small-pox, or other epidemic disease common in India is on board he shall at once report the fact to the Port Officer, stating the number of cases, and shall await orders before taking up any anchorage in the harbour.

III.—A pilot detained on board at Jaldia will, in the event of the captain refusing to take steam, report the matter to the Port Officer and await orders.

IV.—The pilot shall not give over charge of his vessel in the river unless she has been moored or he has been relieved by a harbour master or other officer authorised to take charge.

V.—Pilots on arrival off town shall state the time of arrival, the vessel's name, the place where she has been left, and, if moored, with how much chain each way. This information is to be entered in a book kept at the Port Office for that purpose.

VI.—Every pilot shall on arrival report to the Port Officer the number of pilots on the station, and also any alterations he may have observed in the river on his way up.

VII.—No pilot shall take charge of an outward-bound vessel without an order signed by the Port Officer, or proceed unless the vessel has obtained her customs clearance. If the vessel is to take steam, he should not break ground without satisfying himself that the tug is engaged to take the vessel to sea, or to remain by her till the vessel is outside the Outer Bar.

VIII.—The pilot shall ascertain that the vessel has two serviceable bower anchors, and if she has not a sheet or spare anchor fit for a bower over her side, that she has one in such a position on deck that it can easily be brought into use in case of necessity. Also that a kedg with line ready bent be on deck and ready for immediate use.

IX.—If a pilot appointed to take a vessel to sea during neaps considers her draught too much, and that it would involve a risk and responsibility which he is unwilling to take, he should at once communicate the fact to the master and report to the Port Officer, for orders, fully explaining his grounds of objection.

X.—If after a pilot joins a vessel he finds that she is of larger draught than she was reported to be, or that she takes in any cargo that alters her draught, he will at once report the matter to the Port Officer and await orders.

XI.—Pilots are on no account to cross the bar between sunset and sunrise, on pain of dismissal, without the permission of the Port Officer in writing, the cost of lighting the buoys being defrayed by the ship concerned.

XII.—A pilot shall not relinquish charge of a vessel unless on account of sickness or other unavoidable necessity. If he is in any way impeded in the performance of his duty, he should report the circumstances to the Port Officer, and, if necessary, anchor the vessel.

XIII.—Pilots shall attend the Port Office daily, and shall not leave town without permission of the Port Officer being previously obtained.

XIV.—Until further orders, pilots shall be governed by the following rules as to the draughts

of vessels to be moved either up or down, in or out:—

- (a)—They may move a vessel in or out without steam at a draught of 18 feet, and with steam to any reasonable draught.
- (b)—Vessels of 275 feet length and upwards shall not be brought up above Moiscally without permission from Port Officer, to whom her length and draught must be reported in writing.

XV.—No pilot on his way up or down the river, and not employed on any special duty, shall pass a vessel having a pilot signal flying without boarding her and ascertaining why she is without a pilot, and if required shall take charge of her, and take her on her way and stop by her until she can be left in safety.

XVI.—Masters are requested to report when there appears to have been any unnecessary delay in getting the pilot on board.

XVII.—If a vessel loses an anchor or anchors, the pilot shall immediately submit a report to the Port Office. The report should be attested by the master of the vessel, and to enable the Port Officer's Department to identify the lost articles, it shall indicate accurately the following particulars:—

- (1)—Locality of the loss.
- (2)—Bearings of known objects.
- (3)—Description, weight, and distinctive marks of anchors.
- (4)—Description and quantity of cable.

XVIII.—Should a vessel ground, collide with any vessel or buoy, or meet with any casualty while under weigh or at anchor, the pilot shall, on the first opportunity, forward to the Port Officer a report in writing of the occurrence, containing the following particular:—

- (a)—Locality of the accident.
- (b)—Bearings of any known object in view.
- (c)—The vessel's draught of water.
- (d)—The time of tide.
- (e)—Hour of the day the accident occurred.
- (f)—Manœuvre the pilot was executing or attempting to execute.
- (g)—The damage, if any, sustained.
- (h)—The time the vessel was on shore.
- (i)—Quantity of water made by the vessel.

XIX.—Pilots, before leaving a vessel, shall obtain a certificate from the master as to how he has performed his duty, and present the same to the Port Officer on arrival.

XX.—Pilots, whilst in town, should daily inspect carefully the channel and the river-book kept at the Port Office.

XXI.—If a pilot considers himself aggrieved by any conduct on the part of the master of a vessel, he shall submit his complaint in writing to the Port Officer for his consideration and orders.

XXII.—Masters or agents are requested to give at least 24 hours' previous notice when a pilot is required to shift or take a vessel to sea or for any other purpose, to enable the Port Officer to send for pilots from the mouth of the river, if required.

XXIII.—The cutter with pilots shall cruise in the day backwards and forwards from the Outer Bar buoys to off the mouth of the Sangoo river during the south-west monsoon, weather permitting, and shall remain day and night on her station, viz. three miles outside the Bar buoys during the north-east monsoon. The senior pilot on board will be held responsible should any complaint be made owing to delay being incurred in getting, or putting on, or taking a pilot out from a vessel.

XXIV.—The sanctioned pilotage charge is as follows:—

Draught in feet.	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
In or out	30	36	42	50	60	70	80	95	110

Draught in feet.	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
In or out	125	140	160	180	205	230	260

When the draught exceeds by more than six inches any depth here provided for, the next foot of draught shall be charged for.

For every foot, or part of a foot, exceeding six inches above 23 feet, an additional sum of Rs. 32 will be charged. Three-fourth rates will be charged for steamers and vessels towed by steam.

XXV.—In every case in which the services of a port pilot are not used, and the vessel is piloted by a person specially licensed to pilot in the Chittagong river, half the sanctioned charge for pilotage shall be paid.

XXVI.—All persons specially licensed to pilot in the Chittagong river shall be subject to the control of the Port Officer in regard to their pilotage work.

H. H. RISLEY,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st October 1884.—In accordance with the provisions of section 20 of Act IV (B.C. of 1880) the Lieutenant-Governor directs the publication of the following proposed amendment of Bye-law No. 1 of the Bye-laws for the Inland Vessels' Wharves:—

Present Bye-law.

1. With the exception hereinafter noted, no vessels not being sea-going vessels, shall land or ship any goods at any wharf on the east bank of the river Hooghly between the northern boundary of the port and the Government Dockyard at Kidderpore, except at the wharves duly notified by the Port Commissioners under section 64 of Act V (B.C.) of 1870.

Proposed Bye-law.

With the exception hereinafter noted, no vessels, not being sea-going vessels, shall land or ship any goods at any wharf between the northern boundary of the port and the Government Dockyard at Kidderpore on the east bank, and between the East Indian Railway premises and Shalimar Point on the west bank, except at the wharves duly notified by the Port Commissioners under section 64 of Act V (B.C.) of 1870.

H. H. RISLEY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 3rd November 1884.—In continuation of the Notification dated the 31st March 1884, published at page 494, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 2nd April 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor appoints, under the provisions of section 5 of Act XV of 1881 (the Indian Factories Act), Assistant Surgeon Probodh Chundra Bose to be Certifying Surgeon for the factories in the sub-division of Ghattal, in place of Baboo Surja Kumar Bose.

H. H. RISLEY,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th November 1884.—Under the provisions of Rule III of the Rules of the 28th July 1879, made under section 25(i) of the Indian Forest Act, VII of 1878, the Lieutenant Governor is pleased to sanction the closing of the reserved forests of the Darjeeling Terai and Lower Hills (Kurseong and Teesta Forest Divisions), as well as those of the district of Julpigoree (Julpigoree and Buxa Forest Divisions) against hunting, shooting, and fishing, from the 1st December 1884 to the 1st June 1885.

H. H. RISLEY,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th November 1884.—The following Notice to Mariners is published for general information.

H. H. RISLEY,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, GENERAL (MARINE) DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.—(No. 62.)

BAY OF BENGAL.

BURMA COAST—ARAKAN.

KYOUK PHYOU HARBOUR.

Black buoy marking Dicey Shoal.

WITH reference to this Department Notice to Mariners No. 51, of the 15th September 1884, relative to the breaking adrift of the *black* buoy marking the North side of Dicey shoal, entrance to Kyouk Phyou harbour, the Port Officer, Akyab, notifies that the buoy was replaced in its original position on the 13th October 1884.

By direction of the Government of Bengal,

ARTHUR W. STIFFE, Captain, I.M.,

Port Officer of Calcutta.

PORT OFFICE, Calcutta, the 31st October 1884.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, GENERAL (MARINE) DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.—(No. 63.)

BAY OF BENGAL.

BURMA COAST—ARAKAN.

KYOUK PHYOU HARBOUR.

Buoy marking the boundary of the Port.

NOTICE is hereby given by the Port Officer of Akyab, that a *buoy* has been laid in 13½ fathoms, at low water ordinary spring tides, a quarter of a mile North of the iron jetty, in order to mark the boundary of the Port of Kyouk Phyou.

Note.—Vessels coming to an anchorage can safely anchor inside this buoy in 11 fathoms of water.

By direction of the Government of Bengal,

ARTHUR W. STIFFE, Captain, I.M.,

Port Officer of Calcutta.

PORT OFFICE, Calcutta, the 31st October 1884.

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th November 1884.—In accordance with the provisions of section 47 of Act XII of 1875, the following abstract account of the receipts and charges of the Port of Calcutta and its approaches for the year 1883-84 is published for general information.

H. H. RISLEY,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

Abstract Account under section 47, Act XII of 1875, of Receipts and Charges of the Port of Calcutta and its approaches for the year 1883-84.

RECEIPTS.	AMOUNT CREDITED IN GOVERNMENT BOOKS.			Total.	CHARGES.	AMOUNT DEBITED IN GOVERNMENT BOOKS.			Total.
	Under Provincial Marine.	Under Local Fund.				Under Provincial Marine.	Under Local Fund.		
		Hospital Port Dues Fund.					Hospital Port Dues Fund.		
Registration and other fees	Rs. 25,532	Rs.	Rs.	Port Officer and establishment	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
Miscellaneous	7,067			Marine Court	30,375		30,375		
Port Dues		82,762		Allowance to Port Commissioners for collecting Marine dues	2,983		2,983		
...				Health Officer and establishment	2,500		2,500		
...				Charges of sick steamer sent to hospital		24,448	24,448		
...				Gifts to the Insane Asylum		35,813	35,813		
...				Salaries		165	165		
...				Establishment for licensing cargo boats		1,73,613	1,73,613		
...				Proportion of salaries, control		8,796	8,796		
...				Ditto for dredger		36,055	36,055		
...				Repairs		13,965	13,965		
...				Interest		92,433	92,433		
...				Working expenses		24,356	24,356		
...				River Police		28,624	28,624		
...				Mundakach establishment		31,651	31,651		
...				Depreciation account		1,570	1,570		
...				Pensions and gratuities		53,110	53,110		
...				Proportion of Municipal taxes and repairs of officer's quarters		4,187	4,187		
...				Ditto		7,423	7,423		
...				Proportion of establishment and working expenses of steamer		7,441	7,441		
...				Contribution for Port Approaches		3,795	3,795		
...				Salary of Engineer Surveyor		30,000	30,000		
...						14,446	14,446		
Port Approaches.									
Receipts from Port dues				Salaries		1,93,510	1,93,510		
Earnings of anchor vessels				Proportion of salaries, control		12,018	12,018		
...				Ditto of Municipal taxes and repairs of Storeyard		2,977	2,977		
...				Repairs		43,310	43,310		
...				Working expenses		83,296	83,296		
...				Interest		18,394	18,394		
...				Mutual Survey		7,473	7,473		
...				Total	36,961	60,476	8,89,167		
Balance on 1st April 1883				Balance on 31st March 1884		43,993	13,31,368		
...				GRAND TOTAL		1,04,458	22,20,535		
GRAND TOTAL									

E. F. T. ATKINSON,
Accountant-General, Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 25th October 1884.—The following Notice to Mariners is published for general information.

A. P. MacDONNELL,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, GENERAL (MARINE) DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.—(No. 61.)

INDIA—WEST COAST.

KONKAN DISTRICT.

BANKOT AND MALVAN PORTS.

Replacing of the buoys.

INFORMATION has been received from the Collector of Salt Revenue, Bombay, that the Malvan and the Bankot buoys have now been placed in position; the former on the 29th September and the latter on the 2nd October 1884.

By direction of the Government of Bengal,

ARTHUR W. STIFFE, Captain, I.M.,

Port Officer of Calcutta.

PORT OFFICE, Calcutta, the 23rd October 1884.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 20th October 1884.—The following Notice to Mariners is published for general information:—

A. P. MacDONNELL,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, GENERAL (MARINE) DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.—(No. 60.)

AFRICA—EAST COAST.

GULF OF ADEN.

Buoyage of the reefs at the entrance to Zeyla.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners No. 57, issued from this Department, 11th October 1884, relative to the intended buoyage of the reefs at the entrance to Zeyla, information has been received announcing that the buoys were laid down on the 14th September 1884:—

EFAT SHOAL BUOY—A red iron conical buoy has been moored in 7½ fathoms, at low water ordinary spring tides, at the East end of the shoal off Efât Island, and the following bearings are given:—

Centre of Zeyla town	...	...	...	S 24° W.
Right extreme of Sadalden Island	...	...	...	S 55° W.
Right extreme of Efât Island	...	...	...	N 71° W.

FILFIL SHOAL BUOY—A red iron conical buoy has been laid in 6 fathoms, at low water ordinary spring tides, at the West end of Filfil shoal, with:—

Centre of Zeyla town	...	...	...	S 48° W.
Right extreme of Sadalden Island	...	...	...	N 88° W.
Right extreme of Efât Island	...	...	...	N 53° W.

CHANNEL REEF BUOY—An iron conical buoy with black and white vertical stripes has been laid down on the Channel reef in 4 fathoms, at low water ordinary spring tides, in the following position:—

Centre of Zeyla town	...	...	...	S 36° W.
Right extreme of Sadalden Island	...	...	...	S 81° W.
Right extreme of Efât Island	...	...	...	N 53° W.

There is a small white beacon like a mosque just inside the North end of Efât Island.

Directions.—Vessels bound for Zeyla can either make Efât shoal buoy or the Filfil shoal buoy, and if the weather is clear the town will be seen before getting up to the buoys. Efât shoal buoy should be passed to the Eastward, and Filfil shoal buoy to the Westward, giving Channel reef buoy a berth of half a mile on either side. The directions given in the Gulf of Aden Pilot will then suffice. If the Channel reef buoy be washed away, great care is necessary in passing the reef, as it is difficult to distinguish and steep-to, and seems to be of larger dimensions than those given in the Gulf of Aden Pilot.

The Bearings are Magnetic.

By direction of the Government of Bengal,

ARTHUR W. STIFFE, Captain, I.M.,

Port Officer of Calcutta.

PORT OFFICE, Calcutta, the 17th October 1884.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2726A.

The 3rd November 1884.—Mr. C. W. E. Pittar, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Dacca, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

Baboo Srish Chandra Bhattacharjee, B.L., is appointed to act as a Munsif in the district of Midnapore, to be ordinarily stationed at Nermal, during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Kali Charan Ghosal, or until further orders.

This cancels the order of the 26th September last, appointing Baboo Behari Lal Mitter to act as Munsif of Nermal.

Baboo Ganendro Nath Pal, Temporary Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Silligoree, Darjeeling, is also appointed to be a Munsif in the district of Dinagepore, to be ordinarily stationed at Silligoree.

Moulvie Abdul Aziz, Munsif of Arrah, Shahabad, is appointed to act as Subordinate Judge of Sarun until further orders, with effect from the date on which he joined his appointment.

Under the authority vested in him by the final clause of section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, Act X of 1882, the Lieutenant-Governor empowers Baboos Jadu Lal Mallick, Grish Chundra Ghosh, and Pran Nath Pundit, Honorary Magistrates, Sealdah, in the 24 Pargunnahs, to take down evidence in criminal cases in the English language.

The 4th November 1884.—Mr. H. R. H. Cox, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Bhagulpore, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

Baboo Jadu Nath Bose, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Midnapore, is vested with powers to try security cases under section 110 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Under the authority vested in him by the final clause of section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, Act X of 1882, the Lieutenant-Governor empowers Baboo Soorya Coomar Agasti, Officiating Deputy Magistrate, Purneah, to take down evidence in criminal cases in the English language.

Baboo Gokul Chand, Munsif of Ranchee, Lohardugga, is appointed to be a Munsif in the district of Tirhoot, to be ordinarily stationed at Seetampurhee.

This cancels the order of the 15th September 1884 appointing him to Purneah.

Baboo Rajendra Nath Datta, Officiating Munsif of Ranchee, Lohardugga, is appointed to officiate as a Munsif in the district of Purneah, to be ordinarily stationed at Kishengunge.

Baboo Nritya Gopal Sircar, B.L., Officiating Munsif of North Rajan in the Chittagong district, is appointed to act as a Munsif in that district, to be ordinarily stationed at North Patiya.

Moulvie Hamid-ud-din, Munsif of Ranchee, Lohardugga, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

Mr. L. Hare, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Purneah, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the first class, and with the power to try summarily the offences mentioned in section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

J. WARE EDGAR,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th October 1884.—In exercise of the power conferred on him by section 2 of Act VII (B.C.) of 1869, the Lieutenant-Governor directs that the Chittagong Hill Tracts shall be a general police district.

J. WARE EDGAR,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 7th October 1884.—Under the provisions of section 7 of the Indian Registration Act, 111 of 1877, the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the establishment of two offices of Joint Sub-Registrar in the sub-districts of Lukhipura and Begumgunj, in the district of Noakhally, with head-quarters at Ferashgunge and Senbagh respectively. The Joint Sub-Registrars will exercise concurrent jurisdiction in their respective sub-districts with the present Sub-Registrars in those sub-districts. This notification will take effect on and from the 1st November 1884.

J. WARE EDGAR,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.—BENGAL.

The 30th October 1884.

No. 398.—*Furlough.*—Mr. H. C. Barnes, Assistant Engineer, first grade, Darjeeling Division, is granted furlough for one year on medical certificate, under section 52 of the Civil Leave Code, together with the necessary subsidiary leave.

The 1st November 1884.

No. 399.—*Postings.*—Mr. J. T. Simpson, Executive Engineer, third grade, who reported his return from furlough on the 31st ultimo, is posted to Calcutta Circle as a temporary measure.

No. 400.—In modification of notification No. 398 of the 27th ultimo, Mr. J. A. Devenish, Assistant Engineer, second grade, from the Royal Indian Engineering College, who reported his arrival on the 27th October 1884, is posted to the Eastern Circle.

No. 401.—In modification of notification No. 368 of the 11th ultimo, Mr. O. Hoernle, Assistant Engineer, first grade, who reported his return from furlough on the 30th October 1884, is placed on special duty from that date.

The 3rd November 1884

No. 402.—*Notification.*—Mr. L. R. Fraser, Assistant Engineer, second grade, passed the Colloquial Examination in Hindustani on the 27th October 1884.

CIVIL BUILDINGS.

The 3rd November 1884.

No. 403.—*Declaration.*—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a road from the Buxar Railway Station to the Buxar Opium Godown, in the village of Sahni Putti Khalea, pergunnah Bhojepore, zillah Shahabad, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 8 cottahs and 8½ dhooors is required. The land is bounded on the north by the portion of the new road from the Opium Godown in Government Forr lands; on the south by the premises of the Buxar Railway Station; and on the east and west by the fields of Ram Deni Roy and Ram Sarun Koeri's widow.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

The plan can be inspected in the office of the Executive Engineer, Buxar.

The 4th November 1884.

No. 404.—*Posting.*—Mr. W. A. Inglis, Executive Engineer, fourth grade, is, on return from furlough, posted to the Sone Circle.

No. 405.—The following notifications, issued by the Government of India, Public Works Department, are republished for information :—

No. 264, dated 29th October 1884.—Mr. J. Macmillan, Executive Engineer, first grade, Bengal, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from 6th October 1884.

No. 265, dated 30th October 1884.—Colonel B. Lovett, C.S.I., R.E., Superintending Engineer, third class, temporary rank, Bengal, reverted to his substantive rank of Executive Engineer, first grade, with effect from the 23rd October 1884.

COMMUNICATIONS.

The 4th November 1884.

No. 406.—*Notification.*—The declaration dated the 10th March 1884, under section 6 of Act X of 1870 of the Government of India, which was published at page 450 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 12th idem, for the acquisition of land for the construction of a new two-storied Post Office at Hooghly, is hereby cancelled.

G. F. E. S. NEILL, Major, M.S.C.,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. Dept.

Sheriff's Office, the 29th October 1884.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Sixth Criminal Sessions of the year 1884 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the first day of December next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Sessions be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Sessions be present then and there to prosecute.

H. W. I. WOOD, Sheriff.

সরকারি আফিস সন ১৮৮৪ সাল তারিখ ২৯শে অক্টোবর।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে সুবে বাঙ্গালার কোর্ট উইলিয়াম হুগলির অধীন শহর কাল ও অন্যান্য স্থানের কৌজলারী বিচার সম্প্রদায় আগামী সন ১৮৮৪ সালের ১লা ১ মোম্বার বেল ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন সময়ে কলিকাতার হাই কোর্টের আশ্রম আদালত ঘরে সন ১৮৮৪ সালের ১ষ্ঠ ডিসেম্বর ৩ বসিবেক এবং এডওয়ারী প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোম করেদির বিরুদ্ধে কে মিছিল করিবেক তাহার উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে জাজির থাকিয়া যোকদমা করে ইতি।

এইচ: ডবলিউ: আই: উড, সর্

TREASURY NOTICES.

UNCOVENANTED DEPUTY COLLECTOR BABOO POORNO CHANDRA CHATTERJEA has been placed in charge of the Midnapore Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

ANNADA PROSAD GHOSE, *Personal Assistant, for Offg. Commr.*

COMM'R'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVISION, CEINSURAH, the 1st November 1884.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICES.

Subordinate Educational Service.

The 25th October 1884.—Baboo Bidyadhar Das, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Furreedpore (class IV), is allowed leave of absence for three months, under section 72, chapter V of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from such date as he may avail himself of it.

Baboo Sarada Kanta Sen, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Furreedpore (class VI), is appointed to officiate as Deputy Inspector of Schools, Furreedpore, and to act in class V, during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Bidyadhar Das, or until further orders.

Baboo Tarak Nath Sen, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Dacca (class III), is allowed leave of absence for two months and twenty days, under section 72, chapter V of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Baboo Tarak Bandhu Chakravarti, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Dacca, and now acting as Deputy Inspector of Schools, Backergunge (class VI and officiating in class V), is appointed to officiate as Deputy Inspector of Schools, Dacca, in class V, during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Tarak Nath Sen, or until further orders.

The 27th October 1884.—Baboo Lachman Lal, Third Master, Patna Normal School (class VII), is appointed to officiate as Second Master of the same institution, during the absence, on deputation, of Munshi Sajiwan Lal, B.A., or until further orders.

Baboo Pitambur Dey, Second Master, Howrah Zillah School (class VI), is allowed leave of absence for three months, under rule I, section 73, chapter V of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 8th October 1884.

Baboo Hira Lal Pal, B.A., Third Master, Howrah Zillah School (class VI), is appointed to officiate as Second Master of the same institution, *vice* Baboo Pitambur Dey, on leave.

Baboo Sarada Charan Mitra, M.A., Fourth Master, Howrah Zillah School, is appointed to officiate as Third Master of the same institution, and to act in class VI, *vice* Baboo Hira Lal Pal, B.A., on deputation.

Baboo Ram Taran Samanta, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Singbhoom (class VI), is allowed leave of absence for one month and seven days, under section 72, chapter V of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 10th November next, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it; and Baboo Kalika Nanda Mookerjea, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Singbhoom (class VII), is placed in temporary charge of the Deputy Inspector's duties in addition to his own.

A. W. CROFT, *Director of Public Instruction.*

THE Law Department of the Presidency College will be abolished, by order of the Government of Bengal, on the 1st of January 1885.

CHARLES H. TAWNEY, *Principal, Presidency College.*

PRESIDENCY COLLEGE, the 22nd October 1884.

NOTIFICATION OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE.

No. 1119B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Twelfth Sale of Opium, the Provision of 1881-82 and 1882-83, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall-street, on Tuesday, the 2nd December 1884, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,800 chests, viz.—

	Chests.
Opium manufactured at the Patna Factory, consisting of 5 chests of 1881-82, 50 chests of 74° of 1882-83 (tin-lined), and 1,745 chests of 75° 1882-83 of which 50 chests are tin-lined; in all	1,800
Opium manufactured at the Ghazeeopore Factory, consisting of 1,700 chests of 70° of 1882-83, of which 100 chests are tin-lined, and 300 chests of 75° of 1882-83, in all	2,000
Total	<u>3,800</u>

2nd. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 27th November 1883, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3rd. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 8th and 17th December 1884, respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room will be received after 3-30 p.m. of Monday, the 8th December 1884, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 3-30 p.m. of Wednesday, the 17th December 1884.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

C. E. BUCKLAND, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L.P., FORT WILLIAM, the 27th October 1884.

NOTIFICATION.

THE following abandoned and confiscated salt will be sold by public auction on account, of Government at noon of the 11th November 1884, in the office of the Superintendent, Preventive Service, at Custom House, where samples can be seen :—

Description of Salt.					Quantity.	
					Mds.	Sr.
Liverpool	Pungah	...	...	...	231	0
French	Kurkutch	...	...	...	37	35
Italian	do.	...	...	...	2	0
Jeddah	do.	...	...	...	4	0
Muscat	do.	...	...	...	4	0
Total					278	35

J. SCOBELL ARMSTRONG, *Collector of Customs.*

CUSTOM HOUSE, CALCUTTA, the 30th October 1884.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1884.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India, &c.

[Reprinted from the Gazette of India.]

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, is republished for general information.

J. WARE EDGAR,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

MEDICAL ATTENDANCE ON, AND SUPPLY OF MEDICINES TO, GOVERNMENT CLERKS AND THEIR FAMILIES.

No. $\frac{14}{447-64}$.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India, in the Home Department (Medical),—
dated Simla, 25th October 1884.

READ the undermentioned papers :—

- Home Department Circular letter to Local Governments and others, Nos. 3986-3996, dated the 31st August 1869.
- Home Department letter to the Government of the Punjab, No. 639, dated 12th October 1875.
- Home Department letter to the Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department, No. 425, dated 27th July 1876.
- Home Department Resolution Nos. 13—632-639, dated 18th December 1879.
- Military Department letter to the Surgeon-General, Her Majesty's Forces, No. 689SC, dated 23rd August 1883.
- Military Department letter to the Inspector-General of Military Works, No. 88C, dated 25th January 1884.
- Letter from Director-General of Ordnance to the Military Department, No. 159E, dated 14th April 1884.

RESOLUTION.

The papers read above relate to medical attendance on, and supply of medicines to, Government clerks and their families. Doubts having arisen as to the application of these orders in the case of certain offices, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to prescribe the following rules in supersession of all previous orders on the subject, with effect from the 1st January 1885 :—

- (1) All clerks of all Government offices are entitled to gratuitous medical attendance and medicines for themselves.
- (2) All clerks of Army Head Quarters Offices are entitled to similar privileges for themselves and their families.
- (3) Subject to the above rules, clerks drawing Rs. 250 per mensem and upwards are entitled to the services of the Civil Surgeon, and those drawing less than that amount to the services of the Assistant Surgeon or medical subordinate provided for the purpose, it being understood that, in conformity with paragraph 4 of circular letter, dated 31st August 1869, above quoted, the attendance of the Civil Surgeon should be given in all cases of emergency or of great danger or difficulty, when applied for by the subordinate medical attendant.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the Local Governments and Administrations noted in the margin for information and guidance. In places where there is no druggist's shop, medicines may continue to be supplied from the Government Stores;

Bengal.	British Burma.
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	Assam.
Punjab.	Coorg.
Central Provinces.	Hyderabad.

that a copy be forwarded to the Governments of Madras and Bombay for information ; and that a copy be forwarded to all the other Departments of the Government of India and to the Surgeon-General with the Government of India for information.

Also that the Resolution be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India* for general information.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1884.

PART II. Advertisements.

[N.B.—Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this part of the Gazette, cannot be received after Noon on Monday.]

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Beerbhoom will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 10th day of January 1885, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of September 1884.

Class of mehal.	Number of estate.	Towji number.	Name of pergunnah and mehal.	Name of proprietor.	Government revenue.	Amount of arrear.	REMARKS.
					Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
First class	118	118	Pergunnah Khstanga, mehal Chormura.	Shekh Jalsiuddin Mahmed, Ram Jadab Sarkar, Habibar Rahman, Shekh Shakh Uddin Mahmed.	655 3 0	0 8 0	The entire mehal will be put up to sale.
Ditto ...	207	207	Pergunnah Kutabpur, mehal Kirnahar.	Ram Doyal Bhattacharji, Baghu Nath Bhattacharji, Hara Mataugini Debi, Jagadis Chandra Chatterji, Kalidas Bhattacharji, Gopi Nath Bhattacharji, Tara Sundari Debbya, Ram Taran Bhattacharji, Tares Chandra Bhattacharji, Iswar Chandra Bhattacharji, Nrisinha Chandra Bhattacharji, Sahachari Dasya, Hara Krishna Roy, Rampriya Debbya, Prosanna Mayi Debbya, Chota Tares Chandra Bhattacharji.	793 11 0	2 1 6	Ditto ditto.

Beerbhoom Collectorate, the 21st October 1884.

W. FIDDIAN, Offg. Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Purneah will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on 2nd day of December 1884, corresponding with 18th of *Aghran* 1292 B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of September 1884.

Towji number.	Name of estate to be sold.	Name of proprietor.	Government revenue.	Demand.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1226	Khunti Kadamgachi, pergunnah Surjapur	Amritanath Jha	1,404 0 0	87 12 0

Collector's Office, Purneah, the 27th October 1884.

A. WEEKES, Collector of Purneah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Rungpore will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 23rd day of December 1884, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 6th day of October 1884.

Towjee number.	Name of mehal and pergunnah.	Name of proprietor.	Sudder jum-mah.	Amount of arrears	REMARKS.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
95	Daud mouza Chakleh Kazirhat.	Durga Moyee Dashya	603 4 1	128 14 3	Excepting the shares of Khajeh Enatullah Chowdhury and Nazamuddin Khan Chowdhury, of which separate accounts have been opened and the sudder jummahs of which are Rs. 1,006-5-6 and Rs. 887-5-2 respectively.
137	Ramnagar mouza Chakleh Kazirhat.	Soudamini Dashya	1,341 15 1	334 11 1	
238	Khaanar Kurnasokyraba, pergunnah Pyraoanda.	Khajeh Enatullah Chowdhury, Nazamuddin Khan Chowdhury, Jasimannessa Chowdhurannee.	2,505 14 11	130 13	

Rungpore Collectorate, the 30th October 1884.

H. J. NEWBERRY, Collector.

MAPS OF THE SURVEY OF INDIA DEPARTMENT.

Published at the Survey of India Offices, Calcutta and Dehra Dûn, for the quarter ending 30th June 1884.

AGENTS:

CALCUTTA.—NO AGENT.
 ALLAHABAD.—CURATOR, GOVERNMENT BOOKS, N.-W. PROVINCES.
 NAGPUR.—CURATOR, GOVERNMENT BOOKS, CENTRAL PROVINCES.
 LAHORE.—CURATOR, GOVERNMENT CENTRAL BOOK DEPÔT.
 MADRAS.—MESSRS. HIGGINBOTHAM & CO. (FOR SALES ONLY).
 POONA.—SUPTD., GOVT. PHOTO-ZINCOGRAPHIC DEPT.
 RANGOON.—CURATOR, GOVERNMENT BOOK DEPÔT.

RAJKOT.—MR. NARAINJEE SUNDERJEE, FOR MAPS OF KATTYWAR ONLY.
 AHMEDABAD.—THE HUZOOB DEPUTY COLLECTOR, FOR MAPS OF GUZERAT ONLY.
 LONDON.—MESSRS. ALLEN & Co., WATERLOO PLACE (FOR SALES ONLY).
 DO.—MR. EDWARD STANFORD, 6, CHANCING CROSS (FOR SALES ONLY).
 SIMLA.—MESSRS. WILLIAMS & Co., RIPON HOUSE (FOR SALES ONLY).

All published maps are sold at the Survey of India Office, Calcutta, for cash prepaid.

* These Agents cannot issue maps free of charge on the Public Service.

N.B.—Maps are issued free of charge only on the Public Service. The cost of mounting maps, packing, and postage of parcels, must be borne by applicants themselves. Lists of all newly published maps are periodically notified in the Gazettes of India and of local Governments.

DESCRIPTION.	Scale.	Size.	• Price of map unmounted per sheet or copy.	
			Uncoloured.	Coloured.
GENERAL MAPS.			Rs. A.	Rs. A.
Railway Map of India, corrected up to 1st January 1884, in six Sheets ...	1" = 32 M.	40"×27" each sheet.	8 0	10 0
DISTRICT MAPS.				
District Midnapore. Published May 1884 ...	1" = 4 M.	34"×23" each sheet.	1 0	1 4
District Dera Ismail Khan. Published May 1884 ...	1" = 4 M.	40"×27" each sheet.	2 0	2 8
District Luckimpore Assam. Published April 1884 ...	1" = 4 M.	40"×27" each sheet.	1 0	1 4
District Furreedpore. Published January 1883 ..	1" = 4 M.	29"×26"	1 0	1 4
ATLAS SHEETS.				
Indian Atlas, Sheet No. 43 ...	1" = 4 M.	40"×27"	2 0	2 0
Indian Atlas, Sheet No. 62 ...	1" = 4 M.	40"×27"	2 0	2 0
STANDARD SHEETS.				
• ASSAM.				
Khasia Garo and Naga Hills Topographical Survey. Sheet No. 107, Fourth edition. Published April 1884 ...	1" = 2 M.	28"×25"	0 8	0 10
BENGAL.				
Hooghly River Survey, Sheet No. 7, Sections E. to N. ...	16" = 1 M.	40"×25" each sheet.	1 0	1 4
BURMAH.				
British Burmah Survey, Sheet No. 114 (N.E., S.E.), District Hantlawaddy. Published May 1884 ...	2" = 1 M.	40"×25" each sheet.	1 0	1 4
British Burmah, Survey Sheet No. 125 (N.E., N.W. and S.W.), District Pegu. Published May 1884 ...	2" = 1 M.	40"×25"	1 0	1 4
BOMBAY.				
Khandesh and Bombay Native States Topographical Survey. Sheet No. 41. Parts of Khandesh and Nizam's Dominions. Published May 1884 ...	1" = 1 M.	40"×25"	1 0	1 4
Khandesh and Bombay Native States Topographical Survey. Sheet No. 42. Parts of Khandesh and Nizam's Dominions. Published May 1884 ...	1" = 1 M.	40"×25"	1 0	1 4
CENTRAL INDIA AND RAJPUTANA.				
Central India and Rajputana Topographical Survey. Half Degree Sheet No. XVIII North. Part of Bickaneer. Published May 1884 ...	1" = 2 M.	40"×25"	1 0	1 4
Central India and Rajputana Topographical Survey. Half Degree Sheet No. XVIII South. Parts of Bickaneer and Jeysulmere. Published May 1884 ...	1" = 2 M.	40"×25"	1 0	1 4

MAPS OF THE SURVEY OF INDIA DEPARTMENT—(continued).

DESCRIPTION.	Scale.	Size.	Price of map unmounted per sheet or copy.	
			Uncoloured.	Coloured.
STANDARD SHEETS— <i>contd.</i>				
PUNJAB.				
Punjab Survey, Sheet No. 34, District Dera Ismail Khan. Published March 1884 ...	1" = 1 M.	40" × 27"	1 8	1 12
Punjab Survey, Sheet No. 37, District Dera Ismail Khan and Mozuffargarh. Published May 1884 ...	1" = 1 M.	40" × 27"	1 8	1 12
Punjab Survey, Sheet No. 38, District Dera Ismail Khan. Published March 1884 ...	1" = 1 M.	40" × 27"	1 8	1 12
Punjab Survey, Sheet No. 40, District Dera Ismail Khan and Mozuffargarh. Published May 1884 ...	1" = 1 M.	40" × 27"	1 8	1 12
Punjab Survey, Sheet No. 41, Districts Dera Ismail Khan and Mozuffargarh. Published March 1884 ...	1" = 1 M.	40" × 27"	1 8	1 12
Punjab Survey, Sheet No. 42A, District Mozuffargarh. Published March 1884 ...	1" = 1 M.	40" × 27"	1 8	1 12
Punjab Survey, Sheet No. 42B, District Mozuffargarh. Published April 1884 ...	1" = 1 M.	40" × 27"	1 8	1 12
MYSORE.				
Mysore Topographical Survey, Sheet No. 1. Part of Shimoga District. Published April 1884 ...	1" = 1 M.	40" × 25"	1 0	1 4
Mysore Topographical Survey, Sheet No. 2. Part of Shimoga District. Published April 1884 ...	1" = 1 M.	40" × 25"	1 0	1 4
Mysore Topographical Survey, Sheet No. 4. Part of Shimoga District. Published May 1884 ...	1" = 1 M.	40" × 25"	1 0	1 4
Mysore Topographical Survey, Sheet No. 5. Part of Shimoga District. Published May 1884 ...	1" = 1 M.	40" × 25"	1 0	1 4
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Mysore Topographical Survey, Sheet No. 7. Part of Shimoga District. Published May 1884 ...	1" = 1 M.	40" × 25"	1 0	1 4
Mysore Topographical Survey, Sheet No. 8. Part of Shimoga District. Published May 1884 ...	1" = 1 M.	40" × 25"	1 0	1 4
Mysore Topographical Survey, Sheet No. 9. Part of Shimoga and Thumkur Districts. Published May 1884 ...	1" = 1 M.	40" × 25"	1 0	1 4
Mysore Topographical Survey, Sheet No. 12. Part of Thumkur District. Published May 1884 ...	1" = 1 M.	40" × 27"	1 0	1 4
Mysore Topographical Survey, Sheet No. 13. Part of Thumkur District. Published May 1884 ...	1" = 1 M.	40" × 25"	1 0	1 4
Mysore Topographical Survey, Sheet No. 55. Parts of Bangalore and Mysore Districts. Published May 1884...	1" = 1 M.	40" × 25"	1 0	1 4

SURVEY OF INDIA DEPARTMENT,
Calcutta, 1st July 1884. }

W. H. WILKINS, *Lieut.-Colonel, s.c.,*
In charge of the Map Record and Issue Office.

Notice.

UNDER the provisions of section 76 of Act VII of 1880, it is hereby notified for general information that the Commissioners, as Receivers of Wrecks, hold the undermentioned articles which have been recovered by them.

When recovered.	Recovery number.	Description of articles.	Weight.	Where recovered.	Where lying.
1884.		<i>Port Proper.</i>	Cwt. qr. lb.		
Sept., 17th	62	1 Trotman's patent iron stock ...	36 0 0	Off No. 9, Esplanade Moorings.	W. & A. ground.
„ 17th	„	Anchor, 18½ fathoms 1½ chain ...	.....	.....	Howrah.
„ 15th	68	1 Roger's patent anchor, 1 stock ...	28 2 0	.....	Ditto.

By order,

R. A. DONNITHORNE, Secretary to the Port Commissioners.

Port Commissioners' Office, the 24th October 1884.

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

NOTICE

UNDER SECTION 69 OF ACT V (B.C.) OF 1870.

THE following packages, landed at the Jetties from the undermentioned ships, have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item, they will be sold under section 72 of the said Act:—

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	Number, mark, and description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1884.			
Oct., 22	1 Case, no mark	Order ...	S. S. "Tai Sang."
" 22	1 Package, C	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 22	1 Case, Demerara	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 22	1 Case, P F C	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 22	1 Bag, S G L or S S	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, A R & Co. in a triangle, bottom C & B ...	Ditto ...	S. S. "Rewa."
" 23	3 Cases, 75 in a diamond, outside A B & Co. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, 25 in a diamond, bottom B K ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, C, bottom W P & Co. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, C 178 in a diamond, outside B & C L ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Parcel, addressed	Messrs. A. S. Creek & Co., Cawnpore, East India.	Ditto.
" 23	3 Bundles copper sheet, N D ...	Order ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, D L M in a diamond, bottom H S K & Co. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, addressed	Capt. C. Eganmarar, Gwalior, Central India.	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, addressed	Mrs. Fereman Melville, Simla, N.-W. P., East India.	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, G S	Order ...	Ditto.
" 23	2 Cases, G N D	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, H P in a diamond, bottom J R ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, H A F E in a block ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, addressed	H. C. Dey & Co. ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, H D C in a diamond ...	Order ...	Ditto.
" 23	2 Packages, H C G & Co. in a diamond, bottom S & S C. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	2 Bales, 1-565 in a diamond, outside H G & Co. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, J B C 1656 in a diamond ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, L S N	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, L R D in a diamond, bottom Delhi ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	2 Cases, M 84 in a triangle, top A B ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	2 Cases, M & D, bottom H S K & Co. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, M C in a diamond ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	4 Bags, M C in a block	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, M 57 in a triangle, top A B ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, N D & Co. in a diamond ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, O S B in a diamond ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, P in a triangle, bottom T S L S ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, P C S & Co.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, R L D in a diamond ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, R L D 2 in a diamond ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, S N B & Co.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, S V E	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, S in a diamond, bottom G B ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	2 Cases, S & J	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, S A in a diamond, bottom L ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, S C R 850 in a diamond, bottom W ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	5 Cases, S M H R	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, T L S in a block, bottom B C P ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, W H B	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	3 Bars flat iron, no mark	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Tin oil, no mark, or Rangoon ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 22	4 Cases, 184 in a diamond	Ditto ...	S. S. "Avocat."
" 22	3 Bars angle iron, no mark ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 22	3 Cases, N M	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 22	4 Packages, S B D & S, bottom Agra ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 22	1 Cake spelter, B	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 22	63 Packages, W C, bottom Agra ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 22	20 Drums, W C, bottom Agra ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 22	100 Drums, N W	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	12 Bundles pipes, K in a diamond ...	Ditto ...	S. S. "Clan Mackenzie."
" 23	1 Package, addressed	Mr. Jelly, Station-master, Howrah.	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, P in a triangle, bottom N M N ...	Order ...	Ditto.
" 23	8 Cases, S M	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	70 Broken pieces of spelter, B & S, or no mark ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	Number, mark, and description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1884.			
Oct., 23	5 Iron pipes, no mark	Order ...	S. S. "Clan Mac-kenzie."
" 23	1 Tin bar iron, no mark, or 1 white	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	2 Bars angle iron, 113 in a double triangle, or no mark.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	20 Fire bricks, no mark	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	50 Earthen fire tiles, no mark	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Bundle spelter, R B or D	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	2 Casks, 223 in a diamond, top C & Co.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	3 Cases, A B A R in a diamond, outside C B B C	Ditto ...	S. S. "City of Agra."
" 23	2 Cases, 274-1081 in a diamond, outside B D & Co.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, 369 in a block	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	4 Bales, C C D	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	3 Cases, C 150 in a diamond, outside B & C L	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, D S L S in a block	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Bale, G C D 852 in a diamond, bottom W	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, G C D in a diamond, bottom W	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, 1-329 in a diamond, outside H G & Co.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	2 Cases, 1-503 in a diamond, outside H G & Co.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Iron pipe, J S	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Cask, J H in a diamond	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	5 Casks, J A & Co., 13 in a diamond	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	2 Cases, S K & Co.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, addressed	Mr. A. Thom, Allahabad.	Ditto.
" 23	1 Parcel, G C M T in a cross	Order ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Parcel, A C P in a diamond	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Parcel, addressed	Messrs. Hurry Doss Dutt & Co.	Ditto.
" 23	1 Parcel, K T F C in a cross	Order ...	Ditto.
" 21	1 Broken casting cass, or no mark	Ditto ...	S. S. "Cipella."

Calcutta, the 1st November 1884.

(682—1)

T. R. MUNRO, for Traffic Manager.

Notice.

THE Public are hereby informed that the well-known Kartick Baruni Mela, which is held every year on the banks of the Dhaleshwari, near Munshigunge, in the district of Dacca, will commence on the 3rd November 1884 A.D., corresponding to the 19th Kartick 1291 B.S., and continue up to the 16th December 1884. Tradesmen, dealers, and others may buy and sell there during these six weeks.

F. WYER, Collector.

Government Cinchona Febrifuge.

THIS preparation is an efficient substitute for Quinine and can be purchased by Government officers for public and charitable purposes, and by any one taking twenty pounds at a time, from the Superintendent, Botanical Garden, Calcutta, for cash only, at the following rates:—per four ounce tin, Rs. 4 ans. 8; per eight ounce tin, Rs. 8 ans. 8; per pound tin, Rs. 16 ans. 8. The general public can be supplied by the Superintendent, Botanical Garden, for cash only, at the undernoted rates:—per four ounce tin, Rs. 5 ans. 8; per eight ounce tin, Rs. 10 ans. 8; per pound tin, Rs. 20. This medicine is also sold by the principal European and Native drug gists in Calcutta. Postage eight annas per 4 and 8 oz. tins, and twelve annas per pound tin, in addition to the foregoing rates.

Crystalline Cinchona Febrifuge.

A NEW and improved preparation made at the Government Factory from Red Cinchona Bark. This is a more perfect substitute for Quinine than the ordinary uncrystallized Febrifuge. It can be purchased by Government officers for public and charitable purposes, and by any one taking twenty pounds at a time, from the Superintendent, Botanic Garden, Calcutta, for cash only, at the rate of Rs. 21 per pound. The general public can be supplied by the Superintendent, Botanic Garden, for cash only, and also by the principal European and Native druggists at Rs. 32 per pound. Postage twelve annas extra.

Notice.

Oudh Forest Department.

BAHRAMGHAT DEPOT.

ON THE OUDH AND ROHILKHAND RAILWAY.

FROM this date the prices of sal beams and scantlings supplied from this depot will be as follows:—
BEAMS.—21 feet length, at Rs. 2-10 per cubic foot.

22	"	"	2-12	"
23	"	"	2-14	"
24	"	"	3	"

Above the length given two annas per foot run will be charged. Any inches over the foot will be charged as a foot.

SCANTLINGS.—From 12 to 20 feet, at Rs. 2-8 per c. ft.
Under 12 and over 7, at " 2-4
Under 7 feet, at " 2

The above prices are for ordinary building purposes. For Planking, Sleepers, &c., special rates will be fixed by agreement.

The Department will still take orders for buildings all over at Rs. 2-4 per cubic foot, provided the scantlings are taken in fair proportion.

Second and Third Class Timber will be sold and price fixed by agreement.

Auction Sales will be held from time to time to clear off stock.

For further particulars apply to the Officer in charge. By order of the Conservator of Forests, N. W. P. and Oudh, Oudh Circle.

KANHYA LAL,

Sub-Assistant Conservator of Forests,
Bahramghat Division.

Bahramghat, the 1st April 1883.

WANTED for the office of the Executive Engineer, Pooree Division, a thoroughly qualified Draftsman and Estimator. Permanent employment to a competent man. Salary Rs. 50 per mensem. Applications with copies of testimonials (which will not be returned) will be received up to 15th November 1884.

A. C. CAMPBELL ROGERS, C.E.,
Exc. Engr., Pooree Irrign. Divn.

Cuttack, the 21st October 1884.

LOST CURRENCY NOTES.

THE following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned:—

Notes wholly Lost or Destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value. Rs.	Name of Claimant.
170 R	9—69782	100	Notobur Das, Changdoba, <i>via</i> Gopaulnagore Post Office, district Bankoora.
171 B	39—96207	50	Kethebash Mistree, Kohima.
174 R	10—12366	100	Jas. Lackersteen, 1, Tottie's Lane, Calcutta.
O	97—30622	100	
176 R	10—26439	100	P. Arden, 18, North Road Entally, Calcutta.
177 P	39—84022	50	Tarachand Sarkar, Seorapully.
178 R	10—00219	100	Dwarkanath Koondy, inhabitant of Nagong, Manikgunge, zillah Dacca.
179 P	77—85245	100	Bissendyal Hurdial, 59, Cotton Street, Calcutta.

Ast. Compt.-Genl., in charge, Paper Currency.
PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT, the 4th Nov. 1884.

Notice.

WANTED a Sheristadar for the Revenue side of the Deputy Commissioner's office, Hazaribagh, on a salary of Rs. 80 rising by biennial increment of Rs. 6 to Rs. 110.

2. None but those who possess a thorough knowledge of English, Urdu, and Hindi, and have experience in revenue and criminal work need apply.

3. Applications will be received by the undersigned till 25th November 1884.

R. G. LILLINGSTON, Deputy Commissioner.
Hazaribagh, the 1st November 1884.

Bengal-Nagpore Railway.

BENGAL SECTION.

APPLICANTS for employment as subordinates, who have not received replies, are informed that vacancies have been filled up.

W. H. PARKER, Engineer-in-Chief.

Notice.

THE post of Treasurer in the Gya Collectorate will be vacant from the 22nd November 1884.

Intending candidates must apply to the Collector of Gya before the 15th November, on which date the appointment will be made.

Applicants must be prepared to give security amounting to Rs. 20,000 (twenty thousand only), in Government Promissory Notes or stock notes, before the 22nd of November, from which date they will have to take up the duties of the post.

The salary of the post is Rs. 100 (one hundred) per mensem.

J. WHILMORE, for Collector.
Gya Collectorate, the 29th October 1884.

Singbulli and Murmah Tea Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that Debentures of this Company aggregating Rs. 20,000 out of the Rs. 25,000 issued will be drawn for on 4th March next and paid off on 30th June 1885, after which date no interest will be paid.

LLOYD & Co., Managing Agents.
Calcutta, the 15th August 1884. (463—8)

R. Scott Thomson & Co., Limited.

THE Forty-third Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the registered office of the Company, 15, Government Place, on Wednesday, the 26th instant, at noon, for the purpose of declaring an *ad interim* dividend for the half-year which ended on the 30th September last.

By order of the Directors,
ROBERT J. CARBERRY, Secy. and Acct.
Calcutta, 3rd November 1884. (684—3)

Lost or Stolen.

GOVERNMENT Promissory Note No. 198933 of the 4 per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs. 2,000 in favour of the Controller of Military Accounts, Bengal

Payment of the note and interest thereon has been stopped at the Bank of Bengal, Public Debt Office, and the public are cautioned against negotiating the note.

M. PERREAU, Colonel,
Controller of Military Accounts, Bengal.
(685—3)

POSTAL NOTICES.

Foreign Mails for	Date of closing at Calcutta.	Per steamer.
Chittagong, Akyab, Kyauk-Phyoo, Sandoway, and Rangoon.	1884. 12th Nov. ...	Str. <i>Kilwa</i> .
Colombo, Penang, Singapore, Hong-Kong, Shanghai, Yokohama, and Australian Colonies.	11th " ...	From Bombay.
Foreign mails <i>via</i> Bombay ...	4th " ...	Ditto.*
Ditto book-post and pattern packets.	3rd " ...	Ditto.
Rangoon and Moumein ...	5th " ...	Str. <i>Africa</i> .
Chittagong, Akyab, Kyauk-Phyoo, Sandoway, and Rangoon.	5th " ...	Str. <i>Coconada</i> .
Malacca, Ceylon, Batavia, Singapore, and China.	7th " ..	French Str. <i>Tibre</i> .
Rangoon and Moumein ...	12th " ...	Str. <i>Ethiopia</i> .

* Also for Cape Colonies through United Kingdom; also *via* Aden for Zanzibar, Lamoo, Mombasa, Kilwakivjee, Lindi, Mozambique, Delagoa Bay, and Cape Colonies can be forwarded.

N.B.—The letter-box will close at 7 P.M. precisely, after which four foreign letters fully prepaid and bearing an extra postage stamp of four (4) annas on each cover will be received up to 7½ P.M.

E. HURTON, Presy. Postmaster.
General Post Office, the 5th November 1884.

Unclaimed Letters held in the Calcutta General Post Office on 4th November 1884.

Colledge, L. D.	Norville, H.
Culloden, Mrs. H. A.	Power, J. B. (c.s.)
Daveney, W.	Simcon, C.
Dick, A. R.	Stack, Richard F.
Gibson & Co.	Stonkel, H.
Grant, Mrs. H. N. P.	Street & Co.
Harrington, B. R.	Suldanha, Frank.
Hawk, C. W.	Walker, F. P.
King, L. B. B.	Whitley, J. E.

Letters marked "Care of Post Office."

Adda, Henry.	Friedrich, Gustav.
Amoss, Thomas.	Fredalis, Soni.
Astin, Mrs.	Golding, Herbert.
Baggs, W. H.	Gill, F. N. G.
Boileau, Captain H.	H. E. M.
Bott, Fred.	H. M. W.
Brigg, E. A.	Harcourt, W. H.
Burne, O.	Harman, J. M.
Capel, Lt.-Col. A. W.	Hoskins, A. C.
Caurey, Captain.	Hurst, W. H.
C. G.	King, W.
Chapman, Frank.	Lampard, Henry.
Clift, Mrs. H. W.	Lawless, Hiram.
Clive, J. R.	Livingston, Archibald.
Cooper, H.	Lopez, E.
Crowley, Mrs.	Macdonald, Mrs. J.
Dodd, Col. C. A.	Meij, H.
E. S. H.	" Merchant."

Letters marked "Care of Post Office."

Morris, Pierce M.	Thompson, James.
Murgatroyd, C. A.	T. P. H. C.
Q. R.	Uren, Thomas.
"Regina."	Wallace, Col. W. A. J.
"Rex."	Webb, Mrs. C. J.
Robinson, Ellen.	Williams, Mr. John.
Schomerully, Mr.	Williamson, W. F.
Selous, Edmund.	Wilson, Theos.
Sostan, S.	X. T. Z.
"Stanhope."	X. Z. G.
Stobie, J. C.	

Registered Letters.

Bianee, S. R.	Fersfoud, Duglass.
Cabitt, W.	Thiband, Thomy.
Oherkes, Laya.	

E. HUTTON.
Presidency Postmaster, Calcutta.

Unclaimed Letters held in the Barrackpore Post Office on the 20th October 1884.

Bickers, M. E.	Love, C. H.
Bose, Jogendra Nath.	Luard, Col. F. P.
Brensley, Dr. C. E. W.	MacDonald, D.
Campbell, Major C. W.	Maddocks, P. T.
Hetim, Tai.	Mayo, Dr.
Hill, Mrs. C. R.	Mookerjee, Surendro Nath.
Honiff.	Muir, Surgeon-Major H. S.
Hughers, Rev. J.	Power, T.
Lavalette, Mrs. T. W.	

A. P. GHOSAL, Postmaster, Barrackpore.

Nuddea Rivers.

Weekly Water Report shewing the least depth of water in the Bhagiruttee, Matabangah, and Jellinghee Rivers for the week ending Friday, 31st October 1884.

Names of rivers.	Least depth of water.	REMARKS.
BHAGIRUTTEE.	Ft. In.	
Entrance below Joyrampore	15 6	
Thence to Noorpore Junction.	10 0	Modonpur.
Entrance below Narainpore	10 0	
Thence to Noorpore Junction, 6 miles.	4 0	Naranpur.
Thence to Jungipore, 9 miles	10 9	Radhanagur.
From Jungipore to Berhampore, 47 miles.	10 3	Lali Bag.
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 50 miles.	9 6	Khederpur.
From Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles.	9 0	Patooli.

MATABANGHA.

Entrance ...	6 9	
Thence to Tatarparah ...	4 6	
From Tatarparah to Hat-Bolia.	9 0	Kadipur.
From Hat-Bolia to Boalmaree.	7 6	Shampur.
From Boalmaree to Alickdeah.	10 0	Lukhapur.
From Alickdeah to Kissengunge.	15 0	Jeerate.

JELLINGHEE AND BYRUB.

Entrance of Byrub from the Ganges.	17 9	
Thence to Junction with the Jellinghee.	11 0	Romipur.
From Junction of Byrub and Jellinghee to Teakatta.	11 0	Lalnagar.
From Teakatta to Nuddea	10 6	Goghatta.

Height of water on gauge at Berhampore, the 3rd November 1884, above zero, 13 feet 7½ inches.

G. J. R. LEESON, C.E.,

Exc. Engr., Nuddea Rivers Divn.
BERHAMPORE, the 3rd November 1884.

Notice.

THE following Reports of the Bengal Meteorological Department, issued by orders by the Government of Bengal, can be supplied to the public at the prices annexed:—

1st.—Bay of Bengal Daily Report giving observations taken at 17 stations on or near the coast of the Bay, with a chart and summary. This is published in connection with the Calcutta Storm Signal Service. The report giving 10 A.M. observations of the day is distributed by noon in Calcutta after 4 P.M. Price to subscribers in Calcutta, Rs. 2 per mensem.

2nd. Bengal Daily Report containing observations taken at 30 meteorological stations, and transmitted to Calcutta by weather telegrams, with a brief summary of the weather in Bengal during the preceding 24 hours. The report giving the 10 A.M. observations of each day is printed in time for the evening mail. This report for the present will only be published during the south-west monsoon, i.e. from May, 15th, to November, 15th. Price Rs. 2-8 per mensem, including postage.

3rd.—A Weekly and Monthly Statement of Meteorological Observations taken at 38 observing stations, and of rainfall recorded at 160 sub-divisional stations, together with summaries of the more important features of the meteorology of the past week or month of the province, and of the distribution of the rainfall and its variation from the normal. Price of the Weekly Report, including postage, Rs. 6 per annum, payable in advance, and of the Monthly Summary Report, Rs. 2 per annum, payable in advance.

Subscriptions payable to the Meteorological Reporter to the Government of Bengal for the Bay of Bengal Daily Report, and to the Accountant and Treasurer, Bengal Secretariat, for the other reports.

JOHN ELIOT,

Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.
Meteorological Office, Bengal, the 3rd July 1883.

INDIAN LAW REPORTS.

Advertisements will be received for publication on the wrappers of the Indian Law Reports, Calcutta Series, by the Calcutta Central Press Company, "Limited," 5-1, Council House Street, at the following rates, payable in advance:—

	One page.	Half page.	Quarter page.
For one issue	Rs. 15	Rs. 10	Rs. 6
" three issues	" 40	" 25	" 14
" six "	" 70	" 40	" 25
" twelve "	" 110	" 70	" 45

At these rates the advertisers will have the option of changing their advertisements in each issue.

AT the Meteorological Office, No. 22, Chowringhee-road, the following official publications:—

Meteorological Report of 1867	...	Rs. 0 12 per copy.
Ditto ditto 1868	...	" 1 8 "
Ditto ditto 1869	...	" 2 4 "
Ditto ditto 1870	...	" 2 6 "
Ditto ditto 1871	...	" 2 8 "
Ditto ditto 1872	...	" 3 0 "
Ditto ditto 1873	...	" 3 0 "
Ditto ditto 1874	...	" 3 0 "
Administration Report of 1870-71	...	" 0 4 "
Ditto ditto 1871-72	...	" 0 4 "
Ditto ditto 1872-73	...	" 0 4 "
Ditto ditto 1873-74	...	" 0 4 "
Ditto ditto 1874-75	...	" 0 4 "

A table of the average monthly and annual rainfall at 98 Stations in Northern India " 0 4 "

Report of the Midnapore and Burdwan cyclone of the 15th and 16th October 1874 " 2 8 "

The above are also to be obtained at the same prices at Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co., No. 5, Government Place.

JOHN ELIOT, M.A., Meteorological Reporter

to the Govt. of Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 26th August 1875.

List of Books for Sale

AT THE

LIBRARY OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY
OF BENGAL,

No. 67, PARK STREET, CALCUTTA,

AND OBTAINABLE FROM

THE SOCIETY'S LONDON AGENTS, MESSRS. TRUBNER & CO.,

57 AND 59, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, E.C.

BIBLIOTHECA INDICA.

Sanskrit Series.

New Publication.

	Rs. A.
usruta Samhita (English), fasc. I, ...	1 0
tharvāna Upanishads (Sams.), fasc. I—V @ /10/ each, ...	3 2
śvalayana Grihya Sūtra (Sams.), fasc. I—IV @ /10/ each, ...	2 8
gni Purāṇa (Sams.), fasc. I—XIV @ /10/ each, ...	8 12
itareya Aranyaka of the Rig Veda (Sams.), fasc. I—V @ /10/ each, ...	3 2
phorisms of Sāṅkhya (English), fasc. I, ...	0 10
phorisms of the Vedānta (Sams.), fasc. III—XIII @ /10/ each, ...	6 14
rahma Sūtras (Eng.), fasc. I, ...	1 0
hamati (Sams.), fasc. I—VIII @ /10/ each, ...	5 0
rihat Aranyaka Upanishad (Sams.), fasc. II—IV, VI—IX @ /10/ each, ...	4 6
Ditto (English), fasc. II—III @ /10/ each, ...	1 4
rihat Samhitā (Sams.), fasc. I—III, V—VII @ /10/ each, ...	3 12
haitanya-Chandrodaya Nāṭaka (Sams.), fasc. II—III @ /10/ each, ...	1 4
haturvarga Chintamani (Sams.), fasc. I—XL @ /10/ each, ...	25 0
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WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1884.

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PART V

Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

[Third publication.]

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor General on the 10th October, 1884, and is hereby promulgated for General information :—

ACT No. XX OF 1884.

An Act to amend the Indian Salt Act, 1882.

WHEREAS it is expedient to exclude the Province of Sindh from the operation of those portions of the

Indian Salt Act, 1882, which do not extend by their own operation to the whole of British India; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

1. From such day as the Governor of Bombay in Council, by notification in the official Gazette, fixes in this behalf, the words "to the Province of Sindh" and the word "Province," in paragraphs three and four respectively of section 1 of the Indian Salt Act, 1882, shall be repealed.

D. FITZPATRICK,

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WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1884.

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CONTENTS.

	Page.		Page.
Resolution on the Report on the Administration of the Excise Department for 1883-84 ...	2047	RULES for the Election of Municipal Commissioners under Act III (B.C.) of 1884 ...	2089
Resolution on the Report on the Administration of the Tributary States of Orissa for the year 1883-84 ...	2052	Date of election of Commissioners for Municipalities under Act III (B.C.) of 1884 ...	2094
Errata ...	2057	Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops ..	2095
The Assessment and Collection of Water-rates in Orissa ...	2058	Prices-current of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the districts of Bengal for the fortnight ending the 31st October 1884 ..	2098
District Road Fund ...	2059	Wholesale Prices-current of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the undermentioned Parts of Bengal for the fortnight ending 31st October 1884 ...	2102
Indian and Colonial Exhibition, London, 1884 ...	2062	Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal for the week ending Friday, the 31st of October 1884 ...	2104
Supplementary Statement showing the Division of Municipalities into Wards, and the number of Commissioners to be elected for each Ward under Rules for the election of Commissioners under Act III (B.C.) of 1884 ...	2063	Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Friday (6 p.m.), the 31st October 1884 ...	2106
Rules for the Election of Municipal Commissioners under Act III (B.C.) of 1884 for the Suburbs of Calcutta ...	2067	Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 28th October to 1st November 1884 ...	2110
Date of Election of Commissioners for the Municipality of the Suburbs of Calcutta ...	2073	Results of the Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 26th October to 1st November 1884 ...	2111
Supplementary Statement showing the division of Municipalities into Wards, and the number of Commissioners to be elected for each Ward under Rules for the election of Commissioners under Act III (B.C.) of 1884 ...	2074	Statement showing the results of the Registration of Births and Deaths in the First Class Municipalities in Bengal during the week ending 18th October 1884 ...	2113
Statement showing the division of Municipalities into Wards, and the number of Commissioners to be elected for each Ward under rules for the election of Commissioners under Act III (B.C.) of 1884 ...	2077	Statement showing the total amount of traffic and tolls on the Jellinghee River for the month of September 1884 ...	2115
Orders declaring the number of Commissioners to be elected for each Ward in the Howrah Municipality ...	2083	Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways...	2120

RESOLUTION ON THE REPORT ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE EXCISE DEPARTMENT FOR 1883-84.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT—EXCISE.

Darjeeling, the 27th October 1884.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Board's Report on the Administration of the Excise Department for 1883-84.

The proposal to which reference was made in the Resolution recorded last year, for appointing a special Commission to consider and report upon the system of excise on country spirits in all its aspects after careful local enquiry, was carried into execution during the year under review. The Commission has since the close of the year submitted a report, which has been under the separate consideration of Government, and, as all questions connected with country spirits will be dealt with in the orders finally disposing of it, it will be unnecessary to enter at any length into the discussion of such questions in this Resolution.

2. The financial results of the administration of the Excise Department are shown in the following statement:—

PERIOD.	Revenue.	Charges.	Net revenue.	Percentage of charges.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Average of 1878-79 to 1882-83	83,79,296	2,69,118	81,10,178	3.2
1-82-83	97,81,850	2,65,438	95,16,414	2.7
1883-84	1,04,23,171	2,55,087	1,01,68,084	2.4
Difference of the past two years	+ 6,41,321	—10,349	+ 6,51,670	—3

There was thus an increase in revenue of Rs. 20,43,875 over the average of the preceding five years, and of Rs. 6,41,321 as compared with last year. Moreover, there was a decrease of Rs. 10,349 in charges, as compared with 1882-83. The largest increase of revenue occurred in Patna (Rs. 1,11,190), Chittagong (Rs. 57,126), Calcutta, Suburbs, and Howrah (Rs. 41,797), Shahabad (Rs. 37,890), Monghyr (Rs. 31,580), and Lohardugga (Rs. 31,025). Only seven districts show a decrease, viz. Gya (Rs. 15,263), Nuddea (Rs. 6,305), Purneah (Rs. 3,172), Rajshahye (Rs. 2,786), Dinagepore (Rs. 1,648), Noakholly (Rs. 1,559), and Backergunge (Rs. 469). The increase in each of the divisions as a whole, together with the incidence of the revenue, was—

DIVISION.		Increase.	Incidence per 100 of population.
		Rs.	Rs.
Burdwan (without Howrah town) ... ..	...	82,416	14
Presidency (without Suburbs) ... ..	...	54,717	10
Calcutta, Suburbs, and Howrah ... ..	..	41,797	237
Rajshahye ... ..	...	42,114	8
Dacca ... ..	...	14,048	8
Chittagong ... ..	...	59,279	8
Patna ... ..	...	2,04,276	17
Bhagulpore ... ..	...	56,909	14
Orissa ... ..	...	25,106	13
Chota Nagpore ... ..	...	60,659	14

Compared with 1882-83, there was no change in the incidence in the Presidency Division, while there was an increase of Re. 1 in each of the Divisions of Burdwan, Rajshahye, Dacca, Patna, Bhagulpore, Orissa, and Chota Nagpore; of Rs. 2 in the Chittagong Division; and of Rs. 5 in Calcutta. Apart from Calcutta, the districts in which the incidence was highest are Darjeeling (Rs. 69), Patna (Rs. 44), Gya (Rs. 28), Hooghly (Rs. 25), and 24-Pergunnahs (Rs. 24). It was lowest in Noakholly (Re. 1), Khoolna, Jessore, Dinagepore, Backergunge, Tipperah, and Singbhoom (Rs. 5). The population being taken at 66 millions, the excise revenue during the year gives a rate of two annas and five pie per head, or Re. 1-8 for every ten of the population.

3. The fluctuations under each head of the revenue are exhibited in the following table:—

ARTICLES.	REVENUE.			IN 1883-84 COMPARED WITH 1882-83.		IN 1883-84 COMPARED WITH 1878-83.	
	Average of 1878-79 to 1882-83.	In 1882-83.	In 1883-84.	Increase.	Decrease.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Country spirits	39,62,849	48,26,298	52,22,731	5,96,433	.....	12,59,883	.....
Rum	1,37,352	1,08,761	1,14,576	5,815	.....	.....	23,776
Imported wines, &c.	1,57,970	1,94,090	2,00,795	6,705	.....	43,825	.....
Tari	6,62,166	6,61,887	8,63,698	1,806	.....	11,528	.....
Pachwai	1,53,219	1,76,613	1,83,054	6,441	.....	29,335	.....
Charas	4,981	4,608	2,910	.....	1,783	.....	2,071
Sidhi, sabzi or bhang	25,325	31,797	33,278	1,481	.....	7,453	.....
Majum	2,484	2,543	2,232	.....	311	.....	263
Madut	80,449	85,025	90,048	5,023	.....	9,599	.....
Chundoo	23,242	27,387	26,216	.....	1,171	2,974	.....
Spirits used for arts	592	606	373	.....	338	.....	219
Ganja	15,26,314	18,60,467	19,73,713	1,13,216	.....	4,47,379	.....
Opium	16,42,957	17,96,928	19,05,481	1,09,553	.....	2,62,524	.....
Miscellaneous	8,867	5,635	4,071	.....	1,564	.....	4,796
Total	83,79,296	97,81,850	1,04,23,171	6,46,473	5,152	20,73,999	30,124

The heads under which the receipts fell below those of the preceding year are *charas*, *majun*, *chundoo*, *spirits used for arts*, and *miscellaneous*. Under all other heads there was an increase, especially under *country spirits*, *ganja*, and *opium*.

4. There was a small increase from 4,560 to 4,614 during the year in the total number of shops licensed for the sale of *country spirits*. Of these, 481 were licensed under the sudder distillery system against 466, and 4,133 under the outstill system against 4,094 in the preceding year.

5. The number of licenses taken out for the wholesale sale of *country-made rum* rose from 18 in 1882-83 to 24 in the year under review. Of these, 5 were taken out in Calcutta, 3 in Darjeeling, 2 in Dacca, and 4 in Mymensingh. On the other hand, the number of licenses for the retail sale of rum decreased from 115 to 103. The quantity of rum of country manufacture passed for consumption amounted to 13,832 gallons against 13,847, the duty realized therefrom showing a small advance from Rs. 74,020 to Rs. 75,124. The total realizations under rum amounted to Rs. 1,14,576 against Rs. 1,08,761. There was again a falling off in the importation of Shahjehanpore rum, the quantity imported in 1883-84 being 17,500 gallons against 18,340 gallons in the previous year. The Assam Administration has raised a question whether that province should not be credited with the duty paid in Calcutta, or received by the Bengal Government on account of rum imported for consumption into Assam. The matter is under consideration.

6. The total number of licenses, wholesale and retail, for the sale of *imported wines* was 999 against 941 in the previous year, while the revenue rose from Rs. 1,94,090 to Rs. 2,00,795. The quantity of foreign wines, spirits, and beer imported and the customs revenue realized therefrom were—

				Number of gallons.	Revenue. Rs.
In 1882-83	...	...	...	508,076	31,881
„ 1883-84	...	...	...	601,404	37,598

It is remarked that the demand for claret in this country is declining; that as regards sherry, the public taste has followed the lead of England, where the trade has suffered severely; that champagne has recovered the decline of the previous year; that there has been a continued falling off in the importations of brandy and gin; and that the importations of whisky, rum, beer, and porter have increased.

7. The number of licenses issued for the sale of *tari* fell from 30,311 in 1882-83 to 20,138 in 1883-84. This decrease is due to the orders issued last year under which unfermented *tari* was exempted from the operation of the Excise Act throughout the Dacca Division. The revenue amounted to Rs. 6,63,693 against Rs. 6,61,887, the increase being obtained chiefly in Hooghly, 24-Pergunnahs, Calcutta, Gya, Shahabad, Durbhunga, and Bhagatpore.

8. The number of licenses taken out for the sale of *pachwai* was 2,25 against 2,159 in the previous year, and the revenue from license-fees rose from Rs. 1,76,613 to Rs. 1,83,054. The increase was chiefly obtained in Bankoora, Midnapore, Moorshedabad, Darjeeling, Mymensingh, the Sonthal Pergunnahs, and Manbhoom, while there was a decrease in the revenue in Burdwan, Beerbhoom, 24-Pergunnahs, Rajshahye, Julpigoree, Dacca, Furreedpore, Chittagong, and Maldah. The increase in Bankoora and Midnapore is attributed to the reduction in the number of outstill shops in the Sonthal parts of the districts, some of which worked in concert with *pachwai* shops. The vendors being relieved of the outstills, the fees for their *pachwai* shops were increased. The increase in Moorshedabad and Sonthal Pergunnah is attributed to the establishment of a larger number of shops, in Darjeeling to the growth of population and development of business, in Mymensingh to the adoption of steps for preventing illicit manufacture, and in Manbhoom to the fact that certain outstill vendors who had taken settlement of country liquor shops at a high license-fee were induced to take a neighbouring *pachwai* shop also in order to protect the more valuable custom of their outstills. On the other hand, the decrease in Burdwan is ascribed

partly to the high price of rice, from which alone pachwai is brewed in that district, and partly to the increased competition of country spirit and in Beerbhoom to the concessions made to the Sonthals in regard to home brewing. The decrease in the remaining districts was insignificant and calls for no special remark.

9. The quantity of ganja consumed in Bengal depends mainly upon the outturn of the Rajshahye crop. All ganja remaining in the wholesale golahs after two years is destroyed, and thus the annual consumption within the province can seldom very largely exceed the quantity produced, although it may, and frequently does, fall below it. The system under which excise duties are levied on ganja is as follows. Licenses for the cultivation of the hemp plant for the manufacture of ganja are granted by the supervisor of the ganja mehal, and all stages, both of the cultivation and of the manufacture, are subjected to strict supervision to prevent the risk of illicit transactions. All ganja thus produced is stored by the wholesale dealers in licensed golahs, which can be opened only at regular intervals, and in the presence of responsible Government officers. The retail sale is carried on by licensed vendors, who obtain their licenses under the auction system. All ganja issued from a wholesale golah to a licensed vendor is carefully weighed and examined in the presence of an Excise Deputy Collector or Sub-divisional Officer at the time of issue, and a fixed duty has to be paid before it leaves the golah. The tax on ganja thus consists of two parts, the fixed duty paid on the quantity which passes into consumption, and the license-fees. Any increase in either or both of these must tend, *pro tanto*, to raise the price of ganja to the consumer, and therefore to diminish the consumption of the drug.

The ganja crop of the year was much more plentiful than in the previous year, being 8,982 maunds against 6,264 maunds, and the result was a considerable fall in prices. The wholesale price of flat ganja ranged between Rs. 10 and Rs. 25 against Rs. 12 and Rs. 40, and that of round ganja between Rs. 12 and Rs. 35 against Rs. 15 and Rs. 45. There was an increase in the number of shops from 3,271 to 3,298; in the quantity consumed from 5,645 maunds to 5,881 maunds; in the revenue from license-fees from Rs. 7,95,223 to Rs. 8,44,776 and in the revenue from duty; from Rs. 10,65,274 to Rs. 11,28,937. The increase in the revenue, notwithstanding the late enhancement of duty, is no doubt in a great measure the result of the prosperity and increased spending power of the people. The increase was most marked in the Presidency and Patna Divisions. There was an actual decrease in the consumption in the Rajshahye, Dacca, Chittagong, and Chota Nagpore Divisions, notwithstanding which the revenue shows an increase. A considerable quantity of illicit ganja has, for years past, found its way into the district of Midnapore from the adjoining Tributary States, and it has been found necessary in the interests of the revenue to prohibit the cultivation of the plant altogether in the State of Mohurbhunj. These orders were not issued until after the close of the year under review.

The Excise Commission have given reasons for suspecting extensive smuggling of ganja, and illicit sale by vendors under cover of their licenses. This matter will be separately enquired into.

10. The price of excise *opium* remained unaltered during the year. There was a decrease of 19 in the number of licenses issued, an increase of 116 maunds in consumption, and of Rs. 1,09,553 in the revenue realized. Almost half the increase in the revenue occurred in the Chittagong district (Rs. 54,550), where the increase in the quantity of the drug purchased (58 maunds) is due to the extension of smuggling into Arracan. It is understood that while on the Chittagong side the system is that generally in force in Bengal, on the Arracan side there is a system of farming by a monopolist. There the sales are limited, and this is due to the policy which has been deliberately adopted with respect to Burmah, viz. to keep down the quantity of opium available for sale in that province. The Board write—

If the authorities in British Burmah are interested in keeping the supply of opium down to a minimum, it is for them to guard their frontier and seaports against smuggling, long and difficult as the frontier may be to guard. It does not appear to the Board why the Bengal Government should spend money on police or other agency to prevent opium smuggling when the result of successful prevention must be to diminish the provincial excise revenue. On principle, therefore, the Board think it should be maintained that the cost of

any preventive measures undertaken should be debited to Burmah. To be effective they are likely to be expensive. To prevent this smuggling, it is obvious that opium must be made as dear in Chittagong (or very nearly so) as it is in Arracan. The Board do not think the mere raising of the wholesale price at the Government treasury from Rs. 28 to Rs. 30, or even Rs. 32 a seer, would be sufficient. Some plan of a much more radical character would be required. * * the Board are of opinion that to nearly double the retail price would hardly be fair to the *bond fide* consumers in Chittagong. They would take measures to obtain the drug cheap from Calcutta and other districts, and smuggling, though diminished on the Arracan frontier, would be indefinitely increased elsewhere.

The Board, after a careful consideration of the subject, have come to the conclusion that so long as the Burmah system is maintained, it appears impossible to make any change in the Chittagong system which will not be injurious to the revenue, unfair to the *bond fide* consumers of opium, and fraught with difficulties as to smuggling into Chittagong from other Bengal districts, to which the smuggling on the Arracan frontier is nothing in comparison.

The Lieutenant-Governor agrees generally in the views expressed by the Board. The question, however, is one of no small difficulty, and Mr. Rivers Thompson desires that the Board will continue to give it their closest attention. It may be possible to come to some arrangement with the Government of British Burmah, by which the pronounced differences of system in the administration of the department in respect of opium between Chittagong and Arracan may be somewhat shaded off. Until this is done, it seems *prima facie* unlikely that any complete remedy can be applied to the evils complained of. A copy of this Resolution will be forwarded to the Chief Commissioner of Burmah.

An important seizure was made by the Hooghly police, in which over six maunds of contraband opium were confiscated. The offender was tried, convicted, and punished with imprisonment and fine.

11. The number of arrests for offences against the excise laws was 4,092 against 3,757 in the previous year, and the number of persons convicted was 3,386 against 3,104. Of the persons arrested, 3,563 were other than licensed vendors, 528 committed breaches of license, and one was employed in the Excise Department. Compared with 1882-83 there was greater activity both on the part of police and excise officers in the detection of breaches of the law.

12. The names of the officers selected by the Board for special mention will be noted in the Appointment Department. The Lieutenant-Governor again desires to thank the Board for their careful and efficient administration of the Excise Department during the year.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

COLMAN MACAULAY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

**RESOLUTION ON THE REPORT ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE
TRIBUTARY STATES OF ORISSA FOR THE YEAR 1883-84.**

POLITICAL.

Darjeeling, the 27th October 1884.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Annual Report on the Administration of the Tributary States of Orissa for the year 1883-84.

Read also—

The Reports for 1881-82 and 1882-83, and the orders of Government recorded thereon.

Of the 19 Killahs or States under the general designation of the Tributary Mehals, five were, during the year under review, as in the preceding year, under direct management, two—Angul and the Khondmals—being Government estates, and three, Baramba, Dhenkenal and Mohurbhunj, managed for their minor Chiefs. The other 14 States were administered by their own Chiefs under the general supervision of the Superintendent.

2. Of the 17 Native States one, “Pal Lehara,” pays tribute to Keonjhar, to which it was formerly subordinate. From the remaining 16 Native States the total tribute payable to this Government was Rs. 33,249-7-11. There was no balance outstanding from the previous year; and of the demand for the year under review, Rs. 10,633-14-5 had been paid in advance. The collections amounted to Rs. 26,112-0-3, of which Rs. 22,629-6-1 were for the current year and Rs. 3,482-10-2 in advance.

3. At the six stations where proper rain-gauges are kept, an average rainfall of about 55 inches was shown. But the rainfall, though not below the average, ceased early, and the crops in consequence suffered. It does not appear, however, that any great suffering was caused to the people, although the price of grain rose by more than 30 per cent. in some States. The Superintendent remarks that, if the present season be favourable, no serious distress need be apprehended. The returns of the Meteorological Department are up to date quite favourable from all the reporting stations, but these do not give the reports from the interior of the country, and it would be well for the Superintendent to impress on the Native Chiefs the advisability of procuring accurate information as to the condition of the people in order that steps may be taken, if necessary, for their relief.

4. The general health of the people is stated to have been much better than in the preceding year. There was the usual outbreak of malarious fever in certain parts; but except a few instances of cholera in Angul and of small-pox in Angul, Hindole and the Khondmals, the States were free from epidemics. But little appears hitherto to have been done in extending vaccination through the States. There was a very severe epidemic of small-pox in the Mohurbhunj State in 1882-83, which lasted three months, and carried off the Maharajah and his Rani. The people are reported to be still partial to inoculation, and to have no faith in vaccination. The Lieutenant-Governor considers that advantage should be taken of the fact that five of the States are now under direct management to encourage the spread of vaccination. It is probable that, if the Chiefs of the other States have its advantages prominently brought to their notice, they will be more inclined to enforce its adoption in their own States. In Cooch Behar the practice of inoculation was, during the administration of that State by this Government, prohibited, and the inoculators induced to adopt the profession of vaccinators. The results were excellent; and the Lieutenant-Governor recommends that the Superintendent should adopt some similar measures in the States under his management. The recent appointment of one vaccinator for the Khondmals and of two for Dhenkenal will have but slight effect until the preference of the people for the more dangerous prophylactic be overcome.

5. The population is generally scanty, and having abundance of waste lands to cultivate is disinclined to emigration. The trade and commerce, owing to the miserable condition of communications, are of no importance. There are said to be coal-fields in Talchere and Angul, and it is possible, if the

Cuttack and Benares Railway be constructed, that they may be found of value. At present they cannot be worked. Although the Mahanuddi, Brahmani and Byturni rivers either pass through or take their rise in the Tributary Mehals, they are only navigable for native boats from June to December, and the navigation is much impeded by large rocks. There are no land routes deserving the name except some local roads in Dhenkenal, Keonjhar and Mohurbhunj. The two existing lines from Cuttack to Sumbulpore, one through Angul and the other through Sonapore, are submerged in parts during the rainy season, and are neither bridged nor metalled. Some of the Chiefs have made praiseworthy efforts to improve the state of their roads, but much of their effort has hitherto been wasted owing to want of system and supervision. The Superintendent reports that he is endeavouring to work out a scheme which will supply proper professional supervision to all public works throughout the Tributary Mehals, and that he hopes to overcome the chief difficulty, viz. that as to ways and means. The Lieutenant-Governor will await the further report promised on this subject. From the remarks made by the Superintendent, however, it would seem that not only is there an absence of supervision over the work executed, but a want of co-operation among the Chiefs themselves and the officers in the States under the management of this Government as to the construction of roads. In submitting his proposals, the Superintendent should report whether it would not be feasible to form a scheme for a regular system of roads by which all the States might benefit, each contributing a proper share in the construction.

6. The only State in which the people manifested any resistance to the authority of their Chief was that of Nilgiri; and it was reported that a party, discontented with the action of the Dewan, whose services had been lent to the Rajah, had committed many acts of violence. The Superintendent himself went to Balasore, and after holding an enquiry submitted a report to this Government. The Dewan was finally removed, and at the repeated request of the Rajah for a European officer, the services of Mr. Ricketts, the then Sub-divisional Officer of Bhuddruck, were lent to the State by Government. The disturbances have since subsided.

7. The total number of civil and revenue suits instituted during the year was 6,774 against 6,131 in the year 1882-83. The number of such suits pending from the previous year was 1,362, and of those pending at the close of the year under review 1,553. There were 6,583 cases disposed of, and of these 2,661 were contested. The tehsildars and managers disposed of 6,028 of the suits.

8. There were 1,456 offences reported and 1,104 returned as true. The Superintendent remarks that the difference is great, and that an attempt will be made to ascertain the cause. There were 321 true cases of theft, 24 of offences affecting human life, and 5 of dacoity and robbery. The number of crimes of violence appears very large, considering the scanty population. Altogether there were 1,000 cases brought to trial, affecting 2,129 persons. Of persons brought to trial, 1,072 were convicted, 921 acquitted, and 108 remained under trial at the close of the year. Serious charges, such as in a regulation district are tried by the Court of Session, are heard by the Superintendent and Assistant Superintendents; and the tehsildars and managers try the petty offenders. Appeals from the orders of the Assistant Superintendents and the Manager of Mohurbhunj, and in criminal cases from the orders of the Manager of Dhenkenal, are heard by the Superintendent; those from the orders of the tehsildars and the Manager of Baramba, and from decisions of the Manager of Dhenkenal in civil and revenue cases, are heard by the Assistant Superintendent. The managers, again, hear appeals from the orders of their assistants.

9. With regard to forest conservancy, the Superintendent remarks:—"The Tributary Mehals are without doubt among the best timber-producing tracts in India, but unfortunately the Native Chiefs, by whom a greater portion of it is owned, have hitherto taken little care of their forests. They have established no reserves, and the forests are recklessly wasted without any corresponding gain to agriculture or to the general wealth or prosperity of the country." The advice given to the Chiefs on this subject appears from the first to have been totally ignored by them. As the country is opened

up, and the timber becomes more valuable, the Chiefs will no doubt be induced, in view of their own interests, to preserve the forests. In the meantime the Superintendent can do no more than impress on them the future advantage they will gain by preservation. No officer could be spared from the Forest Department of this Government or of the North-Western Provinces during the past cold season to examine and advise the formation of reserves in the forests of Dhenkenal and Mohurbhunj, as the late Superintendent had suggested. The Lieutenant-Governor will, however, endeavour to procure the services of an officer for the purpose during the ensuing cold season. The Khondmal forests were, it is stated, during the year examined by the Conservator and Deputy Conservator, and considered to be valuable. No report or recommendations regarding them have, however, as yet been received by this Government. The Superintendent considers that it would, in a political point of view, be a very dangerous experiment to insist on the formal reservation of these forests, and that whatever is done should be done gradually and with the consent of the Khonds themselves. As the Superintendent expresses his intention of visiting this part of the country next cold weather, and taking some steps towards an indirect forest conservancy, the Lieutenant-Governor will await his report before passing further orders on the subject. The reserved forests in Angul were brought by a Government notification of the 6th December under section 19 of the Indian Forest Act. The reserves notified have not yet been accurately surveyed, but the total area is reported approximately at 170,880 acres. The reserves in Angul are not at present worked, and are to be allowed rest for 10 or 12 years. It is satisfactory to note that, as regards Angul, the demarcation of boundaries has been practically completed.

10. The number of schools shown in the returns for the year was 1,060 and of pupils 13,667. The former increased by 56 and the latter by 1,091 as compared with the preceding year. Of the schools, 7 were Government schools, 26 cess schools, 138 primary fund and 889 unaided schools. The total expenditure for the year was Rs. 60,029, of which Rs. 7,589 were contributed by Government. For the purpose of regular inspection of all schools, the melials are divided into five circles, each of which is under a sub-inspector. One of these is paid from the Khondmal Education Fund; half of the pay of another from the funds of the Dhenkenal State; and the charges of the rest are paid by Government. The arrangements are stated to be insufficient and generally unsatisfactory, and the whole subject to be under consideration.

11. No change was made during the year in the number and sites of the post offices in the Gurjhats. There were 11 offices maintained from the Gurjhat post office fund, and the road establishment connected with these offices is paid by the Postal Department, the charges of the office establishments and contingencies being paid from the post office fund. The latter fund is made up by voluntary contributions by the Chiefs, the contribution of each being settled by the Superintendent's office. Some of the Chiefs fell greatly into arrears, there being no means of realizing the dues from them; but there appears a probability that the receipts will soon be sufficient to meet the expenditure. In addition to the post office lines maintained from the fund, there are four Government post office lines, viz. those from Cuttack to Angul, from Cuttack to Dhenkenal, from Balasore to Mohurbhunj and from Rosul Kunda in Ganjam to Bisipara in the Khondmals, and two private lines from Bhuddruck to Keonjhur and from Baripada to Bahalda.

12. The total current demand for the year under the head of land revenue in Angul was Rs. 32,983. There was no balance outstanding at the close of the year. Of the total demand of miscellaneous revenue, including arrears amounting to Rs. 6,630, the outstanding balance, which was entirely on account of judicial fines, was Rs. 403. Since the introduction of the sub-divisional system of accounts, payments into and from the sub-treasury are reported to be made regularly and punctually without any inconvenience. The excise revenue, owing to keener competition, increased from Rs. 1,244 to Rs. 1,579. The permanent retention of three peons for process service has been sanctioned since the close of the year. The only fund at the disposal of the Superintendent for roads and other improvements on the estate is the 10 per cent. assignment on the revenue collections, amounting during the past year to Rs. 3,245, and of this small sum good use appears to have been made. Owing

to the large number of life-tenures that had become liable to re-assessment, an application made by the Superintendent for an extra establishment was approved in July 1883. The Superintendent now reports that at the time of submitting the application there were 11 cases for disposal, involving a total area of 5,887 acres, but that 29 fresh cases, affecting an area of 7,563 acres, have since come up. Assessment was completed in only four cases, however, with an area of about 5 acres, and measurement only in four other cases. The amount of work shown as done appears extremely small, but no explanation is given. The Superintendent states that he is not satisfied that the detailed measurement or assessment was necessary, and that he will reconsider the question before applying for an extension of time for the employment of the extra establishment. The Lieutenant-Governor will await his report.

13. In Baramba the settlement operations are reported to be nearly complete. The jumma assessed at the new settlement amounts to Rs. 28,365— an increase of over Rs. 5,000 above the former assessment. Of the debt of Rs. 10,000, Rs. 9,500 have been paid off. The collections on account of land revenue amounted to Rs. 14,159, and miscellaneous revenue Rs. 5,493. Efforts should be made to reduce the heavy arrears.

14. The minor Rajah of Dhenkenal, now in his 19th year, passed at the last matriculation examination of the Calcutta University in all subjects except English, and in that he failed only by a few marks. A European tutor has been appointed for him and for the minor Chief of Mohurbhunj. The young Chief of Dhenkenal married a daughter of the Rajah of Banai, in the Central Provinces, in February last. The settlement of the State lands is reported to be not yet completed. Endeavours should be made to complete it, if possible, by the time the minor Chief assumes the administration. The total current demand for the year was Rs. 1,09,102 against Rs. 1,73,622 for the preceding year. This large apparent decrease, however, is nominal, as the preceding year's demand included Rs. 67,242 on account of the nazarana refunded by Government. The collections made during the year, including current and arrear demands, amounted to Rs. 1,06,370, and in addition to this amount Rs. 24,155 under land revenue and Rs. 512 under miscellaneous revenue were collected in advance for the current year. The sum of Rs. 1,04,585 was invested during the year in Government promissory notes. The management of the jail dispensary and schools appears to have been creditable. The total expenditure on public works amounted to Rs. 35,809. The Superintendent states that on his visit to Dhenkenal during last cold weather, he found that the system followed in regard to many public works was very unsatisfactory. Most of the roads constructed were only fair-weather ones, and were impassable during the rainy season. The Lieutenant-Governor approves of the Superintendent's orders to the Manager to prepare estimates for completing the metalling and bridging of five of the most important roads already made, and to postpone the construction of other new roads until those in existence have been completed. Every effort should be made to provide the State with good roads while it is still under direct management.

15. The State of Mohurbhunj, with an area of 4,243 square miles and a population of 385,737 souls, is the most important of the Tributary Mehals. The late Chief died in May 1882, and the State is now under direct management for his minor son, Sriram Chunder Bhunj, who is at present over 12 years of age. The Superintendent reports that, during the two years that the State has been under direct management, improvements have been made in almost every department of its administration. Justice is more speedily administered, the system of granting rent receipts in printed cheque forms is being gradually introduced, projects for the improvement of the State by tanks, irrigation bunds, and roads have been started, and the people are beginning to appreciate the advantages of the new system. The total demand for the year was Rs. 3,32,099, of which Rs. 1,82,505 were collected and Rs. 10,604 remitted. Of the balance, Rs. 1,38,989, remaining unrealized at the close of the year, Rs. 64,642 were due from the zemindari mehal of Nyabasan in Midnapore under the management of the Collector of that district. Labour is cheap and plentiful, the resources of the State are great, and they will probably be well developed during the remaining years of the minority. The construction of good roads, the proper settlement and collection of the land revenue demand, and the

preservation of the extensive and valuable forests, should for some years fully employ the attention of the officers and all the spare resources of the State. The minor was at the time the report was submitted studying at the Ravenshaw Collegiate School in Cuttack.

16. The Superintendent's report regarding Athmullik is again satisfactory. Although the revenue the Rajah derives from his State is under Rs. 11,000 per annum, he so well husbands his resources that he is able, while maintaining his own dignity, to meet the expenses of his Government, and even to effect public improvements. He has, it is stated, opened out a difficult pass and constructed a good road leading to it, has established a school in his killah, a dispensary, and a post office entirely at his own cost. Mr Rivers Thompson desires that his sense of the high character and continued good administration of the Rajah may be conveyed to this Chief.

17. But few details are given in the report regarding the State of Boad. During the year under review, Baboo Madhu Sudan Rantra was Dewan, and since his appointment no complaints have been made against him. The Rajah is believed to be still heavily in debt.

18. The Superintendent was not able to visit the Daspala State during the year, and though he reports that the administration of the State has much improved of late, he gives no details as to what improvements have been made. It is, however, at least satisfactory to find that the State is now less disturbed than formerly. The Superintendent should, if possible, visit this State during the next cold season, and impress on the Rajah the necessity of improving its material condition.

19. The Rajah of Hindole appears to be disposed to improve his State as far as his means permit. He reduced his debts from Rs. 6,494 to Rs. 4,366, has established two schools, and has undertaken to construct a road and dispensary as soon as his debts are cleared off. He was, during the year, very unfortunate in his domestic concerns: his only son and heir and an infant daughter died, and all the buildings in his palace and nearly all his moveable property with a portion of his office records were destroyed by fire.

20. The State of Keonjhur is one of the largest of the Tributary Mehals, its area being 3,096 square miles, but the revenue is under Rs. 90,000 per annum. The Maharajah continued to bear the good character he had hitherto borne; but the Superintendent should advise him of the advantages to be gained by improving the internal communications of his State.

21. The small States of Pal Lehara, Khandpara, Tigira, Runpore, and Nursingpore are in a very backward condition. The introduction of improvements in these petty mehals no doubt greatly depends on the personal character of their Chiefs, but the success which has attended the administration of an able Dewan in Talchere within the last four years indicates to what an extent under good advice and guidance the grossest mismanagement may be ameliorated.

22. The administration of the Nilgiri State is reported to have been in a more or less chaotic condition throughout the year under report. The Rajah's authority was for some time set at naught, and some cases of violence were reported. The services of Baboo Bholanath Das as Dewan were not found conducive either to good administration or to improvement of the relations between the Rajah and his people, and it was found necessary to dispense with them. At the special and urgent request of the Rajah for the appointment of a European officer in the stead of the late Dewan, the Lieutenant-Governor sanctioned the appointment of Mr. Ricketts, and it is hoped that officer will be able to restore tranquillity. The senior Rani, who opposed the adoption by the Rajah of a son of the late Chief of Mohurbhunj to the exclusion of a son of his own brother, is dead, but there are, it appears, still many who support the claims of the alleged first adopted son. The question is at present unsettled, but the Lieutenant-Governor is of opinion that it should not remain undecided until the Rajah's death. The delay has no advantages to recommend it, and can only result in ultimate disappointment to one or other of the claimants and to dissensions in the meanwhile. The Superintendent should, therefore, submit a detailed report on the contested claim to adoption in order that a final decision may be made at an early date as to which of the

claimants shall, in case of survival, be recognized as the heir on the death of the present Rajah.

23. Mr Smith held the office of Superintendent of the Tributary Mehals from 1st April to 6th July 1883. He then went on privilege leave for three months, and during the period of his leave Mr. Larminie acted for him. Mr. Smith returned on the 6th October and remained in charge till his appointment as Officiating Commissioner of the Presidency Division. From 25th November Mr. Larminie was again in charge till the end of the year. The Lieutenant-Governor desires to express his thanks to Mr. Larminie for his careful and interesting report. The Superintendent's remarks, contained in paragraphs 402 to 408 of that report, regarding the officers subordinate to him, will be recorded in the Appointment Department.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of the above Resolution be forwarded to the Superintendent of the Tributary Mehals of Orissa, for information and guidance.

Ordered also that a copy of the Report, together with a copy of the Resolution, be forwarded to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department, for information.

Ordered also that a copy of the remarks regarding the conduct of the officers engaged in the administration of the States during the year be forwarded to the Appointment Department of this Office for record.

Ordered also that a copy of the Resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. WARE EDGAR,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

ERRATA.

* In line 3 of paragraph 8 of the Resolution on the Forest Report for "from the 1st April to the 15th June" read "up to the 15th June."

in line 5 of paragraph 8 for "the financial year 1883-84" read "the financial years 1883-84 and 1884-85."

II. H. RISLEY,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

THE ASSESSMENT AND COLLECTION OF WATER-RATES IN ORISSA.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT—IRRIGATION.

No. 1643I, dated Calcutta, the 4th November 1884.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

Letter No. 242I., dated Cuttack, the 8th September 1883, from the Commissioner of the Orissa Division.

Resolution No. 13I., dated the 9th January 1884, by the Government of India on the Bengal Irrigation Revenue Report for 1882-83

Letter No. 26I. of 15th January 1884, from the Government of India.

Memorandum No. 2140I.R., of the 6th October 1884, from the Revenue Department.

Letter No. 839A. of the 23rd September 1884, from the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces.

OBSERVATIONS.—The Government of India, in the letter quoted above, expressed an opinion that the proposal made by the Commissioner of the Orissa Division in his Revenue Report for 1882-83, to enquire into the present system of charging water-rates in Orissa, was deserving of consideration. The Board of Revenue have since asked that, should a Commission be appointed to consider the matter, the propriety of levying an owner's rate on land irrigated or protected should be remitted to it for report. The Lieutenant-Governor has decided to accept these recommendations, and also to include in the points referred to the Commission certain alleged irregularities in the system of recovering water-rates by the certificate process.

RESOLUTION.—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to appoint a Commission, consisting of the officers named below, to enquire into certain matters in connection with the Orissa canals:—

Lieutenant-Colonel J. M. McNeile, R.E., Joint-Secretary, Public Works Department, President.

Mr. R. H. Wilson, B.C.S.

Major C. W. I. Harrison, R.E., Superintending Engineer, Public Works Department, North-Western Provinces, Members.

The Commission will meet as soon as possible after 1st December next, and will enquire into, and report on, the following points:—

- I.—The alleged oppressive procedure on the part of the Canal Revenue authorities in the assessment and recovery of water-rates, and especially on the operation of the "Certificate Procedure" Act (VII of 1880), which is stated to have been used in a hasty and injudicious manner, and to have caused considerable discontent among the ryots.
- II.—The existing tariff of water-rates, both for long and short leases.
- III.—The proposed imposition of an owner's rate, either on "Irrigated" or "Protected" lands.

The Commission should also express their view, from a consideration of the various facts which may be elicited in the course of the enquiry, as to the advisability of making any, and if so what, changes in the existing system of assessment and collection, and of the distribution of duties regarding assessments and the supply of water between the Engineer and Revenue officers.

ORDER.—Ordered that copies of this Resolution be forwarded to the officers nominated to serve on the Commission; to the Commissioner of the Orissa Division and to the Superintending Engineer, Orissa Circle, for information and guidance; to the Revenue, Appointment and Financial Departments of this Government; the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces; and the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Bengal, for information.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. M. McNEILE, *Lieut.-Col., R.E.,*

Joint-Secretary to the Government of Bengal,

P. W. Dept

DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT—ROAD CESS.

Calcutta, the 31st October 1884.

No. 3701R.C.

READ—

Letter from the Accountant-General, Bengal, No. 546L.F., dated the 22nd October 1884, submitting an abstract of receipts and expenditure of the several District Road Committees in Bengal for the quarter ending the 30th June 1884.

RESOLUTION.

THE Lieutenant-Governor directs that the accounts of the receipts and expenditure of the several District Road Committees for the third quarter of the cess year 1883-84 be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* and be circulated to the officers concerned.

ORDER —Ordered that a copy of this Resolution, together with a copy of the abstract of receipts and expenditure, be published in the Supplement to the *Calcutta Gazette*.

ORDERED also that a copy of this Resolution, and of the abstract referred to, be forwarded to all Commissioners of Divisions; to all Superintending Engineers of Public Works Circles in Bengal; and to the Financial Department of this Government, for information.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

G. F. E. S. NEILL, *Major, M.S.C.*,

Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,

P. W. Dept.

DISTRICT

Statement of Receipts and Expenditure of the several District
ending 30th

RECE

DISTRICTS.	Balance in treasury on 1st April 1884.	PROVINCIAL RATES.					Interest on arrows of road cess.	PUBLIC Road tolls.
		Cess on lands.	Cess on mines and railways.	Cess on houses.	One per cent. road cess.	Total.		
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1 Burdwan	16,294 15 8	26,632 7 0	6,386 12 2	.....	.....	32,419 3 2	812 8 11	.....
Bankoora	10,397 13 5	12,637 10 3	21 15 0	.....	6 14 7	12,668 7 10	69 4 9	.....
Beerbhoom	14,226 7 4	23,632 13 9	.....	.....	24 7 4	23,677 5 1	299 11 6	.....
Midnapore	42,858 6 3	34,424 9 3	.....	.....	41 15 7	34,468 8 10	731 0 4	.....
5 Hooghly and Howrah	76,473 13 0	31,107 3 7	.....	.....	3 1 6	31,110 5 1	692 10 9	.....
24 Pergunnahs	33,403 2 11	23,097 3 10	.....	.....	.....	23,097 3 10	156 3 11	.....
Nuddea	16,817 13 1	14,462 11 7	.....	.....	-1 14 0	14,460 13 7	107 4 0	.....
Jessore	11,496 12 0	17,079 10 5	.....	.....	2 12 0	17,082 6 5	96 1 2	.....
Khoolna	57,437 10 10	14,181 0 11	.....	.....	.....	14,181 0 11	24 15 0	.....
10 Moorshedabad	16,624 5 8	21,892 15 5	.....	.....	94 4 4	21,987 3 9	101 10 0	.....
Dinagapore	19,799 4 2	20,629 10 0	.....	.....	92 7 3	20,722 1 3	101 9 0	.....
Rajshahye	14,924 9 4	19,826 0 9	.....	.....	.....	19,826 0 9	52 5 0	.....
Rangpore	53,018 3 10	30,784 11 0	.....	.....	2 4 0	30,786 15 0	477 7 8	.....
Bogra	7,033 15 0	9,591 15 1	.....	.....	.....	9,591 15 1	31 11 7	.....
15 Patna	29,887 12 11	10,790 4 11	.....	.....	19 9 0	10,809 13 11	47 9 5	.....
Darjeeling	12,830 1 2	1,639 5 3	104 10 0	.....	.....	1,743 15 3	16 13 9	.....
Jalpigoree	2,292 11 6	14,766 5 6	.....	.....	.....	14,756 5 6	229 11 4	.....
Dacca	52,281 8 8	13,114 6 7	.....	.....	233 14 1	13,352 4 8	243 8 6	.....
Furreedpore	34,428 4 5	13,572 2 0	.....	.....	.....	13,572 2 0	109 10 7	.....
20 Backerkunge	45,342 10 0	25,546 5 8	.....	.....	23 0 0	25,559 5 8	216 12 10	.....
Tippurah	59,925 15 10	18,076 4 10	.....	.....	.....	18,076 4 10	246 4 9	.....
Mymensingh	99,573 13 0	35,530 8 7	.....	.....	69 15 3	35,609 7 10	238 13 6	.....
Chittagong	60,649 9 9	32,566 12 6	.....	.....	.....	32,566 12 6	162 1 0	.....
Noakholly	20,351 11 1	16,354 10 5	.....	.....	.....	16,354 10 5	98 13 11	.....
25 Patna	46,203 14 3	44,168 12 9	.....	.....	227 6 3	44,396 3 0	273 9 5	.....
Gya	1,02,532 12 5	45,551 1 0	15 4 0	.....	117 4 0	45,668 12 0	321 9 9	.....
Shahabad	46,197 6 9	35,323 13 8	7 2 6	.....	.....	35,331 0 2	234 4 0	.....
Mozufferpore	75,532 1 9	38,431 12 9	.....	.....	21 15 10	38,452 7 7	246 6 2	.....
Darbhanga	44,024 13 4	43,692 0 3	.....	.....	8 7 7	43,699 7 10	571 2 8	.....
30 Sarun	79,237 6 1	49,531 6 6	.....	.....	26 2 0	49,557 8 6	454 10 6	.....
Chumparun	10,242 5 5	21,346 7 7	.....	.....	.....	21,346 7 7	51 6 6	.....
Monghyr	51,595 13 7	39,894 4 4	.....	.....	165 13 6	37,069 1 4	1,094 10 7	.....
Bhagalpur	72,601 4 10	32,772 7 1	.....	.....	214 10 5	32,987 1 6	394 14 9	.....
Purneah	12,884 11 11	16,022 9 5	.....	.....	62 6 10	16,085 0 3	103 4 3	.....
35 Maldah	29,837 7 5	7,082 8 9	.....	.....	.....	7,082 8 9	46 2 7	.....
Cuttack	15,631 12 8	23,530 1 1	.....	.....	.....	23,530 1 1	250 0 3	.....
Poorce	6,245 8 0	10,374 8 5	.....	.....	.....	10,374 8 5	8 2 11	.....
Balasore	20,974 15 4	10,865 9 4	.....	.....	.....	10,865 9 4	162 6 2	.....
Hazaribagh	7,121 14 1	6,309 14 1	1,512 15 9	.....	.....	7,822 13 10	26 4 10	.....
40 Lohardugga	60,890 9 5	2,655 13 7	.....	.....	.....	2,655 13 7	19 3 0	.....
Manbhoom	6,836 14 4	9,626 10 0	667 4 6	.....	.....	10,293 14 6	85 13 1	.....
Total	14,75,245 1 5	9,19,703 12 8	8,745 15 11	.....	1,456 12 10	9,24,906 9 5	9,966 11 4	.....
Non-cess Districts.								
Chittagong Hill Tracts	1,578 0 6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
44 Sonthal Pergunnahs	41,475 2 8	.....	.....	.....	13 15 0	13 15 0	.....	.....
Singbhoom	4,036 10 2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	50,089 13 4	.....	.....	.....	13 15 0	13 15 0	.....	.....
GRAND TOTAL	15,25,334 14 9	9,19,703 12 8	8,745 15 11	.....	1,470 11 10	9,29,920 8 5	9,966 11 4	.....

FORT WILLIAM,

The 16th October 1884.

P.T.S.

CHRS.		IRRIGATION.		MISCELLANEOUS.			DISTRICTS.
arry tolls.	Total.	Canal tolls.	Rent of serais and staging bungalows.	Fees, fines, and forfeitures.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
.....	8 0 0	229 8 0	1,025 10 0	1,263 2 0	Burdwan 1
.....	181 7 0	8 14 0	190 5 0	Bankoora
.....	252 6 0	42 8 0	337 12 0	Beerbhoom
.....	42 12 0	395 6 9	1,015 2 9	1,420 9 6	Midnapore
.....	10 0 0	571 12 0	2,159 14 3	2,731 10 3	Hoochly and Howrah ... 5
.....	832 0 0	.....	684 1 6	4,906 4 5	5,680 5 11	24-Perunnahs
.....	95 0 0	90 12 0	279 9 6	465 5 6	Nudda
.....	14 0 0	22 0 0	36 0 0	Jessore
.....	1,461 4 11	1,461 4 11	Khoolna
.....	164 5 0	78 1 6	242 6 6	Moorshedabad 10
.....	248 13 6	1 12 0	250 9 6	Dinagapore
.....	42 0 0	408 13 3	1,220 1 0	1,670 14 2	Rajshahye
.....	30 0 0	894 8 3	158 8 0	1,083 0 3	Rungpore
.....	40 0 0	5 0 0	11,876 12 0	11,920 12 0	Bogra
.....	861 3 3	122 2 0	503 5 3	Pubna 15
.....	93 12 0	.....	93 12 0	Darjeeling
.....	338 2 0	.....	58 12 0	226 0 0	619 14 0	Julpigoree
.....	1,209 3 0	92 2 3	1,301 5 3	Dacca
.....	1,336 2 0	270 14 0	1,607 0 0	Furzedpore
.....	2,324 6 0	146 9 3	2,370 15 3	Backergunge 20
.....	232 2 0	270 14 9	503 0 9	Tippurah
.....	985 0 9	66 15 0	1,051 15 9	Mymensingh
.....	1,857 8 0	6 0 0	20 0 0	777 10 3	808 10 3	Chittagong
.....	58 15 0	7 4 8	66 3 8	Noakholly
.....	292 0 0	193 11 6	7,472 13 5	7,864 8 11	Patna 25
.....	15 10 0	474 10 7	8,506 10 11	9,064 15 6	Gya
.....	66 8 0	105 3 3	.....	171 11 3	Nahabad
.....	282 8 0	70 8 0	129 8 0	482 8 0	Mozufferpore
.....	61 0 0	-2,171 4 0	15 0 0	-2,095 4 0	Durbhunga
.....	364 8 0	19 9 6	141 2 0	525 3 6	Saran 30
.....	21 11 9	21 11 9	Chumparun
.....	1,743 5 6	1,584 4 2	3,530 9 8	Monghyr
.....	226 4 0	41 3 3	267 7 3	Bhagalpur
.....	287 14 0	22 8 0	310 6 0	Purneah
.....	254 0 0	227 11 0	481 11 0	Maldah 35
551 10 3	951 10 3	.....	259 11 10	1,371 8 1	1,003 11 0	2,634 14 11	Outlack
.....	106 3 4	0 9 6	106 12 10	Poorce
.....	14 8 0	640 12 0	376 8 0	1,040 12 0	Balasore
.....	43 8 0	88 12 0	.....	152 4 0	Hazaribagh
.....	201 0 0	753 3 0	953 3 0	Lohardugga 40
.....	493 7 3	66 14 0	.....	560 5 3	Manbhoom
551 10 3	951 10 3	2,689 8 0	2,503 3 1	14,429 7 0	46,680 6 6	63,613 0 7	Total:
.....	355 14 2	.....	8 9 0	364 7 6	Chittagong Hill Tracts ...
.....	Sonthal Pergunnahs ...
.....	Singbhoom 44
.....	355 14 6	.....	8 9 0	364 7 6	Total.
551 10 3	951 10 3	2,689 8 0	2,859 1 7	14,439 7 0	46,688 15 6	63,977 8 1	GRAND TOTAL.

CHRS. DISTRICTS.

NON-CHRS. DISTRICTS.

Districts.	Grant from Government.	SUSPENSE ACCOUNT.			Total receipts.
		Advances.	Deposits.	Total.	
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1 Burdwan	.....	2,333 18 0	1,457 19 4	3,791 5 7	22,226 3 8
Bankura	.....	.....	.....	.....	12,526 1 7
Beerbhoom	.....	200 12 6	.....	200 12 6	24,615 9 1
Midnapore	5,136 15 2	2,952 12 1	1,457 0 0	4,399 12 1	47,144 13 11
5 Hooghly and Howrah	.....	200 0 0	2,014 0 0	2,214 0 0	87,650 10 1
24 Pargannahs	.....	.....	.....	.....	33,533 13 8
Nuddes	.....	457 2 0	122 8 0	579 10 0	15,613 1 1
Jessore	.....	489 3 9	.....	489 3 9	17,703 11 4
Khosina	.....	1,796 4 6	17 0 0	1,813 4 6	17,490 9 4
10 Moowshedabad	.....	1,320 9 4	.....	1,320 9 4	23,631 13 7
Pinaspore	.....	6,572 2 9	.....	6,572 2 9	27,646 6 6
Rajshahye	.....	8,446 5 3	.....	8,446 5 3	30,993 9 3
Bangpore	.....	9,492 1 0	.....	9,492 1 0	41,819 7 11
Bogra	.....	2,595 11 0	.....	2,595 11 0	24,149 1 8
15 Pubna	15,967 6 6	2,104 8 0	30 0 0	2,134 8 0	25,562 9 1
Darjeeling	755 0 6	5,405 8 11	.....	5,405 8 11	8,015 2 6
Jalpigoree	1,973 0 8	1,675 15 9	.....	1,675 15 9	19,254 15 1
Jacca	868 12 4	1,465 14 0	652 0 0	2,117 14 0	17,393 12 9
Purseedpore	828 15 3	959 4 0	291 0 0	1,250 4 0	17,467 15 10
20 Backergunge	.....	190 0 0	.....	190 0 0	24,637 1 9
Tipperah	.....	.....	.....	.....	19,425 10 4
Mymensingh	.....	717 12 9	2,770 0 0	3,487 12 9	49,377 1 10
Chittakong	.....	.....	212 2 8	212 2 8	35,902 3 2
Noakholly	.....	1,351 3 10	855 0 0	2,206 3 10	18,735 15 10
23 Patna	.....	2,112 4 0	-1,090 0 0	1,112 4 0	53,740 10 1
Gya	521 1 5	3,981 5 9	734 0 0	4,707 5 9	60,308 12 5
Shahabad	.....	3,198 3 9	2,908 10 0	6,106 13 9	41,983 13 2
Mozufferpore	.....	223 0 0	.....	223 0 0	34,407 10 9
Jurakhunge	.....	.....	.....	.....	42,076 6 6
30 Sarun	.....	10,182 13 8	.....	10,182 13 8	69,720 4 2
Chumperon	.....	4,122 8 8	.....	4,122 8 8	23,542 2 6
Monghyr	10,000 0 0	62 3 9	210 0 0	272 3 9	51,757 9 4
Bhagalpur	153 9 9	6,440 4 6	7,190 5 0	13,840 9 6	47,543 10 9
Purneah	.....	3,600 7 0	78 0 0	3,678 7 0	21,077 1 6
85 Maldah	.....	1,079 3 3	187 0 0	1,266 3 3	9,778 3 10
Outlaok	.....	.....	.....	.....	28,415 0 3
Pooree	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,889 8 2
Balasore	.....	565 9 11	.....	565 9 11	13,664 5 5
Hazaribagh	2,000 0 0	389 5 4	759 0 0	1,128 5 4	11,139 12 0
40 Lohardugga	.....	2,758 5 1	1,316 0 0	4,074 5 1	7,307 8 8
Bianbhoom	.....	.....	.....	.....	13,940 0 10
Total	37,904 13 5	59,497 9 1	22,538 5 8	1,12,920 12 1	11,56,963 1 1
Chittagong Hill Tracts	.....	14 0 3	.....	14 0 3	14 0 3
South Pargunnahs	.....	.....	.....	.....	378 6 6
44 Singhbhoon	10,000 0 0	364 0 0	.....	364 0 0	10,364 0 0
Total	10,000 0 0	378 0 3	.....	378 0 3	10,766 6 9
GRAND TOTAL	47,904 13 5	59,865 9 4	22,538 5 8	1,12,998 13 4	11,67,790 7 10

a.—The actual balance in treasury is more by Rs. 50;

Balance of imprest in hands of Engineers and others decreased.	Balance of uncashed cheques increased.	Total receipts, includ- ing balance.	Outlay.	Balance in treasury on 30th June 1884.	Districts.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
.....	28 0 0	54,699 3 4	45,483 12 9	9,155 6 7	Burdwan 1
20 0 0	275 0 0	32,618 15 0	9,937 7 9	13,641 7 3	Bankura 1
6 11 6	199 7 2	42,947 3 1	15,195 11 4	27,751 7 9	Beerbhoom 1
190 6 8	5,150 4 6	95,382 13 11	45,453 14 0	49,868 15 11	Midnapore 1
.....	912 14 6	1,18,937 5 7	69,750 13 11	41,186 7 8	Hoochly and Howrah 5
.....	.....	62,897 0 7	37,307 18 5	25,189 1 2	24-Pargunnahs 1
.....	73 12 9	32,504 10 11	15,042 0 2	17,492 10 2	Nudda 1
.....	2,424 8 0	31,624 15 4	20,977 12 0	4,647 3 4	Jessore 1
.....	.....	74,938 4 2	19,378 2 2	55,568 1 11	Khoolna 1
.....	.....	40,276 8 3	13,910 5 5	20,548 13 10	Moorshedabad 10
.....	2,630 6 9	50,078 1 5	20,444 5 6	19,533 11 11	Dinapore 1
.....	64 14 0	44,995 0 7	25,681 9 2	19,803 7 5	Kajshahye 1
.....	749 5 9	1,00,587 1 6	53,725 7 6	46,561 10 0	Bangalore 1
.....	.....	34,526 7 5	24,991 14 6	10,534 8 11	Bogra 1
2,352 6 9	151 4 6	53,601 10 6	18,553 4 0	40,048 6 6	Pubna 15
.....	.....	20,845 3 7	10,940 14 2	9,894 5 8	Darjeeling 1
.....	.....	21,517 10 7	19,043 15 2	2,504 11 5	Jalpigoree 1
.....	1,252 12 6	70,918 1 11	27,225 3 7	43,692 14 4	Dacca 1
.....	.....	52,303 13 9	12,817 1 4	39,495 13 5	Furzedpore 1
407 9 6	.....	74,179 11 9	40,748 2 7	33,431 9 2	Backergunge 20
200 0 0	.....	70,851 10 2	12,910 13 10	57,440 12 4	Tippurah 1
.....	832 13 6	1,41,763 11 10	43,097 12 3	(a) 97,695 15 7	Mymensingh 1
.....	1,312 14 8	87,564 11 7	25,296 14 1	62,267 13 6	Chittagong 1
.....	202 13 0	39,180 6 11	21,398 11 4	17,783 11 7	Neakholly 1
280 11 0	.....	1,00,225 3 4	53,898 4 10	46,886 14 6	Patna 25
220 0 9	474 4 9	1,63,535 14 4	50,863 4 9	1,12,672 9 7	Gya 1
555 7 0	904 1 9	89,910 12 8	36,842 15 7	53,097 13 1	Shahabad 1
.....	.....	1,14,939 12 6	41,697 6 11	73,242 6 7	Mozufferpore 1
.....	.....	86,191 3 10	75,471 6 10	10,629 13 0	Durhhunga 1
.....	261 7 1	1,40,219 1 4	42,137 7 10	93,031 9 6	Saran 30
.....	1,455 13 7	40,240 5 6	27,853 13 10	12,386 7 8	Chumparan 1
.....	.....	1,03,350 6 11	41,413 11 11	61,939 11 0	Monahyr 1
.....	281 7 9	1,20,426 7 4	53,856 15 1	66,569 8 3	Bagalpur 1
.....	396 7 0	24,368 4 11	21,847 3 9	12,511 2 2	Furneah 1
.....	.....	89,615 11 3	15,725 11 6	23,899 15 9	Maldah 35
.....	539 7 11	42,586 4 10	14,217 15 2	23,368 5 8	Cuttack 1
.....	.....	15,835 0 2	10,014 3 1	5,920 13 1	Poorce 1
.....	397 15 3	34,037 4 0	9,899 11 6	24, 37 8 6	Balasore 1
.....	.....	18,263 10 1	12,971 13 8	5,291 13 5	Hazaribagh 1
63 2 9	1,323 6 9	59,589 11 1	21,379 5 5	33,210 5 8	Lohardugga 40
.....	.....	17,796 15 2	5,299 15 0	12,497 0 2	Manbhoom 1
5,296 7 4	22,308 9 11	20,59,803 3 11	11,98,355 3 8	14,61,445 0 8	Total.
510 15 6	.....	2,103 0 3	1,513 12 3	559 4 0	Chittagong Hill Tracts 1
.....	179 9 6	45,033 2 8	9,204 2 8	35,829 0 0	Sonthal Pargunnahs 1
.....	.....	14,400 10 2	2,129 7 7	12,271 2 7	Singbhoom 44
510 15 6	179 9 6	61,536 13 1	12,947 6 6	48,589 6 7	Total.
5,897 7 0	22,489 3 5	27,21,840 1 0	12,11,205 10 2	12,10,134 6 16	GRAND TOTAL.

Other Districts.

Non-uses
Districts.

EXPEN

DISTRICTS.	REFUNDS.			PROVINCIAL RATES.	ADMINISTRATION.		
	Cess.	Other receipts.	Total.	Establishment and contingencies of office of collection.	Establishment and contingencies of committee's office.	Percentage cost of establishment for offices of account and control.	Total.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1 Burdwan	72 12 0	...	72 12 0	4,609 5 9	539 0 0	...	539 0 0
Bankoora	2 14 6	2 14 6	1,908 5 3	182 8 6	422 5 3	604 13 9
Beerbhoom	416 3 3	213 1 0	...	213 1 0
Midnapore	80 1 6	80 1 6	1,202 12 1	1,249 1 3	...	1,249 1 3
5 Hooghly and Howrah	240 10 0	4 13 0	245 3 0	4,032 12 6	486 10 3	...	486 10 3
24 Pergunnahs	1,391 7 6	1,391 7 6	836 6 0	411 15 0	...	411 15 0
Nuddea	683 3 3	398 4 0	...	398 4 0
Jessore	692 11 8	754 3 9	601 1 1	1,255 4 10
Khoolna	643 3 6	264 4 3	...	264 4 3
10 Moorshedabad	0 12 0	65 6 3	66 2 3	693 6 7	203 0 0	...	203 0 0
Dinazepore	0 4 0	0 4 0	852 6 9	246 12 0	...	246 12 0
Rajahmhye	132 6 0	132 6 0	1,841 9 5	280 11 0	...	280 11 0
Rungpore	973 3 3	1,211 15 6	...	1,211 15 6
Bogra	372 2 8	245 0 0	366 12 7	611 12 7
15 Pubna	30 10 9	30 10 9	1,081 6 9	351 13 9	...	351 13 9
Derjeeling	368 0 6	322 11 6	...	322 11 6
Julporee	429 2 9	332 8 6	...	332 8 6
Dacca	11 9 11	...	11 9 11	1,302 11 1	467 13 4	...	467 12 4
Furzedpore	160 0 0	160 0 0	1,350 7 6	321 12 6	...	321 12 6
20 Backergunge	199 0 3	199 0 3	6,963 15 8	372 0 9	...	372 0 9
Tipperah	537 4 7	372 5 6	...	372 5 6
Mymensingh	3,515 10 9	504 3 6	...	504 3 6
Chittagong	3,189 14 6	382 8 3	...	382 8 3
Noukbully	811 12 8	401 14 4	...	401 14 4
25 Patna	983 4 7	...	983 4 7	1,507 13 6	230 5 4	147 0 0	377 5 4
Gya	47 14 10	47 14 10	854 4 0	785 11 9	...	785 11 9
Shahabad	42 7 9	42 7 9	950 9 0	267 4 6	396 0 0	663 4 6
Mozufferpore	963 5 2	608 7 6	41 1 0	707 8 6
Durbhanga	1,049 14 0	420 13 4	1,255 6 9	1,676 4 1
30 Narun	1,171 12 3	673 2 0	139 0 0	814 2 0
Chumprun	443 0 9	230 0 0	528 3 5	734 3 5
Monghyr	2,365 6 8	413 10 2	...	443 10 2
Bhawalpur	1,023 8 0	458 0 0	...	458 0 0
Purneah	163 10 9	163 10 9	589 10 0	355 5 0	717 14 9	1,073 3 9
35 Maldah	406 12 6	215 1 6	...	215 1 6
Cuttack	5 4 9	5 4 9	4,138 12 6	223 8 0	...	223 8 0
Poorce	715 4 9	301 7 1	62 9 9	328 13 4
Balasore	1,154 2 9	195 13 6	...	195 13 6
Hazaribagh	884 12 9	218 14 0	...	218 14 0
40 Lohardugga	444 14 9	75 0 0	...	75 0 0
Manbhoom	715 8 1	370 14 6	...	370 14 6
Total ...	1,239 0 6	2,316 4 10	3,605 5 4	58,366 4 7	16,739 1 4	4,451 3 1	21,190 4 5
Non-Cess Districts.							
Chittagong Hill Tracts	195 9 0	...	195 9 0
44 Sonthal Pergunnahs	41 6 7	...	41 6 7
Total	236 15 7	...	236 15 7
GRAND TOTAL ...	1,239 0 6	2,316 4 10	3,605 5 4	58,366 4 7	16,976 0 11	4,451 3 1	21,427 4 0

DISTRICT.

STATIONERY.	PUBLIC WORKS.						Districts.
	Original Works.	Repairs.	Establishment.	Toll and Ferry rates, Light and other charges.	Establishment of Districtal Superintendent of Works.		
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
166 1 4	4,099 4 9	22,912 1 3	2,848 13 0	1,279 3 0	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Burdwan ... 1
191 5 9	1,153 2 9	4,082 3 8	1,279 3 0	1,279 3 0	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Bankura ...
18 12 7	6,967 15 0	5,916 0 0	2,300 10 0	4,374 1 9	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Barbhoom ...
138 7 1	5,987 8 9	25,886 7 7	4,374 1 9	4,374 1 9	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Midnapore ...
53 11 5	11,414 1 0	27,315 13 0	2,611 1 0	2,611 1 0	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Hooghly and Howrah ... 5
90 14 11	46 2 0	27,507 9 6	4,464 15 0	4,464 15 0	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	24 Pergunnahs ...
1 6 0	1,716 0 3	7,973 15 3	2,492 7 6	2,492 7 6	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Nudda ...
264 3 0	3,498 13 3	15,804 8 1	3,540 11 11	3,540 11 11	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Jessore ...
175 7 9	2,727 1 3	9,585 3 6	1,789 1 0	1,789 1 0	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Khoulna ...
30 10 9	578 11 6	7,799 11 10	2,732 13 6	2,732 13 6	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Moorsheadabad ... 10
143 8 9	1,418 2 0	18,588 8 8	3,324 3 3	3,324 3 3	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Dinagore ...
195 7 6	4,500 4 3	8,270 8 9	2,721 8 0	2,721 8 0	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Rajahmundry ...
247 9 3	10,916 6 3	25,364 7 11	4,777 13 4	4,777 13 4	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Rangpore ...
36 1 0	3,060 7 4	15,589 5 7	1,441 8 6	1,441 8 6	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Bogra ...
145 1 6	8,753 2 9	4,351 0 3	1,381 8 8	1,381 8 8	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Pubna ... 15
1 12 0	2,983 1 9	2,747 12 5	747 1 0	747 1 0	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Darjeeling ...
15 5 2	11,589 4 6	3,141 2 3	1,724 13 9	1,724 13 9	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Julpigore ...
123 5 6	15,281 15 9	4,059 15 9	1,905 0 6	1,905 0 6	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Dacca ...
129 6 8	4,407 1 9	3,305 14 8	1,905 0 6	1,905 0 6	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Furzedpore ...
89 11 8	15,180 5 6	15,088 8 0	2,425 7 3	2,425 7 3	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Hackerrunge ... 20
80 3 6	5,753 1 0	6,095 0 8	2,051 10 6	2,051 10 6	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Tippurah ...
61 14 9	9,497 9 0	22,388 14 0	4,169 3 9	4,169 3 9	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Mymensingh ...
390 0 8	1,448 10 8	9,207 8 5	3,645 10 4	3,645 10 4	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Chittagong ...
107 13 3	7,544 1 3	8,437 6 0	2,543 12 0	2,543 12 0	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Noakholly ...
593 13 3	28,543 13 3	8,790 6 11	2,898 0 1	2,898 0 1	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Patna ... 25
451 2 0	10,303 11 1	15,660 4 6	5,734 15 11	5,734 15 11	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Shahabad ...
96 2 8	11,689 14 0	13,023 4 9	5,857 5 0	5,857 5 0	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Mozufferpore ...
306 10 8	21,433 7 3	11,741 12 11	6,142 4 3	6,142 4 3	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Durbhunga ...
1 12 9	25,455 4 7	27,978 15 3	4,614 4 0	4,614 4 0	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Sarun ... 30
353 8 3	11,475 3 9	10,379 9 8	2,233 13 6	2,233 13 6	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Chumpanan ...
258 12 4	2,400 1 6	10,232 13 4	3,488 13 9	3,488 13 9	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Monchyr ...
18 12 0	11,564 8 6	12,411 3 7	5,091 0 8	5,091 0 8	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Bhagalpur ...
24 10 0	19,218 13 9	14,220 2 8	5,953 8 6	5,953 8 6	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Purneah ... 35
2 5 0	1,871 0 0	9,660 3 10	4,920 13 0	4,920 13 0	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Maldah ...
143 13 6	281 2 8	4,823 9 3	1,390 7 3	1,390 7 3	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Cuttack ...
5 1 3	551 11 7	6,950 5 6	1,378 12 6	1,378 12 6	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Poorce ...
134 8 11	6,784 10 0	123 5 0	793 0 0	793 0 0	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Balasore ...
18 15 0	2,393 11 0	4,798 4 0	497 0 0	497 0 0	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Hazaribach ...
137 8 0	4,806 15 0	3,400 12 10	1,427 13 6	1,427 13 6	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Lohardugga ... 40
.....	3,490 4 7	11,480 2 4	1,793 14 4	1,793 14 4	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Manbhoom ...
.....	551 6 11	2,123 10 7	1,138 3 11	1,138 3 11	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	
5,186 6 11	3,02,066 1 2	4,54,720 5 1	1,22,489 3 10	7,404 10 8	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	Total.
.....	183 9 6	976 4 6	296 0 0	7 14 3	.....	.....	Chittagong Hill Tracts ...
.....	4,812 8 9	2,333 1 6	1,187 8 11	408 9 3	.....	.....	Sonthal Pergunnahs ...
.....	.....	1,553 1 0	480 0 0	.....	.....	.....	Singbhoom ... 44
.....	4,948 2 3	4,862 7 0	3,055 8 11	475 6 6	.....	.....	Total.
5,186 6 11	3,07,034 3 5	4,59,583 12 1	1,25,544 14 9	7,908 1 2	225 13 0	36,756 14 8	GRAND TOTAL.

Case Districts.

Non-Case Districts.

DISTRICT

Statement of Receipts and Expenditure of the several District
ending 30th

EXPEN

DISTRICTS.	PUBLIC WORKS.	IRRIGATION.	MISCELLANEOUS.				Contribution to Provincial Government.
	Total.	Canal toll establishment and contingencies.	Staging bungalow establishment and contingencies.	Staging bungalow petty construction and repairs.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1 Burdwan	35,700 2 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bankora	6,519 8 0	.....	75 10 0	.....	35 14 6	111 8 6	.....
Beerbhoom	12,784 9 0	.....	37 0 0	.....	78 12 6	109 12 6	.....
Midnapore	26,543 6 1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5 Hooghly and Howrah	55,744 5 9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24-Pergunnahs	32,036 10 6	.....	.....	.....	1,140 9 6	1,140 9 6	.....
Nudda	12,287 2 9	.....	71 0 0	.....	175 13 0	246 13 0	.....
Jessore	23,203 7 3	.....	88 15 0	763 2 3	.....	852 1 3	.....
Khoolna	14,345 3 3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
10 Mourshedabad	11,121 9 4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dinapore	26,716 14 6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rajshahye	18,730 4 6	.....	.....	171 3 9	.....	171 3 9	.....
Rungpore	46,303 1 6	.....	87 15 9	.....	.....	87 15 9	.....
Bogra	21,102 5 1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
15 Pubna	15,107 9 6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Darjeeling	6,479 15 2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Julpikoree	18,015 0 9	.....	23 0 0	6 10 0	.....	99 10 0	.....
Dacca	23,304 12 9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Furreedpore	9,520 14 1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
20 Backergunge	31,798 10 9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tipperah	11,971 0 3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mymensingh	26,277 13 9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chittagong	14,329 7 11	46 2 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Noakholly	19,578 14 6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
25 Patna	44,980 8 0	.....	493 0 0	835 7 0	.....	1,327 7 0	.....
Gya	31,335 5 0	.....	.....	.....	235 4 0	235 4 0	.....
Shahabad	20,442 14 5	.....	95 13 0	1 8 0	.....	97 5 0	.....
Mozufferpore	29,465 8 0	.....	149 4 0	.....	21 14 0	171 2 0	.....
Durbbhanga	58,538 12 2	.....	74 12 0	2,678 12 3	.....	2,753 8 3	.....
30 Sarun	27,937 10 5	.....	50 11 0	9 12 0	-11 6 9	49 0 3	.....
Chumpanun	16,650 11 9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Monkhyr	22,673 2 8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bhagalpur	28,472 13 11	.....	.....	81 6 9	.....	81 6 9	.....
Purneah	18,675 12 4	.....	.....	.....	1 11 0	1 11 0	.....
35 Maldah	6,409 12 3	.....	.....	.....	1,905 0 0	1,905 0 0	.....
Cuttack	9,278 9 1	.....	146 12 0	283 3 4	.....	429 15 4	.....
Pooree	7,699 15 0	.....	36 0 0	.....	.....	36 0 0	.....
Balasore	7,602 9 0	.....	27 0 0	.....	.....	27 0 0	.....
Hazaribagh	11,091 5 10	.....	29 4 0	.....	.....	29 4 0	.....
40 Lohardugga	16,874 7 3	.....	40 0 8	90 0 0	.....	100 0 8	.....
Manbhoom	3,643 5 5	.....	.....	571 8 0	.....	571 8 0	.....
Total	9,44,772 0 5	46 2 9	1,595 1 5	5,412 9 4	3,577 7 9	10,585 2 6	.....
Non-Cess Districts.							
Chittagong Hill Tracts	1,513 12 3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24 Sonthal Pergunnahs	8,797 11 5	.....	197 0 3	15 14 0	.....	210 14 3	.....
44 Singbhoom	2,033 1 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	12,344 8 8	.....	197 0 3	15 14 0	.....	210 14 3	.....
GRAND TOTAL	9,57,116 9 1	46 2 9	1,792 1 8	5,428 7 4	3,577 7 9	10,796 0 9	.....

ROAD FUND.

Road Committees for the Third Quarter of the Cess Year 1883-84.

June 1884.

DITURE.

SUSPENSE ACCOUNTS.			Total expenditure.	Balance of imprest in hands of Engineers and others increased.	Balance of uncashed cheques decreased.	Total outlay.	DISTRICTS
Advances.	Deposits.	Total.					
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
2,405 6 6	1,901 1 2	4,306 7 8	45,433 12 9	...	...	45,453 12 9	Burdwan ... 1
235 0 0	304 0 0	539 0 0	9,937 7 9	...	...	9,937 7 9	Bankura ...
1,634 5 0	...	1,634 5 0	15,195 11 4	...	...	15,195 11 4	Baerbhoom ...
4,973 6 3	1,296 11 9	6,270 2 0	45,483 14 0	...	...	45,483 14 0	Midnapore ...
5,261 1 0	2,926 15 0	8,188 0 0	68,740 13 11	...	...	68,750 13 11	Hooghly and Howrah ... 5
...	1,800 0 0	1,800 0 0	37,207 15 5	...	...	37,207 15 5	24-Pergunnahs...
268 0 0	967 3 2	1,235 3 2	15,042 0 2	...	...	15,042 0 2	Nuddea ...
620 0 0	...	620 0 0	26,977 12 0	...	...	26,977 12 0	Jessore ...
3,046 15 6	451 0 0	3,497 15 6	18,964 2 3	100 0 0	310 0 0	19,376 2 3	Khoolna ...
1,136 15 6	0 4 3	1,137 3 9	13,254 0 8	...	656 4 9	13,910 5 5	Moorshedabad ... 10
2,393 7 6	89 0 0	2,482 7 6	39,442 5 6	...	...	39,442 5 6	Dumagapore ...
4,320 15 0	...	4,320 15 0	25,651 9 2	...	...	25,641 9 2	Rajshahye ...
1,811 11 3	...	1,811 11 3	52,725 7 6	1,000 0 0	...	53,725 7 6	Rungpore ...
677 15 9	...	677 15 9	22,809 5 1	...	1,191 9 5	23,991 14 6	Bogra ...
1,856 9 9	...	1,856 9 9	18,555 4 0	...	...	18,553 4 0	Pauna ... 15
2,200 0 0	1,378 7 0	3,578 7 0	10,740 14 2	...	210 0 0	10,960 14 2	Darjeeling ...
77 12 0	...	77 12 0	18,966 7 2	50 0 0	70 8 0	19,042 15 2	Jalpigoree ...
1,875 0 0	...	1,875 0 0	27,175 3 7	...	...	27,225 3 7	Dacca ...
1,212 0 0	78 0 0	1,290 0 0	12,780 8 4	...	...	12,817 1 4	Purreepore ...
...	790 0 0	790 0 0	40,214 0 1	...	534 2 6	40,718 2 7	Backergunge ... 20
...	...	...	12,910 11 10	...	...	12,910 13 10	Tipperah ...
8 1 6	2,730 0 0	2,738 1 6	4,097 12 3	...	...	43,097 12 3	Mymensingh ...
6,000 0 0	1,008 12 0	7,008 12 0	2,296 14 1	...	...	25,296 14 1	Chittagong ...
381 4 7	25 0 0	406 4 7	21,336 11 4	...	...	21,390 11 4	Nokholly ... 25
1,279 8 0	175 0 0	1,454 8 0	50,944 10 8	...	2,893 10 2	53,838 4 10	Patna ...
4,807 12 0	12,315 15 2	17,153 11 2	50,865 4 9	...	...	50,863 4 9	Gya ...
3,216 2 0	1,434 2 3	4,650 4 3	35,812 15 7	20 0 0	23 3 7	36,842 15 7	Shahabad ...
...	40 0 0	40 0 0	41,654 2 4	...	...	41,697 5 11	Mozufferpore ...
5,620 7 2	1,000 0 0	6,620 7 2	70,640 10 11	...	4,830 11 11	75,471 6 10	Durbhanga ... 30
11,812 6 8	...	11,812 6 8	42,137 7 10	...	...	42,137 7 10	Saran ...
10,001 13 11	...	10,001 13 11	27,851 13 10	...	70 12 1	27,853 13 10	Chumparun ...
5,149 0 0	444 0 0	5,593 0 0	41,333 15 10	...	...	41,413 11 11	Monghyr ...
7,002 4 6	4,950 1 2	12,952 5 8	53,856 15 1	...	...	53,856 15 1	Blazalpar ...
1,366 9 5	...	1,366 9 5	21,845 4 3	1 14 6	...	21,847 2 9	Purneah ...
5,420 0 0	261 0 0	5,681 0 0	14,619 15 3	1,100 0 0	5 12 3	15,725 11 6	Maldah ... 35
...	...	...	14,217 15 2	...	...	14,217 15 2	Cuttack ...
1,150 0 9	...	1,150 0 9	9,944 3 1	...	70 0 0	10,014 3 1	Pooree ...
381 14 4	...	381 14 4	9,699 11 6	...	...	9,699 11 6	Balasore ...
369 5 4	686 5 9	1,055 11 1	12,818 14 8	...	162 14 0	12,971 12 8	Hazaribagh ...
1,444 0 0	1,804 6 9	3,248 6 9	21,379 5 5	...	...	21,379 5 5	Leharduaga ... 40
...	...	...	5,299 15 0	...	...	5,299 15 0	Manbhoom ...
1,02,766 3 2	38,507 5 5	1,41,273 8 7	11,85,015 3 0	2,271 14 6	11,071 1 8	11,98,358 3 8	Total.
...	...	...	1,513 12 3	...	...	1,513 12 3	Chittagong Hill Tracts ...
5 0 0	...	5 0 0	9,204 2 8	...	50 0 0	9,204 2 8	Southal Pergunnahs ...
...	...	...	2,079 7 7	...	...	2,129 7 7	Singbhoom ... 41
5 0 0	...	5 0 0	12,797 6 0	...	50 0 0	12,847 6 0	Total.
1,02,771 3 2	38,507 5 5	1,41,278 8 7	11,97,812 10 0	2,271 14 6	11,121 1 8	12,11,205 10 2	GRAND TOTAL.

Cess Districts.

Non-Cess Districts.

R. LOGAN,

for Accountant-General.

PRESIDENCY DIVISION—concluded.

DISTRICT.	Name of municipality.	Number of wards.	Names, boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Nuddea	Kooshtea—concluded	.....	Ward No. VII.—Bounded on the north by Damosh; on the south by Ward No. VI; on the east by Ward No. III, and the old river Gorai; and on the west by the western limits of the municipality	1
	Beernugger	4	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by the road from Parhpoor to Jorasanko; on the east by the Dakatinghat; on the south by Buromashiaghat and Chookerbeel, and on the west by the Berhampore road	3
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the road from Samipoojah garden to the Berhampore road; on the east by the Bayeshpur and Khishmeh roads; on the south by Ward No. I; and on the west by the Berhampore road	2
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by part of Bayeshpur road; on the east by Bayeshpur and Khishmeh roads; on the south by Ward No. II; and on the west by the Berhampore road	2
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by Benakurah and Kathoorah beels; on the east by the Bayeshpur road; on the south by Ward No. III and on the west by the Berhampore road	1
	Nuddea	2	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north and east by the Gangos; on the south by the road running westward from Nashee Baboo's baitakhana up to its junction with a bye lane near Gopal Pal's house, thence a line westward to the pucca tole, the Mittre's embankment to the south-east corner of Kamal Biswas's bamboo tope, a line thence to Polta khal; and on the west by Polta khal from Doba...	5
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the southern boundary of Ward No. I; on the east by the Monipore road from its junction with the road running westward from Nashee Baboo's baitakhana to Kole Khal; on the south by Bolaramputti; and on the west by Pulta Khal	3
	Meherpore	6	Ward No. I.—Gowalpara and Dattapara	1
			Ditto II.—Jeliaparah and Mookerjeechpara	1
			Ditto III.—Baruiparah and Tantiparah	1
			Ditto IV.—Seikparah and Kallachandpore	1
			Ditto V.—Kasyabpara, Bangalparah, and Chakrabarttyparah	1
			Ditto VI.—Mullikparah and Murdhapara	1
	Koomarkhally...	5	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by Raraparah; on the south by the river Gorai; on the east by Serkandi; and on the west by Elange	2
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by Durgapore; on the south by the river Gorai; on the east by Batikawara; and on the west by Koomarkhally	3
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by the Ghoserai Ferry Fund Road; on the south by the river Gorai; on the east by Koomarkhally; and on the west by the Boraria khal	2
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north and south by the Railway line; on the east by Batikawara; and on the west by Elange	1
			Ward No. V.—Bounded on the north by the Railway line; on the south by the river Gorai; and on the east by the Ferry Fund Road; and on the west by Serkandi	2

COLMAN MACAULAY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

SUPPLEMENTARY STATEMENT SHOWING THE DIVISION OF MUNICIPALITIES INTO WARDS, AND THE NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED FOR EACH WARD UNDER RULES FOR THE ELECTION OF COMMISSIONERS UNDER ACT III (B.C.) OF 1884.

Darjeeling, the 25th October 1884.

IN continuation of the notification dated the 19th October 1884, published at pages 1879 to 1881 of the Supplement to the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 22nd idem, the following statement showing the number and extent of the wards into which the municipalities mentioned will be divided for the purposes of the election of Commissioners under section 14 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and the numbers of Commissioners to be elected for each ward, is published for general information in accordance with the provisions of section 15 of the Act:—

PRESIDENCY DIVISION.

DISTRICT.	Name of municipality.	Number of wards.	Names, boundaries, or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
24-Pergunnahs ...	Baranagore ...	6	Ward No. I.—South Baranagore	2
			Ditto II.—North ditto	3
			Ditto III.—Bonhughli and Dakinessar	3
			Ditto IV.—Areadah, Nawdapara, and Kamarhati	2
			Ditto V.—Belghoria and Basdebpur, including Senpara	2
			Ditto VI.—Sinthee, Nynan, Palpara, and Nawapara	2
	South Suburban	12	Ward No. I.—Tollygunge	2
			Ditto II.—Dhakuria	1
			Ditto III.—Behalla	2
			Ditto IV.—Italgatta	1
			Ditto V.—Shahpore	1
			Ditto VI.—Mudiali	1
			Ditto VII.—Dhopapara	1
			Ditto VIII.—Barisa	1
			Ditto IX.—Sursoona	1
			Ditto X.—Sodipur	1
			Ditto XI.—Gurnea	1
			Ditto XII.—Tiljulla	1
	Rajpur ...	5	Ward No. I.—Rajpur	4
			Ditto II.—Harinavi	3
			Ditto III.—Changaripotta and Kodalia	2
			Ditto IV.—Maluncha and Mahinagur	1
			Ditto V.—Jagardal and Elachi	2
	Barripur ...	6	Ward No. I.—Barripur	1
			Ditto II.—Mondulpara	1
			Ditto III.—Brahminpara	1
			Ditto IV.—Kamarparah	1
			Ditto V.—Bazar	1
			Ditto VI.—Shashone	1
	Joynagur ...	4	Ward No. I.—North Mozilpore	2
			Ditto II.—South ditto	2
			Ditto III.—North Joynagur	2
			Ditto IV.—South ditto	2
	North Dum-Dum	2	Ward No. I.—Kadihati	3
			Ditto II.—Nimta	3
	South Dum-Dum	3	Ward No. I.—Padrichatta, Katchasaruk, Myapati, Nojarbazar, Satgatchi, and Shyamnagar	2
			Ditto II.—Nimbutola, Gowshalla, Digla, Nyahasti, Dompura, Bagjulla, Ghugudanga, Jaipur, and Sinthi	2
			Ditto III.—Botgachia, Dukhidan, Golaghatta, Chalis Biga, Nurbhanga, Fatipookur, and Databad	2
	North Barrack-pore ...	12	Ward No. I.—Nauparah	1
			Ditto II.—Garulia North	1
			Ditto III.—Garulia South	1
			Ditto IV.—Ichapur North	1
			Ditto V.—Ichapur South	1
			Ditto VI.—Nawabgunge North	1
			Ditto VII.—Nawabgunge Centre	1
			Ditto VIII.—Nawabgunge South	1
			Ditto IX.—Pulta	1
			Ditto X.—Dhitara	1
			Ditto XI.—Monirampur	1
			Ditto XII.—Ganti	1

PRESIDENCY DIVISION—continued.

DISTRICT.	Name of municipality.	Number of wards.	Names, boundaries, or extent of each ward.	Number of Constituents to be elected for each ward.
24-Pergunnahs...	South Barrack-pore,	12	Ward No. I.—Chundurpukur ...	1
			Ditto II.—Chanack ...	1
			Ditto III.—Tittaghur ...	1
			Ditto IV.—Khudah ...	1
			Ditto V.—Gorah ...	1
			Ditto VI.—Suekchar ...	1
			Ditto VII.—Sodepur ...	1
			Ditto VIII.—Bhawanipore ...	1
			Ditto IX.—Panhatti ...	1
			Ditto X.—Agurparah ...	1
			Ditto XI.—Natagore ...	1
			Ditto XII.—Gholla ...	1
	Baraset	7	Ward No. I.—Baraset ...	2
			Ditto II.—Kaziparah ...	2
			Ditto III.—Bamonmoorah ...	2
			Ditto IV.—Nulkurah ...	2
			Ditto V.—Goostea ...	2
			Ditto VI.—Badoo ...	2
	Naihati	7	Ditto VII.—Kaltore ...	2
			Ward No. I.—Mulajor, Atpur, Jagudal ...	2
			Ditto II.—Bharparah ...	2
			Ditto III.—Naihati and Kantalpara ...	2
			Ditto IV.—Garifa ...	2
			Ditto V.—Kona ...	2
			Ditto VI.—Halishahar ...	2
	Basirhat	10	Ditto VII.—Bijpur ...	2
			Ward No. I.—Dholchita ...	1
			Ditto II.—Nalcora ...	1
			Ditto III.—Dandirhat and Naihati ...	1
			Ditto IV.—Khord Belia, Shampola, and Jelalpore ...	1
			Ditto V.—Basirhat and Sadarati ...	1
			Ditto VI.—Harishpur and Belupur ...	1
			Ditto VII.—Mirzapur, Tapa, Topachur, and Bhawanipur ...	1
			Ditto VIII.—Jorakpur ...	1
			Ditto IX.—Tantra ...	1
	Taki	4	Ditto X.—Bluda and Neara ...	1
			Ward No. I.—The eastern part of Taki ...	2
			Ditto II.—The western ditto ...	2
			Ditto III.—Sodepur ...	1
	Baduria	8	Ditto IV.—Beokati and Jelalpore ...	1
			Ward No. I.—Baduria ...	1
			Ditto II.—Arbalia ...	1
			Ditto III.—Taragoonia ...	1
			Ditto IV.—Magurttty ...	1
			Ditto V.—Purah ...	1
			Ditto VI.—Khurgachi ...	1
			Ditto VII.—Rudderpur ...	1
	Goberdanga	6	Ditto VIII.—Audamanik and Magurkhali ...	1
			Ward No. I.—West Goberdanga ...	1
			Ditto II.—Central Goberdanga ...	1
			Ditto III.—East Goberdanga ...	1
			Ditto IV.—Khanuria ...	1
			Ditto V.—Haiderpur ...	1
Jessore	Jessore	4	Ditto VI.—Gaipur ...	1
			Ward No. I.—Kashba ...	6
			Ditto II.—Purana Kashba and Khorki ...	2
			Ditto III.—Bejpara, Sunkarpur, and Chanchra ...	2
			Ditto IV.—Baramdi and Ghope ...	1
			Ditto V.—Nilgunge, Bagchar, and Murali ...	1
	Kotechandpur	3	Ward No. I.—Salempur ...	2
			Ditto II.—Chandpur ...	3
			Ditto III.—Bara Bamonadah ...	1
	Moheshpur	3	Ward No. I.—Moheshpur ...	5
			Ditto II.—Jalilpur ...	3
			Ditto III.—Hanuidpur ...	2
Khoolna	Satkhira	6	Ward No. I.—Satkhira ...	3
			Ditto II.—Sultanpur ...	1
			Ditto III.—Pranshire ...	1
			Ditto IV.—Katia ...	1
			Ditto V.—Rasulpur and Polaspole ...	1
			Ditto VI.—Kamarnagore, Itegacha and Bankal ...	1
Moorsheadabad	Lalbagh	4	Ward No. I.—Shamnagar ...	3
			Ditto II.—Mohimapur ...	3
			Ditto III.—Monullabazar ...	3
			Ditto IV.—Asanpur ...	3
			Ward No. I.—Kandi ...	2
	Kandi	5	Ditto II.—Jemnah ...	2
			Ditto III.—Bagdanga ...	1
			Ditto IV.—Rassorah ...	1
			Ditto V.—Chatni Kandi ...	1
			Ditto ...	1

**RULES FOR THE ELECTION OF MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS,
UNDER ACT III (B.C.) OF 1884 FOR THE
SUBURBS OF CALCUTTA.**

The 25th October 1884.—The following rules for the election of Municipal Commissioners for the Municipality of the Suburbs of Calcutta have been laid down by the Lieutenant-Governor under section 15 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884.

Of the Number of Commissioners and Wards.

1. The Suburban Municipality shall be divided into six wards, in the following manner:—

Ward No. I, comprising the police thanas of Cossipore, Chitpore and Ooltadanga.

Ward No. II, comprising the thanas of Mannicktollah and Baliaghatta.

Ward No. III, comprising the thanas of Entally and Baniapookur.

Ward No. IV, comprising the thanas of Ballygunge and Tollygunge.

Ward No. V, comprising the thanas of Bhowanipore and Alipore.

Ward No. VI, comprising the thanas of Watgunge, Ekbalpore and Garden Reach.

2. There shall be thirty Municipal Commissioners, of whom ten shall be nominated by Government and twenty elected under these rules to represent the several wards.

3. The twenty elected Commissioners shall be allotted to the several wards in the following manner:—

To Ward No. 1, three Commissioners.

„ No. II, three „

„ No. III, three „

„ No. IV, two „

„ No. V, five „

„ No. VI, four „

Of the Qualification of Voters.

4. Persons otherwise qualified to vote must be males, who have resided within the limits of the municipality for one year previous to the date of the election.

5. Subject to the above rule, all persons who have, during the year immediately preceding the election, paid an aggregate amount of not less than Rs. 3 in respect of any rates imposed by the Act, and who have been duly registered as hereinafter provided, shall be qualified to vote.

6. Subject to the proviso contained in Rule 4, any person who, being a member of a joint undivided family, one of the members of which has, during the year preceding such election, paid, in respect of any of the rates imposed by the Act, an aggregate amount of not less than Rs. 3, is a graduate or licentiate of any University, or holds a certificate as a pleader or mooktear, or holds any office or employment carrying a salary of not less than Rs. 50 per mensem, shall be entitled to vote.

7. Each voter shall be entitled to vote for the ward in which he ordinarily resides, and for no other. Each voter shall have as many votes as there are vacancies, and may give as many of these votes as he pleases to any one or more candidates.

Of the Registration of Voters.

8. For each ward a register shall be prepared by the Municipal Commissioners, in which shall be entered the names of the persons qualified to vote at elections. This register for each ward shall be prepared as soon as possible after the approval of these rules by Government, and hereafter shall be revised annually, and republished on the 1st October in each year.

9. When the registers are ready, copies of them shall be affixed at the principal civil and criminal courts, and at the office of the Commissioners, and so much of them as may refer to each ward shall be affixed at each police-station in that ward, and at such other places as may be deemed by the Chairman to be necessary.

10. Objections to, and claims for, the registration of voters may be made at any time being not less than 18 days before the election. All such objections and claims shall be heard by three Commissioners, to be appointed by the Chairman, who do not stand for election in the ward to which the objections and claims apply. The decision of the majority shall be final.

11. No person shall be qualified to vote unless his name has been entered in the register of voters.

Of the Qualification and the Nomination of Candidates.

12. The Chairman shall, at least 30 days before the date fixed as hereinafter provided for the commencement of the elections, issue notices calling for nominations of candidates.

13. Any person qualified to vote under these rules shall be qualified for nomination as a candidate.

14. Any four persons registered as qualified to vote in any ward may nominate a candidate for election to represent such ward. The nomination shall be made in writing in the form annexed to these rules, and the candidate shall signify on the nomination paper his consent to the nomination. The nomination paper shall be delivered at the Municipal Office not less than ten days before the date fixed for the election.

15. The Chairman shall forthwith ascertain whether the nominators and the candidate respectively are qualified in accordance with these rules. If satisfied in this respect, he shall insert the name of the candidate in a list of candidates for the Commissionership or Commissionerships to be filled up. Such list shall also contain a specification of the qualifications of the candidate, and specifications of the names and qualifications of the persons nominating him.

16. On or before the morning of the ninth day previous to the election, the Chairman shall cause a copy of the list to be affixed at the Municipal Office, and another at each police-station within the ward.

17. Any registered voter may, within 48 hours from the publication of the list at the Municipal Office, object in writing to any such nomination; his objection shall specify the grounds on which it is made, and shall be delivered at the Municipal Office.

18. Such objection shall, within 24 hours, be decided summarily by the Sub-Committee appointed by the Chairman under Rule 10, and the decision, which shall be immediately announced, shall be final.

Of the manner of holding Elections.

19. The election of Commissioners in each ward shall be held on such date (not being less than 30 days after the publication of the registers of voters under Rule 9) as the Chairman, with the sanction of the Local Government, may appoint. This date shall be announced by advertisement in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and in such newspapers as the Chairman may think desirable; also by a notice affixed at the Municipal Office and at each police-station in the ward, and at any other place which may seem to the Chairman to be necessary for the due publication of the notice.

20. Elections shall be held at the following places:—

No. I	Ward	...	...	...	Obitpore police station.
" II	"	...	...	...	Baliaghatta ditto.
" III	"	...	...	...	Entally ditto.
" IV	"	...	...	...	Ballygunge ditto.
" V	"	...	...	...	Municipal Office.
" VI	"	...	...	...	Garden Reach police-station.

21. The Municipal Commissioners shall appoint polling officers and other establishments, and may define their duties so far as they may not be defined by these rules.

22. The allowances of establishments shall be fixed by the Commissioners, and these, as well as all other expenses incurred in conducting the elections, shall be paid from the funds of the municipality.

23. If the number of candidates be not greater than the number of vacancies, the Chairman shall declare the candidate or candidates to be duly elected. If there be any vacancies for which no candidates have appeared, the Chairman shall report the fact for the information of Government.

24. If the number of candidates be greater than the number of vacancies, the Chairman shall issue a public notice (to be affixed at the Municipal Office, at the police-stations, and at as many as possible of the chief public offices, and to be otherwise notified in such manner as may seem to him necessary), declaring the day and hours in which, and the place at which, the election is to be held, and also the names of the candidates.

25. The poll shall commence at 8 A.M. and shall close at 6 P.M.

26. Each candidate may appoint, by a letter to the Chairman, a copy of which shall be delivered by the candidate to each agent to serve as his authority, not more than two agents to be present at the polling place to watch the proceedings on his behalf, and to bring to the notice of the polling officers any instance of false personation or other malpractice which may come to their knowledge as the election proceeds. Such agents shall be bound to obey any directions which the presiding officer shall give them for the purpose of keeping order; and no election shall be invalidated on the ground that the presiding officer has exceeded his powers in this respect.

27. The polling officer shall be provided with a list of the registered voters qualified to vote within the ward.

28. The votes shall be taken by means of voting papers.

29. A voter may either attend at the polling place and record his vote, or he may forward his vote to the polling officer, so that it may reach him before the hour fixed for the close of the poll.

30. Any voter wishing to obtain a voting paper beforehand may apply, not less than five clear days before the day fixed for the election, at the Municipal Office for a voting paper. The application shall be in writing, and shall bear the signature of the voter written with his own hand; it shall specify his address and his number on the register. A voting paper in the form appended to these rules, shall be at once forwarded to the voter by post, or by such other mode of conveyance as may be convenient.

31. The voter having received this voting paper may—

(1) Return it by post, duly filled up, to the Municipal Office, in a closed cover marked "Voting paper—Ward No.—;" or

(2) Present it himself at the polling place within the time fixed for the poll.

32. All voting papers received at the office in accordance with the first clause of the last rule shall be made over unopened to the polling officer to be opened by him publicly at the polling place within the hours fixed for the poll.

33. Should any cover received at the Municipal Office, and not marked as required by Rule 31, be found to contain a voting paper otherwise in order, such paper shall be immediately placed in a cover and sent to the polling officer to be dealt with according to Rule 32.

34. No duplicate voting papers shall be issued, but any voter, to whom a voting paper may have been forwarded under these rules, may nevertheless attend and vote in person at the polling place. In this case the original voting paper shall be considered as cancelled.

35. The voting papers sent out from the office under Rule 30 shall be printed on paper of a different colour from that used for papers to be furnished at the polling place. They shall bear the signature of the Chairman stamped upon them, and shall be numbered consecutively, and duplicates of them similarly numbered shall be kept in counterfoil.

36. Any voter who may present himself at the polling place to vote shall appear before a polling officer, who shall question him as to his name, address,

and number on the register, and after noting these facts in a voting paper (numbered consecutively), and in the counterfoil, shall hand over the voting paper to him.

37. The voter shall, if he can read and write, record his own vote on it, and shall present it to the presiding officer, who shall initial it, and shall enter the vote on the copy of the register made over to him under Rule 27.

38. If the voter be unable to read and write, his vote shall be recorded for him by an officer authorized by the Chairman; the paper shall then be returned to him for presentation to the presiding officer, who shall deal with it as directed in the preceding rule.

39. In all cases in which the voting paper is filled up in a language other than English, the name of the voter and of the person or persons for whom he votes shall be entered in English by an officer authorized by the Chairman.

40. If a voting paper received by post is not in order, the polling officer shall nevertheless receive and record the vote, at the same time recording the objection and separating the voting paper from those papers to which there is no objection.

41. If an objection, on the ground of personation, of non-registry or any other cause, be made to the polling officer in any case, the vote shall nevertheless be noted and separated as above, and the objections shall be recorded.

42. Any agent appointed by a candidate in accordance with Rule 26 may inspect any voting paper. He may, at any time up to the close of the poll, object in writing to the reception of any vote, stating the grounds of his objections, and he shall sign such statement.

43. If in any case the presiding officer shall find that a second voting paper is presented, purporting to be on account of a person whose vote has been already recorded, he shall proceed in the same manner as in the case mentioned in Rule 41.

44. At the close of the poll, the presiding officer shall transmit to the Chairman all objections, together with all the records relating to them. The Chairman, or, if he be prevented from attending, a Sub-Committee of Commissioners appointed by him, shall proceed on the next following day, not being a Sunday or holiday, to hear and determine such objections, and the decision shall be final.

45. At the close of the poll, the polling officer shall forward to the Chairman all the voting papers, arranged according to their consecutive numbers, in a packet duly sealed and secured.

46. As soon as may be after the decision of objections has been concluded, the Chairman shall publish, in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and at the Municipal Office, the names of the person or persons in whose behalf votes have been recorded, and the number of votes given for each of them; and the candidates for whom the greatest number of votes shall have been given shall be declared to have been duly elected.

47. If the same person be a candidate for election in more than one ward, on his election for one ward he shall cease to be eligible in any other ward.

48. In case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall give a casting vote.

49. No election shall be invalidated on a point of form, provided that these rules have been substantially obeyed.

50. No election shall be invalidated on account of any irregularity whatever, unless it shall appear that that irregularity was such as materially to affect the result of the election.

51. No person in the employment or pay of the Municipality shall, directly or indirectly, engage in canvassing for votes, or otherwise assist in the election of any candidate, otherwise than by giving his own vote. Any breach of this rule will render the offender liable to dismissal.

COLMAN MACAULAY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

English and Vernacular]
(Rule 8.)

Register of Voters.

(Part I.)

Ward No.

Serial number.	Name.	Residence.	Tax on persons. Section 85 (a).	Tax on holdings. Section 85 (b).	Horse and carriage licenses. Section 86 (a).	Water-rate. Section 86 (d).	Lighting rate. Section 86 (e).	Latrine rate. Section 86 (f).	Total paid during last year.	REMARKS.

Prepared by

Checked and examined by

} Municipal Commissioners.
Superintendent.

Chairman or Vice-Chairman.

English and Vernacular.]
(Rule 8.)

Register of Voters.

(Part II.)

Ward No.

Serial number.	Name.	Residence.	Serial number in Part I in which the principal voter is registered.	Nature of special qualification under Rule 6.	REMARKS.

Prepared by

Checked and examined by

} Municipal Commissioners.
Superintendent.

Chairman or Vice-Chairman.

RULE 14.

Nomination Paper.

WE, the undersigned registered voters of Ward No. , hereby nominate
, resident of , in Ward No. ,
who is registered as qualified to vote
as a candidate for election to be a Commissioner for the said Ward.

(Signatures) 1. registered as No. in the register of voters,
2. ditto „ ditto.
3. ditto „ ditto.
4. ditto „ ditto.

I , resident of , in Ward No.
hereby consent to the above nomination.

(Signature) Registered as No. in the register of candidates.

Dated

Presented at the Municipal Office at

on the

Chairman or Vice-Chairman.

RULE 15.

*List of Candidates proposed for Election as Municipal Commissioners for Ward No.
the election to be held at on the*

Name of candidate.	Address of candi- date.	Qualifications of candidate.	Names of nominators.	Address of nominators.	Number of nomina in register of vot
			1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4

Dated

Chairman or Vice-Chairman.

English and Vernacular.]

Notice under Election Rule 24.

NOTICE is hereby given that Municipal Commissioners
for Ward No. of the Suburbs of Calcutta will be elected at
on the between the hours of
8 A.M. and 6 P.M.

List of Candidates.

	NAME.	Address.
1 2 3 4		

N. B.—The following rules are published for general information :—

RULE 29.—A voter may either attend at the polling place and record his vote,
or he may forward his vote to the polling officer, so that it may
reach him before the hour fixed for the close of the poll.

RULE 30.—Any voter wishing to obtain a voting paper beforehand may apply,
not less than five clear days before the day fixed for the
election, at the Municipal Office for a voting paper. The
application shall be in writing, and shall bear the signature
of the voter written with his own hand. It shall specify his
address and his number on the register. A voting paper, in the
form appended to these rules, shall be at once forwarded to
the voter by post, or by such other mode of conveyance as may
be convenient.

RULE 31.—The voter, having received this voting paper, may—

- (1) return it by post, duly filled up, to the Municipal Office, in a
closed cover marked "Voting paper—Ward No. ";
or
- (2) present it himself at the polling place within the time fixed for the
poll.

Date

Chairman.

COUNTERFOIL No.

Election for Ward No.

to be held at

on the

Name of Elector

Number in the Register

Residence

Date of despatch of voting paper

Mode of despatch

VOTING PAPER No.

Election for Ward No.

to be

at

on the

between 8 A.M. & 6 P.M.

[RULE 30.]

Instructions 1.—The elector has

votes, which he may divide among the

candidates as he pleases, or he may give all to one candidate.

2.—The elector must write his own signature on the paper.

3.—After having filled it up, he may—

(1) return it by post, addressed to the Chairman, in a closed

cover marked "Voting paper, Ward No.," in time on

the day before that fixed for the poll; or

(2) present it himself at the polling place within the hours fixed

for the poll.

4.—If this voting paper be lost, no duplicate will be issued, but the

elector may attend at the polling place and vote in the ordinary

way; in that case this voting paper will be cancelled.

Name of Elector

Residence of Elector

Number on the Register

I give

votes for

Initial of Polling Officer.

Signature of Elector.

Date

Date

Superintendent.

Head clerk.

COUNTERFOIL No.

Election for Ward No.

Held at

On the

Name of Elector

Number in Register

Residence

VOTING PAPER.

(to be used at the polling place)

No.

[Rule 30]

Election for Ward No.

to be held at

on the

between 8 A.M. and 6 P.M.

Name of Elector.

Number in the Register.

Address.

Instructions.—1.—An elector, who is able to read and write, should record his vote

with his own hand.

2.—The elector has

votes, which he may divide among the can-

didates as he pleases, or he may give all to one candidate.

I give

votes to

Signature of Elector.

Signature of authorized Officer under Rule 39.

Initials of Polling Officer.

Objected to by

DATE OF ELECTION OF COMMISSIONERS FOR THE MUNICIPALITY OF THE SUBURBS OF CALCUTTA.

The 26th October 1884.—In modification of the notification dated the 30th September 1884, published at page 1015, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 1st October 1884, it is hereby notified, for general information, that the election of Commissioners, under Act III (B.C.) of 1884 for the Municipality of the Suburbs of Calcutta, will be held on the seventeenth day of December next.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
 Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

SUPPLEMENTARY STATEMENT SHOWING THE DIVISION OF MUNICIPALITIES INTO WARDS, AND THE NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED FOR EACH WARD UNDER RULES FOR THE ELECTION OF COMMISSIONERS UNDER ACT III (B.C.) OF 1884.

Darjeeling, the 19th October 1884.

IN continuation of the notification dated the 13th October 1884, published at pages 1763 to 1773 of the Supplement to the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 15th idem, the following statement showing the number and extent of the wards into which the municipalities mentioned will be divided for the purposes of the election of Commissioners under section 14 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and the number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward, is published for general information, in accordance with the provisions of section 15 of the Act:—

BURDWAN DIVISION.

(DISTRICT.)	Name of municipality.	Number of wards.	Names, boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Burdwan	Dainhat	3	<p>Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by Dainhat and Bhowsing chur lands; on the south by Paikpara, Nashipara, and Madhobpore; on the east by Kutipara; and on the west by Dainhat sudder road</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by Dainhat and Pataihat chur lands; on the south by Gope Khanji; on the east by Dainhat sudder road; and on the west by Dewangange sudder road and Bijoy nagore road</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by Pataihat chur lands; on the south by Gopi Khanje and Kajirpara; on the east by Dewanganj sudder road and Bijoy nagore road; and on the west by Bera</p>	3 3 2
Ditto	Culna	3	<p>Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by the khal that passes eastwards from the Labhunge Bheel by the north of the Indigo factory, and the khal that passes from the Kadar Bheel to the Bhagirathee river, and the Bhagirathee river; on the east by the Ferry Ghat road, Mission School road, and the lane that passes by the east side of Culna Rajbaree; on the south by the road that passes by the south of the Culna Rajbaree, Baboor Bagan road, Garoredanga road, Municipal Office road, Dangapara road, the last portion of the Lakshanpara road and Kutcherry road; and on the west by the Panduah road</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by part of Lakshanpara road, Dangapara road, Municipal Office road, Garoredanga road, Baboor Bagan road, the lane that passes by the south of the Culna Rajbaree, part of Mission School road, Ferry Ghat road, and the Bhagirathee river; on the east by the Bhagirathee river, the burial-ground, the road that passes by the east of the Mission House and by the west of Dood Bibi's tank, and that portion of the road called Muglis Shahib's Dighi road, passing southward from its junction with the above-mentioned road; on the south by a line drawn between the southern boundaries of the Muglis Shahib's Dighi, Mollahpara, Ayma Lakshanpara, Jhowsara, Barnipara, and the northern boundaries of Arrah Shahpore and the Jheadhara cornfields; and on the west by Panduah road up to the junction of the Lakshanpara road</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by the Kutcherry road; on the east by the Panduah road; on the south by a line drawn between the southern boundaries of Modhuban, Amlapukur, Boromitrapara, and the northern boundaries of Sarbomanpala, Rameswarapore, Koldanga, Dhormadanga, Mirpore, Rangpara, and Putty Khojhat; and on the west by Puranahat, the lane which passes southwards by the west of the residence of the sub-divisional office and the villages of Jalbona and Goara</p>	4 3 3
Ditto	Cutwa	3	<p>Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north and west by the Ajoy river; on the south by the station road; and on the east by the Bhagirathee river</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the station road; on the south by Dewanganj road; on the east by the Bhagirathee river; and on the west by Nishantola and Chashapara roads</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north and south by Dewanganj road; on the east by Chashapara and Nishantola roads; and on the west by the Ajoy river</p>	3 3 2

BURDWAN DIVISION—concluded.

DISTRICT.	Name of municipality.	Number of wards.	Names, boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
...wan	...Raneegunge	2	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by the villages of Searsole, Rani, and Paresganj; on the east by the Mangalpur, West Bazar, Feeder and Bankoora roads; on the south by the villages of Sahebganj and Egarah; and on the west by the villages of Egarah and Searsole	5
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the village of Paresganj; on the east by the villages of Napur and Bulloppur; on the south by the Bankoora and Feeder roads; and on the west by the West Bazar and Mangalpur roads	3
Beerbhoom	Sooree	7	Ward No. I.—West Khottabazar and West Sonatore	2
			Ward No. II.—East Khottabazar and East Sonatore	2
			Ward No. III.—Chandney	1
			Ward No. IV.—Domeparah	2
			Ward No. V.—Barinparah	2
			Ward No. VI.—Sehera, Saddi, and Nurai	1
			Ward No. VII.—Anudpur, including Dangalpara and Purana line	1

PATNA DIVISION.

Patna	Patna	6	Ward No. I.—Malsalami	3
			Ward No. II.—Chak Kalan	3
			Ward No. III.—Khaja Kalan	4
			Ward No. IV.—Alumgunge	3
			Ward No. V.—Peerbapore	3
			Ward No. VI.—Bankipore	4
Ditto	Behar	4	Ward No. I.—Morarpur	2
			Ward No. II.—Chauk Handi	2
			Ward No. III.—Seris	2
			Ward No. IV.—Soh	2
Ditto	Barh	4	Ward No. I.—Selempur	2
			Ward No. II.—Walipur	2
			Ward No. III.—Talibpur	1
			Ward No. IV.—Chondhi	1
Shahabad	Arrah	4	Ward No. I.—Dean's Tank consisting of Mohullahs Mohajan Toli	3
			No. II, Bagh Mansha Pande, Majhowa, Gonsgunge, Balbatra, Singhi Khoord, Singhi Kalan	3
			Ward No. II.—Courthouse consisting of Mohullahs Mohajan Toli, Mohodewa, Babubazar, Nowadah, Kurmuntola, Pakri, Moula Bagh, Chandwa, Dolputpur	3
			Ward No. III.—Market consisting of Mohullahs Chowk Musjid, Sitalgunge, Sivgunge, Anaceth, Sreetola, Bahiro, Ahmudnugger	3
			Ward No. IV.—Aboorpool consisting of Mohullahs Aboorpool, Rowzah, Nazirgunge, Moti Tola, Ahirpoorwa, Ibrahimnagar, Raghu Tola, Dhamipra, Mahomed, Zomanugger, Dhurahira, Chhajungunge, Bhalohipoor, Meera Chuck, Begumpore, Sheikserai, Baradoaria, Bhekha Chuck	3
Ditto	Baxar	3	Ward No. I.—Chowk consisting of Mohullahs Bari Tola, Durzi Tola, Turaha Toli, Mohulla Line, Amla Toli, Gora Barick, Kotwali, Chobutra, Thatehri Bazar, Chowk and Gola Bazar	3
			Ward No. II.—Serai consisting of mohullahs Serai, Mollah Toli, Dusadh Toli, Kasai Toli, Khalasi Mohullah, Sehniputti, Ahirpurwa and Sarmapur	3
			Ward No. III.—Naibazar, consisting of Mohullahs Koerpurwa, Najji Bazar, Gudhadhurganj, Railway Station and Charitar Ban	2
Ditto	Doomraon	2	Ward No. I.—Chowk Bazar, consisting of Mohullahs Lalgunge thanna, Langtoo Mohadeo, Thatehri Bazar, Tewari Toli and Gowad Toli	3
			Ward No. II.—Rajeshwarjee, consisting of Mohullahs Lalatoli, Lohar Toli, Machurhatta, Purani Bazar, Sahidmurd, Taribazar and Choturshalgunge	3
Ditto	Sasseram	6	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Serai Korun, Serai Dukhit, Korun Serai, Shaiburut, Shaikpura, Kobergunge Mandai, and Keshwar Khan	3
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Chowk Handi, Khilanganj, Nuranganj, Zakishahid, Sulaimangunj and East Serai	3
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Shahbaganj, Alumganj, Daleganj, Kela, and Madardarwaza	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Mobarukgunge, Kalinbat Tola, Bazar Jani, Saifullagunge and Kazipura	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Lukhnou Serai, Paithan Toli, Bharthigunge, Mochi Toli and Laskarigunge	2
			Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Kotha Toli, Sonar Toli, Mohajun Toli, Sherganj and Chumar Taoky	2

PATNA DIVISION—concluded.

DISTRICT.	Name of municipality.	Number of wards.	Names, boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Patna ...	Jugdishpore ...	5	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Toorha Toli, Panda Toli, Koiri Toli, and Ojhabazar ...	1
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Macherhatta, Misirtoli, Mohunt's Mohulla, Bhatka Imli, Mochitola, Chamartoli (west) and Khakuta ...	1
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Parohittola, Akhowry, Bissuntoli, Balapur, Soothati, Thanna and Poorana Tola ...	1
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Sudder Bazar, Chowk and Dosadh Tola ...	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Sudder Bazar (east), Padaruth Pandey's Gallee, Jagas Peepul, Chero Toli, Pathan Toli and Chamar Toli (east) ...	1
Ditto ...	Bhubooah ...	2	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north and east by cultivated lands of mouza Bhabooah; on the south by the Kukurnali river, and on the west by the chowk road ...	3
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the cultivated lands of mouza Bhabooah; on the west by the Bhagwanpur road; on the south by the Kukurnali river, and on the east by the chowk road ...	3
Mozufferpore ...	Mozufferpore ...	6	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Barhampura and Marripore ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Sarayaganj, Sekanderpore and Nazirpore ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Sadpura, Mahomedpore, Kazi Gunipore, Kajipore, Noorullapore, and Mithenpura ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Kalyani, Akhara Ghat, and Poorani Bazar ...	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullah Chandmara ...	2
			Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Nauhauliganj, Kanhauli, Bishoon Dutt and Kanhauli Duh ...	2
Chumparun ...	Motihari ...	Nil	Nil ...	8*

* Municipalities in which the Commissioners will not be elected for wards, but for the whole town.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE DIVISION OF MUNICIPALITIES INTO WARDS, AND THE NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED FOR EACH WARD UNDER RULES FOR THE ELECTION OF COMMISSIONERS UNDER ACT III (B.C.) OF 1884.

Darjeeling, the 13th October 1884.

UNDER the provisions of section 15, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the following statement showing the number and extent of the wards into which the municipalities mentioned will be divided for the purposes of the election of Commissioners under section 14, and the number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward, is published for general information:—

BURDWAN DIVISION.

DISTRICT.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Burdwan	Burdwan	5	<p>Ward I.—Mohullahs Khanpookhur, Soski, Naree, Sodepore, Sadhonpore, Doobraj, Bajiprotappore, Rasikpur, Bohilapara, Ranigunge, Naskar Dighi, Radhanogore, Protappore, Moorut Mohulla, Beerhatta, Kalibazar, Ichlabad, Hafeezollahber, Nowabdostkaim, Gooroodasipahar, and Bahir-arbomongola ...</p> <p>Ward II.—Mohullahs Khurarpahar, Baboorbag, Khagragoria, Hajipota, Beheratola, Mithapukur, Bhobanithakur, Chowkehandni, Shambazar, Mourmohulla, Peerbahram, Sachaton Gorasahid, Mogultali, Ahirmohul, Pooratun Chowk, Mohajuntali, Borobazar, Moradpore, Paikmarapara, Telmarui, Ticcappara, and Dhobapara ...</p> <p>Ward III.—Mohullahs Kristosagore, Kazirhat, Goda, Koorapota, Paharpur, Lacoordi, Bhooboneswar, Hazidanga, Kajirbar, Kamalnagore, Kishubgunge, Ticcouchat, Rajgunj, Dhokrasahid, Kotahat, Borehat, Chalopoti, Chalamola, Radhagunj, Delpoti Pogiamohol, Dangapara, Atamohol, and Dhobapara ...</p> <p>Ward IV.—Mohullahs Torim Mohulla, Alungunj, Kastoghora, Roghonathpore, Maibag, Oligunj, Tijgunge, Bowripara, Gowlabatan, Poorapara, Rampore, Poddarpore, Kamarmahal, Kasarimohul, Tantimohul, Moodimohul, Pathooriamohul, Mirzapur, Belpokur, Paschimpara, Goriahata, Labongola, Telipara, Shankaripara, Tamoolipara, Khorgeswar, and Edilpore ..</p> <p>Ward V.—Mohullahs Niskini Bazar, Parburhata, Sharkeripookur, Dhamrai, Golahat, Bhatchala, Bongpore, Bora Baldanga, Mearber Juggutber, Khojjeanwarber, Chotonilpore, Boronilpore, Chotobaldanga, Kanninatshal, Boro Benapara, Choto Benapara, Ichlabazar, and Sealdanga ...</p>	<p>3</p> <p>3</p> <p>3</p> <p>3</p> <p>3</p>
Bankoora	Bankoora	6	<p>Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Kotowali, Hoosnabadi and Rajgunge ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Kaji, Rokhit, Hattolla and Bhokat ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Lohar, Lal Bazar, Ghattack and Tanti ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Poddar, Audhorjee, Rampore, Joga and Nutanchati ...</p> <p>Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Gopinathpore, Patpore, Kankata, Kinduadehe and Lokepore ...</p> <p>Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Serampore, Ilambazar, Bagchala, Shimooldanga, Mondirgora and Nij Rajgram ...</p>	<p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>2</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>
Ditto	Bishenpore	4	<p>Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by the limits of survey mouzahs Kalaberiah and Garerban; on the east by the limits of survey mouzahs Anundapur, Harapurhat, Patpore, Shyamsunderpore and Memurkhali; on the south by the limits of survey mouzahs Banachabra; and on the west by paddy-field, Kadakuli, Marnibazar, Hazrapara, Pakaband, Nilkuti, Kathurarbagan, and Thacoorpora jungle ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the limits of survey mouzahs Shyamsunderpore, Akhundabari, Paddarbari and Mothura Mohal; on the east by paddy-field, Gosainpara, Sankaribazar and Gurdaraja; on the south by Jamunaband and mohullahs Gwalapara, Bakultola, Bahadoorgunge and Pakaband tank; and on the west by the limits of the survey mouzahs Kustara and Churamonipore. ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by the paddy-fields of Gopalpore, mohullahs Roghunathshire, Bisvaspara and Kadakuli; on the east by Shayam Roy's Bazar and Hazrapara; on the south by Jamunaband, Krishnagunge and Gopalgunge; and on the west by Tespal ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by Gwalapara, Aishbazar and Shayam Roy's Bazar; on the east by Shunkuttolla, Rashtolla, Patshayer and Thacoorpora jungle; on the south by the limits of survey mouzahs Turkishitarainpore and Benachabra; and on the west by the limits of the survey mouzahs Jamunaband Agal ...</p>	<p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>2</p>

BURDWAN DIVISION—continued.

DISTRICT.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Midnapore	Midnapore	6	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Kooikota, Toriahparah, Habilipore, Sepoy-bazar, and Khaporelbazar	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Kotibazar, Coloneigolah, Mirbazar, Oligunge, Keranitola, and the Cantonment	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Boro Bazar, Shib Bazar, Manickpore, Bar Manickpore, and Chotobazar	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Nazergunge, Matabpore, Patnabazar, Boxibazar, Mirzabazar, and Miabazar	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Paharipore, Notoonbazar, Ballabhore, Ber Ballabhore, and Pathorghatta	2
			Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Soojagunj, Sangatbazar, Sabharang, and Bibigunge	2
Ditto	Tumlook	Nil	Nil	2
Ditto	Ghattal	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Konnagore, and Kusupota	8*
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Krisnagore, Alamgunge, Argorah, Lukchandrapore, and Rughoonathpore	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Nischintapore, Gurprotapnagore, Srirampore, Sadambati, Joynagore, Basudebpore, Bar Panchanando, and Panchghora	3
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Gambhirnagore, Khar Gambhirnagore, Chauli, Ramchandrapore, Kismut Ramchandrapore, and Singpore	3
Ditto	Khirpai	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Malpara, Manikpore, Jogatpore and Munibazar	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Hatagunge, Mohutabgunge, Sivbazar, Khoalgunge, and Bawaria	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Anandapore, Syamelgunge, Malidanga, Telibazar, and Gangadhorpore	1
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Daya Nayabazar, Maynagria, Gokulgunge, Babupore, and Kosigrija	2
Ditto	Chundorkona	6	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Govindpore, Boishnarbir, Patharbir, Somaspore, Lochhipore, Bagsharpore, Golokdhampore, Gosainbir, Nischindipore, and Alampore	1
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Metrasenpore, Gokulnagore, Amdogra, Ramnagore, Narharipore, Nayagunge, Radhakrishnapore, Syamnagore, and Ajodhya	1
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Roghoonathpore, Khirpibazar, Dakhinbazar, Pooreosuttampore, Gharmanar, Madhubpore, Gazepore, and Shamsunderpore	1
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Barharbir, Mallesoarpore, Bhaeribazar, Begumbari, Soodibazar, Gosainbazar, Ilambazar, and Boro-bazar	1
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Bora, Ratunhat, Gopalpore, Gopinathpore, Motarifa, Mundoomala, Chosi Mohal, Nilapat, Lalbazar, and Bansdaha	2
			Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Kowargunge, Joyantipore, Ramgunge, Manpore, Dalmadal, Rasek Anandapore, and Kalyangunge	2
Ditto	Ramjibunpore	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Brindabunpore Bazar and Rameswarmpore	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Baburampore, Sonabazar, Gokulbazar, and Dayalbazar	1
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Nayabazar, Horibungsiapore, Krishnanagore, Monohurpore, and Pandua	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Bonpore, Depur, Amdan, Sirbazar, and Gobindpore	2
Hooghly	Hooghly and Chinsurah.	6	Ward No. I.—Shahagunge Ward.—Mohullahs Meerkala, Wajidnagore, Gurrib Alum's Bag, Shahgunge, Mulbi Jomtree's Bag, Chath Tacoora's Bag, Keota, Chuck Armani, Shamsunderpore, Ballaguri, Bali Road, Kajudinagur, Tewaripara and Poolmalpara	1
			Ward No. II.—Hooghly Ward.—Part of Bally Road and Mohullahs Burrallpara, Raybazar, Allipore, Katgorah, Kapasdanga, Sonatully, Barabazar, Mohehtolla, Emambazar, Aimah, and Tanti-para	2
			Ward No. III.—Baboogunge Ward.—Mohullahs Bhootiabazar, Tamlipara, Narayan Roy's Berh, Baboogunge, Protappore, Joraghat, Soojungulla, Kadamtalla, Charghatta, Goaltooley, and Koolochunda	2
			Ward No. IV.—Chinsurah Ward.—Mohullahs Barrabazar, Crooked Gully, Mogultully, Armanitolla, Hossein Gully, Rajbatty, Town-guard, Khoroobazar, Mereberh, Khankorajole, Bouri-gully, Cassimpore, Chottrgully, Mullickgully, and Dharampore	2
			Ward No. V.—Kamarpara Ward.—Mohullahs Cantonment, Chammatta, Fatuagully, Balaram Gully, Banerjee Gully, Roy's Berh, Sundeswurtolla, Choube Gully, Thacoora Gully, Kamarpara, Parbutty Gully, Dutta Gully, De Gully, Panchcorra Gully, Moochee Gully, Talafuttuck, Mookerjee Gully, Kamar Gully, and Madhabi Gully	2

* Municipalities in which the Commissioners will not be elected for wards, but for the whole town.

BURDWAN DIVISION—continued.

DISTRICT.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Hooghly—contd.	Hooghly and Chinsurah.		Ward No. VI.—Chandernagore Ward.—Mohullahs Kankseali, Koondoe Gully, Kazi Gully, Kristo Gully, Kristo Bose's, Kolerbagan, Khosha Gully, Khirki Gully, Goopta Gully, Gurbatti, Gurgori-para, Ghose Gully, Chandernagore, Chattopadhyaya Gully, Tentoo Gully, Taldanga, Das Gully, Pal Gully, Bagdi Gully, Bhooloo Gully, Major Basta, Moochi Gully, Matiafuttuck, Roy's Bagan, Sham Gully, Shibtolla, Sastitolla, Shiboo Gully, Sing Gully, Senpara, and Haladhar Gully	2
Ditto	Serampore	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullah Serampore	4
			Ward No. II.—Mohullah Chatra	3
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Mohesh and Rishrah	3
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullah Konnagar	3
Ditto	Utterpara	4	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by the Bhadrakali; on the south by the Female School Street as far as the river Hooghly, southern portion of Mookerjee Street and Kalipore Road; on the east by the river Hooghly; and on the west by the East India Railway	2
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the Female School Street as far as the river Hooghly, southern portion of Mookerjee Street and Kalipore Road; on the south by Banerjee Street as far as the river Hooghly, northern portion of Bama Churn Banerjee Street, Talpooker Street including the footpath on the east bank of Talpooker from Talpooker Street to Nobin Kobiraje's Lane, western portion of Nobin Kobiraje's Lane, and an imaginary straight line drawn in continuation of Nobin Kobiraje's Lane due west as far as East India Railway; on the east by river Hooghly; and on the west by the East India Railway	2
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by Banerjee Street as far as the river Hooghly, northern portion of Bama Churn Banerjee's Street, Talpooker including the footpath on the east bank of Talpooker from Talpooker Street to Nobin Kobiraje's Lane, western portion of Nobin Kobiraje's Lane and an imaginary straight line drawn in continuation of Nobin Kobiraje's Lane due west as far as the East India Railway; on the south by the Mondul Street as far as the river Hooghly, southern portion of Chowkighatta Street, and Bally Khal; on the east by the river Hooghly; and on the west by the East India Railway	2
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by Mondul Street as far as the river Hooghly, southern portion of Chowkighatta Street and Bally Khal; on the south by the Bally Khal; on the east by the river Hooghly; and on the west by the Bally Khal and southern portion of Chowkighatta Street	2
Ditto	Bansberia	4	Ward No. I.—Mirer Hat and Kamarpara. Bounded on the north by Bansberia; on the east by the river; on the west by Teghoria, Boro Kheguria, Mia Danga and paddy fields; and on the south by the Hooghly Municipality	1
			Ward No. II.—Bansberia excluding its portion from Sreepore. Bounded on the north by Shreepore Sharak; on the east by the river; on the west by Karimdunga Chack, Bansberia and Bosepara; and on the south by Khamarpara	1
			Ward No. III.—Remaining part of Bansberia, Shibpore and Shahpore. Bounded on the north by Saraswati Khal; on the east by river Hooghly; on the west by Sunkonagore; and on the south by Bansberia Bonick Shark	2
			Ward No. IV.—The portion of the town on the other side of the Saraswati Khal. Bounded on the north by Banipore and Bandapara; on the east by the river; on the west by Mugra Union, Guj Ghunta and Alikhoja; and on the south by Saraswati Khal	2
Ditto	Boidyabatty	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Chatra and Novagram	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Seoraphulli and Devgunge	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Baidypore and Dirhango	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Sankerpore chak and Jungipara	2
Ditto	Bhuddessur	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Bhuddessur and Poranbatty	3
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Gyazetty, Champdani, Khorta Danga, and Beldartuli	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Paikpara, Rairpatti and Telinipara	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Kristopati, Palpara and Mancoonda	1
Ditto	Kotrung	2	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Kotrung and Dharsa	3
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Bhaddrakally and Beer Bhaddrakally	3
Howrah	Bali	3	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by the Bally Khal; on the east by the Hooghly river; on the south by Gossainpara Lane and a line crossing the Grand Trunk Road and Pathak Ghat Lane; and on the west by the East India Railway Company's lines	4

BURDWAN DIVISION—concluded.

DISTRICT.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Howrah—contd.	Bali	...	Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by Gossainpara Lane and a line crossing the Grand Trunk Road and the Pathak Ghat Lane; on the east by the Hooghly river; on the west by the East India Railway Company's line, and on the south by Kamarpara Ghat Lane and Pal Bagan Lane	4
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by Kamarpara Ghat Lane and Pal Bagan Lane; on the east by the Hooghly river; on the west by the East India Railway Company's line; and on the south by the southern limit of the municipality	4

RAJSHAHYE DIVISION.

Dinagopore	Dinagopore	5	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by Basoniaputti Road; on the south by Hospital Road; on the west by Jail Garden Road; and on the east by Ghagra	
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by Rumnagor Road; on the south by Basoniaputti Road and river Kanchi; on the west by the road from Khan Saheb's house to Rumnagor; and on the east by Matasagor	3
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by the Kanchi river; on the south by the Cemetery; on the east by the Minagor Road; and on the west by Ghagra	1
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by Hospital Road; on the south by Ghagra; on the west by the river Purnabhoba; and on the east by Ghagra	2
			Ward No. V.—Bounded on the north by Rumnagor Ghat; on the south by the road south of Modan Kamar's house; on the west by the river Purnabhoba; and on the east by the Jail Garden Road and on the road from Khan Saheb's house to Rumnagor	1
Rajahahye	Rampore Beaulah.	7	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Talaimari, Raninagor, Baja Kajlah, Ramchandrapore, Segarpara, Shikherchak, Rampore Bazar and Bagichapara	4
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Ghoramarah, Kamarpara, Foodkipara, Sahibgunge and Shalib Bazar	3
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Ganuckpara, Meaparah, Khansamor Chak and Maloparah	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Kadirgunge, Hetamkhan, Shobjiparah, Ranibazar, Beldarpara, Bhullobgunge and Beaulah	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Sherasharpara, Dingapara, Hushingunge, Seikhpura and Jotemohesh	1
			Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Sreerampore, Kajihatta, and Sepoypara	1
			Ward No. VII.—Mohullahs Hurgram, Bathiparah, Lukhipore, Bhutaparah, Ballenpore No. I, Ballenpore No. II, Rajparah, Moheshbathan, Kaluparah, Keshubpore, Goalparah, Nowabgunge, Benode Gharumisparah, Raiparah, and Kalitollah	1
Ditto	Nattore	12	Ward No. I.—Nattore Civil Station with Nishanbazar to Kapooriaputti Trimohini	1
			Ward No. II.—Kapooriaputti Trimohini, Moyadaputti, Sukalputi and Garikhana	1
			Ward No. III.—Upper Bazar	1
			Ward No. IV.—Lalbag, Lalbazar to Kapooriaputti Trimohini	1
			Ward No. V.—Chowkripahar south, including Chota Taraf	1
			Ward No. VI.—Chowkripahar west, Kantalbariya and Bara Taraf	1
			Ward No. VII.—Alaipur	1
			Ward No. VIII.—South Bargatcha and Mirparah	1
			Ward No. IX.—North Bargatcha to Railway Station	1
			Ward No. X.—Mallikhatti	1
			Ward No. XI.—Kaniakhalli to river Narud, Kalitollah and Sukul's tank	1
			Ward No. XII.—Kandi Bhetna	1
Ditto	Rungpore	2	Ward No. I.—Rungpore, containing the two wards Nababgunge and Dhap	7
			Ward No. II.—Maneegunge	6
Bogra	Bogra	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Shilbati, Katuar, Suriparah, Teliparah, Mirparah and Khatriparah	3
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Bazar Kathail, Bazar Kemdagaram, Chukzada, Dhobaparah, Loakalota, Satrapur, Moonshipara, and Teliparah	5
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Sutrapur, Mattinagar, Chuck Malgas, and Thantania	3
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Chelopara, Naroli and Chuck Naroli	2

RAJSHAHYE DIVISION—concluded.

DISTRICT.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
logra—contd.	Sherepore ...	3	Ward No. I. - Bounded on the north, east and west by the municipal limits, and on the south by the Punyatala and the Munshēbaree Roads ...	3
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the Punyatala and the Munshēbaree Roads; on the south by the Tantiparah and the Kochurghat Roads; and on the east and west by the municipal limits ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by the Tantiparah and the Kochurghat roads; and on the east, west and south by the municipal limits ...	.
abna	Pubna ...	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Parbuttygunge, Gopalpur, and the portion of Dilalpur, bounded on the south by Tarini Baboo's Road; on the north by Parbuttygunge; on the west by the Ichamati river; and on the east by Jackson's Road ...	5
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Shibrapur, Raghabpur, and the remaining portion of Dilalpur ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullah Salgaria ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Ramchandrapur, Atua, Sadhuparah, Puranakuti, Krishtopur, Govinda, Pollanpur, Radhamagar, and Narainpur ...	3
Do.	Serajgunge ...	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Goila, Dhanbandi and Garka ...	5
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Putiabaree, Rohabaree, Moipur, Malsapara and Pakuria ...	2
			Ward No. III.—The portion of the town lying south of the Pangasi Road and west of the Dhanbandi river ...	3
			Ward No. IV.—The portion of the town lying north of the Pangasi Road and west of the Dhanbandi river ...	2
arjeeling	Kurseong ...	Nil.	Nil.	8*

DACCA DIVISION.

acca	Dacca ...	7	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by Roy Shaheb's Bazar, Jallah and the Narandia Khal; on the east by the Postogola Road and the land east of Sabek Sarafatgunge; on the south by the Booriganga; and on the west by the road from the Bangla Bazar Ghat to Nowabpore bridge <i>via</i> Dig Bazar Road and road south and west of the Racquet Court ...	3
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by Roy Shaheb's Bazar, Jallah and the Naya Sarak; on the south by the Booriganga; on the east by Block No. 1; and on the west by the Babu Bazar Khal ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by the land north of the old cantonment; on the south by the Roy Shaheb's Bazar and the Narandia Khal; on the east by the Jallah and the Dobi Khal; and on the west by the Nowabpore Road up to the Mugh Bazar Road crossing <i>via</i> road south of Phoenix Park ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by the northern boundary of the Rumna or race-course ground; on the south by Blocks Nos. II and V; on the east by Block No. III; and on the west by the Dewan Bazar Road and the road west of the race-course ground or Rumna ...	2
			Ward No. V.—Bounded on the north by Block No. IV; on the south by the Booriganga; on the east by Blocks Nos. II and V; on the west by the road east of the Central Jail, the Chowk, and the Bara Katara Lane ...	2
			Ward No. VI.—Bounded on the north by Shahbagh (Shahbagh being included) and lands adjoining it; on the south by the river Booriganga; on the east by Blocks Nos. V and IV; and on the west by the Lalbag Road and the roads west of Dhakeswari and the Shahbagh ...	1
			Ward No. VII.—Bounded on the north by the village of Brahman-toolee, the jungle of Maneswar, the pilkhana, and the jungle north of Azimpura road; on the east by Block No. VI; on the west by Shikaritolah Khal; and on the south by the river and the chur ...	2
Ditto	Naraingunge ...	3	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Sitalakhya, Naluya, Nitaigunge, Tantipara, Patnipara, and Sutarpara ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Kutipara, Nyamati, Tanti Bazar, Uttar Taw Bazar, Galachipa, Palpara, Chusara, Khanpur, Mokorba, Hazigunge, Roshanbag, and Bahurail ...	3
			Ward III.—Mohullahs Madangunge, Sonakanda, Bandar, Ekram-pore, and Nabigunge ...	3

* Municipalities in which the Commissioners will not be elected for wards, but for the whole town.

DACCA DIVISION—continued.

DISTRICT.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Furreedpore ...	Furreedpore ...	5	<p>Ward No. I.—Bounded on the east by the middle of the road running west of the police-station, and a line straight with that road produced north and south to meet the north and south boundaries of the municipality; on the south-west and north by the boundaries of the municipality ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Bounded on the east by the middle of the road running east of the reservoir known as the "Jala" till it meets the Avenue Road; thence by a line drawn due north to boundary of the municipality; on the west by the eastern boundary of ward No. 1; on the south and north by the boundaries of the municipality ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Bounded on the east by a line drawn due south from the north-east corner of the District Engineer's compound; on the north by the middle of the Avenue Road; on the south by the boundary of the municipality; and on the west by the eastern boundary of ward No. II ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the east and south by the boundary of the municipality; on the north by the middle of the Avenue Road till it meets the khal, and thence in a line straight with the Avenue Road produced to the eastern boundary of the municipality; and on the west by the eastern boundary of ward No. III ...</p> <p>Ward No. V.—Bounded on the east and north by the boundary of the municipality; on the south by the northern boundaries of wards Nos. III and IV; and on the west by the eastern boundary of ward No. II ...</p>	3 2 2 2 2
Ditto ...	Goalundo ...	5	<p>Ward No. I.—<i>Amlahpara</i>.—Bounded on the north by Kayapati Bazar and Monoharpati Road; on the south by Debeegram or Bethurikhali; on the east by the river Ganges; and on the west by Sujabad cultivation and Bethuri ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—<i>Kayapati Bazar</i>.—Bounded on the north by Panchas Hazari Road and by the east face siding; on the south by Monoharpati and road; on the east by the east face siding and river Ganges; and on the west by the Panchas Hazari Road and Bisva Nathpore and Bhabail cultivation ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—<i>Nikaripara and Mahajanpati</i>.—Bounded on the north by the river Ganges; on the west by Bhabail cultivation; on the east by the river Ganges; and on the south by Panchas Hazari Road ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—<i>Bhabail Bazar</i>.—Bounded on the north by the river Ganges; on the south by Panchas Hazari Road; on the east by the railway line; and on the west by the junction road ...</p> <p>Ward No. V.—<i>Char Pallando</i>.—Bounded on the north by the Bhaboil Bazar; on the south by the Char Pallando village road; on the west by the river; and on the east by the railway ...</p>	3 2 2 2 2
Ditto ...	Madaripore ...	7	<p>Ward No. I.—Amirabad, Bandar, Chur Madaripore Rajnagar ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Lakmigunge ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Chur Khagdi, Chur Mugaria ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—Khagdi ...</p> <p>Ward No. V.—Madaripore village ...</p> <p>Ward No. VI.—Kulpeddi ...</p> <p>Ward No. VII.—Rasti, Hazrapore ...</p>	2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Backergunge ...	Burrisal ...	5	<p>Ward No. I.—Amanatgunge, Kaonea, and Kotwali ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Kalibaree and Sagardi ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—School and Alikanda ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—Bagura and Kalibari ...</p> <p>Ward No. V.—Church Ward ...</p>	2 2 1 2 3
Mymensingh ...	Nasirabad ...	5	<p>Ward No. I.—European quarter, Jail and Katchi Jhali.—Boundaries; north-east, river; south-east, N Bund road forms junction with Keranipara Road and Jail Road ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—East, river; north-west, Keranipara to Jail Road; south, Jail Road to Kamarpatti Road; east, Kamarpatti and Shakhaniipatto Road ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—North-east, Jail Road to Kamarpatti Road; west and south-west, Itkhola Road to junction with Theatre Road; east, Old Theatre Road ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—West, Kamarpatti, Sutarpatti, and Theatre Road; north-east, river; east, Maharajah's Road, Jamir Lamharipara Road ...</p> <p>Ward No. V.—North-east, river; south-east, Kistopore Road; west, Maharajah's and Jamir Lamharipara Road ...</p>	2 3 2 3 2
Ditto ...	Muktagecha ...	Nil.	Nil.	6*

* Municipalities in which the Commissioners will not be elected for wards, but for the whole town.

DAGGA DIVISION—concluded.

DISTRICT.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Mymensingh ...	Jamalpore ...	7	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Jamalpore, Shingjani, Fulberia, Bazrapore, and Mukundaliari ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Kuturia, Haripur, Abharpore, and Kali-pore ...	1
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Janjalpara, Dapaina, Bighnapore, Nasur-pore, Kursha, Hosseinpore, Khupibani, Palisa and Kusharipatta ...	1
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Beltia, Kachasara, and Kalaholia ...	1
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Dobokura, Tetulia, Ramnagar, Palashgar, Jugirjhopa, and Nakati ...	2
			Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Deorpar, Chandra, Rasedpur, Baguhaid, Rasidpore, and Baguhaid ...	1
			Ward No. VII.—Mohullahs Hat Chandro, Chandra, Kampapur, Guabaria, and Pathalia ...	2
Ditto ...	Sherpore ...	6	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Rajbari, Gobindagunge, Krishnagar, Kali-bazar, Shasharkhila, Gopalbari, Dhakalhati, and Narainpore ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Munshibazar, Raghunath Bazar, Grida Narayanpore, Shibbari, Shackhati, Narainpore, and Durgapore ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Rajballabpore, Nobinchur, East Sheri, Middle Sheri, West Sheri, Madhabpore ...	1
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Kharampore, Bagraksa, Katgur, Goalpara, Kacharipara, Mullapara, and Barakpara ...	1
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Mirgunge and Gouripore ...	1
			Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Mobarakpore, Naihata, Dighirpar, Tatalpur ...	1
Ditto ...	Kishoregunge ...	5	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Gangail, Sholakia, Baghargati, Kut Sholakia, Janghirpur and Chur Sholakia, Bazar Ichagunge, Atkapara and Kabitarbaz ...	3
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Raknail, Sridharkhila, Chur Dabail, Gaital, Lamapara, Laliteabad, Danikona, Rasidabad, and Shogra ...	1
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Katiar Chur, Bazar Haibatnagar, Hara Khamar Taluk, Gridan, Nagaa, Binnago Batrish, and Bazar Kishoregunge ...	3
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Ekrampore Bazar, Tarapasha, Baila, Ekrampore, Shatal, Nayanagar, and Chundro Nagar ...	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Saina, Chur Gangail, Rajkanto, Dariabad, Terahissa, Kapashatia, Badenshi, and Poranbowlai ...	1
Ditto ..	Bazitpore ...	Nil	Nil.	6*

CHITTAGONG DIVISION.

Chittagong ...	Chittagong ...	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Bibi's Hat, Shola Shahur, Sloop Bohur, Moradpur, Kapasgola, and Bhanghootna ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Chowk Bazar, Joynagar, Chandunpoora, Dewan Bazar, Rohamatgunge, and Ghat Furdadbeg ...	3
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Jamal Khan, Bagmoniram, Enayet Bazar, Audurkilla, Buxir Hat, Kaitangunge, and Pathurghata ...	4
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Feringhee Bazar, Sudder Ghat, Alcoran, Madar Bary, South Madar Bary, Pattor Tolly and Dewan Hat ...	3
Noakholly ...	Noakholly ...	5	Ward No. I.— <i>Taltoly Ward</i> .—Bounded on the north by Taktakhali Khal; on the west by the municipal boundary; on the south by Bhowanigunge Road; and on the east by Taltoli Khal ...	2
			Ward No. II.— <i>Fakirtola Ward</i> .—Bounded on the north by Bhowanigunge Road; on the west by the municipal boundary; on the south by Chararia Road and on the east by Fakirtola and Dewanpara Roads ...	1
			Ward No. III.— <i>Bara Bazar</i> .—Bounded on the north by Bruce's Tank Road; on the west by Fakirtola Road; on the south by Kalitara and Dewanpara Roads; and on the east by Kutcherri Road ...	2
			Ward No. IV.— <i>Circuit House Ward</i> .—Bounded on the north by Dewanpara and Kalitara Roads; on the west by Dewanpara Road; on the south by the municipal boundary; and on the east by Gopi Munshi Road and a line to the south boundary ...	1
			Ward No. V.— <i>Kalitara</i> .—Bounded on the north by Taktakhali Khal; on the west by Taltoli Road; Kutcherri Road, Gopi Munshi's road and a line to the south boundary; on the south by the municipal boundary; and on the east by the municipal boundary and Taktakhali Khal ...	2

* Municipalities in which the Commissioners will not be elected for wards, but for the whole town.

CHITTAGONG DIVISION—concluded

DISTRICT.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Tipperah	Commillah	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Bajapur, Dhukhin Churtha, Uttar Churtha, Gangagunge and Kasarupullu ...	4
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Manahurpur, Kandirpur I, Kandirpur II and Gobindpur ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Cholorah, Katloguree, Bishnapur, Jan-naggar and Rajgunge ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Gang Chur, Chak Bazar, Muradpur I, Muradpur II, Sangraish, Sujagunge, Mirpur and Sioar Chur ...	3
Ditto	Brahmanberia	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Bazar Brahmanberia, Kalaisri, Pukharpur, Kasharipati and Chatkipara ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Pachim Nuddah, Bazar Nuddah, Fulbaria, Sirpore, and Paikpara ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Shemrailkandi, Mourail, Kantalo, Bhadughur and Nowapara ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Gokarna, Bazar Gokarna, Paertala, Dariapur and Brahmanbati ...	2

PATNA DIVISION.

Gya	Gya	10	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by the municipal boundary; on the south by Runga Bahadur Road; on the east by the river; and on the west by the municipal boundary ...	1
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by Runga Bahadur Road; on the south by Kathokar Nallah; on the east by the River Road; and on the west by Cutchery Road ...	1
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by Runga Bahadur Road; on the south by Kathokar Nallah; on the east by Cutchery Road; and on the west by Ripon Road ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by Runga Bahadur Road; on the south by Palmer Road; on the east by Ripon Road; and on the west by the municipal boundary ...	2
			Ward No. V.—Bounded on the north by Kathokar Nallah and Palmer Road; on the south by Katara Road; on the east by the river; and on the west by the municipal boundary ...	2
			Ward No. VI.—Bounded on the north by Katara Road; on the south by Nowagarigati Street; on the east by the river; and on the west by Godavery and Munglagouri Roads ...	2
			Ward No. VII.—Bounded on the north by Nowagarigati Street; on the south by Chanchowra Street; on the east by the river; and on the west by Godavery Road ...	2
			Ward No. VIII.—Bounded on the north by Chanchowra Street; on the south by the municipal boundary; on the east by the river; and on the west by the municipal boundary ...	2
			Ward No. IX.—Bounded on the north by Katara Road; on the south and west by the municipal boundary; and on the east by Godavery Road and Munglagouri Road ...	1
			Ward No. X.—The portion of the municipality on the other side of the river ...	1
Mozufferpore	Hajipore	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Nukhas, Manik Chowk, Chowk, Noongola, Mooftibazar, Chowdhery Mobarukalli, Kanhaimal Mednimul, Hossein Khan, and Pandriwa ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Maggerhatta, Hela Bazar, Rambhadder, Muderkilla, Pokhira, Ibrahimgunge, Dhanauti, Bagdalanah, and Anwarpore ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Bagmoosa, Bagmani, Bagmulli, Khattigunge, Maksoodpore, Tangowli Sanchiputty, Hathsargunge, and Khatey Barkhordar ...	1
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Jaroocha, Minapur, Syedpur Idris, Chowdherybazar, Chak Bara Chhip, Tola, Patwa Toli, and Bharath Raoot ...	3
Durbhunga	Durbhunga	7	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Bela, Bela Dillah, Bela Shan ker, Mawa, Gadhi, Moheshpatti, Babhan, Gauwan, Murlagunge, Alinaggar, Sunderpur, Kaligunge, Tatchaligunge, Alafgunge, Haluman Nagor, Bishunpur, Kaleyau, Bishunpur Taj, and Azam Nagor ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Moulvigunge, Chuck Nizam, Saheh Dadgunge, Banglagudh, Ramlagunge, Missrigunge, Kafagunge, Champa Nagor, Muard Sher Bazar, Sadirabad, Ruhelagunge, and Gangwara ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Manourgunge, Chakram Chauk, Shamesh-ergunge, Munshi Jurawansingh, Waris Nagar, Hossein Chaker, Shibgunge, Qutubgunge, Raj Kumergunge, Saifullahgunge, Kathat Bari, Luchmi Shagor, and Subbonkerpur ...	2

PATNA DIVISION—concluded.

DISTRICT.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Durbhunga— <i>continued.</i>	Durbhunga ...	7	Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Ratempur, Katke Bazar, Oweam, Ram Chak, Koberabad, Basantgunge, Sharofaddin, Mashraf Bazar, Saudagar, Labbagh, Manharan Lal, Hulumangunge, and Mirzapur ...	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Sila Shah, Supon, Terhi Bazar, Quli Bazar, Madarpur, Mogulpur, Kotwali, Chautra Bhattuar Serai, Davangunga, Sagor, Misri Tolah, Bhagan Dass, Mufti Sainafat, Bazidpure, and Mahdouli.	2
			Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Mirza Hyat Beg Sher, Mahamad Bhigo Chak, Rahmat Jawalpara, Murgya Chak, Siazapur, Mahesh Patti, Rastole Bazar, Fakira Khan, Urdu Raham Khan, Faizuleah Khan, Usafgung, Rahamgunge, Bela Gobindpore, Gonga Sagor, and Moulagunge ...	2
			Ward No. VII.—Mohullahs Karamgunge, Abdullahgunge, Damduma, Imambari, Belwagunge, Mahrajgunge, Ismailgunge, Sari Salar Khan, Baquargunge, Luchmipore, Bat Chaddaspore, Khaji Serai, Laheria Serai, and Punda Serai ...	2
Ditto	Madhubani ...	5	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Bhowara, Sarat Ganj, and Chakdaha ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Srigunj, Nariartar, and Purani Chatti ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Kamat, Bhawanipore, Nai Bazar, Bahua, and Shewbux Ganj ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Gadeam, Shaghan, Bhamas Bazar, and Laheria Gunj ...	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Septa and Maharaj Ganj ...	2
Sarun	Chupra ...	4	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north, south, and east by the limits of the municipality, and on the west by Shahebgunge Road ...	3
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north and south by the limits of the municipality, on the east by ward No. I, and on the west by Nai Bazar Road ...	3
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north and south by the limits of the municipality, on the east by ward No. II, and on the west by Mohullah Dowlatgunge No. 27 ...	3
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north, south, and west by the limits of the municipality, and on the east by ward No. III ...	3
Ditto	Sewan ...	Nil	Nil ...	3
Ditto	Revelgunge ...	Nil	Nil ...	3*

BHAGULPORE DIVISION.

Bhagulpore	Bhagulpore	6	Ward No. I.—The eastern ward of the municipality up to the Steamer Ghat Road, District Jail Road, and the Station Road on the west, and the railway line on the south ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the river Jamoona; on the south by a portion of the Station Road and the railway line; on the east by the Steamer Ghat Road, District Jail Road, and the Station Road ...	3
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by the river Jamoona; on the south by the railway line; on the east by Navabazar Road; and on the west by the Jantikri Road, Nathnagar Road, and the Public Garden Road ...	3
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by the river Jamoona and Dearah; on the south by the railway line; on the east by the Jantikri Road, Nathnagar Road, and the Public Garden Road; and on the west by Fort Roads Nos. I and II ...	2
			Ward No. V.—The western ward of the municipality ...	2
			Ward No. VI.—The portion of the municipality lying on the south of the railway line ...	2
Monghyr	Monghyr	6	Ward No. I.—Fort Laldarwaza and Mohullah Belunbazar ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Baribazar North and South; Sarmanbazar and Topekhanabazar ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Basdeopore, Sherpur, Shampore, Madhopore, and Mogulbazar ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Sadipore, Jugulkitta, Kewra Moidan, and Betwanbazar ...	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Mirzapore, Puranigunge east and west, and Sandalpore ...	2
			Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Mahiddinapore, Bindwara, Mukhsuspore, Kasimbazar, and Moghera ...	2
Ditto	Jamalpore	6	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Nyagong, Secundrapore, and Mungrowra ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Dariapore, Dowlatpore, and Rampore ...	2
			Ward No. III.—The Bazar, Khalasitola, and Jamalpore Dili ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullah Keshubpore ...	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullah Jahangira ...	2
			Ward No. VI.—The European quarters ...	2

*Municipalities in which the Commissioners will not be elected for wards, but for the whole town.

BHAGULPORE DIVISION—concluded

DISTRICT.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Sonthal Pergunahs	Sahebgunge ...	Nil	Nil	6*
Ditto ...	Deoghur ...	4	Ward No. I.—North and East—From the north-west corner of the Sivagunga to the nearest point on the northern boundary of the municipality, and thence east and south to where the boundary crosses the Doomka Road South—Baidyanath Street and Jhansigarhi Road to its junction with the Doomka Road West—Sivagunga Lane and the west bank of the Sivagunga tank. Ward No. II.—North—Baidyanath Street and Jhansigari Road South—Jamunajore nuddy, which is the boundary of the municipality East—The eastern boundary of the municipality West—Wilmot Bazar Street, Bhairub Bazar and road, and Jamunajore Road Ward No. III.—North—Barabazar Road, Kunjraputti Lane, and Harakishen Sha's Street as far as its junction with the new Jalshar Road South—The southern boundary of the municipality East—The south end of Wilmot Bazar Street, Bhairub Bazar and road, and Jamunajore Road West—The boundary of the municipality Ward No. IV.—North—The northern boundary of the municipality South—Harakishen Shah's Street, Kunjraputti Lane and Barabazar Road East—The north end of Wilmot Bazar Street, a portion of Baidyanath Road, the Sivagunga Lane, and the west bank of Sivagunga West—The western boundary of the municipality	3 3 3 2 2
Purneah ...	Purneah ...	4	Ward No. I.—To the east of the Ganges and Darjeeling Road Ward No. II.—To the west of the Ganges and Darjeeling Road Ward No. III.—To the east of the City Main Road Ward No. IV.—To the west of the City Main Road	3 3 3 3
Maldah ...	English Bazar...	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Abhirampore, Gandharbapore, Lakrikhana, Madhubani, Makdumpore, Perojepore, Rajaparrah, Sahistoli and Singatolas Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Andharupara, Bangaltoli, Bibigram, Bokhotoli, English Bazar, Ghasiaratoli, Hatkhola, Hyderpore, Kantalbari, Kutitola, Moheshmati, Mirerchuk, Noabasi, Nyagram, and Sankapara Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Baloochora, English Bazar, Golaputtee, Gosaintoli, Kassariputtee, Kutubpur and Puratoli Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Babutoli, Bochartek, Bansbari, Kotabari, Mokimpore, Phulbari and Tilukgirer Bazar	4 3 3 2
Ditto ...	Maldah ...	3	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Kajidara, Cholisapara, Brajigma and Katra Tilmandai Sarbari Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Khord Sarbari, Pirojepore, Mokotilpore, Tooitbari, Kachubari and Bangaltoli Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Suripara, Fulbari, Shaik Mohun, Tarapore, Balia, and Nababgunge	3 3 2

ORISSA DIVISION.

Cuttack ...	Cuttack ...	9	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Cuttack Chundy, Stone Road, Guruda Bazar, Dagarpada, Brahman Sahi, Hasnabad, Kotgara Sahi, Dalusingpatua, Roghu Sahu, Godam Gully, Bhutia Sahi, Alisaha Bazar, Mangla Sahi, Kasla, Sedaisor, Mansingpatna, Bholamean Bazar, Mastaram Nath, Bedadhar Road and Toolsepur Ward No. II.—Kutcherry Road, Chowdhury Bazar, Ferangi Bazar, Jagornath Road, College Lane, Normal School, Sanggot Lane, Peary Mohun Sen Gully, Makundprosad Gully, Mala Sahi, Bisonath Mahadeb Lane, Peary Baboo Gully, Hadi Sahi, Bhandary Sahi, Bakharabad, Ramnath Gully, Jai Baboo Gully, Kasi Baboo Gully, Gud Sahi Gully, and Bauri Sahi Gully Ward No. III.—Cuttack Chundy, Adalsah Khan Lane, Amdukhalifa Lane, Cutcherry Road, Gonais Mandir, Buditkhakurani Gully, Aparty Sahu Gully, Juma Masjid Gully Ward No. IV.—Ram Chowdhury Street, Alam Chund Bazar, Banka Bazar, Ganga Mandir, Durji Sahi, Jagornath Bullubh Road, Mahandipir, Bauri Sahi, Khatbin Sahi, Oriya Bazar, Osat Lane, and Latmundir Ward No. V.—Cuttack Chundy, Sheik Bazar, Abdul Guffur Gully, Fakir Sahi, Bamphi Sahi, Guptipul, Khatbin Sahi, Dewan Bazar, Oriya Bazar, Christian Sahi, Talanga Sahi, Cutcherry Road, Sutahat and Mission Road Ward No. VI.—Cutcherry Road, Chowdhury Bazar, Jolaya Sahi, Kutgara Sahi, Parkatnath, Gully, Ferangi Bazar and Mangla-thakurani Gully	1 2 1 1 1 2
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* Municipalities in which the Commissioners will not be elected for wards, but for the whole town.

ORISSA DIVISION—concluded.

District.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Cuttack—concluded.	Cuttack ...	9	<p>Ward No. VII.—Telanga Bazar, Jagornath Road, Raghunath Gully, Bamphi Sahi, Kukariapada, Gopaljee Gully, Bhagatpur, Nunia Sahi, Tara Chandpatna, Nunno Sahi, Kodam, Rossul, Foster Street and Kamar Sahi ...</p> <p>Ward No. VIII.—Cutcherry Road, Phulmandai Sahi, Telangadhoba Sahi, Foster Street, Rousapatna, Sant Sahi, Maria Sahi, Patni Sahi, Kasorpur, Bapari Sahi, Sadanand Jachak Gully, Dhobni Gully, Kaly Kinkur, Chatterjee Gully, Kalai Sahu Gully, Badai Sahi, Kailas Baboo Gully, Bania Sahi, Naik Sahi, Brahman Sahi and Sarso Road ...</p> <p>Ward No. IX.—Commissioner Road, Hospital Road, Manglathakurani Road, Malha Sahi, Jobra Road, Talanga Sahi, Manglabag Road, Thoria Sahi, Mirkamalpatna, Gand Sahi, Jagornath Road, Sagaria Sahi, Ranihat and Chotara Bazar ...</p>	1 2 2
Pooree ...	Pooree ...	6	<p>Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Bali Sahi and Gourbar Sahi ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Kalikadevi Sahi, Matimandap Sahi and Dolemandap Sahi ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Baseli Sahi and Harchandi Sahi ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Marakanda Sahi and Churang Sahi ...</p> <p>Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Kundhaibent Sahi ...</p> <p>Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Diatapara Sahi, Kumharpara and Dandimal Sahi ...</p>	1 2 2 2 2 2
Balasore ...	Balasore ...	6	<p>Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Brahmanpara, Kentpara, Kamarpura, Kumharpara, Musulmanpara, Kayasthapara, Chasapara and Goalapara ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Amlapara, Tanti Sahi, Thatari Sahi, Gookha Sahi, Mahanty Sahi, Rice Stall and Kasaipara ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Daistabpara, Tanti Sahi, Brahmanpara, Teli Sahi, and Chasapara ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—The European quarter, Native Christian para, and mohullahs Amlapara, Pan Sahi and Teli Sahi ...</p> <p>Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Moochipara, Baniapara, Choonkar Sahi and Mahajanpara ...</p> <p>Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Brazeerpara, Dufturi Sahi, Kent Sahi, Chowdhuri Sahi, Paira Sahi, Mahajanpara, Kent Sahi, Kandra Sahi, Dhoba Sahi, and Musulmanpara ...</p>	2 2 2 2 2 2

CHOTA NAGPORE DIVISION.

Chattri ...	Chattri ...	Nil.	Nil	10*
Chardugga ...	Ranchi ...	4	<p>Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north and east by the municipal limits; on the west by the Sudder Road, and on the south by the Purulia Road ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north and west by the municipal limits; on the south by the Tank Road as far as the bridge at the south east corner of the lake, and thence by the wall on the south side of the Commissioner's compound; and on the east by the Sudder Road ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by the line defined above as the southern boundary of Ward No. II; on the east by the Thanna and Dorunda Roads; and on the south and west by the municipal limits ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by the Purulia Road; on the west by the Thanna and Dorunda Roads; and on the south and east by the municipal limits ...</p>	2 1 3 2
anbhoom ...	Purulia ...	4	<p>Ward No. I.—Bounded on the east by the Barrakar Road and Chaibassa Road; on the north, west, and south by the furthest limit of the municipality in those directions ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Bounded on the west and north by the Barrakar Road; on the south by the Bankoora Road; and on the east and north by the road starting from the Bankoora Road, joining with the Barrakar Road nearest Cart Serai, passed by girls' school building and between Claysair and Kamoliassair ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Bounded on the south by the Man Bazar Road; on the east by the furthest limit of the municipality in that direction, and on the north partly by ditto and partly by Bankoora Road; and on the west by wards Nos. I and II ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by portion of Bankoora Road and Man Bazar Road; on the east by the Man Bazar Road; and on the south by the furthest limit of the municipality ...</p>	1 4 4 3

*Municipalities in which the Commissioners will not be elected for wards, but for the whole town.

COLMAN MACAULAY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

ORDERS DECLARING THE NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE
ELECTED FOR EACH WARD IN THE HOWRAH MUNICIPALITY.

The 13th October 1884.—In continuation of the notification dated the 29th September 1884, published at pages 1013 to 1015, Part I, of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 1st October 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to declare that the number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward in the Howra Municipality shall be as follows:—

For each of the Wards Nos. I, IV, V, VI, VII, and IX, two Commissioners.

For each of the Wards Nos. III and VIII, three Commissioners.

For each of the Wards Nos. II and X one Commissioner.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

**RULES FOR ELECTION OF MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS
UNDER ACT III (B.O.) OF 1884.**

The 29th September 1884.—The following rules for the election of Municipal Commissioners in all Municipalities in the Burdwan, Presidency, Rajshahye, Dacca, Chittagong, Patna, Bhagulpore, Orissa, and Chota Nagpore Divisions (except Howrah and the Suburbs of Calcutta), have been laid down by the Lieutenant-Governor under section 15 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884:—

Of the qualification of voters.

1. Persons otherwise qualified to vote must be males, who have resided within the limits of the municipality for one year previous to the date of the election.

2. Subject to the above rule, all persons who have, during the year immediately preceding the election, paid an aggregate amount of not less than Re. 1-8 in respect of any rates imposed by the Act, and who have been duly registered as hereinafter provided, shall be qualified to vote.

3. Subject to the proviso contained in rule 1, any person who, being a member of a joint undivided family, one of the members of which has, during the year preceding such election, paid in respect of any of the rates imposed by the Act an aggregate amount of not less than Re. 1-8, is a graduate or licentiate of any University, or holds a certificate as a Pleader or Mooktear, or holds any office or employment carrying a salary of not less than Rs. 50 per mensem, shall be entitled to vote.

Of the registration of voters.

4. As soon as possible after these rules shall have been published, the Magistrate of the district shall cause to be prepared a register of persons qualified to vote. Such register shall be prepared from the assessment lists, from enquiries made by persons specially deputed for the purpose, and in such other manner as may appear expedient. Such register shall from time to time be corrected and added to as the Magistrate may direct. It shall be the duty of the Chairman of the Municipality to furnish the Magistrate or the Sub-Divisional Officer with any available information required for the preparation and correction, from time to time, of the register in question.

5. At least one month before the date fixed for the elections as hereinafter provided, an extract from the register, showing the persons qualified to vote within each Ward, shall be published at suitable places within that ward. A copy of the whole register shall also be published at the municipal office.

6. The Magistrate, or such other gazetted officer as he may depute for the purpose, shall sit to hear and decide objections to, and claims for, registration of voters on some date of which at least three days' notice shall have been given, and which shall be at least ten days after the publication of the lists in question, and at least one week before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections; and such decision shall be final.

7. The ward lists as amended, after the hearing and decision of claims and objections, shall be considered as the final lists of persons entitled to vote at the elections, and no person whose name does not appear in the ward lists shall be permitted to vote.

Of the qualification and the nomination of candidates.

8. Any person qualified to vote under these rules shall be qualified for nomination as a candidate.

9. Any rate-payer qualified to vote may nominate any other qualified person as a candidate.

10. The Magistrate shall, at least six weeks before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections, issue notices calling for nominations of candidates. Such nominations shall be delivered at the municipal office within fourteen days from the date of publication of the notices in question. No names of candidates shall be received after the expiration of such period.

11. The preliminary list of candidates, with the names of the persons nominating them, shall be published in each ward, and at the municipal office at least three weeks before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections. A notification shall at the same time be published, fixing a date for the hearing of objections to candidates. Such date shall be at least one week later than the publication of the notification in question.

12. The Magistrate, or such other gazetted officer as the Magistrate may depute for the purpose, shall hear and decide all objections to candidates; and such decision shall be final. Before publishing the final list, he shall ascertain that all the candidates are eligible and willing to stand for election.

13. The final list of candidates shall be published in each ward, and at the municipal office, at least one week before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections. No candidate whose name is not contained in such list shall be eligible for election.

Of the manner of holding elections.

14. The elections for the different wards shall be held on such date as may be fixed by the Lieutenant-Governor and notified in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

15. The Magistrate shall decide at what place the election for each ward shall be held.

16. The date fixed for the election in each ward shall be duly notified by beat of drum, and by the publication of notices in such ward at least one month beforehand.

17. Each voter shall be entitled to vote for the ward in which he ordinarily resides, and for no other. He shall be entitled to vote for as many candidates as there are vacancies for such ward.

18. All persons wishing to vote must be present at the elections. No votes by proxy or in writing shall be received.

19. The Magistrate, or such other gazetted officer as the Magistrate may depute for the purpose, shall preside at the election for each ward, assisted by a Committee of not less than three and not more than five rate-payers of the ward, nominated by the Magistrate.

20. The proceedings shall commence by the presiding officer explaining the nature and objects of the meeting to the assembled voters. He shall then read out the list of candidates, and state the number of vacancies.

21. Each candidate shall then be proposed by one qualified voter, and seconded by another. Subject to the control of the presiding officer on points of order, each candidate and his proposer and seconder shall be permitted to address the assembled voters on the subject of his candidature. The names of candidates not duly proposed and seconded shall be removed from the list.

22. In the case of the number of the candidates duly proposed and seconded not being greater than the number of vacancies, the presiding officer, if he is satisfied that not less than 10 per cent. of the registered voters for the ward or wards in which the election is taking place are present, shall at once declare such candidates to be duly elected.

23. If the number of candidates duly proposed and seconded exceeds the number of vacancies, the presiding officer shall proceed to call for a show of hands in favour of each candidate. The presiding officer shall decide and state which of the candidates have received the largest number of votes by the said shows of hands. Should no poll be demanded against any one candidate, he shall declare such candidate to be duly elected.

24. Any defeated candidate, or his proposer or seconder, may demand a poll on his behalf, as against any or all of the candidates selected under the above rule.

25. When a poll is demanded, the votes shall then and there be recorded by the presiding officer with his own hand. All objections to voters shall, if possible, be summarily decided by the presiding officer, after reference to the register. No objections shall be entertained other than objections arising out of matters subsequent to registration under rule 6.

26. The presiding officer shall then and there declare such candidates as have a clear majority of votes to be duly elected. Provided that no candidate shall be declared to be duly elected unless at least 10 per cent. of the registered voters for the ward have appeared and recorded their votes.

27. If 10 per cent of the registered voters for the ward are not present (Rule 22), or have not appeared and recorded their votes (Rule 26), the presiding officer shall report that the electors have failed, under section 16 of the Act, to elect Commissioners for the ward.

28. In case of an equality of votes for the same vacancy, and when the number of vacancies does not admit of all the candidates who have obtained an equality of votes being elected, the presiding officer shall postpone the election, fixing at the same time a date upon which the proceedings shall be re-commenced. When the majority for any candidate consists only of disputed votes, with reference to which further enquiry appears to be necessary, the result of such enquiry shall be notified on a subsequent date.

29. The list of duly returned candidates for the whole municipality shall be forwarded to the Commissioner of the Division for publication in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Miscellaneous.

30. No person in the employment or pay of the municipality shall, directly or indirectly, engage in canvassing for votes, or otherwise assist in the election of any candidate, otherwise than by giving his own vote. Any breach of this rule will render him liable to dismissal.

31. All costs incurred in the preparation of the register of voters, the publication of notices, the holding of elections, or taking any other necessary actions under these rules, shall be payable by the Commissioners out of the municipal fund.

COLMAN MACAULAY,

Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 29th September 1884.—The following rules for the election of Municipal Commissioners in the Municipality of Howrah have been laid down by the Lieutenant-Governor under section 15 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884:—

Of the number of Commissioners and Wards.

1. There shall be 30 Commissioners, of whom 20 shall be elected under these rules, and 10 shall be appointed by Government.

2. The municipality shall be divided into 10 wards in accordance with the schedule annexed.

Of the qualification of voters.

3. Persons otherwise qualified to vote must be males, who have resided within the limits of the municipality for one year previous to the date of the election.

4. Subject to the above rule, all persons who have, during the year immediately preceding the election, paid an aggregate amount of not less than Rs. 3 in respect of any rates imposed by the Act, and who have been duly registered as hereinafter provided, shall be qualified to vote.

5. Subject to the proviso contained in rule 3, any person who, being a member of a joint undivided family, one of the members of which has during the year preceding such election, paid in respect of any of the rates imposed by the Act an aggregate amount of not less than Rs. 3, is a graduate or licentiate of any University, or holds a certificate as a Pleader or Mooktear, or holds any office or employment carrying a salary of not less than Rs. 50 per mensem, shall be entitled to vote.

Of the registration of voters.

6. As soon as possible after these rules shall have been published, the Magistrate of the district shall cause to be prepared a register of persons qualified to vote. Such register shall be prepared from the assessment lists, from enquiries made by persons specially deputed for the purpose, and in such other manner as may appear expedient. Such register shall from time to time be corrected and added to as the Magistrate may direct. It shall be the duty of the Chairman of the Municipality to furnish the Magistrate or the Sub-Divisional Officer with any available information required for the preparation and correction, from time to time, of the register in question.

7. At least one month before the date fixed for the elections as hereinafter provided, an extract from the register, showing the persons qualified to vote within each ward, shall be published at suitable places within that ward. A copy of the whole register shall also be published at the municipal office.

8. The Magistrate, or such other gazetted officer as he may depute for the purpose, shall sit to hear and decide objections to, and claims for, registration of voters on some date of which at least three days' notice shall have been given, and which shall be at least ten days after the publication of the lists in question, and at least one week before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections; and such decision shall be final.

9. The ward lists as amended, after the hearing and decision of claims and objections, shall be considered as the final lists of persons entitled to vote at the elections, and no person whose name does not appear in the ward lists shall be permitted to vote.

Of the qualification and the nomination of candidates.

10. Any person qualified to vote under these rules shall be qualified for nomination as a candidate.

11. Any rate-payer qualified to vote may nominate any other qualified person as a candidate.

12. The Magistrate shall, at least six weeks before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections, issue notices calling for nominations of candidates. Such nominations shall be delivered at the municipal office within fourteen days from the date of publication of the notices in question. No names of candidates shall be received after the expiration of such period.

13. The preliminary list of candidates, with the names of the persons nominating them, shall be published in each ward, and at the municipal office, at least three weeks before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections. A notification shall at the same time be published, fixing a date for the hearing of objections to candidates. Such date shall be at least one week later than the publication of the notification in question.

14. The Magistrate, or such other gazetted officer as the Magistrate may depute for the purpose, shall hear and decide all objections to candidates; and such decision shall be final. Before publishing the final list, he shall ascertain that all the candidates are eligible and willing to stand for election.

15. The final list of candidates shall be published in each ward, and at the municipal office, at least one week before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections. No candidate whose name is not contained in such list shall be eligible for election.

Of the manner of holding elections.

16. The elections for the different wards shall be held on such date as may be fixed by the Lieutenant-Governor and notified in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

17. The Magistrate shall decide at what place the election for each ward shall be held.

18. The date fixed for the election in each ward shall be duly notified by beat of drum and by the publication of notices in such ward at least one month beforehand.

19. Each voter shall be entitled to vote for the ward in which he ordinarily resides, and for no other. He shall be entitled to vote for as many candidates as there are vacancies for such ward.

20. All persons wishing to vote must be present at the elections. No votes by proxy or in writing shall be received.

21. The Magistrate, or such other gazetted officer as the Magistrate may depute for the purpose, shall preside at the election for each ward, assisted by a Committee of not less than three and not more than five rate-payers of the ward, nominated by the Magistrate.

22. The proceedings shall commence by the presiding officer explaining the nature and objects of the meeting to the assembled voters. He shall then read out the list of candidates, and state the number of vacancies.

23. Each candidate shall then be proposed by one qualified voter, and seconded by another. Subject to the control of the presiding officer on points

of order, each candidate and his proposer and seconder shall be permitted to address the assembled voters on the subject of his candidature. The names of candidates not duly proposed and seconded shall be removed from the list.

24. All objections to voters shall, if possible, be summarily decided by the presiding officer, after reference to the register. No objections shall be entertained other than objections arising out of matters subsequent to registration under rule 8.

25. The presiding officer shall record with his own hand the votes of the electors present.

26. The presiding officer shall then and there declare such candidates as have a clear majority of votes to be duly elected. Provided that no candidate shall be declared to be duly elected unless at least 10 per cent. of the registered voters for the ward have appeared and recorded their votes.

27. If 10 per cent of the registered voters for the ward have not appeared and recorded their votes, the presiding officer shall report that the electors have failed, under section 16 of the Act, to elect Commissioners for the ward.

28. In case of an equality of votes for the same vacancy, and when the number of vacancies does not admit of all the candidates who have obtained an equality of votes being elected, the presiding officer shall postpone the election, fixing at the same time a date upon which the proceedings shall be re-commenced. When the majority for any candidate consists only of disputed votes, with reference to which further enquiry appears to be necessary, the result of such enquiry shall be notified on a subsequent date.

29. The list of duly returned candidates for the whole municipality shall be forwarded to the Commissioner of the Division for publication in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Miscellaneous.

30. No person in the employment or pay of the municipality shall, directly or indirectly, engage in canvassing for votes, or otherwise assist in the election of any candidate, otherwise than by giving his own vote. Any breach of this rule will render him liable to dismissal.

31. All costs incurred in the preparation of the register of voters, the publication of notices, the holding of elections, or taking any other necessary actions under these rules, shall be payable by the Commissioners out of the municipal fund.

COLMAN MACAULAY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

SCHEDULE.

HOWRAH MUNICIPALITY.

ELECTION WARDS.

Ward No. I.

North—Joya Bibee's Lane, outfall drain on the south of Hurro Dhole's garden and Chandalparah lane. *South*—Horogunge Road. *East*—River. *West*—Hooghly road.

Ward No. II.

North—A line beginning at a point on the Hooghly road 100 feet south of Nuskurparah lane, thence a direct line westward across the Maleepanchghurrah paddy-fields to the culvert opposite garden of Bhoggobutty Bysack on the Belloor road and Nellooah road. *South*—Sonaton Mistry's Garden lane and Bamoongachee paddy-fields. *East*—Grand Trunk road and Hooghly road. *West*—Bamoongachee paddy-fields.

Ward No. III.

North—Horogunge road. *South*—Golabaree road. *East*—River. *West*—Grand Trunk road.

Ward No. IV.

North—Golabaree road and Peelkhanah lane. *South*—Railway premises. *East*—River Hooghly. *West*—Railway line.

Ward No. V.

North—Railway premises, Dor's road and Howrah paddy-fields. *South*—Telkul Ghat road, Harcourt's lane and Kally Banerjea's lane. *East*—River. *West*—Bhoggobutty Karar's lane, Doorga Dass Bose's lane, Koylash Banerjea's lane, Lukhun Dass's lane and Kally Koondoo's lane up to its junction with Kally Banerjea's lane.

Ward No. VI.

North—Banttrah paddy-fields. *South*—Ollabibeetollah lane, Nuskurparah lane and Bostomparrah lane. *East*—Bhoggobutty Karar's lane, Doorga Dass Bose's lane, Lukhun Dass's lane, Kally Koondoo's lane, Needhee Ram Manjee's lane, Gopaul Banerjea's lane and portion of Ramkistopore lane between its junctions with Gopal Banerjea's lane and the footpath through Baboo Chunder Coomar Banerjea's garden. *West*—Belgachia road, a direct line from that road beginning from the south-eastern corner of Deno Sen's garden across the paddy-fields to a point on the Makordah road 1,764 feet west of the toll-house, Doomrar Jollah, Haldarparrah lane, Goddadhur Mistry's lane and Kasoondiah paddy-fields.

Ward No. VII.

North—Telkul Ghat road, Harcourt's lane and Kally Banerjea's lane. *South*—Banstollah Ghat road and Park's Garden lane. *East*—River. *West*—Kally Koondoo's lane, Needhee Ram Manjee's lane, Gopaul Banerjea's lane and portion of Ramkistopore lane between its junction with Gopaul Banerjea's lane and Park's Garden lane.

Ward No. VIII.

North—Banstollah Ghat road, Park's Garden lane, footpath through Baboo Chunder Coomar Banerjea's garden, Koyepooker lane and Mosulmanparah lane. *South*—Juggut Banerjea's Ghat road, Rajah's Bagan lane, Mollahparah branch lane and portion of Khetter Banerjea's lane from its junction with the latter lane and Circular road at the house of Deno Master. *East*—River. *West*—Circular road.

Ward No. IX.

North—Juggut Banerjea's Ghat road, Rajah's Bagan lane, Mollahparah branch lane, Khetter Banerjea's lane between its junction with the latter lane and Circular road at the house of Deno Master and portion of Circular road between its junction with Khetter Banerjea's lane and Chatterjea's hat. *South*—River. *East*—River. *West*—Belliah khal and Potanical Garden.

Ward No. X.

North—Doomrar Jollah and Shokhair bazar road. *South*—Baxarah paddy-fields. *East*—A line from the south-eastern corner of Doomrar Jollah to Haldarparrah lane, Goddadhur Mistry's lane and Mosulmanparrah lane. *West*—Boroj Maut lane and western portion of Baxarah road between its junction with Boroj Maut lane and the culvert over Baxarah khal.

**DATE OF ELECTION OF COMMISSIONERS FOR MUNICIPALITIES
UNDER ACT III (B.C.) OF 1884.**

The 30th September 1884.—It is hereby notified for general information that the elections of Commissioners, under Act III (B.C.) of 1884, in all Municipalities in the Burdwan, Presidency, Rajshahye, Dacca, Chittagong, Patna, Bhagulpore, Orissa, and Chota Nagpore Divisions, not mentioned in the first schedule of the said Act, will be held on the twenty-fifth day of November next.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different District of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 1st November 1884.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date
BENGAL.			
<i>Western Districts.</i>			
BURDWAN DIV.	1 Burdwan, Nov. 1 '84	Nil	Weather—cool and clear. Not much further change of prospects now expected. Price of rice rising and is from 11½ to 14 seers per rupee. Public health fair.
	Cutwa	3.97	
	Culina	1.89	
	Raneegunge	2.28	
	2 Bankoora, " 1 "	1.74	Weather—heavy rain at the close of last week and beginning of this week, clear since, and cloudy again at the close of this week. <i>Amun</i> crops promising well. Price of rice still falling and now varying from 17 to 23 seers per rupee. Recent rain did a little damage to winter paddy and <i>rubbee</i> crops that have been sown. Generally speaking, however, the rain was very beneficial, especially to tanks and crops on high lands. Public health continues good.
	Bishenpore	1.61	
	Maliara	3.04	
	Khattra	2.89	
	3 Beerbhoom, " 1 "	0.79	Weather—showery at beginning of the week; afterwards fine. Prospects of <i>amun</i> crops somewhat improved by recent rain. Outturn of paddy expected to be on an average an eight auna crop. Prices show a tendency to fall. General health satisfactory.
	Kampore Haut	1.67	
PRESIDENCY DIV.	4 Midnapore, " 1 "	1.50	Weather—cool and clear. More than 12 inches of rain fell at Contai last week; prospects of standing crops decidedly good. Fever very prevalent in the Ghatal and Sudder sub-divisions.
	5 Hooghly, " 1 "	.69	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of crops favourable. Prices still high, but expected to fall very shortly. Fever prevails.
	Serampore	1.40	
	Jehanabad	1.92	
	Howrah, " 3 "	0.03	Weather—fair. Prospects of crops everywhere good.
	Oolooberiah	2.81	
	<i>Central Districts.</i>		
	6 24-Perghs. Nov. 3 '84	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of <i>amun</i> paddy continue satisfactory. <i>Rubbee</i> crops promise well. Public health generally good.
	7 Nuddea, " 1 "	.43	Weather—cloudy, rainy, and cool. The late rain has been very beneficial. The existing <i>amun</i> and <i>rubbee</i> crops doing well. Fever continues.
	Kooshtea	2.53	
RAJSHAHY DIV.	8 Meherpore	3.53	
	Chooadanga	3.34	
	Ranaghat	3.48	
	8 Khoolua, " 1 "	0.50	Weather—very cloudy and stormy since yesterday. Prospects very favourable, but if rain continues crops will suffer.
	9 Jessore, " 1 "	0.77	Weather—cloudy and windy at the latter part of the week. Prospects of <i>amun</i> crops continue to be good. Sowings of <i>rubbee</i> crops going on. No more rain wanted. Fever prevalent.
	Jhenida	2.37	
	Magoorah	2.54	
	Narail	2.19	
	Bongong	2.80	
	10 Moorshedabad, " 1 "	0.23	Weather—rain at the beginning of the week, and since then cool, but somewhat cloudy. The recent rain improved prospect of <i>amun</i> crops throughout the district. As, however, the area planted out is limited, not more than a six-auna crop can be expected. <i>Rubbee</i> crops being sown under favourable circumstances. Public health fairly good, although a few cases of cholera are reported from Jungipore.
RAJSHAHY DIV.	11 Dinagepore, Oct. 31 84	.60	Weather—showery and cool. <i>Amun</i> paddy has been benefited by recent rain. Sugarcane being cut. Pulses and mustard doing well. Rice selling at from 10 to 14 seers per rupee.
	12 Rajshahye, Nov. 1 "	1.74	Weather—rather cloudy. Prospects much improved by late rain, particularly in Nowgong. <i>Amun</i> crops fairly promising. <i>Rubbee</i> crops generally well spoken of. Health fair. Slight cholera still in Nowgong.
	Nattore	2.0	
	Nowgong	1.76	
	13 Rungpore, " 1 "	.25	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of <i>amun</i> crops bad. Other standing crops doing well. Fever prevalent.
	Nulphamari	1.03	
	Gaibanda	1.33	
	Kurigram	1.01	
RAJSHAHY DIV.	14 Bogra, " 1 "	1.09	Weather—cool and cloudy. The recent rain will add much to the yield of paddy which has survived drought, but it will principally improve spring crops, which are all doing well. Rice a little cheaper. Cholera and fever everywhere prevalent.
	15 Pubna, " 1 "	2.90	Weather—cool, still threatening rain. The recent rain has done much good, and improved prospects of crops generally. Cholera has commenced earlier, and fever more prevalent than usual at this time.
	16 Darjeeling, " 1 "	2.40	Weather—clear and bright. Heavy rain fell on Sunday. Prospects of <i>haimanti</i> crops fair. Wheat and barley being sown. Mustard coming up.
	17 Jalpigoree, " 1 "	0.43	Weather—getting colder every day. Condition of <i>haimanti</i> paddy on high lands not satisfactory. Price of rice in thana Boda risen to 9 seers per rupee, probably due to drain from the district. Sugarcane a good crop; rain wanted. Some cholera at Patgram.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.—conold.			
<i>Eastern Districts.</i>			
Dacca Divn.	18 Dacca, Nov. 1 '84	1.52	Weather—rainy. Harvesting of sugarcane continues, that of <i>amun</i> paddy commenced. Mustard seed and other winter crops being sown. Standing crops much benefited by seasonable rain. Prospects of crops good. Public health good.
	Manickgunge ...	1.65	
	Moonsheegunge ...	2.88	
	19 Furreedpore, „ 1 „	0.55	Weather—cold and cloudy at the close of the week. Prospects of <i>amun</i> paddy fair. Some damage to sowings of <i>rubbee</i> by recent rain.
	Goalundo ...	1.63	
	Madaripore ...	3.80	Weather—rainy and cloudy during the first part of the week and seasonable during the latter part. The rain has done good to <i>amun</i> crops. Price of rice slightly rising. Fever still prevalent in some parts of the district.
	20 Backergunge, Oct. 30 „	5.53	
	21 Mymensingh, „ 31 „	3.16	Weather—bright and cool. The rain has been general and has done much good to all crops. Prospects much improved.
	Jamulpore ...	3.62	
	Kishoregunge ...	2.99	
	Attia ...	2.40	
	Netrokona ...	4.34	
Chittagong Divn.	22 Chittagong, Nov. 3 '84	3.84	Weather—violent storm with rain on Saturday last, slightly damaging standing crops. Prices stationary. Sporadic cases of cholera reported.
	23 Noakholly, Oct. 31 „	5.16	Weather—first two days rainy and somewhat stormy; since fair and pleasant. Reaping of late <i>aus</i> continues. Prospects of <i>amun</i> very good.
	Fenny ...	2.77	
	24 Tipperah, „ 30 „	6.23	Weather—heavy rain on 25th and 26th. Prospects of standing crops generally excellent owing to the recent rain.
	Brahmanbariah ...	5.40	
	Chandpore ...	Not received.	Weather—cloudy and rainy throughout the week. The rain has done much good to plough-paddy and some damage to cotton crop. Lands being prepared for mustard.
	25 Chittagong Hill „ 28 „	3.53	
Patna Divn.	Hill Tipperah, „ 29 „	4.52	Weather—fairly cool. The recent rain much benefited paddy, which is doing well. Cholera ceasing. Public health generally good.
	26 Patna, Nov. 1 '84	3.84	Weather—cool and rainy. The rain which fell on the 25th and 26th will be of much benefit to standing crops. Sowing of <i>rubbee</i> crops and poppy going on. Prices stationary. Public health generally good.
	Dinapore ...	2.50	
	Behar ...	2.07	
	Barh ...	2.90	
	27 Gya, „ 1 „	1.68	Weather—rainy in the early part of the week; then clear for several days, but slightly cloudy now. Temperature warm for the season. Very considerable benefit has been generally felt from the late rainfall. In Aurangabad the paddy crop is now expected to reach 10 annas. <i>Rubbee</i> being sown on high lands. Prospects of cold-weather crops in many parts good. Health good.
	28 Shahabad, „ 1 „	1.35	
	Sasseram ...	Nil	
	Buxar ...	Not received.	Weather—getting cold. The late rain improved prospects of paddy. Sowing of <i>rubbee</i> in progress. Prices stationary. Public health good.
	29 Durbhunga, „ 1 „	4.14	
	80 Mozufferpore, „ 1 „	3.02	Weather—rain fell on the 25th and 26th with immense benefit both to paddy and <i>rubbee</i> . Sufficient moisture for the growth of the <i>rubbee</i> has now been secured, and prospects favourable. Public health good.
	Sitamarhi ...	1.14	
Bhagulpore Divn.	31 Sarun, „ 1 „	1.57	Weather—evenings and nights cool, and showery in the beginning; warm towards the latter end of the week. Paddy doing well. Sowings of <i>rubbee</i> in progress. Early sowings coming on well. Prospects much improved by the late rain which appears to have been general. Price of rice steady and of other food-grains fallen slightly. Public health good.
	Sewan ...	0.81	
	Gopalgunge ...	.60
	32 Chumparan „ 1 „	0.70	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of standing crops continue good. Sowing of <i>rubbee</i> in progress. Public health good.
	33 Monghyr, Nov. 1 '84	2.78	Weather—fine and clear, nights cold. Prospects of crops continue good. Prices falling. Public health good.
	Beguserai ...	1.08	
	34 Bhagulpore, „ 1 „	1.47	Weather—slight rain in Sudder, heavier in Sonpore and Mudhepoorah during the first part of the week, since then fair. The rain in the north seems to have done harm rather than good, in damaging <i>rubbee</i> recently sown, but prospects of <i>rubbee</i> are still on the whole good. Rice selling at from 13 seers 14 chittacks in Sudder to 16 seers in Sonpore.
	Jamui ...	Not accurately known.	
	35 Purneah, „ 1 „	1.16	Weather—clear and cool. Prospects of crops good. Fever continues.
	Kissengunge ...	1.16	
	36 Maldah, „ 1 „	0.27	Weather—cool and occasionally cloudy. Prospects of <i>kaimanti</i> crops in the Barindra not improved for want of rain. Cultivation for <i>rubbee</i> crops going on. Common rice selling at 12 seers per rupee. General health good.
	37 Sonthal Pergha, „ 1 „	0.09	Weather—seasonable: cold in the mornings, but warm during the day. The late rain improved prospects of crops everywhere. <i>Rubbee</i> crops promise to be unusually good, and <i>aghani</i> paddy has been benefited by the rain.
	Dvoghur ...	0.57	
	Godda ...	1.02	
	Rajmehal ...	0.68	
	Jaintara ...	0.77	
	Pakour ...	0.43	

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station, inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
ORISSA.			
ORISSA DIVN.	38 Cuttack, Oct. 31 '84	·81	Weather—seasonable, cloudy to-day. <i>Laghu sarad</i> ripening, . late <i>Sarad</i> flowering. <i>Rubbes</i> crops growing well. Common rice selling at from 15 to 18 seers per rupee in town, and 20 to 22 seers in the interior. Public health generally good.
	39 Pooree, Khoorda " 30 "	..... 1·62	Weather—seasonable. <i>sarad</i> crops in ear. <i>Laghu sarad</i> ripening. Recent rain damaged mustard and other <i>rubbes</i> crops. Common rice selling at an average of 20 seers 4 chittacks per rupee in the Sudder sub-division and 22 seers in Khorda. Public health good.
	40 Balasore " 31 "	0·53	Weather—cool and cloudy with prospects of rain. Rain has fallen throughout the district and done good to standing crops. Harvesting of <i>beali</i> completed with a fair outturn. Sporadic cases of fever reported in chaklahs Bhadrak and Chandbali. Otherwise public health good.
CHOTA NAGPORE.			
<i>South-West Frontier Agency.</i>			
41	Hazaribagh, Oct. 31 '84	Nil	Weather—bright and getting cold. Prospects of paddy on low lands good, rain still greatly needed for paddy on high lands. Sowing of <i>rubbes</i> crops continues. Prices slightly risen. Public health good.
42	Lohardugga, Nov. 1 " Palamow ...	0·09 1·02	Weather—seasonable. Rain fell opportunely during the past week, and did much good. Prospects of standing crops excellent. Prices stationary. General health good.
43	Singbhoom, " 1 "	0·09	Weather—bright and clear; getting colder. Agricultural prospects continue favourable. Public health good. Cattle-disease still very prevalent.
44	Manbhoom, " 1 " Govindpore ...	0·53 Nil	Cold weather set in. Prospects of winter paddy generally fair, and those of <i>rubbes</i> excellent. Rice selling at from 13 to 19 seers per rupee. Health good.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT.,
The 4th November 1884.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains, Firewood and Salt

Number.		DISTRICTS.	RETAIL SALE:—QUANTITIES PER RUPEE																							
			WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			BULBUSH MILLET CUMBOO, BAJEA.			GRAM & CHOLU.								
			Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.						
BENGAL.																										
Western Districts.																										
1	Burdwan ...	16 0	15 0	15 0	21 0	22 0	25 5	11 4	12 0	12 0	14 4	16 8	16 8	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Bankoora ...	15 4	15 8	16 0	17 0	17 0	14 0	14 0	13 12	12 8	18 8	16 0	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Feerbhoom ...	16 8	16 8	15 0	...	...	...	12 0	11 8	15 0	14 0	13 8	16 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Midnapore* ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Hooghly ...	16 0	16 0	13 0	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	8 0	13 0	12 8	14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Howrah ...	15 0	15 0	13 4	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	12 12	13 0	12 12	14 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Districts.																										
	Calcutta ...	17 10	17 10	15 6	20 0	20 0	20 10	8 6	8 6	11 0	10 8	10 8	16 0	11 8	11 8	21 5	11 7	11								
6	24-Pergunnahs ...	14 4	14 0	13 4	18 0	17 8	16 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	14 8	14 0	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	Nuddea ...	16 0	16 0	14 8	20 0	20 0	24 10	10 4	10 10½	11 14	11 0	11 6	13 5½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Khoolna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 0	14 0	14 0	14 0	16 0	18 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Jessore ...	14 0	14 0	11 0	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	13 0	13 4	14 0	20 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Moorshedabad ...	18 0	18 0	15 0	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	12 0	14 8	14 8	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Dinapore ...	15 0	16 0	15 0	16 0	16 8	15 0	10 13	10 8	12 0	12 6	13 4	15 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Rajshahye ...	16 8	{ 16 8 to 17 4 }	13 5	21 0	22 8	22 8	9 6	{ 8 10 to 10 14 }	{ 12 0 to 13 0 }	12 0	{ 11 4 to 12 0 }	{ 13 8 to 14 0 }	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Rungpore ...	13 0	16 0	13 5	...	...	...	7 0	9 7	10 0	11 0	10 11	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Bogra ...	15 0	15 0	16 8	...	...	...	9 12	9 15	10 8	12 12	12 0	15 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Pubna ...	18 0	19 8	18 0	...	...	...	8 4	8 4	8 0	13 8	12 12	14 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Darjeeling ...	10 0	10 0	7 0	9 0	10 0	7 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	Julpigoree ...	10 0	10 0	10 0	20 0	20 0	20 0	10 0	8 0	12 8	12 0	11 8	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern Districts.																										
18	Dacca ...	15 0	16 0	14 4	17 0	18 0	18 0	11 0	10 10	16 0	13 8	13 0	18 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	Furreedpore ...	20 0	20 0	22 0	34 0	34 0	30 0	11 0	11 0	15 0	12 0	12 0	18 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	Backergunge ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 8	13 0	13 0	13 0	16 0	15 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	Mymensingh ...	13 8	13 0	12 0	...	...	...	10 8	10 0	11 8	13 0	11 8	15 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

* Return not received.

- A In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were :—Culna 14 seers, Cutwa 13 seers, and Raneegunge 13½ seers.
 B In the interior the retail price of salt ranged from 11 to 16 seers per rupee.
 C In the interior the retail price of salt ranged from 11½ to 18½ seers per rupee.
 D In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were :—Serampore 13 seers and Jehanabad 13½ seers.
 E In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were :—Baraset and Bussirhat 13 seers, Barrackpore 12½ seers, and Dum-Dum 12 seers.
 F In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were :—Koochta 13 seers, Meherpore and Chooadanga 13 seers, and Kanaaghat 12½ seers.
 G In the sub-division the retail price of salt per rupee was—Satkhira and Bigirhat 11 seers.
 H In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were :—Jhenidah and Narail 12 seers, Bongong 13 seers, and Magurah 10½ seers.
 I In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were :—Lalbagh 11 seers, Jungypore 11½ seers, and Kandi 12 seers.

Districts of Bengal for the fortnight ending the 31st October 1884.

THE SEER OF 80 TOLAHS.																				WHOLESALE PRICES PER MAUND OF 40 SEERS.			DISTRICTS.
LESSER MILLET— RAGI OR MURWA AND CHHENA.			MAIZE OR INDIAN- CORN.			GRAM.			FIREWOOD.			SALT.			SALT.								
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.						
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.						
...	17 12	18 0	18 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	A 13 0	13 0	12 15	2-14-8	2-14-8	3-0-4	Burdwan.					
...	32 0	30 0	28 0	17 12	17 8	17 0	240 0	240 0	320 0	B 12 12	12 8	12 0	3 2	3 3	3-3-6	Bankoora.					
...	17 4	18 0	18 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	C 12 0	12 0	12 0	3-2-6	3-2-6	3-1-3	Beerbhoom.					
...	Midnapore.					
...	17 0	17 0	17 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	D 13 9	13 9	13 9	2 14	2 14	2 14	Hooghly.					
...	17 8	17 0	17 0	80 0	80 0	80 0	13 0	13 0	13 0	2 15	3 0	2 14	Howrah.					
																		Central Districts.					
...	21 8	21 8	26 8	19 11	19 11	18 13	100 0	100 0	90 0	E 12 13	12 13	13 5	2 12	2 12	2 12	Calcutta.					
...	22 12	20 0	20 0	17 8	17 8	17 8	100 0	100 0	80 0	F 12 13	13 5	12 13	3 0	2 12	3 0	24-Pergunnabs.					
...	20 0	21 5	18 13	...	...	...	G 12 12	12 12	11 10	3 0	3 0	...	Nuddea.					
...	16 0	16 0	16 0	240 0	200 0	180 0	H 12 0	12 0	10 8	3 2	3 2	3 4	Khoolna.					
...	16 0	16 0	16 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	I 12 0	10 12	11 8	3 0	3 2	3 2	Jessore.					
...	19 0	20 0	19 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	J 11 0	12 0	13 5	3-1-3	3-1-3	3 0	Moorshedabad.					
...	13 0	14 0	15 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	K 12 0	12 8	11 8	3-4-0	3 3	3 6	Dinapore.					
...	20 0	20 11	20 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	L 12 12	12 0	12 0	3 0	3 0	3 0	Rajshahye.					
...	9 12	14 0	16 0	110 0	110 0	110 0	M 10 0	11 14	11 14	4 0	3 5	3 5	Burgpore.					
...	16 8	17 4	15 12	80 0	80 0	62 8	N 12 0	10 8	12 0	3-5-4	3-5-4	3-2-8	Bogra.					
...	17 4	17 4	18 13	200 0	200 0	300 0	O 12 6	12 6	12 0	3-1-6	3-1-6	3-2-6	Pubna.					
11 0	14 0	12 0	30 0	20 0	25 0	8 0	10 0	8 0	102 8	102 8	128 0	P 8 0	8 0	8 0	4 8	4 0	4 8	Darjeeling.					
...	16 0	16 0	16 0	128 0	128 0	128 0	Q 12 4	12 4	12 4	3 4	3 4	3 4	Julpigoree.					
																		Eastern Districts.					
...	17 0	17 0	20 0	80 0	90 0	97 0	R 13 0	13 0	13 0	3 0	3 1	3 2	Dacca.					
...	16 0	16 0	20 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	S 12 0	12 0	12 0	3 2	3 2	3 5	Furzedpore.					
...	17 0	17 0	16 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	T 11 0	13 0	13 0	3 0	2 11	2 11	Backergunge.					
...	15 0	14 8	18 0	...	...	...	U 12 8	13 8	13 4	3 3	3 2	3 4	Mymensingh.					

J The retail price of salt at Raigunge was 11½ seers per rupee.

K The retail price of salt in the sub-division of Natore was 12 seers per rupee.

L In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Gaibanda and Kurigram 13 seers, and Nilphamari 12 seers.

M The retail price of salt at Beryungunge was 13 seers per rupee.

N The retail price of salt at Falmactia in the Alipur sub-division was 10 seers per rupee.

O In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Manickgunge 12 seers, and Naraingunge 14 seers.

P In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Gaulando 13 seers, and Madanipur 12 seers.

Q In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Patuakhali 10½ seers, Perozapore 11 seers, and Bhola 12 seers.

R In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Atia 12 seers, and Netrakona 12½ seers.

PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains, Firewood and Salt in t

Number.	DISTRICTS.	RETAIL SALE :—QUANTITIES PER RUPEE BY T																	
		WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			BULURAH MILLET— CUMBOO. BAJRA.			GRAT MILLET— (HOLUM) LOWAR		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return

Eastern Districts.—Concluded.

		S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
23	Chittagong*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	Noakholly	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 0	13 0	19 0	14 0	14 0	21 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
24	Tipperah	14 9	15 4	13 0	...	...	...	13 5	11 7	18 8	15 4	13 1	19 8	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	Chittagong Hill Tracts.*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Hill Tipperah	12 0	12 0	10 0	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	16 0	14 0	14 0	19 0	...	...	...	...	...	...

BEHAR.

		S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
26	Patna	21 0	21 0	20 0	25 0	25 0	32 0	11 4	11 4	13 0	12 0	12 0	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	Gya	18 0	19 0	17 0	16 0	20 8	21 0	8 4	8 8	11 0	11 8	11 8	14 8	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	Shahabad*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29	Durbhanga*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
30	Mozufferpore*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31	Saun	19 8	20 0	17 0	23 0	23 0	25 0	8 0	8 0	9 8	11 8	12 4	16 0	...	...	...	26 0	25 0	25
32	Chumparun*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
33	Monghyr	19 7	19 7	19 9	18 9	19 15	27 4	10 8	9 13	12 5	11 9	11 0	13 15	...	...	...	...	...	...
34	Bhagnipore	18 15	18 15	15 2	20 8	18 15	22 11	10 6	10 1	12 10	13 4	13 10	15 12	...	...	...	...	...	...
35	Purneah*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
36	Maldah	19 0	19 8	16 0	...	...	...	10 0	9 0	10 0	12 0	12 8	12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
37	Sonthal Pergs.	16 0	17 0	13 0	...	...	...	10 0	12 0	14 0	14 8	14 0	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	...

ORISSA.

		S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
38	Cuttack	19 11	19 11	13 2	...	...	...	13 2	13 2	13 2	17 1†	17 1	21 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	Pooree*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
40	Balasore	18 0	16 0	14 0	11 0	11 0	...	16 0	14 0	10 0	28 0	24 0	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	...

CHOTA NAGPORE.

South-Western Frontier Agency.

		S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
41	Hazareebagh	15 0	15 8	14 8	15 0	16 0	18 0	11 0	11 0	9 8	14 0	14 0	14 8	...	...	...	...	...	...
42	Lohardugga	15 0	13 0	16 0	...	...	18 0	13 0	12 0	14 0	18 0	18 0	18 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
43	Singbhoom	18 0	18 0	20 0	20 0	20 0	24 0	20 0	20 0	24 0	24 0	24 0	28 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
44	Manbhoom	14 0	13 0	13 0	...	...	...	13 0	14 0	16 0	18 0	19 0	21 0	...	...	...	...	...	...

* Returns not received.

† The retail price of rice in the interior ranged from 21 to 26½ seers per rupee.

S In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Brahmanbariah 12½ seers, and Chandpore 12 seers.

T In the Aurungabad sub-division the retail price of salt was 13 seers per rupee.

U In the sub-divisions of Sewau and Gopalgunge the retail price of salt was 12 seers per rupee.

V In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Begusarai 11 seers, and Jamui 11½ seers.

Districts of Bengal for the fortnight ending the 31st October 1884.—(Concl'd.)

SEER OF 80 TOLAHS.																		WHOLESALE PRICES PER MAUND OF 40 SEERS.			DISTRICTS.
LESSER MILLET— KAGI OR MURWA AND CHENNA.			MAIZE OR INDIAN- CORN			GRAM.			FIREWOOD.			SALT.			SALT.						
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.				
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.				
...	Chittagong.			
...	11 0	11 0	12 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 0	3 6	3 6	...	Noakholly.			
...	15 10	15 10	18 4	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	12 0	3 4	3 4	3 2	Tipperah.			
...	Chittagong Hill Tracts.			
...	14 0	14 0	14 0	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	11 0	3 4	3 4	3 4	Hill Tipperah.			
BEHAR.																					
...	30 0	30 0	32 0	24 0	24 0	28 0	100 0	100 0	130 0	10 8	10 8	11 0	3 2	3 2	3 0	Patna.			
...	20 0	21 0	20 0	240 0	220 0	160 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	3 4	3 4	3 5	Gya.			
...	Shahabad.			
...	Durbhunga.			
...	Muzafferpoore.			
23 0	24 0	30 0	27 8	26 0	24 0	21 8	21 8	22 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	12 0	12 0	11 0	3 2	3 2	3 5	Sarun.			
...	Chumparan.			
...	31 8	32 8	29 6	22 5	22 1	24 2	126 0	126 0	126 0	13 5	13 1	12 1	2-14-6	2-14-6	3-2-5	Monghyr.			
...	30 4	30 4	26 8	21 7	21 7	22 11	64 0	151 8	151 8	12 10	12 10	12 10	2 15	2-15-6	3 0	Bhagnulpore.			
...	Purneah.			
...	16 0	17 8	20 0	180 0	180 0	160 0	11 8	12 0	12 0	3 4	3-2-6	3 4	Maldah.			
...	28 0	40 0	28 0	16 0	19 0	17 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	11 0	11 0	10 8	3 7	...	...	Sonthal Pergna.		
ORISSA.																					
15 12	15 12	18 6	...	...	...	22 5	22 5	18 6	80 0	80 0	80 0	14 0	14 0	14 0	2 12	2 12	2 12	Cuttack.
...	Pooree.			
...	16 0	14 0	14 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	11 0	11 0	9 2	3 6	3 6	4 2	Balasore.			
CHOTA NAGPORE.																					
30 0	36 0	27 0	24 0	24 0	20 0	16 0	17 0	17 8	240 0	240 0	240 0	10 0	10 0	10 8	3 10	3 6	3 10	Hazareebah.			
...	32 0	34 0	24 0	28 0	30 0	16 0	16 0	14 0	120 0	120 0	100 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	3 10	3 10	4 0	Lohardugga.			
...	12 0	12 0	24 0	160 0	180 0	180 0	9 0	9 0	8 0	4 0	4 0	4 7	Singbhoon.			
...	17 0	17 0	16 0	240 0	240 0	120 0	11 10	11 12	10 12	3 5	3 6	3 10	Manbhoon.			
South-Western Frontier Agency.																					
Z																					

W In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Banka 12 seers, Madhupura 10½ seers, and Soopole 10 seers.

X The retail price of salt at Godia and Rajmehal was 11 seers per rupee.

Y The retail price of salt at Bhuddiack was 9 seers per rupee.

Z The retail price of salt at Khairuckdiha was 12 seers per rupee.

Published for general information.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

WHOLESALE PRICES-CURRENT of Food grains, Firewood, and Sal

Number	MARTS.	PRICES PER MA													
		WHEAT			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			BULRUSH MIL COMBOO BA.	
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.
		R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
1	Calcutta ...	2 4 0	2 4 0	2 9 0	2 0 0	1 14 0	1 15 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	2 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0
2	Serajgunge ...	2 8 0	2 6 0	2 4 0	...	...	...	4 4 0	4 13 0	3 12 0	3 3 0	3 7 0	2 9 0	...	...
3	Dacca ...	2 3 6	2 4 0	2 12 0	1 15 6	2 0 0	2 4 0	3 10 0	3 11 0	2 8 0	3 0 6	3 0 0	2 4 0	...	...
4	Naraingunge	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 2 0	2 15 6	...	2 12 6	2 10 9	...	...	...
5	Chittagong*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Patna	1 13 0	1 13 0	2 0 0	1 8 0	1 8 0	1 4 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 1 3	2 14 0	2 14 0	2 8 0	...	...
7	Balasore ...	2 0 0	2 2 0	2 8 0	3 2 0	3 2 0	...	2 4 0	2 14 0	3 5 6	1 4 0	1 10 0	2 0 0	...	...
8	Pooree*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Cuttack ...	1 14 0	1 14 0	3 0 0	...	...	...	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	2 2 0	2 2 0	1 11 0	...	...

* Return

CALCUTTA,
The 4th November 1884.

the undermentioned *Marts* of Bengal for the fortnight ending 31st October 1884.

OF 40 SEERs.

GREAT MILLET— CHOLU JOWAR			LENNER MILLET— RAGI OR MURWA AND CHEENA.			MAIZE OR INDIAN- CORN.			GRAM.			FIRWOOD.			SALT.			MARTS.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	
3 9 0	3 9 0	1 15 0	...	...	...	1 12 0	1 12 0	1 9 0	2 1 0	2 1 0	2 0 0	0 5 9	0 5 9	0 6 3	2 12 0	2 12 0	2 12 0	Calcutta.
...	2 9 0	2 9 0	2 6 0	...	...	0 6 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	Serajgunge.
...	2 4 0	2 4 0	2 0 0	0 7 0	0 6 0	0 7 0	3 0 0	3 1 0	3 2 0	Dacca.
...	2 4 0	2 6 6	...	0 8 0	0 8 0	...	2 14 0	3 0 0	...	Naraingung.
...	Chittagong.
...	1 4 0	1 4 0	1 4 0	1 9 6	1 9 6	1 7 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	3 2 0	3 2 0	3 0 0	Patna.
...	2 6 0	2 14 0	2 8 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 4 0	3 6 0	3 6 0	4 2 0	Balasore.
...	Pooree.
...	2 5 0	2 5 0	2 0 0	...	...	...	1 10 0	1 10 0	2 0 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	2 12 0	2 12 0	2 12 0	Cuttack.

received.

Published for general information.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Record of the Province of Bengal

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISION.			STATION OBSERVATIONS.															
			AIR PRESSURE.			WIND.		TEMPERATURE.								Average humidity at 10 A. M.		Average cloud amount.
			Mean barometric height, 10 A. M.	Mean reduced to sea-level.	Variation from mean.	Prevailing direction.	Mean wind velocity.	Highest during week.	Lowest during week.	Mean maximum temperature.	Mean minimum temperature of week.	Mean daily temperature of week.	Variation from normal mean of week.	Mean 10 A. M. temperature.				
ORISSA.	Pooree	Gopalpore* ...	29°032	29°082	—	NNW	172	83°0	69°9	81°3	73°3	77°3	—	75°8	76			
	False Point* ...	False Point* ...	29°046	29°068	+°023	NE & NW	136	83°4	64°0	81°5	69°9	75°7	—2°9	78°3	78			
	Cuttack	Cuttack	29°089	29°072	+°020	Calm	24	86°9	64°8	85°3	69°9	77°6	—1°7	78°9	71			
	Balasore	Balasore	29°016	29°076	—	NNE	51	84°0	60°6	82°1	66°5	74°3	—	78°4	73			
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	South-West Midnapore	Saugor Island ...	29°042	29°069	+°015	NNW	206	82°7	67°4	80°0	70°5	75°2	—3°4	77°1	81			
	South 24 Pargunnahs...	Midnapore	29°028	29°091	—	N	83°5	84°8	62°7	82°6	66°7	74°7	—	78°7	70			
	Midnapore	Midnapore	29°028	29°091	—	N	83°5	84°8	62°7	82°6	66°7	74°7	—	78°7	70			
	24 Pargunnahs	Calcutta	29°051	29°073	+°001	N	58	83°1	65°7	80°5	69°2	74°8	—3°4	76°7	77			
	Howrah	Howrah	29°070	29°082	+°010	N & NE	62	84°5	65°4	81°9	69°2	75°6	—3°2	77°0	73			
	Hooghly	Hooghly	29°070	29°082	+°010	N & NE	62	84°5	65°4	81°9	69°2	75°6	—3°2	77°0	73			
	Burdwan	Burdwan	29°070	29°082	+°010	N & NE	62	84°5	65°4	81°9	69°2	75°6	—3°2	77°0	73			
	Bankoora	Bankoora	29°048	—	—	NE & WSW	111	83°5	62°0	80°6	66°1	73°4	—	73°8	76			
	Beerbhoom	Ranigunge	29°048	—	—	NE & WSW	111	83°5	62°0	80°6	66°1	73°4	—	73°8	76			
	West Burdwan	West Burdwan	29°048	—	—	NE & WSW	111	83°5	62°0	80°6	66°1	73°4	—	73°8	76			
	Moorshedabad	Berhampore ...	29°015	29°083	+°024	NW	79°8	83°6	66°7	80°1	68°9	74°5	—4°2	76°4	81			
	Nuddea	Nuddea	Observatory not started.															
EAST BENGAL.	Jessore	Jessore	29°041	29°075	+°026	NW	79	84°2	66°5	80°9	69°8	75°4	—3°6	77°7	81			
	Khoolna	Khoolna	29°087	29°079	+°032	NE	58	83°1	67°0	79°2	69°4	74°3	—4°4	76°1	90			
	Chittagong	Chittagong	29°087	29°079	+°032	NE	58	83°1	67°0	79°2	69°4	74°3	—4°4	76°1	90			
	Chittagong Hill Tracts...	Demagiri	Observations not received.															
	Backergunge	Barrisal	29°037	—	—	N	46°5	83°6	61°5	78°8	63°3	73°6	—	77°0	64			
	Noakholly	Noakholly	29°033	29°077	—	Calm	Reject-ed.	83°0	64°4	81°0	69°1	75°1	—	77°7	80			
	Furreedpore	Furreedpore ...	29°039	—	—	NE	74°9	82°5	66°9	80°8	70°0	75°4	—	78°1	79			
	Dacca	Dacca	30°052	29°075	+°045	NE	69	87°3	66°5	81°2	63°5	74°9	—4°3	73°6	83			
	Commillah	Commillah	29°038	29°074	—	NW	53°2	84°9	64°8	81°5	63°2	74°9	—	76°1	86			
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh ...	29°095	—	—	ENE	116	87°3	68°1	85°2	74°5	79°9	—	79°0	76			
	Bogra and Pubna ...	Serajgunge	29°037	29°084	—	NNE	85°7	83°2	64°8	80°0	67°3	73°7	—	76°1	83			
	Rajshahye	Rampore Beaulah ...	29°031	29°056	—	NNW	94°3	80°6	60°7	77°2	64°6	70°9	—	76°9	77			
NORTH BENGAL.	Dinagopore	Dinagopore	29°058	29°081	—	NE	124°1	84°6	64°7	81°6	67°6	74°6	—	77°2	70			
	Rungpore	Rungpore	29°070	30°004	—	NNE	96	84°3	61°6	81°2	65°7	73°4	—	76°5	79			
	Julpigoree	Julpigoree	29°715	30°009	—	E	117°5	83°9	62°1	80°7	64°5	72°0	—	76°4	75			
	Cooch Behar	Cooch Behar	29°715	30°009	—	E	117°5	83°9	62°1	80°7	64°5	72°0	—	76°4	75			
	Darjeeling Hill Districts	Darjeeling	23°079	—	—	Calm	36	58°6	42°7	57°7	43°8	50°6	—	52°3	85			
	Purneah	Purneah	29°062	29°091	+°010	Calm	24	86°2	62°9	83°3	61°3	74°3	—2°2	76°2	63			
	North Bhagulpore ...	North Bhagulpore ...	29°062	29°091	+°010	Calm	24	86°2	62°9	83°3	61°3	74°3	—2°2	76°2	63			
	Mosufferpore	Mosufferpore ...	Observations not recorded.															
	Durbhunga	Durbhunga	29°037	30°010	+°041	WNW	110	83°4	65°4	80°5	67°8	73°9	—2°9	74°9	81			
	Chumparun	Motihari	29°767	30°000	—	E & NW	108°4	84°6	59°4	81°8	62°5	72°2	—	76°3	69			
	Sarun	Chupra	29°004	—	—	Variable	51°7	87°5	64°1	92°4	66°1	74°3	—	75°7	77			
	SOUTH BENGAL.	Dehree	Dehree	29°026	29°091	—	WNW & SSW	293°4	83°5	62°0	79°3	66°4	72°9	—	74°6	76		
Shahabad		Buxar	29°748	29°097	—	N & W	Out of order.	84°9	62°9	81°1	65°0	73°1	—	77°5	66			
Arrah		Arrah	29°784	29°086	—	WSW & NW	32°0	80°8	62°9	81°0	65°0	73°0	—	75°6	78			
Gya		Gya	29°591	29°070	?	W	55	86°5	59°2	82°0	63°0	72°5	—4°3	76°4	69			
Patna		Bankipore	29°830	30°019	+°039	N & SW	55	86°9	64°8	80°1	66°8	73°5	—2°6	75°0	77			
South Bhagulpore ...		Bhagulpore	29°810	29°070	—	NNW	57	82°4	62°5	80°1	66°6	73°4	—	77°1	72			
Moughyr		Moughyr	29°810	29°070	—	NNW	57	82°4	62°5	80°1	66°6	73°4	—	77°1	72			
Southal Pargunnahs ...		Doonka	29°469	—	—	NW	100°5	81°6	61°0	79°4	65°5	72°5	—	75°0	85			
Hazaribagh		Hazaribagh	27°053	30°000	+°012	NNW	176	78°9	56°8	75°3	61°1	68°2	—3°5	71°0	67			
Lohardugga		Lohardugga	27°629	29°091	—	—	—	82°5	52°3	77°4	58°4	67°9	—	71°3	67			
Manbhoom		Manbhoom	27°629	29°091	—	—	—	82°5	52°3	77°4	58°4	67°9	—	71°3	67			
Singbhoom		Chyebassa	29°143	—	—	NNW	45°6	87°2	60°0	84°4	64°8	74°6	—	79°1	69			

* Means for six days.
Explanation.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical averages or means of the readings during the The humidity of the atmosphere is expressed as a percentage, saturated air being represented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky by 100. The normal means of rainfall are the numerical means or averages of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the gauging stations.

for the week ending Friday, the 31st of October 1884.

Rainfall of week at observing stations.	DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS.										Representative station.	DISTRICT.	METEOROLOGICAL DIVISION.
	RAINFALL.												
	Of week.		Since 1st of month.			Since 15th May.			Average number of rainy days.	Normal number of rainy days.			
	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.					
Nil		—		—			—				Gopalpore	Poorce	ORISSA.
4'50	2'08	1'74	9'02	8'08	+0'94	49'41	55'05	—5'64	1'0	1'8	False Point	Cuttack	
0'59	0'07	1'35	3'38	6'36	—2'98	47'65	51'25	—3'60	1'0	1'3	Cuttack	Balasore	
0'38	0'39	0'98	5'73	5'61	+0'12	56'09	52'38	+3'71	1'0	1'0	Balasore	South-West Midnapore	
5'03	4'34	1'82	10'93	8'15	+2'78	69'59	60'95	+8'64	2'3	1'3	Saugor Island	South 24-Pergunnahs	SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.
2'15	1'65	0'82	4'33	4'65	—0'32	43'01	40'52	—6'51	1'0	0'9	Midnapore	24-Pergunnahs	
1'37	0'91	0'84	3'32	4'44	—1'12	49'03	50'41	—1'39	1'5	1'0	Calcutta	Howrah	
1'32	1'52	0'84	2'84	4'30	—1'46	35'91	45'79	—9'88	2'0	1'1	Burdwan	Hooghly	
2'20	1'89	0'40	5'13	3'81	+1'32	38'97	50'71	—11'74	1'7	0'5	Ranigunge	Burdwan	SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.
1'86	0'64	0'23	3'63	4'37	—0'74	35'42	49'28	—13'86	1'6	0'4	Herhampore	Bankoora	
5'10	1'94	0'70	3'77	4'31	—0'54	30'42	48'84	—12'52	1'5	1'1	.....	Heerbhoom
6'09	2'32	0'80	4'80	4'42	+0'38	52'84	52'48	+0'36	1'9	1'3	Jessore	West Burdwan	
4'13	0'37	1'48	7'80	6'66	+1'14	103'41	110'38	—6'97	3'0	1'4	Chittagong	Moorshedabad	EAST BENGAL.
2'53	3'46	1'41	5'99	7'98	—1'99	60'25	84'00	—23'75	3'0	1'4	Demagiri	Nudda	
2'30	3'04	0'04	8'19	5'47	+2'72	78'97	75'27	+3'70	2'0	1'4	Harrisal	Jessore	
1'80	2'65	0'81	7'31	6'53	—0'78	87'62	107'85	—20'23	2'5	1'1	Noakholly	Khoolna	
6'03	1'68	0'57	3'22	4'62	—1'40	43'25	55'49	—12'24	2'3	1'3	Furreedpore	Chittagong Hill Tracts	NORTH BENGAL.
2'96	1'80	0'61	3'86	4'67	—0'81	47'04	53'00	—10'96	2'3	1'0	Dacca	Noakholly	
4'61	4'26	0'59	6'50	5'45	+1'05	62'35	70'21	—7'86	2'5	1'1	Commilla	Furreedpore	
1'91	2'13	0'73	4'06	5'26	—1'20	45'45	68'15	—22'70	3'0	1'0	Mymensingh	Dacca	
0'29	2'40	0'28	4'85	4'83	+0'02	37'50	55'33	—17'77	2'3	0'6	Serajgunge	Commilla	NORTH BENGAL.
0'30	1'17	0'62	4'84	4'74	+0'10	34'05	52'87	—18'82	2'7	0'8	Rampore Beaulah	Mymensingh	
0'12	0'02	0'52	4'67	4'01	+0'66	58'74	56'29	—17'55	2'3	0'2	Dinagopore	Bogra and Pubna	
0'48	0'87	0'75	5'88	5'43	+0'45	49'70	76'28	—25'58	1'8	0'5	Rungpore	Rajshahye	
1'22	0'53	0'90	9'49	6'81	+2'68	95'25	113'78	—18'53	1'4	0'8	Julpigoree	Dinagopore	NORTH BENGAL.
1'08	1'55	3'13	9'76	9'37	+0'39	113'61	151'80	—38'19	1'0	1'0	Darjeeling	Rungpore	
1'18	2'00	0'91	8'42	3'53	+4'89	46'19	57'53	—11'34	2'2	0'6	Purneah	Julpigoree	
4'14	3'64	0'55	5'13	3'01	+2'12	34'70	42'05	—7'35	1'8	0'6	Durbhunga	Cooch Behar	
0'75	0'52	0'18	1'43	4'67	—3'14	41'80	43'86	—2'06	1'7	0'2	Motihari	Darjeeling Hill Districts	NORTH BENGAL.
1'44	1'14	0'80	1'74	3'57	—1'83	30'52	40'55	—10'03	2'5	0'8	Chupra	Purneah	
0'90	1'41	0'71	3'06	3'16	—0'10	29'10	38'74	—9'64	1'8	0'8	Buxar	North Bhagulpore	
0'48	2'31	0'35	3'10	2'55	+0'55	27'75	39'35	—11'00	2'0	0'6	Gya	Mosufferpore	
1'08	2'83	0'78	3'59	3'25	+0'34	28'98	40'11	—11'13	2'0	0'9	Bankipore	Mosufferpore	SOUTH BENGAL.
0'65	1'49	0'89	4'15	3'11	+1'04	29'82	41'68	—11'86	2'0	0'8	Bhagulpore	Durbhunga	
0'84	0'55	0'79	5'03	3'72	+1'31	33'44	43'40	—14'96	2'2	0'5	Doomka	Chumpanan	
0'58	0'61	0'37	2'21	2'63	—0'42	34'37	40'13	—11'76	2'3	0'8	Hasaribagh	Saran	
0'27	0'82	0'54	2'06	2'99	—0'93	36'99	46'73	—9'74	1'8	0'9	Ranchoe	Shahabad	NORTH BENGAL.
0'23	0'09	0'83	1'51	2'06	—1'45	44'07	50'70	—6'63	1'0	1'6	Chyebassa	Manucom	
												Singunoom	Manucom

period for the past ten years. The variations are *negative* when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and *positive* when greater. by 10. The number denoting cloud amount represents the part of the sky covered, the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head "district observations" for the period in question during the past 12 years. The means for the "district" are the numerical averages of the rainfall returns received day is one on which at least an hundredth of an inch fell.

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Friday (6 p.m.), the 31st October 1884.

Chronological vision.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL.							TOTAL.		Total rain- fall from 1st to 31st October 1884.	Average total rain- fall from 1st to 31st October.	Total rain- fall since 15th May 1884.	Average rainfall from 15th May to date.
			Saturday, 25th October.	Sunday, 26th October.	Monday, 27th October.	Tuesday, 28th October.	Wednesday, 29th October.	Thursday, 30th October.	Friday, 31st October.	Number of rainy days.	of Rainfall week.				
N-WEST WAL.	Pooree	Pooree	4.42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	4.42	17.13	8.82	58.82	50.04
		Khurdah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1.32	3.72	7.40	50.14	50.87
		Banpur	1.32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1.32	4.14	5.01	30.81	49.56
		Salso Point	1.32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1.35	11.10	11.10	51.85	63.95
		Hookitola	1.35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1.35	7.02	?	30.83	?
	Outlack	Jagatsingapore	0.30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0.50	4.81	7.27	51.40	45.52
		Banki	0.61	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0.61	2.06	?	47.11	?
		Outlack	0.71	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0.71	2.10	5.97	50.03	55.38
		Kendrapara	0.70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0.70	3.45	6.57	40.65	52.31
		Jajpore	0.78	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0.78	3.74	6.00	44.92	52.20
	Balasore	Chandball	0.50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0.50	10.05	6.10	50.06	51.93
		Bhuddruck	0.52	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0.52	9.84	4.03	59.20	40.90
		Sorah	0.44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0.44	5.10	6.10	43.25	50.98
		Balasore	0.32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0.32	4.48	7.07	67.60	55.89
		Jellasore	0.15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0.15	1.71	5.20	50.50	52.89
	Midnapore	Baripodah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	4.30	?	52.71	?
		Contai	7.84	0.20	0.10	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	8.14	10.04	8.78	66.85	61.22
		Saugor Island	3.71	0.23	0.58	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	4.52	12.88	9.84	75.64	64.28
		Tumlook	2.40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	2.40	4.40	6.00	45.00	40.50
		Midnapore	1.50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1.50	4.80	5.07	40.15	46.85
	24-Pargunnah	Ghatatal	1.05	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1.05	3.81	3.81	37.83	52.11
		Diamond Har- bour.	0.30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0.30	3.89	5.85	60.20	57.42
		Alipore Jail	0.60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0.60	3.58	4.63	57.84	53.53
		Barrackpore	0.85	.....	0.10	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	0.95	3.80	3.54	47.80	47.27
		Dum-Dum	0.50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0.50	2.44	4.74	5.48	50.19
	Howrah	Baraset	0.50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0.50	2.35	4.60	41.63	48.24
		Buseerhat	1.45	0.25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1.70	4.25	4.44	50.30	52.43
		Howrah	1.27	0.02	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1.29	3.74	4.04	40.02	50.53
		Moherreka (Oolobersah.)	0.50	.....	0.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	0.50	3.85	5.74	40.49	51.27
	Hooghly	Serampore	0.78	.....	0.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	0.87	4.10	4.03	56.75	48.58
		Hooghly	0.69	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0.69	1.76	4.45	40.23	46.87
		Jehanabad	1.29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1.29	3.14	4.04	34.24	54.29
	Burdwan	Culina	0.87	0.03	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	0.88	1.98	4.18	36.70	42.90
		Burdwan	1.02	0.05	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1.07	1.06	4.46	35.42	47.30
		Cutwa	2.47	0.15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2.62	4.61	4.28	35.73	46.83
		Raneegunge	0.70	0.05	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	0.81	3.93	3.50	40.01	46.37
	Bankoora	Bankoora	1.70	0.04	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1.74	0.75	4.15	54.86	49.70
		Bishenpore	1.53	0.08	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1.61	4.28	2.93	34.48	48.07
		Mahara	3.04	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	3.04	5.31	4.78	34.20	47.89
		Khutra	2.76	0.13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2.89	0.51	4.03	40.25	54.95
	Heerbhoom	Bh. Soory	0.08	0.11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	0.70	3.64	3.73	43.66	51.34
		Hetampore	0.96	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0.96	2.42	2.04	51.80	51.80
	Nuddea	Bongong	1.70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1.70	4.44	4.40	35.90	50.86
		Banaghat	1.94	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1.94	4.16	3.80	54.04	46.01
		Kishnaghat	0.49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0.49	2.06	4.41	29.72	45.70
		Choodanga	2.24	0.15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2.39	4.04	4.37	37.44	50.55
		Meherpore	2.65	0.19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2.84	3.96	3.74	34.73	46.78
S-BENGAL	Koolna	Koolna	2.04	0.20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2.23	3.35	4.74	41.51	53.73
		Satkira	3.42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	3.42	7.53	4.56	62.47	52.60
		Bagirhat	1.3	1.05	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2.28	6.14	5.17	67.00	59.20
		Koolna	1.52	0.70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2.22	3.75	4.54	64.04	53.70
	Jessore	Narail	1.62	0.33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1.95	2.32	4.00	31.74	47.29
		Jessore	2.30	0.25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2.55	5.34	4.53	51.63	52.61
		Jhemidah	1.30	0.40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1.70	3.02	4.00	48.80	53.22
		Magourah	1.80	0.30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2.10	2.90	3.80	44.06	48.39
	Moorsheadabad	Kandi	0.20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0.20	5.05	3.60	35.62	50.32
		Rampore Haut	0.27	0.09	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	0.36	2.11	4.05	33.12	50.26
		Berhampore	0.79	0.24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1.02	4.51	32.64	50.98	50.98
		Lalbagh	0.79	0.18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	0.97	3.74	4.49	34.95	47.65
		Azimungunge	0.85	0.17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1.02	2.90	5.31	39.04	49.45
	Chittagong	Jungipore	0.21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0.21	3.43	3.73	32.42	47.24
		Lalga	0.68	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0.68	2.06	4.87	30.20	40.23
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Cox's Bazar	2.57	3.86	0.80	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	7.23	8.90	7.02	136.27	130.18
		Chittagong	2.30	0.47	2.64	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	5.50	6.77	6.09	80.53	90.37
		Ranjamati	1.83	0.63	1.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	3.46	5.80	7.98	00.25	84.00
		Reicha	1.90	1.05	0.47	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	3.42	6.36	5.68	52.77	62.70
		Agarola	3.30	0.95	0.19	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	4.44	6.36	5.68	52.77	62.70
	Backergunge	Patuakhally	2.00	0.80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2.80	7.00	6.25	78.20	80.37
		Petropore	2.75	0.82	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	3.57	11.80	5.81	77.53	87.52
		Burrisal	2.80	0.71	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	3.51	6.94	4.93	76.21	86.31
		Bhola	2.17	0.32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2.49	7.03	4.92	83.94	81.90
	Noakholly	Noakholly	1.56	1.04	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2.60	9.07	6.91	88.72	108.65
		Fenny	1.83	0.58	0.28	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	2.69	4.68	0.18	80.50	100.00
	Furreedpore	Madaripore	2.25	0.55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2.80	4.01	4.53	46.06	55.45
		Furreedpore	1.05	0.41	0.04	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	1.50	3.22	4.33	47.12	57.53
		Gaulundo	0.90	0.65	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1.55	2.34	4.98	37.37	53.54
	Dacca	Munshingunge	2.28	0.20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2.48	5.50	5.82	55.50	70.84
		Dacca	1.12	0.40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1.52	3.40	4.15	41.99	58.58
		Naraingunge	1.52	0.34	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1.86	5.83	?	45.79	?
		Mamukgunge	1.04	0.28	0.09	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	1.41	3.71	4.03	45.63	48.75
	Comilla	Comilla	3.27	2.45	0.47	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	6.19	8.79	4.12	74.81	74.40
		Chandpore	2.60	0.45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	3.05	5.05	7.15	39.45	84.05
		Brahmunberia	2.10	1.15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	3.26	6.23	4.92	62.34	61.24
	Mymensingh	Kishoregunge	0.52	0.84	0.51	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	1.87	5.55	5.13	28.51	70.86
		Ara	1.85	0.55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2.40	2.80	5.13	28.51	57.84
		Mymensingh	1.75	0.01	0.21	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	2.87	4.74	5.90	61.11	74.78
		Jamalpore	0.65	2.85	0.32	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	3.82	4.77	5.22	41.70	66.20
		Netrokona	2.10	0.09	1.15	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	4.24	6.82	?	68.81	?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Friday (6 p.m.), the 31st October 1884—concluded.

Meteorological division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL.							TOTAL.		Total rainfall from 1st to 24th October 1884.	Average total rainfall from 1st to 24th October.	Total rainfall since 15th May 1884.	Average rainfall from 15th May to date.
			Saturday, 25th October.	Sunday, 26th October.	Monday, 27th October.	Tuesday, 28th October.	Wednesday, 29th October.	Thursday, 30th October.	Friday, 31st October.	Number of rainy days.	of Rainfall week.				
NORTH BENGAL	Pubna	Pubna	2'23	0'67	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2'90	5'30	4'69	42'34	53'78
		Seraingunge	3'47	1'38	0'22	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	5'07	6'07	4'46	40'13	51'93
	Rogra	Sherpore	0'51	0'70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1'21	5'20	4'58	38'76	60'85
		Nowkhilla	0'57	1'05	0'07	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	2'59	4'41	5'56	37'64	54'33
		Rogra	0'22	0'78	0'04	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	1'00	2'16	4'41	37'79	60'81
		Panchbibi	0'18	0'62	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	0'76	5'28	4'58	39'97	53'21
	Rajshahye	Beaulah	1'20	0'52	0'12	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	1'74	3'41	4'89	33'99	53'39
		Natore	1'00	0'60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1'60	3'83	4'80	36'16	55'09
		Nowgong	0'41	1'35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1'70	5'23	?	41'77	?
	Maldah	Maldah	0'10	0'14	0'03	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	0'27	7'08	4'46	33'81	50'31
	Dinagore	Mohadebpore	0'13	0'30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	0'43	3'23	2'64	33'98	58'57
		Churamon	0'07	0'42	0'09	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	0'58	4'88	3'04	41'01	49'55
		Kaungunge	.....	1'01	0'16	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1'17	5'92	3'79	42'29	54'31
		Dinagore	0'07	0'24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	0'31	4'81	5'69	34'03	63'75
	Rungpore	Baloorghat	0'05	0'22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	0'27	4'30	?	37'72	?
		Bhawaniungunge (Gyabanda)	.....	1'18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1'18	3'00	5'60	44'37	62'88
		Rungpore	0'07	0'15	0'03	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	0'25	4'67	5'92	56'57	74'19
		Kurigram	.....	0'89	.....	0'12	.....	.....	.....	2	1'01	6'61	4'95	48'87	73'97
	Julpore	Bagdola (Niphamari)	.....	1'03	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1'03	9'15	5'33	45'99	90'45
		Julpore	.....	0'35	0'08	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	0'43	5'35	5'94	101'56	115'82
	Cooch Behar	Dinhatia	0'04	0'41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	0'45	10'37	7'51	81'38	98'78
		Cooch Behar	.....	0'56	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0'56	13'92	5'21	119'02	118'37
		Mickligunge	.....	0'70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0'70	7'02	6'81	84'74	110'23
		Matlabhanga	.....	0'49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0'49	10'76	9'57	86'55	125'75
	Darjeeling Hill.	Buxa	.....	0'20	0'50	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	0'70	8'07	11'12	131'09	195'73
		Siliguri	0'01	0'44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	0'45	8'17	7'62	85'43	?
		Darjeeling	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1'86	9'39	?	64'29	?
	Purneah	Kissengunge	0'10	0'95	0'11	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	1'16	7'94	3'85	63'75	68'87
		Arratoon	.....	1'10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1'10	6'71	3'50	61'62	63'68
		Purneah	0'02	1'03	0'13	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	1'18	8'86	3'95	46'39	60'55
	North Bhagulpore.	Maddapore	0'15	3'97	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	4'12	10'74	4'19	37'86	49'28
		Soopool	.....	2'22	0'20	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2'42	7'81	2'56	29'29	49'23
	Durbhunga	Tajpore	0'67	5'36	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	6'03	7'02	2'02	33'77	40'12
		Durbhunga	0'35	3'71	0'08	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	4'14	6'98	2'70	30'33	44'15
		Madhubani	.....	2'94	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	2'04	3'98	2'00	40'02	42'95
	Mozufferpore	Sitamari	.....	1'14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1'14	3'22	2'55	36'93	39'72
		Mozufferpore	0'52	2'50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	3'02	4'94	3'43	32'43	44'36
		Hajipore	1'42	3'13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	4'55	4'98	4'18	34'03	40'95
	Chumparun	Motihari	0'04	0'66	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	0'70	0'97	3'58	41'51	41'11
		Bettiah	.....	0'26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0'26	0'84	3'41	44'53	47'43
	Sarun	Gopalgunge	0'20	0'40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	0'60	2'69	6'71	39'38	43'55
		Sawan	0'06	0'74	0'01	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	0'81	1'84	3'98	24'73	34'30
		Chuprah	0'84	0'63	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1'47	1'63	3'15	32'28	37'88
SOUTH BENGAL	Shahabad	Buxa	0'19	0'19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	0'38	5'34	3'08	28'58	37'32
		Delirue	0'16	0'75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	0'90	3'93	?	31'27	?
		Bhuboosh	.....	1'70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1'70	2'20	3'13	28'94	40'00
		Basseram	1'40	0'80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2'20	3'13	3'42	34'04	39'89
	Arrah	Arrah	0'85	0'50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1'35	1'67	2'81	24'21	37'89
		Aurangabad	1'23	0'67	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1'90	2'30	2'57	35'23	39'90
		Gya	0'86	0'82	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1'68	2'04	2'43	24'96	40'64
	Nowadah	Nowadah	0'34	0'55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	0'89	3'09	2'45	21'52	33'69
		Jehanabad	2'85	2'20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	4'85	4'95	2'93	27'20	38'46
	Patna	Patna	0'88	2'98	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	3'86	4'17	3'85	29'84	40'49
		Dinapore	0'50	2'00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2'50	2'86	3'09	36'25	38'91
		Behar	1'38	0'74	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2'04	2'42	3'37	18'05	41'07
		Barrh	1'80	1'10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2'90	4'95	3'27	31'63	39'27
	Monghyr	Begoozerai	0'34	0'74	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1'08	3'01	3'07	25'30	35'34
		Monghyr	1'28	1'50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2'78	5'38	3'48	31'43	40'03
		Jamui	0'52	0'95	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1'47	2'35	2'35	35'70	41'41
	South Bhagulpore.	Bhagulpore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	0'84	5'90	3'27	25'68	39'33
		Banua	0'10	0'54	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	0'64	5'90	3'39	25'68	43'43
	Sonthal Pergunnahs.	Rajmahal	0'12	0'53	0'03	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	0'68	5'81	3'31	32'47	48'35
		Gouda	0'80	0'22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1'02	0'28	3'03	25'11	45'66
		Pakour	0'21	0'07	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	0'28	5'43	4'32	34'92	51'67
		Nya Doomka	0'08	0'09	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	0'17	3'67	4'60	23'90	53'31
		Deognur	0'16	0'19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	0'35	3'90	4'53	31'11	43'37
		Jamuiara	0'37	0'40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	0'77	5'08	2'47	47'13	45'05
MUTIA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh	Pachamba	0'42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0'42	2'72	3'13	24'55	45'43
		Hazaribagh	0'18	0'23	0'05	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	0'44	2'01	2'05	35'03	46'00
		Semtagurah	0'35	0'42	0'10	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	0'96	2'23	2'19	35'44	47'33
	Lohardugga	Lohardugga	0'08	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0'08	0'88	?	41'44	?
		Ranchi	0'09	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0'09	3'35	2'81	49'01	50'46
		Palamow	0'90	0'10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1'00	1'30	2'46	29'07	41'39
	Singbhoom	Chyobama	0'09	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	0'09	1'61	2'97	44'07	50'70
	Manbhoom	Puruis	0'62	0'53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1'15	2'15	3'10	38'25	48'95
		Godnapore	0'42	0'03	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1'05	3'64	3'57	30'15	46'13

Explanation.—Indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, the corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns wanting, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL DURING THE WEEK ENDING THE 31st OCTOBER 1884.

THE meteorology of the Province at the commencement of the week under review was dependent upon a disturbance the formation of which was briefly described in last week's report. The disturbance, as measured by the depression of the barometer, was small and extended over a large area. The air motion was comparatively feeble near the earth's surface. The rapid drift of the clouds and the amount of vapour brought up into the Province and deposited as rain indicated that the disturbance was very considerable, and the air motion large, in the higher atmospheric strata. It gave general and moderately heavy rain on the last day of the previous week to the whole of the coast districts, including Orissa, South-West and East Bengal. The rainfall extended over the whole Province excepting the northern districts of North Bengal and the adjacent districts of North Behar on the 25th, the first day of the week under review. It was distinctly heaviest in the divisions bordering on the coast, and several stations in South-West and East Bengal received large amounts. The rainfall extended over the whole of the interior of the Province on the 26th, and ceased in Orissa and the adjacent districts of South-West Bengal. The largest amounts fell in the northern and central districts of Behar, where a considerable number of stations received rainfalls varying from two to four inches in amount.

The supply of aqueous vapour brought up by the disturbance was now apparently exhausted. A few light sporadic showers fell on the 27th, but the disturbance rapidly passed away, and fine dry cool weather, with light northerly to westerly winds, was established over the whole Province again on the 28th, and continued during the remainder of the week. The disturbance hence lasted from the 23rd to the 26th, and gave abundant rain to every part of the Province, with the exception of portions of the Singhbhum, Cuttack and Balasore districts, and the more northerly districts of North Bengal (including Dinagenore, Rungpore, Cooch Behar, and Julpigoree) which received amounts differing slightly from the normal of the period.

East Bengal received an average of 3·2 inches, or four times the normal amount, ·8 inch; North Behar received an average of 2·2 inches, or slightly less than four times its normal, ·6 inch; South-West Bengal and South Behar each obtained an average of 1·6 inches, or slightly more than twice their normal amounts ·7 inch. North Bengal received an average of 1·2 inches, Chutia Nagpur ·6 inch, and Orissa 1·1 inch, their respective normal amounts being ·7 inch, 1·3 inches and ·5 inch.

The rainfall of the month, which has occurred during two periods of disturbance of somewhat unusual character, in the first and last weeks of the month, is above the average in nearly all districts of Bengal, Behar and Chutia Nagpur. The excess is greatest proportionately in North Behar, and least in Chutia Nagpur. There is a slight deficiency (less than 20 per cent.) in Orissa.

Pressure was considerably above the average at the end of the last week under review except in Orissa. The low pressure in Orissa was due to the existence of a large but diffused cyclonic disturbance which formed in the Bay off the Orissa and Ganjam coasts. Pressure fell rapidly over the whole Province until Sunday morning. This was due partly to the further development of the disturbance, and partly to its northward march into South-West Bengal. Pressure was '11" below the normal of the day on Sunday morning at Calcutta, where the deficiency was greatest on that day.

Pressure increased very rapidly during the next 24 hours, and was from '03" to '08" above the normal on Monday morning. The depression had hence filled up during this interval, and the disturbance disappeared completely before the evening. During the remainder of the week the movements of the barometer were small in amount and of no importance. The mean pressure of the week was slightly above the normal at all stations. The excess averaged '01" in Chutia Nagpur, '02" in Orissa and South-West Bengal, and '04" in East Bengal and Central Behar.

Temperature was unusually low during the week. This was partly due to the disturbance at the commencement of the week, which reduced temperature in all parts of the Province, but most largely in South Behar. The mean temperature of the 26th was 8° below the normal mean in South Behar.

During the remainder of the week the variations from the mean were smaller. The night or minimum temperatures, as usual in November, diminished more rapidly than the day temperature.

The following table gives the minimum temperatures registered last week and during the previous week at eight stations for comparison:—

		Lowest temperature of week ending 31st October.	Lowest temperature of week ending 24th October.	Difference.
Ranchee	...	52·8	62·7	10·4
Hazaribagh	...	56·8	61·8	5·0
Motihari	...	59·4	61·3	1·9
Burdwan	...	65·4	71·4	6·0
Balasore	...	60·6	70·9	10·3
Calcutta	...	65·7	71·2	5·5
Rungpore	...	61·6	66·6	5·0
Dacca	...	66·5	68·6	2·3

The mean temperature of the week was 2½° below the normal mean in Orissa and North

Behar, and northerly winds in Bengal. Light, but steady, cool dry winds prevailed generally until the 29th, after which the winds were variable, local, and very light. This was due apparently to slight disturbance beyond the limits of the Province, partly in Upper India, and partly in the Bay.

Rainfall.—The rainfall of the week occurred during the disturbance which commenced on the 23rd, and passed away on the 27th, after which dry weather with clear skies obtained over the whole Province. It was stated in last week's report that rain fell generally and in moderately large amounts on the 23rd or 24th in Orissa, South-West Bengal and the greater part of East Bengal. General rain was received on the 24th, the first day of the week under review, over the whole of Orissa, South-West Bengal, East and North Bengal (excepting the Northern districts including Dinagepore, Rungpore, Julpigoree, and Cooch Behar,) Chutia Nagpur, South Behar, and the western districts of North Behar. The rainfall was fairly distributed, but was distinctly heaviest in Orissa, South-West and East Bengal. The following amounts exceeding three inches were registered at 6 P.M. :—

Station.	District.	Rainfall.
Contai	Midnapore	7.84
Poorce	Pooree	4.42
Saugor Island	24-Pergunnahs	3.71
Serajgunj	Pubna	3.47
Satkhira	Khoolna	3.42
Agartola	Chittagong Hill Tracts	3.30
Commilla	Commilla	3.27
Maliara	Bankoora	3.04

No rain fell on the 24th over Orissa and the greater part of South-West Bengal, and the south districts of Chutia Nagpur. The remainder of the Province received general rain, which was heavy over the greater part of Behar, moderate in North and East Bengal, and light in Chutia Nagpur and the Sonthal Pergunnahs. The following amounts exceeding 3 inches were registered at 6 P.M. :—

Station.	District.	Rainfall.
Tajpur	Durbhunga	5.36
Muddapur	Bhagulpore	3.97
Cox's Bazar	Chittagong	3.86
Durbhunga	Durbhunga	3.71
Hajipore	Mozufferpore	3.13

A few light local showers fell on the 27th, chiefly in East and North Bengal and North Behar. No rain occurred in any part of the Province during the remainder of the week.

Every district of East Bengal and South-West Bengal received abundant rain during the week. In North Bengal the rainfall was considerably in excess in the south-eastern districts of Bogra and Pubna, which shared the abundant rain that fell in East Bengal. It was slightly in excess in the central and south-western districts. Julpigoree, Cooch Behar, and Darjeeling, on the other hand, received barely 50 per cent. of the normal fall of the week.

In Behar, every district, except the Sonthal Pergunnahs, received a larger rainfall than the normal. The Durbhunga, Gya and Patua districts obtained by far the largest amounts averaging from four to six times the normal fall of the week. Over the greater part of Chutia Nagpur the rainfall was slightly in excess, but was below it in the Balasore, Cuttack and Singhbhum districts. Hence the rainfall of the week was most abundant in those districts of Behar, Central and East Bengal, where it was most deficient in the preceding monsoon months.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the Province for the week ending Friday, the 31st October 1884 :—

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISIONS.	TEMPERATURE.						RAINFALL.									
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Averages for week.			Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Of week.			Rainy days.			Since 1st of month.		Since 15th May.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	86.9	60.0	82.5	69.9	76.2	-2.3	1.09	1.30	-0.21	1.0	1.3	-0.3	6.50	6.53	51.89	52.81
South-West Bengal	84.8	62.0	80.9	68.6	74.8	-3.6	1.05	0.72	+0.93	1.7	0.9	+0.8	4.43	4.50	44.45	50.73
East Bengal	37.3	61.5	81.1	69.7	75.4	-4.4	3.17	0.79	+2.38	2.5	1.2	+1.3	5.01	5.55	63.13	74.03
North Bengal	84.6	60.7	80.1	66.0	73.1	-	1.17	0.67	+0.50	2.1	0.6	+1.5	6.04	5.20	63.12	72.24
North Behar	87.5*	59.4*	82.0*	65.3*	73.7*	-2.6*	2.23	0.62	+1.61	2.0	0.5	+1.5	5.04	3.53	39.10	47.03
South Behar	86.9	59.2	80.4	66.5	73.0	-3.4	1.58	0.72	+0.86	2.0	0.7	+1.3	3.87	3.21	30.11	42.29
Chutia Nagpur	82.5†	62.3†	76.4†	59.3†	68.1†	-3.5†	0.65	0.50	+0.15	1.9	0.9	+1.0	2.43	2.82	36.51	40.95

* Mozufferpore not included.

† Chyebassa not included.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 26th October to 1st November 1884.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 33° Fahr.	TEMPERATURE.				HYGROMETRY.				WIND.		Rain.	WEATHER.
					Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Prevailing direction.	Miles recorded.		
1884.		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%.			Inches.	
Oct.	26th	140°0	2°0	29°805	76°4	81°1	8°9	72°2	74°3	0°822	73°8	91	WNW and calm ...	43	Nil.	Chiefly cloudy, o.
"	27th	146°7	9°5	28°1	74°2	80°5	9°8	70°7	70°5	°698	68°5	83	NW and calm ...	43	"	Chiefly cloudy.
"	28th	147°4	11°2	29°49	75°0	83°1	14°4	68°7	70°3	°701	68°6	82	N by W and calm ...	40	"	Chiefly cloudy, d.
"	29th	139°1	10°3	29°33	74°3	82°6	15°9	66°7	68°4	°616	64°8	74	NW by W and calm	40	"	Chiefly clear, d.
"	30th	139°8	11°0	29°22	74°0	82°3	16°4	65°9	68°6	629	65°5	76	NNE and calm ...	58	"	Chiefly clear, d.
"	31st	148°7	2°8	29°12	74°8	81°2	13°4	67°8	70°2	°679	67°7	79	N by E and calm ...	37	"	Chiefly cloudy, d.
Nov.	1st	137°6	4°1	28°21	76°8	83°1	9°2	73°9	73°0	°769	71°0	82	NNE and calm ...	91	0°01	Chiefly cloudy, o, d.

														Inches
The mean pressure of the seven days														29°895
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, S. G.'s Office														29°887
														Hours.
The total number of hours of bright sunshine														51°4
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine														79°2
														°
The mean temperature of the seven days														75°1
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, S. G.'s Office														78°9
The extreme variation of temperature														17°2
The maximum temperature														83°1
														Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour														16
														Lbs.
The highest pressure of wind on one square foot														Not measureable.
														%.
The mean relative humidity														81
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, S. G.'s Office														75
														Inches.
The total fall of rain from 26th October to 1st November 1884														0°01
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, S. G.'s Office														0°84
The total fall from 1st January to 1st November 1884														62°61
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, S. G.'s Office														64°52
The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph, and from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h, and 22h.														
The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified, and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides, and are suspended four feet above the ground.														
The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard Newmann's No 86 formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.														
The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.														
The directions and movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.														
The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.														
o overcast, d drizzling rain, a dew.														

Results of the Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 26th October to 1st November 1884.

MONTH.	Date.	TEMPERATURE.				Mean wet bulb.	HYGROMETRY.			Rain.
		Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.		Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	
		°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
October	26th	75·9	80·3	8·3	72·0	74·9	·853	74·4	95	0·01
"	27th	74·9	80·3	10·2	70·3	71·9	·743	70·4	86	
"	28th	75·2	81·8	13·1	68·7	71·5	·723	69·3	83	
"	29th	75·3	82·4	15·6	66·8	69·8	·656	66·7	75	
"	30th	74·3	82·6	16·6	66·0	69·9	·667	67·3	77	
"	31st	73·7	80·0	13·2	66·8	71·8	·755	70·8	91	
November	1st	77·3	82·1	8·3	73·8	73·1	·760	71·0	81	

The mean temperature of the seven days

The extreme variation of temperature

The maximum temperature

The mean relative humidity

The total fall of rain from 26th October to 1st November 1884

...

...

...

...

...

75·3

16·6

82·6

84

0·01

°

Ina.

The mean temperature and humidity are obtained by applying to the mean of the 10h, 16h and minimum readings a correction dependent on the range, and derived from the hourly observations at the Surveyor-General's Office, Chowringhee, in past years.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA ;
Calcutta, the 3rd November 1884.

H. F. BLANFORD,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

MEMORANDA.

THE annexed table, exhibiting the vital statistics of the first class Municipalities in Bengal for the week ending 18th October 1884, furnishes the following results:—

1. That births were registered at the rate of 25·7 per 1,000 of the living, and deaths at 29·0 per 1,000 as opposed to 26·7 and 30·1 per 1,000, respectively, during the preceding week ending 11th October, indicating a small reduction in the record of both events.

2. That the following Municipalities returned the highest proportions of births and deaths:—

Births.			Deaths.		
		Ratio per mille.			Ratio per mille.
Mozufferpore	...	57·2	Narainganj	...	57·9
Serampore	...	49·1	Darjeeling	...	52·1
Bhagulpore	...	39·8	Mozufferpore	...	45·0
Gya	...	34·9	Suburbs of Calcutta	...	38·9
Howrah	...	34·0	Dacca	...	38·9
Durbhanga	...	29·9	Serampore	...	37·4
			Gya	...	34·9
			Burdwan	...	33·6
			Purneah	...	31·1
			Jessore	...	30·6
			Huguli	...	29·6

3. That the principal diseases, specified in the table above alluded to, exhibit no marked variations in fatal results in comparison with the mortality from the same causes during the preceding week:—

						Ratio per mille during the weeks ending—	
						18th October 1884.	11th October 1884.
Cholera	...	...	...	...	...	1·4	1·5
Small-pox	...	...	...	...	...	·03	·1
Fever	...	...	...	...	...	12·8	13·6
Bowel-complaints	...	...	...	...	...	4·9	5·1
Injury	...	...	...	...	...	·4	·4
Other causes	...	...	...	...	...	9·4	9·4

4. That while the casualties from small-pox and injury were nowhere high, the Municipalities named below were reported to have returned the highest death-rates from the rest of the diseases specified above:—

Cholera.		Fever.		Bowel-complaints.		Other causes.	
	Ratio per mille.		Ratio per mille.		Ratio per mille.		Ratio per mille.
Narainganj	20·7	Darjeeling	39·1	Narainganj	20·7	Dacca	19·5
Chupra	3·9	Burdwan	22·9	Serampore	9·8	Mozufferpore	17·0
Suburbs of Calcutta	2·3					Narainganj	16·5
						Suburbs of Calcutta	13·9
						Purneah	13·8
						Gya	13·0
						Serampore	11·8
						Poori	10·7

5. That the death-rates in relation to *Sex*, *Class* and *Age* were returned at the rates indicated below:—

According to Sex.			According to Class.			According to Age.		
		Ratio per mille.			Ratio per mille.			Ratio per mille.
Males	...	30·0	Christians	...	30·4	Under 1 year	...	279·6
Females	...	27·9	Hindus	...	30·3	1 and under 5 years	...	37·5
Ratio of male deaths to every 100 female deaths	121		Mahomedans	...	25·6	5 " 10 "	...	14·3
			Budhists	...	48·4	10 " 15 "	...	12·7
			Other classes	...	72·8	15 " 20 "	...	22·0
						20 " 30 "	...	16·3
						30 " 40 "	...	21·9
						40 " 50 "	...	18·5
						50 " 60 "	...	30·6
						60 years and upwards	...	61·4

R. LIDDERDALE, M.D., Deputy Surgeon-General,

The 3rd November 1884.

Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11															
DISTRICTS.	NAMES OF MUNICIPALITIES.	POPULATION.			BIRTHS.			DEATHS FROM—			DISEASE.			SEX.		Ratio of male deaths every 100 female deaths.									
		Males.	Females.	Total.	NUMBER OF—	RATIO PER 1,000 OF POPULATION PER ANNUM.	Ratio of male births to every 100 female births.	DEATHS FROM—			RATIO PER 1,000 OF POPULATION PER ANNUM.			Males.	Females.										
								Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fever.	Bowel-complaints.	Injury.	Other diseases.				All causes.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Revera.	Bowel-complaints.	Injury.	Other diseases.	All causes.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum in the previous week.
Burdwan	Burdwan	15,063	16,017	31,080	5	11	16	7.6	16.8	24.4	45	22	39.6	41.2	15	7	43.2	22.7	214
Midnapur	Midnapur	16,927	16,793	33,720	3	7	10	4.6	10.9	15.5	43	9	13.9	48.0	5	4	15.4	12.5	125
Hughli	Hughli and Chinsurah	19,172	19,539	38,711	7	12	19	9.4	16.1	25.5	58	22	29.6	22.8	8	14	21.7	37.2	67
Serampore	Serampore	13,559	12,937	26,496	16	9	25	31.4	17.7	49.1	177	1	19	37.4	33.4	13	6	49.9	24.1	216
Howrah	Howrah	3,046	2,464	5,510	2	1	3	18.9	9.4	28.3	200	2	18.9	37.8	1	1	17.1	21.1	100
24-Pargunnahs	24-Pargunnahs	60,959	41,639	102,598	39	30	69	19.2	14.8	34.0	130	4	53	26.1	29.5	29	24	24.7	28.0	130
Nudda	Suburbs of Calcutta	147,215	144,254	291,469	53	61	119	12.0	12.6	24.6	85	11	14	18.0	12.0	1	2	12.9	22.4	50
	Khushpur	13,263	14,214	27,477	6	5	11	11.3	9.5	20.8	120	3	10.5	14.0	4	2	15.2	6.5	200
	Ranaghat	4,028	4,655	8,683	3	1	4	19.0	6.0	24.0	300	8	18.0	12.0	1	2	12.9	22.4	50
	Santipore	13,708	15,579	29,287	6	3	9	10.5	5.2	15.7	200	5	30.6	18.3	2	3	21.5	42.8	66
Jessore	Jessore	4,830	3,666	8,495	5	18.3	12.2	No female deaths.
Rajshahye	Rampore Beaulah	10,766	9,925	19,791	1	2	3	2.6	5.2	7.8	50	4	15.8	23.6	6	300
Darjiling	Darjiling	5,029	2,947	7,976	2	...	2	13.0	...	13.0	8	52.1	6.5	6	2	62.0	35.3	106
Dacca	Dacca	42,792	37,879	80,671	17	13	30	11.0	8.4	19.5	130	2	1	...	30	8.9	38.9	31	29	37.7	40.3	600
	Naryanpore	7,005	4,956	11,961	2	4	6	8.3	16.5	24.8	60	5	4	57.9	20.7	No female deaths.
Chittagong	Chittagong	13,340	8,709	22,049	5	3	8	11.7	7.0	18.8	166	1	9.4	11.7	2	2	7.8	11.8	100
Tipperah	Comilla	9,153	6,353	15,506	2	1	3	7.7	3.8	11.6	200	1	8.8	11.6	1	No female deaths.
Patna	Patna City	73,762	81,475	155,237	43	39	82	13.9	12.7	26.6	110	79	25.7	23.4	36	43	23.8	27.4	83
Gya	Gya	34,290	37,581	71,871	22	29	51	15.0	19.9	34.9	75	3	51	34.9	52.6	25	26	34.0	33.7	96
Shahabad	Arrah	20,391	22,595	42,986	6	4	10	7.2	4.8	12.0	150	1	10	12.0	6.0	5	5	12.4	11.6	100
Morutpore	Morutpore	23,054	19,659	42,713	98	19	47	34.1	23.1	57.2	147	37	45.0	30.4	20	17	45.0	45.0	117
Durbhanga	Durbhanga	33,774	32,322	66,096	16	22	38	12.6	17.3	29.9	72	1	19	15.0	27.5	9	10	13.9	16.1	90
Sagin	Chupra	23,044	27,295	50,339	12	5	17	11.7	4.9	16.6	240	4	29	28.3	17.6	14	15	28.0	28.7	98
Bhagalpore	Bhagalpore	29,649	27,813	57,462	17	27	44	15.4	24.4	39.8	62	2	31	29.0	40.8	13	18	25.8	33.6	73
Monghyr	Monghyr	24,154	21,363	45,517	11	9	20	9.9	8.1	18.1	122	1	25	22.6	28.9	14	11	25.9	19.5	127
Purneah	Purneah	8,463	6,553	15,016	9	31.1	31.1	4	5	24.6	39.7	80
Poori	Poori	13,027	11,265	24,292	4	3	7	8.6	6.4	15.0	133	1	11	23.5	53.5	7	4	27.9	18.4	175
Total	Total	702,670	619,419	1,322,089	320	653	973	13.1	12.6	25.7	104	36	1	233	737	11	29.0	30.1	405	352	30.0	27.9	121

* A special census of the Europeans in the Darjiling Municipality was recently taken, as the census of this section of the community taken in February 1891 was not reliable, owing to the Europeans being at a minimum in that month. The number of the natives remains as before, as it was not necessary to re-census them. The ratios have consequently been calculated on the revised population under all heads in the above table, except in Darjiling, where the ratios under which have been omitted, inasmuch as the census of the European community was based on a basis of calculation owing to the results of the census under this head not having been recorded under the authorized form of age classification.

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R. LIDDERDALE, M.D., Deputy Surgeon-General,

OFFICE OF SANITARY COMMISSIONER FOR BENGAL,

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.
NUDDEA RIVERS.

Statement showing the total amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Jellinghee River for the month of September 1884

Number of Boats.	NATURE OF CARGO.	APPROXIMATE		TONNAGE OF BOATS.		Tollage.
		Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Maunds.	Tons.	
	LOCAL TRAFFIC.	Mds.	Rs.			Rs. A. P.
47	Paddy ...	13,125	26,250	24,925	890	186 15 0
58	Rice ...	14,150	49,525	27,575	984	206 13 0
22	Wheat ...	9,015	18,030	16,100	575	120 12 0
34	Gram ...	13,975	27,950	26,725	954	200 7 0
58	Pulses and other crops	20,275	40,550	40,275	1,441	302 13 0
1	Fruits and vegetables	250	500	600	21	4 8 0
8	Jaggery ...	1,250	5,000	2,700	96	27 0 0
137	Salt ...	32,575	89,581	63,350	2,226	633 8 0
5	Ghee ...	275	7,700	675	24	6 12 0
1	Oil ...	175	1,400	500	17	5 0 0
1	Sajee ...	225	450	550	19	5 8 0
54	Tobacco ...	15,565	77,825	31,650	1,130	316 8 0
2	Brass ...	125	5,000	325	11	3 4 0
5	Iron ...	505	2,525	1,175	41	11 12 0
95	Jute ...	30,980	1,23,920	59,125	2,111	591 4 0
13	Indigo seed ...	3,012	24,096	6,950	248	52 2 0
12	Linseed ...	5,825	20,387	10,625	379	79 11 0
12	Mustard seed ...	3,950	15,800	7,775	277	58 5 0
1	Ghooting lime ...	125	125	350	12	1 12 0
16	Ghooting ...	4,100	1,025	7,900	282	
7	Steamer D. G. ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	19 12 0
1	Unwrought timber and piles (1 + 4) ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	13 9 0
18	Bamboos (18,000 in number) ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 2 0
109	Miscellaneous ...	23,100	1,84,800	43,175	1,541	431 12 0
7	Coal and coke ...	2,450	1,225	4,825	172	24 2 0
5	Firewood ...	50	12	125	4	0 10 0
2	Earthware and earthen-pots ...	150	37	325	11	0 6 6
731	Total ...	1,95,227	7,23,713	3,78,400	13,466	3,319 7 6
889	Total of same month last year ...	2,65,960	8,45,093	5,13,575	18,331	4,257 11 0
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
505	Passenger boat ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	156 8 0
138	Empty " ...	.....	.....	99,750	3,562	124 11 0
7	Straw ...	2,250	562	4,550	162	22 12 0
19	Oil-cake ...	4,975	4,975	9,175	327	91 12 0
9	Gunny ...	3,220	32,200	5,900	210	59 0 0
678	Total ...	10,445	37,737	1,19,375	4,261	454 11 0
769	Total of same month last year ...	19,700	1,44,406	1,57,800	5,634	683 0 6
1,409	Grand Total ...	2,05,672	7,61,450	4,97,775	17,727	3,774 2 6
1,658	Grand Total of same month last year ...	2,85,660	9,89,499	6,71,375	23,965	4,940 11 6

MEMORANDUM.

	Rs. A. P.
Unrecovered balance on the 1st of the month ...	
Amount of tollage for the month ...	3,774 2 6
Amount credited in the accounts for the month ...	Total 3,774 2 6
Balance at the end of the month ...	3,774 2 6

N. B.—In the statement for September 1883 the item "Miscellaneous" was shown under head "Miscellaneous."

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.
NUDDEA RIVERS.

Statement showing the total amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Matabhanga River for the month of September 1884.

Number of Boats.	NATURE OF CARGO.	APPROXIMATE		TONNAGE OF BOATS.		Tollage.
		Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Maunds.	Tons.	
	LOCAL TRAFFIC.	Mds.	Rs.			Rs. A. P.
24	Paddy ...	4,495	6,742	10,375	384	77 13 0
47	Rice ...	21,768	65,304	48,825	1,808	366 3 0
27	Gram ...	5,885	10,298	15,025	556	112 11 0
107	Pulses and other crops	59,633	1,19,266	92,600	3,429	694 8 0
27	Fruits and vegetables...	2,130	2,130	4,200	155	31 8 0
13	Jaggery ...	1,104	5,520	3,975	147	89 12 0
1	Sugar ...	52	520	100	3	1 0 0
252	Salt ...	1,04,000	3,12,000	2,43,675	9,025	2,436 12 0
29	Oil ...	5,978	71,736	20,800	770	208 0 0
10	Spices ...	1,427	14,270	5,050	187	50 8 0
17	Tobacco ...	3,455	17,275	10,725	397	107 4 0
3	Brass ...	265	6,625	3,000	111	30 0 0
12	Iron ...	1,933	7,732	7,550	279	75 8 0
.....	Cotton ...	150	2,250	.....	.....	.....
4	Do. twist and yarn (European) ...	311	6,220	2,075	76	20 12 0
495	Jute ...	3,01,475	9,04,425	5,96,400	22,088	5,964 0 0
1	Hemp ...	60	180	875	32	8 12 0
2	Indigo ...	30	9,000	375	13	3 12 0
8	Linseed ...	3,785	15,140	6,000	222	45 0 0
73	Mustard-seed ...	57,809	2,29,236	1,07,025	3,963	802 11 0
8	Til seed ...	2,798	11,192	9,925	367	74 7 0
.....	Other oil seeds ...	100	300	.....	.....	.....
4	Portland cement ...	2,532	6,330	5,425	200	54 4 0
1	Sand ...	100	12	600	22	0 12 0
.....	Unwrought timber and piles ...	40	60	.....	.....	0 12 0
2	Beams and burgahs ...	100	200	1,150	42	11 8 0
2	Bamboos ...	1,000	160	.....	.....	1 8 0
73	Coal and Coke ...	51,090	19,158	91,375	3,384	456 14 0
1	Charcoal ...	125	31	250	9	1 4 0
.....	Firewood ...	500	125	.....	.....	.....
2	Earthware and earthen-pots ...	200	37	500	18	0 10 0
5	Stone plates ...	875	4,375	2,325	86	23 4 0
1,250	Total ...	6,34,705	18,47,849	12,90,200	47,773	11,701 9 0
2,764	Total of same month last year.	8,80,135	25,80,737	18,04,745	66,829	17,891 8 0
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
988	Passenger boat ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	336 0 0
558	Empty do. ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,227 4 0
4	Straw ...	1,510	755	3,000	111	15 0 0
34	Oil-cake ...	7,395	7,395	16,175	599	161 12 0
3	Mats ...	145	424	475	17	4 12 0
14	Loaded steamers & flats	1,20,326	13,19,900	1,70,100	6,300	1,275 12 0
15	Empty ditto ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	442 0 0
118	Miscellaneous ...	18,459	1,84,590	62,625	2,319	626 4 0
1,734	Total ...	1,47,835	15,13,064	2,52,375	9,346	4,088 12 0
1,493	Total of same month last year.	1,36,600	13,66,050	2,38,100	8,818	2,425 12 0
2,984	Grand Total ...	7,82,540	33,60,913	15,42,575	57,119	15,790 5 0
4,257	Grand Total of same month last year.	10,16,735	39,46,787	20,42,845	75,647	20,317 4 0

MEMORANDUM.

Rs. A. P.

Unrecovered balance on the 1st of the month	...	...	...	...	1,321 0 4
Amount of tollage for the month	...	...	...	...	15,790 5 0
			Total	...	17,111 5 4
Amount credited in the accounts for the month	...	...	...	...	7,794 10 0
Balance at the end of the month	...	...	...	...	9,316 11 4

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

NUDDEA RIVERS.

Statement showing the total amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Bhagiruthee River at Nuddea Toll Station for the month of September 1884.

Number of Boats.	NATURE OF CARGO.	APPROXIMATE		TONNAGE OF BOATS.		Tollage.		
		Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Maunds.	Tons.			
	LOCAL TRAFFIC.	Mds.	Rs.			Rs.	A.	P.
25	Paddy ...	8,350	16,700	15,325	547	114	15	0
11	Rice ...	3,050	10,675	4,575	163	34	5	0
10	Gram ...	5,975	11,950	10,250	366	76	44	0
21	Pulses and other crops	5,925	11,850	11,575	413	86	13	0
2	Fruits and vegetables	60	120	200	7	1	8	0
4	Jaggery ...	425	1,700	925	33	9	4	0
246	Salt ...	78,950	2,17,112	1,56,425	5,586	1,564	4	0
1	Ghee ...	20	560	75	2	0	12	0
2	Oil ...	325	2,600	775	27	7	12	0
3	Tobacco ...	475	2,375	1,075	38	10	12	0
7	Brass ...	1,350	54,000	2,900	103	29	0	0
30	Iron ...	1,375	6,875	25,100	896	251	0	0
15	Jute ...	7,850	31,400	14,425	515	144	4	0
2	Hides ...	125	1,250	325	11	3	4	0
1	Indigo ...	4	800	50	1	0	8	0
7	Linseed ...	3,975	13,912	7,900	282	59	4	0
3	Mustard seed ...	1,025	4,100	2,025	72	15	3	0
4	Ghooting ...	1,225	306	2,200	78	5	8	0
2	Flat ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	10	0
48	Steamer ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	232	8	0
.....	Unwrought timber and piles (1 G.)	.....	.....	.....	.....	0	3	0
1	Bone ...	50	12	100	3	0	8	0
165	Miscellaneous ...	52,550	4,20,400	1,03,375	3,691	1,033	12	0
3	Coal and coke ...	1,075	537	2,025	72	10	2	0
2	Firewood ...	75	19	150	5	0	12	0
6	Earthware and earthen-pots	300	75	725	25	0	14	6
621	Total ...	1,74,534	8,09,328	3,62,500	12,936	3,700	7	6
721	Total of same month last year ...	2,10,100	10,00,290	4,17,100	14,887	3,959	1	6
	MISCELLANEOUS.							
625	Passenger boat ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	235	0	0
271	Empty do. ...	.....	.....	3,06,250	10,937	382	13	0
4	Straw ...	1,400	350	2,825	100	14	2	0
1	Oilcake ...	100	100	275	9	2	12	0
2	Gunny ...	255	2,550	675	24	6	12	0
903	Total ...	1,755	3,000	3,10,025	11,070	641	7	0
1,177	Total of same month last year ...	5,975	37,606	4,32,250	15,436	906	10	0
1,524	Grand Total ...	1,76,289	8,12,328	6,72,525	24,006	4,341	14	6
1,898	Grand Total of same month last year ...	2,16,075	10,37,896	8,49,350	30,323	4,865	11	6

MEMORANDUM.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Unrecovered balance on the 1st of the month	.....	.....	.....
Amount of tollage for the month	.....	.....	.....
	4,341	14	6
Total	4,341	14	6
Amount credited in the accounts for the month	.....	.....	.....
	4,341	14	6
Balance at the end of the month	.....	.....	.....

N.B.—In the statement for September 1883, the items "Miscellaneous" and "steamers" were shown under Head "Miscellaneous."

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

NUDDEA RIVERS.

Statement showing the total amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Bhagiruthee River at Jungypore Toll Station for the month of September 1884.

Number. of Boats.	NATURE OF CARGO.	APPROXIMATE		TONNAGE OF BOATS.		Tollage.		
		Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Maunds.	Tons.			
	LOCAL TRAFFIC.	Mds.	Rs.			Rs.	A.	P.
2	Paddy ...	32	29	125	5	0	15	0
15	Rice ...	1,241	4,776	2,325	85	17	7	0
86	Wheat ...	49,870	1,04,195	90,250	3,309	676	14	0
12	Gram ...	6,967	11,700	11,950	438	89	10	0
279	Pulses and other crops	1,75,688	4,41,349	3,16,275	11,597	2,372	1	0
28	Fruits and vegetables	9,250	8,153	16,625	610	124	11	0
87	Jaggery ...	10,003	17,013	21,750	798	217	8	0
7	Sugar ...	2,800	30,300	5,650	207	56	8	0
14	Salt ...	9,424	8,167	16,475	604	164	12	0
14	Ghee ...	814	18,775	3,200	117	32	0	0
20	Tobacco ...	5,313	16,390	12,625	463	126	4	0
10	Brass ...	118	4,430	500	18	5	0	0
21	Silk (chussum) ...	228	6,459	1,575	58	15	12	0
3	Cotton ...	525	1,353	1,300	48	13	0	0
4	Jute ...	143	256	400	15	4	0	0
1	Indigo seed ...	7	14	25	1	0	3	0
75	Linseed ...	55,900	2,18,761	99,200	3,637	744	0	0
8	Castor seed ...	8,811	19,200	15,800	579	118	8	0
78	Mustard seed ...	29,658	1,18,161	57,550	2,110	431	10	0
96	Other oilseeds ...	77,796	2,88,822	1,36,400	5,001	1,023	0	0
2	Ghooting lime ...	45	14	100	4	0	8	0
9	Ghooting ...	675	50	1,225	45	3	1	0
7	Sand ...	925	35	1,975	72	2	7	6
1 raft.	Unwrought timber and piles (5½) ...	.....	100	...	.....	2	5	6
58	Roadstone ...	60,700	7,926	1,12,075	4,109	280	3	0
9	Coal and coke ...	4,950	2,450	7,975	292	39	14	0
14	Firewood ...	2,170	314	4,475	164	22	6	0
909 & 1 raft.	Total ...	5,14,053	18,29,192	9,37,825	34,386	6,584	8	0
1,551	Total of same month last year.	9,54,694	.....	17,20,000	.....	12,565	2	0
	MISCELLANEOUS.							
577	Passenger boat, 921 oars.	.....	.....	.....	.....	230	4	0
255	Empty boat ...	.....	.....	1,64,950	6,048	206	3	0
3	Straw ...	182	32	525	19	2	10	0
.....	Gunny ...	44	600	150	6	1	8	0
23	Sajji ...	18,602	25,670	36,350	1,333	363	8	0
170	Miscellaneous mixed cargo ...	46,692	2,06,326	96,075	3,523	959	4	0
1,028	Total ...	65,520	2,32,628	2,98,050	10,929	1,763	5	0
1,140	Total of same month last year.	96,625	.....	3 10,975	.....	2,297	8	0
1,937 & 1 raft.	Grand Total ...	5,79,573	15,61,820	12,35,875	45,315	8,347	13	0
2,691	Grand Total of same month last year.	10,51,319	... ..	20,30,975	.....	14,862	10	0

MEMORANDUM.

Unrecovered balance on the 1st of the month	...	...	Rs.	A.	P.
Amount of tollage for the month	...	...	8,347	13	0
Fee	...	...	1	0	0
Total	...	...	8,353	15	0
Amount credited in the accounts for the month	...	...	8,348	13	0
Balance at the end of the month	...	...	4	2	0

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 18th October 1884 on 1,509½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	199,957	2,76,911 3 0	21,60,591 20	5,06,353 6 9	14,916 8 0	7,98,181 1 9	62,251½	88,076	150,927½
Or per mile of railway .....	.....	183 7 2	.....	335 7 1	9 14 1	528 12 4	.....	.....	.....
For previous 16 weeks of half-year	2,975,776	32,58,881 8 0	2,77,00,017 20	62,71,972 5 10	2,19,037 14 8	97,40,891 12 6	906,017½	1,250,534½	2,156,552½
Total for 16 weeks ...	3,175,733	35,35,792 11 0	2,98,61,609 0	67,78,325 12 7	2,33,954 6 8	1,05,48,072 14 3	968,289½	1,339,210½	2,307,480½
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	190,108	2,35,345 2 8	22,47,097 0	5,02,059 3 9	17,467 4 1	7,55,471 10 6	63,188	94,672	157,860
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ... ..	.....	155 13 5	.....	333 1 9	11 9 2	500 10 4	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year	3,133,813	32,75,818 1 9	3,80,18,625 20	99,45,052 1 10	2,80,176 4 8	1,35,01,046 8 3	988,359	2,089,091	3,077,450

Approximate Statement of gross receipts of the East Indian Railway, prepared in accordance with Public Works Department Circular No. XXI, Railway, dated 23rd July 1883.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 20TH OCTOBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 18TH OCTOBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 20TH OCTOBER 1883.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 18TH OCTOBER 1884.			Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Rs.	Rs.
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1,509	7,55,472	501	1,509½	7,98,181	529	1,5 9	2,76,15,614	18,301	1,509½	2,21,75,641	14,691	.....	54,40,003

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 25th October 1884 on 1,509½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	188,140	2,46,413 15 0	18,36,661 20	4,48,010 4 6	14,960 12 0	7,09,404 15 6	64,671½	82,062½	146,737
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	163 8 10	.....	298 12 11	9 14 7	469 15 4	.....	.....	.....
For previous 16 weeks of half-year	3,175,733	35,35,792 11 0	2,98,09,609 0	67,78,325 12 7	2,33,954 6 8	1,05,48,072 14 3	968,289½	1,339,210½	2,307,480½
Total for 17 weeks ...	3,363,882	37,82,206 10 0	3,17,06,270 20	72,26,356 1 1	2,14,015 2 8	1,12,57,477 13 9	1,032,944	1,421,27½	2,454,217½
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	196,213½	2,98,254 4 6	24,57,407 10	6,61,781 3 3	18,985 9 7	9,79,021 1 4	65,271	114,406	179,737
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ... ..	.....	197 10 5	.....	438 8 11	12 9 3	645 12 7	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year	3,329,026½	35,74,072 6 3	4,04,71,032 30	1,06,06,833 5 1	2,99,161 14 3	1,44,80,067 9 7	1,053,630	2,203,557	3,257,187

Approximate Statement of gross receipts of the East Indian Railway, prepared in accordance with Public Works Department Circular No. XXI, Railway, dated 23rd July 1883.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 27TH OCTOBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 25TH OCTOBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 27TH OCTOBER 1883.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 25TH OCTOBER 1884.			Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Rs.	Rs.
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1,509	9,79,021	649	1,509½	7,09,405	470	1,509	2,83,94,665	18,940	1,509½	2,28,55,046	15,161	.....	57,09,619

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate return of traffic for week ended 18th October 1884 on 359 miles open, including Calcutta and South-Eastern and Bengal Central Railway mileages.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	76,572	34,987 0 0	4,60,100 0	1,10,412 0 0	9,848 0 0	1,64,197 0 0	12,780	13,973	26,763
per mile of railway ...	213	97 0 0	1,282 0	331 0 0	.....	430 0 0	.....	.....	.....
or previous 15 weeks of half-year ...	1,241,204	4,82,294 0 0	46,58,410 0	11,04,183 0 0	1,09,194 0 0	16,95,671 0 0	189,424	164,354	353,778
Total for 16 weeks ...	1,317,776	5,17,231 0 0	51,18,510 0	12,23,695 0 0	1,19,042 0 0	18,59,668 0 0	201,214	178,827	380,041
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	72,272	37,068 0 0	2,70,108 0	59,675 0 0	13,789 0 0	1,11,133 0 0	9,063	8,028	17,691
per mile of railway corresponding period of previous year ...	275	143 0 0	1,027 0	227 0 0	.....	370 0 0	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	1,194,185	5,40,158 0 0	45,69,610 0	9,53,487 0 0	1,06,135 0 0	16,50,780 0 0	156,521	128,188	284,707

A.—Includes receipts of Calcutta and South-Eastern Railway, and 50 per cent. of receipts of Bengal Central Railway, viz. Rs. 4,312 and Rs. 3,093 respectively apportioned over the several heads of traffic.

B.—Includes share of Bengal Central Railway receipts due to Eastern Bengal Railway for working, viz. Rs. 1,013, and Calcutta and South-Eastern receipts Rs. 5,649.

FINANCIAL YEAR.

Approximate Statement of gross receipts of the Eastern Bengal State Railway.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 20TH OCTOBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 18TH OCTOBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 20TH OCTOBER 1883.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 18TH OCTOBER 1884.			Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.		
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
263	1,11,132	423	359*	1,04,107	467	238	28,86,865	12,127	332	28,97,304	8,727	10,939	.....

* Increase in mileage.

Eastern Bengal Railway	...	...	...	...	Miles.
Bengal Central Railway	...	...	...	...	91
					96

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 18th October 1884 on 126 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	15,507	6,727 0 0	16,975 0	651 0 0	19 0 0	7,397 0 0	3,174	1,028	4,202
per mile of railway ...	124	54 0 0	135 0	5 0 0	.....	59 0 0	.....	.....	.....
or previous 15 weeks of half-year ...	263,278	1,60,907 0 0	1,46,900 0	14,612 0 0	676 0 0	1,16,195 0 0	46,729	17,515	64,244
Total for 16 weeks ...	278,825	1,67,634 0 0	1,63,875 0	15,263 0 0	695 0 0	1,23,592 0 0	49,903	18,543	68,446
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	8,931	1,680 0 0	12,092 0	326 0 0	12 0 0	2,027 0 0	968	342	1,208
per mile of railway corresponding period of previous year ...	255	48 4 1	345 0	9 5 0	0 5 0	57 14 7	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	132,453	27,092 0 0	2,13,030 0	5,553 0 0	385 0 0	33,030 0 0	14,459	4,901	19,360

FINANCIAL YEAR.

Approximate Statement of gross receipts of the Bengal Central Railway.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 20TH OCTOBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 18TH OCTOBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 20TH OCTOBER 1883.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 18TH OCTOBER 1884.			Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.		
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
36	2,027	58	126	7,397	59	25	61,770	1,765	124	2,60,150	2,098	1,98,380	.....

PATNA AND GYA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 18th October 1884 on 57½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	11,898	8,817 8 0	30,401 0	2,752 15 0	65 13 0	11,636 4 0	1,894½	1,311½	3,106
Or per mile of railway ...	208	154 2 5	531 20	43 2 1	1 2 5	203 6 11	.....	.....	.....
For previous 15 weeks of half-year ...	191,675	1,16,947 15 0	6,87,918 20	48,364 6 0	1,502 4 3	1,66,714 9 8	25,465	15,046	40,511
Total for 16 weeks ...	203,573	1,25,765 7 0	7,18,319 20	51,017 5 0	1,568 1 3	1,78,350 13 3	27,349½	16,357½	43,707
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	8,732½	4,567 14 4	46,019 0	3,381 13 0	78 2 0	8,027 13 4	1,577	817	2,394
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	153	79 13 9	804 30	50 2 0	1 5 10	140 5 7	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	188,636	99,094 15 4	4,65,419 10	33,584 9 0	840 14 0	1,33,529 6 4	30,214	9,564	39,778

Approximate Statement of gross receipts of the Patna and Gya State Railway, prepared in accordance with Public Works Department Circular No. XXI, Railway, dated 23rd July 1883.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 20TH OCTOBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 18TH OCTOBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 20TH OCTOBER 1883.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 18TH OCTOBER 1884.			Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.		
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
57½	8,028	140	57½	11,636	203	57½	2,53,253	4,428	57½	2,91,847	5,102	38,594	.....

PATNA AND GYA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 25th October 1884 on 57½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	12,298	9,129 7 0	21,009 10	2,029 9 0	56 9 0	11,215 9 0	1,846	704	2,550
Or per mile of railway ...	215	159 9 8	419 30	35 7 9	0 15 10	196 1 3	.....	.....	.....
For previous 16 weeks of half-year ...	203,573	1,25,765 7 0	7,18,319 20	51,017 5 0	1,568 1 3	1,78,350 13 3	27,349½	16,357½	43,707
Total for 17 weeks ...	215,871	1,34,894 14 0	7,42,328 30	53,046 14 0	1,624 10 3	1,89,596 6 3	29,193½	17,081½	46,275
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	8,529	4,770 2 3	53,873 20	3,873 14 0	57 10 0	8,701 10 3	1,598	706	2,304
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	149	83 0 4	942 0	67 11 7	1 0 1	152 2 0	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	197,065	1,03,865 1 7	5,19,292 30	37,453 7 0	907 8 0	1,42,231 0 7	31,812	10,360	42,172

Approximate Statement of gross receipts of the Patna and Gya State Railway, prepared in accordance with Public Works Department Circular No. XXI, Railway, dated 23rd July 1883.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 27TH OCTOBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 25TH OCTOBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 27TH OCTOBER 1883.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 25TH OCTOBER 1884.			Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.		
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
57½	8,702	152	57½	11,216	196	57½	2,61,955	4,580	57½	3,03,063	5,298	41,198	.....

SINDIA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 18th October 1884 on 74½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	6,515	4,685 12 0	49,474 10	2,902 3 0	109 13 0	7,697 12 0	564½	1,186½	1,751
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	62 14 4	.....	38 15 3	1 7 7	103 5 2	.....	.....	.....
For previous 15 weeks of half-year ...	61,272	50,150 1 0	6,94,486 0	31,026 6 3	1,419 1 6	82,595 8 9	9,603½	13,302½	22,906½
Total for 16 weeks ...	67,787	54,835 13 0	7,43,960 10	33,928 9 3	1,528 14 6	90,293 4 9	10,168	14,489½	24,657½
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	7,532	5,948 15 4	35,239 30	3,154 10 0	141 4 0	9,244 13 4	714	1,193	1,907
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	79 13 8	.....	42 5 6	1 14 4	124 1 0	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	64,420½	51,962 8 9	4,73,826 10	33,229 4 0	1,741 7 0	86,933 3 9	10,083	12,862	22,945

Approximate Statement of gross receipts of the Sindia State Railway, prepared in accordance with Public Works Department Circular No. XXI, Railway, dated 23rd July 1883.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 20TH OCTOBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 18TH OCTOBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 20TH OCTOBER 1883.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 18TH OCTOBER 1884.			Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.		
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
74½	9,245	124	74½	7,098	103	74½	1,71,555	2,303	74½	1,88,630	2,532	17,075	.....

SINDIA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 25th October 1884 on 74½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	4,878	4,278 11 0	51,407 10	2,481 6 0	97 14 0	6,857 15 0	589	936	1,525
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	57 6 11	.....	33 4 11	1 5 0	92 0 10	.....	.....	.....
For previous 16 weeks of half-year ...	67,787	54,835 13 0	7,43,960 10	33,928 9 3	1,528 14 6	90,293 4 9	10,168	14,489½	24,657½
Total for 17 weeks ...	72,665	60,114 8 0	7,95,467 20	36,409 15 3	1,626 12 6	97,151 3 9	10,757	15,423½	26,180½
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	8,443	5,412 3 9	42,293 30	3,344 7 0	140 6 0	8,867 0 9	633	1,247	1,880
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	72 10 4	.....	44 5 8	1 14 2	118 14 2	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	72,809½	57,374 12 6	5,16,120 0	36,533 11 0	1,881 13 0	95,790 4 6	10,715	14,189	24,904

Approximate Statement of gross receipts of the Sindia State Railway, prepared in accordance with Public Works Department Circular No. XXI, Railway, dated 23rd July 1883.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 27TH OCTOBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 25TH OCTOBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 27TH OCTOBER 1883.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 25TH OCTOBER 1884.			Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.		
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
74½	8,857	119	74½	6,858	92	74½	1,80,412	2,422	74½	1,95,488	2,624	15,076	.....

GHAZIPUR-DILDARNAGAR STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 18th October 1884, on 12 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated.)	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	1,842	444 15 0	9,753 0	238 3 6	22 4 0	705 8 0	232½	96½	329
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	37 1 3	.....	19 13 7	1 13 8	58 12 6	.....	.....	.....
For previous 15 weeks of half-year ...	31,071	5,753 11 0	1,06,233 20	2,466 12 9	376 2 3	8,596 10 0	3,169	1,975	5,143
Total for 16 weeks ...	32,913	6,198 10 0	1,15,986 20	2,704 15 9	398 6 3	9,302 0 0	3,400½	2,071½	5,472
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	2,361	387 11 8	16,818 30	204 14 0	23 4 0	77 13 8	304	167	371
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	32 5 0	.....	22 1 2	2 1 8	56 7 10	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	33,888½	5,809 4 0	1,63,620 10	3,974 2 0	383 2 0	9,966 8 0	3,553	1,753	5,306

Approximate Statement of gross receipts of the Ghazipur-Dildarnagar State Railway, prepared in accordance with Public Works Department Circular No. XXI, Railway, dated 23rd July 1883.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 20TH OCTOBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 18TH OCTOBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 20TH OCTOBER 1883.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 18TH OCTOBER 1884.			Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.		
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
12	678	56	12	705	59	12	25,490	2,124	12	27,235	2,270	1,745	.....

GHAZIPUR-DILDARNAGAR STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 25th October 1884 on 12 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated.)	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	1,611	402 12 0	9,145 20	228 2 0	32 10 0	663 8 0	233	96	329
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	33 9 0	.....	19 0 2	2 11 6	55 4 8	.....	.....	.....
For previous 16 weeks of half-year ...	32,913	6,198 10 0	1,15,986 20	2,704 15 9	398 6 3	9,302 0 0	3,400½	2,071½	5,472
Total for 17 weeks ...	34,524	6,601 0 0	1,25,132 0	2,933 1 9	431 0 3	9,965 8 0	3,623½	2,107½	5,801
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	2,061	354 4 1	14,382 10	305 0 0	29 4 0	688 8 1	219	110	329
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	29 8 4	.....	25 6 8	2 7 0	57 6 0	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	35,940½	6,253 8 1	1,78,001 20	3,979 2 0	412 6 0	10,645 0 1	3,772	1,863	5,635

Approximate Statement of gross receipts of the Ghazipur-Dildarnagar State Railway, prepared in accordance with Public Works Department Circular No. XXI, Railway, dated 23rd July 1883.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 27TH OCTOBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 25TH OCTOBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 27TH OCTOBER 1883.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 25TH OCTOBER 1884.			Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.		
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
12	689	57	12	664	55	12	26,179	2,182	12	27,899	2,325	1,720	.....

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

					Rs.	A.	P.
Earnings for week ending 18th October 1884	...	...	...	...	9,153	0	0
Corresponding week last year	...	...	...	...	9,236	12	9
Decrease	...	...	...	...	83	12	9
Receipts from 1st July to 18th October 1884	...	...	...	...	1,34,228	6	3
Ditto ditto to 20th October 1883	...	...	...	...	1,36,331	15	9
Decrease	...	...	...	...	2,103	9	6
Miles open week ending 18th October 1884	...	...	...	...			Miles.
Corresponding week last year	...	...	...	...			50
	...	...	...	...			50
Receipts per mile open week ending 18th October 1884	...	...	...	...	183	1	0
Corresponding week last year	...	...	...	...	184	11	9
Decrease	...	...	...	...			1 10 9

DARJEELING, the 25th October 1884.

W. STEVENSON, Secretary.

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

					Rs.	A.	P.
Earnings for week ending 25th October 1884	...	...	...	...	8,657	0	0
Corresponding week last year	...	...	...	...	5,544	4	0
Increase	...	...	...	...	3,112	12	0
Receipts from 1st July to 25th October 1884	...	...	...	...	1,42,915	2	9
" from 1st July to 27th October 1883	...	...	...	...	1,41,876	3	9
Increase	...	...	...	...	1,038	15	0
Miles open week ending 25th October 1884	...	...	...	...			Miles.
Corresponding week last year	...	...	...	...			50
	...	...	...	...			50
Receipts per mile open week ending 25th October 1884	...	...	...	...	173	2	3
Corresponding period last year	...	...	...	...	110	14	2
Increase	...	...	...	...	62	4	1

DARJEELING, the 1st November 1884.

W. STEVENSON, Secretary.

**RULES FOR THE ELECTION OF MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS,
UNDER ACT III (B.C.) OF 1884 FOR THE
SUBURBS OF CALCUTTA.**

The 25th October 1884.—The following rules for the election of Municipal Commissioners for the Municipality of the Suburbs of Calcutta have been laid down by the Lieutenant-Governor under section 15 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884.

Of the Number of Commissioners and Wards.

1. The Suburban Municipality shall be divided into six wards, in the following manner:—

Ward No. I, comprising the police thanas of Cossipore, Chitpore and Ooltadanga.

Ward No. II, comprising the thanas of Mannicktollah and Baliaghatta.

Ward No. III, comprising the thanas of Entally and Baniapookur.

Ward No. IV, comprising the thanas of Ballygunge and Tollygunge.

Ward No. V, comprising the thanas of Bhowanipore and Alipore.

Ward No. VI, comprising the thanas of Watgunge, Ekbalpore and Garden Reach.

2. There shall be thirty Municipal Commissioners, of whom ten shall be nominated by Government and twenty elected under these rules to represent the several wards.

3. The twenty elected Commissioners shall be allotted to the several wards in the following manner:—

To Ward No. 1, three Commissioners.

„ No. II, three „

„ No. III, three „

„ No. IV, two „

„ No. V, five „

„ No. VI, four „

Of the Qualification of Voters.

4. Persons otherwise qualified to vote must be males, who have resided within the limits of the municipality for one year previous to the date of the election.

5. Subject to the above rule, all persons who have, during the year immediately preceding the election, paid an aggregate amount of not less than Rs. 3 in respect of any rates imposed by the Act, and who have been duly registered as hereinafter provided, shall be qualified to vote.

6. Subject to the proviso contained in Rule 4, any person who, being a member of a joint undivided family, one of the members of which has, during the year preceding such election, paid, in respect of any of the rates imposed by the Act, an aggregate amount of not less than Rs. 3, is a graduate or licentiate of any University, or holds a certificate as a pleader or mooktear, or holds any office or employment carrying a salary of not less than Rs. 50 per mensem, shall be entitled to vote.

7. Each voter shall be entitled to vote for the ward in which he ordinarily resides, and for no other. Each voter shall have as many votes as there are vacancies, and may give as many of these votes as he pleases to any one or more candidates.

Of the Registration of Voters.

8. For each ward a register shall be prepared by the Municipal Commissioners, in which shall be entered the names of the persons qualified to vote at elections. This register for each ward shall be prepared as soon as possible after the approval of these rules by Government, and hereafter shall be revised annually, and republished on the 1st October in each year.

9. When the registers are ready, copies of them shall be affixed at the principal civil and criminal courts, and at the office of the Commissioners, and so much of them as may refer to each ward shall be affixed at each police-station in that ward, and at such other places as may be deemed by the Chairman to be necessary.

10. Objections to, and claims for, the registration of voters may be made at any time being not less than 18 days before the election. All such objections and claims shall be heard by three Commissioners, to be appointed by the Chairman, who do not stand for election in the ward to which the objections and claims apply. The decision of the majority shall be final. If no appointment of Commissioners is made by the Chairman under this rule, such objections and claims shall be heard by an officer or officers who shall be specially deputed in this behalf by the Magistrate of the district; and the decision of such officer or officers shall be final.

11. No person shall be qualified to vote unless his name has been entered in the register of voters.

Of the Qualification and the Nomination of Candidates.

12. The Chairman shall, at least 30 days before the date fixed as hereinafter provided for the commencement of the elections, issue notices calling for nominations of candidates.

13. Any person qualified to vote under these rules shall be qualified for nomination as a candidate.

14. Any four persons registered as qualified to vote in any ward may nominate a candidate for election to represent such ward. The nomination shall be made in writing in the form annexed to these rules, and the candidate shall signify on the nomination paper his consent to the nomination. The nomination paper shall be delivered at the Municipal Office not less than ten days before the date fixed for the election.

15. The Chairman shall forthwith ascertain whether the nominators and the candidate respectively are qualified in accordance with these rules. If satisfied in this respect, he shall insert the name of the candidate in a list of candidates for the Commissionership or Commissionerships to be filled up. Such list shall also contain a specification of the qualifications of the candidate, and specifications of the names and qualifications of the persons nominating him.

16. On or before the morning of the ninth day previous to the election, the Chairman shall cause a copy of the list to be affixed at the Municipal Office, and another at each police-station within the ward.

17. Any registered voter may, within 48 hours from the publication of the list at the Municipal Office, object in writing to any such nomination; his objection shall specify the grounds on which it is made, and shall be delivered at the Municipal Office.

18. Such objection shall, within 24 hours, be decided summarily by the Sub-Committee appointed by the Chairman, or by the officer or officers specially deputed by the Magistrate of the district, as the case may be, under Rule 10, and the decision, which shall be immediately announced, shall be final.

Of the manner of holding Elections.

19. The election of Commissioners in each ward shall be held on such date (not being less than 30 days after the publication of the registers of voters under Rule 9) as the Chairman, with the sanction of the Local Government, may appoint. This date shall be announced by advertisement in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and in such newspapers as the Chairman may think desirable; also by a notice affixed at the Municipal Office and at each police-station in the ward, and at any other place which may seem to the Chairman to be necessary for the due publication of the notice.

20. Elections shall be held at the following places:—

No.	I	Ward	...	...	...	Chitpore police station.
"	II	"	...	...	...	Baliaghatta ditto.
"	III	"	...	...	...	Entally ditto.
"	IV	"	...	...	...	Ballygunge ditto.
"	V	"	...	...	...	Municipal Office.
"	VI	"	...	...	...	Garden Reach police-station.

21. The Municipal Commissioners shall appoint polling officers and other establishments, and may define their duties so far as they may not be defined by these rules.

22. The allowances of establishments shall be fixed by the Commissioners, and these, as well as all other expenses incurred in conducting the elections, shall be paid from the funds of the municipality.

23. If the number of candidates be not greater than the number of vacancies, the Chairman shall declare the candidate or candidates to be duly elected. If there be any vacancies for which no candidates have appeared, the Chairman shall report the fact for the information of Government.

24. If the number of candidates be greater than the number of vacancies, the Chairman shall issue a public notice (to be affixed at the Municipal Office, at the police-stations, and at as many as possible of the chief public offices, and to be otherwise notified in such manner as may seem to him necessary), declaring the day and hours in which, and the place at which, the election is to be held, and also the names of the candidates.

25. The poll shall commence at 8 A.M. and shall close at 6 P.M.

26. Each candidate may appoint, by a letter to the Chairman, a copy of which shall be delivered by the candidate to each agent to serve as his authority, not more than two agents to be present at the polling place to watch the proceedings on his behalf, and to bring to the notice of the polling officers any instance of false personation or other malpractice which may come to their knowledge as the election proceeds. Such agents shall be bound to obey any directions which the presiding officer shall give them for the purpose of keeping order; and no election shall be invalidated on the ground that the presiding officer has exceeded his powers in this respect.

27. The polling officer shall be provided with a list of the registered voters qualified to vote within the ward.

28. The votes shall be taken by means of voting papers.

29. A voter may either attend at the polling place and record his vote, or he may forward his vote to the polling officer, so that it may reach him before the hour fixed for the close of the poll.

30. Any voter wishing to obtain a voting paper beforehand may apply, not less than five clear days before the day fixed for the election, at the Municipal Office for a voting paper. The application shall be in writing, and shall bear the signature of the voter written with his own hand; it shall specify his address and his number on the register. A voting paper in the form appended to these rules, shall be at once forwarded to the voter by post, or by such other mode of conveyance as may be convenient.

31. The voter having received this voting paper may—

- (1) Return it by post, duly filled up, to the Municipal Office, in a closed cover marked "Voting paper—Ward No.—;" or
- (2) Present it himself at the polling place within the time fixed for the poll.

32. All voting papers received at the office in accordance with the first clause of the last rule shall be made over unopened to the polling officer to be opened by him publicly at the polling place within the hours fixed for the poll.

33. Should any cover received at the Municipal Office, and not marked as required by Rule 31, be found to contain a voting paper otherwise in order, such paper shall be immediately placed in a cover and sent to the polling officer to be dealt with according to Rule 32.

34. No duplicate voting papers shall be issued, but any voter, to whom a voting paper may have been forwarded under these rules, may nevertheless attend and vote in person at the polling place. In this case the original voting paper shall be considered as cancelled.

35. The voting papers sent out from the office under Rule 30 shall be printed on paper of a different colour from that used for papers to be furnished at the polling place. They shall bear the signature of the Chairman stamped upon them, and shall be numbered consecutively, and duplicates of them similarly numbered shall be kept in counterfoil.

36. Any voter who may present himself at the polling place to vote shall appear before a polling officer, who shall question him as to his name, address,

and number on the register, and after noting these facts in a voting paper (numbered consecutively), and in the counterfoil, shall hand over the voting paper to him.

37. The voter shall, if he can read and write, record his own vote on it, and shall present it to the presiding officer, who shall initial it, and shall enter the vote on the copy of the register made over to him under Rule 27.

38. If the voter be unable to read and write, his vote shall be recorded for him by an officer authorized by the Chairman; the paper shall then be returned to him for presentation to the presiding officer, who shall deal with it as directed in the preceding rule.

39. In all cases in which the voting paper is filled up in a language other than English, the name of the voter and of the person or persons for whom he votes shall be entered in English by an officer authorized by the Chairman.

40. If a voting paper received by post is not in order, the polling officer shall nevertheless receive and record the vote, at the same time recording the objection and separating the voting paper from those papers to which there is no objection.

41. If an objection, on the ground of personation, of non-registry or any other cause, be made to the polling officer in any case, the vote shall nevertheless be noted and separated as above, and the objections shall be recorded.

42. Any agent appointed by a candidate in accordance with Rule 26 may inspect any voting paper. He may, at any time up to the close of the poll, object in writing to the reception of any vote, stating the grounds of his objections, and he shall sign such statement.

43. If in any case the presiding officer shall find that a second voting paper is presented, purporting to be on account of a person whose vote has been already recorded, he shall proceed in the same manner as in the case mentioned in Rule 41.

44. At the close of the poll, the presiding officer shall transmit to the Chairman all objections, together with all the records relating to them. The Chairman, or, if he be prevented from attending, a Sub-Committee of Commissioners appointed by him, shall proceed on the next following day, not being a Sunday or holiday, to hear and determine such objections, and the decision shall be final.

45. At the close of the poll, the polling officer shall forward to the Chairman all the voting papers, arranged according to their consecutive numbers, in a packet duly sealed and secured.

46. As soon as may be after the decision of objections has been concluded, the Chairman shall publish, in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and at the Municipal Office, the names of the person or persons in whose behalf votes have been recorded, and the number of votes given for each of them; and the candidates for whom the greatest number of votes shall have been given shall be declared to have been duly elected.

47. If the same person be a candidate for election in more than one ward, on his election for one ward he shall cease to be eligible in any other ward.

48. In case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall give a casting vote.

49. No election shall be invalidated on a point of form, provided that these rules have been substantially obeyed.

50. No election shall be invalidated on account of any irregularity whatever, unless it shall appear that that irregularity was such as materially to affect the result of the election.

51. No person in the employment or pay of the Municipality shall, directly or indirectly, engage in canvassing for votes, or otherwise assist in the election of any candidate, otherwise than by giving his own vote. Any breach of this rule will render the offender liable to dismissal.

COLMAN MACAULAY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

English and Vernacular.] *Register of Voters.* (Part I.)
(Rule 8.)

Ward No.

Serial number.	Name.	Residence.	Tax on herons. Section 88 (a).	Tax on holdings. Section 88 (b).	Horse and carriage licenses. Section 88 (c).	Water-rate. Section 88 (d).	Lighting rate. Section 88 (e).	Latrine rate. Section 88 (f).	Total paid during last year.	REMARKS.

Prepared by _____ Checked and examined by _____
} Municipal Commissioners.
Superintendent. *Chairman or Vice-Chairman.*

English and Vernacular.] *Register of Voters.* (Part II.)
(Rule 8.)

Ward No.

Serial number.	Name.	Residence.	Serial number in Part I in which the principal voter is registered.	Nature of special qualification under Rule 6.	REMARKS.

Prepared by _____ Checked and examined by _____
} Municipal Commissioners.
Superintendent. *Chairman or Vice-Chairman.*

RULE 14.

Nomination Paper.

WE, the undersigned registered voters of Ward No. _____, hereby nominate
_____, resident of _____, in Ward No. _____,
who is registered as qualified to vote
as a candidate for election to be a Commissioner for the said Ward.

(Signatures) 1. _____ registered as No. _____ in the register of voters,
2. _____ ditto „ ditto.
3. _____ ditto „ ditto.
4. _____ ditto „ ditto.

I _____, resident of _____, in Ward No. _____
hereby consent to the above nomination.

Signature) _____ Registered as No. _____ in the register of candidates.

Dated _____

Presented at the Municipal Office at _____ on the _____

Chairman or Vice-Chairman

RULE 15.

List of Candidates proposed for Election as Municipal Commissioners for Ward No. at
the election to be held at on the

Name of candidate.	Address of candi- date.	Qualifications of candidate.	Names of nominators.	Address of nominators.	Number of nominators in register of voters.
			1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4

Dated Chairman or Vice-Chairman.

English and Vernacular.]

Notice under Election Rule 24.

NOTICE is hereby given that Municipal Commissioners
for Ward No. of the Suburbs of Calcutta will be elected at
on the between the hours of
8 A.M. and 6 P.M.

List of Candidates.

	NAME.	Address.
1 2 3 4		

N. B.—The following rules are published for general information:—

RULE 29.—A voter may either attend at the polling place and record his vote, or he may forward his vote to the polling officer, so that it may reach him before the hour fixed for the close of the poll.

RULE 30.—Any voter wishing to obtain a voting paper beforehand may apply, not less than five clear days before the day fixed for the election, at the Municipal Office for a voting paper. The application shall be in writing, and shall bear the signature of the voter written with his own hand. It shall specify his address and his number on the register. A voting paper, in the form appended to these rules, shall be at once forwarded to the voter by post, or by such other mode of conveyance as may be convenient.

RULE 31.—The voter, having received this voting paper, may—

- (1) return it by post, duly filled up, to the Municipal Office, in a closed cover marked "Voting paper—Ward No. ";
- or
- (2) present it himself at the polling place within the time fixed for the poll.

Date Chairman.

COUNTERFOIL No.
Election for Ward No.
to be held at
on the
Name of Elector
Number in the Register
Residence
Date of despatch of voting
paper
Mode of despatch

VOTING PAPER No.
Election for Ward No. to be
at on the
between 8 A.M. & 6 P.M.
[RULE 30.]
Instructions 1.—The elector has votes, which he may divide among the
candidates as he pleases, or he may give all to one candidate.
2.—The elector must write his own signature on the paper.
3.—After having filled it up, he may—
(1) return it by post, addressed to the Chairman, in a closed
cover marked "Voting paper, Ward No.," at time on
the day before that fixed for the poll; or
(2) present it himself at the polling place within the hours fixed
for the poll.
4.—If this voting paper be lost, no duplicate will be issued, but the
elector may attend at the polling place and vote in the ordinary
way; in that case this voting paper will be cancelled.

Name of Elector Residence of Elector Number on the Register	I give votes for
Initial of Polling Officer. Date	Signature of Elector. Date

Superintendent.
Head clerk.

COUNTERFOIL No.
Election for Ward No.
Held at
On the
Name of Elector
Number in Register
Residence

VOTING PAPER. (to be used at the polling place)
No. [Rule 36] Election for Ward No.
to be held at
on the between 8 A.M. and 6 P.M.

Name of Elector.	Number in the Register.	Address.

Instructions.—1.—An elector, who is able to read and write, should record his vote
with his own hand.
2.—The elector has votes, which he may divide among the can-
didates as he pleases, or he may give all to one candidate.

I give votes to	Signature of Elector. Signature of authorised Officer under Rule 39.
-----------------	--

Initials of Polling Officer.
Objected to by

**RULES FOR THE ELECTION OF MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS
UNDER ACT III (B.C.) OF 1884.**

The 29th September 1884.—The following rules for the election of Municipal Commissioners in all Municipalities in the Burdwan, Presidency, Rajshahye, Dacca, Chittagong, Patna, Bhagulpore, Orissa, and Chota Nagpore Divisions (except Howrah and the Suburbs of Calcutta), have been laid down by the Lieutenant-Governor under section 15 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884:—

Of the qualification of voters.

1. Persons otherwise qualified to vote must be males, who have resided within the limits of the municipality for one year previous to the date of the election.

2 Subject to the above rule, all persons who have, during the year immediately preceding the election, paid an aggregate amount of not less than Re. 1-8 in respect of any rates imposed by the Act, and who have been duly registered as hereinafter provided, shall be qualified to vote.

3. Subject to the proviso contained in rule 1, any person who, being a member of a joint undivided family, one of the members of which has, during the year preceding such election, paid in respect of any of the rates imposed by the Act an aggregate amount of not less than Re. 1-8, is a graduate or licentiate of any University, or holds a certificate as a Pleader or Mooktear, or holds any office or employment carrying a salary of not less than Rs. 50 per mensem, shall be entitled to vote.

Of the registration of voters.

4. As soon as possible after these rules shall have been published, the Magistrate of the district shall cause to be prepared a register of persons qualified to vote. Such register shall be prepared from the assessment lists, from enquiries made by persons specially deputed for the purpose, and in such other manner as may appear expedient. Such register shall from time to time be corrected and added to as the Magistrate may direct. It shall be the duty of the Chairman of the Municipality to furnish the Magistrate or the Sub-Divisional Officer with any available information required for the preparation and correction, from time to time, of the register in question.

5. At least one month before the date fixed for the elections as hereinafter provided, an extract from the register, showing the persons qualified to vote within each Ward, shall be published at suitable places within that ward. A copy of the whole register shall also be published at the municipal office.

6. The Magistrate, or such other gazetted officer as he may depute for the purpose, shall sit to hear and decide objections to, and claims for, registration of voters on some date of which at least three days' notice shall have been given, and which shall be at least ten days after the publication of the lists in question, and at least one week before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections; and such decision shall be final.

7. The ward lists as amended, after the hearing and decision of claims and objections, shall be considered as the final lists of persons entitled to vote at the elections, and no person whose name does not appear in the ward lists shall be permitted to vote.

Of the qualification and the nomination of candidates.

8. Any person qualified to vote under these rules shall be qualified for nomination as a candidate.

9. Any rate-payer qualified to vote may nominate any other qualified person as a candidate.

10. The Magistrate shall, at least six weeks before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections, issue notices calling for nominations of candidates. Such nominations shall be delivered at the municipal office within fourteen days from the date of publication of the notices in question. No names of candidates shall be received after the expiration of such period.

11. The preliminary list of candidates, with the names of the persons nominating them, shall be published in each ward, and at the municipal office, at least three weeks before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections. A notification shall at the same time be published, fixing a date for the hearing of objections to candidates. Such date shall be at least one week later than the publication of the notification in question.

12. The Magistrate, or such other gazetted officer as the Magistrate may depute for the purpose, shall hear and decide all objections to candidates; and such decision shall be final. Before publishing the final list, he shall ascertain that all the candidates are eligible and willing to stand for election.

13. The final list of candidates shall be published in each ward, and at the municipal office, at least one week before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections. No candidate whose name is not contained in such list shall be eligible for election.

Of the manner of holding elections.

14. The elections for the different wards shall be held on such date as may be fixed by the Lieutenant-Governor and notified in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

15. The Magistrate shall decide at what place the election for each ward shall be held.

16. The date fixed for the election in each ward shall be duly notified by beat of drum, and by the publication of notices in such ward at least one month beforehand.

17. Each voter shall be entitled to vote for the ward in which he ordinarily resides, and for no other. He shall be entitled to vote for as many candidates as there are vacancies for such ward.

18. All persons wishing to vote must be present at the elections. No votes by proxy or in writing shall be received.

19. The Magistrate, or such other gazetted officer as the Magistrate may depute for the purpose, shall preside at the election for each ward, assisted by a Committee of not less than three and not more than five rate-payers of the ward, nominated by the Magistrate.

20. The proceedings shall commence by the presiding officer explaining the nature and objects of the meeting to the assembled voters. He shall then read out the list of candidates, and state the number of vacancies.

21. Each candidate shall then be proposed by one qualified voter, and seconded by another. Subject to the control of the presiding officer on points of order, each candidate and his proposer and seconder shall be permitted to address the assembled voters on the subject of his candidature. The names of candidates not duly proposed and seconded shall be removed from the list.

22. In the case of the number of the candidates duly proposed and seconded not being greater than the number of vacancies, the presiding officer, if he is satisfied that not less than 10 per cent. of the registered voters for the ward or wards in which the election is taking place are present, shall at once declare such candidates to be duly elected.

23. If the number of candidates duly proposed and seconded exceeds the number of vacancies, the presiding officer shall proceed to call for a show of hands in favour of each candidate. The presiding officer shall decide and state which of the candidates have received the largest number of votes by the said shows of hands. Should no poll be demanded against any one candidate, he shall declare such candidate to be duly elected.

24. Any defeated candidate, or his proposer or seconder, may demand a poll on his behalf, as against any or all of the candidates selected under the above rule.

25. When a poll is demanded, the votes shall then and there be recorded by the presiding officer with his own hand. All objections to voters shall, if possible, be summarily decided by the presiding officer, after reference to the register. No objections shall be entertained other than objections arising out of matters subsequent to registration under rule 6.

26. The presiding officer shall then and there declare such candidates as have a clear majority of votes to be duly elected. Provided that no candidate shall be declared to be duly elected unless at least 10 per cent. of the registered voters for the ward have appeared and recorded their votes.

27. If 10 per cent. of the registered voters for the ward are not present (Rule 22), or have not appeared and recorded their votes (Rule 28), the presiding officer shall report that the electors have failed, under section 18 of the Act, to elect Commissioners for the ward.

28. In case of an equality of votes for the same vacancy, and when the number of vacancies does not admit of all the candidates who have obtained an equality of votes being elected, the presiding officer shall postpone the election, fixing at the same time a date upon which the proceedings shall be re-commenced. When the majority for any candidate consists only of disputed votes, with reference to which further enquiry appears to be necessary, the result of such enquiry shall be notified on a subsequent date.

29. The list of duly returned candidates for the whole municipality shall be forwarded to the Commissioner of the Division for publication in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Miscellaneous.

30. No election shall be invalidated on a point of form, provided that these rules have been substantially obeyed.

31. No election shall be invalidated on account of any irregularity whatever, unless it shall appear that that irregularity was such as materially to affect the result of the election.

32. No person in the employment or pay of the municipality shall, directly or indirectly, engage in canvassing for votes, or otherwise assist in the election of any candidate, otherwise than by giving his own vote. Any breach of this rule will render him liable to dismissal.

33. All costs incurred in the preparation of the register of voters, the publication of notices, the holding of elections, or taking any other necessary actions under these rules, shall be payable by the Commissioners out of the municipal fund.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 29th September 1884.—The following rules for the election of Municipal Commissioners in the Municipality of Howrah have been laid down by the Lieutenant-Governor under section 15 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884:—

Of the number of Commissioners and Wards.

1. There shall be 30 Commissioners, of whom 20 shall be elected under these rules, and 10 shall be appointed by Government.

2. The municipality shall be divided into 10 wards in accordance with the schedule annexed.

Of the qualification of voters.

3. Persons otherwise qualified to vote must be males, who have resided within the limits of the municipality for one year previous to the date of the election.

4. Subject to the above rule, all persons who have, during the year immediately preceding the election, paid an aggregate amount of not less than Rs. 3 in respect of any rates imposed by the Act, and who have been duly registered as hereinafter provided, shall be qualified to vote.

5. Subject to the proviso contained in rule 3, any person who, being a member of a joint undivided family, one of the members of which has during the year preceding such election, paid in respect of any of the rates imposed by the Act an aggregate amount of not less than Rs. 3, is a graduate or licentiate of any University, or holds a certificate as a Pleader or Mooktear, or holds any office or employment carrying a salary of not less than Rs. 50 per mensem, shall be entitled to vote.

Of the registration of voters.

6. As soon as possible after these rules shall have been published, the Magistrate of the district shall cause to be prepared a register of persons qualified to vote. Such register shall be prepared from the assessment lists, from enquiries made by persons specially deputed for the purpose, and in such other manner as may appear expedient. Such register shall from time to time

be corrected and added to as the Magistrate may direct. It shall be the duty of the Chairman of the Municipality to furnish the Magistrate or the Sub-Divisional Officer with any available information required for the preparation and correction, from time to time, of the register in question.

7. At least one month before the date fixed for the elections as hereinafter provided, an extract from the register, showing the persons qualified to vote within each ward, shall be published at suitable places within that ward. A copy of the whole register shall also be published at the municipal office.

8. The Magistrate, or such other gazetted officer as he may depute for the purpose, shall sit to hear and decide objections to, and claims for, registration of voters on some date of which at least three days' notice shall have been given, and which shall be at least ten days after the publication of the lists in question, and at least one week before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections; and such decision shall be final.

9. The ward lists as amended, after the hearing and decision of claims and objections, shall be considered as the final lists of persons entitled to vote at the elections, and no person whose name does not appear in the ward lists shall be permitted to vote.

Of the qualification and the nomination of candidates.

10. Any person qualified to vote under these rules shall be qualified for nomination as a candidate.

11. Any rate-payer qualified to vote may nominate any other qualified person as a candidate.

12. The Magistrate shall, at least six weeks before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections, issue notices calling for nominations of candidates. Such nominations shall be delivered at the municipal office within fourteen days from the date of publication of the notices in question. No names of candidates shall be received after the expiration of such period.

13. The preliminary list of candidates, with the names of the persons nominating them, shall be published in each ward, and at the municipal office, at least three weeks before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections. A notification shall at the same time be published, fixing a date for the hearing of objections to candidates. Such date shall be at least one week after than the publication of the notification in question.

14. The Magistrate, or such other gazetted officer as the Magistrate may depute for the purpose, shall hear and decide all objections to candidates; and such decision shall be final. Before publishing the final list, he shall ascertain that all the candidates are eligible and willing to stand for election.

15. The final list of candidates shall be published in each ward, and at the municipal office, at least one week before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections. No candidate whose name is not contained in such list shall be eligible for election.

Of the manner of holding elections.

16. The elections for the different wards shall be held on such date as may be fixed by the Lieutenant-Governor and notified in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

17. The Magistrate shall decide at what place the election for each ward shall be held.

18. The date fixed for the election in each ward shall be duly notified by beat of drum and by the publication of notices in such ward at least one month beforehand.

19. Each voter shall be entitled to vote for the ward in which he ordinarily resides, and for no other. He shall be entitled to vote for as many candidates as there are vacancies for such ward.

20. All persons wishing to vote must be present at the elections. No votes by proxy or in writing shall be received.

21. The Magistrate, or such other gazetted officer as the Magistrate may depute for the purpose, shall preside at the election for each ward, assisted by a Committee of not less than three and not more than five rate-payers of the ward, nominated by the Magistrate.

22. The proceedings shall commence by the presiding officer explaining the nature and objects of the meeting to the assembled voters. He shall then read out the list of candidates, and state the number of vacancies.

23. Each candidate shall then be proposed by one qualified voter, and seconded by another. Subject to the control of the presiding officer on points of order, each candidate and his proposer and seconder shall be permitted to address the assembled voters on the subject of his candidature. The names of candidates not duly proposed and seconded shall be removed from the list.

24. All objections to voters shall, if possible, be summarily decided by the presiding officer, after reference to the register. No objections shall be entertained other than objections arising out of matters subsequent to registration under rule 8.

25. The presiding officer shall record with his own hand the votes of the electors present.

26. The presiding officer shall then and there declare such candidates as have a clear majority of votes to be duly elected. Provided that no candidate shall be declared to be duly elected unless at least 10 per cent. of the registered voters for the ward have appeared and recorded their votes.

27. If 10 per cent. of the registered voters for the ward have not appeared and recorded their votes, the presiding officer shall report that the electors have failed, under section 16 of the Act, to elect Commissioners for the ward.

28. In case of an equality of votes for the same vacancy, and when the number of vacancies does not admit of all the candidates who have obtained an equality of votes being elected, the presiding officer shall postpone the election, fixing at the same time a date upon which the proceedings shall be re-commenced. When the majority for any candidate consists only of disputed votes, with reference to which further enquiry appears to be necessary, the result of such enquiry shall be notified on a subsequent date.

29. The list of duly returned candidates for the whole municipality shall be forwarded to the Commissioner of the Division for publication in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Miscellaneous.

30. No election shall be invalidated on a point of form, provided that these rules have been substantially obeyed.

31. No election shall be invalidated on account of any irregularity whatever, unless it shall appear that that irregularity was such as materially to affect the result of the election.

32. No person in the employment or pay of the municipality shall, directly or indirectly, engage in canvassing for votes, or otherwise assist in the election of any candidate, otherwise than by giving his own vote. Any breach of this rule will render him liable to dismissal.

33. All costs incurred in the preparation of the register of voters, the publication of notices, the holding of elections, or taking any other necessary actions under these rules, shall be payable by the Commissioners out of the municipal fund.

COLMAN MACAULAY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

SCHEDULE.

HOWRAH MUNICIPALITY.

ELECTION WARDS.

Ward No. I.

North—Joya Bibee's Lane, outfall drain on the south of Hurro Dhole's garden and Chandalparah lane. *South*—Horogunge Road *East*—River. *West*—Hooghly road.

Ward No. II.

North—A line beginning at a point on the Hooghly road 100 feet south of Nuskurparah lane, thence a direct line westward across the Maleepanchghurrah paddy-fields to the culvert opposite garden of Bhoggobutty Bysack on the

Belloor road and Nellooah road. *South*—Sonaton Mistry's Garden lane and Bamoongachee paddy-fields. *East*—Grand Trunk road and Hooghly road. *West*—Bamoongachee paddy-fields.

Ward No. III.

North—Horogunge road. *South*—Golabaree road. *East*—River. *West*—Grand Trunk road.

Ward No. IV.

North—Golabaree road and Peelkhanah lane. *South*—Railway premises. *East*—River Hooghly. *West*—Railway line.

Ward No. V.

North—Railway premises, Dore's road and Howrah paddy-fields. *South*—Telkul Ghat road, Harcourt's lane and Kally Banerjea's lane. *East*—River. *West*—Bhoggobutty Karar's lane, Doorga Doss Bose's lane, Koylash Banerjea's lane, Lukhun Dass's lane and Kally Koondoo's lane up to its junction with Kally Banerjea's lane.

Ward No. VI.

North—Banttrah paddy-fields. *South*—Ollabibeetollah lane, Nuskurparrah lane and Bostomparrah lane. *East*—Bhoggobutty Karar's lane, Doorga Dass Bose's lane, Lukhun Dass's lane, Kally Koondoo's lane, Needhee Ram Manjee's lane, Gopaul Banerjea's lane and portion of Ramkistopore lane between its junctions with Gopal Banerjea's lane and the footpath through Baboo Chunder Coomar Banerjea's garden. *West*—Belgachia road, a direct line from that road beginning from the south-eastern corner of Deno Sen's garden across the paddy-fields to a point on the Makordah road 1,764 feet west of the toll-house, Doomrar Jollah, Haldarparrah lane, Goddadhur Mistry's lane and Kasoondiah paddy-fields.

Ward No. VII.

North—Telkul Ghat road, Harcourt's lane and Kally Banerjea's lane. *South*—Banstollah Ghat road and Park's Garden lane. *East*—River. *West*—Kally Koondoo's lane, Needhee Ram Manjee's lane, Gopaul Banerjea's lane and portion of Ramkistopore lane between its junction with Gopaul Banerjea's lane and Park's Garden lane.

Ward No. VIII.

North—Banstollah Ghat road, Park's Garden lane, footpath through Baboo Chunder Coomar Banerjea's garden, Koyepooker lane and Mosulmanparrah lane. *South*—Juggut Banerjea's Ghat road, Rajah's Bagan lane, Mollahparah branch lane and portion of Khetter Banerjea's lane from its junction with the latter lane and Circular road at the house of Deno Master. *East*—River. *West*—Circular road.

Ward No. IX.

North—Juggut Banerjea's Ghat road, Rajah's Bagan lane, Mollahparah branch lane, Khetter Banerjea's lane between its junction with the latter lane and Circular road at the house of Deno Master and portion of Circular road between its junction with Khetter Banerjea's lane and Chatterjea's hat. *South*—River. *East*—River. *West*—Belliah khal and Botanical Garden.

Ward No. X.

North—Doomrar Jollah and Shokhair bazar road. *South*—Baxarah paddy-fields. *East*—A line from the south-eastern corner of Doomrar Jollah to Haldarparrah lane, Goddadhur Mistry's lane and Mosulmanparrah lane. *West*—Boroj Maut lane and western portion of Baxarah road between its junction with Boroj Maut lane and the culvert over Baxarah khal.



SUPPLEMENT TO The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1884.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.

CONTENTS.

	Page.		Pa.
RESOLUTION on the Report of the Board of Revenue on the Administration of the Salt Department for the year 1883-84	2127	WHOLESALE Prices-current of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the undermentioned Markets of Bengal for the fortnight ending 31st October 1884	2174
Liberality of Baboos Ishur Prosad Gorga and Jyoti Prosad Gorga	2132	Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal for the month of October 1884	2176
Indian Pilgrims to the Hejaz	2132	Table of Rainfall recorded at Stations in Bengal in October 1884	2178
Date of Election of Commissioners for Municipalities under Act III (B.C.) of 1884	2133	Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 2nd to 8th November 1884	2187
Supplementary Statement showing the Division of Municipalities into Wards, and the number of Commissioners to be elected for each Ward under Rules for the election of Commissioners under Act III (B.C.) of 1884	2134	Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal for the week ending Friday, the 7th of November 1884	2188
Rules for the Election of Municipal Commissioners under Act III (B.C.) of 1884 for the Suburbs of Calcutta	2139	Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Friday (6 p.m.), the 7th November 1884	2190
Supplementary Statement showing the division of Municipalities into Wards, and the number of Commissioners to be elected for each Ward under Rules for the election of Commissioners under Act III (B.C.) of 1884	2145	Abstract of the results of Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory in the month of October 1884	2194
Statement showing the division of Municipalities into Wards, and the number of Commissioners to be elected for each Ward under Rules for the election of Commissioners under Act III (B.C.) of 1884	2148	Results of the Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 2nd to 8th November 1884	2195
Orders declaring the number of Commissioners to be elected for each Ward in the Howrah Municipality	2159	Abstract of the results of the Thermometric Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, in the month of October 1884	2195
Rules for the Election of Municipal Commissioners under Act III (B.C.) of 1884	2160	Statement showing the results of the Registration of Births and Deaths in the First Class Municipalities in Bengal during the week ending 25th October 1884	2197
Date of election of Commissioners for Municipalities under Act III (B.C.) of 1884	2165	Statement showing the working of the Steamer "Aurora" running between Cuttack and Chandbally for the year 1883-84	2199
Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops	2166	East Indian Railway	2200
Statement showing the Stocks of Rice in and around Calcutta	2169	Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways	2202
Prices-current of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the districts of Bengal for the fortnight ending the 31st October 1884	2170		

RESOLUTION ON THE REPORT OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE SALT DEPARTMENT FOR THE YEAR 1883-84.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT—MIS. REVENUE.

Calcutta; the 30th October 1884.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Report of the Board of Revenue on the Administration of the Salt Department for the year 1883-84.

The financial results of the fluctuations in receipts and charges of this Department, which have occurred during the past two years, are compared in the following statement:—

HEADS.	1882-83.	1883-84.	Increase.	Decrease.
RECEIPTS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
<i>Imperial—</i>				
Import duty on salt	1,74,72,814	1,73,15,741	...	1,56,873
Excise ditto	7,27,520	8,82,118	1,54,592	...
Total	1,82,00,140	1,81,97,859	...	2,281
<i>Provincial—</i>				
Rent of warehouses	1,23,582	60,160	...	63,422
Miscellaneous	41,417	30,960	...	1,457
Total	1,64,999	1,00,120	...	64,879
Total Receipts	1,83,65,139	1,82,97,979	...	67,160

HEADS.	1883-83.	1883-84.	Increase.	Decrease.
CHARGES.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
<i>Imperial—</i>				
Salaries, establishment and contingencies ... ..	.....	9,728	9,728	.....
Compensation paid under Convention with the French Govern- ment	20,000	20,000	.....	.....
Salt Preventive establishment in Orissa	16,084	15,117	.....	947
Refund of customs duty on salt	2,84,801	1,87,068	.....	97,733
Total ...	3,20,885	2,31,913	.....	88,982
<i>Provincial—</i>				
Salaries, establishments and contingencies	17,626	18,320	694	.....
Refunds other than customs and excise duty ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total ...	17,626	18,320	694	.....
Total Charges ...	3,38,461	2,50,233	.....	88,258
Approximate net revenue ...	1,80,26,648	1,80,47,746	21,098	.....

The figures above show a decrease of Rs. 67,160, or 3 per cent. in the receipts, and of Rs. 88,258 or 27·7 per cent. in the charges, thus yielding an increase of Rs. 21,098, or ·1 per cent. in the net revenue. While there has been a decrease in the receipts from duty on imported salt, that on excise salt yielded an increase (Rs. 2,281, or ·01 per cent.), the net decrease in the receipts from duty on salt being slight, and calling for no comments. The decline in the receipts from rent of warehouses is attributed chiefly to the stocks being low, a state of things which continued for some months during the year under review. The decrease in the charges has been due to smaller refunds of customs duty on salt.

2. The total quantity of salt in stock at the commencement of the year was 14,16,637 maunds against 23,18,543 maunds in 1882-83. During the year under review, 94,62,565 maunds were imported against 84,46,014 maunds imported in the previous year, and 6,37,672 maunds were manufactured locally against 2,87,816 maunds locally manufactured in 1882-83. The total quantity available for consumption during the year thus amounted to 1,15,16,874 maunds against 1,10,52,403 maunds in 1882-83. Duty was paid on 91,64,307 maunds, including 5,16,498 maunds of Bombay salt passed free of duty. The stock in hand left at the close of the year was 20,00,056 maunds against 14,16,637 maunds in the previous year. There has thus been an increase both in importation and manufacture during the year of report.

As usual, Calcutta and Chittagong were the only ports into which salt was imported, the chief sources of supply being the United Kingdom, France, Bombay, Madras, the Arabian and Persian Gulfs and Italy. Spain and Austria did not contribute anything, and only a small consignment was received from Port Elizabeth. The Lieutenant-Governor notices with pleasure the attempt made by the Compagnie Nationale de Navigation through Messrs. Ralli Brothers to import Sardinian salt and obtain cargoes from the Mediterranean ports, and trusts the enterprise will prosper in their hands. This attempt to open up a new line of trade explains the increase in importations from Italy, while the enhanced import from the Arabian and Persian Gulfs is attributed to the stocks of salt from those ports having fallen very low at the close of last year. Depression in the Eastern trade, small profits from freights for the homeward voyage, previous losses, and continued low prices, are said to have led to the decline in the importations from Liverpool. The proposal to reduce the wastage allowance to 3 per cent. by introducing a more careful system of weighment at Liverpool is still under the consideration of the Board of Revenue.

3. The clearances of imported salt from shipboard increased by 5,36,843 maunds, or 8·5 per cent. in Calcutta, and by 61,573 maunds, or 88·3 per cent in Chittagong during the year under report, thus showing a total increase of 5,98,416 maunds, or 9·4 per cent. in the quantity cleared at both the ports. The duty realized on the same amounted to Rs. 1,33,67,827 against Rs. 1,23,61,188 in 1882-83, showing an increase of Rs. 10,66,639, or 8·1 per cent. In addition to the above quantity, 54,650 maunds were cleared from shipboard at Chittagong under bond for Naraingunge. The increase in clearances from shipboard is attributed to large imports, slow trade, and low freights, as will be shown below.

A decrease of 7,65,768 maunds, or 30·4 per cent. in Calcutta, and of 13,472 maunds, or 4·7 per cent. in Chittagong, is observed in the clearances of

imported salt from bond during the year under review; while, on the other hand, there was an increase of 20,131 maunds, or 80·8 per cent. in Naraingunge, and of 1,044 maunds in Balasore. The net decrease thus amounted to 7,58,055 maunds, or 23·3 per cent. in the total quantity cleared from bond in all the four ports, and of Rs. 13,11,707 or 26·4 per cent in the duty realized.

Five thousand nine hundred and eight additional maunds of salt were removed from Chittagong to Calcutta under section 105 of the Customs Act, while 4,59,520 maunds were cleared for Noakhally, Tipperah, Naraingunge, Chittagong and Calcutta on payment of duty at Chittagong, against a total quantity of 3,96,793 maunds in 1882-83. The increase is mainly attributable to larger clearances for Naraingunge.

4. The result of the manufacture of excise salt compares very favourably with that of the past two years, the total quantity manufactured amounting to 6,37,672 maunds against 2,87,816 maunds in 1882-83, thus showing an increase of 3,49,826 maunds. The outturn during the year under review was even larger than that in 1880-81 (6,15,776 maunds), which was a very successful year.

In the 24-Pergunnahs, where the manufacture was in the hands of one licensee, it was altogether abandoned during the course of the year. The licensee did not apply for a license on account of his having, it is said, a large stock in hand, and the trade not being profitable owing to the comparatively low price of imported salt.

In the Pooree and Balasore districts there was an increase of 2,75,751 maunds and 94,137 maunds respectively, while in the district of Cuttack there was a falling off of 12,415 maunds. The net increase in the Orissa districts was therefore of 3,57,469 maunds, or 127·5 per cent. in the quantity of salt manufactured during the year under review.

The *Kurkutch* or sun evaporated salt forms the bulk of the excise salt in Pooree, and the fact that the year was favourable for its manufacture partially explains the increase in this district. The dryness of the season explains also the increase in Balasore. These circumstances, combined with the efforts made by the manufacturers to recoup the loss sustained by them previously, and to bring the stocks up to the mark, secured the result noted above. The result would have been more satisfactory had not a class of the manufacturers, who were trying to counterbalance the partial failure of their rice crop by securing a good outturn of excise salt, been deterred from carrying on their operations by a sudden outbreak of cholera.

The existence of large stocks left undisposed of at the close of the previous year, coupled with the breaking out of bad weather during the year under review, which prejudiced the manufacturing operations, led to the reduced outturn in the district of Cuttack.

5. There was an increase in the sales of excise salt of 4,157 maunds in the 24-Pergunnahs, of 10,762 maunds in Cuttack, and of 94,450 maunds in Pooree, while in the district of Balasore the sales fell off by 33,158 maunds. The net increase in the sales thus amounted to 76,230 maunds or 20·9 per cent., and in the duty to Rs. 1,52,459 or 20·9 per cent.

It is pointed out that the increase in the sales in the 24-Pergunnahs is no indication of the development of the trade in excise salt, as the licensee simply attempted to clear as much salt as he could, and established a number of retail shops, disposing of the article even at a loss.

The increase in the district of Cuttack calls for no comments, having been exported either to Balasore or to the Tributary Mehals. *Kurkutch* salt, which is cheaper, is imported to this district in exchange for the salt locally manufactured, which is sent out to the neighbouring places.

In 1881 competition of Ganjam salt led almost entirely to the decrease in the sales in Pooree. In addition to this, the manufacturers there, learning of the smallness of the stock at the Ganjam warehouse, combined to demand comparatively higher prices for salt of inferior quality with the hope of realizing large profits. Their hopes were, however, frustrated, and in 1882-83 they lowered their prices, but too late to affect that year's result. It is satisfactory to note that their rate has now been reduced from Rs. 2·8 per maund in 1882-83 to Rs. 2·3 in 1883-84, which has led to a large increase in the sales in this district. That the Pooree manufacturers have regained their

position in the market is apparent from the fact that, while the sales from Pooree increased by 94,450 maunds, those from Ganjam fell off by 84,605 maunds.

Of the decrease of 30,000 maunds in the Balasore district, 10,000 maunds are made up by the increased sales of Cuttack and the Liverpool salts in the protected area. With regard to the balance, it is said that sales from outside into the unprotected area, which cannot be ascertained, explain it partially. Increased consumption of Liverpool salt in Mohurbhunj, which used to take its supply from Balasore, also contributed to the decrease noted above.

6. The sales of salt in the portions of the saliferous districts of Bengal and Orissa, in which the *rowanah* system is in force, rose during the year under review from 9,96,877 to 10,22,157 maunds, thus showing a net increase of 25,280 maunds or 2·5 per cent. Increase in consumption is noticed in the districts of the 24-Pergunnahs, Khoolna, Backergunge, Chittagong and Cuttack, while Midnapore, Howrah, Noakholly and Balasore show a falling off.

Sales in Midnapore show a decrease amounting to 1,938 maunds or 3·3 per cent. Emigration on a larger scale than usual, the closure of the Orissa Coast Canal for a portion of the year, the facilities for manufacturing salt from brine, the high price of salt within salt limits, the failure of the police to detect illicit manufacture, are set forth as the causes which led to the decrease in question. Decrease of consumption in the Contai thana of this district was noticed in 1881-82, and formed the subject of a special report. Illicit manufacture was the principal cause of the decrease, and increased attention subsequently paid to its suppression led to an increase in consumption of 801 maunds in 1882-83. Of the causes enumerated above, it appears to Mr. Rivers Thompson that the decrease is mainly due to the inactivity of the police.

The decrease in Noakholly and Balasore is mainly due to increased purchases outside the protected area, while that in Howrah calls for no comments. Influx of visitors to the Exhibition accounts for the increase in the 24-Pergunnahs. In Khoolna importation of a large number of workmen may have to some extent led to the increase noted, but it is more probably due to the increased requirements of a growing population. The increase in Backergunge during the year under review confirms the belief expressed last year, that illicit manufacture is not carried on to any very great extent in that district. Vigilance on the part of the police in suppressing illicit manufacture and transport is said to have led to the increase in Chittagong. The increase in Cuttack was the largest, amounting to 11,732 maunds or 6·1 per cent.

7. The returns of salt attached, released, and confiscated during the year are more satisfactory than they were last year. Four hundred and fifty-nine seizures were made against 432 in the previous year, while the quantity of salt attached was only 697 maunds against 4,755 maunds in 1882-83. Midnapore again shows a falling off in the number of seizures as well as in the quantity attached. Out of the 19 cases of seizure in which 5 maunds and 14 chittacks were attached, 3 maunds 31 seers 2 chittacks were confiscated in 17 cases, while 1 maund 9 seers 12 chittacks were released in two cases. Considering the total result of the salt administration of this district, the Lieutenant-Governor cannot help remarking that the police must have been very negligent during the year under review with regard to this portion of their duties. The quantity of salt released was 547 maunds in 22 cases against 4,594 maunds in 40 cases, while that confiscated was 150 maunds in 436 cases against 163 maunds in 395 cases in 1882-83 respectively. The ratio of the quantity released to the quantity attached was therefore 79 per cent against 96 per cent. in the previous year, which is satisfactory. Of the 201 maunds of salt attached in 13 cases in Howrah, 200 maunds had to be released in one case, and the rest confiscated in the remaining 12 cases. The Commissioner is right in holding that this result suggests hasty action on the part of the police. The results in the districts of Backergunge and Noakholly are accepted as satisfactory. In the former the whole quantity attached (19 maunds 13 seers 4 chittacks) was confiscated, and in the latter, out of 12 maunds 25 seers 15 chittacks attached, only 15 seers were released, thus showing the judiciousness displayed by the police officers in making these attachments. In Cuttack the seizures numbered 103 with 122 maunds of salt attached, 25 maunds of which were confiscated in 102 cases and the balance released in one

case. The seizures in the other districts call for no special comments. The number of seizures and of unsuccessful searches was 624 and 102 against 518 and 147 respectively in 1882-83, a result which is not unsatisfactory. The state of affairs disclosed in the district of Backergunge requires further explanation. One hundred and sixty-seven unsuccessful searches and 43 seizures were at first returned for this district, 102 of the former and 3 of the latter being in one sub-division alone. The figures were, however, subsequently corrected after "a careful enquiry" from 167 and 43 to 39 and 64 respectively. But it is not clear on what basis this enquiry was made and the figures altered, and the Lieutenant-Governor requests that the Board will call for further particulars on this point.

8. The number of prosecutions for offences against the Salt laws rose from 1,077 in 1880-81 to 1,262 in 1881-82, 1,173 in 1882-83 to 1,306 in 1883-84. The number actually disposed of, including cases pending from the previous year, was 1,304 against 1,174, while convictions were secured in 1,128 cases against 1,078 in 1882-83 respectively. Midnapore, Khoolna and Noakholly show an increase in the number of cases instituted, the others showing a decrease, except the 24-Pergunnahs, where the number was the same as that in the year preceding. Cases under sections 20 and 21 form the bulk of those in Midnapore, most of which were instituted in Contai. The Lieutenant-Governor agrees with the Commissioner in the view that the rule requiring all sales to be entered in the pages should not be too strictly enforced. As a rule, people found breaking the conditions of their license should at first be warned, and prosecution should only be resorted to if the warning has no effect.

9. The amounts realized as fines and disbursed as rewards were Rs. 4,986 and Rs. 3,352 against Rs. 6,529 and Rs. 4,167 respectively in 1882-83. The action of the Deputy Magistrate of Balasore with regard to the payment of rewards is noted with displeasure. Rewards liberally and promptly awarded are great incentives to the detection and prosecution of breaches of the Salt law.

10. The Lieutenant-Governor approves of the Board's decision not to introduce any change in the present Salt law limits of the Khulna district. The larger question of placing the manufacture and sale of excise salt in Orissa under the supervision of the Commissioner of Salt Revenue, Madras, subject to the control of this Government, will be considered in connection with the special report on the subject recently submitted by the Board of Revenue.

11. In paragraph 9 of the Government Resolution on the Board's report for 1881-82, the question of simplifying the present salt system for the greater convenience of the public was initiated. Reports from the Commissioners of the saliferous districts were called for and incorporated in the Board's report for 1882-83. Supplementary opinions have again been furnished in the Board's report under review. The Board think that the existing salt system should be allowed to continue until the question of bringing the salt administration in Orissa under the control of the Madras Salt Commissioner is settled. The Lieutenant-Governor will postpone expressing his own view in the point.

12. The Lieutenant-Governor thanks the Board for their careful administration of the department during the year. The name of the officer favourably mentioned will be communicated to the Appointment Department.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

A. P. MACDONNELL,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

**LIBERALITY OF BABOOS ISHUR PROSAD GORGA AND JYOTI
PROSAD GORGA.**

GENERAL DEPARTMENT—EDUCATION.

Calcutta, the 6th November 1884.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

A letter from the Commissioner of the Burdwan Division, No. 418, dated the 1st September 1884, and its enclosures, on the subject of an offer made by proprietors of the Maisadul Estate to construct a suitable building for the girls' school in the town of Midnapore.

Read also—

A letter from the Director of Public Instruction, No. 7982, dated the 11th October 1884, on the same subject.

Baboos Ishur Prosad Gorga and Jyoti Prosad Gorga, proprietors of the Maisadul Estate in the district of Midnapore, have offered to pay from Rs. 2,000 to Rs. 2,500 for the construction of a suitable building for the accommodation of the girls' school in the town of Midnapore.

2. In accepting the offer, the Lieutenant-Governor desires that the thanks of Government may be conveyed to Baboos Ishur Prosad Gorga and Jyoti Prosad Gorga for their liberal donation in support of female education.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

H. II. RISLEY,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

INDIAN PILGRIMS TO THE HEJAZ.

No. 9—318, dated Simla, the 30th October 1884.

Endorsed by—The Offg. Under-Secretary to the Govt. of India, Home Dept.

Madras.
Bombay.
Bengal.
North-Western Pro-
vinces and Oudh.
Punjab.

Central Provinces.
British Burma.
Assam.
Coorg.
Hyderabad.

Copy forwarded to the Local Governments and Administrations noted in the margin for information, in continuation of Home Department letter No. 273, dated 17th ultimo.

No. 124—Statistics and Commerce, dated India Office, London, the 25th September 1884.

From—The RIGHT HON'BLE THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY, Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India,

To—His Excellency the Most Hon'ble the Governor-General of India in Council.

In continuation of my despatch, dated the 21st August, No. 112, I have to inform you that Her Majesty's Ambassador at Constantinople has stated to Earl Granville that the new Turkish Passport Regulations are to be suspended in the case of Indian pilgrims to the Hejaz.

DATE OF ELECTION OF COMMISSIONERS FOR MUNICIPALITIES
UNDER ACT III (B.C.) 1884.

The 5th November 1884.—In modification of the orders published at page 1708 of the Supplement to the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th October last, it is hereby notified, for general information, that the election of Commissioners under Act III (B.C.) of 1884, for the Cuttack Municipality, will be held on the 17th December 1884.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

DATE OF ELECTION OF COMMISSIONERS FOR MUNICIPALITIES
UNDER ACT III (B.C.) OF 1884.

The 7th November 1884.—In modification of the orders published at pages 1708 and 2007 respectively of the Supplements to the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th and 29th October last, it is hereby notified, for general information, that the election of Commissioners under Act III (B.C.) of 1884, in the Municipalities in the district of the 24 Pergunnahs, will be held on the following dates:—

Name of Municipality.	Date of election.
1. The Suburbs of Calcutta ...	17th, 18th and 19th December 1884.
2. Baraset ...	} 25th November 1884.
3. Goverdanga ...	
4. Barripore ...	
5. Joynagar ...	
6. North Dum-Dum ...	
7. Bassirhat ...	} 29th November 1884.
8. Taki ...	
9. Rajpore ...	
10. Baranagore ...	
11. South Suburban ...	
12. South Barrackpore ...	} 29th November 1884.
13. North Barrackpore ...	
14. Baduriah ...	
15. Nyehatty ...	
16. South Dum-Dum ...	

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

DATE OF ELECTION OF COMMISSIONERS FOR MUNICIPALITIES
UNDER ACT III (B.C.) OF 1884.

The 11th November 1884.—In modification of the orders published at page 1708 of the Supplement to the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th October last, it is hereby notified, for general information, that the election of Commissioners under Act III (B.C.) of 1884, in the Municipalities in the district of Hooghly will be held on the 29th instant.

The election of Commissioners for the Howrah Municipality will be held on the 29th November and 1st December 1884.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

SUPPLEMENTARY STATEMENT SHOWING THE DIVISION OF MUNICIPALITIES INTO WARDS, AND THE NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED FOR EACH WARD UNDER RULES FOR THE ELECTION OF COMMISSIONERS UNDER ACT III (B.C.) OF 1884.

Darjeeling, the 25th October 1884.

In continuation of the notification dated the 19th October 1884, published at pages 1879 to 1881 of the Supplement to the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 22nd idem, the following statement showing the number and extent of the wards into which the municipalities mentioned will be divided for the purposes of the election of Commissioners under section 14 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and the numbers of Commissioners to be elected for each ward, is published for general information in accordance with the provisions of section 15 of the Act:—

PRESIDENCY DIVISION.

DISTRICT.	Name of municipality.	Number of wards.	Names, boundaries, or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
21-Pergunnahs ...	Baranagore ...	6	Ward No. I.—South Baranagore	2
			Ditto II.—North ditto	3
			Ditto III.—Bonhughli and Dakinessar	3
			Ditto IV.—Areadah, Nawdapara, and Kamarhati	2
			Ditto V.—Belghoria and Basdebpur, including Senpara	2
			Ditto VI.—Sinthee, Nynan, Palpara, and Nawapara	2
	South Suburban	12	Ward No. I.—Tollygunge	2
			Ditto II.—Dhakuria	1
			Ditto III.—Behalla	2
			Ditto IV.—Italghatta	1
			Ditto V.—Shahpore	1
			Ditto VI.—Mudiali	1
			Ditto VII.—Dhopapara	1
			Ditto VIII.—Barisa	1
			Ditto IX.—Sursoona	1
			Ditto X.—Sodipur	1
			Ditto XI.—Gurnea	1
			Ditto XII.—Tiljulla	1
	Rajpur ...	5	Ward No. I.—Rajpur	4
			Ditto II.—Harinavi	3
			Ditto III.—Changaripotta and Kodalia	2
			Ditto IV.—Maluncha and Mahinagar	1
			Ditto V.—Jagardul and Elachi	2
	Barripur ...	6	Ward No. I.—Barripur	1
			Ditto II.—Mondulpara	1
			Ditto III.—Brahminpara	1
			Ditto IV.—Kamarparah	1
			Ditto V.—Bazar	1
			Ditto VI.—Shashone	1
	Joynagar ...	4	Ward No. I.—North Mozilpore	2
			Ditto II.—South ditto	2
			Ditto III.—North Joynagar	2
			Ditto IV.—South ditto	2
	North Dum-Dum	2	Ward No. I.—Kudihati	3
			Ditto II.—Nimta	3
	South Dum-Dum	3	Ward No. I.—Padrichatta, Katchasaruk, Myapati, Nojarbazar, Satgatchi, and Shyamnagar	2
			Ditto II.—Nimbutola, Gowshalla, Digla, Nyahasti, Dompara, Bagjulla, Ghuugudanga, Jaipur, and Sinthi	2
			Ditto III.—Betgachia, Dukhidan, Gola-natta, Chalis Biga, Nurbhanga, Patipookur, and Dattabad	2
	North Barrack-pore ...	12	Ward No. I.—Nauparah	1
			Ditto II.—Garulia North	1
			Ditto III.—Garulia South	1
			Ditto IV.—Ichapur North	1
			Ditto V.—Ichapur South	1
			Ditto VI.—Nawabgunge North	1
			Ditto VII.—Nawabgunge Centre	1
			Ditto VIII.—Nawabgunge South	1
			Ditto IX.—Pulta	1
			Ditto X.—Dhitara	1
			Ditto XI.—Monirampur	1
			Ditto XII.—Ganti	1

PRESIDENCY DIVISION—continued.

District.	Name of municipality.	Number of wards.	Names, boundaries, or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each			
24-Pergunnahs...	South Barrack-pore.	12	Ward No. I.—Chundurpukur	1			
			Ditto II.—Chanack	1			
			Ditto III.—Tittaghur	1			
			Ditto IV.—Khurdah	1			
			Ditto V.—Korah	1			
			Ditto VI.—Suckchar	1			
			Ditto VII.—Sodepur	1			
			Ditto VIII.—Bhawanipore	1			
			Ditto IX.—Panihatti	1			
			Ditto X.—Agurparah	1			
			Ditto XI.—Natagore	1			
			Ditto XII.—Gholla	1			
	Baraset ...	7	Ward No. I.—Baraset	2			
			Ditto II.—Kaziparah	2			
			Ditto III.—Bamonmoorah	2			
			Ditto IV.—Nulkurah	2			
			Ditto V.—Goostea	2			
			Ditto VI.—Badoo	2			
			Ditto VII.—Kaltore	2			
	Naihati ...	7	Ward No. I.—Mulejor, Atpur, Jaguda	2			
			Ditto II.—Bhatparah	2			
			Ditto III.—Naihati and Kantalpa	2			
			Ditto IV.—Garifa	2			
			Ditto V.—Kona	2			
			Ditto VI.—Halishahar	2			
			Ditto VII.—Bijpur	2			
	Basirhat ...	10	Ward No. I.—Dholechita	1			
			Ditto II.—Nalcora	1			
			Ditto III.—Dandirhat and Naihati	1			
			Ditto IV.—Khord Belia, Shampola, and Jelalpore	1			
			Ditto V.—Basirhat and Sadarati	1			
			Ditto VI.—Harishpur and Belupur	1			
			Ditto VII.—Mirzapur, Tapa, Topachur, and Bhawanipur	1			
			Ditto VIII.—Jorakpur	1			
			Ditto IX.—Tantra	1			
			Ditto X.—Bluda and Neara	1			
	Taki ...	4	Ward No. I.—The eastern part of Taki	2			
			Ditto II.—The western ditto	2			
			Ditto III.—Sodepur	1			
			Ditto IV.—Beokati and Jelalpore	1			
	Baduria ...	8	Ward No. I.—Baduria	1			
			Ditto II.—Arbalia	1			
			Ditto III.—Taragoonia	1			
			Ditto IV.—Magurttty	1			
			Ditto V.—Purah	1			
			Ditto VI.—Khurgachi	1			
			Ditto VII.—Rudderpur	1			
			Ditto VIII.—Andamanik and Magurkhali	1			
	Gobordanga ...	6	Ward No. I.—West Goberdanga	1			
			Ditto II.—Central Goberdanga	1			
			Ditto III.—East Goberdanga	1			
			Ditto IV.—Khanuria	1			
			Ditto V.—Haiderpur	1			
			Ditto VI.—Gaipur	1			
	Jessore ...	4	Ward No. I.—Kashba	6			
			Ditto II.—Purana Kashba and Khorki	2			
			Ditto III.—Bejpara, Sankarpur, and Chanchra	2			
			Ditto IV.—Baramdi and Ghope	1			
			Ditto V.—Nilgunge, Bagehar, and Murali	1			
	Kotechandpur ...	3	Ward No. I.—Salempur	2			
			Ditto II.—Chandpur ... ..			3	
			Ditto III.—Bara Bamondaha ... ..			1	
	Moheshpur ...	3	Ward No. I.—Moheshpur	5			
			Ditto II.—Jalilpur	3			
			Ditto III.—Hamidpur	2			
	Khoolna ...	6	Ward No. I.—Satkhira	3			
			Ditto II.—Sultanpur	1			
			Ditto III.—Pranshire	1			
			Ditto IV.—Katia	1			
			Ditto V.—Rasulpur and Polaspole	1			
			Ditto VI.—Kamarnagore, Itagacha and Bankal	1			
	Moorshedabad ...	Berhampore ...	6	Ward No. I.—Gorabazar	3		
				Ditto II.—Cantonment	1		
				Ditto III.—Berhampore	5		
				Ditto IV.—Khagra	4		
				Ditto V.—Saydabad	3		
				Ditto VI.—Cossimbazar	1		
		Lalbagh ...	4	Ward No. I.—Shamnagar	4		
				Ditto II.—Mohimapur	2		
				Ditto III.—Monullabazar	1		
				Ditto IV.—Asanpur	1		

PRESIDENCY DIVISION—*continued.*

DISTRICT.	Name of municipality.	Number of wards.	Names, boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Moorshedabad ...	Jungypore ...	7	Ward No. I.—Nalempati, Kapuriapati, Chowdharipara, Khanabati, Argora, Choulpati, and Halyipoti ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Loharipati, Khankipara, Choulpati 2nd, Kansaripara, Chhutarpara, and Mahaburtala ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Rajputpara, Boistabpara, Sahobazar, Fatekhan Jungle, Juffarnagore, Sripur, and Murdhapara ...	3
			Ward No. IV.—Baruipara, Sadumpara, Koibathapara, Roghunathpur, Joyrampur, Fagiltola, Novintola, Radhanagore and Nowaganj ...	2
			Ward No. V.—Such portion of Raghunathganj, as lies to the north of the police station between that station and Mr. Maseyk's house at Fasitala ...	3
			Ward No. VI.—Choulputty 2nd, Durveshpara, Choulpati and Bazarpati ...	2
			Ward No. VII.—Kumarpara, Meehuapara, Gualpara, Babukpara, Bazarputty, Kajipara, Johardipara and Guzarpur. ...	2
	Kandi ...	5	Ward No. I.—Kandi ...	2
			Ditto II.—Jemnah ...	2
			Ditto III.—Bagdanga ...	1
			Ditto IV.—Rassorah ...	1
Nuddea ...	Krisnaghur ...	5	Ditto V.—Chatni Kandi ...	1
			Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by the river Jellinghi; on the east by Jorapookur and Ghurni road; on the south by the Jail Street and Circular Road; and on the west by the municipal limits ...	3
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the Circular Road and Court Street; on the east by the High Street, on the west by municipal limits, and on the south by the Rajah's Road and Nuddea Road ...	3
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by the Nuddea Road, Rajah's Road, and Bogoola Road; and on the east, south, and west by municipal limits ...	3
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by the Jail Street and Radhanagore Road; on the east by municipal limits; on the south by the Bugoola Road, and on the west by the High Street ...	3
			Ward No. V.—Bounded on the north by the river Jellinghi and municipal limits; on the east by the municipal limits; on the south by the Radhanagore Road; and on the west by the Ghurni Road and Jorapookur ...	2
	Ranagha ...	6	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by Bachko khali; on the east by Joygopulpur; on the south by the Burrabazar Road pucca drain, and Ruthdanga Road; and on the west by the river Choorney ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by Ward No. I; on the east by the railway line; on the south by Dey Chowdhry's Shiddishey-tollah and Pal Chowdhry's Street and Shyam Pal Chowdhry's bathing ghat road; and on the west by the river Choorney ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by Ward No. II; on the east by the railway line; on the south by the Ferry fund road; and on the west by the river Choorney ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by Ward No. III; on the east by the railway line; on the south by the Berhampore road and Railway Street; and on the west by the river Choorney ...	2
			Ward No. V.—Bounded on the north by Ward No. IV and Gopalnugger road; on the east by Magurkhally; on the south by Hamghurkhal; and on the west by the river Choorney ...	2
			Ward No. VI.—Bounded on the north by the Rathdanga road; on the east by the Magurkhali road; on the south by the Gopalnugger road; and on the west by the railway line ...	2
	Santipore ...	5	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the west by the Kishnaghur road; on the south by a khali; on the east by Nijhore, and on the north by the road running from the post office eastward <i>via</i> Kristo Ballobh road and Sham Chand road through Bowbazar, Nikariparah, Pooniparah, and Lakhitollah <i>via</i> Kasi Babu's Lane eastward to Nijhore ...	4
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the west by the Kishnaghur road; on the south by the northern boundary of Ward No. I; on the east by Nijhore; and on the north by the road from Rajchandra Babu's lane <i>via</i> Bannek road ...	3
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north and east by the Nijhore, on the west by Melia, and on the south by the Bannek road from Nijhore <i>via</i> Rajchandra Babu's lane and the road eastward on the south of the school house <i>via</i> Dattaparah road westward crossing Gobhagar road <i>via</i> new tank road through Berh and Natooon hat and Talpukur to Melia ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the east by the Kishnaghur road; on the south by the Natooon hat road from the post office to Sorobhooja bazar and from Sorobhooja bazar southward <i>via</i> Ostagurparah and Senpara to khali; on the west by the Haripoor khali; and on the north by the southern boundary of Ward No. III ...	4
			Ward No. V.—Bounded on the south by the river Ganges, on the east by the Kishnaghur road from the post office southward; on the north by the Natooon hat road to Sorobhooja road and on the west by Sorobhooja road <i>via</i> Ostagurparah and Senparah road to khali and river Ganges ...	3

PRESIDENCY DIVISION—concluded.

DISTRICT.	Name of municipality.	Number of wards.	Names, boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Nuddea	Kooshtea	7	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by the river Gorai; on the south by the High Street; on the east by the river old Kaligunga; and on the west by Ward No. II	2
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by Damosh; on the south by the High Street; on the east by Ward No. I; and on the west by Ward No. III	2
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by Damosh; on the south by the High Street; on the east by Ward No. II; and on the west by the old river Gorai	1
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by Wards Nos. I, II, and III; on the south by the southern and on the east by the eastern limits of the municipality; and on the west by Ward No. V	1
			Ward No. V.—Bounded on the north by the Railway line; on the south and east by the Solghur-Nundie ferry fund road; and on the west by the old river Gorai	2
			Ward No. VI.—Bounded on the north by Ward No. VII; on the south by the southern limits of the municipality; on the east by the old river Gorai; and on the west by the western limits of the municipality	1
			Ward No. VII.—Bounded on the north by Damosh; on the south by Ward No. VI; on the east by Ward No. III, and the old river Gorai; and on the west by the western limits of the municipality	1
	Beernugger	4	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by the road from Parhpoor to Jorasanko; on the east by the Dakatiaghat; on the south by Baromashiaghat and Chookerbeel, and on the west by the Berhampore road	3
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the road from Samipoojah garden to the Berhampore road; on the east by the Bayeshpur and Khishmeh roads; on the south by Ward No. I; and on the west by the Berhampore road	2
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by part of Bayeshpur road; on the east by Bayeshpur and Khishmeh roads; on the south by Ward No. II; and on the west by the Berhampore road	2
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by Benakurah and Kathoorah beels; on the east by the Bayeshpur road; on the south by Ward No. III and on the west by the Berhampore road	1
	Nuddea	2	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north and east by the Ganges; on the south by the road running westward from Nashee Baboo's baitakhana up to its junction with a bye lane near Gopal Pal's house, thence a line westward to the pucea tole, the Mittra's embankment to the south-east corner of Kamal Biswas's bamboo tope, a line thence to Polta khal; and on the west by Polta khal from Doba.	5
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the southern boundary of Ward No. I; on the east by the Monipore road from its junction with the road running westward from Nashee Baboo's baitakhana to Kole Khal; on the south by Bolaramputti; and on the west by Pulta Khal	3
	Meherpore	6	Ward No. I.—Gowalpara and Dattapara	1
			Ditto II.—Jeliaparah and Mookerjee para	1
			Ditto III.—Baruiparah and Tantiparah	1
			Ditto IV.—Seikparah and Kallachandpore	1
			Ditto V.—Kasyabpara, Bangalpara, and Chakrabarttypara	1
	Koomarkhally	5	Ditto VI.—Mallikpara and Murdhapara	1
			Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by Raraparah; on the south by the river Gorai; on the east by Serkandi; and on the west by Elange	2
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by Durgapore; on the south by the river Gorai; on the east by Batikawara; and on the west by Koomarkhally	3
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by the Ghoserai Ferry Fund Road; on the south by the river Gorai; on the east by Koomarkhally; and on the west by the Boraria khal	2
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north and south by the Railway line; on the east by Batikawara; and on the west by Elange	1
			Ward No. V.—Bounded on the north by the Railway line; on the south by the river Gorai; and on the east by the Ferry Fund Road; and on the west by Serkandi	2

COLMAN MACAULAY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

**RULES FOR THE ELECTION OF MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS,
UNDER ACT III (B.C.) OF 1884 FOR THE
SUBURBS OF CALCUTTA.**

The 25th October 1884.—The following rules for the election of Municipal Commissioners for the Municipality of the Suburbs of Calcutta have been laid down by the Lieutenant-Governor under section 15 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884.

Of the Number of Commissioners and Wards.

1. The Suburban Municipality shall be divided into six wards, in the following manner:—

Ward No. I, comprising the police thanas of Cossipore, Chitpore and Ooltadanga.

Ward No. II, comprising the thanas of Mannicktollah and Baliaghatta.

Ward No. III, comprising the thanas of Entally and Baniapookur.

Ward No. IV, comprising the thanas of Ballygunge and Tollygunge.

Ward No. V, comprising the thanas of Bhowanipore and Alipore.

Ward No. VI, comprising the thanas of Watgunge, Ekbalpore and Garden Reach.

2. There shall be thirty Municipal Commissioners, of whom ten shall be nominated by Government and twenty elected under these rules to represent the several wards.

3. The twenty elected Commissioners shall be allotted to the several wards in the following manner:—

To Ward No. 1, three Commissioners.

„ No. II, three „

„ No. III, three „

„ No. IV, two „

„ No. V, five „

„ No. VI, four „

Of the Qualification of Voters.

4. Persons otherwise qualified to vote must be males, who have resided within the limits of the municipality for one year previous to the date of the election.

5. Subject to the above rule, all persons who have, during the year immediately preceding the election, paid an aggregate amount of not less than Rs. 3 in respect of any rates imposed by the Act, and who have been duly registered as hereinafter provided, shall be qualified to vote.

6. Subject to the proviso contained in Rule 4, any person who, being a member of a joint undivided family, one of the members of which has, during the year preceding such election, paid, in respect of any of the rates imposed by the Act, an aggregate amount of not less than Rs. 3, is a graduate or licentiate of any University, or holds a certificate as a pleader or mooktear, or holds any office or employment carrying a salary of not less than Rs. 50 per mensem, shall be entitled to vote.

7. Each voter shall be entitled to vote for the ward in which he ordinarily resides, and for no other. Each voter shall have as many votes as there are vacancies, and may give as many of these votes as he pleases to any one or more candidates.

Of the Registration of Voters.

8. For each ward a register shall be prepared by the Municipal Commissioners, in which shall be entered the names of the persons qualified to vote at elections. This register for each ward shall be prepared as soon as possible after the approval of these rules by Government, and hereafter shall be revised annually, and republished on the 1st October in each year.

9. When the registers are ready, copies of them shall be affixed at the principal civil and criminal courts, and at the office of the Commissioners, and so much of them as may refer to each ward shall be affixed at each police-station in that ward, and at such other places as may be deemed by the Chairman to be necessary.

10. Objections to, and claims for, the registration of voters may be made at any time being not less than 18 days before the election. All such objections and claims shall be heard by three Commissioners, to be appointed by the Chairman, who do not stand for election in the ward to which the objections and claims apply. The decision of the majority shall be final. If no appointment of Commissioners is made by the Chairman under this rule, such objections and claims shall be heard by an officer or officers who shall be specially deputed in this behalf by the Magistrate of the district; and the decision of such officer or officers shall be final.

11. No person shall be qualified to vote unless his name has been entered in the register of voters.

Of the Qualification and the Nomination of Candidates.

12. The Chairman shall, at least 30 days before the date fixed as hereinafter provided for the commencement of the elections, issue notices calling for nominations of candidates.

13. Any person qualified to vote under these rules shall be qualified for nomination as a candidate.

14. Any four persons registered as qualified to vote in any ward may nominate a candidate for election to represent such ward. The nomination shall be made in writing in the form annexed to these rules, and the candidate shall signify on the nomination paper his consent to the nomination. The nomination paper shall be delivered at the Municipal Office not less than ten days before the date fixed for the election.

15. The Chairman shall forthwith ascertain whether the nominators and the candidate respectively are qualified in accordance with these rules. If satisfied in this respect, he shall insert the name of the candidate in a list of candidates for the Commissionership or Commissionerships to be filled up. Such list shall also contain a specification of the qualifications of the candidate, and specifications of the names and qualifications of the persons nominating him.

16. On or before the morning of the ninth day previous to the election, the Chairman shall cause a copy of the list to be affixed at the Municipal Office, and another at each police-station within the ward.

17. Any registered voter may, within 48 hours from the publication of the list at the Municipal Office, object in writing to any such nomination; his objection shall specify the grounds on which it is made, and shall be delivered at the Municipal Office.

18. Such objection shall, within 24 hours, be decided summarily by the Sub-Committee appointed by the Chairman, or by the officer or officers specially deputed by the Magistrate of the district, as the case may be, under Rule 10, and the decision, which shall be immediately announced, shall be final.

Of the manner of holding Elections.

19. The election of Commissioners in each ward shall be held on such date (not being less than 30 days after the publication of the registers of voters under Rule 9) as the Chairman, with the sanction of the Local Government, may appoint. This date shall be announced by advertisement in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and in such newspapers as the Chairman may think desirable; also by a notice affixed at the Municipal Office and at each police-station in the ward, and at any other place which may seem to the Chairman to be necessary for the due publication of the notice.

20. Elections shall be held at the following places:—

No.	I Ward	...	...	...	Clitpore police station.
"	II "	...	...	...	Baliaghatta ditto.
"	III "	...	...	...	Entally ditto.
"	IV "	...	...	...	Ballygunge ditto.
"	V "	...	...	...	Municipal Office.
"	VI "	...	...	...	Garden Reach police-station.

21. The Municipal Commissioners shall appoint polling officers and other establishments, and may define their duties so far as they may not be defined by these rules.

22. The allowances of establishments shall be fixed by the Commissioners, and these, as well as all other expenses incurred in conducting the elections, shall be paid from the funds of the municipality.

23. If the number of candidates be not greater than the number of vacancies, the Chairman shall declare the candidate or candidates to be duly elected. If there be any vacancies for which no candidates have appeared, the Chairman shall report the fact for the information of Government.

24. If the number of candidates be greater than the number of vacancies, the Chairman shall issue a public notice (to be affixed at the Municipal Office, at the police-stations, and at as many as possible of the chief public offices, and to be otherwise notified in such manner as may seem to him necessary), declaring the day and hours in which, and the place at which, the election is to be held, and also the names of the candidates.

25. The poll shall commence at 8 A.M. and shall close at 6 P.M.

26. Each candidate may appoint, by a letter to the Chairman, a copy of which shall be delivered by the candidate to each agent to serve as his authority, not more than two agents to be present at the polling place to watch the proceedings on his behalf, and to bring to the notice of the polling officers any instance of false personation or other malpractice which may come to their knowledge as the election proceeds. Such agents shall be bound to obey any directions which the presiding officer shall give them for the purpose of keeping order; and no election shall be invalidated on the ground that the presiding officer has exceeded his powers in this respect.

27. The polling officer shall be provided with a list of the registered voters qualified to vote within the ward.

28. The votes shall be taken by means of voting papers.

29. A voter may either attend at the polling place and record his vote, or he may forward his vote to the polling officer, so that it may reach him before the hour fixed for the close of the poll.

30. Any voter wishing to obtain a voting paper beforehand may apply, not less than five clear days before the day fixed for the election, at the Municipal Office for a voting paper. The application shall be in writing, and shall bear the signature of the voter written with his own hand; it shall specify his address and his number on the register. A voting paper in the form appended to these rules, shall be at once forwarded to the voter by post, or by such other mode of conveyance as may be convenient.

31. The voter having received this voting paper may—

- (1) Return it by post, duly filled up, to the Municipal Office, in a closed cover marked "Voting paper—Ward No.—;" or
- (2) Present it himself at the polling place within the time fixed for the poll.

32. All voting papers received at the office in accordance with the first clause of the last rule shall be made over unopened to the polling officer to be opened by him publicly at the polling place within the hours fixed for the poll.

33. Should any cover received at the Municipal Office, and not marked as required by Rule 31, be found to contain a voting paper otherwise in order, such paper shall be immediately placed in a cover and sent to the polling officer to be dealt with according to Rule 32.

34. No duplicate voting papers shall be issued, but any voter, to whom a voting paper may have been forwarded under these rules, may nevertheless attend and vote in person at the polling place. In this case the original voting paper shall be considered as cancelled.

35. The voting papers sent out from the office under Rule 30 shall be printed on paper of a different colour from that used for papers to be furnished at the polling place. They shall bear the signature of the Chairman stamped upon them, and shall be numbered consecutively, and duplicates of them similarly numbered shall be kept in counterfoil.

36. Any voter who may present himself at the polling place to vote shall appear before a polling officer, who shall question him as to his name, address,

and number on the register, and after noting these facts in a voting paper (numbered consecutively), and in the counterfoil, shall hand over the voting paper to him.

37. The voter shall, if he can read and write, record his own vote on it, and shall present it to the presiding officer, who shall initial it, and shall enter the vote on the copy of the register made over to him under Rule 27.

38. If the voter be unable to read and write, his vote shall be recorded for him by an officer authorized by the Chairman; the paper shall then be returned to him for presentation to the presiding officer, who shall deal with it as directed in the preceding rule.

39. In all cases in which the voting paper is filled up in a language other than English, the name of the voter and of the person or persons for whom he votes shall be entered in English by an officer authorized by the Chairman.

40. If a voting paper received by post is not in order, the polling officer shall nevertheless receive and record the vote, at the same time recording the objection and separating the voting paper from those papers to which there is no objection.

41. If an objection, on the ground of personation, of non-registry or any other cause, be made to the polling officer in any case, the vote shall nevertheless be noted and separated as above, and the objections shall be recorded.

42. Any agent appointed by a candidate in accordance with Rule 26 may inspect any voting paper. He may, at any time up to the close of the poll, object in writing to the reception of any vote, stating the grounds of his objections, and he shall sign such statement.

43. If in any case the presiding officer shall find that a second voting paper is presented, purporting to be on account of a person whose vote has been already recorded, he shall proceed in the same manner as in the case mentioned in Rule 41.

44. At the close of the poll, the presiding officer shall transmit to the Chairman all objections, together with all the records relating to them. The Chairman, or, if he be prevented from attending, a Sub-Committee of Commissioners appointed by him, shall proceed on the next following day, not being a Sunday or holiday, to hear and determine such objections, and the decision shall be final.

45. At the close of the poll, the polling officer shall forward to the Chairman all the voting papers, arranged according to their consecutive numbers, in a packet duly sealed and secured.

46. As soon as may be after the decision of objections has been concluded, the Chairman shall publish, in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and at the Municipal Office, the names of the person or persons in whose behalf votes have been recorded, and the number of votes given for each of them; and the candidates for whom the greatest number of votes shall have been given shall be declared to have been duly elected.

47. If the same person be a candidate for election in more than one ward, on his election for one ward he shall cease to be eligible in any other ward.

48. In case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall give a casting vote.

49. No election shall be invalidated on a point of form, provided that these rules have been substantially obeyed.

50. No election shall be invalidated on account of any irregularity whatever, unless it shall appear that that irregularity was such as materially to affect the result of the election.

51. No person in the employment or pay of the Municipality shall, directly or indirectly, engage in canvassing for votes, or otherwise assist in the election of any candidate, otherwise than by giving his own vote. Any breach of this rule will render the offender liable to dismissal.

COLMAN MACAULAY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

English and Vernacular.] Register of Voters. (Part I.)
(Rule 8.)

Ward No.

Serial number.	Name.	Residence.	Tax on persons. Section 85 (a).	Tax on holdings. Section 85 (b).	Horse and carriage licenses. Section 86 (a).	Water-rate. Section 86 (d).	Lighting rate. Section 86 (c).	Latrine rate. Section 86 (e).	Total paid during last year.	REMARKS.

Prepared by Checked and examined by
Municipal Commissioners.
Superintendent. Chairman or Vice-Chairman.

English and Vernacular.] Register of Voters. (Part II.)
(Rule 8.)

Ward No.

Serial number.	Name.	Residence.	Serial number in Part I in which the principal voter is registered.	Nature of special qualification under Rule 8.	REMARKS.

Prepared by Checked and examined by
Municipal Commissioners.
Superintendent. Chairman or Vice-Chairman.

RULE 14.

Nomination Paper.

WE, the undersigned registered voters of Ward No. , hereby nominate
, resident of , in Ward No.
who is registered as qualified to vote
as a candidate for election to be a Commissioner for the said Ward.

(Signatures) 1. registered as No. in the register of voters
2. ditto „ ditto.
3. ditto „ ditto.
4. ditto „ ditto.

I , resident of , in Ward No.
hereby consent to the above nomination.

(Signature) Registered as No. in the register of candidates

Dated

Presented at the Municipal Office at on the
Chairman or Vice-Chairman

RULE 15.

List of Candidates proposed for Election as Municipal Commissioners for Ward No. at
the election to be held at on the

Name of candidate.	Address of candi- date.	Qualifications of candidate.	Names of nominators.	Address of nominators.	Number of nominators in register of voters.
			1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4

Dated

Chairman or Vice-Chairman.

English and Vernacular.]

Notice under Election Rule 24.

NOTICE is hereby given that Municipal Commissioners
for Ward No. of the Suburbs of Calcutta will be elected at
on the between the hours of
8 A.M. and 6 P.M.

List of Candidates.

	NAME.	Address.
1 2 3 4		

N. B.—The following rules are published for general information:—

RULE 29.—A voter may either attend at the polling place and record his vote,
or he may forward his vote to the polling officer, so that it may
reach him before the hour fixed for the close of the poll.

RULE 30.—Any voter wishing to obtain a voting paper beforehand may apply,
not less than five clear days before the day fixed for the
election, at the Municipal Office for a voting paper. The
application shall be in writing, and shall bear the signature
of the voter written with his own hand. It shall specify his
address and his number on the register. A voting paper, in the
form appended to these rules, shall be at once forwarded to
the voter by post, or by such other mode of conveyance as may
be convenient.

RULE 31.—The voter, having received this voting paper, may—

- (1) return it by post, duly filled up, to the Municipal Office, in a
closed cover marked "Voting paper—Ward No. ";
or
- (2) present it himself at the polling place within the time fixed for the
poll.

Date

Chairman.

COUNTERFOIL No.
Election for Ward No.
to be held at
on the
Name of Elector
Number in the Register
Residence
Date of despatch of voting
paper
Mode of despatch

Superintendent.
Head clerk.

COUNTERFOIL No.
Election for Ward No.
Held at
On the
Name of Elector
Number in Register
Residence

VOTING PAPER No.

Election for Ward No. to be
at on the
between 8 A.M. & 6 P.M.

[RULE 30.]

- Instructions 1.—The elector has votes, which he may divide among the candidates as he pleases, or he may give all to one candidate.
2.—The elector must write his own signature on the paper.
3.—After having filled it up, he may—
(1) return it by post, addressed to the Chairman, in a closed cover marked "Voting paper, Ward No." in time on the day before that fixed for the poll; or
(2) present it himself at the polling place within the hours fixed for the poll.
4.—If this voting paper be lost, no duplicate will be issued, but the elector may attend at the polling place and vote in the ordinary way; in that case this voting paper will be cancelled.

Name of Elector	I give	votes for
Residence of Elector		
Number on the Register		

Initial of Polling Officer. Signature of Elector.
Date Date

VOTING PAPER.

(to be used at the polling place)

No. [Rule 36] Election for Ward No.
to be held at
on the between 8 A.M. and 6 P.M.

Name of Elector.	Number in the Register.	Address.

- Instructions.—1.—An elector, who is able to read and write, should record his vote with his own hand.
2.—The elector has votes, which he may divide among the candidates as he pleases, or he may give all to one candidate.

I give	votes to	Signature of Elector.
		Signature of authorized Officer under Rule 39.

Initials of Polling Officer.
Objected to by

SUPPLEMENTARY STATEMENT SHOWING THE DIVISION OF MUNICIPALITIES INTO WARDS, AND THE NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED FOR EACH WARD UNDER RULES FOR THE ELECTION OF COMMISSIONERS UNDER ACT III (B.C.) OF 1884.

Darjeeling, the 19th October 1884.

In continuation of the notification dated the 13th October 1884, published at pages 763 to 1773 of the Supplement to the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 15th idem, the following statement showing the number and extent of the wards into which the municipalities mentioned will be divided for the purposes of the election of Commissioners under section 14 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and the number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward, is published for general information, in accordance with the provisions of section 15 of the Act:—

BURDWAN DIVISION.

DISTRICT.	Name of municipality.	Number of wards.	Names, boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Burdwan	Dainhat	3	<p>Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by Dainhat and Bhowsing chur lands; on the south by Paikpara, Nashipara, and Madhobpore; on the east by Kutipara; and on the west by Dainhat sudder road</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by Dainhat and Pataihat chur lands; on the south by Gope Khanji; on the east by Dainhat sudder road; and on the west by Dewangange sudder road and Bijoy nagore road</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by Pataihat chur lands; on the south by Gopi Khanje and Kajirpara; on the east by Dewanganj sudder road and Bijoy nagore road; and on the west by Bera</p>	3 3 2
Ditto	Culna	3	<p>Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by the khal that passes eastwards from the Labhunge Bheel by the north of the Indigo factory, and the khal that passes from the Kadar Bheel to the Bhagirathee river, and the Bhagirathee river; on the east by the Ferry Ghat road, Mission School road, and the lane that passes by the east side of Culna Rajbarree; on the south by the road that passes by the south of the Culna Rajbarree, Baboor Bagan road, Garoredanga road, Municipal Office road, Dangapara road, the last portion of the Lakshanpara road and Kutcherri road; and on the west by the Panduah road</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by part of Lakshanpara road, Dangapara road, Municipal Office road, Garoredanga road, Baboor Bagan road, the lane that passes by the south of the Culna Rajbarree, part of Mission School road, Ferry Ghat road, and the Bhagirathee river; on the east by the Bhagirathee river, the burial-ground, the road that passes by the east of the Mission House and by the west of Dood Bibi's tank, and that portion of the road called Muglis Shahib's Dighi road, passing southward from its junction with the above-mentioned road; on the south by a line drawn between the southern boundaries of the Muglis Shahib's Dighi, Mollahpara, Ayma Lakshanpara, Jhewshara, Barnipara, and the northern boundaries of Arrah Shahpore and the Jheadhara cornfields; and on the west by Panduah road up to the junction of the Lakshanpara road</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by the Kutcherri road; on the east by the Panduah road; on the south by a line drawn between the southern boundaries of Modhuban, Amlapukur, Boromitrapara, and the northern boundaries of Sarbomangala, Rameswarporc, Koldanga, Dhormadanga, Mirpore, Rangpara, and Putty Khojhat; and on the west by Puranahat, the lane which passes southwards by the west of the residence of the sub-divisional office and the villages of Jalbona and Goara</p>	4 3 3
Ditto	Cutwa	3	<p>Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north and west by the Ajoy river; on the south by the station road; and on the east by the Bhagirathee river</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the station road; on the south by Dewanganj road; on the east by the Bhagirathee river; and on the west by Nishantola and Chashapara roads</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north and south by Dewanganj road; on the east by Chashapara and Nishantola roads; and on the west by the Ajoy river</p>	3 3 2

BURDWAN DIVISION—concluded.

DISTRICT.	Name of municipality.	Number of wards.	Names, boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Burdwan	Raneegunge	2	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by the villages of Searsole, Rani, and Paresganj; on the east by the Mangalpur, West Bazar, Feeder and Bankoora roads; on the south by the villages of Sahebganj and Egarah; and on the west by the villages of Egarah and Searsole	5
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the village of Paresganj; on the east by the villages of Napur and Bullobpur; on the south by the Bankoora and Feeder roads; and on the west by the West Bazar and Mangalporo roads	3
Beerbhoom	Sooree	7	Ward No. I.—West Khottabazar and West Sonatore	2
			Ward No. II.—East Khottabazar and East Sonatore	2
			Ward No. III.—Chandney	1
			Ward No. IV.—Domeparah	2
			Ward No. V.—Barinparah	2
			Ward No. VI.—Sehera, Saddi, and Nurai	1
			Ward No. VII.—Anudpur, including Dangalpara and Purana line	1

PATNA DIVISION.

Patna	Patna	6	Ward No. I.—Malsalami	3
			Ward No. II.—Chak Kalan	3
			Ward No. III.—Khaja Kalan	4
			Ward No. IV.—Alumgunge	3
			Ward No. V.—Peerbapore	3
			Ward No. VI.—Bankipore	4
Ditto	Behar	4	Ward No. I.—Morarpur	2
			Ward No. II.—Chauk Handi	2
			Ward No. III.—Seris	2
			Ward No. IV.—Soh	2
Ditto	Barh	4	Ward No. I.—Salempur	2
			Ward No. II.—Walipur	2
			Ward No. III.—Talibpur	1
			Ward No. IV.—Chondhi	1
Shahabad	Arrah	4	Ward No. I.—Dean's Tank consisting of Mohullahs Mohajan Toli No. II, Bagh Mansha Pande, Majhowa, Gonsgunge, Balbatra, Singhi Khoord, Singhi Kalan	3
			Ward No. II.—Courthouse consisting of Mohullahs Mohajan Toli, Mohodewa, Babubazar, Nowadah, Kurmuntola, Pakri, Moula Bagh, Chandwa, Dolputpur	3
			Ward No. III.—Market consisting of Mohullahs Chowk Musjid, Sitalgunge, Sivgunge, Anaeth, Sreetola, Bahiro, Ahmudnuggur	3
			Ward No. IV.—Aboorpool consisting of Mohullahs Aboorpool, Rowzah, Nazirgunge, Moti Tola, Ahirpoorwa, Ibrahimnagar, Raghu Tola, Dhamipra, Mahomed Zomanuggur, Dharahra, Chhajungunge, Bhalehipoor, Meera Chuck, Begumpore, Sheikh-serai, Baradooria, Bhekha Chuck	3
Ditto	Baxar	3	Ward No. I.—Chowk consisting of Mohullahs Bari Tola, Durzi Tola, Turaha Toli, Mohulla Line, Amla Toli, Gora Barick, Kotwali, Chebutra, Thatehri Bazar, Chowk and Gola Bazar	3
			Ward No. II.—Serai consisting of mohullahs Serai, Mollah Toli, Dusadh Toli, Kasai Toli, Khalasi Mohullah, Sehniputti, Ahir-purwa and Sarmapur	3
			Ward No. III.—Naibazar, consisting of Mohullahs Koerpurwa, Naiji Bazar, Gudhadhurganj, Railway Station and Charitar Ban	2
Ditto	Doomraon	2	Ward No. I.—Chowk Bazar, consisting of Mohullahs Lalgunge thanna, Langtoo Mohadeo, Thatehri Bazar, Tewari Toli and Gowad Toli	3
			Ward No. II.—Rajeshwarjee, consisting of Mohullahs Lalatoli, Lohar Toli, Machurhatta, Purani Bazar, Sahidmurd, Taribazar and Choturshalgunge	3
Ditto	Sasseram	6	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Serai Korun, Serai Dukhit, Korun Serai, Shaiburut, Shaikpura, Kobergunge Mandai, and Keshwar Khan	3
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Chowk Handi, Khilanganj, Nuranganj, Zakishahid, Sulaimangunj and East Serai	3
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Shahbaganj, Alumganj, Daleganj, Kela, and Madardarwaza	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Mobarukgunge, Kalinbaf Tola, Bazar Jani, Saifullagunge and Kazipura	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Lukhnoo Serai, Paithan Toli, Bharthigunge, Moochi Toli and Laskarigunge	2
			Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Kotha Toli, Sonar Toli, Mohajun Toli, Sherganj and Chumar Taoky	2

PATNA DIVISION—concluded.

DISTRICT.	Name of municipality.	Number of wards.	Names, boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Patna	Jugdishpore	5	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Toorha Toli, Panda Toli, Koiri Toli, and Ojhabazar	1
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Macherhatta, Misirtoli, Mohunt's Mohulla, Bhatka Imli, Mochitola, Ohamarjoli (west) and Khakuta	1
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Parohittola, Akhowry, Bissuntoli, Balapur, Soothati, Thanna and Poorana Tola	1
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Sudder Bazar, Chowk and Dosadh Tola	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Sudder Bazar (east), Padaruth Pandey's Gallee, Jagas Peepul, Chero Toli, Pathan Toli and Chamar Toli (east)	1
Ditto	Bhubooah	2	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north and east by cultivated lands of mouza Bhabooah; on the south by the Kukurnali river, and on the west by the chowk road	3
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the cultivated lands of mouza Bhabooah; on the west by the Bhagwanpur road; on the south by the Kukurnali river, and on the east by the chowk road	3
Mozufferpore	Mozufferpore	6	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Barhampura and Marripore	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Sarayaganj, Sekanderpore and Nazirpore	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Sadpura, Mahomedpore, Kazi Gunipore, Kajipore, Noorullapore, and Mithenpura	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Kalyani, Akhara Ghat, and Poorani Bazar	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullah Chandmara	2
			Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Nauhauliganj, Kanhauli, Bishoon Dutt and Kanhauli Duh	2
Chumparun	Motihari	Nil	Nil	8*

* Municipalities in which the Commissioners will not be elected for wards, but for the whole town.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE DIVISION OF MUNICIPALITIES INTO WARDS, AND THE NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED FOR EACH WARD UNDER RULES FOR THE ELECTION OF COMMISSIONERS UNDER ACT III (B.O.) OF 1884.

Darjeeling, the 13th October 1884.

UNDER the provisions of section 15, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the following statement showing the number and extent of the wards into which the municipalities mentioned will be divided for the purposes of the election of Commissioners under section 14, and the number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward, is published for general information:—

BURDWAN DIVISION.

DISTRICT.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Burdwan	Burdwan	5	<p>Ward I.—Mohullahs Khanpookhur, Soski, Naree, Sodepore, Sadhonpore, Doobraj, Bajiprotappore, Rasikpur, Bohilapara, Rani-gunge, Naskar Dighi, Radhanogore, Protappore, Moorut Mohulla, Beerhatta, Kalibazar, Ichlabad, Hafeezoolahber, Nowabdestkaim, Gooroodasipahar, and Bahirsarbomongola</p> <p>Ward II.—Mohullahs Khurarpahar, Baboorbag, Khagragoria, Hajipota, Beheratola, Mithapukur, Bhobanithakur, Chowkchandni, Shambazar, Mourmohulla, Peerbahram, Sachaton Gorasahid, Mogultali, Ahirmohul, Pooratun Chowk, Mohajuntali, Boro-bazar, Moradpore, Paikmarapara, Telmarui, Ticcapura, and Dhobapara</p> <p>Ward III.—Mohullahs Kristosagore, Kazirhat, Goda, Koorapota, Paharpur, Lacoordi, Bhooboneswar, Hazidanga, Kajirbar, Kamalnagore, Kishubgunge, Ticcouchat, Rajgunj, Dhokrasahid, Kotahat, Borehat, Chalopoti, Chalamola, Radhagunj, Dalpoti Pogramohol, Dangapara, Atamohol, and Dhobapara</p> <p>Ward IV.—Mohullahs Torim Mohulla, Alumgunj, Kastoghora, Roghounathpore, Matibag, Oligunj, Tijgunge, Bowripara, Gowlabatan, Poorhapara, Rampore, Poddarpore, Kamarmahal, Kasarimohul, Tantomohul, Moodimohul, Pathooriamohul, Mirzapur, Belpokur, Paschimpara, Goorahata, Labongola, Telipura, Shankaripara, Tamoolipara, Khorgeswar, and Edilpore</p> <p>Ward V.—Mohullahs Niskini Bazar, Parburhata, Sharkaripookur, Dhamrai, Golahat, Bhatchala, Bongpore, Bora Baldanga, Mearber Juggutber, Khonjeanwarber, Chotonilpore, Boronilpore, Chotobaldanga, Kanainatshal, Boro Benapara, Choto Benapara, Ichlabazar, and Sealdanga</p>	3 3 3 3 2
Bankoora	Bankoora	6	<p>Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Kotowali, Hoosnabadi and Rajgunge</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Kaji, Rokhit, Hattolla and Bhokar</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Lohar, Lal Bazar, Ghattack and Tanti</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Poddar, Audhorjee, Rampore, Joga and Nulanchati</p> <p>Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Gopinathpore, Patpore, Kankata, Kindua-dehe and Lokopore</p> <p>Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Serampore, Ilambazar, Bagchala, Shimoldanga, Mondirgora and Nij Rajgram</p>	2 1 1 2 1 1
Ditto	Bishenpore	4	<p>Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by the limits of survey mouzahs Kalaberiah and Garerban; on the east by the limits of survey mouzahs Anundapur, Harapurhat, Patpore, Shyamsunderpore and Mamurkhal; on the south by the limits of survey mouzahs Banachabra; and on the west by paddy-field, Kadakuli, Marnibazar, Hazrapara, Pakaband, Nilkuti, Kathurarbagan, and Thacoopara jungle</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the limits of survey mouzahs Shyamsunderpore, Akhundabari, Paddarbari and Mothura Mohal; on the east by paddy-field, Gosainpara, Sankaribazar and Gurdaraja; on the south by Jamunaband and mohullahs Gwalapara, Bakultola, Bahadoorgunge and Pakaband tank; and on the west by the limits of the survey mouzahs Kustara and Churamonipore.</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by the paddy-fields of Gopal-pore, mohullahs Roghunathshire, Bisvaspara and Kadakuli; on the east by Shayam Roy's Bazar and Hazrapara; on the south by Jamunaband, Krishnagunge and Gopalgunge; and on the west by Tezpal</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by Gwalapara, Aishbazar and Shayam Roy's Bazar; on the east by Shunkuttolla, Rashtolla, Patshayer and Thacoopara jungle; on the south by the limits of survey mouzahs Turkishitarainpore and Benachabra; and on the west by the limits of the survey mouzahs Jamunaband Agal</p>	2 2 2 2

BURDWAN DIVISION—continued.

DISTRICT.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Midnapore	Midnapore	6	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Kooikota, Toriahparah, Hambilipore, Sepoy-bazar, and Khaporelbazar	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Kotibazar, Colonelgolah, Mirbazar, Oligunge, Keranitola, and the Cantonment	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Boro Bazar, Ship Bazar, Manickpore, Bar Manickpore, and Chotobazar	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Nazorgunge, Matabpore, Patnabazar, Boxibazar, Mirzabazar, and Miabazar	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Paharipore, Notoonbazar, Ballabhore, Ber Ballabhore, and Pathorghatta	2
			Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Soojagunj, Sangatbazar, Sabharang, and Bibigunge	2
Ditto	Tumlook	Nil	Nil	8*
Ditto	Ghattal	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Konnagore, and Kusupota	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Krisnagore, Alamgunge, Argorah, Lukchandrapore, and Rughoonathpore	3
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Nischintapore, Gurprotapnagore, Srirampore, Sadambati, Joynagore, Basudebpore, Bar Panchanando, and Panchghora	3
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Gambhirnagore Khar Gambhirnagore, Chauli, Ramchandrapore, Kismut Ramchandrapore, and Singapore	2
Ditto	Khirpai	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Malpara, Manikpore, Jogatpore and Munia-bazar	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Hatagunge, Mohutabgunge, Sivbazar, Khoonlgunge, and Bawaria	1
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Anandapore, Syamelgunge, Malidanga, Telibazar, and Gangadhorpore	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Daya Nayabazar, Maynagria, Gokulgunge, Babupore, and Kosigrija	1
Ditto	Chundorkona	6	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Govindpore, Boishnarbir, Patharbir, Somaspore, Lochhipore, Bagsharpore, Golokdhampore, Gosainbir, Nischindipore, and Alampore	1
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Metrasenpore, Gokulnagore, Amdogra, Ramnagore, Narharipore, Nayagunge, Radhakrishnapore, Syamnagore, and Ajodhya	1
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Roghoonathpore, Khirpibazar, Dakhinbazar, Poorosuttampore, Gharmanar, Madhubpore, Gazeepore, and Shamsunderpore	1
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Barharbir, Mallesoarpore, Bhaerbazar, Begumbari, Soodibazar, Gosainbazar, Ilambazar, and Boro-bazar	1
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Bora, Ratunhat, Gopalpore, Gopinathpore, Motarifa, Mundoomala, Chosi Mohal, Nilapat, Lalbazar, and Bansdaha	2
			Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Kowargunge, Joyantinore, Ramgunge, Manpore, Dalmadal, Rasek Anandapore, and Kalyangunge	2
Ditto	Ramjibunpore	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Brindabunpore Bazar and Rameswarppore	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Baburampore, Sonabazar, Gokulbazar, and Dayalbazar	1
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Nayabazar, Horibungseipore, Krishnana-gore, Monohurpore, and Pandua	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Bonpore, Depur, Amdan, Sirbazar, and Gobindpore	1
Hooghly	Hooghly and Chinsurah.	6	Ward No. I.—Shahagunge Ward.—Mohullahs Meerkala, Wajidnagore, Gurrib Alum's Bag, Shahgunge, Mulbi Jomtree's Bag, Chath Tacoor's Bag, Keota, Chuck Armani, Shamsunderpore, Ballaguri, Bali Road, Kajudinagur, Tewaripara and Poolmalpara	2
			Ward No. II.—Hooghly Ward.—Part of Bally Road and Mohullahs Burrallpara, Raybazar, Allipore, Katgorah, Kapasdanga, Sonatully, Barabazar, Moheshtolla, Emambazar, Aimah, and Tanti-para	2
			Ward No. III.—Baboogunge Ward.—Mohullahs Bhootiabazar, Tamlipara, Narayan Roy's Berh, Baboogunge, Protappore, Joraghat, Soojungulla, Kadamtalla, Charghatta, Goaltooley, and Koolohunda	2
			Ward No. IV.—Chinsurah Ward.—Mohullahs Barrabazar, Crooked Gully, Mogultully, Armanitolla, Hossein Gully, Rajbatty, Town-guard, Khoroobazar, Mereberh, Khankorajore, Bourigully, Cassimpore, Chottrgully, Mullickgully, and Dharampore	2
			Ward No. V.—Kamarpara Ward.—Mohullahs Cantonment, Chaudmatta, Fatuagully, Balaram Gully, Banorjee Gully, Roy's Berh, Sundessurtolla, Choube Gully, Thacoar Gully, Kamarpara, Parbutty Gully, Dutta Gully, De Gully, Panchcorra Gully, Moechee Gully, Talafutuck, Mookerjee Gully, Kamar Gully, and Madhabi Gully	2

* Municipalities in which the Commissioners will not be elected for wards, but for the whole town.

BURDWAN DIVISION—continued.

DISTRICT.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Hooghly—contd.	Hooghly and Chinsurah.		Ward No. VI.—Chandernagore Ward.—Mohullahs Kankseali, Koondoo Gully, Kazi Gully, Kristo Gully, Kristo Bose's, Kolerbagan, Khosshu Gully, Khirki Gully, Goopta Gully, Gurbatti, Gurgoripara, Ghose Gully, Chandernagore, Chattopadhyaya Gully, Tentooob Gully, Taldanga, Das Gully, Pal Gully, Bagdi Gully, Bhooloo Gully, Majer Gasta, Moochi Gully, Matiafuttuck, Roy's Bagan, Sham Gully, Shibtolla, Sastitolla, Shiboo Gully, Sing Gully, Senpara, and Haladhar Gully	2
Ditto	Serampore	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullah Serampore	4
			Ward No. II.—Mohullah Chatra	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Mohesh and Rishrah	3
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullah Konnagur	3
Ditto	Utterpara	4	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by the Bhadrakali; on the south by the Female School Street as far as the river Hooghly, southern portion of Mookerjee Street and Kalipore Road; on the east by the river Hooghly; and on the west by the East India Railway	2
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the Female School Street as far as the river Hooghly, southern portion of Mookerjee Street and Kalipore Road; on the south by Banerjee Street as far as the river Hooghly, northern portion of Bama Churn Banerjee Street, Talpooker Street including the footpath on the east bank of Talpooker from Talpooker Street to Nobin Kobiraje's Lane, western portion of Nobin Kobiraje's Lane, and an imaginary straight line drawn in continuation of Nobin Kobiraje's Lane due west as far as East India Railway; on the east by river Hooghly; and on the west by the East India Railway	2
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by Banerjee Street as far as the river Hooghly, northern portion of Bama Churn Banerjee's Street, Talpooker including the footpath on the east bank of Talpooker from Talpooker Street to Nobin Kobiraje's Lane, western portion of Nobin Kobiraje's Lane and an imaginary straight line drawn in continuation of Nobin Kobiraje's Lane due west as far as the East India Railway; on the south by the Mondul Street as far as the river Hooghly, southern portion of Chowkighatta Street, and Bally Khal; on the east by the river Hooghly; and on the west by the East India Railway	2
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by Mondul Street as far as the river Hooghly, southern portion of Chowkighatta Street and Bally Khal; on the south by the Bally Khal; on the east by the river Hooghly; and on the west by the Bally Khal and southern portion of Chowkighatta Street	2
Ditto	Bansberia	4	Ward No. I.—Mirer Hat and Kamarpara. Bounded on the north by Bansberia; on the east by the river; on the west by Teghoria, Boro Kheguria, Mia Danga and paddy fields; and on the south by the Hooghly Municipality	1
			Ward No. II.—Bansberia excluding its portion from Sreepore. Bounded on the north by Shreepore Sharak; on the east by the river; on the west by Karimdunga Chack, Bansberia and Bosepara; and on the south by Khamarpara	1
			Ward No. III.—Remaining part of Bansberia, Shibpore and Shahpore. Bounded on the north by Saraswati Khal; on the east by river Hooghly; on the west by Sunkonagore; and on the south by Bansberia Bonick Shark	2
			Ward No. IV.—The portion of the town on the other side of the Saraswati Khal. Bounded on the north by Banipore and Bandapara; on the east by the river; on the west by Mugra Union, Guj Ghunta and Alikhoja; and on the south by Saraswati Khal	2
Ditto	Boidyabatty	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Chatra and Novagram	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Seoraphulli and Devgunge	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Baidyapore and Dirghango	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Sankerpore chak and Jungipara	2
Ditto	Bhuddessar	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Bhuddessar and Poranbatty	3
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Gyretty, Champdani, Khorta Danga, and Beldartuli	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Paikpara, Rairpatti and Telinipara	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Kristopati, Palpara and Mancoonda	1
Ditto	Kotrung	2	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Kotrung and Dharsa	3
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Bhadrakally and Beer Bhadrakally	3
Howrah	Bali	3	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by the Bally Khal; on the east by the Hooghly river; on the south by Gossainpara Lane and a line crossing the Grand Trunk Road and Pathak Ghat Lane; and on the west by the East India Railway Company's lines	4

BURDWAN DIVISION—concluded.

District.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Howrah—contd.	Bali ...	...	Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by Gossainpara Lane and a line crossing the Grand Trunk Road and the Pathak Ghat Lane; on the east by the Hooghly river; on the west by the East India Railway Company's line, and on the south by Kamarpara Ghat Lane and Pal Bagan Lane ...	4
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by Kamarpara Ghat Lane and Pal Bagan Lane; on the east by the Hooghly river; on the west by the East India Railway Company's line; and on the south by the southern limit of the municipality ...	4

RAJSHAHYE DIVISION.

Dinagepore ...	Dinagepore ...	5	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by Basoniaputti Road; on the south by Hospital Road; on the west by Jail Garden Road; and on the east by Ghagra ...	
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by Rumnagor Road; on the south by Basoniaputti Road and river Kanchi; on the west by the road from Khan Saheb's house to Rumnagor; and on the east by Matasagor ...	3
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by the Kanchi river; on the south by the Cemetery; on the east by the Minagor Road; and on the west by Ghagra ...	1
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by Hospital Road; on the south by Ghagra; on the west by the river Purnabhoba; and on the east by Ghagra ...	2
			Ward No. V.—Bounded on the north by Rumnagor Ghat; on the south by the road south of Modan Kamar's house; on the west by the river Purnabhoba; and on the east by the Jail Garden Road and on the road from Khan Saheb's house to Rumnagor...	1
Rajshahye ...	Rampore Beau- leah.	7	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Talaimari, Raninagor, Baja Kajlah, Ramchandrapore, Segarpara, Shikherchak, Rampore Bazar and Bagichapara ...	4
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Ghoramarah, Kamarpara, Foodkipara, Sahibgunge and Shahib Bazar ...	3
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Ganuckpara, Meaparah, Khansamor Chak and Maloparah ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Kadirgunge, Hetamkhan, Shobjiparah, Ranibazar, Beldarpara, Bhullobgunge and Beauleah ...	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Sherasharpara, Dingapara, Hushingunge, Seikhpahar and Jotemohesh ...	1
			Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Sreerampore, Kajihatta, and Sepoypara...	1
			Ward No. VII.—Mohullahs Hurgram, Bathiparah, Lukhipore, Bhutaparah, Ballenpore No. I, Ballenpore No. II, Rajparah, Moheshbathan, Kaluparah, Keshubpore, Goalparah, Nowabgunge, Benode Gharumisparah, Raiparah, and Kalitollah ...	1
Ditto ...	Nattore ...	12	Ward No. I.—Nattore Civil Station with Nishanbazar to Kapooriaputti Trimohini ...	1
			Ward No. II.—Kapooriaputti Trimohini, Moyadaputi, Sukalputi and Garikhana ...	1
			Ward No. III.—Upper Bazar ...	1
			Ward No. IV.—Lalbag, Lalbazar to Kapooriaputti Trimohini ...	1
			Ward No. V.—Chowkirpahar south, including Chota Taraf ...	1
			Ward No. VI.—Chowkirpahar west, Kantalbariya and Bara Taraf ...	1
			Ward No. VII.—Alaipur ...	1
			Ward No. VIII.—South Bargatcha and Mirparah ...	1
			Ward No. IX.—North Bargatcha to Railway Station ...	1
			Ward No. X.—Mallikhatti ...	1
			Ward No. XI.—Kaniakhalli to river Narud, Kalitollah and Sukul's tank ...	1
			Ward No. XII.—Kandi Bhetna ...	1
Ditto ...	Rungpore ...	2	Ward No. I.—Rungpore, containing the two wards Nababgunge and Dhap ...	7
			Ward No. II.—Maneegunge ...	5
Bogra ...	Bogra ...	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Shilbati, Katuar, Suriparah, Teliparah, Mirparah and Khatriparah ...	3
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Bazar Kathail, Bazar Kemdagaram, Chukzads, Dhobaparah, Loakalota, Satrapur, Moonshipara, and Teliparah ...	5
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Sutrapur, Mattinagar, Chuck Malgas, and Thantania ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Chelopara, Naroli and Chuck Naroli ...	2

RAJSHAHYE DIVISION—concluded.

DISTRICT.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Bogra—contd.	Sherepore ...	3	Ward No. I. - Bounded on the north, east and west by the municipal limits, and on the south by the Punyatala and the Munsheebaree Roads ...	3
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the Punyatala and the Munsheebaree Roads; on the south by the Tantiparah and the Kochurghat Roads; and on the east and west by the municipal limits ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by the Tantiparah and the Kochurghat roads; and on the east, west and south by the municipal limits ...	
Pubna ...	Pubna ...	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Parbuttygange, Gopalpur, and the portion of Dilalpur, bounded on the south by Tarini Baboo's Road; on the north by Parbuttygunge; on the west by the Ichamatí river; and on the east by Jackson's Road ...	5
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Shibrapur, Raghabpur, and the remaining portion of Dilalpur ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullah Salgaria ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Ramchandrapur, Atua, Sadhuparah, Puranakuti, Krishtopur, Govinda, Poilanpur, Radhanagar, and Narainpur ...	3
Do. ...	Sérajunge ...	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Goila, Dhanbandi and Garka ...	5
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Putiabaree, Rohabaree, Moipur, Malsapara and Pakuria ...	2
			Ward No. III.—The portion of the town lying south of the Pangasi Road and west of the Dhanbandi river ...	3
			Ward No. IV.—The portion of the town lying north of the Pangasi Road and west of the Dhanbandi river ...	2
Barjeeling ...	Kurseong ...	Nil.	Nil.	8*

DACCA DIVISION.

Dacca ...	Dacca ...	7	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by Roy Shaheb's Bazar, Jallah and the Narandia Khal; on the east by the Postogola Road and the land east of Sabek Sarafatgunge; on the south by the Booriganga; and on the west by the road from the Bangla Bazar Ghat to Nowabpore bridge <i>via</i> Dig Bazar Road and road south and west of the Racquet Court ...	3
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by Roy Shaheb's Bazar, Jallah and the Naya Sarak; on the south by the Booriganga; on the east by Block No. 1; and on the west by the Babu Bazar Khal ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by the land north of the old cantonment; on the south by the Roy Shaheb's Bazar and the Narandia Khal; on the east by the Jallah and the Dobi Khal; and on the west by the Nowabpore Road up to the Mugh Bazar Road crossing <i>via</i> road south of Phoenix Park ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by the northern boundary of the Rumna or race-course ground; on the south by Blocks Nos. II and V; on the east by Block No. III; and on the west by the Dewan Bazar Road and the road west of the race-course ground or Rumna ...	2
			Ward No. V.—Bounded on the north by Block No. IV; on the south by the Booriganga; on the east by Blocks Nos. II and V; on the west by the road east of the Central Jail, the Chowk, and the Bara Katara Lane ...	2
			Ward No. VI.—Bounded on the north by Shahbagh (Shahbagh being included) and lands adjoining it; on the south by the river Booriganga; on the east by Blocks Nos. V and IV; and on the west by the Lalbag Road and the roads west of Dhakeswari and the Shahbagh ...	1
			Ward No. VII.—Bounded on the north by the village of Brahman-toolee, the jungle of Maneswar, the pilkhana, and the jungle north of Azimpura road; on the east by Block No. VI; on the west by Shikaritolah Khal; and on the south by the river and the chur ...	2
Ditto ...	Naraingunge ...	3	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Sitalakhya, Naluya, Nitaigunge, Tantipara, Patnipara, and Sutarpara ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Kutipara, Nyamati, Tanti Bazar, Uttar Taw Bazar, Galachipa, Palpara, Chusara, Khanpur, Mokorba, Hazigunge, Roshanbag, and Bahurail ...	3
			Ward III.—Mohullahs Madangunge, Sonakanda, Bandar, Ekram-pore, and Nabigunge ...	3

* Municipalities in which the Commissioners will not be elected for wards, but for the whole town.

DACCA DIVISION—continued.

District.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Furreedpore ...	Furreedpore ...	5	<p>Ward No. I.—Bounded on the east by the middle of the road running west of the police-station, and a line straight with that road produced north and south to meet the north and south boundaries of the municipality; on the south-west and north by the boundaries of the municipality ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Bounded on the east by the middle of the road running east of the reservoir known as the "Jala" till it meets the Avenue Road; thence by a line drawn due north to boundary of the municipality; on the west by the eastern boundary of ward No. 1; on the south and north by the boundaries of the municipality ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Bounded on the east by a line drawn due south from the north-east corner of the District Engineer's compound; on the north by the middle of the Avenue Road; on the south by the boundary of the municipality; and on the west by the eastern boundary of ward No. II ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the east and south by the boundary of the municipality; on the north by the middle of the Avenue Road till it meets the khal, and thence in a line straight with the Avenue Road produced to the eastern boundary of the municipality; and on the west by the eastern boundary of ward No. III ...</p> <p>Ward No. V.—Bounded on the east and north by the boundary of the municipality; on the south by the northern boundaries of wards Nos. III and IV; and on the west by the eastern boundary of ward No. II ...</p>	<p>3</p> <p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>2</p>
Ditto ...	Goalundo ...	5	<p>Ward No. I.—<i>Amlahpara</i>.—Bounded on the north by Kayapati Bazar and Monoharpati Road; on the south by Debeegram or Bethurikhali; on the east by the river Ganges; and on the west by Sujabad cultivation and Bethuri ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—<i>Kayapati Bazar</i>.—Bounded on the north by Panchas Hazari Road and by the east face siding; on the south by Monoharpati and road; on the east by the east face siding and river Ganges; and on the west by the Panchas Hazari Road and Bisva Nathpore and Bhabail cultivation ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—<i>Nikaripara and Mahajanpati</i>.—Bounded on the north by the river Ganges; on the west by Bhabail cultivation; on the east by the river Ganges; and on the south by Panchas Hazari Road ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—<i>Bhabail Bazar</i>.—Bounded on the north by the river Ganges; on the south by Panchas Hazari Road; on the east by the railway line; and on the west by the junction road ...</p> <p>Ward No. V.—<i>Char Pallando</i>.—Bounded on the north by the Bhaboil Bazar; on the south by the Char Pallando village road; on the west by the river; and on the east by the railway ...</p>	<p>3</p> <p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>2</p>
Ditto ...	Madaripore ...	7	<p>Ward No. I.—Amirabad, Bandar, Chur Madaripore Rajnagar ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Lakmigunge ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Chur Khagdi, Chur Mugaria ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—Khagdi ...</p> <p>Ward No. V.—Madaripore village ...</p> <p>Ward No. VI.—Kulpoddi ...</p> <p>Ward No. VII.—Rasti, Hazrapore ...</p>	<p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>2</p>
Backergunge ...	Burrisal ...	5	<p>Ward No. I.—Amanatgunge, Kaonea, and Kotwali ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Kalibaree and Sagardi ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—School and Alikanda ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—Bagura and Kalibari ...</p> <p>Ward No. V.—Church Ward ...</p>	<p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>1</p> <p>2</p> <p>3</p>
Mymensingh ...	Nasirabad ...	5	<p>Ward No. I.—European quarter, Jail and Katchi Jhali.—Boundaries; north-east, river; south-east, N. Bund road forms junction with Keranipara Road and Jail Road ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—East, river; north-west, Keranipara to Jail Road; south, Jail Road to Kamarpatti Road; east, Kamarpatti and Shakhaniipatto Road ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—North-east, Jail Road to Kamarpatti Road; west and south-west, Itkhola Road to junction with Theatre Road; east, Old Theatre Road ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—West, Kamarpatti, Sutarpatti, and Theatre Road; north-east, river; east, Maharajah's Road, Jamir Lamharipara Road ...</p> <p>Ward No. V.—North-east, river; south-east, Kistopore Road; west, Maharajah's and Jamir Lamharipara Road ...</p>	<p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>2</p>
Ditto ...	Muktagacha ...	Nil.	Nil.	0*

* Municipalities in which the Commissioners will not be elected for wards, but for the whole town.

DACCA DIVISION—concluded.

DISTRICT.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Mymensingh ...	Jamalpore ...	7	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Jamalpore, Shingjani, Fulberia, Bazrapore, and Mukundaliari ... Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Kuturia, Haripur, Abharpore, and Kali-pore ... Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Janjalpara, Dapaina, Bishnapore, Nasur-pore, Kursha, Hosseinpore, Khupibani, Palisa and Kusharipatta Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Beltia, Kachasara, and Kalaholia ... Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Dohokura, Tetulia, Ramnagar, Palashgar, Jugirjhopa, and Nakati ... Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Deorpar, Chandra, Rasedpur, Baguhaid, Rasidpore, and Baguhaid ... Ward No. VII.—Mohullahs Hat Chandro, Chandra, Kampapur, Guabaria, and Pathalia ...	2 1 1 1 2 1 2
Ditto ...	Sherpore ...	6	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Rajbari, Gobindagunge, Krishnagar, Kali-bazar, Shasharkhila, Gopalbari, Dhakalhati, and Narainpore ... Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Munshibazar, Raghunath Bazar, Grida Narayanpore, Shibbari, Shackhati, Narainpore, and Durgapore ... Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Rajballabpore, Nobinchur, East Sheri, Middle Sheri, West Sheri, Madhabpore ... Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Kharampore, Bagraksa, Katgur, Goalpara, Kacharipara, Mullapara, and Barakpara ... Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Mirgunge and Gouripore ... Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Mobarakpore, Naihata, Dighirpar, Tatalpur ...	2 2 1 1 1 1
Ditto ...	Kishoregunge ...	5	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Gangail, Sholakia, Baghargati, Kut Sholakia, Janghirpur and Chur Sholakia, Bazar Ichagunge, Atkapara and Kabitarbaz ... Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Raknail, Sridharkhila, Chur Dabail, Gaital, Lamapara, Lalitesabad, Danikona, Rasidabad, and Shogra ... Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Katiar Chur, Bazar Haibatnagar, Hara Khamar Taluk, Gridan, Nagna, Binnago Batrish, and Bazar Kishoregunge ... Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Ekrampore Bazar, Tarapasha, Baila, Ekrampore, Shatal, Nayanagar, and Chundro Nagar ... Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Saina, Chur Gangail, Rajkanto, Dariabad, Terahissa, Kapashatia, Badenshi, and Poranbowlai ...	3 1 3 2 1
Ditto ...	Bazitpor ...	Nil	Nil.	6*

CHITTAGONG DIVISION

Chittagong ...	Chittagong ...	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Bibi's Hat, Shola Shahur, Sloop Bohur, Moradpur, Kapasgola, and Bhanghootna ... Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Chowk Bazar, Joynagar, Chandunpoora, Dewan Bazar, Rohamatgunge, and Ghat Furhadbeg ... Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Jamal Khan, Bagmoniram, Enayet Bazar, Audurkilla, Buxir Hat, Kaitangunge, and Pathurghata ... Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Feringhee Bazar, Sudder Ghat, Alcoran, Madar Bary, South Madar Bary, Pattor Tolly and Dewan Hat ...	2 3 4 3
Noakholly ...	Noakholly ...	5	Ward No. I.— <i>Taltoly Ward</i> .—Bounded on the north by Taktakhali Khal; on the west by the municipal boundary; on the south by Bhowanigunge Road; and on the east by Taltoli Khal ... Ward No. II.— <i>Fakirtola Ward</i> .—Bounded on the north by Bhowanigunge Road; on the west by the municipal boundary; on the south by Chararia Road and on the east by Fakirtola and Dewanpara Roads ... Ward No. III.— <i>Bara Bazar</i> .—Bounded on the north by Bruce's Tank Road; on the west by Fakirtola Road; on the south by Kalitara and Dewanpara Roads; and on the east by Kutcherri Road ... Ward No. IV.— <i>Circuit House Ward</i> .—Bounded on the north by Dewanpara and Kalitara Roads; on the west by Dewanpara Road; on the south by the municipal boundary; and on the east by Gopi Munshi Road and a line to the south boundary ... Ward No. V.— <i>Kalitara</i> .—Bounded on the north by Taktakhali Khal; on the west by Taltoli Road; Kutcherri Road, Gopi Munshi's road and a line to the south boundary; on the south by the municipal boundary; and on the east by the municipal boundary and Taktakhali Khal ...	2 1 2 1 2

* municipalities in which the Commissioners will not be elected for wards, but for the whole town.

CHITTAGONG DIVISION—concluded.

District.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commuters to be allowed for each ward.
Tipperah	Commillah	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Bajapur, Dhukhin Churtha, Uttar Churtha, Gangagunge and Kasarupullu ... Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Manahurpur, Kandirpur I, Kandirpur II and Gobindpur ... Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Cholorah, Kailoguree, Bishnapur, Jan-naggar and Rajgunge ... Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Gang Chur, Chak Bazar, Muradpur I, Muradpur II, Sangraish, Sujagunge, Mirpur and Sicar Chur ...	4 2 2 3
Ditto	Brahmanberia...	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Bazar Brahmanberia, Kalaisiri, Pukharpur, Kasharipati and Chatkipara ... Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Pachim Nuddah, Bazar Nuddah, Fulbaria, Sirpore, and Paikpara ... Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Shemraikandi, Mourail, Kantale, Bhadughur and Nowapara ... Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Gokarna, Bazar Gokarna, Paertala, Dariapur and Brahmanbati ...	2 2 2 2

PATNA DIVISION.

Gya	Gya	10	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by the municipal boundary; on the south by Runga Bahadur Road; on the east by the river; and on the west by the municipal boundary ... Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by Runga Bahadur Road; on the south by Kathokar Nallah; on the east by the River Road; and on the west by Cutchery Road ... Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by Runga Bahadur Road; on the south by Kathokar Nallah; on the east by Cutchery Road; and on the west by Ripon Road ... Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by Runga Bahadur Road; on the south by Palmer Road; on the east by Ripon Road; and on the west by the municipal boundary ... Ward No. V.—Bounded on the north by Kathokar Nallah and Palmer Road; on the south by Katara Road; on the east by the river; and on the west by the municipal boundary ... Ward No. VI.—Bounded on the north by Katara Road; on the south by Nowagarigati Street; on the east by the river; and on the west by Godavery and Munglagouri Roads ... Ward No. VII.—Bounded on the north by Nowagarigati Street; on the south by Chanchowra Street; on the east by the river; and on the west by Godavery Road ... Ward No. VIII.—Bounded on the north by Chanchowra Street; on the south by the municipal boundary; on the east by the river; and on the west by the municipal boundary ... Ward No. IX.—Bounded on the north by Katara Road; on the south and west by the municipal boundary; and on the east by Godavery Road and Munglagouri Road ... Ward No. X.—The portion of the municipality on the other side of the river ...	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1
Mosufferpore	Hajipore	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Nukhas, Manik Chowk, Chowk, Noongola, Moofibazar, Chowdhery Mobarukalli, Kanhaimal Mednimul, Hossein Khan, and Pandriwa ... Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Maggerhatta, Hela Bazar, Rambhadder, Muderkill, Pokhra, Ibrahimgunge, Dhanauti, Bagdalahan, and Anwarpore ... Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Bagmoosa, Bagmani, Bagmulli, Khattigunge, Maksoodpore, Tangowli Sanchiputty, Hathsargunge, and Khatey Barkhorder ... Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Jaroocha, Minapur, Syedpur Idris, Chowdherybazar, Chak Bara Chhip, Tola, Patwa Toli, and Bharath Raoot ...	2 2 1 3
Durbhunga	Durbhunga	7	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Bela, Bela Dillah, Bela Shan ker, Mawa, Gadhi, Moheshpatti, Babhan, Gauwan, Murlagunge, Alinaggar, Sunderpur, Kaligunge, Tatchaligunge, Alafgunge, Haluanan Nagor, Bishunpur, Kaleyau, Bishunpur Taj, and Azam Nagor ... Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Moulvigunge, Chuck Nizam, Sahoh Dadgunge, Banglagudh, Ramlagunge, Missrigunge, Kafagunge, Cham-pa Nagor, Muard Sher Bazar, Sadirabad, Ruhelagunge, and Gangwara ... Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Manourgunge, Chakram Chauk, Shamesh-ergunge, Munshi Jurawansingh, Waris Nagar, Hosain Chakor, Shibgunge, Qutubgunge, Raj Kumergunge, Saifullahgunge, Kathat Bari, Luchmi Shagor, and Subbonkerpur ...	2 2 2

PATNA DIVISION—concluded.

DISTRICT.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Durbhunga— continued.	Durbhunga ...	7	Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Ratempur, Katke Bazar, Oweam, Ram Chauk, Koberabad, Basantgunge, Sharofaddin, Mashraf Bazar, Saudagar, Labbagh, Manharan Lal, Hulumangunge, and Mirzapur ...	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Sila Shah, Supon, Terhi Bazar, Quli Bazar, Madarpur, Mogulpur, Kotwali, Chautra Bhattuare Serai, Davangunga, Sagor, Misri Tolah, Bhagan Dass, Mufti Sainafat, Bazidpure, and Mahdoui.	2
			Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Mirza Hyat Beg Sher, Mahamad Bhigo Chak, Rahmat Jawalpura, Murgya Chak, Siazapur, Mahesh Patti, Rastole Bazar, Fakira Khan, Urdu Raham Khan, Faizuleah Khan, Usafgung, Rahamgunge, Bela Gobindpore, Gonga Sagor, and Moulagunge ...	2
			Ward No. VII.—Mohullahs Karamgunge, Abdullahgunge, Damduma, Imambari, Belwagunge, Mahrajgunge, Ismailgunge, Sari Salar Khan, Baquargunge, Luchmipore, Bat Chaddaspore, Khaji Serai, Laheria Serai, and Punda Serai ...	2
Ditto	Madhubani ...	5	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Bhowara, Sarat Ganj, and Chakdaha ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Srigunj, Nariartar, and Purani Chatti ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Kamat, Bhawanipore, Nai Bazar, Bahua, and Shewbux Ganj ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Gadeam, Shaghan, Bhamas Bazar, and Laheria Gunj ...	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Sapta and Maharaj Ganj ...	2
Sarun	Chupra ...	4	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north, south, and east by the limits of the municipality, and on the west by Shahebgunge Road ...	3
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north and south by the limits of the municipality, on the east by ward No. I, and on the west by Nai Bazar Road ...	3
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north and south by the limits of the municipality, on the east by ward No. II, and on the west by Mohullah Dowlatgunge No. 27 ...	3
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north, south, and west by the limits of the municipality, and on the east by ward No. III ...	3
Ditto	Sewan ...	Nil	Nil ...	6*
Ditto	Revelgunge ...	Nil	Nil ...	8*

BHAGULPORE DIVISION.

Bhagulpore	Bhagulpore	6	Ward No. I.—The eastern ward of the municipality up to the Steamer Ghat Road, District Jail Road, and the Station Road on the west, and the railway line on the south ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the river Jamoona; on the south by a portion of the Station Road and the railway line; on the east by the Steamer Ghat Road, District Jail Road, and the Station Road ...	3
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by the river Jamoona; on the south by the railway line; on the east by Nayabazar Road; and on the west by the Jamtikri Road, Nathnagar Road, and the Public Garden Road ...	3
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by the river Jamoona and Dearah; on the south by the railway line; on the east by the Jamtikri Road, Nathnagar Road, and the Public Garden Road; and on the west by Fort Roads Nos. I and II ...	2
			Ward No. V.—The western ward of the municipality ...	2
			Ward No. VI.—The portion of the municipality lying on the south of the railway line ...	2
Monghyr	Monghyr	6	Ward No. I.—Fort Laldarwaza and Mohullah Belunbazar ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Baribazar North and South; Sarmanbazar and Topekhanabazar ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Basdeopore, Sherpur, Shampore, Madhopore, and Mogulbazar ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Sadipore, Jugulkitta, Kewra Moidan, and Betwanbazar ...	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Mirzapore, Puranigunge east and west, and Sandalpore ...	2
			Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Mahiddinpore, Bindwara, Mukhsuspore, Kasimbazar, and Moghera ...	2
Ditto	Jamalpore	6	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Nyagong, Secundrapore, and Mungrowra ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Dariapore, Dowlatpore, and Rampore ...	2
			Ward No. III.—The Bazar, Khalasitola, and Jamalpore Dih ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullah Keshubpore ...	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullah Jahangira ...	2
			Ward No. VI.—The European quarters ...	2

*Municipalities in which the Commissioners will not be elected for wards, but for the whole town.

BHAGULPORE DIVISION—concluded.

DISTRICT.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Sonthal Pergunnahs	Sahebgunge ...	Nil	Nil	6*
Ditto	Deoghur ...	4	Ward No. I.—North and East—From the north-west corner of the Sivagunga to the nearest point on the northern boundary of the municipality, and thence east and south to where the boundary crosses the Doomka Road South—Baidyanath Street and Jhansigarhi Road to its junction with the Doomka Road West—Sivagunga Lane and the west bank of the Sivagunga tank. Ward No. II.—North—Baidyanath Street and Jhansigari Road South—Jamunajore nuddy, which is the boundary of the municipality East—The eastern boundary of the municipality West—Wilmot Bazar Street, Bhairub Bazar and road, and Jamunajore Road Ward No. III.—North—Barabazar Road, Kunjraputti Lane, and Harakishen Sha's Street as far as its junction with the new Jalshar Road South—The southern boundary of the municipality East—The south end of Wilmot Bazar Street, Bhairub Bazar and road, and Jamunajore Road West—The boundary of the municipality Ward No. IV.—North—The northern boundary of the municipality South—Harakishen Shah's Street, Kunjraputti Lane and Barabazar Road East—The north end of Wilmot Bazar Street, a portion of Baidyanath Road, the Sivagunga Lane, and the west bank of Sivagunga West—The western boundary of the municipality	3 3 2 2
Purneah	Purneah ...	4	Ward No. I.—To the east of the Ganges and Darjeeling Road Ward No. II.—To the west of the Ganges and Darjeeling Road Ward No. III.—To the east of the City Main Road Ward No. IV.—To the west of the City Main Road	3 3 3 3
Maldah	English Bazar...	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Abhirampore, Gandharbapore, Lakrikhana, Madhubani, Makdumpore, Ferojepore, Rajaparrah, Sahistoli and Singatolas Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Andharupara, Bangaltoli, Bibigram, Bokhoti, English Bazar, Ghasiaratoli, Hatkhola, Hydepore, Kantabari, Kutitola, Moheshmati, Mirerchuk, Noabasti, Nyagram, and Sankapara Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Baloochora, English Bazar, Golaputtee, Gosaintoli, Kassariputtee, Kutubpur and Puratoli Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Babutoli, Bochatek, Bansbari, Kotabari, Mokimpore, Phulbari and Tilukgirer Bazar	4 3 2
Ditto	Maldah ...	3	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Kajidara, Cholisapara, Brajigma and Katra Tilmandai Sarbari Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Khord Sarbari, Pirojepore, Mokotilpore, Tooitbari, Kachubari and Bangaltoli Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Suripara, Fulbari, Shaik Mohun, Tarapore, Balia, and Nababgunge	3 3 2

ORISSA DIVISION.

Cuttack	Cuttack ...	9	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Cuttack Chundy, Stone Road, Guruda Bazar, Dagarpada, Brahman Sahi, Hasnabad, Kotgara Sahi, Dalusingpatua, Roghu Sahu, Godam Gully, Bhutia Sahi, Alissha Bazar, Mangla Sahi, Kasla, Sedaisor, Mansingpatna, Bhclamean Bazar, Mastaram Nath, Bedeadhar Road and Toolsepur Ward No. II.—Kutcherry Road, Chowdhury Bazar, Ferangi Bazar, Jagornath Road, College Lane, Normal School, Sanggot Lane, Peary Mohun Sen Gully, Makundprosad Gully, Mala Sahi, Bisonath Mahadeb Lane, Peary Baboo Gully, Hadi Sahi, Bhandary Sahi, Bakharabad, Ramnath Gully, Jai Baboo Gully, Kasi Baboo Gully, Gud Sahi Gully, and Bauri Sahi Gully Ward No. III.—Cuttack Chundy, Adalsah Khan Lane, Amdukhalifa Lane, Cutcherry Road, Gonais Mandir, Buditkhakurani Gully, Aparty Sahu Gully, Juma Masjid Gully Ward No. IV.—Ram Chowdhury Street, Alam Chund Bazar, Banka Bazar, Ganga Mandir, Durji Sahi, Jagornath Bullubh Road, Mahandipir, Bauri Sahi, Khatbin Sahi, Oriya Bazar, Osat Lane, and Latmundir Ward No. V.—Cuttack Chundy, Sheik Bazar, Abdul Guffur Gully, Fakir Sahi, Bamphi Sahi, Guptipul, Khatbin Sahi, Dewan Bazar, Oriya Bazar, Christian Sahi, Talanga Sahi, Cutcherry Road, Sutahat and Mission Road Ward No. VI.—Cutcherry Road, Chowdhury Bazar, Jolaya Sahi, Kutgara Sahi, Parkanath Gully, Ferangi Bazar and Mangla-thakurani Gully	1 2 1 1 1
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* Municipalities in which the Commissioners will not be elected for wards, but for the whole town.

ORISSA DIVISION—concluded.

DISTRICT.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to
Cuttack—concluded.	Cuttack ...	9	<p>Ward No. VII.—Telanga Bazar, Jagornath Road, Raghunath Gully, Bamphi Sahi, Kukariapada, Gopaljee Gully, Bhagatpur, Nunia Sahi, Tara Chandpatna, Nunno Sahi, Kodam, Rossul, Foster Street and Kamar Sahi ...</p> <p>Ward No. VIII.—Cutcherry Road, Phulmandai Sahi, Telangadhoba Sahi, Foster Street, Rousapatna, Sant Sahi, Maria Sahi, Patni Sahi, Kasorpur, Bapari Sahi, Sadanand Jachak Gully, Dhobni Gully, Kaly Kinkur Chatterjee Gully, Kalai Sahu Gully, Badai Sahi, Kailas Baboo Gully, Bania Sahai, Naik Sahai, Brahman Sahi and Sarso Road ...</p> <p>Ward No. IX.—Commissioner Road, Hospital Road, Manglathakurani Road, Malha Sahi, Jobra Road, Talanga Sahi, Manglabag Road, Thoria Sahi, Mirkamalpatna, Gand Sahi, Jagornath Road, Sagaria Sahi, Ranihat and Chotara Bazar ...</p>	
Pooree ...	Pooree ...	6	<p>Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Bali Sahi and Gourbar Sahi ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Kalikadevi Sahi, Matimandap Sahi and Dolemandap Sahi ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Baseli Sahi and Harchandi Sahi ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Marakanda Sahi and Churang Sahai ...</p> <p>Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Kundhaibent Sahi ...</p> <p>Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Diatapara Sahi, Kumharpara and Dandimal Sahi ...</p>	
Balasore ...	Balasore ...	6	<p>Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Brahmanpara, Kentpara, Kamarpara, Kumharpara, Musulmanpara, Kayasthpara, Chasapara and Goalapara ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Amlapara, Tanti Sahi, Thatari Sahi, Gookha Sahi, Mahanty Sahi, Rice Stall and Kasaipara ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Baistabpara, Tanti Sahi, Brahmanpara, Teli Sahi, and Chasapara ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—The European quarter, Native Christian para, and mohullahs Amlapara, Pan Sahi and Teli Sahi ...</p> <p>Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Mochipara, Baniapara, Choonkar Sahi and Mahajanpara ...</p> <p>Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Brazeorpara, Dufturi Sahi, Kent Sahi, Chowdhuri Sahi, Paira Sahi, Mahajanpara, Kent Sahi, Kandra Sahi, Dhoba Sahi, and Musulmanpara ...</p>	

CHOTA NAGPORE DIVISION.

Hasaribagh ...	Chattra ...	Nil.	Nil	10
Lohardugga ...	Ranchi ...	4	<p>Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north and east by the municipal limits; on the west by the Sudder Road, and on the south by the Purulia Road ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north and west by the municipal limits; on the south by the Tank Road as far as the bridge at the south east corner of the lake, and thence by the wall on the south side of the Commissioner's compound; and on the east by the Sudder Road ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by the line defined above as the southern boundary of Ward No. II; on the east by the Thanna and Dorunda Roads; and on the south and west by the municipal limits ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by the Purulia Road; on the west by the Thanna and Dorunda Roads; and on the south and east by the municipal limits ...</p>	
Manbhoom ...	Purulia ...	4	<p>Ward No. I.—Bounded on the east by the Barrakar Road and Chaibassa Road; on the north, west, and south by the furthest limit of the municipality in those directions ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Bounded on the west and north by the Barrakar Road; on the south by the Bankoora Road; and on the east and north by the road starting from the Bankoora Road, joining with the Barrakar Road nearest Cart Serai, passed by girls' school building and between Claysair and Kamoliassair ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Bounded on the south by the Man Bazar Road; on the east by the furthest limit of the municipality in that direction, and on the north partly by ditto and partly by Bankoora Road; and on the west by wards Nos. I and II ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by portion of Bankoora Road and Man Bazar Road; on the east by the Man Bazar Road; and on the south by the furthest limit of the municipality ...</p>	

*Municipalities in which the Commissioners will not be elected for wards, but for the whole town.

COLMAN MACAULAY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

ORDERS DECLARING THE NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED FOR EACH WARD IN THE HOWRAH MUNICIPALITY.

The 13th October 1884.—In continuation of the notification dated the 29th September 1884, published at pages 1013 to 1015, Part I, of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 1st October 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to declare that the number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward in the Howrah Municipality shall be as follows:—

For each of the Wards Nos. I, IV, V, VI, VII, and IX, two Commissioners.

For each of the Wards Nos. III and VIII, three Commissioners.

For each of the Wards Nos. II and X one Commissioner.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

**RULES FOR THE ELECTION OF MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS
UNDER ACT III (B.C.) OF 1884.**

The 29th September 1884.—The following rules for the election of Municipal Commissioners in all Municipalities in the Burdwan, Presidency, Rajshahye, Dacca, Chittagong, Patna, Bhagulpore, Orissa, and Chota Nagpore Divisions (except Howrah and the Suburbs of Calcutta), have been laid down by the Lieutenant-Governor under section 15 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884:—

Of the qualification of voters.

1. Persons otherwise qualified to vote must be males, who have resided within the limits of the municipality for one year previous to the date of the election.

2. Subject to the above rule, all persons who have, during the year immediately preceding the election, paid an aggregate amount of not less than Re. 1-8 in respect of any rates imposed by the Act, and who have been duly registered as hereinafter provided, shall be qualified to vote.

3. Subject to the proviso contained in rule 1, any person who, being a member of a joint undivided family, one of the members of which has, during the year preceding such election, paid in respect of any of the rates imposed by the Act an aggregate amount of not less than Re. 1-8, is a graduate or licentiate of any University, or holds a certificate as a Pleader or Mooktear, or holds any office or employment carrying a salary of not less than Rs. 50 per mensem, shall be entitled to vote.

Of the registration of voters.

4. As soon as possible after these rules shall have been published, the Magistrate of the district shall cause to be prepared a register of persons qualified to vote. Such register shall be prepared from the assessment lists, from enquiries made by persons specially deputed for the purpose, and in such other manner as may appear expedient. Such register shall from time to time be corrected and added to as the Magistrate may direct. It shall be the duty of the Chairman of the Municipality to furnish the Magistrate or the Sub-Divisional Officer with any available information required for the preparation and correction, from time to time, of the register in question.

5. At least one month before the date fixed for the elections as hereinafter provided, an extract from the register, showing the persons qualified to vote within each Ward, shall be published at suitable places within that ward. A copy of the whole register shall also be published at the municipal office.

6. The Magistrate, or such other gazetted officer as he may depute for the purpose, shall sit to hear and decide objections to, and claims for, registration of voters on some date of which at least three days' notice shall have been given, and which shall be at least ten days after the publication of the lists in question, and at least one week before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections; and such decision shall be final.

7. The ward lists as amended, after the hearing and decision of claims and objections, shall be considered as the final lists of persons entitled to vote at the elections, and no person whose name does not appear in the ward lists shall be permitted to vote.

Of the qualification and the nomination of candidates.

8. Any person qualified to vote under these rules shall be qualified for nomination as a candidate.

9. Any rate-payer qualified to vote may nominate any other qualified person as a candidate.

10. The Magistrate shall, at least six weeks before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections, issue notices calling for nominations of candidates. Such nominations shall be delivered at the municipal office within fourteen days from the date of publication of the notices in question. No names of candidates shall be received after the expiration of such period.

11. The preliminary list of candidates, with the names of the persons nominating them, shall be published in each ward, and at the municipal office, at least three weeks before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections. A notification shall at the same time be published, fixing a date for the hearing of objections to candidates. Such date shall be at least one week later than the publication of the notification in question.

12. The Magistrate, or such other gazetted officer as the Magistrate may depute for the purpose, shall hear and decide all objections to candidates; and such decision shall be final. Before publishing the final list, he shall ascertain that all the candidates are eligible and willing to stand for election.

13. The final list of candidates shall be published in each ward, and at the municipal office, at least one week before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections. No candidate whose name is not contained in such list shall be eligible for election.

Of the manner of holding elections.

14. The elections for the different wards shall be held on such date as may be fixed by the Lieutenant-Governor and notified in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

15. The Magistrate shall decide at what place the election for each ward shall be held.

16. The date fixed for the election in each ward shall be duly notified by beat of drum, and by the publication of notices in such ward at least one month beforehand.

17. Each voter shall be entitled to vote for the ward in which he ordinarily resides, and for no other. He shall be entitled to vote for as many candidates as there are vacancies for such ward.

18. All persons wishing to vote must be present at the elections. No votes by proxy or in writing shall be received.

19. The Magistrate, or such other gazetted officer as the Magistrate may depute for the purpose, shall preside at the election for each ward, assisted by a Committee of not less than three and not more than five rate-payers of the ward, nominated by the Magistrate.

20. The proceedings shall commence by the presiding officer explaining the nature and objects of the meeting to the assembled voters. He shall then read out the list of candidates, and state the number of vacancies.

21. Each candidate shall then be proposed by one qualified voter, and seconded by another. Subject to the control of the presiding officer on points of order, each candidate and his proposer and seconder shall be permitted to address the assembled voters on the subject of his candidature. The names of candidates not duly proposed and seconded shall be removed from the list.

22. In the case of the number of the candidates duly proposed and seconded not being greater than the number of vacancies, the presiding officer, if he is satisfied that not less than 10 per cent. of the registered voters for the ward or wards in which the election is taking place are present, shall at once declare such candidates to be duly elected.

23. If the number of candidates duly proposed and seconded exceeds the number of vacancies, the presiding officer shall proceed to call for a show of hands in favour of each candidate. The presiding officer shall decide and state which of the candidates have received the largest number of votes by the said shows of hands. Should no poll be demanded against any one candidate, he shall declare such candidate to be duly elected.

24. Any defeated candidate, or his proposer or seconder, may demand a poll on his behalf, as against any or all of the candidates selected under the above rule.

25. When a poll is demanded, the votes shall then and there be recorded by the presiding officer with his own hand. All objections to voters shall, if possible, be summarily decided by the presiding officer, after reference to the register. No objections shall be entertained other than objections arising out of matters subsequent to registration under rule 6.

26. The presiding officer shall then and there declare such candidates as have a clear majority of votes to be duly elected. Provided that no candidate shall be declared to be duly elected unless at least 10 per cent. of the registered voters for the ward have appeared and recorded their votes.

27. If 10 per cent. of the registered voters for the ward are not present (Rule 22), or have not appeared and recorded their votes (Rule 26), the presiding officer shall report that the electors have failed, under section 16 of the Act, to elect Commissioners for the ward.

28. In case of an equality of votes for the same vacancy, and when the number of vacancies does not admit of all the candidates who have obtained an equality of votes being elected, the presiding officer shall postpone the election, fixing at the same time a date upon which the proceedings shall be re-commenced. When the majority for any candidate consists only of disputed votes, with reference to which further enquiry appears to be necessary, the result of such enquiry shall be notified on a subsequent date.

29. The list of duly returned candidates for the whole municipality shall be forwarded to the Commissioner of the Division for publication in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Miscellaneous.

30. No election shall be invalidated on a point of form, provided that these rules have been substantially obeyed.

31. No election shall be invalidated on account of any irregularity whatever, unless it shall appear that that irregularity was such as materially to affect the result of the election.

32. No person in the employment or pay of the municipality shall, directly or indirectly, engage in canvassing for votes, or otherwise assist in the election of any candidate, otherwise than by giving his own vote. Any breach of this rule will render him liable to dismissal.

33. All costs incurred in the preparation of the register of voters, the publication of notices, the holding of elections, or taking any other necessary actions under these rules, shall be payable by the Commissioners out of the municipal fund.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 29th September 1884.—The following rules for the election of Municipal Commissioners in the Municipality of Howrah have been laid down by the Lieutenant-Governor under section 15 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884:—

Of the number of Commissioners and Wards.

1. There shall be 30 Commissioners, of whom 20 shall be elected under these rules, and 10 shall be appointed by Government.

2. The municipality shall be divided into 10 wards in accordance with the schedule annexed.

Of the qualification of voters.

3. Persons otherwise qualified to vote must be males, who have resided within the limits of the municipality for one year previous to the date of the election.

4. Subject to the above rule, all persons who have, during the year immediately preceding the election, paid an aggregate amount of not less than Rs. 3 in respect of any rates imposed by the Act, and who have been duly registered as hereinafter provided, shall be qualified to vote.

5. Subject to the proviso contained in rule 3, any person who, being a member of a joint undivided family, one of the members of which has during the year preceding such election, paid in respect of any of the rates imposed by the Act an aggregate amount of not less than Rs. 3, is a graduate or licentiate of any University, or holds a certificate as a Pleader or Mooktear, or holds any office or employment carrying a salary of not less than Rs. 50 per mensem, shall be entitled to vote.

Of the registration of voters.

6. As soon as possible after these rules shall have been published, the Magistrate of the district shall cause to be prepared a register of persons qualified to vote. Such register shall be prepared from the assessment lists, from enquiries made by persons specially deputed for the purpose, and in such other manner as may appear expedient. Such register shall from time to time

be corrected and added to as the Magistrate may direct. It shall be the duty of the Chairman of the Municipality to furnish the Magistrate or the Sub-Divisional Officer with any available information required for the preparation and correction, from time to time, of the register in question.

7. At least one month before the date fixed for the elections as hereinafter provided, an extract from the register, showing the persons qualified to vote within each ward, shall be published at suitable places within that ward. A copy of the whole register shall also be published at the municipal office.

8. The Magistrate, or such other gazetted officer as he may depute for the purpose, shall sit to hear and decide objections to, and claims for, registration of voters on some date of which at least three days' notice shall have been given, and which shall be at least ten days after the publication of the lists in question, and at least one week before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections; and such decision shall be final.

9. The ward lists as amended, after the hearing and decision of claims and objections, shall be considered as the final lists of persons entitled to vote at the elections, and no person whose name does not appear in the ward lists shall be permitted to vote.

Of the qualification and the nomination of candidates.

10. Any person qualified to vote under these rules shall be qualified for nomination as a candidate.

11. Any rate-payer qualified to vote may nominate any other qualified person as a candidate.

12. The Magistrate shall, at least six weeks before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections, issue notices calling for nominations of candidates. Such nominations shall be delivered at the municipal office within fourteen days from the date of publication of the notices in question. No names of candidates shall be received after the expiration of such period.

13. The preliminary list of candidates, with the names of the persons nominating them, shall be published in each ward, and at the municipal office, at least three weeks before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections. A notification shall at the same time be published, fixing a date for the hearing of objections to candidates. Such date shall be at least one week after than the publication of the notification in question.

14. The Magistrate, or such other gazetted officer as the Magistrate may depute for the purpose, shall hear and decide all objections to candidates; and such decision shall be final. Before publishing the final list, he shall ascertain that all the candidates are eligible and willing to stand for election.

15. The final list of candidates shall be published in each ward, and at the municipal office, at least one week before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections. No candidate whose name is not contained in such list shall be eligible for election.

Of the manner of holding elections.

16. The elections for the different wards shall be held on such date as may be fixed by the Lieutenant-Governor and notified in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

17. The Magistrate shall decide at what place the election for each ward shall be held.

18. The date fixed for the election in each ward shall be duly notified by beat of drum and by the publication of notices in such ward at least one month beforehand.

19. Each voter shall be entitled to vote for the ward in which he ordinarily resides, and for no other. He shall be entitled to vote for as many candidates as there are vacancies for such ward.

20. All persons wishing to vote must be present at the elections. No votes by proxy or in writing shall be received.

21. The Magistrate, or such other gazetted officer as the Magistrate may depute for the purpose, shall preside at the election for each ward, assisted by a Committee of not less than three and not more than five rate-payers of the ward, nominated by the Magistrate.

22. The proceedings shall commence by the presiding officer explaining the nature and objects of the meeting to the assembled voters. He shall then read out the list of candidates, and state the number of vacancies.

23. Each candidate shall then be proposed by one qualified voter, and seconded by another. Subject to the control of the presiding officer on points of order, each candidate and his proposer and seconder shall be permitted to address the assembled voters on the subject of his candidature. The names of candidates not duly proposed and seconded shall be removed from the list.

24. All objections to voters shall, if possible, be summarily decided by the presiding officer, after reference to the register. No objections shall be entertained other than objections arising out of matters subsequent to registration under rule 8.

25. The presiding officer shall record with his own hand the votes of the electors present.

26. The presiding officer shall then and there declare such candidates as have a clear majority of votes to be duly elected. Provided that no candidate shall be declared to be duly elected unless at least 10 per cent. of the registered voters for the ward have appeared and recorded their votes.

27. If 10 per cent. of the registered voters for the ward have not appeared and recorded their votes, the presiding officer shall report that the electors have failed, under section 16 of the Act, to elect Commissioners for the ward.

28. In case of an equality of votes for the same vacancy, and when the number of vacancies does not admit of all the candidates who have obtained an equality of votes being elected, the presiding officer shall postpone the election, fixing at the same time a date upon which the proceedings shall be re-commenced. When the majority for any candidate consists only of disputed votes, with reference to which further enquiry appears to be necessary, the result of such enquiry shall be notified on a subsequent date.

29. The list of duly returned candidates for the whole municipality shall be forwarded to the Commissioner of the Division for publication in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Miscellaneous.

30. No election shall be invalidated on a point of form, provided that these rules have been substantially obeyed.

31. No election shall be invalidated on account of any irregularity whatever, unless it shall appear that that irregularity was such as materially to affect the result of the election.

32. No person in the employment or pay of the municipality shall, directly or indirectly, engage in canvassing for votes, or otherwise assist in the election of any candidate, otherwise than by giving his own vote. Any breach of this rule will render him liable to dismissal.

33. All costs incurred in the preparation of the register of voters, the publication of notices, the holding of elections, or taking any other necessary actions under these rules, shall be payable by the Commissioners out of the municipal fund.

COLMAN MACAULAY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

SCHEDULE.

HOWRAH MUNICIPALITY.

ELECTION WARDS.

Ward No. I.

North—Joya Bibee's Lane, outfall drain on the south of Hurro Dhole's garden and Chandalparah lane. *South*—Horogunge Road. *East*—River. *West*—Hooghly road.

Ward No. II.

North—A line beginning at a point on the Hooghly road 100 feet south of Nuskurparah lane, thence a direct line westward across the Maleepanchghurrah paddy-fields to the culvert opposite garden of Bhoggobutty Bysack on the Belloor road and Nellooah road. *South*—Sonaton Mistry's Garden lane and Bamoongachee paddy-fields. *East*—Grand Trunk road and Hooghly road. *West*—Bamoongachee paddy-fields.

Ward No. III.

North—Horogunge road. *South*—Golabaree road. *East*—River. *West*—Grand Trunk road.

Ward No. IV.

North—Golabaree road and Peelkhanah lane. *South*—Railway premises. *East*—River Hooghly. *West*—Railway line.

Ward No. V.

North—Railway premises, Doré's road and Howrah paddy-fields. *South*—Telkul Ghat road, Harcourt's lane and Kally Banerjea's lane. *East*—River. *West*—Bhoggobutty Karar's lane, Doorga Doss Bose's lane, Koylash Banerjea's lane, Lukhun Dass's lane and Kally Koondoo's lane up to its junction with Kally Banerjea's lane.

Ward No. VI.

North—Banttrah paddy-fields. *South*—Ollabibeetollah lane, Nuskurparrah lane and Bostomparrah lane. *East*—Bhoggobutty Karar's lane, Doorga Dass Bose's lane, Lukhun Dass's lane, Kally Koondoo's lane, Needhee Ram Manjee's lane, Gopaul Banerjea's lane and portion of Ramkistopore lane between its junctions with Gopal Banerjea's lane and the footpath through Baboo Chunder Coomar Banerjea's garden. *West*—Belgachia road, a direct line from that road beginning from the south-eastern corner of Deno Sen's garden across the paddy-fields to a point on the Makordah road 1,764 feet west of the toll-house, Doomrar Jollah, Haldarparrah lane, Goddadhur Mistry's lane and Kasoondiah paddy-fields.

Ward No. VII.

North—Telkul Ghat road, Harcourt's lane and Kally Banerjea's lane. *South*—Banstollah Ghat road and Park's Garden lane. *East*—River. *West*—Kally Koondoo's lane, Needhee Ram Manjee's lane, Gopaul Banerjea's lane and portion of Ramkistopore lane between its junction with Gopaul Banerjea's lane and Park's Garden lane.

Ward No. VIII.

North—Banstollah Ghat road, Park's Garden lane, footpath through Baboo Chunder Coomar Banerjea's garden, Koyepooker lane and Mosulmanparrah lane. *South*—Juggut Banerjea's Ghat road, Rajah's Bagan lane, Mollahparah branch lane and portion of Khetter Banerjea's lane from its junction with the latter lane and Circular road at the house of Deno Master. *East*—River. *West*—Circular road.

Ward No. IX.

North—Juggut Banerjea's Ghat road, Rajah's Bagan lane, Mollahparah branch lane, Khetter Banerjea's lane between its junction with the latter lane and Circular road at the house of Deno Master and portion of Circular road between its junction with Khetter Banerjea's lane and Chatterjea's hat. *South*—River. *East*—River. *West*—Belliah khal and Botanical Garden.

Ward No. X.

North—Doomrar Jollah and Shokhair bazar road. *South*—Baxarah paddy-fields. *East*—A line from the south-eastern corner of Doomrar Jollah to Haldarparrah lane, Goddadhur Mistry's lane and Mosulmanparrah lane. *West*—Boroj Maut lane and western portion of Baxarah road between its junction with Boroj Maut lane and the culvert over Baxarah khal.

**DATE OF ELECTION OF COMMISSIONERS FOR MUNICIPALITIES
UNDER ACT III (B.C.) OF 1884.**

The 30th September 1884.—It is hereby notified for general information that the elections of Commissioners, under Act III (B.C.) of 1884, in all Municipalities in the Burdwan, Presidency, Rajshahye, Dacca, Chittagong, Patna, Bhagulpore, Orissa, and Chota Nagpore Divisions, not mentioned in the first schedule of the said Act, will be held on the twenty-fifth day of November next.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different District of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 8th November 1884.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date	
BENGAL.				
Western Districts.				
BURDWAN DIV.	1 Burdwan, Nov. 8 '84	Nil	Weather—cool and clear. Prospects of crops in Ranigunge good; Culna fair; Sudder and Cutwa less so, and in some tracts bad. Price of rice falling slightly. Common rice selling at from 12 to 17 seers per rupee. Health fair; some little fever.	
	Cutwa ...	Nil		
	Raneegunge ...	Nil		
	2 Bankoora, " 8 "	Nil		
	Bishenpore ...	Nil		
	3 Beerbhoom, " 8 "	Nil		
Rampore Haut ..	Nil	Weather—cloudy at the beginning, and seasonable at the close of the week. Rain fell on the Damoodar side of the district. In some places prices are still falling, reaching to 27 seers in Khatra. <i>Nowan</i> and <i>neoles</i> paddy being cut. Prospects of sugarcane very fine, and of winter paddy and <i>rubbees</i> promising. Public health still excellent.		
BURDWAN DIV.	4 Midnapore, " 8 "	Nil	Weather—fine and cool, and seasonable for ripening paddy crop, whose prospects are somewhat improved. The average outturn of the district will be much below that of an ordinary year. Prices stationary. Public health satisfactory.	
	5 Hooghly, " 8 "	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of crops good. Fever prevails in the Sudder and Ghattal sub-divisions.	
	Howrah, " 10 "	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of all crops continue favourable. Prices not much altered since last week. Public health good, except some cases of fever.	
	Oolooberiah ..	Nil	Weather—fair. Prospects of crops promising.	
Central Districts.				
PRESIDENCY DIV.	6 24-Perghs. Nov. 10 '84	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of <i>amun</i> paddy continue to be satisfactory. <i>Rubbe</i> crops doing well. Public health generally good.	
	7 Nuddea, " 8 "	Nil		
	Kooshtea ...	Nil		
	Meherpore ...	Nil		
	Choondanga ...	Nil		
	Ranaghat ...	Nil		
	8 Khoolna, " 8 "	Nil		Weather—bright and cool. Prospects continue good. Public health generally good; a few cases of cholera reported.
	9 Jessore, " 8 "	Nil		Weather—seasonable. Prospects of <i>amun</i> crops continue to be good in all parts of the district, except in the B. agong sub-division, where the crop is indifferent. <i>Rubbee</i> sowings progressing, and prospects good. Fever prevalent and cases of cholera here and there.
	Jhenida ...	Nil		
	Magoorah ...	Nil		
Narail ...	0.17			
Bongong ...	Nil			
10 Moorshedabad, " 7 "	Nil	The cold weather has now fairly set in. <i>Amun</i> paddy so far as it has been planted out is now likely to give a good outturn. All <i>rubbees</i> crops doing very well. Public health generally good, but cholera prevails in the Moorshedabad city, and there have also been some cases in thana Shamshegunj, in sub-division Jungipore.		
RAJSHAHYE DIV.	11 Dinagepore, Nov. 7 '84	Nil	Weather—getting cold. <i>Amun</i> paddy doing well. Pulses and mustard getting on well. Sugarcane being cut. Rice selling at from 10 to 14 seers per rupee.	
	12 Rajshahye, " 8 "	Nil		
	Nattore ...	Nil		
	Nowgong ...	0.10		
	13 Rungpore, " 8 "	Nil		Weather—seasonable. Prospects of <i>amun</i> paddy generally fair. <i>Rubbees</i> crops promising. Price of rice fallen. Fever general, a few cases of cholera reported.
	Nilphamari ...	Nil		
	Gaibanda ...	Nil		
	Kurigram ...	Not received.		
14 Bogra, " 8 "	0.19	Weather—cool and pleasant. State and prospects of <i>amun</i> crop very unfavourable. Cold-weather crops doing well. There have been many cases of cholera and fever is still prevalent.		
15 Pubna, " 8 "	Nil	Weather—cool. Winter crops doing well. Fever and cholera still reported from Serajgunge.		
16 Darjeeling, " 8 "	Nil	Weather—cold and cloudy. Prospects of standing crops remain fair. Fever prevalent in the Terai.		
17 Iulp'go ee, " 8 "	Nil	Weather—clear, days warm and nights cold. State of late paddy unsatisfactory, except that on low lands but an 8-anna crop expected. Transplanting of tobacco going on. Sugarcane good. Mustard sowing nearly over. Cholera is ill continues in Fatgram, and fever is prevalent everywhere.		

No.	District. and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.—<i>conold.</i>			
<i>Eastern Districts.</i>			
Dacca Divn.	18 Dacca, Nov. 8 '84	0.85	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of sugarcane continues. <i>Amun</i> and <i>roachai</i> paddy thriving; mustard and other winter crops being sown. Standing crops have been much benefited by the rain. Prospects of crops generally good. Public health on the whole good, though sporadic cases of cholera reported from certain parts of the district.
	Manickgunge ...	0.21	
	Moonsheegunge ...	1.24	
	Naraingunge ...	1.50	
	19 Furreedpore, „ 8 „	0.25	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of <i>amun</i> paddy fair. Sowing of <i>rubbee</i> crops in progress. Cholera reported in several parts of the district.
	Goalundo ...	0.30	
CHITTAGONG Divn.	20 Backergunge, „ 6 „	3.71	Weather—A heavy storm passed over the district on the 1st instant, bright since then. The storm has done some injury to standing <i>amun</i> crops and retarded the growth of <i>rubbee</i> crops. Fever still prevalent in some parts of the district.
	21 Mymensingh, „ 7 „	0.29	
	Jamnapore ...	0.32	Weather—cool, and cloudy. Prospects of crops generally improved; all crops now promise well.
	Kishoregunge ...	0.56	
	Attia ...	Nil	
	Netrokona ...	0.10	
	22 Chittagong, Nov. 10 '84	Nil	Weather—cloudy and hot. Prospects of standing crops good. Prices steady. Cholera still reported.
	23 Noakholy, „ 7 „	8.90	
	Fenny ...	6.74	Weather—severe storm on the 1st instant, but fair and seasonable from 2nd. The excessive rain and storm caused much damage to paddy plants in ear to the extent of two to four annas. No scarcity is, however, apprehended as the outturn will be still 12 annas. General health good.
	24 Tipperah, „ 6 „	2.23	
	Brahmanbariah ...	1.15	
PATNA Divn.	25 Chittagong Hill Tracts, „ 4 „	1.85	Weather—partly cloudy and stormy, and partly clear and sunny. A heavy gale passed over the Sudder station on the 1st instant causing damage to <i>amun</i> paddy when flowering. However, prospects on the whole continue to be favourable. Prices stationary. Cholera reported from different places, public health otherwise good.
	Hill Tipperah, „ 5 „	2.01	
	26 Patna, Nov. 8 '84	Nil	Weather—unusually stormy and rainy. The recent rain has done much damage to cotton crop, and has retarded sowing of mustard. Prospects of plough-paddy good.
	27 Gaya, „ 8 „	Nil	
	28 Shahabad, „ 8 „	Nil	Weather—seasonably cool. <i>Amun</i> paddy doing well. Cotton a little injured by late rain. Cholera has ceased. Public health good.
	Buxar ...	Nil	
	Sasaram ...	Nil	Weather—cool and seasonable. Prospects of standing crops fair. Sowing of <i>rubbee</i> crops in progress. Public health good.
	Phubhua ...	Nil	
	29 Durbhuaga, „ 8 „	Nil	Weather—mornings and nights cool. Prospects of paddy greatly improved by late rain. <i>Rubbee</i> germinating well. Prices stationary. A few sporadic cases of cholera in the town.
	Tajpur ...	Nil	
BHAGULPORE Divn.	30 Modhubani, „ 8 „	Nil	Weather—fine, with slight west winds. Sowings of <i>rubbee</i> crops going on all over the district, and prospects everywhere favourable. Paddy doing well on the whole. A few cases of cholera in the Sudder station, otherwise public health generally good.
	Mozufferpore, „ 8 „	Nil	
	Hajipore ...	Nil	Weather—clear and cool. Paddy doing well. Sowings of <i>rubbee</i> crops almost completed. Early sowings coming on well. Poppy sowings in progress. Prices steady. Public health good.
	Sitamarhi ...	Nil	
	31 Sarun, „ 8 „	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of standing crops continue good. Prices falling. Public health good.
	Sewan ...	Nil	
	Gopalgunge ...	Nil	Weather—bright and clear; getting colder. Prospects of crops continue good. Sowing of <i>rubbee</i> crops still going on, and early sowings coming on well. Prices stationary. Public health good.
	32 Chumparun, „ 8 „	Nil	
	33 Monghyr, Nov. 8 '84	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of <i>aughani</i> paddy fair everywhere, except in the southern part of Bhagulpore; the outturn is estimated to be about 8 annas. <i>Kurthi</i> doing very well, and <i>rubbee</i> has germinated splendidly. Oilseed crops doing very well. There is plenty of work for the people at present. Prices stationary. Rice selling at 13 seers 14 chittacks per rupee in the Sudder station, 13 seers in Banka, and 18 seers in the north of the district. <i>Marwa</i> 28 to 32½ seers. Wheat 15 to 20 seers. <i>Makai</i> 30 seers. Public health generally good, though some fever in Soopole and cholera in Banka.
	Beguserai ...	Nil	
BHAGULPORE Divn.	34 Bhagulpore, „ 8 „	Nil	Weather—fine, clear, and cool. Prospects of all crops, except paddy, in the Sudder sub-division good. Fever severe.
	35 Purneah, „ 8 „	Nil	
	Kissengunge ...	Nil	Weather—cool and fair. No improvement in prospects of <i>kaimante</i> crops in the Barindra tracts. Prospects of <i>rubbee</i> crops fair. Common rice selling at 12 seers per rupee. Public health good.
	Arrareah ...	1.10	
	36 Maldah, „ 8 „	Nil	Cold weather has set in. Prospects of <i>rubbee</i> crops on the ground continue good and more is being sown.
	37 Sonthal Pergah, „ 8 „	Nil	
	Doomka ...	Nil	
	Deoghur ...	Nil	
	Godda ...	Nil	
	Rajmehal ...	Nil	
	Pakour ...	Nil	

No.	District, and date of return.		Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
ORISSA.				
ORISSA DIVN.	38	Cuttack, Nov. 7 '84	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Early <i>sarad</i> ripening, in some places being cut. Late <i>sarad</i> and <i>rubbee</i> growing well. Common rice selling at an average of 22 seers per rupee in the interior, and from 15 to 18 seers in the town. Public health generally good.
	39	Pooree, " 6 "	Nil The rainfall for the week ended 20th Oct. amounted to 12·98 inches.	Weather—fair and seasonable. Late <i>sarad</i> in ear. <i>Laghu sarad</i> being harvested. Miscellaneous crops doing well. Common rice selling at an average of 20 seers 12 chittacks per rupee in the Sudder sub-division, and 20 seers 5 chittacks in the Khoorda sub-division. Cholera and small-pox reported from a few places.
	40	Balasore, " 7 "	Nil	Weather—cool and clear. Prospects of standing crops good everywhere. Fever continues in Chakla Bhadrak, and a few cases of cholera in Chakla Dhamnagar; otherwise public health good.
CHOTA NAGPORE.				
South-West Frontier Agency.				
	41	Hazaribagh, Nov. 7 '84	Nil	Weather—getting cold. Cutting of early paddy has commenced with a fair outturn. <i>Rubbee</i> sowing continues, and prospects seem good. Public health good.
	42	Lohardugga, " 8 "	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of paddy proceeding satisfactorily with a good outturn. Prospects of <i>rubbee</i> crops good. Prices still very high near headquarters considering the good harvest, though slightly improved here and there. General health good.
	43	Singbhoom, " 8 "	Nil	Weather bright and clear; getting cold. Prospects of all crops continue excellent; paddy being harvested with good outturn. General health good. Cattle-disease still continues in some parts of the district.
	44	Manbhoom, " 8 "	Nil	Cold weather has fairly set in. Paddy on high lands being reaped. Coarse rice (new) sold on the 8th instant in the Purulia market at 20 seers per rupee. Cholera reported from Raghunathpore.
		Govindpore	Nil	

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT.,
The 11th November 1884.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains, Firewood and Salt in the

Number.	DISTRICTS.	RETAIL SALE:—QUANTITIES PER RUPEE BY																								
		WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			BULRUSH MILLET CUMBOO, BAJRA.			GRASS MILLET— CHOLU JOWAR.									
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.							
BENGA.																										
Western Districts.																										
1	Burdwan ...	16 0	15 0	15 0	21 0	22 0	25 5	11 4	12 0	13 0	14 4	16 8	16 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Bankoora ...	15 4	15 8	16 0	17 0	17 0	14 0	14 0	13 12	12 8	18 8	16 0	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Beebhoom ...	16 8	16 8	15 0	...	...	...	12 0	11 8	15 0	14 0	13 8	16 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Midnapore ...	12 0	12 0	12 0	20 0	20 0	15 0	14 0	14 0	14 0	17 0	17 0	18 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Hooghly ...	16 0	16 0	13 0	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	8 0	13 0	12 8	14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Howrah ...	15 0	15 0	13 4	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	12 12	13 0	12 12	14 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Districts.																										
	Calcutta ...	17 10	17 10	15 6	20 0	20 0	20 10	8 6	8 6	11 0	10 8	10 8	16 0	11 8	11 8	21 5	11 7	11 7	20 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	24-Pergunnahs ...	14 4	14 0	13 4	18 0	17 8	16 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	14 8	14 0	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	Nuddea ...	16 0	16 0	14 8	20 0	20 0	24 10	10 4	10 10	11 14	11 0	11 6	13 5½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Khoolna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 0	14 0	14 0	14 0	16 0	18 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Jessore ...	14 0	14 0	11 0	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	13 0	13 4	14 0	20 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Moorshedabad ...	18 0	18 0	15 0	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	12 0	14 8	14 8	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Dinapore ...	15 0	16 0	15 0	16 0	16 8	15 0	10 13	10 8	12 0	12 6	13 4	15 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Rajshahye ...	16 8	{ 16 8 to 17 4 }	13 5	21 0	22 8	22 8	9 6	{ 8 10 to 10 14 }	12 0	12 0	{ 11 4 to 12 0 }	{ 13 8 to 14 0 }	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Rungpore ...	13 0	16 0	13 5	...	...	...	7 0	9 7	10 0	11 0	10 11	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Bogra ...	15 0	15 0	16 8	...	...	...	9 12	9 15	10 8	12 12	12 0	15 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Pubna ...	18 0	19 8	18 0	...	...	...	8 4	8 4	8 0	13 8	12 12	14 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Darjeeling ...	10 0	10 0	7 0	9 0	10 0	7 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	Julpigoree ...	10 0	10 0	10 0	20 0	20 0	20 0	10 0	8 0	12 8	12 0	11 8	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern Districts.																										
18	Dacca ...	15 0	16 0	14 4	17 0	18 0	18 0	11 0	10 10	16 0	13 8	13 0	18 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	Furreedpore ...	20 0	20 0	22 0	34 0	34 0	30 0	11 0	11 0	15 0	12 0	12 0	18 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	Backergunge ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 8	13 0	18 0	13 0	16 0	15 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	Mymensingh ...	13 8	13 0	12 0	...	...	...	10 8	10 0	11 8	13 0	11 8	15 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

A In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Culina 14 seers, Cutwa 13 seers, and Raneeunge 13½ seers.

B In the interior the retail price of salt ranged from 11 to 16 seers per rupee.

C In the interior the retail price of salt ranged from 11½ to 13½ seers per rupee.

D In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Ghatal 11½ seers, Contai 12½ seers, and Tumlook 11 seers.

E In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Barasat 13 seers and Jehannabad 13½ seers.

F In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Barasat and Bussirhat 13 seers, Barrackpore 12½ seers, and Dum-Dum 12 seers.

G In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Koochbea 13 seers, Meherpore and Choudanga 12 seers, and Managhat 12½ seers.

H In the sub-division the retail price of salt per rupee was:—Sathkhira and Bagirhat 11 seers.

I In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Jhenidah and Narail 12 seers, Bongong 13 seers, and Magurah 10½ seers.

J In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Lalbagh 11 seers, Jungypore 11½ seers, and Kandi 12 seers.

Districts of Bengal for the Fortnight ending the 31st October 1884.

THE SEER OF 80 TOLAHS.

WHOLESALE PRICES
PER MAUND OF
40 SEERS.

LESSER MILLET— RAGI OR MURWA AND CHENNA.			MAISE OR INDIAN- CORN.			GRAM.			FIREWOOD.			SALT.			SALT.			DISTRICTS.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	

BENGAL.

Western Districts.

S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	
...	17 12	18 0	18 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	13 0	13 0	12 15	2-14-8	2-14-8	3-0-4				Burdwan.	
...	32 0	80 0	28 0	17 12	17 8	17 0	240 0	240 0	320 0	12 12	12 8	12 0	3 2	3 8	3-3-6				Bankoora.	
...	17 4	18 0	18 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	3-2-6	3-2-6	3-1-3				Beerbhoom.	
...	16 0	16 0	16 4	155 0	155 0	155 0	13 0	12 12	12 12	2 15	3-0-3	2 14				Midnapore.	
...	17 0	17 0	17 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	13 9	13 9	13 9	2 14	2 14	2 14				Hooghly.	
...	17 8	17 0	17 0	80 0	80 0	80 0	13 0	13 0	13 0	2 15	3 0	2 14				Howrah.	

Central Districts.

...	...	...	21 8	21 8	26 8	19 11	19 11	18 13	100 0	100 0	90 0	12 13	12 13	13 5	2 12	2 12	2 12	...	...	...	Calcutta.
...	...	...	22 12	20 0	20 0	17 8	17 8	17 8	100 0	100 0	80 0	12 13	13 5	12 13	3 0	2 12	3 0	...	...	...	24-Pergunnahs.
...	...	...	...	...	...	20 0	21 5	18 13	...	...	...	12 13	12 13	11 10	3 0	3 0	...	...	...	...	Nudda.
...	...	...	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	16 0	240 0	200 0	180 0	12 0	12 0	10 8	3 2	3 2	3 4	...	...	...	Khoolna.
...	...	...	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	16 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	12 0	10 12	11 8	3 0	3 2	3 2	...	...	...	Jessore.
...	...	...	...	...	...	19 0	20 0	19 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	11 0	12 0	13 5	3-1-3	3-1-3	3 0	...	...	...	Moorshedabad.
...	...	...	...	...	...	13 0	14 0	15 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	13 0	12 8	11 8	3-4-0	3 3	3 6	...	...	...	Dinapore.
...	...	...	...	...	...	20 0	20 11	20 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	12 12	13 0	12 0	3 0	3 0	3 0	...	...	...	Rajshahye.
...	...	...	...	...	...	12 12	14 0	16 0	110 0	110 0	110 0	10 0	11 14	11 14	4 0	3 5	3 5	...	...	...	Burgpore.
...	...	...	...	...	...	16 8	17 4	15 12	80 0	80 0	62 8	12 0	10 8	12 0	3-5-4	3-5-4	3-2-8	...	...	...	Bogra.
...	...	...	...	...	...	17 4	17 4	18 13	200 0	200 0	200 0	12 6	12 6	12 0	3-1-6	3-1-6	3-2-6	...	...	...	Pubna.
11 0	14 0	12 0	30 0	20 0	25 0	8 0	10 0	8 0	102 8	102 8	128 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	4 8	4 0	4 8	...	...	...	Darjeeling.
...	...	...	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	16 0	128 0	128 0	128 0	12 4	12 4	12 4	3 4	3 4	3 4	...	...	...	Julpigore.

Eastern Districts.

...	...	...	...	...	...	17 0	17 0	20 0	80 0	90 0	97 0	13 0	13 0	13 0	3 0	3 1	3 2	...	...	...	Dacca.
...	...	...	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	20 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	3 2	3 2	3 5	...	...	...	Farradpore.
...	...	...	...	...	...	17 0	17 0	16 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	11 0	13 0	13 0	3 0	2 11	2 11	...	...	...	Backergunge.
...	...	...	...	...	...	15 0	14 8	18 0	...	...	...	12 8	12 8	12 4	3 3	3 2	3 4	...	...	...	Mymensingh.

K The retail price of salt at Raigunge was 11½ seers per rupee.

L The retail price of salt in the sub-division of Nattore was 12 seers per rupee.

M In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Gaibanda and Kurigram 13 seers, and Nilphamari 12 seers.

N The retail price of salt at Barjunge was 13 seers per rupee.

O The retail price of salt at Faliacutta in the Alipur sub-division was 10 seers per rupee.

P In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Manickgunge 12 seers, and Naraingunge 14 seers.

Q In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Goalundo 13 seers, and Madaripur 12 seers.

R In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Patuakhali 10½ seers, Perozepore 11 seers, and Bhola 12 seers.

S In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Atia 12 seers, and Netrakona 12½ seers.

PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains, Firewood and Salt in the

Number.	DISTRICTS.	RETAIL SALE :—QUANTITIES PER RUPEE BY THE																	
		WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			BULEUSH MILLET— CUMBOO, RAJRA.			GRAN MILLET— (HOLUN JOWAR.		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.

Eastern Districts.—Concluded.

		S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	
22	Chittagong ...	15	0	15	0	12	8	...	...	...	12	0	13	0	14	0	16	0	17	0	22	0	...	...	...	...
23	Noakholly ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	0	13	0	19	0	14	0	14	0	21	0	...	...	...	...
24	Tipperah ...	14	9	15	4	13	0	...	...	...	13	5	11	7	18	8	15	4	13	1	19	8	...	...	...	...
25	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	6	11	6	13	4	16	0	13	5	13	14	...	...	...	...
	Hill Tipperah	12	0	12	0	10	0	...	...	...	12	0	12	0	16	0	14	0	14	0	19	0	...	...	...	...

BEHAR.

26	Patna	...	21 0	21 0	20 0	25 0	25 0	32 0	11 4	11 4	13 0	13 0	12 0	16 0
27	Gya	...	18 0	19 0	17 0	16 0	20 8	21 0	8 4	8 8	11 0	11 8	11 8	14 8	...	...	..	...	...	...
28	Shahabad	..	18 8	18 0	$\left. \begin{matrix} 16\ 0 \\ \text{to} \\ 17\ 0 \end{matrix} \right\}$	21 0	20 0	24 0	8 0	8 0	$\left. \begin{matrix} 10\ 0 \\ \text{to} \\ 11\ 0 \end{matrix} \right\}$	12 0	12 0	15 0	...	24 0	24 0	23 0	...	33 0	
29	Darbhanga	...	18 11	18 2	13 0	22 0	20 15	23 0	9 5	9 15	11 0	13 3	13 3	12 8	...	...	.	...	...	...
30	Mozufferpore	...	17 0	19 0	15 0	26 0	26 0	25 0	11 0	12 0	9 0	16 0	16 0	11 0	..	...	...	...	..	...
31	Sa'un	...	19 8	20 0	17 0	23 0	23 0	25 0	8 0	8 0	9 8	11 8	12 4	16 0	...	...	.	26 0	25 0	25 0
32	Chumparun	...	16 0	15 8	19 0	19 0	20 0	31 0	12 0	12 0	14 0	18 0	20 0	18 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
33	Monghyr	...	19 7	19 7	19 9	18 9	19 15	27 4	10 8	9 12	13 5	11 9	11 0	13 15	...	...	..	...	...	...
34	Bhagulpore	...	18 15	18 15	15 2	20 3	18 15	22 11	10 6	10 1	12 10	13 4	12 10	15 12	...	...	..	...	...	...
35	Purneah	...	16 0	17 0	16 0	...	...	...	12 0	11 0	13 0	13 0	14 0	16 0	...	...	..	...	..	...
36	Maldah	...	19 0	19 8	16 0	...	...	...	10 0	9 0	10 0	12 0	12 8	12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
37	Sonthal Perga.	...	16 0	17 0	13 0	...	...	...	10 0	12 0	14 0	14 8	14 0	16 0	...	...	..	...	..	...

ORISSA.

38	Cuttack ...	19	11	19	11	13	2	...	...	...	13	2	13	2	13	2	17	1	17	1	21	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	Pocroo ...	14	7	14	7	10	8	...	...	...	13	2	15	12	15	12	17	1	19	3	19	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
40	Balasore ...	18	0	16	0	14	0	11	0	11	0	...	16	0	14	0	10	0	28	0	24	0	16	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

CHOTA NAGPORE.

South-Western Frontier Agency.

41	Hazareebagh ...	15	0	15	8	14	8	15	0	16	0	18	0	11	0	11	0	9	8	14	0	14	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42	Lohardugga ...	15	0	13	0	16	0	...	...	18	0	13	0	12	0	14	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
43	Singbhoom ...	18	0	18	0	20	0	20	0	20	0	24	0	20	0	20	0	24	0	24	0	24	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
44	Manbhoom ...	14	0	13	0	13	0	...	...	...	13	0	14	0	16	0	18	0	19	0	21	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

* The retail price of rice in the interior ranged from 21 to 20½ seers per rupee.

† In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Brammanbariah 12½ seers, and Chandpore 12 seers.

U In the Aurungabad sub-division the retail price of salt was 12 seers per rupee.

V The retail price of salt at Buxar and Sasseram was 12 seers per rupee.

W In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Madhubani 11 seers, and Tajpore 11½ seers.

X In the interior the retail price of salt ranged from 11 to 12½ seers per rupee.

Y In the sub-divisions of Sewan and Gopalgunge the retail price of salt was 12 seers per rupee.

Z In the Bettiah sub-division the retail price of salt was 12 seers per rupee.

Districts of Bengal for the Fortnight ending the 31st October 1884.—(Concl'd.)

BEER OF 80 TOLAHS.																		WHOLESALE PRICES PER MAUND OF 40 SEERS.			DISTRICTS
LESSER MILLET— HAGI OR MURWA AND CHEENA.			MAISE OR INDIAN- CORN.			GRAM.			FIREWOOD.			SALT.			SALT.						
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.				
...	11 0	11 0	16 0	...	120 0	40 0	...	...	10 8	...	...	3 4	Chittagong.			
...	11 0	11 0	12 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 0	3 6	3 6	...	Noakholly.			
...	15 10	15 10	18 4	...	...	...	T 12 0	12 0	12 0	3 4	3 4	3 2	Tipperah.			
...	320 0	320 0	320 0	...	...	8 0	...	...	...	Chittagong Hill Tracts.			
...	14 0	14 0	14 0	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	11 0	3 4	3 4	3 4	Hill Tipperah.			
BEHAR.																					
...	30 0	30 0	32 0	24 0	24 0	28 0	100 0	100 0	130 0	10 8	10 8	11 0	3 2	3 2	3 0	Patna.			
...	20 0	21 0	20 0	940 0	220 0	160 0	U 11 0	11 0	11 0	3 4	3 4	3 5	Gya.			
...	22 0	24 0	...	22 0	22 0	24 0	140 0	160 0	120 0	V 12 4	12 0	12 8	3 1	3 1	3 1	Shahabad.			
27 6	...	24 0	27 6	26 6	23 0	19 13	20 15	18 0	176 0	198 0	160 0	W 13 3	12 0	10 0	3 3-6	3-2-6	3 10	Durbhunga.			
...	30 0	32 8	32 8	20 0	20 0	21 0	140 0	140 0	140 0	X 12 0	12 0	11 8	3 4	3 4	3 5	Mozufferpore.			
23 0	24 0	30 0	27 8	26 0	24 0	21 8	21 8	22 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	Y 12 0	12 0	11 0	3 2	3 2	3 5	Saran.			
...	31 0	36 0	9 0	18 0	17 0	23 0	...	...	...	Z 12 0	11 4	11 0	3 4	3 7	3 6	Chumpran.		
...	31 8	32 8	29 6	22 5	22 1	24 2	126 0	126 0	126 0	Z1 13 5	13 1	12 1	2-14-6	2-14-6	3-2-5	Monghyr.			
...	30 4	30 4	26 8	21 7	21 7	23 11	64 0	151 8	151 8	Z2 12 10	12 10	13 10	2 15	2-15-6	3 1	Bhagnulpore.			
...	17 0	17 0	19 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	Z3 11 0	10 12	11 0	3 10	3 10	3 12	Purneah.			
...	16 0	17 8	20 0	180 0	180 0	160 0	11 8	12 0	12 0	3 4	3-2-6	3 4	Maldah.			
...	28 0	40 0	28 0	16 0	19 0	17 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	Z4 11 0	11 0	10 8	3 7	...	2 6	Sonthal Pargns.			
ORISSA.																					
15 12	15 12	18 6	...	...	...	22 5	22 5	18 6	80 0	80 0	80 0	14 0	14 0	14 0	2 12	2 12	2 12	Cuttack.
...	17 2	17 2	17 1	95 0	100 0	96 0	Z5 16 0	16 0	13 3	2 7	2 7	2 12	Pooree.			
...	16 0	14 0	14 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	Z6 11 0	11 0	9 2	3 6	3 6	4 2	Balasore.			
CHOTA NAGPORE.																					
South-Western Frontier Agency.																					
30 0	36 0	27 0	24 0	24 0	20 0	16 0	16 0	17 0	17 8	240 0	240 0	240 0	Z7 10 0	10 0	10 8	3 10	3 6	3 10	Hazareeburh.		
...	32 0	34 0	24 0	28 0	30 0	16 0	16 0	14 0	120 0	120 0	100 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	3 10	3 10	4 0	Lohardugga.			
...	12 0	12 0	24 0	160 0	180 0	180 0	9 0	9 0	8 0	4 0	4 0	4 7	Singbhoom.			
...	17 0	17 0	16 0	240 0	240 0	120 0	11 10	11 12	10 12	3 6	3 6	3 10	Manbhoom.			

Z1 In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Bogusarai 11 seers, and Jamui 11½ seers.
 Z2 In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Banks 12 seers, Madhupura 10½ seers, and Soopole 10 seers.
 Z3 In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Kis-ongunge 10 seers and Arratolah 11 seers.
 Z4 The retail price of salt at Goda and Rajmohal was 11 seers per rupee.
 Z5 In the Khoord sub-division the retail price of salt was 14 seers per rupee.
 Z6 The retail price of salt at Bhuddack was 9 seers per rupee.
 Z7 The retail price of salt at Khairuckdih was 12 seers per rupee.

Published for general information.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
 Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

WHOLESALE PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in

Number.	MARTS.	PRICES PER MAUND														
		WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			BULBURN MILLET— CUMBOO BAJRA.		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
		R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
1	Calcutta ...	2 4 0	2 4 0	2 9 0	2 0 0	1 14 0	1 15 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	2 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	1 14 0
2	Serajgunge ...	2 8 0	2 6 0	2 4 0	...	...	...	4 4 0	4 13 0	3 12 0	3 3 0	3 7 0	2 9 6	...	...	...
3	Dacca ...	2 3 6	2 4 0	2 13 0	1 15 6	2 0 0	2 4 0	3 10 0	3 11 0	2 8 0	3 0 6	3 0 0	2 4 0	...	...	...
4	Naraingunge ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 2 0	2 15 6	...	2 12 6	2 10 9	...	...	...	...
5	Chittagong ...	2 8 0	2 8 0	3 8 0	...	...	...	3 4 0	3 0 0	2 12 0	2 6 0	2 4 0	1 12 0	...	...	...
6	Patna ...	1 13 0	1 13 0	2 0 0	1 8 0	1 8 0	1 4 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 13	2 14 0	2 14 0	2 8 0	...	...	...
7	Balasore ...	2 0 0	2 2 0	2 8 0	3 2 0	3 2 0	...	2 4 0	2 14 0	3 5 6	1 4 0	1 10 0	2 0 0	...	...	...
8	Pooree ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 4 0	2 0 0	2 0 0	...	...	...
9	Cuttack ...	1 14 0	1 14 0	3 0 0	...	...	...	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	2 2 0	2 2 0	1 11 0	...	...	...

CALCUTTA,
The 11th November 1884.

the undermentioned Marts of Bengal for the fortnight ending 31st October 1884.

40 SEARS.

GRAN MILLET— CHOLU JOWAR			LESSER MILLET— RAGI OR MURWA AND CHENNA.			MAIZE OR INDIAN- CORN.			GRAM.			FIREWOOD.			SALT.			MARTS.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	
R.A.P.	R.A.P.	R.A.P.	R.A.P.	R.A.P.	R.A.P.	R.A.P.	R.A.P.	R.A.P.	R.A.P.	R.A.P.	R.A.P.	R.A.P.	R.A.P.	R.A.P.	R.A.P.	R.A.P.	R.A.P.	
3 9 03	9 01	1 15 0	...	...	...	1 12 01	1 12 0	1 9 0	2 1 0	2 1 0	2 2 0	0 5 90	5 90	6 3	2 12 0	2 12 0	2 12 0	Calcutta.
...	2 9 0	2 9 0	2 6 0	...	...	0 6 0	3 0 03	0 03	0 0	Serajgunge.
...	2 4 0	2 4 0	2 0 0	0 7 00	6 00	7 0	3 0 03	1 03	2 0	Dacca.
...	2 4 0	2 6 6	...	0 8 00	8 0	...	2 4 03	0 0	...	Naraingunge.
...	3 8 0	3 8 0	2 4 0	0 4 0	...	...	...	...	3 4 0	Chittagong.
...	1 4 01	1 4 01	1 4 0	1 9 6	1 9 6	1 7 0	0 5 00	5 00	5 0	3 2 03	2 03	0 0	Patna.
...	2 6 0	2 14 0	2 8 0	0 5 00	5 00	4 0	3 6 03	6 04	2 0	Balasora.
...	2 7 02	7 02	12 0	Pooree.
...	2 5 0	2 5 0	2 0 0	...	...	...	1 10 0	1 10 0	2 0 0	0 8 00	8 00	8 0	2 12 0	2 12 0	2 12 0	Cuttack.

Published for general information.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Report of the Province of

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISION.	DISTRICT.	Representative stations.	STATION OBSERVATIONS.														
			AIR PRESSURE.					TEMPERATURE.					HUMIDITY.		CLOUD.		
			Highest, 10 A.M., barometer reading of month.	Lowest, 10 A.M., barometer reading of month.	Mean, 10 A.M., for month.	Mean reduced to sea-level.	Variation from normal mean.	Highest of month.	Lowest of month.	Mean daily maximum temperature.	Mean daily minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.	Variation from normal mean.	Mean, 10 A.M., humidity.	Variation from normal mean.	Mean cloud amount, 10 A.M.	Variation from normal mean, 10 A.M.
																	Rainfall.
ORISSA.	Pooree	Gopalpore	30.037	29.653	29.965	29.953	—	80.0	69.9	83.7	76.7	80.2	—	75	—	3.3	—
		False Point	30.087	29.686	29.936	29.957	+0.45	80.0	64.6	86.1	72.9	79.5	-1.9	71	-9	4.3	0.0
	Cuttack	Cuttack	30.019	29.635	29.875	29.958	+0.50	80.4	64.8	85.6	73.1	80.9	-1.0	67	-9	3.1	-1.1
	Balasore	Balasore	30.066	29.634	29.900	29.900	—	88.4	60.0	85.4	71.0	75.2	—	71	—	2.8	—
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	South-West Midnapore and South 24-Pergunnahs.	Saugor Island	30.096	29.608	29.034	29.060	+0.44	83.7	67.4	84.9	74.2	79.5	-1.7	73	-9	5.1	+0.6
	Midnapore	Midnapore	29.987	29.567	29.818	29.970	—	89.8	62.7	86.1	71.0	78.5	—	63	—	4.0	—
	24-Pergunnahs, Howrah, and Hooghly.	Calcutta	30.109	29.716	29.912	29.964	+0.47	88.1	63.7	85.1	75.3	79.2	-1.7	71	-13	4.4	0.0
	Burdwan	Burdwan	30.040	29.644	29.877	29.974	+0.52	89.6	63.4	86.4	72.6	79.5	-2.0	67	-10	4.4	-0.1
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	West Burdwan, Bankura, and Beerbhoom.	Raniganj	29.804	29.332	29.64	—	—	89.3	62.0	85.5	71.1	73.3	—	70	—	3.7	—
	Moorshedabad	Berhampore	30.064	29.679	29.907	29.970	+0.60	89.1	66.7	85.1	72.6	78.9	-2.8	76	-2	4.9	0.0
	Nuddea	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Jessore and Khoolna	Jessore	30.058	29.712	29.934	29.968	+0.55	90.7	66.5	86.7	72.7	79.7	-2.0	75	-7	4.7	0.0
EAST BENGAL.	Chittagong	Chittagong	30.017	29.729	29.887	29.978	+0.55	89.1	67.0	84.0	71.8	78.2	-2.2	82	-1	5.3	+1.0
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Backergunj	Barisal	30.088	29.711	29.925	—	—	88.1	61.5	83.1	71.9	77.5	—	74	—	3.4	—
	Noakhully	Noakhully	30.076	29.770	29.94	29.984	—	90.0	64.4	85.0	72.0	73.8	—	77	—	3.8	—
EAST BENGAL.	Furreedpore	Furreedpore	30.090	29.806	29.941	—	—	89.5	66.9	85.0	72.7	78.8	—	75	—	3.6	—
	Dacca	Dacca	30.080	29.763	29.915	29.960	+0.65	91.8	66	86.1	72.5	79.5	-2.1	76	-5	4.6	+0.4
	Commillah	Commillah	30.067	29.770	29.928	29.964	—	92.3	64	87.6	72.5	79.4	—	71	—	2.2	—
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	30.023	29.747	29.886	—	—	91.1	68	87.0	75.1	81.1	—	71	—	6.8	—
NORTH BENGAL.	Bogra and Pubna	Sereajgunj	30.067	29.759	29.925	29.974	—	91.1	64	85.7	70.6	75.2	—	74	—	4.5	—
	Rajshahye	Rampore Beaulah.	30.004	29.709	29.866	29.942	—	86.0	60.7	81.7	69.1	75.4	—	72	—	3.5	—
	Dinagore	Dinagore	30.019	29.642	29.855	29.961	—	91.6	64.7	85.5	76.5	76.8	—	69	—	2.5	—
	Rungpore	Rungpore	29.999	29.617	29.856	29.984	—	90.8	61.6	85.5	69	77.7	—	76	—	3.2	—
NORTH BENGAL.	Jalpigoree and Cooch Behar.	Jalpigoree	29.550	29.472	29.687	29.978	—	89.0	62.1	85.1	67.8	75.4	—	71	—	3.7	—
	Darjeeling Hill Tracts	Darjeeling	23.207	22.975	23.005	—	—	61.1	42.7	59.4	46.8	53.1	—	84	+5	5.8	+0.1
	Purneah and North Bhugulpore.	Purneah	30.001	29.736	29.845	29.971	+0.51	91.7	62.9	86.5	67.0	77.1	-3.0	69	-9	5.8	+0.5
	Mozufferpore and Durbhunga.	Mozufferpore	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
NORTH BENGAL.	Durbhunga	Durbhunga	29.970	29.598	29.817	29.988	+0.45	87.9	65.4	84.1	70.5	77.2	-2.4	75	-2	2.8	-0.8
	Chomparum	Motihari	29.881	29.505	29.737	29.969	—	88.0	59.4	85.7	66.0	76.0	—	65	—	3.1	—
	Saran	Chupra	29.916	29.519	29.775	—	—	89.5	64.1	85.4	69	75.4	—	69	—	2.5	—
	Shahabad	Arrah†	29.960	29.664	29.792	29.902	—	89.4	62.5	85.4	66.7	76.1	—	62	—	2.0	—
SOUTH BENGAL.		Delnae	29.757	29.634	29.616	29.917	—	88.9	62.0	84.1	69.2	77.2	—	65	—	2.1	—
		Buxar	29.881	29.472	29.711	29.971	—	88.6	62.9	85.0	68	77.9	—	62	—	2.5	—
	Gya	Gya	29.717	29.595	29.652	29.915	—	90.2	60.2	87.7	67.0	77.4	-2.4	58	-9	3.5	0.0
	Patna	Bankipore	29.918	29.516	29.811	29.981	+0.6	89.1	61.5	85.7	70.0	77.1	-2.4	69	-2	3.2	-0.5
SOUTH BENGAL.	South Bhuzulpore and Monghyr.	Bhuzulpore	29.959	29.580	29.799	29.999	—	89.4	62.5	84.0	69.0	77.0	—	69	—	2.3	—
	Sonthal Pergunnahs	Naya Doomka	29.625	29.211	29.463	—	—	81.6	61.0	81	69.0	76.0	—	81	—	2.4	—
	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh	29.600	27.760	27.115	29.385	+0.6	83.4	56.5	79.5	64.1	74.4	-2.1	66	0	4.9	+0.8
	Lohardugga and Manbhum.	Kanchoe	27.990	27.671	27.816	29.90	—	83	54.3	89.2	61.1	72.5	—	67	—	2.9	—
CHUTTA NAG-PUR.	Singbhooin	Chambassa	29.531	28.576	29.167	—	—	89	60.0	85	68.8	77.4	—	65	—	3.1	—

* Average for 29 days.

† Average for 15 days.

‡ Average for 26 days.

gical for the month of October 1884.

DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS.										Representative stations.	DISTRICT.	METEOROLOGICAL DIVISION.	
RAINFALL.													
Of month.					Since 15th May 1884.								
Mean of dis- trict.	Normal mean.	Variation from mean.	Number of rainy days.	Normal mean num- ber of rainy days.	Mean of dis- trict.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Mean num- ber of rainy days.	Normal mean num- ber of rainy days.				
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Gopalpore ...	Pooree	ORISSA.	
9.04	8.08	+0.96	7.5	9.8	49.43	55.05	-5.62	70.9	76.4	False Point ...			
3.61	6.36	-2.76	7.8	7.4	47.28	51.25	-3.97	77.5	60.4	Cuttack ...			Cuttack
6.88	5.61	+0.77	6.7	6.9	56.06	52.33	+3.68	79.4	74.1	Balasore ...			Balasore
10.94	8.15	+2.79	9.0	8.0	60.59	60.95	+8.64	90.9	82.1	Saugor Island ...	South-West Midnapore and South 24-Pergun- nahs.	SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	
4.34	4.65	-0.31	6.3	5.5	43.01	40.52	-2.51	63.6	68.2	Midnapore ..	Midnapore		
3.31	4.14	-1.13	6.9	7.0	49.02	50.41	-1.39	87.4	88.4	Calcutta ...	24-Pergunnahs, Howrah, and Hooghly.		
2.86	4.30	-1.45	7.6	6.0	35.92	45.79	-9.87	70.0	93.4	Burdwan ..	Burdwan		
5.13	3.81	+1.32	7.1	6.0	41.54	50.71	-9.17	79.8	79.8	Ranigunj * ...	West Burdwan, Banko- ra, and Boerbhoow.	EAST BENGAL.	
3.02	4.37	-0.75	7.6	6.0	35.42	49.28	-13.86	71.3	75.3	Berhampore ...	Moorshedabad		
3.77	4.31	-0.54	5.7	6.3	36.42	48.94	-12.52	65.6	73.9	Nudda ...	Nudda		
4.90	4.42	+0.18	6.7	7.0	53.17	52.48	+0.69	79.9	86.8	Jessore ...	Jessore and Khoolna ...		
8.33	6.66	+1.67	10.0	8.7	103.90	110.39	-6.48	106.5	103.4	Chittagong ...	Chittagong	NORTH BENGAL.	
5.90	7.98	-1.99	9.0	10.8	60.25	84.00	-23.75	112.5	110.1	Demagri ...	Chittagong Hill Tracts		
8.19	5.47	+2.72	8.0	8.8	78.94	75.27	+3.71	97.1	103.4	Barrisal ..	Backergunj		
7.18	6.53	+0.65	9.0	9.4	85.68	107.85	-22.17	98.5	107.6	Noakholly ...	Noakholly		
3.22	4.02	-1.40	6.7	7.1	43.24	55.49	-12.25	72.7	86.7	Furzedpore ...	Furzedpore	NORTH BENGAL.	
3.87	4.07	-0.80	8.0	7.0	47.01	58.00	-10.96	88.9	85.5	Dacca ...	Dacca		
6.76	5.45	+1.31	7.8	7.9	62.36	70.21	-7.85	83.9	95.9	Commillah ...	Commillah		
4.54	5.26	-0.72	7.8	7.2	45.70	68.15	-22.45	79.7	90.1	Mymensingh ...	Mymensingh		
4.85	4.83	+0.02	7.0	5.8	37.57	55.33	-17.76	61.8	73.8	Serajgunj ...	Bogra and Pubna ...	NORTH BENGAL.	
4.84	4.74	+0.10	9.0	6.5	34.66	52.87	-18.21	75.3	77.3	Rampore Beau- lah.	Rajshahye		
4.71	4.01	+0.70	7.0	5.0	38.74	56.29	-17.55	73.7	74.6	Dinapore ...	Dinapore		
5.88	5.43	+0.45	6.3	6.3	49.70	75.28	-25.58	69.4	75.1	Rungpore ...	Rungpore		
9.49	6.81	+2.67	4.8	7.2	93.44	113.78	-18.34	83.8	97.2	Jalpigoree ...	Jalpigoree and Cooch Behar.	NORTH BENGAL.	
9.04	9.37	+0.57	8.5	8.5	113.01	151.80	-38.79	102.5	116.1	Darjeeling ...	Darjeeling Hill Tracts...		
8.41	3.53	+4.88	5.4	4.1	40.18	57.53	-17.35	63.8	67.0	Purneah ...	Purneah and North Bhagulpore.		
5.19	3.01	+2.18	4.7	3.4	34.80	42.05	-7.45	49.8	55.0	Mozufferpore ...	Mozufferpore and Dur- bhunga.		
1.43	4.57	-3.14	4.7	2.6	41.79	43.86	-2.07	47.0	51.9	Motihari ...	Chumpanun	NORTH BENGAL.	
1.74	3.57	-1.83	4.0	3.6	30.52	40.25	-10.03	52.5	54.9	Chupia ...	Sarua		
3.00	3.16	-0.10	3.5	3.7	29.10	38.74	-9.64	49.1	59.3	Arrah ...	Shahabad		
3.10	2.56	+0.55	4.5	3.5	27.50	39.35	-11.85	51.6	52.8	Gya ...	Gya		
3.60	3.25	+0.35	4.3	4.0	29.00	40.11	-11.11	54.6	57.5	Banhipore ...	Panna	SOUTH BENGAL.	
4.65	3.11	+1.54	5.4	4.1	31.05	41.68	-10.63	54.4	64.1	Bhagulpore ...	South Bhagulpore and Mokkhyr.		
5.03	3.72	+1.31	6.8	5.0	33.01	48.40	-14.79	73.9	70.8	Naya Doonka ...	Sonthal Pergunnahs		
2.52	2.63	-0.11	6.7	6.3	33.73	46.13	-12.40	78.5	79.4	Hazaribagh ...	Hazaribagh		
2.60	2.99	-0.39	7.3	4.9	36.98	46.73	-9.75	52.7	77.4	Ranchee ...	Lohardugga and Ma- nbeh.	CHUTIA NAG- PUR.	
1.51	2.96	-1.45	3.0	6.0	41.24	50.70	-9.46	80.0	89.7	Chaibassa ...	Singbhoon		

Table of Rainfall recorded at Station

[illegible]

ngal in October 1884.

23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Average rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 1st January 1884 up to 31st October 1884.	Average rainfall from 1st January 1884 up to 31st October 1884.	Station.	District.	Meteorological division.
0.03	5.10	3.46	4.42	...	...	...	...	...	8	11.4	17.13	8.47	5.10	64.62	55.81	Pooree.	Pooree	Orissa.
...	0.21	0.09	1.32	...	...	...	...	...	9	10.8	3.72	7.20	1.32	53.46	59.32	Khurdah.		
...	...	0.25	1.22	...	...	...	...	...	6	7.6	4.14	5.06	1.74	40.78	51.20	Banpur.		
...	2.59	5.79	1.35	...	...	...	...	...	7	9.2	11.16	10.93	5.79	55.16	63.59	False Point.		
...	1.53	2.00	1.80	...	...	...	...	...	6	?	7.82	?	2.80	40.52	?	Hookitola.		
...	0.84	0.84	0.50	...	...	...	...	...	9	7.1	4.86	7.07	1.59	53.45	49.57	Jagatsingapore.	Outtack.	
...	0.09	0.07	0.61	...	...	...	...	...	7	2.96	?	?	1.71	47.21	?	Banki.		
...	0.21	0.10	0.71	...	...	...	...	...	7	9.7	2.40	5.66	0.87	58.97	50.42	Outtack.		
...	0.73	0.54	0.79	...	...	...	...	...	9	6.5	3.45	6.35	0.78	42.73	54.23	Kondrapara.		
...	0.23	0.34	0.70	...	...	...	...	...	6	6.3	3.74	5.55	1.48	51.59	53.84	Jajpore.		
...	1.50	1.47	0.50	...	...	...	...	...	7	7.1	10.05	6.42	3.42	67.28	54.87	Chandbali.	Balasore.	
...	0.70	2.37	0.52	...	...	...	...	...	7	6.8	9.88	5.94	6.04	63.45	57.41	Bhuddruck.		
...	0.14	0.76	0.44	...	...	...	...	...	6	5.6	5.10	6.05	1.74	49.64	50.52	Sorah.		
...	0.45	0.21	0.32	...	...	...	...	...	8	8.7	4.43	7.10	1.21	70.24	65.94	Balasore.		
...	1.50	0.15	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	5.6	1.71	5.07	1.50	51.35	53.69	Jillaore.		
...	0.44	0.72	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	7.6	...	2.32	...	...	...	Baripodah.		
...	0.35	4.02	7.84	0.20	0.10	...	...	...	10	6.5	16.04	9.33	7.84	71.53	69.68	Contai.	Midnapore	South-West Bengal.
...	0.21	4.58	3.71	0.23	0.58	...	...	...	9	9.6	12.88	9.08	4.54	82.73	71.35	Saugor Island.		
...	...	...	2.40	...	...	...	...	...	4	4.4	4.40	4.93	2.40	51.50	57.75	Tumlook.		
...	0.04	0.67	1.50	...	...	...	...	...	9	6.6	4.90	5.26	1.01	54.25	56.81	Midnapore.		
...	0.06	1.62	1.06	...	...	...	...	...	6	5.4	3.81	3.81	1.62	46.98	53.53	Ghatol.		
...	0.02	1.54	0.30	...	...	...	...	...	8	7.8	3.89	5.72	1.54	78.12	66.91	Diamond Har.	24-Pergunnah.	
...	...	1.01	0.60	...	...	...	...	...	5	8.8	3.58	4.54	1.45	63.94	61.12	Alipore Jail.		
...	0.03	0.45	0.85	...	0.10	...	...	...	8	6.6	3.89	3.58	1.27	55.49	53.55	Barrackpore.		
...	...	0.96	0.50	...	...	...	...	...	6	7.3	2.44	4.59	0.96	63.40	58.20	Dum-Dum.		
...	0.10	0.31	0.59	...	...	...	...	...	8	6.9	2.35	4.53	0.74	58.05	56.87	Baraset.		
...	0.49	0.70	1.45	0.25	...	...	...	...	8	7.5	4.25	4.41	1.45	71.67	60.83	Busserhat.		
...	...	0.58	1.27	0.02	...	...	...	...	6	9.1	3.74	4.41	1.27	54.60	61.10	Howrah.	Howrah.	
...	...	2.22	0.50	...	0.09	...	...	...	7	6.6	3.85	3.74	2.22	54.91	55.93	Mohoreka.		
...	...	0.53	0.78	...	0.09	...	...	...	8	8.7	4.10	4.56	1.45	64.11	56.53	(Oolbariah).		
...	0.01	0.16	0.69	...	...	...	...	...	6	8.3	1.70	4.08	0.69	46.42	54.49	Serampore.	Hooghly.	
...	...	0.63	1.29	...	...	...	...	...	7	6.2	3.14	4.82	1.29	43.56	60.67	Hooghly.		
...	0.51	0.50	0.85	0.03	...	...	...	...	5	5.2	1.98	4.02	0.85	43.11	50.40	Culina.	Burdwan.	
...	0.08	0.32	1.02	0.05	...	...	...	...	6	6.2	1.98	4.89	1.02	42.20	57.48	Burdwan.		
...	...	1.35	2.47	0.15	...	...	...	...	7	6.5	4.61	4.30	2.47	42.73	53.59	Cutwa.		
...	...	1.47	0.75	0.05	...	...	...	...	6	5.9	3.99	3.81	1.47	43.73	50.45	Kaneegunge.		
...	...	3.14	1.70	0.04	...	...	...	...	8	6.0	0.75	4.65	3.14	61.64	55.82	Bankoora.	Bankoora.	
...	0.15	...	0.98	0.08	...	...	...	...	9	6.4	4.28	3.15	1.53	43.37	54.13	Hishenpore.		
...	...	...	3.04	...	...	...	...	...	6	6.8	5.31	4.06	3.04	30.38	49.18	Mahara.		
...	...	0.80	2.75	0.13	...	...	...	...	8	6.0	6.51	4.98	2.75	49.04	53.54	Khatra.		
...	...	0.44	0.68	0.11	...	...	...	...	8	6.4	3.64	3.73	1.38	45.40	54.08	Bh. Soory.	Beerbhoom.	
...	...	...	0.96	...	...	...	...	...	5	4.1	2.42	2.88	0.74	?	?	Hetampore.		
...	...	1.10	1.70	...	...	...	...	...	6	5.9	4.44	4.79	1.70	47.78	57.22	Bongong.	Nuddea.	
...	0.44	1.10	1.94	...	...	...	...	...	4	5.4	4.18	3.85	1.94	44.84	54.80	Kanaghat.		
...	...	1.11	0.43	...	...	...	...	...	3	7.5	2.06	4.56	1.11	38.34	54.28	Kishnaghat.		
...	...	0.95	2.24	0.15	...	...	...	...	7	5.9	4.64	4.53	2.24	45.83	58.41	Choodanga.		
...	0.01	0.50	2.65	0.10	...	...	...	...	8	6.0	3.96	3.72	2.65	41.95	54.44	Mohrporo.		
...	...	0.20	2.04	0.20	...	...	...	...	6	7.2	3.55	4.64	2.04	51.42	62.02	Kuoshtea.		
...	...	1.24	0.48	3.42	...	...	...	...	9	7.5	7.53	4.75	3.42	71.14	63.21	Satkira.	Khoolna.	
...	...	0.11	0.72	1.23	1.05	...	...	...	7	5.8	6.34	5.26	2.35	80.30	70.25	Bagirhat.		
...	...	0.20	0.94	1.52	0.70	...	...	...	7	7.1	3.75	4.46	1.52	79.47	64.97	Khoolna.		
...	...	0.24	1.62	0.33	...	...	...	...	5	7.4	2.32	3.47	1.62	44.12	56.85	Narail.	Jessore.	
...	...	1.00	2.30	0.25	...	...	...	...	7	8.2	5.34	6.74	2.30	69.37	66.60	Jessore.		
...	0.22	0.67	1.30	0.40	...	...	...	...	7	6.2	3.92	4.59	1.30	60.92	63.17	Jhenidah.		
...	...	0.48	1.80	0.30	...	...	...	...	5	7.0	2.99	3.46	1.80	55.91	59.04	Magoorah.		
...	0.04	0.25	2.50	0.20	...	...	...	...	9	6.4	5.05	3.81	2.50	38.50	54.06	Kandi.	Moorshabad.	
...	...	1.31	0.27	0.09	...	...	...	...	8	5.6	2.11	3.87	1.31	36.09	52.90	Rampore Haut.		
...	...	1.39	0.79	0.23	...	...	...	...	7	6.0	5.06	5.45	1.39	39.31	54.78	Burhampore.		
...	...	1.33	0.79	0.18	...	...	...	...	7	5.3	3.78	4.24	1.33	39.34	52.88	Lalbach.		
...	...	0.58	0.85	0.17	...	...	...	...	7	6.0	2.96	5.51	0.85	43.45	53.05	Azimgunge.		
...	...	0.85	0.21	...	...	...	...	...	8	5.8	3.43	3.89	0.85	36.06	51.80	Jungipore.		
...	0.06	...	0.30	0.08	...	...	...	...	7	6.3	2.96	4.71	1.25	44.42	53.60	Lalgola.		
...	0.40	0.05	0.37	2.57	3.86	0.80	...	...	9	8.7	8.90	7.73	3.86	139.17	139.58	Cox's Bazar.	Chittagong	East Bengal.
...	...	0.35	0.19	2.39	0.47	2.64	...	...	11	8.7	7.75	5.83	2.64	101.19	101.87	Chittagong.		
...	...	0.04	0.13	1.83	0.63	1.00	...	...	9	10.8	5.99	7.72	1.83	76.35	95.62	Rangamati.	Chittagong	
...	...	0.52	1.90	1.05	...	...	...	...	10	?	4.92	?	1.90	90.47	?	Bascha.	Hill Tracts.	
...	...	0.08	3.30	0.95	0.19	...	...	...	8	8.1	6.38	5.07	3.30	71.22	77.70	Agartola.		
...	...	0.60	2.30	0.80	...	...	...	...	6	9.4	7.00	6.29	2.30	94.73	87.50	Patuakhally.	Backergunge.	
...	...	0.21	4.70	2.75	0.82	...	...	...	8	7.8	11.80	6.22	4.70	83.65	77.48	Parozepore.		
...	...	...	2.02	2.80	0.71	...	...	...	9	9.5	6.04	4.68	2.80	93.89	78.42	Burrial.		
...	...	...	1.74	2.17	0.32	...	...	...	9	8.4	7.03	5.20	2.17	98.48	92.56	Bhola.		
...	...	0.12	2.56	1.56	1.04	...	...	...	9	9.1	9.07	7.56	2.56	109.03	109.83	Noakholly.	Noakholly.	
...	...	0.09	1.83	0.58	0.28	...	...	...	9	9.8	4.68	6.11	1.83	108.38	118.78	Fenny.		
...	...	0.50	2.25	0.55	...	...	...	...	7	8.1	4.01	1.40	2.25	60.16	65.80	Madaripore.	Furzedpore.	
...	...	1.26	1.05	0.41	0.04	...	...	...	8	7.4	3.32	4.48	1.26	57.96	69.15	Furzedpore.		
...	...	0.15	0.90	0.65	...	...	...	...	5	6.8	2.34	4.81	0.90	49.39	63.09	Goalundo.		
...	...	0.40	2.28	0.20	...	...	...	...	7	6.8	5.50	5.78	2.28	72.82	85.85	Munshigunge.	Dacca.	
...	...	0.65	1.12	0.40	...	...	...	...	7	7.5	3.40	5.35	1.12	56.98	72.51	Dacca.		
...	...	0.41	1.62	0.34	...	...	...	...	6	?	5.83	?	2.37	50.85	60.69	Narsingi.		
...	...	0.24	1.04	0.28	0.09	...	...	...	10	6.8	2.71	3.94	1.04	56.48	60.69	Manikgunge.		
...	...	0.04	3.27	2.45	0.47	...	...	...	9	7.8	8.79	5.40	3.27	93.63	91.45	Comilla.	Comilla.	
...	...	1.05	2.80	0.45	...	...	...	...	7	8.2	6.65	6.61	2.80	84.05	86.15	Chandpore.		
...	...	2.08	2.19	1.15	...	...	...	...	7	7.6	6.23	4.99	2.19	80.37	78.72	Brahmanubera.		
...	...	1.02	0.52	0.04	0.51	...	...	...	9	8.1	0.40	5.68	1.30	58.45	83.97	Kishoregunge.	Mymensingh.	
...	...	1.85	0.55	...	...	...	...	...	8	5.9	2.80	4.97	1.85	38.39	65.43	Atia.		
...	...	0.29	1.75	0.41	0.21	...												

Table of Rainfall recorded at Stations

Meteorological division.	District.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
NORTH BHAR	Pubna	Pubna	0'17	0'26	0'76	...	0'94	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0'30	...	...	...	...	...
		Serajgunge	...	...	0'09	0'35	...	0'03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bogra	Sherpore	...	...	1'65	1'27	0'32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nowkhilla	...	...	0'28	0'97	0'45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bogra	...	0'12	0'82	0'08	0'03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Panchibibi	0'49	...	1'11	0'61	0'73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Rajshahye	Beaulah	0'08	0'29	0'68	0'02	0'05	0'12	...	...	0'03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Natore	...	...	1'00	0'40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Maldah	Nowgong	...	...	0'60	2'14	0'73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Maldah	0'18	0'13	2'37	0'88	3'20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Dinapore	Mohadebore	...	0'05	0'65	1'22	...	...	...	...	...	0'23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Churamon	...	0'11	2'99	0'60	0'60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Raigunge	...	0'43	2'73	0'76	0'83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dinapore	...	0'09	3'60	0'08	0'24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Rangpore	Balooahat	0'05	...	2'16	...	0'37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bhawanigunge	...	0'31	0'70	0'61	0'14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		(Gyabanda)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Rangpore	...	0'10	2'60	1'20	0'20	0'06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Julpigore	Kurigram	...	...	3'40	2'20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Hagdogra	...	0'82	2'18	4'85	0'08	0'19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(Nuphamari)		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Julpigore		...	...	1'44	3'48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cooch Behar	Dinhat	...	0'35	1'52	7'37	...	0'57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Cooch Behar	...	0'77	0'80	11'79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Mickligunge	...	0'15	1'50	4'64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Matabhanga	...	0'63	1'42	7'90	...	0'03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Darjeeling Hill.	Buxa	0'73	0'53	0'68	5'10	...	...	...	0'13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0'20	...	...
	Silikuri	...	0'03	1'40	6'26	...	0'02	...	0'01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Darjeeling	0'08	0'11	1'34	7'24	...	...	...	0'02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Kalimpang	...	...	0'71	6'82	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
NORTH BHAR	Purneah	Kissengunge	...	...	1'96	4'85	0'25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Attareh	0'90	...	4'45	...	...	...	...	0'26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Purneah	...	...	5'03	2'59	0'06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	North Bhagulpore.	Maddapore	...	...	2'23	3'80	0'52	...	...	...	0'05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sooopool	...	...	0'55	4'01	0'83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Durbhunga	Tajpore	...	...	0'69	0'30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Durbhunga	...	0'11	0'53	0'18	1'02	...	0'42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Madhubani	...	...	0'14	0'55	0'35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		
	Mozufferpore	Sitamarhi	...	...	0'19	1'89	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mozufferpore	...	...	0'42	1'56	0'14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Hajipore	...	...	0'04	0'39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...		
Chumparun	Motihari	...	...	...	0'17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bettiah	...	...	0'20	...	0'18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sarun	Gopalgunge	0'03	0'10	1'34	0'48	0'14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Sewan	...	...	0'90	0'13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
SOUTH BHAR	Shahabad	Chupra	...	...	0'16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Buxar	...	...	4'48	0'48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dehree	...	0'05	1'55	0'11	0'42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bhutwah	...	...	0'50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Gya	Sasseram	...	...	0'80	0'13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Arrah	...	0'08	0'14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Aurangabad	...	...	0'26	0'24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Gya	...	0'07	0'24	0'05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Patna	Nowadah	...	0'90	0'09	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Jehanabad	...	...	0'10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Patna	...	...	0'05	0'26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dinapore	...	...	0'14	0'22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Behar	Behar	...	...	0'33	0'02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Barrh	...	0'50	0'25	1'30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Begoeserai	...	...	0'84	1'05	0'04	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Monghyr	...	0'05	2'00	0'22	0'27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jamui	...	...	...	0'36	0'50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bhagulpore	...	0'02	...	1'33	3'27	0'21	...	1'12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Banka	...	...	0'10	3'18	1'80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Rajmehal	...	...	0'11	2'38	2'64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
CENTRAL BHAR	Sonthal Pergunnahs.	Godda	...	...	0'11	4'52	0'62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Pakour	...	...	1'30	1'35	2'10	0'25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nya Doonka	...	0'01	0'06	2'47	0'19	0'10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Deoghur	...	0'07	0'27	2'48	0'63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Jamara	...	...	0'67	1'23	0'58	1'71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Pachamba	...	0'05	0'68	1'24	0'33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Hasaribagh	...	0'01	0'09	0'52	0'81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Beemtagurh	...	...	0'25	0'95	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Mahudi Hills	...	0'41	0'65	0'76	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Jhoomrah	...	...	0'30	0'60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Lohardugga	...	0'02	0'03	0'21	0'26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0'12	0'09
		Bauchi	...	0'22	0'08	0'65	0'08	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0'3
Palamow	...	0'12	...	0'25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Chyebassa	...	...	...	1'32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Purulia	...	0'26	0'23	0'16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Gobindpore	...	0'33	0'65	0'73	0'04	0'46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Supplement to the Rainfa

Bentagurh	0'80	...	0'14	...	1'75	...	0'15	0'08	0'24	0'12	0'15	...	0'28	0'90	0'82	0'30	...	0'121
Mahudi Hills	0'73	0'07	1'45	0'12	0'15	0'15	2'30	0'10	

Supplement to the Rainfall

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gal in October 1884—concluded.

	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Average rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 1st January 1884 up to 31st October 1884.	Average rainfall from 1st January up to 31st October 1884.	Station.	District.	Meteorological division.
10	...	0'27 0'11	2'23 3'47	0'67 1'38	...	...	...	7	6'9 5'9	5'30 6'07	4'70 4'64	2'23 3'47	50'76 54'82	64'98 60'69	Pubna Serajgunge.	Pubna	NORTH BENGAL.
15	...	0'60 0'09	0'51 0'57	0'70 1'05	...	...	...	7	5'4 5'7	5'20 4'41	4'66 5'43	1'65 1'05	46'97 46'78	66'87 61'00	Sherpore Nowkhilla.	Bogra.	
30	...	0'05 0'50	0'22 0'13	0'78 0'63	...	...	...	8	6'2 5'0	2'16 5'29	4'93 4'64	0'83 1'11	47'42 45'68	75'70 58'51	Bogra. Panchibibi.		
43	...	0'48 0'50	1'20 0'41	0'52 1'35	0'02	...	...	12	7'2 5'6	3'61 3'83	5'11 4'84	1'20 1'00	42'04 45'21	58'84 62'08	Beaulah Natore.	Rajshahye.	
43	5	...	5'23	...	2'14	50'95	...	Nowgong.		
...	...	0'05	0'10	0'14	0'03	...	...	9	6'7	7'08	4'44	3'20	39'47	52'38	Maldah	Maldah.	
...	8	5'2	3'23	3'48	1'22	40'55	59'74	Mohadebpore	Dinapore.	
50	...	0'15	0'13	0'30	...	...	...	7	5'0	4'88	3'85	2'99	47'73	54'15	Churamon.		
...	0'07	0'42	0'09	...	...	6	4'6	5'92	4'03	2'73	45'06	58'69	Kaigunge.		
...	1'01	0'18	...	...	7	5'2	4'81	5'14	3'80	38'56	73'00	Dinapore.		
...	...	0'29	0'07	0'24	...	...	...	7	...	3'39	5'00	2'15	41'40	47'08	Baloorghat.		
...	...	0'31	0'15	0'22	...	...	...	6	5'0	3'09	5'42	1'18	55'58	69'61	Bhawanigunge (Gyabanda).	Bungpore.	
...	...	0'15	...	0'18	...	...	...	9	5'8	4'67	5'18	2'60	65'12	84'11	Kungpore.		
...	...	0'07	0'15	0'03	...	...	...	4	4'8	6'61	5'12	3'40	60'01	83'02	Kurigram.		
...	1'03	0'13	...	...	4	5'9	9'15	4'98	4'85	68'64	93'71	Bardola. (Nilphamari).	Julpigoree.	
...	0'35	0'08	...	...	4	6'2	5'55	5'72	3'48	110'87	127'91	Julpigoree		
...	0'04	0'41	...	...	...	7	8'2	10'37	6'11	7'37	87'45	113'71	Dinhatta	Cooch Behar.	
...	0'58	...	...	...	4	5'2	13'92	5'83	11'79	137'75	131'23	Cooch Behar.		
...	0'70	...	...	...	4	7'2	7'02	8'38	4'64	97'63	119'50	Mickligunge.		
...	0'49	...	...	...	5	9'4	10'70	6'71	7'99	99'28	128'90	Matabhanga.		
...	0'20	0'50	...	...	...	8	9'8	8'07	10'84	5'10	149'08	215'46	Buxa	Darjeeling Hill.	
...	0'01	0'44	...	...	...	7	7'1	8'17	?	6'26	89'93	?	Siliguri.		
...	2'40	...	...	...	7	?	11'45	0'73	7'24	107'53	120'05	Darjeeling.		
...	0'09	1'77	...	...	...	4	?	9'39	?	6'82	72'67	?	Kalimpong.		
...	0'10	0'05	0'11	...	...	6	4'1	7'94	3'61	4'55	72'48	72'90	Kissenkunge...	Purneah	NORTH BENGAL.
...	1'10	...	...	...	4	3'3	6'71	3'81	4'45	55'34	63'09	Arrarrah.		
...	1'03	0'13	...	...	4	4'9	8'86	4'29	5'03	49'78	63'61	Purneah.		
...	0'02	...	...	...	...	6	4'7	10'74	4'97	3'97	39'51	52'01	Maddapore	North Bhagulpore.	
...	0'15	3'07	...	...	...	6	3'7	7'1	2'93	4'01	31'89	49'85	Scoopool.		
...	2'22	0'20	...	...	4	2'8	7'02	2'94	5'36	35'57	42'42	Tajpore	Durbhunga.	
...	0'67	5'38	...	...	...	8	3'2	6'08	3'01	3'71	32'82	46'81	Durbhunga.		
...	0'35	3'78	0'08	...	...	8	3'5	3'98	2'74	2'04	44'27	46'67	Madhubani.		
...	2'04	...	...	...	3	3'2	3'22	2'60	1'89	40'32	43'33	Sitamardi	Mozufferpore.	
...	1'14	...	...	...	5	3'6	4'94	2'94	2'60	34'18	43'00	Mozufferpore.		
...	0'52	2'50	...	...	...	4	4'3	4'98	4'18	3'13	34'40	43'37	Harjore.		
...	1'42	3'13	...	...	...	4	2'8	0'07	3'64	0'66	43'44	47'25	Mofihari	Chumparan.	
...	0'04	0'6	...	...	...	3	1'5	0'64	3'22	0'26	47'10	50'47	Bottiah.		
...	0'26	...	...	...	7	2'5	2'69	6'14	1'31	42'46	47'65	Gopalgunge	Saran.	
...	0'20	0'40	...	...	...	5	3'6	1'84	3'54	0'90	29'93	44'84	Sewan.		
...	0'06	0'14	0'01	...	...	3	3'0	1'63	2'68	0'84	33'13	38'71	Chupra.		
...	0'84	0'63	...	...	...	4	3'9	5'34	3'20	4'48	29'20	38'16	Buxar	Shahabad	SOUTH BENGAL.
...	0'19	0'19	...	...	...	0	?	3'01	?	1'55	31'60	?	Dehra.		
...	0'16	0'75	...	...	...	2	2'7	3'29	3'04	1'70	29'79	41'78	Blubooah.		
...	1'70	...	...	...	4	3'4	3'13	3'60	1'40	34'79	41'48	Susseram.		
...	1'40	0'80	...	...	...	4	4'9	1'57	2'70	0'55	25'09	43'87	Arrah.		
...	0'85	0'50	...	...	...	4	3'0	2'30	2'58	1'23	38'72	41'30	Anuragabad...	Gya.	
...	1'23	0'57	...	...	...	5	4'2	2'04	2'44	0'86	23'96	39'32	Gya.		
...	0'80	0'82	...	...	...	6	2'9	3'09	2'44	0'90	22'02	40'12	Nowadah.		
...	0'38	0'54	...	...	...	8	3'0	4'95	3'10	2'65	27'70	39'43	Jehanabad.		
...	2'05	...	...	...	3	4'3	4'17	2'87	2'95	30'81	40'80	Patna		
...	0'88	2'98	...	...	...	4	3'0	2'86	2'95	2'00	36'25	40'48	Dinapore.		
...	0'50	2'00	...	...	...	4	4'4	2'32	3'32	1'33	20'97	42'48	Holarr.		
...	1'33	0'74	...	...	...	5	3'6	4'95	3'60	1'80	33'28	41'29	Barra.		
...	1'80	1'10	...	...	...	5	4'1	3'01	3'05	1'05	25'46	39'80	Bagoosera	Monghyr.	
...	6	4'5	5'38	4'00	2'06	32'01	44'37	Monghyr.		
...	0'34	0'74	...	...	...	4	3'6	2'33	2'37	0'85	30'01	43'43	Jamui.		
...	1'28	1'50	...	...	...	9	4'3	6'64	4'28	3'27	37'48	46'23	Bhagulpore	South Bhagulpore.	
...	0'52	0'95	...	...	...	6	4'2	5'90	3'55	3'18	28'14	44'01	Banka.		
...	0'04	0'04	0'53	0'08	...	6	4'4	5'81	3'34	2'64	36'92	52'46	Rajmehal	Sonthal Pergunnahs.	
...	0'18	0'10	0'54	...	...	6	4'0	6'28	3'30	4'52	27'40	46'19	G dda.		
...	0'12	0'53	0'03	...	7	5'6	5'43	4'30	2'10	57'02	54'21	Pakour.		
...	0'89	0'22	...	...	...	8	6'6	3'67	4'54	2'57	52'70	56'40	Nya Doomka.		
...	0'15	0'21	0'07	...	...	7	5'4	3'90	4'70	2'46	34'21	50'70	Deoghur		
...	0'57	0'08	0'09	...	...	7	4'0	5'08	2'70	1'71	40'03	48'29	Janitara.		
...	0'22	0'16	0'19	...	...	5	5'7	2'73	3'10	1'24	30'40	48'16	Pachamba	Hazaribagh	CHUTIA NAGPUR.
...	0'37	0'43	...	...	...	8	6'9	2'01	3'16	0'81	40'58	48'18	Hazaribagh.		
...	7	5'2	2'23	2'19	0'76	37'83	47'25	Mahudi Hills.		
...	0'04	1'00	...	...	...	4	?	1'94	?	1'00	54'64	?	Jhoomrahills.		
...	0'35	0'43	0'19	...	9	?	0'88	?	0'28	40'03	?	Lohardurga	Lohardurga.	
...	0'04	0'08	...	...	...	8	5'4	3'55	3'17	1'40	52'54	48'78	Ranchi		
...	0'13	0'09	...	...	...	5	3'6	1'39	2'38	0'90	30'45	43'04	Palamow.		
...	0'02	0'90	0'10	...	...	3	6'9	1'51	3'04	1'32	46'63	55'87	Chyebassa	ingbhoor.	
...	0'09	...	...	...	7	5'5	2'15	3'89	0'62	40'55	49'95	Purulia	Manbcom.	
...	0'28	0'62	0'53	...	...	9	4'9	3'64	4'29	0'73	31'43	49'17	Gobindpore.		
...	0'15	0'42	0'63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

for September 1884.

...	...	2'05	0'65	0'10	1'14	1'11	...	0'10	...	16	14'3	8'11	7'88	2'05	35'92	45'33	Semtagurah.
...	...	...	...	0'15	...	...	...	...	...	16	12'0	9'80	8'76	2'30	35'60	45'06	Mahudi Hills.

If some of the returns are wanting, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank.
15th September 1884.

JOHN ELIOT,
Meteorological Reporter to the
Government of Bengal.

METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL SUMMARY FOR THE MONTH OF OCTOBER 1884.

Normal meteorological features of the month.—The month of October in the Province of Bengal witnesses the transition from south-west to north-east monsoon conditions. The transition is a comparatively slow process, and differs considerably in character from the establishment of the south-west monsoon. The latter is usually an energetic action—an advance of a massive current up the Bay, impelled from behind by very strong forces. The reverse process is one of gradual decay or increasing weakness.

It has been more than once pointed out in these reports that the south-west monsoon is not a steady current, but is a series of up-rushes or advances of strong winds followed by intervals of weak winds or of partial exhaustion. The intermittent advances of strong southerly winds bring up with them vast quantities of aqueous vapour. The chief feature of humid winds is that they deposit rain as soon as favourable conditions occur, and that certain actions accompanying the rainfall increase the air motion. The mutual actions thus established hence tend for some time to extend the area of rainfall and increase its intensity. As the supplies of aqueous vapour are limited, this action only goes on for a brief period, and is followed by an interval of weakness, partial rainfall, and light winds. Each uprush gives rise to much eddying motion in front, which frequently accumulates to such an extent as to produce a cyclonic disturbance of considerable intensity. Hence it is that so many of the larger bursts of the monsoon rains in Bengal are preceded by cyclonic disturbances, which, as it were, carry the heavy rainfall with them over the country. The heaviest rainfall usually occurs near the front of the advancing moist winds, and plays an important part in their onward motion. It is almost certain that after the primary establishment of the monsoon current, the higher temperature in the interior of India acts a very secondary part in producing these advances of humid and rain-giving winds. This is most strikingly shown by the fact that prolonged heat and drought in Upper India in June and July (such as occasionally occurs) is not as a rule followed by exceptionally heavy rain during the remainder of the monsoon, but by a continuation of the drought or previous hot weather. It appears to be almost certain that after the monsoon is established it contains within itself forces or energy sufficient to ensure its continuance for some months. During the earlier monsoon months, its self-contained energy carries the current to the head of the Bay, and it recurves usually in East and North Bengal. As the monsoon season progresses, these advances generally become feebler, with longer intervals between them. After the beginning of October, they rarely advance as far as the head of the Bay, but recurve further south, and hence give rainfall to the west coast, the area of heavy rainfall travelling southwards with the recurving current, which is usually finally displaced from the Bay in the beginning of December. Occasionally cyclonic disturbances form in the Bay in front of the current in October, and advance to the north or west coasts of the Bay. The conditions are, at intervals of several years, favourable to the continued and prolonged accumulation of sufficient energy necessary to constitute an intense disturbance such as the Backergunj cyclone of 1876 or the Calcutta storm of 1864. The chief features of October are rapidly diminishing temperature, increasing pressure, and the prevalence of light northerly, and hence dry land, winds. In the early part of the month, advances of humid winds into Bengal, due to uprushes of the monsoon current, may occur, either quietly, or be preceded by cyclonic storms of moderate intensity. In the latter part of the month such advances are very rare, but may occur under very exceptional circumstances. The smaller cyclonic disturbances which form in front of the recurved current, after what may be termed the establishment of the north-east monsoon on the Madras coast, usually advance to the west coast and strike it between Orissa and Ceylon, and further south generally as the season advances. These storms, however, usually modify the winds in Bengal and frequently give cloudy skies, and light to moderate rain, such as in fact generally obtains in the outskirts of a cyclonic disturbance.

Average distribution of rainfall of the month.—The normal distribution of rainfall for October is more irregular than that of the preceding months of the rains. The rainfall of the month is due, as indicated in the preceding remarks, to two different causes or sets of actions. The first is the continuance of south-west monsoon conditions and rainfall in Bengal during the early part of the month, for periods which vary considerably from year to year. The second is the advance of cyclonic storms, formed during or after the recurvature of the south-west monsoon over the centre of the Bay, which change usually initiates what is termed the commencement or burst of the north-east monsoon on the Madras coast. The average distribution of rainfall for the month is hence somewhat irregular, and the actual distribution in any year may differ very greatly from the normal, if a cyclonic storm of unusual intensity or character occur. The following statement of the average rainfall of the month as determined from the average of the past 15 years' rainfall observations in which a few slight local irregularities in the normal distribution are omitted, gives a fairly approximate view. The average rainfall in Behar (with the exception of the Purneah and North Bhagulpore districts) and Chutia Nagpur (excluding the districts immediately bordering on South-West Bengal) varies from two and a half inches to four inches. The amount is least for the Gya district. It varies between four and six inches in the case of the previously excepted districts, the western districts of Orissa, and the whole of Bengal, excluding the Julpigoree district and a narrow strip extending along the coast, and bounded on the north by a curved line running through Cuttack, Jajpore, Diamond Harbour, Port Canning, Chandpur and Chittagong. Over this long narrow area, the width of which varies from

20 to 60 miles, the average rainfall exceeds 6 inches. It is absolutely greatest at False Point, for which it is 11·4 inches.

Meteorological summary of the month.—At the end of the month of September south-west monsoon winds of moderate force were blowing at the head of the Bay. There was at that time local depression of the barometer in Orissa and Ganjam. During the first two days of October the conditions were unaltered. Moderate rain fell over the districts in and near the depression, that is in Orissa, South-West Bengal, and the southern districts of Chutia Nagpur. The current increased considerably in force and extent, and the area of minimum pressure was on the 3rd somewhat suddenly transferred to South Behar and the Hazaribagh district. Heavy rain fell over the whole of the interior on that and the following day. North Behar and the northern districts of North Bengal received unusually heavy rain. The depression and attendant cyclonic circulation disappeared on the 5th, when light and local showers fell in East and North Bengal. The barometer had risen rapidly on the 4th and 5th, and on the 6th the distribution of pressure in Bengal and at the head of the Bay was such as indicated the commencement of the north-east monsoon period. A few days of fine weather with light variable winds in Bengal and the north of the Bay followed. On the 13th winds began to increase in force at the entrance to the Bay, which generated a disturbance of considerable intensity that passed across the coast near Negapatam on the evening of the 16th. Rain fell in connection with it over the coast area as far north as Chandbally on the 15th and 16th. This was followed by almost steady and continuous rain on the South Coromandel coast for some days until the 20th, when it almost entirely ceased. During this interval, the weather in Bengal was such as generally accompanies strong north-east monsoon winds on the Madras coast in October. Pressure was excessive, temperature unusually low, the air dry, and winds light to moderate, and from directions ranging between north-east and west over the Province generally. The barometer on the 19th in Bengal was very nearly two-tenths of an inch above the mean height. It then began to give way rapidly, and the conditions in the Bay changed. The winds weakened in force, and rain ceased to fall in Southern India. On the 22nd the conditions were such as usually precede the formation of a depression and cyclonic disturbance. The observations of the 23rd showed that a well-marked depression was in existence off the Ganjam and Orissa coasts, and was marching slowly northwards. It proved to be a very large and shallow depression, and attended with winds of moderate force at and near the earth's surface. It brought up very large quantities of aqueous vapour, which speedily raised the humidity of the whole Province. Orissa received moderately heavy rain on the 23rd. The rainfall extended to the greater part of Bengal as well as Orissa on the 24th. General rain was received on the next day over the whole Province, except the northern districts of North Bengal and the adjacent districts of North Behar. The influx now began to show signs of exhaustion. Little or no rain fell over the greater part of Orissa and South Bengal on the 26th. The only districts which received heavy rain were the central and eastern districts of Behar. The barometer had risen rapidly during the previous 48 hours. A few light local showers occurred on the 27th, chiefly in East and North Bengal, and were the last amounts received from this burst of rainfall. Fine dry weather with clear skies prevailed during the remaining days of the week.

Temperature.—The temperature of the month has been almost without exception continuously below the normal. The two periods of rainfall were unusually cool; on both occasions the mean temperature in Behar was for a short interval (on the 5th and the 27th) from 6° to 8° below the normal mean. The following table gives the variation from the mean in each division for the five weeks ending 31st October:—

VARIATION OF THE AVERAGE TEMPERATURE FROM THE NORMAL AVERAGE FOR THE WEEK ENDING—						
	3rd October.	10th October.	17th October.	24th October.	31st October.	
Orissa ...	—2·4	—2·0	—0·8	—0·7	—2·3	
South-West Bengal ...	—2·4	—2·1	—0·7	—1·4	—3·6	
East Bengal ...	—1·7	—2·3	+0·2	—2·1	—4·4	
North Behar ...	—1·9	—3·8	—2·5	—2·4	—2·6	
South Behar ...	—1·3	—2·9	—2·4	—1·1	—3·4	
Chutia Nagpur ...	—2·3	—3·6	—1·3	—0·4	—3·5	

The night temperature on the whole decreased from 8° to 12° over the interior during the month, and the maximum day temperature from 5° to 8°.

Pressure at the commencement of the month was below the normal. It was most deficient on the 1st and 2nd in Orissa. On the 3rd the area of most deficient pressure was transferred to Chutia Nagpur and Behar. Pressure increased rapidly on the 4th and 5th, and on the 6th was above the normal by amounts ranging from ·01" at Purneah to ·08" at Cuttack. It oscillated within narrow limits, and also increased generally from that date until the 19th, when it was in excess by amounts ranging from ·14" at Cuttack to ·18" at Patna and ·21" at Durbhanga. It then commenced to diminish, and was below the average by varying amounts until the 26th, when it increased rapidly and was above the normal during the

remainder of the month. The mean pressure of the month was in excess by amounts which averaged '05" in Orissa and Chutia Nagpur, '06" in South-West Bengal, '07" in East Bengal and '08" in Behar. The following gives a short account of the two important barometric depressions or storms of the month.

Barometric depressions and storms of the month.—Two depressions of unusual character formed during the month. They gave rise to very moderate winds and were chiefly remarkable for the large amount of rain which occurred over the Province under unusually favourable conditions during their existence.

1st.—Depression of the 3rd to the 5th in Behar, Chutia Nagpur, and North Bengal. Moderate monsoon winds were blowing at the head of the Bay and across the north of the Peninsula from the Bombay coast on the 29th and 30th of September. Pressure was at that time lowest in Orissa and Ganjam. This determined the rainfall on the 1st and 2nd chiefly to Orissa, South-West Bengal and Chutia Nagpur. In consequence probably of a large increase in the strength of the currents, or perhaps of some unknown atmospheric actions in Central or Upper India, the area of minimum pressure was transferred on the 3rd to Behar and the adjacent districts of Chutia Nagpur. Pressure at 10 A. M. of the 3rd was lowest at Hazaribagh and '13" below the normal. Heavy rain commenced to fall in North and Central Behar and the northern districts of North Bengal. Pressure increased rapidly, and on the 4th was generally above the normal. It was lowest in Central Behar, and thus drew the moist winds from the Bay chiefly into North Bengal and Behar, where abnormally heavy rain was now received. The barometer continued to rise, and on the 5th there was no longer a local depression, nor any definite cyclonic circulation. Showers more or less local in character fell during the 5th, after which fine clear weather set in.

2nd.—Depression of the 22nd to the 27th. This commenced to form immediately after the first break in the north-east monsoon rains on the Coromandel coast. Its existence was not plainly indicated by the observations at the coast stations of the Bay until the morning of the 23rd, when there was a well-marked depression and cyclonic circulation covering Ganjam and Orissa and the adjacent portion of the Bay. The depression intensified slightly and drifted northwards. The centre crossed the coast on the evening of the 25th, and was near Calcutta at 10 A. M. of the 26th. It filled up rapidly during the day and disappeared before 10 A. M. of the 27th. It was throughout a very shallow depression and the winds unusually feeble near the earth's surface. It, however, brought up very large supplies of vapour, which were carried northwards and westwards as far as North Bengal and West Behar, and gave general rain over the whole Province, which was large in amount in many of the districts of Behar and North Bengal that had received very deficient rainfall in August and September.

Rainfall.—The rainfall of the month was entirely dependent upon the two depressions described above. Its chief feature is that it occurred most abundantly in those districts which received most deficient rain during the preceding months of August and September.

Time distribution of the rainfall.—On the 1st and 2nd, light to moderate showers fell in Orissa, Chutia Nagpur, South-West Bengal, and the southern districts of East Bengal, and on the 2nd in North Bengal and the Sonthal Pergunnahs. The amounts received were in no case large, but such as to indicate fairly general and uniformly distributed rainfall over a large area. The transfer of low pressure to South Behar on the 3rd initiated and accompanied one of the most general and largest bursts of rainfall during the previous monsoon in that area. It was heaviest on the whole in North Behar and Bengal. The following amounts exceeding 4 inches were registered at 6 P. M. of the 3rd:—

	Inches.		Inches.
Bhuddruck	... 6.08	Buxar	... 4.48
Purneah	... 5.03	Arrareah	... 4.45
Godda	... 4.52		

The rainfall of the next 24 hours was much larger in amount. It extended over the whole of the Province excepting Orissa and the southern districts of Chutia Nagpur, and was excessive in the northern districts of North Bengal and the adjacent districts of North Behar. The following amounts exceeding 4 inches were registered at 6 P. M. of the 4th for the previous 24 hours:—

DISTRICTS.	Stations.	Rainfall in inches.
Cooch Behar	Cooch Behar	... 11.79
	Matabhanga	... 7.99
	Dinhatta	... 7.87
	Mekligunj	... 4.64
Darjeeling	Darjeeling	... 7.24
	Kalimpong	... 6.82
	Siligori	... 6.26
	Buxa	... 5.10
Rungpore	Bagdogra	... 4.85
Purneah	Kissengunj	... 4.55
North Bhagulpore	Scoopool	... 4.01

The rainfall of the 5th was, in comparison with the previous, small in amount. Showers giving fairly general, but very moderate, rain were received in North and East Bengal, and the Purneah, Durbhunga, and Moorshedabad districts.

From the 6th to the 23rd no rain occurred over the Province, with the exception of one or two very light local showers, and a feeble burst of rain in the Pooree and Cuttack districts on the 15th and 16th, due to a slight disturbance in the south of the Bay, which advanced to the west coast, and affected the weather as far north as the Balasore district.

The disturbance which formed in the north-west of the Bay on the 22nd began to give rain to the coast districts on the 23rd. Orissa obtained heavy rain on that day, and light to moderate local showers occurred in South-West Bengal and the Chittagong and Backergunge districts. The heaviest fall on the 23rd was 5·1 inches at Pooree. The area of general rainfall on the 24th included the whole of Orissa, South-West Bengal, East Bengal (excepting Mymensingh), and the southern districts of North Bengal. The largest amounts registered on that day were:—

	Inches.		Inches.
False Point ...	... 5·79	Saugor Island ...	... 4·58
Perozepore ...	... 4·70	Contai ...	... 4·02

The rainfall of the 24th was large in amount, and well distributed in Orissa, South-West and East Bengal. On the 25th the area of rainfall extended further into the interior and included the whole of Orissa, South-West and East Bengal, the southern districts of North Bengal, Chutia Nagpur, South Behar, and the western districts of North Behar. It was very fairly distributed, but was heaviest in Orissa, South-West and East Bengal. The following amounts exceeding 3 inches were registered on the 25th:—

	Inches.		Inches.
Contai ...	... 7·84	Satkhiria ...	... 3·42
Pooree ...	... 4·42	Agartola ...	... 3·30
Saugor Island ...	... 3·71	Comillah ...	... 3·27
Serajgunj ...	... 3·47	Maliara ...	... 3·04

The influx of vapour commenced to diminish in amount on the 26th. No rain fell in Orissa, the greater part of South-West Bengal, and the southern districts of Chutia Nagpur. The remainder of the Province received general rain, which was heaviest in North Behar. The following rainfalls exceeding 3 inches were registered on the 26th:—

	Inches.		Inches.
Tajpur ...	... 5·36	Durbhunga ...	... 3·71
Muddapur ...	... 3·97	Hajipur ...	... 3·13
Cox's Bazar ...	... 3·86		

A few light local showers of little importance occurred on the 27th. Dry weather with clear skies obtained during the remaining days of the month.

Local distribution of rainfall.—The total rainfall of the month was less than two inches in the Chumparun and Sarun districts, and in the more southern districts of Chutia Nagpur. It ranged between two and six inches in the whole of the remainder of the Province, excepting a narrow strip of the coast area, and the eastern portions of Comillah and Mymensing, and the Cooch Behar and Darjeeling districts, Purneah, Bhagulpore, and the larger part of Durbhunga and Mozufferpore, and the northern portion of the Sonthal Pergunnahs, in which it ranged from 6 inches upwards to 15 inches. It exceeded 10 inches over a small portion of the Orissa and South-West Bengal coast area, and also locally in the Cooch Behar district, and at Darjeeling and Muddapur in the North Bhagulpore district.

The rainfall was in defect over the western districts of North Behar, the greater part of South Behar, Chutia Nagpur, the whole of Orissa, except a very small tract on the coast, and the greater part of Central Bengal. The deficiency was less than two inches, except in parts of Burdwan, Chumparun, and the Cuttack districts.

It was in excess over the central and eastern districts of North Behar, the northern districts of North Bengal, the Sonthal Pergunnahs, Bancoora, the southern districts of South-West Bengal bordering on the coast, and the whole of East Bengal, excluding Furréd-pore and Dacca. Over a large portion of this it exceeded two inches, and was greater than five inches in very small areas represented by the following stations:—Pooree, Contai, Maddupur, Cooch Behar, and Perozepore. The same facts are expressed more precisely in the language of percentages in the table given below which gives complete data for the comparison of the actual and normal rainfall of the month of October in every district of the Province. The figures are derived from the average and actual rainfall of the rain-recording stations in each district, due weight being made for the area which each station represents. The first column gives the normal or average district rainfall as determined from the weighted rainfall observations of the past 15 years. The second column gives the actual district rainfall of the past month, determined by the same method from the actual rainfalls of the month at the registering stations in each district. The third column expresses the ratio of the actual district rainfall of the past month to the normal rainfall of the same period as a percentage. The fourth column gives the same information as the third column, but stated in a slightly different form. It expresses as a percentage how much the rainfall of each district for the past month varied in excess or defect from the normal rainfall, and hence gives the difference between the numbers in the third column and 100.

DIVISION.	District.	Normal district rainfall, October 1884.	Actual district rainfall, October 1884.	Percentage of actual to normal rainfall.	Percentage excess (+) or defect (—).
Orissa	Pooree ...	7.73	12.15	157	+57
	Cuttack ...	6.20	8.58	58	—42
	Balasore ...	5.95	6.75	113	+13
	Midnapore ...	5.79	6.53	113	+13
	24-Pergunnahs ...	4.78	3.50	73	—27
South-West Bengal	Howrah ...	4.01	3.81	95	—5
	Hooghly ...	4.48	2.90	65	—35
	Burdwan ...	4.31	2.80	65	—35
	Bancoora ...	4.44	7.42	167	+67
	Beerbhoom ...	3.31	3.03	92	—8
East Bengal	Nuddea ...	4.35	3.69	85	—15
	Khoolna ...	4.82	5.87	122	+22
	Jessore ...	4.60	3.97	86	—14
	Moorshedabad ...	4.48	3.69	82	—18
	Chittagong ...	6.46	8.13	126	+26
North Bengal	Backergunge ...	5.57	7.92	142	+42
	Noakholly ...	7.27	8.67	119	+19
	Furreedpore ...	4.55	3.43	75	—25
	Dacca ...	5.12	4.15	81	—19
	Commilla ...	5.62	7.28	130	+30
North Behar	Mymensing ...	5.30	5.08	96	—4
	Pubna ...	4.67	5.69	122	+22
	Bogra ...	4.91	3.83	78	—22
	Rajshahye ...	4.98	3.71	74	—26
	Malda ...	4.44	7.08	159	+59
South Behar	Dinagepore ...	4.32	5.86	136	+36
	Rungpore ...	5.18	5.68	110	+10
	Cooch Behar ...	6.16	11.20	182	+82
	Julpigoree ...	6.73	9.63	143	+43
	Purneah ...	3.93	8.00	204	+104
Chutia Nagpur	North Bhagulpore	3.75	8.98	240	+140
	Durbhunga ...	2.88	5.75	200	+100
	Mozufferpore ...	3.16	4.38	139	+39
	Chumparun ...	3.40	0.78	23	—77
	Sarun ...	3.93	1.96	50	—50
Chutia Nagpur	Shahabad ...	3.16	2.83	90	—10
	Gya ...	2.57	2.73	106	+6
	Patna ...	3.17	3.58	113	+13
	Monghyr ...	3.16	3.69	117	+17
	South Bhagulpore	3.86	6.22	161	+61
Chutia Nagpur	Sonthal Pergunnahs	3.92	4.86	124	+24
	Hazaribagh ...	3.14	2.25	72	—28
	Lohardugga ...	2.47	1.20	49	—51
	Singbhoom ...	3.04	1.51	50	—50
	Manbhoom ...	3.91	2.43	62	—38

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the Province for the month of October 1884:—

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISIONS.				TEMPERATURE.					RAINFALL.								
				Highest observed during month.	Lowest observed during month.	Averages for month.			Average mean of month above or below normal mean of month.	Of month.			Rainy days.			Since 15th May 1884.	
						Of highest o each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in month.	Normal average number in month.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	...	...	...	96.4	64.6	86.0	73.4	79.7	-1.5	6.41	6.53	-0.12	7.1	7.9	-0.8	51.72	52.81
South-West Bengal	...	...	...	90.7	62.0	85.7	72.5	79.1	-2.0	4.42	4.56	-0.14	7.0	6.6	+0.4	44.07	50.73
East Bengal	...	...	...	92.3	61.5	85.3	72.7	79.0	-2.1	5.95	5.55	+0.40	7.8	7.6	+0.2	63.95	74.63
North Bengal	...	...	...	91.6	60.7	84.7	69.1	76.9	-	6.03	5.20	+0.83	6.9	6.0	+0.9	53.14	73.24
North Behar	...	...	...	91.7	59.4	85.5	68.4	76.9	-2.7	5.06	3.53	+1.53	4.8	3.5	+1.3	38.47	47.03
South Behar	...	...	...	95.2	60.2	85.2	68.8	77.0	-2.4	4.02	3.21	+0.81	4.8	4.2	+0.6	30.35	42.20
Chutia Nagpur	...	...	...	83.4	52.3	80.1	64.6	72.4	-2.4	2.22	2.82	-0.60	6.4	5.3	+1.1	37.36	46.95

* Chyebassa not included.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL,
The 11th November 1884.

JOHN ELLIOT,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from
2nd to 8th November 1884.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Fahr.	TEMPERATURE.				HYGROMETRY.				WIND.		Rain.	WEATHER.
					Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Prevailing direction.	Miles recorded.		
1884.		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%.			Inches.	
Nov.	2nd	144.7	10.7	29.880	76.8	86.3	15.1	70.2	73.2	0.770	71.4	85	NW and calm ...	36	Nil.	Partially cloudy, P.
"	3rd	141.4	9.5	29.919	76.7	84.1	18.4	70.7	72.0	.725	69.6	80	NW and calm ...	45	"	Chiefly cloudy, P.
"	4th	139.5	10.8	29.906	74.8	82.8	13.0	69.2	69.3	.644	66.2	76	NNW and calm ...	59	"	Partially cloudy, P.
"	5th	136.9	10.8	29.954	73.2	81.0	15.4	66.2	66.2	.549	61.6	69	NW, NNW and calm ...	102	"	Chiefly clear, P.
"	6th	135.7	9.3	29.963	71.7	81.1	15.9	65.2	64.1	.495	58.6	65	NNW and calm ...	120	"	Chiefly clear.
"	7th	134.5	10.7	29.929	70.9	80.5	18.1	62.4	65.0	.543	61.3	72	NW and calm ...	71	"	Clear, P.
"	8th	135.2	10.0	29.950	71.5	80.4	16.2	64.2	64.5	.515	59.8	67	NW, NNW and calm	89	"	Clear, P.

The mean pressure of the seven days ...

The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, S. G.'s Office ...

The total number of hours of bright sunshine ...

The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine ...

The mean temperature of the seven days ...

The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, S. G.'s Office ...

The extreme variation of temperature ...

The maximum temperature ...

The highest velocity of the wind in one hour ...

The highest pressure of wind on one square foot ...

The mean relative humidity ...

The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, S. G.'s Office ...

The total fall of rain from 2nd to 8th November 1884 ...

The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, S. G.'s Office ...

The total fall from 1st January to 8th November 1884 ...

The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, S. G.'s Office ...

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph, and from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h, and 22h.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified, and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides, and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard Newman's No 86 formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph, but those from 4th to 8th November from that of an Osler's anemograph and from a Robinson's anemometer.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

= dew.

HENRY F. BLANFORD,

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA;
Calcutta, the 10th November 1884.

Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India.

Meteorological Report of the Province of Be

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISION.			STATION OBSERVATIONS.												
			AIR PRESSURE.			WIND.		TEMPERATURE.							Average humidity at 10 A. M.
			Mean barometric height, 10 A. M.	Mean reduced to sea-level.	Variation from mean.	Prevailing direction.	Mean wind velocity.	Highest during week.	Lowest during week.	Mean maximum temperature.	Mean minimum temperature of week.	Mean daily temperature of week.	Variation from normal mean of week.	Mean 10 A. M. temperature.	
ORISSA.	Poorce ...	Gopalpore* ...	29°041	29°091	—	N & NNW	202	81°6	71°8	80°3	73°7	77°0	—	78°9	68
	False Point* ...	False Point* ...	29°075	29°097	+°003	NE	154	87°4	62°5	84°3	68°6	76°6	—1°4	80°6	64
	Cuttack ...	Cuttack ...	29°016	29°099	+°012	Calm	24	83°9	64°8	86°0	69°2	77°9	—0°4	81°1	60
	Halsore ...	Halsore ...	29°054	30°014	—	NNW & NE	58	85°5†	59°0	83°4†	68°0†	74°7†	—	78°9	64
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	South-West Midnapore ...	Saugor Island ...	29°062	29°089	—°000	N	199	84°2	63°0	82°3	70°7	76°5	—1°3	78°0	70
	South 24 Pargunnahs... ..	Midnapore ...	29°063	30°017	—	N	109°6	85°8	59°2	83°2	65°4	74°3	—	79°0	53
	24-Pargunnahs	Calcutta ...	29°047	29°039	+°013	NNW	65	85°1	62°2	82°7	68°3	75°6	—1°3	77°3	64
	Howrah	Howrah ...	29°008	30°011	+°011	N & NE	48	85°5	61°4	83°4	67°3	75°3	—2°1	77°3	61
	Burdwan	Burdwan ...	29°075	—	—	NW	83	86°5	58°6	84°6	64°6	74°5	—	78°0	58
	Beerbhoom	Ranigunge ...	29°035	30°003	+°004	N & NW	46°0	83°6	61°7	82°1	63°7	74°4	—3°5	77°2	70
	West Burdwan	Herhampore ...	Observatory not started.												
	Moorsheadabad	Nuddea	Observatory not started.												
	Jessore	Jessore ...	29°051	29°083	0	NNW	69	84°7	62°5	82°7	66°7	74°7	—3°3	78°1	71
	Khoolna	Chittagong ...	29°071	29°062	+°008	ENE	55	85°1	64°5	81°0	67°6	74°5	—3°8	76°4	84
EAST BENGAL.	Chittagong	Chittagong ...	Observations not received.												
	Chittagong Hill Tracts... ..	Demagiri ...	29°094	—	—	N	Out of order.	83°1	63°0	73°5	67°4	73°6	—	76°1	62
	Backergunge	Barisal ...	29°012	29°036	—	NNW	Ditto	87°5	64°4	81°8	67°6	74°7	—	76°5	61
	Noakholly	Noakholly ...	29°044	—	—	N	48	81°5	63°0	82°4	65°7	74°0	—	76°7	72
	Furreedpore	Furreedpore ...	29°056	29°079	+°017	N	41	87°3	63°0	82°0	66°6	74°0	—3°7	75°1	77
	Dacca	Dacca ...	29°035	29°039	—	NW	102°4	86°4	60°9	83°1	67°4	75°3	—	77°7	70
	Comillah	Comillah ...	29°097	—	—	ENE	112	85°4	60°1	82°7	63°8	74°7	—	79°8	71
	Mymensingh	Serajunge ...	29°040	29°087	—	NW	51°5	85°2	61°8	81°6	65°2	73°4	—	76°1	76
	Bogra and Pubna	Rampore Beaulah ...	29°084	29°039	—	N	39°4	78°6	57°7	77°2	61°7	69°5	—	77°1	61
	NORTH BENGAL.	Rajshahye	Dinapore ...	29°074	30°002	—	NE	50	85°8	57°6	82°7	61°2	71°9	—	76°4	69
Dinapore		Kungpore ...	29°009	29°003	—	E	65°7	84°9†	58°1	82°2†	60°4†	71°3†	—	76°3	63
Julpigoree		Julpigoree ...	23°064	—	—	Calm	28	62°1	39°7	57°1	41°4	49°3	—	51°6	77
Cooch Behar		Darjeeling ...	29°072	30°002	+°013	Calm	10	84°7	55°0	84°5	69°4	71°9	—2°8	76°6	65
Darjeeling Hill Districts		Observations incomplete.													
Purneah		Purneah ...	29°049	30°021	+°057	WNW	113	83°4	58°9	81°6	63°3	72°6	—1°4	75°0	69
North Bhawalpore		Mozufferpore ...	29°073	30°005	—	W	112°5	85°6	52°0	83°8	57°4	70°0	—	76°9	56
Mozufferpore		Durbhunga ...	29°024	—	—	NNW	72°8	84°5	57°1	83°3	62°4	72°0	—	77°2	61
Durbhunga		Chumbarun ...	29°007	30°030	—	SSW	140°5	87°0†	60°5	83°2	64°1	73°7	—	77°0	53
Chumbarun		Lehrce ...	29°076	30°016	—	NW	Out of order.	84°4	55°9	83°3	63°0	73°1	—	79°7	53
SOUTH BENGAL.	Sarun	Buxar ...	29°003	30°005	—	NW	20°5	83°3	56°0	82°2	61°3	71°8	—	76°1	58
	Shahabad	Arrah ...	29°025	30°012	†	W	34	84°3	54°2	83°6	60°9	72°3	—2°5	75°3	47
	Gya	Bankipore ...	29°040	30°030	+°024	W	38	85°3	54°8	82°4	63°6	73°1	—1°7	76°1	64
	Patna	Shahulpore ...	29°030	29°006	—	WSW	31	83°4	56°0	81°7	62°7	72°2	—	77°7	60
	South Bhawalpore	Doonah ...	29°497	—	—	NW	90°7	84°1	56°0	82°6	62°8	72°7	—	75°7	77
	Houghyr	Hazaribagh ...	27°070	30°027	+°007	N & NW	144	79°4	55°3	77°8	59°0	68°4	—2°8	71°6	51
	Sonthal Pargunnahs	Lohardigha ...	27°054	30°016	—	—	—	80°8	54°7	76°4	55°0	67°2	—	71°7	54
	Hazaribagh	Lancree ...	29°210	—	—	NE	27°4†	86°8°	54°0	85°9°	65°2°	75°5°	—	75°9	51
	Lohardigha	Unyedaassa ...	29°210	—	—	NE	27°4†	86°8°	54°0	85°9°	65°2°	75°5°	—	75°9	51
	Unyedaassa	Unyedaassa ...	29°210	—	—	NE	27°4†	86°8°	54°0	85°9°	65°2°	75°5°	—	75°9	51

* For five days.
† For six days.

Explanation.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical averages or means of the readings during the month. The humidity of the atmosphere is expressed as a percentage, saturated air being represented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast by 100. The normal means of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the sub-divisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A re-

10 week ending Friday, the 7th of November 1884.

DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS.										Representative station.	DISTRICT.	METEOROLOGICAL DIVISION.
RAINFALL.												
Of week.		Since 1st of month.			Since 15th May.			Average number of rainy days.	Normal number of rainy days.			
Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.					
Nil	1.38	Nil	1.38	-1.38	49.41	50.43	-7.02	0.0	1.7	Gopalpore	Pooree	ORISSA.
Nil	0.56	Nil	0.56	-0.56	47.65	51.81	-4.16	0.0	1.0	False Point	Cuttack	
0.02	0.73	0.02	0.73	-0.71	56.11	53.11	+3.00	0.2	1.1	Balasore	Balasore	
Nil	0.32	Nil	0.32	-0.32	59.50	61.47	+8.12	0.0	0.3	Saukor Island	South-West Midnapore	SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.
Nil	0.21	Nil	0.21	-0.21	43.01	49.73	-6.72	0.0	0.7	Midnapore	South 24-Pergunnahs	
0.02	0.31	0.02	0.31	-0.29	49.04	50.73	-1.08	0.3	0.8	Calcutta	Midnapore	
Nil	0.35	Nil	0.35	-0.35	35.91	46.14	-10.23	0.0	0.6	Calcutta	24-Pergunnahs	SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.
0.05	0.21	0.05	0.21	-0.16	39.02	50.92	-11.90	0.1	0.7	Burdwan	Howrah	
Nil	0.18	Nil	0.18	-0.18	35.42	49.46	-14.04	0.0	0.4	Burdwan	Hooghly	
Nil	0.32	Nil	0.3	-0.32	36.42	49.26	-12.84	0.0	0.6	Burdwan	Burdwan	SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.
0.28	0.30	0.28	0.30	-0.02	53.12	52.78	+0.34	0.7	0.7	Bankura	Bankura	
2.66	0.78	2.61	0.78	+1.83	106.07	111.16	-5.09	1.5	1.2	Bankura	West Burdwan	
2.41	1.38	2.41	1.38	+1.03	62.66	85.38	-22.72	2.0	1.4	Bankura	Moorsheadabad	SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.
4.26	0.72	4.26	0.72	+3.54	83.33	75.99	+7.24	1.0	1.2	Bankura	Nuddea	
7.82	0.91	7.82	0.91	+6.91	95.44	108.76	-13.32	1.5	1.3	Bankura	Jessore	
0.63	0.27	0.63	0.27	+0.36	43.88	55.76	-11.88	1.3	0.6	Jessore	Khoully	SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.
0.76	0.45	0.76	0.45	+0.31	47.80	57.45	-10.65	1.0	0.8	Jessore	Chittagong	
1.81	0.44	1.81	0.44	+1.37	64.16	70.45	-6.29	1.8	0.9	Chittagong	Chittagong Hill Tracts	
0.34	0.22	0.34	0.22	+0.12	45.79	68.37	-22.58	1.0	0.6	Dumagiri	Backergunge	SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.
0.16	0.23	0.16	0.23	-0.07	37.72	55.56	-17.84	0.3	0.5	Dumagiri	Nowkhilly	
Nil	0.13	Nil	0.13	-0.13	34.05	53.00	-18.95	0.0	0.3	Dumagiri	Furzedpore	
Nil	0.05	Nil	0.05	-0.05	38.74	56.34	-17.60	0.0	0.1	Furzedpore	Dacca	SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.
Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0	49.70	75.28	-25.58	0.0	0.0	Dacca	Commillah	
Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0	95.23	113.78	-18.55	0.0	0.0	Commillah	Mymensingh	
Nil	0.07	Nil	0.07	-0.07	113.61	151.87	-38.26	0.0	0.1	Mymensingh	Bogra and Pubna	SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.
Nil	0.01	Nil	0.01	-0.01	46.19	57.54	-11.35	0.0	0.1	Sernagunge	Rajahmundry	
Nil	0.02	Nil	0.02	-0.02	31.70	42.07	-7.37	0.0	0.1	Rajahmundry	Dumagiri	
Nil	0.02	Nil	0.02	-0.02	41.80	43.88	-2.08	0.0	0.1	Rajahmundry	Dumagiri	SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.
Nil	0.02	Nil	0.02	-0.02	30.53	40.57	-10.05	0.0	0.1	Dumagiri	Rajahmundry	
Nil	0.14	Nil	0.14	-0.14	29.10	38.88	-9.78	0.0	0.1	Jalpigoree	Cooch Behar	
Nil	0.19	Nil	0.19	-0.19	27.75	39.53	-11.78	0.0	0.2	Darjeeling	Darjeeling Hill Districts	SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.
Nil	0.12	Nil	0.12	-0.12	28.03	40.23	-12.20	0.0	0.1	Purnea	Purnea	
Nil	0.03	Nil	0.03	-0.03	29.82	41.71	-11.89	0.0	0.1	Muzafferpore	Muzafferpore	
Nil	0.07	Nil	0.07	-0.07	33.44	43.47	-10.03	0.0	0.4	Dumagiri	Dumagiri	SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.
Nil	0.22	Nil	0.22	-0.22	34.37	46.35	-11.98	0.0	0.8	Dumagiri	Chumpran	
Nil	0.22	Nil	0.22	-0.22	36.99	48.95	-9.96	0.0	0.8	Chumpran	Sherkatad	
Nil	0.22	Nil	0.22	-0.22	41.07	50.92	-9.85	0.0	1.0	Dumagiri	Gya	SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.
										Patna	Patna	
										South Bhagulpore	South Bhagulpore	
										Monghyr	Monghyr	SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.
										South Bhagulpore	South Bhagulpore	
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										Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh	

the past ten years. The variations are *negatives* when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and *positive* when greater. The number denoting cloud amount represents the part of the sky covered, the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head "district observations" for the period in question during the past 12 years. The means for the "district" are the numerical averages of the rainfall returns received on which at least an hundredth of an inch fell.

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Friday (6 p.m.), the 7th November 1884.

			RAINFALL.							TOTAL.		Total rain- fall from 1st to 7th November 1884.	Average total rain- fall from 1st to 7th November.	Total rain- fall since 15th May 1884.	Ave- rage rain- fall from May to Oct.	
Meteorological division.	District.	Station.	Saturday, 1st November.	Sunday, 2nd November.	Monday, 3rd November.	Tuesday, 4th November.	Wednesday, 5th November.	Thursday, 6th November.	Friday, 7th November.	Number rainy days.	Rainfall week.					
ORISSA	Pooree	Pooree									Nil	Nil	Nil	1'39	58'82	
		Khurda									Nil	Nil	Nil	1'12	55'14	
		Banpur									Nil	Nil	Nil	1'42	56'51	
		False Point									Nil	Nil	Nil	1'58	61'85	
		Hookitola									Nil	Nil	Nil	?	38'70	
	Cuttack	Jagatsingapore									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'53	54'40	
		Banki									Nil	Nil	Nil	?	45'11	
		Cuttack									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'75	50'63	
		Kendrapara									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'58	40'65	
		Jajpore									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'38	44'02	
	Balasore	Chandbali									Nil	Nil	Nil	1'19	59'00	
		Bhuddruck									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'00	58'20	
		Sorah				0 12					1	0'12	0'12	0'06	45'37	
		Balasore									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'88	67'50	
		Jellasore									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'33	50'59	
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore	Baripodah									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'00		
		Contai									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'08	66'85	
		Saugor Island									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'60	75'64	
		Tumlook									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'30	45'00	
		Mudnigore									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'24	46'15	
	24-Pergunnahs	Ghatatal									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'09	37'88	
		Diamond Har- bour.									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'29	66'29	
		Alipore Jail									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'37	57'88	
		Barrackpore									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'51	48'90	
		Dum-Dum									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'23	55'48	
	Howrah	Barasat									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'28	46'33	
		Buseerhat		0'02							1	0'02	0'02	0'29	59'32	
		Howrah		0'01							1	0'01	0'01	0'33	46'33	
		Mohesra									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'44	43'49	
		(Oolabera.)									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'21	56'75	
Hooghly	Serampore									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'22	39'23		
	Hooghly									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'26	54'42		
	Jehanabad		0'18							1	0'18	0'18	0'44	36'70		
	Culina									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'34	35'32		
	Burdwan									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'26	35'75		
Bankoora	Cutwa									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'12	40'03		
	Kanugunge									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'15	54'86		
	Bankoora									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'02	33'48		
	Bishenpore									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'31	31'51		
	Malikra			0'33						Nil	Nil	Nil	0'06	46'25		
Heerbhoom	Khatra									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'08	41'06		
	Bh. Soory									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'14			
	Hetampore									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'32	35'00		
	Naddea									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'44	38'36		
	Songong									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'40	29'72		
Khoolna	Ramghat									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'40	37'44		
	Kishnaghur									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'10	34'72		
	Choodanga									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'21	41'81		
	Meherpore									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'31	62'47		
	Koostha									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'43	68'11		
Jessore	Satkira									1	1'05	0'50	0'32	64'54		
	Bagirhat		1'03							1	0'50					
	Khoolna		0'50													
	Narail			0'17						1	0'17	0'12	0'44	39'01		
	Jessore			0'12						1	0'12	0'12	0'28	61'75		
EAST BENGAL	Moorshedabad	Jhendah								Nil	Nil	Nil	0'11	48'80		
		Magoorah		0'12							1	0'12	0'12	0'19	44'19	
		Kandi									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'15	35'02	
		Rampore Haut									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'12	33'12	
		berhampore									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'25	32'64	
	Chittagong	Lalbagh									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'30	34'05	
		Azimkunge									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'16	39'04	
		Jungipore									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'06	32'42	
		Lakola									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'14	30'20	
		Cor's Bazar		2'46							1	2'46	2'46	0'01	128'75	
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Chittagong		2'74	0'12						2	2'86	2'86	0'62	84'37	
		Ranekmati		2'16	0'23						2	2'41	2'41	1'38	62'06	
		Kaicha		2'05	0'08						2	2'13	2'13	?	62'44	
		Akrotola		1'53	0'48						2	2'01	2'01	0'50	54'78	
		Backergunge									1	0'00?	0'00?	0'70	84'20	
Noakholly	Patuakhally		6'00							1	3'71	3'71	0'54	70'02		
	Ferozepore									1	3'06	3'06	0'69	87'00		
	Burnial		3'71							1	3'06	3'06	0'69	87'00		
	Bhola		3'06							1	3'06	3'06	0'69	87'00		
	Noakholly		8'00	0'24						2	8'24	8'24	0'03	97'02		
Furreedpore	Fenny		6'50							2	6'74	6'74	0'00	93'24		
	Madanpore		1'25							1	1'25	1'25	0'20	46'31		
	Furreedpore		0'26	0'09						2	0'35	0'35	0'20	47'47		
	Comindo		0'30							1	0'30	0'30	0'32	57'87		
	Dacca									1	0'30	0'30	0'32	57'87		
Gumilla	Munshingunge		1'24							1	1'24	1'24	0'36	67'74		
	Dacca		0'85							1	0'85	0'85	0'34	42'44		
	Narankunge		1'05							1	1'05	1'05	?	46'84		
	Munshingunge		0'21							1	0'21	0'21	0'44	43'84		
	Comilla									2	2'23	2'23	0'52	77'04		
Mymensingh	Comilla		1'80	0'43						1	1'85	1'85	0'30	61'30		
	Chandpore		1'85							2	1'15	1'15	0'33	63'40		
	Braunmunberia		1'02	0'13												
	Kishoregungo		0'56							1	0'56	0'56	0'34	42'67		
	Atia									Nil	Nil	Nil	0'23	28'51		
Mymensingh	Mymensingh		0'29							1	0'29	0'29	0'13	42'11		
	Jamshapore		0'32							1	0'32	0'32	?	65'91		
	Netrokona		0'10							1	0'10	0'10	?			

ment of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Friday (6 p.m.), the 7th November 1884—concluded.

Division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL.							TOTAL.		Total rainfall from 1st to 7th November 1884.	Average total rainfall from 1st to 7th November.	Total rainfall since 15th May 1884.	Average rainfall from 15th May to date.
			Saturday, 1st November.	Sunday, 2nd November.	Monday, 3rd November.	Tuesday, 4th November.	Wednesday, 5th November.	Thursday, 6th November.	Friday, 7th November.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall week.				
BENGAL	Pubna	Pubna	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.13	43.34	53.91
		Sorajunge	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.40	40.13	52.38
	Bogra	Sherpore	0.47	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1	0.47	0.47	0.38	37.23	51.23
		Nowkhilla	0.46	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1	0.46	0.46	0.24	38.10	54.57
		Bokra	0.10	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1	0.10	0.10	0.11	37.98	60.92
		Panchbibi	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	39.97	53.21
	Rajshahye	Bonleah	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.06	33.99	53.45
		Natore	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.22	36.16	55.31
		Nowgong	0.10	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1	0.10	0.10	?	43.88	?
	Maldah	Maldah	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.12	33.81	50.35
	Dinagopore	Mohadebore	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.06	33.98	58.63
		Churamon	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	?	41.61	49.65
		Raungree	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.07	42.29	54.38
		Dunagopore	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.06	34.04	62.58
		Baloorghat	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	?	37.72	?
	Gangpore	Bhawanigunge (Gyabanda)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	43.37	62.58
		Raungpore	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	56.57	74.19
		Kurigram	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	48.87	73.97
		Baklogia (Alphamart)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	48.99	90.45
	Julpigore	Julpigore	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	101.56	115.82
BENGAL	Cooch Behar	Dinhat	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	84.38	98.78
		Cooch Behar	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	119.02	119.37
		Mickhunge	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	84.74	110.28
		Matabhanga	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	80.55	125.75
	Darjeeling Hill.	Buxa	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.14	131.09	195.86
		Siliguri	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	?	85.43	?
		Darjeeling	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.01	90.11	107.83
		Kalimping	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	?	64.20	?
	Purneah	Kissengunge	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	65.75	66.87
		Artaleah	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	51.62	62.08
		Purneah	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.01	46.39	60.56
	North Bhagulpore.	Maddapore	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.02	37.80	49.30
		Soopool	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	29.29	48.22
	Durbhunga	Tajpore	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.02	31.77	40.14
		Durbhunga	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.01	30.33	41.16
		Andhubani	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	49.02	42.95
	Mosufferpore	Sitamarhi	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	36.93	39.72
		Mosufferpore	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.02	34.43	44.38
		Hajpore	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.07	34.08	41.02
BENGAL	Chumpran	Motihari	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	41.51	41.11
		Betuan	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	44.63	47.43
	Sarun	Gopalgunge	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.05	34.38	43.60
		Swan	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.03	28.75	43.23
		Chuprah	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.02	32.28	37.90
	Shahabad	Buxar	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.06	28.58	37.28
		Deoria	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	?	31.27	?
		Budhoah	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.40	28.74	40.40
		Budhoah	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.05	31.61	39.94
		Arrah	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.04	24.21	37.93
	Jya	Aurungabad	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.15	34.23	40.05
		Gya	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.26	24.96	41.90
		Nowadah	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.11	21.52	34.80
		Jehanabad	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.18	27.20	38.54
	Patna	Patna	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.06	29.84	40.15
		Dinapore	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.06	30.21	38.17
		Behar	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.17	18.05	41.84
		Barr	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.17	31.63	39.44
	Monghyr	Begoonera	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.01	25.33	38.95
		Monghyr	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.03	31.33	40.09
		Jamui	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.01	35.70	41.62
BENGAL	South Bhagulpore.	Bhagulpore	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.03	25.08	39.36
		Bauka	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.06	43.49	43.49
	South Pergunnahs.	Rajmahal	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.02	32.47	48.35
		Godda	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.03	20.11	45.06
		Pakour	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.02	34.02	51.72
		Nya Doomka	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.07	29.91	61.48
		Deognur	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.09	31.11	48.46
		Jamui	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.13	47.13	45.18
	Hasaribagh	Pachamba	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.00	35.55	45.54
		Hasaribagh	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.19	38.50	46.93
		Somnagar	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.23	45.42	45.42
		Anandil Hills	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.33	35.14	47.72
	Lohardugga	Lohardugga	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	?	40.44	?
		Kanchi	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.30	43.91	50.76
		Paimow	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.38	24.67	41.77
	Singbhoom	Chyebansa	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.22	44.07	50.92
	Manbhoom	Puruna	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.15	38.25	49.10
		Gobindapore	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.02	31.15	46.16

— Indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, the corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns or corresponding spaces in the total rainfall column are left blank.

TTA, the 12th November 1884.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL DURING THE WEEK ENDING THE 7TH NOVEMBER 1884.

AFTER the considerable burst of rainfall of the last week of October (which occurred between the 23rd and the 27th), fine weather with clear skies and northerly winds set in again over the Province, and continued to the end of the month. Monsoon winds apparently prevailed during this period over the south of the Bay. They were, however, not continued to the Coromandel coast in the normal manner, and weather became unsettled in the Bay on the 31st of October. A rapid fall of the barometer occurred on the first day of the week under review. The winds shifted at the head of the Bay, and indicated feeble cyclonic circulation. A small but severe whirl was generated, probably on the morning of the 1st, in the north-east of the Bay, and passed along the Chittagong coast, and across the mouth of the Megna into the Noakholly and Commillah districts. As it filled up almost entirely before the morning of the 2nd, the observations give little information of its advance. Very strong winds blew over, and to the east of, the path of the centre. It lasted for about five hours (from noon to 5 p.m.) at Chittagong and inflicted much damage on the native craft. It gave very heavy rain to the Chittagong, Noakholly, Commillah, and Backergunge districts, moderately heavy rain to the remainder of East Bengal, and light rain to Jessore, Khulna, Bogra, and Pubna. The Noakholly district received an average of 7.8 inches, Backergunge of 4.3 inches, Chittagong of 2.5 inches, and Commillah of 1.8 inches. The average rainfall of East Bengal for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m. of the 1st was 2.2 inches. After it passed away, winds began to strengthen again on the Coromandel Coast. On the morning of the 3rd north-east monsoon gradients were again established over the Bay. Heavy rain commenced to fall on that day on the South Coromandel and Ceylon coasts. Madras received nearly 23 inches, and Negapatam $21\frac{1}{2}$ inches, between the 3rd and the 10th. The weather in Bengal from the 2nd has been such as usually accompanies a strong north-east monsoon on the Madras coast. Pressure has been steadily above the average; the mean daily temperature from 2° to 5° below the normal; the minimum night temperature unusually low; the air drier than usual; and the north-westerly winds very steady.

Pressure was slightly above the average at the end of the previous week, on Friday, the 31st October. A very rapid fall occurred during the next 24 hours, which was largest in amount at Calcutta ($15''$) and Saugor Island ($14''$), and diminished northwards, westwards, and eastwards. A slight depression was hence in existence at the head of the Bay, indicating some disturbance. A small cyclonic storm or eddy passed northwards along the Chittagong coast and across the mouth of the Megna during the day. It commenced to fill up during the night, and completely disappeared on Sunday morning, when the barometer was rising rapidly. Pressure was considerably above the average on the 3rd by amounts ranging from $03''$ to $08''$. During the remainder of the week it oscillated within narrow limits, and the changes were of no importance. The mean pressure of the week was approximately normal in Orissa, East Bengal, South-West Bengal, and Chutia Nagpur. It was excessive in Behar, more especially in Central Behar, as represented by Durbhunga and Patna.

Temperature.—The disturbance at the commencement of the week brought up moist winds into the Province, which increased the humidity, produced more or less cloud in Bengal, and, as a further consequence, increased temperature, except in the area of heavy rainfall. Hence temperature was slightly above the normal in Orissa and South-West Bengal on the 2nd and 3rd. Normal cold-weather conditions and dry cool winds were established generally over the Province again on the 3rd or 4th, and temperature was considerably below the normal in all divisions after the 3rd. This was chiefly due to the abnormally low night temperatures. The following table giving the minimum night temperature on the first and last day of the week at nine stations illustrates the reduction that has occurred during the week:—

		Minimum temperature registered on Satur- day morning, 1st November.	Minimum temperature registered on Friday morning, 7th Novem- ber.	Decrease during week.
Calcutta	...	73.7	62.2	11.5
Berhampore	...	72.1	62.2	9.9
Chittagong	...	71.0	66.0	5.0
Serajgunge	...	72.2	61.8	10.4
Motihari	...	60.3	54.4	5.9
Buxar	...	67.3	55.9	11.4
Gya	...	67.3	54.2	13.1
Bankipore	...	67.2	59.8	7.4
Nya Doomka	...	67.9	59.5	8.4

The night temperature has hence diminished from 10° to 18° during the past fortnight over the whole of the interior of the Province.

The mean temperature of the week was 4° less than the normal mean at the East Bengal stations, 2° to 3° less in Behar and Chutia Nagpore, and 1° to 2° in Orissa and South-West Bengal.

Rainfall.—The only rainfall of the past week occurred in connection with the disturbance of the 1st. Rain was received over the whole of East Bengal, the Jessore and Khoolna districts of South-West Bengal, and the Pubna and Bogra districts of North Bengal. The

amount received was unusually large in the Noakholly, Backergunge, Commillah and Chittagong districts, and moderate or small in the remainder of the area of disturbance. The following table gives the rainfalls registered at 6 P.M. of the 1st, exceeding two inches:—

District.	Station.	Rainfall in inches.
Noakholly	Noakholly ...	... 8 90
	Fenny ...	... 6 50
	Patuakhally ...	... 6 00
Backergunge	Barrisaul ...	... 3 71
	Bhola ...	... 3 06
	Chittagong ...	... 2 74
Chittagong	Cox's Bazar ...	... 2 46
	Rangamati ...	... 2 16

A few light showers fell on the 2nd, but they were of no importance. The average rainfall of the week is very small, except in the coast districts of Orissa and East Bengal. It is less than a tenth of an inch generally in Behar, and than a quarter of an inch over the greater part of North and South-West Behar and the northern districts of East Bengal. It varies between half an inch and an inch and a half over Orissa and the coast districts of East Bengal. The rainfall of the week was eight times its normal amount in Noakholly, six times in Backergunge, four times in Commillah and Chittagong. It was in excess by small or moderate amounts in Mymensingh, Dacca, and Furreedpore. It was slightly in defect in Jessore and Bogra and Pubna. No rainfall in any other district of the Province.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the Province for the week ending Friday, the 7th November 1884:—

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISIONS.	TEMPERATURE.						RAINFALL.									
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Averages for week.			Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Of week.			Rainy days.			Since 1st of month.		Since 15th May.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	88°9	59°6	83°7	69°4	70°5	—0°0	0 01	0°86	—0°85	0 1	1 2	—1 1	0 01	0°86	51°90	53°67
South-West Bengal ...	86°5	54°6	83°0	67°1	75°0	—2 3	0°06	0°29	—0°23	0 2	0 7	—0°5	0°06	0°29	44°51	51°02
East Bengal	87°5	60°1	81°9	67°0	74°4	—3°8	2°20	0°64	+1°66	1 3	0 9	+0°4	2 20	0°54	65°33	75°17
North Bengal	85°8*	57°6*	80°9*	62°1*	71°5*	—	0°06	0°08	—0°02	0 2	0 2	0	0 06	0°08	53°18	72°32
North Behar	85°0†	52°9†	83°3†	66°6†	72°0†	—2°6†	Nil	0°02	—0°02	0 0	0 1	—0°1	Nil	0°02	39°10	47°05
South Behar	87°9‡	54°2	82°7	62°7	72°7	—2°1	Nil	0°10	—0°10	0 0	0 2	—0°2	Nil	0°10	30°11	42°39
Chittis Nagpur	80°8‡	54°7‡	81°2‡	61°6‡	71°4‡	—2°8‡	Nil	0°22	—0°22	0 0	0 3	—0°8	Nil	0°22	56°51	47°17

* Dinapore not included.
† Mozufferpore not included.
‡ Chyebassa not included.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL;

JOHN ELIOT,

The 11th November 1884.

Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

**Abstract of the results of Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore
Observatory in the month of October 1884.**

	Inches.	Date.	Hour.
The mean pressure of the month	29.880		
The average pressure of October from 24 years' registers ...	29.832		
The highest pressure in the month	30.109	19th	10h.
The lowest pressure in the month	29.589	2nd	16h.
The range of pressure	0.520		
Hours.			
The total number of hours of bright sunshine during the month	235.5		
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine ...	359.1		
°			
The mean temperature of the month	78.5		
The average temperature of October from 24 years' registers...	81.5		
The highest temperature in the month	88.2	13th	
The lowest temperature in the month	65.9	30th	
The range of temperature during the month	22.3		
The mean daily range of temperature	11.6		
The greatest range of temperature in one day	16.4	30th	
Per cent.			
The mean humidity of the month	82		
The average humidity of October from 24 years' registers ...	79		
Inches.			
The mean vapour tension of the month	0.796		
The average vapour tension of October from 9 years' registers..	0.854		
The mean cloud proportion of the month	4.17		
The average cloud proportion of October from 7 years' registers ..	4.24		
The total rainfall of the month	3.71		
The total rainfall indicated by a Beckley's self-registering rain-gauge (mouth of the gauge 50.5 feet above the ground)	3.15		
The average fall of October from 48 years' registers ...	5.61		
The greatest fall in 24 hours	1.53	3rd	
Days.			
The number of rainy days in the month	5		
The average number of rainy days in October from 24 years' registers	10		
°			
The mean maximum equilibrium temperature of solar radiation during the month	139.3		
The mean difference of sun and air temperatures	51.4		
The greatest sun temperature	153.0	4th	
The greatest excess of sun over air temperature	66.2	27th	
The mean temperature of the nocturnal radiation thermometer on woollen cloth	64.3		
The mean depression of the nocturnal radiation thermometer below the minimum air temperature at 4 feet above the ground	9.0		
The greatest depression of the nocturnal radiation thermometer below the minimum air temperature	13.9	30th	
Miles.			
The mean movement of the wind per day	65.2		
The greatest movement of the wind in one day	143.0	24th	
The greatest movement of the wind in one hour	13.0	{ 23rd 2 to 3 P.M. 24th 1 to 2 ,,	
The number of hours with winds from each of the 8 points—			
N. 119, NE. 34, E. 86, SE. 62, S. 32, SW. 26, W. 45, NW. 72, Calm 268.			

The results of observations at the Alipore Observatory are not rigorously comparable with the registers of past years (at the Park-street Observatory). The barometer is about 3 feet higher at Alipore, and, other things being equal, reads therefore .003 lower. The diurnal range of temperature is also greater at Alipore, and the mean temperature apparently about 0.8 lower; and finally, the thermometer, which has furnished the record of temperature at the Surveyor-General's Office during the last 20 years and upwards, is found to read 0.6 higher than the Kew standard thermometer, which is the standard of reference at the present Observatory.

**Results of the Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office,
Chowringhee, from 2nd to 8th November 1884.**

MONTH.	Date.	TEMPERATURE.				Mean wet bulb.	HYGROMETRY.			Rain.
		Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.		Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	
		°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
November	2nd	77.7	83.9	13.2	70.8	73.9	.787	72.0	83	Nil
"	3rd	78.1	83.8	12.0	71.8	72.4	.720	69.4	75	"
"	4th	75.9	82.8	15.0	67.8	69.3	.629	65.5	71	"
"	5th	73.8	82.8	17.8	65.0	65.9	.532	60.7	68	"
"	6th	72.5	81.3	17.5	63.8	63.9	.481	57.9	60	"
"	7th	70.9	81.8	20.8	61.0	64.9	.537	61.0	71	"
"	8th	72.2	79.8	16.5	63.3	65.5	.540	61.1	68	"

The mean temperature of the seven days ... 74.4

The extreme variation of temperature ... 22.8

The maximum temperature ... 83.8

The mean relative humidity ... 70%

The total fall of rain from 2nd to 8th November 1884 ... Nil

The mean temperature and humidity are obtained by applying to the mean of the 10h, 16h and minimum readings a correction dependent on the range, and derived from the hourly observations at the Surveyor-General's Office, Chowringhee, in past years.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA;
Calcutta, the 10th November 1884.

H. F. BLANFORD,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

**Abstract of the results of the Thermometric Observations taken at the Meteorological
Office, Chowringhee, in the month of October 1884.**

			Date.
The mean temperature during the month	...	79.0	
The highest temperature during the month	...	89.8	9th, 13th & 16th
The lowest temperature during the month	...	66.0	30th
The range of temperature during the month	...	23.8	
The mean daily range of temperature during the month	...	12.8	
The greatest range of temperature in one day during the month	...	17.3	20th
The mean humidity during the month	...	83	
The mean vapour tension during the month	...	.823	
The total rainfall of the month	...	3.76	
The greatest fall in 24 hours	...	1.48	3rd
The number of rainy days in the month	...	7	

HENRY F. BLANFORD,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA;
The 10th November 1884.

MEMORANDA.

The first class Municipalities in Bengal presented during the week ending 25th October 1884, the birth and death-rates of 25·8 and 28·7 per 1,000 of population, respectively, against the proportions in the preceding week ending 18th October, of 25·7 and 29·0 per 1,000, respectively.

2. These events were returned in the highest proportions from the following Municipalities :—

Births.			Deaths.		
		Ratio per mille.			Ratio per mille.
Mozufferpore	...	45·0	Jessore	...	55·1
Comillah	...	38·5	Gya	...	47·1
Serampore	...	37·3	Chupra	...	45·9
Bhagulpore	...	37·1	Dacca	...	39·6
Howrah	...	36·9	Utterpara	...	37·8
Burdwan	...	36·6	Suburbs of Calcutta	...	36·2
Durbhanga	...	33·8	Kishnaghur	...	36·0
Kishnaghur	...	32·2	Purneah	...	34·6
Gya	...	31·5	Midnapore	...	32·5
Midnapore	...	31·0	Poori	...	32·1
			Serampore	...	29·4

3. The mean rates at which the population of the Municipalities died from the principal diseases, exhibit no very marked variations in comparison with the mortality during the preceding week, *vide* figures given below :—

		Ratio per mille during the weeks ending—	
		25th October 1884.	18th October 1884.
Cholera	...	1·8	1·4
Small-pox	...	·1	·03
Fever	...	13·3	12·8
Bowel-complaints	...	4·7	4·9
Injury	...	·3	·4
Other causes	...	8·4	9·4

4. Of the above-mentioned diseases, cholera, fever, bowel-complaints, and the diseases classed under the head of "Other causes" were most fatal in the following Municipalities :—

Cholera.	Fever.	Bowel-complaints.	Other causes.
Ratio per mille.	Ratio per mille.	Ratio per mille.	Ratio per mille.
Chupra ... 16·5	Jessore ... 42·8	Serampore ... 13·7	Gya ... 17·1
Narainganj ... 12·4	Purneah ... 34·6		Dacca ... 15·6
Gya ... 4·8	Kishnaghur ... 28·4		Suburbs of Calcutta ... 13·9
Suburbs of Calcutta ... 2·3			Poori ... 12·8
			Midnapore ... 10·8

5. The mortality of the week, classified under the heads of *Sex*, *Class*, and *Age*, stands as follows :—

According to Sex.		According to Class.		According to Age.	
	Ratio per mille.		Ratio per mille.		Ratio per mille.
Males	...	Christians	34·8	Under 1 year	255·6
Females	...	Hindus	30·4	1 and under 5 years	35·6
Ratio of male deaths to every 100 female deaths	143	Mahomedans	24·5	5 " 10 "	13·9
		Other classes	72·8	15 " 20 "	17·7
				20 " 30 "	15·2
				30 " 40 "	18·2
				40 " 50 "	22·1
				50 " 60 "	21·4
				60 years and upwards	25·1
					63·3

R. LIDDERDALE, M.D., Deputy Surgeon-General,

The 10th November 1884.

Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

MORTALITY ACCORDING TO—

Disease.

BIRTHS.

POPULATION.

DISTRICTS.
NAMES OF MUNICIPALITIES.

DISTRICTS.	NAMES OF MUNICIPALITIES.		NUMBER OF—		RATIO PER 1,000 OF POPULATION PER ANNUM.		DEATHS FROM—		RATIO PER 1,000 OF POPULATION PER ANNUM.						DEATHS.		RATIO PER 1,000 OF POPULATION PER ANNUM.		Ratio of male deaths to every 100 female deaths.											
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Typhoid.	Injury.	Other diseases.	All causes.	Males.	Females.														
																	Males.	Females.		Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Typhoid.	Injury.	Other diseases.	All causes.	
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Ratio of male births to every 100 female births.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Typhoid.	Injury.	Other diseases.	All causes.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Typhoid.	Injury.	Other diseases.	All causes.	Males.	Females.							
Burdwan	13,063	16,017	34,080	14	10	24	21.3	13.3	36.6	140	...	...	...	...	4	15	...	...	...	...	...	6.1	22.9	33.6	8	7	23.0	22.7	114	
Midnapur	16,927	16,633	33,560	13	7	20	20.1	10.8	31.0	135	...	...	...	...	7	21	...	...	...	...	...	10.8	32.5	13.9	12	9	36.9	28.1	133	
Hughli	19,179	19,539	38,718	8	...	8	10.7	...	10.7	No female births.	1	...	...	...	5	21	...	...	...	...	...	6.7	28.1	29.6	14	7	33.0	19.6	200	
Serampore	13,559	12,937	26,496	10	9	19	19.6	17.7	37.3	111	...	...	...	...	3	15	...	...	...	...	...	5.9	29.4	37.4	8	7	30.7	28.1	114	
	3,946	2,464	5,510	...	2	2	...	...	...	No male births.	...	...	...	...	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	18.9	37.8	19.2	2	2	34.1	42.2	100	
Howrah	60,989	44,639	105,628	47	28	75	23.1	13.8	36.9	167	...	...	...	...	11	44	...	...	...	...	...	5.4	21.6	26.1	24	20	20.5	23.2	120	
24-Pargannas	147,205	104,234	251,439	71	59	130	14.7	12.2	26.9	120	...	...	...	...	2	67	175	2.3	...	...	...	13.9	36.2	33.9	106	69	37.4	34.4	183	
Nuddea	13,263	14,214	27,477	7	10	17	13.2	15.9	32.2	70	...	...	...	...	3	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	12.9	11.2	100
	4,028	4,655	8,683	...	1	1	...	6.0	6.0	No male births.	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.7	1.7	10.5	...	...	...	...	No male deaths.
Ranaghat	13,708	15,879	29,587	4	8	12	7.0	14.0	21.0	50	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	6.1	55.1	30.6	6	3	64.6	42.6	200	
Santopore	4,830	3,665	8,495	1	2	3	6.1	12.2	18.3	50	...	...	...	...	1	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	133
Jessore	10,766	9,025	19,791	5	3	8	13.1	7.9	21.0	166	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rajahmundry	5,029	2,947	7,976	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Darjiling	42,782	37,379	80,161	15	14	29	9.7	9.1	19.8	107	...	...	...	...	24	61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca	7,095	4,866	12,561	2	...	2	8.3	...	8.3	No female births.	3	...	...	...	...	6	12.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Narayanganje	13,340	8,790	22,130	8	2	10	18.4	4.7	23.3	400	...	...	...	...	4	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chittagong	8,153	5,353	13,506	6	4	10	23.1	15.4	38.5	150	...	...	...	...	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tippurah	78,762	81,475	160,237	37	31	68	12.0	10.0	22.0	119	...	...	...	...	1	21	68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Patna	38,290	37,331	75,621	20	26	46	13.7	17.8	31.5	76	...	...	...	...	25	69	4.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gya	20,890	22,595	43,485	7	4	11	8.4	4.8	13.2	175	...	...	...	...	2	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shahabad	23,084	19,653	42,737	21	16	37	25.5	19.5	45.0	131	...	...	...	...	3	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moufferpore	33,774	32,322	66,096	13	30	43	10.2	23.6	33.8	43	...	...	...	...	7	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Durbhanga	26,044	27,295	53,339	10	5	15	9.8	4.8	14.6	200	...	...	...	...	6	47	16.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sarun	29,640	27,313	56,953	22	19	41	19.3	17.2	37.1	115	...	...	...	...	6	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bhagulpore	29,154	29,396	58,550	6	8	14	5.4	7.2	12.7	75	...	...	...	...	5	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Monghyr	8,463	6,553	15,016	1	...	1	3.4	...	3.4	No female births.	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Purneah	13,027	11,265	24,292	4	6	10	8.6	12.8	21.4	66	...	...	...	...	6	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Poori	702,670	619,419	1,322,089	352	304	656	13.8	12.4	26.2	115	46	2	339	119	8	215	729	1.9	1	13.3	4.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	702,670	619,419	1,322,089	352	304	656	13.8	12.4	26.2	115	46	2	339	119	8	215	729	1.9	1	13.3	4.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

* A special census of the Europeans in the Darjiling Municipality was recently taken, as the census of this section of the community taken in February 1881 was not reliable, owing to the Europeans being at a minimum in that month. The number of the natives remains as before, as it was not necessary to re-census them. The ratios were consequently calculated on the revised population under all heads in the above table, except "Age," the ratios under which have been omitted, inasmuch as the census of the Europeans above alluded to cannot be employed as a basis of calculation owing to the results of the census under this head not having been recorded under the authorized form of age classification.

				13		14		15		16					
				MORTALITY ACCORDING TO—											
				Class.		Age.									
NAMES OF MUNICIPALITIES.				DEATHS AMONG—				RATIO PER 1,000 OF POPULATION PER ANNUM.				RATIO PER 1,000 OF POPULATION PER ANNUM.			
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DEATHS AMONG— CHRISTIANS. HINDUS. MOHOMEDANS. BUDDHISTS. OTHER CLASSES.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

IRRIGATION BRANCH.

MAHANUDDY DIVISION.

Statement showing the working of the Steamer "Aurora" running between Cuttack and Chandbally for the year 1883-84.

Name of vessel.	Names of Months.	Distance in miles.	Number of trips.	Miles run.	PASSENGERS.						GOODS.			Working expenses, including tolls.	Profit or loss.	Profit last year.		
					First class.		Second class.		Third class.		Total.		Cubic feet.				Number of bags and bales.	Amount realized.
					No.	Amount realized.	No.	Amount realized.	No.	Amount realized.	No.	Amount realized.						
Steamer Aurora.	April 1883	100	8	800	15	112 12 6	25	115 1 0	1,532	1,207 13 6	1,622	1,435 11 0	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
	May "	100	4	400	6	57 3 0	11	40 4 6	393	801 10 0	510	498 1 6	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
	June "	100	6	600	16	113 6 0	31	140 10 6	985	2,311 11 0	2,855	2,585 11 0	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
	July "	100	6	600	6	88 3 9	20	89 15 9	1,931	1,241 1 6	1,745	1,474 5 4	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
	August "	100	8	800	6	52 4 0	21	77 0 0	1,713	1,283 11 6	1,743	1,477 13 6	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
	September "	100	10	1,000	99	254 10 0	43	197 5 9	2,653	2,161 5 8	2,735	2,555 0 0	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
	October "	100	8	800	24	632 13 6	35	441 11 6	1,971	1,549 1 3	2,046	1,913 8 9	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
	November "	100	9	900	58	532 13 6	89	441 3 3	2,419	1,557 13 0	2,534	2,331 15 9	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
	December "	100	8	800	66	608 5 0	114	547 13 0	2,148	1,733 9 2	2,338	2,053 15 9	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
	January 1884	100	8	800	35	319 1 6	51	233 4 3	1,973	1,595 13 0	2,063	2,204 12 9	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
	February "	100	10	1,000	45	429 5 0	26	123 15 0	2,418	1,995 13 0	2,489	2,550 3 0	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
	March "	100												Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		

NOTE.—Estimated value of steamer Aurora, three passenger boats, and five cargo flats—Rs. 89,000.

PUBLISHED for general information.

C. W. ODLING,
Under-Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Statement of Goods Traffic in Staples carried during the five weeks ending 27th September 1884, as compared with the same period of 1883.

STAPLES.		1884.		1883.		Increase.		Decrease.	
		Weight.	Freight.	Weight.	Freight.	Weight.	Freight.	Weight.	Freight.
		Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.
ANIMALS, LIVING, FOR SALE.	Horses, ponies, and mules ...	No. 146	1,771	No. 117	2,109	29	.....	.....	428
	Cattle ...	" 137	2,354	" 122	1,583	15	770	.....	.....
	Sheep and goats ...	" 1,762	1,094	" 1,411	1,141	351	.....	.....	47
	Other kinds ...	14	627	.....	.....	14	627	.....	.....
	.....	363	283	.....	2,267	.....	.....	2,571	1,979
Borax ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Canes and ratans ...	.....	.....	10	.....	12	.....	.....	3	3
Caoutchouc (Indian-rubber) ...	.....	14	35	17	34	.....	.....	3	3
Chinese and Japanese ware ...	.....	3,99,019	1,51,657	4,46,820	2,37,857	.....	.....	47,210	83,200
Coal and coke, up ...	.....	19,86,828	2,78,181	19,84,978	2,77,821	.....	380	2,150	.....
Ditto, down ...	.....	16,172	16,076	20,053	36,816	.....	.....	13,781	20,740
Cotton, raw ...	.....	10,770	16,842	10,813	16,861	.....	.....	43	19
COTTON, MANUFACTURED.	Twist and yarn (European) ...	11,27	6,229	9,778	5,508	1,509	631	.....	.....
	Ditto (Indian) ...	1,49,760	1,87,300	1,29,918	1,46,556	19,842	40,744	.....	.....
	Piece-goods (European) ...	27,709	21,275	25,066	19,185	2,643	1,700	.....	.....
	Ditto (Indian) ...	107	55	165	48	.....	7	58	.....
	Asafoetida ...	1,339	2,128	1,434	2,118	.....	10	95	.....
DRUGS AND MEDICINES.	Other sorts, not intoxicating ...	271	193	494	313	.....	.....	223	120
	Intoxicating drugs (other than opium, i.e., arsenic, bhang, ganja, and churus, &c.).	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Indigo ...	4,691	2,267	6,700	2,708	.....	.....	2,009	441
	Madder or manjit ...	36	14	65	46	.....	.....	29	32
	Safflower ...	981	128	960	79	15	40	.....	.....
DYING MATERIALS.	Jurmeric ...	10,629	11,703	11,383	11,808	.....	.....	754	45
	Other kinds ...	7,825	6,849	5,578	3,418	2,247	2,431	.....	.....
	Earthenware and porcelain ...	427	1,103	453	1,016	.....	.....	26	13
	Ditto, raw ...	988	453	967	444	21	9	.....	.....
	Do., manufactured (gunny bags and cloths). ...	61,478	30,064	77,817	52,303	.....	.....	16,339	16,299
FIBROUS PRODUCTS.	Other fibres, raw ...	1,162	272	774	150	388	122	.....	.....
	Ditto, manufactured ...	2,274	736	2,252	788	22	.....	.....	52
	Coconuts ...	4,598	3,796	4,161	3,587	247	200	.....	.....
	All other kinds ...	29,593	25,650	31,753	28,239	.....	.....	2,160	2,580
	Wheat ...	2,80,884	76,382	14,74,614	5,55,292	.....	.....	11,93,730	4,75,820
GRAIN & PULSES.	Gram and pulses ...	2,13,309	48,492	1,01,340	42,432	61,969	6,060	3,02,530	1,39,910
	Rice, husked ...	1,03,810	28,711	4,69,340	1,69,921	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Do., unhusked ...	43,256	14,289	19,836	4,069	23,420	10,220	58,150	11,850
	Other rain and spring crops ...	1,37,325	34,942	1,95,475	46,091	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Gums and resins ...	2,465	1,251	2,649	1,406	.....	.....	384	149
HIDES & SKINS.	Hides of cattle ...	44,261	21,826	38,886	20,136	5,315	1,690	.....	.....
	Skins of sheep, goats, and small animals.	11,920	7,977	10,139	6,707	1,781	1,270	.....	.....
	Horns ...	1,803	1,234	934	796	859	438	.....	.....
	Do. dye ...	776	285	819	375	.....	.....	43	90
	Do. shell ...	10,655	17,368	16,130	17,145	525	183	.....	.....
LAC.	Do. stick and other kinds ...	20,860	7,044	27,788	10,367	.....	.....	6,908	3,323
	Leather, unmanufactured ...	2,276	4,317	2,060	3,708	216	521	.....	.....
	Ditto, manufactured ...	4,439	5,807	4,330	5,976	109	.....	.....	168
	Liquors ...	15,931	16,018	18,110	20,325	.....	.....	3,079	4,307
	Mats ...	75	62	91	100	.....	.....	16	8
METALS AND MANUFACTURES.	Brass and copper ...	36,501	35,634	34,385	33,848	1,116	1,786	.....	.....
	Iron ...	90,523	73,221	95,355	70,059	4,168	3,162	.....	.....
	Other metals ...	15,592	16,420	12,907	13,320	2,685	1,100	.....	.....
	Oil ...	18,884	11,197	16,422	9,316	3,462	1,831	.....	.....
	Opium ...	881	1,224	1,102	1,607	.....	.....	221	384
PAINTS AND COLOURS.	.....	1,806	2,591	1,975	2,550	.....	.....	79	.....
	Ghee ...	21,637	20,834	20,390	39,900	.....	35	7,763	18,156
	Other kinds ...	4,798	4,871	4,893	4,908	.....	.....	.....	35
	Railway materials, Construction Account ...	2,81,816	6,063	4,30,920	8,315	.....	.....	1,49,104	1,362
	Ditto ditto, Foreign ...	1,24,877	96,091	3,41,695	2,12,095	.....	.....	2,16,818	1,15,434
SALT.	.....	4,07,860	1,20,417	4,40,096	1,25,398	.....	27,803	.....	4,961
	Salt ...	64,716	24,440	51,917	23,100	.....	2,570	.....	.....
	Other saline substances ...	27,224	7,875	19,573	5,106	7,851	2,769	.....	.....
	Linseed ...	3,13,779	99,137	7,82,999	2,42,527	.....	.....	4,69,220	1,43,190
	Mustard and rape ...	1,47,181	51,638	1,70,351	56,688	.....	.....	23,170	5,030
SEEDS.	Til or knijelly ...	7,887	3,759	6,097	2,109	1,780	1,590	.....	.....
	Other oil-seeds ...	94,266	31,996	1,01,876	37,760	.....	.....	7,610	2,760
	Indigo seed ...	34,217	17,181	14,117	6,881	20,100	10,300	.....	.....
	Tea-seed ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other kinds ...	16,618	9,072	27,948	12,932	.....	.....	11,330	3,800
SILK.	Silk, raw ...	2,898	3,134	2,954	2,929	.....	205	60	.....
	Do., manufactured (European) ...	17	31	.....	.....	17	31	.....	.....
	Do., ditto (Indian) ...	583	421	899	840	.....	.....	316	419
	Spices ...	10,367	8,937	10,527	8,821	.....	116	.....	.....
	Stone and marble ...	62,035	7,919	98,694	12,093	.....	.....	36,063	4,174
SUGAR.	Sugar, refined ...	87,781	28,408	1,43,650	50,269	.....	.....	55,869	22,161
	Do., unrefined ...	82,177	6,870	37,909	7,561	.....	.....	5,732	991
	Tea, Indian ...	2,722	2,877	3,076	6,111	.....	.....	954	3,234
	Do., Foreign ...	141	5	513	20	.....	.....	372	15
	Tobacco ...	23,964	9,647	35,031	17,151	.....	.....	11,063	7,504
WOOD.	.....	31,158	7,067	24,830	5,271	6,328	1,700	.....	.....
	Timber ...	12,188	724	17,540	979	.....	.....	5,352	255
	Firewood ...	1,525	1,393	1,227	900	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Wool, raw ...	304	539	101	105	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Do., manufactured (European) ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
WOOL.	Do., manufactured (Indian) ...	2,469	2,775	2,009	2,375	480	400	.....	.....
	Shawls ...	.....	.....	5	15	.....	.....	5	15
	All other articles of merchandise ...	2,15,088	1,54,564	2,32,818	1,68,699	.....	.....	17,730	14,135
	Government stores ...	18,699	36,962	14,333	24,057	4,368	12,905	.....	.....
	Minerals ...	55,064	8,824	70,485	13,525	.....	.....	15,421	4,696
Total		50,50,848	10,77,937	85,10,730	29,89,030	1,96,406	1,07,834	27,47,297	11,18,438

General Remarks on the fluctuation of principal staples carried over the East Indian Railway during five weeks ended 27th September 1884.

INCREASES.

Piece-goods.—This increase is due to a better demand on account of the Doorga Poojah Holidays.

Government Stores.—Large despatches of gunpowder and other stores to the Punjab account for this increase.

DECREASES.

Coal, up.—This decrease is attributable to fluctuating demand on foreign railways.

Railway Material, Foreign.—The heavy falling off in this material was owing to the despatches for State and other railways under construction having been less than during the corresponding period last year.

Seeds.—Small stocks, and buyers holding out for lower rates, caused a less active market than last year.

Rice.—This decrease is accounted for by the old crop having been deficient and the new crop riot in the market.

Cotton.—This is assignable to a drop in the prices at Liverpool, which caused dulness in the Indian markets.

Sugar.—Partial failure of last year's crop accounts for the falling off in this staple.

Wheat.—An exceedingly dull market, and almost total absence of demand for export, account for the decrease in wheat traffic.

Gunny.—This is due to the stagnation in the wheat traffic.

Ghee.—Due to ordinary fluctuation of trade.

Tobacco.—Want of demand in Punjab and Rajputana caused the decrease in this staple.

ALLEN MEARS, Dy. Traffic Manager.

TRAFFIC MANAGER'S OFFICE, JAMALPUR, 10th November 1884.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 1st November 1884 on 1,509½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES BY		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	To
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	196,854	2,57,363 11 0	19,24,879 10	4,85,973 6 0	14,662 3 0	7,57,938 4 0	63,844½	76,900	14
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	170 7 4	.....	321 15 1	9 11 5	502 1 10	.....	.....	..
For previous 17 weeks of half-year ...	8,363,882	37,82,208 10 0	3,17,06,270 20	72,26,356 1 1	2,45,915 2 8	1,12,57,477 13 9	1,039,485½	1,414,767	2,45
Total for 18 weeks ...	3,560,736	40,30,510 5 0	3,36,31,149 30	77,12,323 7 1	2,63,677 5 8	1,20,15,416 1 9	1,103,330	1,401,667	2,50
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	177,747	2,64,762 5 5	21,96,017 30	5,56,809 14 0	17,021 6 4	8,38,593 9 9	70,120	116,914	18
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	175 6 8	.....	369 0 6	11 4 6	555 11 8	.....	.....	..
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	8,506,773½	38,38,774 11 8	4,26,67,050 20	1,11,63,703 3 1	3,16,183 4 7	1,53,18,661 3 4	1,123,750	2,320,471	3,44

Approximate Statement of gross receipts of the East Indian Railway, prepared in accordance with Public Works Department Circular No. XXI, Railway, dated 23rd July 1883.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 3RD NOVEMBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 1ST NOVEMBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 3RD NOVEMBER 1883.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 1ST NOVEMBER 1884.			Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.		
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1,509	8,38,594	556	1,509½	7,57,938	502	1,509	2,94,33,269	19,505	1,509½	2,36,42,084	15,663	.....	57,9

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate return of traffic for week ended 25th October 1884 on 359 miles open, including Calcutta and South-Eastern and Bengal Central Railway mileage.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	To
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
A.—Total traffic for the week ...	73,335	36,646 0 0	4,01,299 0	1,01,824 0 0	14,069 0 0	1,52,579 0 0	12,554	12,940	
Or per mile of railway ...	204	102 0 0	1,118 0	284 0 0	.....	395 0 0	.....	.....
For previous 16 weeks of half-year ...	1,317,776	5,17,231 0 0	51,18,510 0	12,23,595 0 0	1,19,642 0 0	18,59,868 0 0	201,214	178,827	380,041
Total for 17 weeks ...	1,391,111	5,53,877 0 0	55,19,809 0	13,25,419 0 0	1,33,111 0 0	20,12,407 0 0	213,968	191,776	405,544
COMPARISON.									
B.—Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	71,354	40,206 0 0	3,55,827 0	62,390 0 0	8,577 0 0	1,11,179 0 0	9,813	8,487	18,3
Per mile of railway corresponding period of previous year ...	199	112 0 0	901 0	174 0 0	.....	286 0 0	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	1,265,539	5,80,364 0 0	49,25,446 0	10,15,883 0 0	1,74,712 0 0	17,70,959 0 0	166,334	136,673	303,007

A.—Includes receipts of Calcutta and South-Eastern Railway, and 50 per cent. of receipts of Bengal Central Railway, viz. Rs. 3,937 and Rs. 3,910 respectively apportioned over the several heads of traffic.
B.—Includes share of Bengal Central Railway receipts due to Eastern Bengal Railway for working, viz. Rs. 1,024, and Calcutta and South-Eastern receipts Rs. 6,177.

FINANCIAL YEAR.

Approximate Statement of gross receipts of the Eastern Bengal State Railway.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 27TH OCTOBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 25TH OCTOBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 27TH OCTOBER 1883.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 25TH OCTOBER 1884.			Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.		
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
263	1,11,179	423	359	1,52,359	425	239	29,97,544	12,542	333	30,49,843	9,159	52,299	.....

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 25th October 1884 on 126 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
A.—Total traffic for the week ...	17,547	7,010 0 0	7,471 0	770 0 0	58 0 0	7,839 0 0	2,300	1,812	4,202
Or per mile of railway ...	139	56 0 0	59 0	6 0 0	.....	62 0 0	.....	.....	.....
For previous 16 weeks of half-year ...	278,625	1,07,634 0 0	1,03,875 0	15,263 0 0	605 0 0	1,23,592 0 0	49,903	18,543	68,446
Total for 17 weeks ...	296,372	1,14,644 0 0	1,71,340 0	16,033 0 0	753 0 0	1,31,430 0 0	52,203	20,355	72,618
COMPARISON.									
B.—Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	8,373	1,508 0 0	14,882 0	434 0 0	16 0 0	2,049 0 0	896	312	1,208
Per mile of railway corresponding period of previous year ...	66	12 10 11	118 0	3 7 1	0 2 1	16 4 1	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	160,826	23,690 0 0	2,27,921 0	5,087 0 0	401 0 0	33,078 0 0	15,355	5,213	20,568

FINANCIAL YEAR.

Approximate Statement of gross receipts of the Bengal Central Railway.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 27TH OCTOBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 25TH OCTOBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 27TH OCTOBER 1883.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 25TH OCTOBER 1884.			Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.		
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
35	2,018	59	126	7,838	62	35	63,819	1,823	124	2,67,983	2,161	2,04,170	...

PATNA AND GYA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 1st November 1884 on 57½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	12,432	6,955 7 0	35,204 30	2,626 13 0	60 4 0	9,642 8 0	1,767½	626½	2,394
Or per mile of railway ...	217	121 9 7	615 20	45 14 9	1 0 10	168 9 2	.....	.....	.....
For previous 17 weeks of half-year ...	215,871	1,34,894 14 0	7,42,328 30	53,040 14 0	1,624 10 3	1,80,566 6 3	20,195½	17,061½	46,257
Total for 18 weeks ...	228,303	1,11,850 5 0	7,77,533 20	55,673 11 0	1,684 14 3	1,99,208 14 3	36,962½	17,688½	48,651
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	8,303	4,550 10 0	31,260 20	2,536 7 0	50 15 0	7,147 0 0	1,696	1,078	2,774
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	145	79 8 11	546 30	44 5 6	1 0 9	124 15 2	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	205,368	1,08,415 11 7	5,50,562 10	39,994 14 0	967 7 0	1,49,378 0 7	33,508	11,439	44,946

Approximate Statement of gross receipts of the Patna and Gya State Railway, prepared in accordance with Public Works Department Circular No. XXI, Railway, dated 23rd July 1883.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 3RD NOVEMBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 1ST NOVEMBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 3RD NOVEMBER 1883.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 1ST NOVEMBER 1884.			Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.		
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
57½	7,147	125	57½	9,643	169	57½	2,69,102	4,705	57½	3,12,706	5,467	43,604	...

GHAZIPUR-DILDARNAGAR STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 1st November 1884, on 12 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	1,900	357 9 0	13,816 0	308 12 0	28 5 0	692 10 0	230	99	329
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	29 12 9	.....	25 11 8	2 3 1	57 11 6	.....	.....	.....
For previous 17 weeks of half-year ...	34,524	6,601 6 0	1,25,132 0	2,933 1 9	431 0 3	9,965 8 0	3,033½	2,167½	5,801
Total for 18 weeks ...	36,424	6,958 15 0	1,38,948 0	3,241 13 9	457 5 3	10,658 2 0	3,863½	2,266½	6,130
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	1,766½	328 1 5	14,501 0	301 12 0	16 8 0	646 5 5	183	146	329
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	27 5 5	.....	25 2 4	1 6 0	53 13 9	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	37,715	6,581 9 6	1,92,503 20	4,290 14 0	428 14 0	11,291 5 6	3,955	2,000	5,954

Approximate Statement of gross receipts of the Ghazipur-Dildarnagar State Railway, prepared in accordance with Public Works Department Circular No. XXI, Railway, dated 23rd July 1883.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 3RD NOVEMBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 1ST NOVEMBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 3RD NOVEMBER 1883.		TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 1ST NOVEMBER 1884.		Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
12	640	54	12	693	58	12	26,825	12	28,592	2,383	1,767

SINDIA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 1st November 1884 on 74½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	4,138	3,419 5 0	49,980 20	2,350 15 0	162 10 0	5,872 14 0	625	832½	1,457½
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	45 14 4	.....	31 8 11	1 6 0	78 13 3	.....	.....	.....
For previous 17 weeks of half-year ...	72,605	59,114 8 0	7,95,457 20	36,409 15 3	1,626 12 6	97,151 3 9	10,757	15,425½	26,182½
Total for 18 weeks ...	76,803	62,533 13 0	8,45,438 0	38,760 14 3	1,729 6 6	1,03,024 1 9	11,382	16,257½	27,639½
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	4,075	4,124 8 7	40,109 0	3,164 5 0	146 10 0	7,435 7 7	656	1,076	1,732
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	55 5 10	.....	42 7 7	1 15 6	99 12 11	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	77,844½	61,409 5 1	5,92,229 0	39,698 0 0	2,028 7 0	1,03,225 12 1	11,371	15,215	26,586

Approximate Statement of gross receipts of the Sindia State Railway, prepared in accordance with Public Works Department Circular No. XXI, Railway, dated 23rd July 1883.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 3RD NOVEMBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 1ST NOVEMBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 3RD NOVEMBER 1883.		TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 1ST NOVEMBER 1884.		Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
74½	7,435	100	74½	5,873	79	74½	1,87,947	74½	2,01,361	2,703	13,514



SUPPLEMENT TO The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1884.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

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CONTENTS.

	Page.		Page.
STATE and prospects of the Crops	2205	ORDERS declaring the number of Commissioners to be elected for each Ward in the Howrah Municipality	2330
Resolution on the Board's Report on Wards' and Attached Estates in the Lower Provinces for 1883-84	2254	Rules for the Election of Municipal Commissioners under Act III (B.C.) of 1884	2331
Annual General Administration Report of the Chota Nagpore Division, 1883-84	2264	Date of election of Commissioners for Municipalities under Act III (B.C.) of 1884	2336
Request by the late Dr. Rholanath Bose	2272	Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops ..	2337
International Inventions Exhibition, London, 1885	2273	Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal for the week ending Friday, the 14th of November 1884	2340
Proposal to divide the District of Midnapore into two Districts	2284	Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Friday the 14th November 1884	2342
Date of election of Commissioners for Municipalities under Act III (B.C.) of 1884	2304	Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 9th to 15 November 1884	2345
Supplementary Statement showing the Division of Municipalities into Wards, and the number of Commissioners to be elected for each Ward under Rules for the election of Commissioners under Act III (B.C.) of 1884	2305	Results of the Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 9th to 15th November 1884	2346
Rules for the Election of Municipal Commissioners under Act III (B.C.) of 1884 for the Suburbs of Calcutta	2309	Statement showing the Results of the Registration of Deaths in the Districts in Bengal for the month of September 1884	2348
Supplementary Statement showing the division of Municipalities into Wards, and the number of Commissioners to be elected for each Ward under Rules for the election of Commissioners under Act III (B.C.) of 1884	2316	Statement showing the results of the Registration of Births and Deaths in the First Class Municipalities in Bengal during the week ending 1st November 1884	2351
Statement showing the division of Municipalities into Wards, and the number of Commissioners to be elected for each Ward under Rules for the election of Commissioners under Act III (B.C.) of 1884	2319	Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways...	2353

STATE AND PROSPECTS OF THE CROPS.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Calcutta, the 18th November 1884.

RESOLUTION.

READ again—

Circular letter to Commissioners of Divisions, No. 16T—R, dated 7th October 1884, calling for detailed reports on the harvest prospects, and on the state of the water and fodder-supply in the Lower Provinces of Bengal.

Read—

The Reports submitted in reply by the Commissioners of the Patna, Bhagulpore, Chota Nagpur, Orissa, Presidency, Burdwan, Rajshahye, Dacca and Chittagong Divisions.
The rainfall statistics for each district of the Lower Provinces of Bengal for the six months ending 31st October 1884.

The south-west monsoon of the year 1883 was feeble in Bengal and gave deficient rainfall over a large part of the province. It terminated much earlier than usual in the last week of September. There was a remarkable atmospheric

disturbance in the first week of December 1883, which gave general rain to the greater part of the province, but with this exception the last cold-weather rains were unusually light. The first six or seven weeks of the following hot weather were hence excessively dry, the temperature increasing with great rapidity and culminating in a period of extreme heat and dryness during the second and third weeks of April last. Higher temperatures and lower ranges of humidity were registered at the Behar stations at that time than have been observed for many years in April. The intense heat in the interior gave rise to strong sea winds, which produced much atmospheric disturbance during the early part of last May, and, in consequence, frequent local storms of abnormal severity in every part of these provinces, except South Behar and Chota Nagpur, where dry westerly winds prevailed. About the 10th May dry hot weather again set in.

The general influence of the heated interior regions of India now began to draw the south-east winds across the equator, and thus to generate the south-west monsoon at the entrance to the Bay of Bengal. Squally weather with strong south-west winds and heavy rain followed, which culminated in a small but intense cyclonic disturbance which struck the Arracan coast at Akyab. A short lull followed this brief rush of wind and rain, when another outburst of less intensity, but greater diffusion, permanently established the south-west monsoon over the Bay. The monsoon reached the Bengal coast on the 31st of May, and by the first week of June had extended over the whole province. The rainfall of May was above the average over nearly the whole of North and East Bengal, and the greater part of South Bengal, excessive local falls occurring in Cooch Behar, Julpigori, Mymensingh, and South Chittagong. It was deficient over the remainder of the province, more especially in Orissa and the Darjeeling Hills.

The subsequent distribution of the monsoon rainfall was largely due to the peculiar atmospheric conditions which obtained at the commencement and during the greater part of the rains. Barometric pressure was relatively high in East Bengal, and perhaps North Bengal. It was, on the other hand, lowest, relatively to the normal distribution, in Orissa and Chota Nagpur. These peculiar conditions helped to draw the main body of the monsoon current into the south-western districts of the province, and hence to give abnormally light monsoon rains over the area of excessive pressure and its neighbourhood, including East and North Bengal and North and Central Behar.

The monsoon current at its first establishment over the province was feeble; and the transition from the showery weather of the month of May to the rains of June was therefore much less marked than usual. Light to moderate rain fell during the first week of June, and fairly abundant rain during the second week. A partial break in the rains then ensued, to be followed by a storm at the head of the Bay in the third week of the month, and by several days' general rain. The rainfall of June was very irregularly distributed; Orissa and the adjacent districts of South-West Bengal receiving too much, while the fall was below the average over the remainder of the province. The deficiency, however, was small, except in Beerbhoom, Bankoora, Shahabad, and Chota Nagpur.

In July a series of five small storms, which formed in rapid succession near the head of the Bay, gave heavy rain to the Orissa and Chota Nagpur districts over which they passed, and drew away the rain-giving winds from East and North Bengal and Behar. The rainfall of July was accordingly in excess over the greater part of Orissa and Chota Nagpur, Midnapore, and the coast districts of South and East Bengal. It was also locally in excess in Purneah and Cooch Behar, but elsewhere in defect, the deficiency being greatest in Central Behar, Bengal, Mymensingh, and Dacca.

The early part of the month of August was marked by a break in the rains in North Bengal and Behar, followed by a more prolonged cessation in North Bengal, Behar and Chota Nagpur. The rainfall of the month was below the normal everywhere, with the exception of one or two isolated areas where it was excessive. The deficiency was proportionately largest over Central and North Behar, Central and North Bengal, and the northern districts of East Bengal, and exceeded 50 per cent. in Bogra, Dinagepore, Nuddea, and Rajshahye.

In spite of a prolonged break, the rainfall of September was above the average over the north-western and southern districts of Behar, Chota Nagpur, the southern and central districts of South-West Bengal, and the coast districts of East Bengal. Elsewhere it was in defect, the deficiency being greatest in Mymensingh, and in the Rajshahye and Bhagulpore Divisions.

The rainfall in October was of a very unusual nature and extremely favourable, considering the previous character of the monsoon. Early in the month a depression formed in Behar, due apparently to the combined action of the Bombay and Bengal branches of the monsoon current. This gave general rain over the whole of Behar and the greater portion of Bengal, the rain being heaviest over the area most in want of it, including the north-eastern districts of North Behar and the northern and central districts of North Bengal. This rain was followed by clear dry weather with northerly winds, but after a short interval heavy rain, with north-east winds, continued for some days. This ceased on the 20th, but immediately a small depression formed off the north-west coast of the Bay, which, advancing into South-West Bengal, gave general rain, uniformly distributed, over the whole province. The usual cold-weather winds then began, and the south-west monsoon ended. Thus the south-west monsoon of 1884 was of unusual character. It was, as a rain-giving current, moderately strong in June and the earlier part of July, excessively weak in August, somewhat stronger in September, and above average strength in October. One of the more important features of a weak monsoon is the abnormal irregularity of the distribution of the rainfall. A reference to the tables printed as an appendix to this Resolution will show that this feature was very strongly marked, and that even in the same district the rainfall varied within wide limits, so that one station received ample supplies, whilst an adjacent one suffered from drought.

The foregoing paragraphs give a general sketch of the meteorological conditions which prevailed throughout Bengal during the last year. It remains to indicate how these varied in the several divisions, and how the variations affected the outturn of the crops. The result will afford a further confirmation of the close dependence of the harvest outturn of these provinces on the propitious distribution of the rainfall, rather than (within necessary limits) on its actual quantity. It will also supply a proof of the great advantages to Government of a competent Meteorological Department, both as indicating harvest prospects, and as affording an invaluable check on the correctness of local estimates of crop produce or crop failure.

To begin with Orissa, there was in that Division very light rain in May and August, but quantities above the normal fell in June and September. On the whole the rainfall for the season varied but slightly from the average, and was in excess in the Balasore district. The meteorological conditions were therefore favourable to agricultural operations, and accordingly the Commissioner considers that there is "no cause for anxiety regarding food, water, or fodder-supply in any of the districts of the division." In Balasore, indeed, the abundant rainfall enables the Collector, Mr. Grant, to report that in his district the "prospects of the harvest are unusually bright."

Again in South-West and Central Bengal, that is to say, in the Burdwan and Presidency Divisions, fairly abundant rain fell in May and June, although there was much local variation. The rainfall of July and August was considerably below the average, but the deficiency was in some measure made good in the southern and eastern districts by ample rain in September, and moderate rain in October. The rainfall of the whole season was from 19 to 25 per cent. below the normal in Burdwan, Nuddea, Moorshedabad, and portions of Beerbhoom. The crop results suggested by the meteorological observations coincide, on the whole, with the information regarding the harvests reported by the local officers. Beginning with the Presidency Division, it may on the whole be said with the Commissioner that "there is no cause for anxiety regarding food, water, or fodder-supply in any of the districts in this division." It must, however, be added that, although in the division as a whole things are not such as to suggest any apprehension of scarcity, the outturn in Nuddea and Moorshedabad is likely to be deficient. In the Kaligunge thana, and in a portion of the Meherpore sub-division of the former district, there has been a considerable failure of crop, and some deficiency of water-supply is also anticipated. There

is indeed, according to the Commissioner, no cause for immediate alarm, and as in regard to the other portions of the district no special anxiety is felt, it will be only necessary to direct attention to a limited area. In regard to this area, further enquiries are now being instituted. As in Nuddea, so also in Moorshedabad only a limited area is affected to such an extent as to create anxiety. Although the crops are reported to be short in different proportions all over the district, there has been nowhere complete failure. Importation of food is going on briskly in several places, and although in the spring, or perhaps earlier, it may be necessary to provide employment for certain classes, the reports do not indicate that pressure, if it supervenes, will be greater than can be met by a moderate expenditure on public works. In regard to the tracts affected in both districts, a further report is to be submitted by the Commissioner after visiting the spot and considering local requirements. Finally, the Commissioner reports that the crops are satisfactory in Khulna, the 24-Pergunnahs and Jessore.

Looking to the Burdwan Division, it is apparent that there is no cause for anxiety in the Hooghly, Howrah, Bankura, and Midnapore districts. In the Beerbhoom district the outturn of the autumn rice averages 6 annas in the Sudder and 5 annas in the Rampore Hat sub-division, while the far more important *amun* or winter crop gives promise of an average of 7 annas in the former and 5 annas in the latter area. No misgivings are felt regarding fodder, and the water-supply is only threatened in isolated localities. Trade is brisk, and stocks in hand are reported to be still considerable. On the whole, the Commissioner thinks it improbable that general measures of relief will be required in Beerbhoom, though perhaps here and there some trifling assistance may be necessary beyond that already afforded. It is evident, however, that the district will require attention. Portions of it promise an average harvest, while in other parts a serious failure of crop is to be apprehended. It is indeed probable that, taken as a whole, the produce of the district will suffice for its wants, while means of remunerative employment will be afforded to the able-bodied portion of the population by the recently commenced works on the Bengal-Nagpur Railway. Still watchfulness is necessary, having regard to the recent pressure, though on the whole the district seems likely to tide over its difficulty.

In the Culna sub-division of the Burdwan district, the Montessor thana will have a deficient crop outturn, and some doubt is also expressed as to the sufficiency of the water supply. From the Cutwa sub-division the information is not precise, but, so far as can be judged, no assistance will probably be necessary. A further report on this point will, however, be submitted. In the Kanksa thana of the Raneegunge sub-division, where little or no *aus* is grown, the winter crop is reported to have suffered severely; and much the same state of things is said to prevail in the Bood-Bood, Ausgram, and Sahibgunge thanas of the Sudder sub-division. All these localities, however, are within easy reach of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway works, where ample employment can be found for all labourers, and things may turn out better than is now anticipated. On the whole, then, it may be said with regard to Central and South-Western Bengal that no anxiety need be felt except in respect of isolated tracts in the Nuddea, Burdwan, and possibly also in the Beerbhoom districts.

Passing to East Bengal, including the Dacca and Chittagong Divisions, we have seen from the meteorological returns that this part of the country received abundant rain in May and June, while the supplies of July and August were considerably below the average. The rainfall of September and October was irregularly distributed, but was generally in excess. In September the Mymensingh district received unusually small amounts, only 28 per cent. of the average of the month. Taking the division as a whole, the deficiency for the season exceeded 20 per cent. in the Mymensingh district only, for which it was 30 per cent., this being the only district in which the rainfall was seriously deficient. The local reports as to the crops entirely bear out what might have been inferred from the rainfall distribution. In the whole of the Chittagong Division the outturn of both rice harvests promises to be fully up to the average. In Backergunge the prospects of the year are even better than usual, and a largely increased export of rice from that district is anticipated. Similar accounts are given from Furreedpore. In Dacca there has been a fair crop, failure being apparent

only on the high lands, while such pressure as may be experienced in the north of the district bordering on Mymensingh will be amply met by employment on the works of the Dacca-Mymensingh Railway. In Mymensingh itself, where the rainfall has been least propitious, the only part of the district where prospects are indifferent is the Attia sub-division; and even in Attia it is stated that "there is no cause for anxiety."

In North Bengal, heavy rain in May was followed by a deficiency, increasing steadily from 16 per cent. in June to 64 per cent. in September. Abundant rain fell in all districts, except Bogra and Rajshahye, in October; but the results of the season show that the deficiency of rain was greatest in Rungpore, Bogra, and Dinagepore.

In the case of this division the reports of the local officers show that the deficient rainfall has been followed by a more or less marked failure of crop, showing itself in numerous isolated localities rather than in continuous tracts. In the Rajshahye district, taken as a whole, the crop will be short, and, although it may very probably be that the people in many parts of the district will be pinched, the opinion of the Collector, that there is no cause to fear a general scarcity over the whole district, may be accepted as correct. The circumstances as disclosed at present support the Commissioner's view that, if any assistance is required in the shape of relief works, it will only be required in isolated places, and probably not much, if at all, in excess of what the Road Cess Funds can provide. In Dinagepore there will be no want of food, water, or fodder, and if any pressure be experienced in the south and south-west of the district where crops have suffered most, it will not be greater than ordinary employment on the district roads will suffice to meet. In Rungpore and Pubna prospects are such as to call for no special measures of any kind, while the condition of Julpigori and Darjeeling is satisfactory. In regard to Bogra, the remaining district of the division, the tract east of the Karatoya river is reported to be safe, while in the area west of that river the *aus* was either an average or a bumper crop, the promise of the *amun* being something under half of an ordinary crop. Throughout the division the spring crops are reported to promise well. On these facts the Commissioner expects that Government will find it necessary to supplement the ordinary road cess expenditure by grants for other relief works. The experience of last year in this tract shows that the people are far better able to support pressure from crop failure than had then been supposed. No doubt their capacity to withstand the effects of crop failure is less after two indifferent harvests than after one; still, on the facts now disclosed, the Lieutenant-Governor is not disposed to embark, without further evidence as to necessity, on such undertakings for relief purposes as were begun last year, only to show that the alleged necessity for them did not exist. The tract is one which should certainly receive the attention of the local officers, the condition of the people being described from time to time in the periodical reports prescribed at the close of this Resolution.

In Behar the rainfall throughout the season up to October was unusually deficient in every district except Chumparun, where the rain of September was excessive. The deficiency was most serious in Purneah and North Bhagulpore, which received only 33 per cent. of their normal amount, and in Monghyr and South Bhagulpore, which obtained only 50 per cent. In October matters improved, and the whole of Behar, except Chumparun and Sarun, received abundant rain, Purneah and the Sonthal Pergunnahs being specially favoured in this respect. The total rainfall of the season was deficient by amounts varying from 20 per cent. in Sarun, Shahabad, Gya, Patna, Monghyr, Bhagulpore, and the Sonthal Pergunnahs, to 72 per cent. in Gya and the Sonthal Pergunnahs.

For the Patna Division the agricultural results may be summed up in the statement, that the four districts of Chumparun, Sarun, Mozufferpore, and Shahabad are declared to be safe, while the remaining three districts of Durbhunga, Patna, and Gya are also free from danger, except the Sudder and Nowada sub-division in Gya, the Behar sub-division of Patna, and the Sudder sub-division of the Durbhunga district. The fact that the portion of the Monghyr district which borders on Durbhunga is reported to be well off should lead to more careful enquiry as to the condition of the tracts about Roserah, which are now

stated to exhibit indications of future scarcity. In the Bhagulpore Division no scarcity is apprehended in Monghyr and Purneah. In portions of Bhagulpore and the Sonthal Pergunnahs some pressure is anticipated, although, on the information now furnished, the Lieutenant-Governor is not prepared to accept that conclusion. From Maldah the reports are less satisfactory, but as the information regarding the condition of the people and the state of the crops in Maldah has already on more than one occasion been found on examination to be inaccurate, the Lieutenant-Governor will postpone forming a final opinion until the new Collector of the district has had time to enquire into the facts. Meanwhile, the Commissioner has already been instructed to give adequate relief wherever needed.

The rainfall of Chota Nagpur was intermediate in character between that of Behar and Orissa. It was in defect until September, when the division received copious rain. This state of things corresponds with the crop reports and estimates of the local officers, which show that the prospects of the season are unsatisfactory only in those parts of Chota Nagpur which border on areas of failure in the Patna and Burdwan Divisions. The report of the Commissioner that there is no present cause for anxiety as regards food, fodder, and water-supply in any district of his division, and the further fact that the prospects of the winter rice have been improved by the October rain, seem to place Chota Nagpur beyond the reach of anxiety.

To conclude, the only portions of these Provinces regarding which further enquiry or special measures of precaution or assistance seem to be called for during the coming year are the Sudder and Nowada sub-divisions of Gya, the Behar sub-division of Patna, the Sudder sub-division of Durbhunga, portions of the Burdwan, Nuddea, Moorshedabad, and possibly also of the Maldah, Beerbhoom and Bogra districts. Even here it is evident that the crop failure does not cover the whole of the areas indicated. Further and more minute enquiries will now be necessary in order to determine, in accordance with the principles laid down in the Provisional Famine Code, the villages likely to be actually affected by distress, the classes of people in each village likely to need relief, the best means of affording it, and the probable cost. Special attention should also be paid to stimulating private charity and enlisting the co-operation of local residents of influence and public spirit in meeting such distress as may be expected to occur. These enquiries have no doubt been already completed either wholly or partially, but the facts should now be reviewed in the light of the preceding remarks, and the result reported within one month from this date. Meanwhile, in anticipation of such reports, the Lieutenant-Governor relies on the energy and resource of local officers to meet with adequate measures of relief any sudden emergency, should such, contrary to expectation, arise; and to that end he will be prepared to consider applications for funds in addition to those already granted, or for increased establishments, which Commissioners may on sufficient grounds deem it necessary to make.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

A. P. MACDONNELL,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

TABLE I.

*Actual Monthly Rainfall of Districts in Bengal for the months May to October 1884.**N.B.—The figures in this table are the arithmetical averages of the corresponding figures in the returns for the sub-divisional stations.*

Division.	District.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	TOTAL.
ORISSA	Pooree ...	1.14	8.05	11.01	8.82	12.50	9.04	50.56
	Cuttack ...	1.53	11.38	9.68	10.94	11.67	3.61	48.81
	Balasure ...	2.59	12.92	14.45	8.46	13.77	6.38	58.57
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL	South Midnapore and South-West 24-Pergunnahs ...	5.40	14.12	18.42	9.98	15.83	10.94	74.69
	Midnapore ...	6.06	6.58	15.88	7.08	8.14	4.34	48.08
	24-Pergunnahs ...	6.08	12.11	10.77	10.80	15.56	3.30	58.62
	Hooghly and Howrah ...	5.86	10.29	9.74	10.27	9.95	3.32	49.43
	Bankoora and Beerbhoom ...	3.49	6.21	10.97	9.25	8.69	5.13	43.74
	Burdwan ...	5.21	9.75	6.77	7.20	8.02	2.85	39.80
	Nuddea ...	4.03	10.20	7.14	5.84	7.83	3.77	38.81
	Moorsshedabad ...	3.98	7.74	7.97	6.39	7.52	3.62	37.22
EAST BENGAL	Khoolna and Jessore ...	7.02	16.86	8.77	6.60	14.07	4.60	57.92
	Chittagong ...	15.72	28.58	21.88	16.56	19.78	8.33	110.85
	Chittagong Hill Tracts ...	9.12	26.10	9.86	9.36	10.14	5.99	70.57
	Backergunge ...	10.02	23.08	16.60	10.16	18.86	8.19	86.91
	Noakholly ...	10.83	21.97	19.73	16.16	16.46	7.18	92.33
	Furreedpore ...	8.20	12.39	8.04	7.15	9.26	3.22	48.26
	Dacca ...	9.82	13.66	8.98	8.47	8.23	3.87	53.03
	Comilla ...	12.73	18.27	12.93	9.71	9.27	6.76	69.67
NORTH BENGAL	Mymensingh ...	12.59	16.73	7.87	6.93	3.65	4.54	52.31
	Pubna ...	8.46	10.11	8.89	6.49	7.19	5.68	46.82
	Bogra ...	8.58	13.56	9.02	3.82	2.98	4.27	42.23
	Rajshahye ...	7.90	10.18	7.38	5.06	6.03	3.72	40.27
	Maldah ...	7.72	10.54	5.59	5.24	1.92	7.08	38.09
	Dinagapore ...	6.79	12.49	7.68	6.16	3.51	4.71	41.34
	Rungpore ...	11.10	14.10	9.32	7.04	5.45	5.88	52.89
	Julpigori and Cooch Behar ...	19.06	25.78	14.91	23.90	6.63	9.48	99.76
NORTH BEHAR	Darjeeling hill ...	8.78	25.59	35.28	29.12	7.72	9.94	116.43
	Purneah, North Bhagulpore ...	3.63	9.89	13.16	9.13	3.88	8.41	48.10
	Durbhunga, Mozufferpore ...	1.96	7.54	8.16	6.12	7.39	5.19	36.36
	Chumparun ...	2.21	9.60	11.46	8.21	11.09	1.43	44.00
SOUTH BEHAR	Sarun ...	1.01	5.30	7.75	8.59	7.14	1.74	31.53
	Shahabad ...	0.61	3.22	7.24	8.93	6.65	3.06	29.71
	Gya ...	0.44	3.48	6.65	9.46	4.57	3.10	27.70
	Patna ...	1.34	6.11	6.66	7.35	5.28	3.60	30.34
	Monghyr and South Bhagulpore ...	1.08	7.45	7.85	7.39	3.34	4.65	31.76
CHUTIA NAGPUR	Sonthal Pergunnahs ...	3.79	6.09	8.53	5.88	6.19	5.03	35.51
	Hazaribagh ...	1.51	4.64	8.64	10.78	8.14	2.32	36.03
	Lohardugga and Manbhoom ...	1.63	5.24	10.55	8.88	9.37	2.66	38.33
	Singbhoom ...	2.51	5.43	18.30	7.31	11.69	1.51	46.75

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL,

The 7th November 1884.

JOHN ELIOT,

Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

TABLE II.

variation of the average District Actual Monthly Rainfall from the Normal Average for the months May to October 1884.

DIVISION.	District.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	TOTAL.
BISSA	Pooree ...	-1.60	-1.24	-1.23	-3.65	+2.11	+1.12	-4.49
	Cuttack ...	-1.75	+2.02	-2.68	-0.45	+2.38	-2.62	-3.10
	Balasore ...	-1.76	+4.23	+1.11	-2.98	+2.45	+0.63	+3.68
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL	South Midnapore and South-West 24-Pergunnahs ...	+0.49	+3.15	+3.21	-4.14	+4.04	+2.70	+9.45
	Midnapore ...	+0.96	-2.86	+3.51	-5.55	-0.23	-0.33	-4.50
	24-Pergunnahs ...	+0.39	+2.05	-1.41	-1.18	+6.92	-1.03	+5.74
	Hooghly and Howrah ...	+0.42	+0.13	-2.68	-2.56	+1.45	-1.00	-4.24
	Bankoora and Beerbhoom ...	+0.01	-3.81	-1.66	-2.90	+0.24	+1.12	-7.00
	Burdwan ...	+0.57	+0.22	-4.04	-4.72	+0.51	-1.52	-8.98
	Nuddea ...	-2.22	+0.09	-2.96	-6.13	-0.43	-0.56	-12.21
	Moorsshedabad ...	-0.43	-1.45	-2.61	-5.04	-2.16	-0.88	-12.57
	Khoobna and Jessore ...	+0.29	+4.05	-2.62	-5.07	+5.21	+0.07	+1.93
EAST BENGAL	Chittagong ...	+5.64	-0.85	-9.00	-5.78	+5.04	+1.55	-3.40
	Chittagong Hill Tracts ...	-1.26	+7.45	-9.13	-9.15	-2.89	-1.73	-16.71
	Backergunge ...	+2.61	+2.00	-1.74	-5.21	+6.89	+2.62	+7.17
	Noakholly ..	+0.01	-5.01	-1.50	-7.01	-0.43	+0.35	-13.59
	Furreedpore ...	-0.20	-0.18	-4.43	-4.63	+0.45	-0.37	-9.36
	Dacca ...	+0.61	+0.58	-4.63	-4.27	-1.90	-1.15	-10.76
	Comilla ..	+2.06	+1.12	-1.46	-6.21	-2.21	+1.17	-5.53
	Mymensingh ...	+2.29	-0.79	-7.19	-6.75	-9.29	-0.77	-22.50
NORTH BENGAL	Pubna ...	+1.01	-1.45	-2.08	-5.55	-2.70	+1.01	-9.76
	Bogra ...	+0.52	+0.77	-4.67	-8.24	-6.50	-0.65	-18.77
	Rajshahye ...	+1.54	-0.46	-4.41	-6.24	-4.82	-1.25	-15.64
	Maldah ...	+4.02	+0.50	-4.83	-4.51	-8.30	+2.64	-10.48
	Dinagepore ...	+0.96	-2.54	-3.44	-6.56	-6.47	+0.71	-17.34
	Rungpore ...	-0.05	-6.94	-4.87	-6.05	-7.43	+0.71	-24.63
	Julpigori and Cooch Behar ...	+5.11	-5.41	-6.44	+2.13	-16.53	+3.53	-17.61
	Darjeeling hill ...	-5.31	-9.92	-3.67	-5.67	-16.90	+1.15	-40.31
NORTH BEAHR	Purneah, North Bhagulpore ...	-0.47	-2.10	-0.76	-3.99	-7.84	+4.49	-10.61
	Durbhunga, Mozufferpore ...	-0.22	-0.22	-2.76	-3.78	-0.83	+2.12	-5.6
	Chumparun ...	-0.56	+1.30	-0.58	-3.10	+3.32	-2.90	-2.5
	Sarun ...	-0.16	-1.57	-3.03	-0.96	-0.79	-1.52	-8.3
SOUTH BEHAR	Shahabad ...	-0.38	-2.35	-4.71	-1.78	-0.44	-0.08	-9.7
	Gya ...	-1.07	-2.21	-5.11	-1.38	-1.34	+0.45	-10.6
	Patna ...	-0.44	-0.53	-4.72	-2.54	-1.60	+0.47	-9.3
	Monghyr and South Bhagulpore ...	-1.01	+0.22	-3.32	-3.18	-3.83	+1.20	-9.3
	Sonthal Pergunnahs ...	+0.40	-3.31	-3.64	-5.38	-2.83	+1.22	-13.4
CHUTIA NAGPORE	Hazaribagh ...	-0.60	-3.27	-4.04	-1.32	+0.20	-0.35	-9.3
	Lohardugga and Manbhoom ...	-0.28	-2.37	-1.58	-3.20	+1.76	-0.75	-6.4
	Singbhoom ...	-1.03	-2.79	+3.76	-6.33	+2.63	-1.53	-5.3

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL,
The 7th November 1884.

JOHN ELIOT,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal

TABLE III.

The Variation of the Average District Monthly Rainfall from the Normal Rainfall expressed as a percentage for the months May to October 1884.

DIVISION.	District.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	TOTAL.
ORISSA	Pooree ...	-58	-13	-10	-29	+20	+14	-8
	Cuttack ...	-53	+22	-22	-4	+26	-42	-6
	Balasore ...	-40	+49	+8	-26	+22	+11	+7
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL	South Midnapore and South-West 24-Pergunnahs ...	+10	+29	+21	-29	+34	+33	+14
	Midnapore ...	+19	-30	+28	-44	-3	-7	-9
	24-Pergunnahs ...	+7	+20	-12	-10	+80	-24	+11
	Hooghly and Howrah ...	+8	+1	-22	-20	+17	-23	-8
	Bankoora and Beerbhoom ...	0	-38	-13	-24	+3	+28	-14
	Burdwan ...	+12	+2	-37	-40	+7	-35	-19
	Nuddea ...	-36	+1	-29	-51	-5	-13	-24
	Moorshedabad ...	-10	-16	-25	-44	-22	-20	-25
EAST BENGAL	Khoolna and Jessore ...	+4	+32	-23	-43	+59	+2	+3
	Chittagong ...	+56	-3	-29	-26	+34	+23	-3
	Chittagong Hill Tracts ...	-12	+40	-48	-49	-22	-22	-19
	Backergunge ...	+35	+9	-9	-34	+58	+47	+9
	Noakholly ...	0	-19	-7	-30	-3	+5	-13
	Furreedpore ...	-2	-1	-36	-39	+5	-10	-16
	Dacca ...	+7	+4	-34	-34	-19	-23	-17
	Comilla ...	+19	+7	-10	-39	-19	+21	-7
NORTH BENGAL	Mymensingh ...	+22	-5	-48	-49	-72	-15	-30
	Pubna ...	+14	-13	-19	-46	-27	+22	-17
	Bogra ...	+6	+6	-34	-68	-69	-13	-31
	Rajshahye ...	+24	-4	-37	-55	-44	-25	-28
	Maldah ...	+109	+5	-47	-46	-81	+59	-22
	Dinagepore ...	+16	-17	-31	-52	-65	+18	-30
	Rungpore ...	0	-33	-34	-46	-58	+14	-32
	Julpigori and Cooch Behar ...	+37	-17	-30	+10	-71	+59	-15
NORTH BEHAR	Darjeeling hill ...	-38	-28	-9	-16	-69	+13	-26
	Purneah, North Bhagulpore ...	-11	-18	-6	-30	-67	+115	-18
	Durbhunga, Mozufferpore ...	-10	-3	-25	-38	-10	+69	-14
	Chumparan ...	-20	+16	-5	-27	+43	-67	-5
SOUTH BEHAR	Saran ...	-31	-23	-28	-10	-10	-47	-21
	Shahabad ...	-38	-42	-39	-17	-6	-3	-25
	Gya ...	-71	-39	-43	-13	-23	+17	-28
	Patna ...	-25	-8	-41	-26	-23	+15	-24
	Monghyr and South Bhagulpore ...	-48	+3	-30	-30	-53	+35	-24
CHUTIA NAGPORE	Sonthal Pergunnahs ...	+12	-35	-30	-48	-31	+32	-28
	Hazaribagh ...	-28	-41	-32	-11	+3	-13	-21
	Lohardugga and Manbhoom ...	-15	-31	-13	-26	+23	-22	-14
	Singbhoom ...	-29	-34	+26	-46	+29	-50	-10

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL,

The 7th November 1884.

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TABLE IV.

A Monthly Rainfall of the Sub-divisional Rainfall-registering Stations in the Province of Bengal for the months of May to October 1884.

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISION.	District.	Station.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	TOTAL.
ORISSA ...	Pooree ..	Pooree ...	2.53	8.03	11.58	6.98	15.10	17.13	61.35
		Khurdah ...	1.10	10.40	11.28	13.42	11.27	3.72	51.19
		Banpur ...	0.70	5.38	9.11	6.52	11.76	4.14	37.61
		False Point ...	0.24	8.38	12.08	8.37	11.86	11.16	52.09
		Hookitola ...	1.00	4.15	8.66	9.06	7.07	7.82	37.76
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingapore ...	0.70	12.38	11.74	11.99	13.43	4.86	55.10
		Banki ...	0.74	11.96	13.93	6.51	9.18	2.96	45.28
		Cuttack ...	1.97	17.83	9.90	11.82	8.68	2.40	52.60
		Kendrapara ...	1.20	7.45	8.80	12.62	8.33	3.45	41.85
		Jajpore ...	2.25	9.34	8.26	7.34	16.24	3.74	47.17
	Balasore ...	Chandbali ...	3.73	12.25	14.89	11.06	11.71	10.05	63.69
		Bhuddruok ...	1.81	17.23	6.71	8.17	16.21	9.88	60.01
		Sorah ...	1.74	10.55	11.22	3.16	15.16	5.16	46.99
		Balasore ...	3.31	18.32	19.11	11.53	13.57	4.48	70.32
		Jallasore ...	1.29	6.44	19.97	7.49	14.98	1.71	51.88
		Baripodah ...	3.65	12.72	14.79	9.33	11.00	6.97	58.46
	Midnapore ...	Contai ...	5.41	14.41	15.13	8.93	12.09	16.04	72.01
		Saugor Island ...	5.14	14.39	23.01	7.71	17.39	12.88	80.52
		Tumlook ...	4.70	10.00	11.60	9.00	8.50	4.40	48.20
		Midnapore ...	6.65	3.91	22.64	6.41	7.98	4.80	52.39
		Ghatal ...	6.82	5.82	13.41	5.84	7.93	3.81	43.63
	24-Pergunnahs ...	Diamond Harbour ...	5.64	13.56	17.13	13.30	18.02	3.89	71.54
		Alipore Jail ...	5.33	12.77	12.27	9.75	18.85	3.58	62.55
		Barrackpore ...	4.18	12.58	9.43	13.25	8.95	3.89	52.28
		Dum-Dum ...	6.30	10.53	13.28	9.25	18.59	2.44	60.39
		Baraset ...	7.92	11.60	9.48	7.36	14.70	2.35	53.41
		Buseerhat ...	6.65	13.03	9.41	14.41	16.72	4.25	64.47
	Howrah ...	Howrah ...	5.99	11.28	8.19	10.00	12.97	3.74	52.17
		Moheshrekha (Ouloberiah). ...	8.86	10.32	9.70	8.24	10.02	3.85	50.98
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	4.36	15.52	12.75	12.63	11.12	4.10	60.48
		Hooghly ...	4.54	8.41	10.12	11.09	7.19	1.76	43.11
		Jehanabad ...	5.55	5.90	7.94	9.41	8.46	3.14	40.40
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Burdwan ...	Culna ...	3.70	10.32	7.55	9.03	7.27	1.98	39.85
		Burdwan ...	4.94	4.38	7.16	8.55	12.50	1.96	39.98
		Cutwa ...	6.98	14.55	5.59	4.02	4.29	4.61	40.00
		Raneegunge ...	3.17	5.53	10.97	10.37	7.07	3.99	41.11
	Bankoora ...	Bankoora ...	4.61	9.04	12.67	11.20	11.10	9.75	58.33
		Bishenpore ...	4.88	5.88	9.12	8.96	8.70	4.28	41.83
		Maliara ...	3.21	3.07	10.25	7.39	7.15	5.31	36.33
		Khatra ...	2.10	8.06	12.83	7.08	11.41	6.51	47.93
	Beerbhoom ...	Bh. Soory ...	2.99	5.65	9.96	11.08	9.73	3.64	43.03
		Hetampore ...	?	?	?	8.68	5.66	2.42	16.73
	Nuddea ...	Bongong ...	3.74	10.65	6.60	7.34	5.91	4.44	38.63
		Ranaghat ...	1.50	13.44	8.28	5.95	6.80	4.16	40.13
		Kishnaghur ...	4.26	7.86	7.20	2.87	8.27	2.06	32.53
		Chooadanga ...	4.42	10.79	6.73	5.11	8.33	4.64	40.03
		Meherpore ...	3.81	9.53	5.96	7.64	6.42	3.96	37.33
		Kooshtea ...	6.43	8.92	8.08	6.14	11.23	3.35	44.13

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISION.	District.	Station.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	TOTAL.
SOUTH- WEST BENGAL. —concld.	Khoolna ...	Satkhirā ...	5.74	18.35	10.41	7.42	17.73	7.53	67.18
		Pagirhat ...	7.13	18.67	16.45	9.00	14.86	6.34	72.45
		Khoolna ...	8.17	22.46	11.53	8.57	16.82	3.75	71.30
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	4.98	11.82	4.01	4.32	8.11	2.32	35.56
		Jessore ...	7.03	18.68	8.44	5.97	11.33	5.34	56.79
		Jhenidah ...	7.20	12.49	7.39	7.51	13.95	3.92	52.46
		Magoora ...	6.58	15.53	3.17	3.41	15.69	2.99	47.37
	Moorshedabad	Kandi ...	4.26	6.92	7.04	5.95	7.78	5.05	37.00
		Rampore Hat ...	1.68	6.03	8.04	6.54	9.51	2.11	33.91
		Berhampore ...	4.64	7.76	6.43	4.88	6.74	5.06	35.51
		Lalbagh ...	4.17	9.17	7.41	6.02	6.52	3.78	37.07
		Azingunge ...	4.53	7.29	11.37	8.02	7.82	2.96	41.99
		Jungipore ...	3.60	5.79	7.27	6.51	7.28	3.43	33.88
		Lalgola ...	4.97	11.22	8.20	6.84	6.99	2.96	41.18
	Chittagong	Cox's Bazar ...	18.20	30.78	28.85	20.29	25.43	8.90	132.45
		Chittagong ...	13.24	26.38	14.91	12.83	14.12	7.75	89.23
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	10.48	20.41	9.86	9.36	10.14	5.99	66.24
		Raicha ...	9.07	31.79	13.06	13.55	11.98	4.92	84.37
		Agartola ...	11.90	15.58	12.69	4.92	6.74	6.36	58.19
	Backergunge	Patuakhally ...	12.68	26.20	14.95	10.90	17.10	7.00	88.83
		Perozepore ...	5.55	23.95	12.58	12.48	15.10	11.80	81.46
		Burrisal ...	12.79	21.30	14.07	4.67	26.55	6.94	86.32
		Bhola ...	9.06	20.85	24.81	12.57	16.69	7.03	91.01
EAST BENGAL.	Noakholly ...	Noakholly ...	9.81	13.95	23.30	18.01	19.78	9.67	94.52
		Fenny ...	15.68	29.99	16.16	14.36	13.14	4.68	94.01
	Furreedpore	Madaripore ...	9.81	12.45	6.68	7.59	13.48	4.01	54.02
		Furreedpore ...	7.69	13.46	8.55	8.79	7.88	3.32	49.69
		Goalundo ...	7.09	11.26	8.89	5.07	6.43	2.34	41.08
	Dacca ...	Munshigunge ...	8.60	15.41	8.82	11.28	12.05	5.50	61.66
		Dacca ...	10.78	11.95	8.95	6.00	6.69	3.40	47.77
		Naraingunge ...	7.21	10.45	6.70	7.98	11.80	5.83	49.97
		Manickgunge ...	10.09	13.63	9.17	8.13	5.95	2.71	49.68
	Comilla ...	Comilla ...	12.08	20.69	18.00	11.86	11.21	8.79	82.63
		Chandpore ...	14.30	12.55	11.05	13.85	11.90	5.65	69.30
		Brahmunberia ...	12.64	24.25	9.96	8.19	7.21	6.23	68.48
	Mymensingh	Kishoregunge ...	12.57	11.29	7.41	5.62	4.68	6.49	48.06
		Atia ...	10.17	3.35	7.28	5.02	4.92	2.80	33.54
		Mymensingh ...	21.30	20.55	8.20	13.03	4.67	4.74	72.49
		Jamalpore ...	6.75	18.92	7.10	5.92	2.67	4.77	46.13
		Netrokona ...	17.21	20.02	10.60	17.01	6.98	6.82	78.64
	Pubna ...	Pubna ...	5.82	10.78	7.65	6.73	8.41	5.30	44.69
		Serajgunge ...	11.10	9.44	10.12	6.25	5.97	6.07	48.95
	Bogra ...	Sherpore ...	11.03	12.31	7.69	3.48	2.71	5.20	42.42
		Nowkhilla ...	8.50	14.96	8.57	3.76	2.18	4.41	42.38
		Bogra ...	9.75	16.14	8.77	3.15	2.59	2.16	42.56
		Panchbibi ...	5.02	10.82	11.05	4.88	4.42	5.29	41.48
NORTH BENGAL.	Rajshahye ...	Beauleah ...	6.11	9.41	7.06	5.62	6.63	3.61	38.44
		Nattore ...	9.69	10.95	7.69	4.50	5.42	3.83	42.08
		Nowgong ...	6.98	19.74	7.89	4.60	2.85	5.23	47.29
	Maldah ...	Maldah ...	7.72	10.54	5.59	5.24	1.92	7.08	38.09

METROLOGICAL DIVISION.	District.	Station.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	Total.
NORTH BENGAL. —concl'd.	Dinagore ...	Mohadebpore ...	8.01	11.42	4.80	5.22	6.20	3.23	38.86
		Churamon ...	6.47	15.50	8.47	7.03	4.03	4.48	46.31
		Raigunge ...	7.17	11.08	10.39	7.13	2.52	5.92	44.21
		Dinagore ...	5.51	11.96	7.07	5.24	1.29	4.81	35.81
		Baloorghat ...	6.49	15.07	7.58	5.00	2.19	3.39	39.71
	Rungpore ...	Bha wanigunge (Gyabanda). ...	11.47	8.45	15.39	5.96	4.49	3.09	43.8
		Rungpore ...	12.21	15.93	7.72	9.75	8.41	4.67	58.6
		Kurigram ...	13.52	15.92	4.01	8.20	3.86	6.61	52.1
		Bagdogra (Nil- phamari). ...	7.22	16.10	10.16	4.26	5.02	9.15	51.9
	Julpigori ...	Julpigori ...	14.03	20.39	19.29	40.79	5.00	5.35	104.8
	Cooch Behar	Dhinhatta ...	20.33	22.20	8.19	16.58	8.99	10.37	86.6
		Cooch Behar ...	26.75	40.29	18.28	20.89	7.04	13.92	127.1
		Mickligunge ...	15.17	24.03	13.27	23.12	6.36	7.02	88.9
		Matabhanga ...	19.03	22.01	15.51	18.13	5.76	10.76	91.2
	Darjeeling hill.	Buxa ...	13.80	30.08	40.47	36.07	6.20	8.07	134.6
		Siliguri ...	6.72	14.65	32.33	19.92	5.34	8.17	87.1
		Darjeeling ...	5.34	21.10	30.08	22.18	9.24	11.45	99.3
		Kalimpong ...	5.62	16.43	20.31	12.19	4.75	9.39	68.6
	Purneah ...	Kissengunge ...	3.45	16.11	21.61	14.24	4.66	7.94	68.6
		Arrareah ...	5.76	10.88	13.80	12.67	3.69	6.71	53.1
		Purneah ...	3.32	8.13	16.07	7.45	4.55	8.86	48.1
	North Bha- gulpore.	Maddapore ...	2.55	7.53	7.11	7.99	3.31	10.74	39.1
		Soopool ...	3.07	6.78	7.23	3.31	3.19	7.81	31.1
NORTH BEHAR.	Durbhunga...	Tajpore ...	1.70	7.27	8.08	7.16	4.24	7.02	35.1
		Durbhunga ...	2.29	6.73	4.67	3.87	7.56	6.98	32.1
		Madhubani ...	3.53	6.88	7.66	9.27	12.24	3.98	43.1
	Mozufferpore	Sitamarhi ...	2.30	7.15	10.05	7.09	9.33	3.22	39.1
		Mozufferpore ...	1.63	8.14	7.05	5.16	7.14	4.94	34.1
		Hajipore ...	0.30	9.66	11.48	4.14	3.82	4.98	34.1
	Chumparun	Motihari ...	1.50	10.77	9.54	7.26	12.97	0.97	43.1
		Bettiah ...	2.31	9.65	11.30	9.01	11.93	0.64	44.1
	Sarun ...	Gopalgunge ...	2.81	8.38	13.55	8.36	6.38	2.69	42.1
		Sewan ...	1.17	4.18	6.25	7.49	8.99	1.84	29.1
		Chupra ...	0.85	6.42	9.25	9.69	5.29	1.63	33.1
SOUTH BEHAR.	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	0.61	4.76	6.24	7.27	4.97	5.34	29.1
		Dehree ...	0.12	1.53	9.04	13.44	4.23	3.03	31.1
		Bhubooh ...	0.82	0.91	8.06	8.30	9.47	2.20	21.1
		Sasseram ...	0.15	2.88	5.65	15.10	7.88	3.13	34.1
		Arrah ...	0.85	4.33	9.00	5.04	4.27	1.57	25.1
	Gya ...	Aurangabad ...	0.31	5.47	7.55	15.02	7.94	2.30	38.1
		Gya ...	0.49	2.95	7.89	7.55	3.04	2.04	23.1
		Nowdah ...	0.36	2.11	5.46	6.91	3.59	3.09	21.1
		Jehanabad ...	1.40	3.38	5.70	8.54	3.73	4.95	27.1
	Patna ...	Patna ...	0.97	8.21	6.49	7.26	3.71	4.17	30.1
		Dinapore ...	Nil	8.74	7.26	11.77	5.62	2.86	36.1
		Behar ...	2.92	2.88	4.49	4.75	3.51	2.42	20.1
		Barrh ...	1.45	4.59	8.38	5.63	8.28	4.95	33.1
	Monghyr ...	Reegoosera ...	0.11	5.88	6.35	7.29	2.77	3.01	25.1
		Monghyr ...	0.65	7.20	8.95	6.80	2.96	5.38	31.1
		Jamui ...	1.45	6.29	7.66	14.25	3.92	2.33	35.1

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISION.	District.	Station.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	TOTAL.
SOUTH BEHAR— <i>concluded.</i>	South Bha- gulpore.	Bhagulpore ...	1·57	12·44	10·11	2·69	3·84	6·64	37·29
		Banka ...	1·64	5·44	5·19	5·94	3·21	5·90	27·32
	Sonthal Per- gunnahs.	Rajmehal ...	6·00	10·15	7·42	5·27	1·57	5·81	36·22
		Godah ...	3·56	5·35	7·12	2·86	2·02	6·28	27·19
		Pakour ...	5·43	7·86	4·93	6·25	6·97	5·43	36·87
		Nya Loomka ...	3·02	2·65	8·17	5·51	7·66	3·67	30·68
		Deoghur ...	3·59	4·15	8·55	5·55	7·50	3·90	33·24
		Jamtara ...	1·14	6·38	15·00	8·86	11·40	5·08	47·86
	Hazaribagh	Pachamba ...	0·99	4·15	9·95	5·41	6·32	2·72	29·54
		Hazaribagh ...	1·32	6·43	6·70	14·92	8·53	2·01	39·91
		Semtagurah ...	2·85	4·06	9·52	10·43	8·11	.....	.....
		Mahudi hills ...	0·89	3·90	8·41	12·30	8·60	2·23	36·33
		Jhoomrah hills ...	5·00	7·00	14·60	9·50	16·50	1·94	54·54
CHUTIA NAGPUR.	Lohardugga	Lohardugga ...	0·39	5·04	12·85	8·85	12·82	0·88	40·83
		Ranchee ...	2·74	8·04	14·08	11·34	12·79	3·55	52·54
		Palamow ...	0·63	2·70	7·30	9·58	8·70	1·39	30·30
	Singbhoom	Chyebassa ...	2·51	5·43	18·13	7·31	11·69	1·51	46·58
	Manbhoom	Purulia ...	2·41	8·30	11·75	7·77	7·74	2·15	40·12
		Gobindpore ...	0·73	1·92	9·06	6·84	8·26	3·54	30·35

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL,

The 7th November 1884.

JOHN ELIOT,

Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

TABLE V.

Variation of the Sub-divisional actual monthly rainfall from the normal average for the months May to October 1884.

(In inches).

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISION.	District.	Station.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	TOTAL.
ORISSA	Pooree	Pooree ...	+0.01	—0.18	+1.13	—4.24	+4.99	+8.66	+10.37
		Khurdah ...	—2.14	+0.34	—1.80	+0.40	+0.96	—3.48	—5.72
		Banpur ...	—1.50	—3.47	—2.06	—4.96	+1.88	—0.92	—11.03
		False Point ...	—2.76	—1.68	—2.17	—5.80	+0.70	+0.23	—11.48
	Cuttack	Jagatsingapore ...	—1.78	+4.46	+0.75	+1.54	+5.20	—2.21	+7.96
		Cuttack ...	—1.07	+7.23	—2.76	+0.39	—0.99	—3.26	—0.46
		Kendrapara ...	—2.31	—1.38	—3.17	—0.84	—0.88	—2.90	—11.48
		Jajpore ...	—1.82	—0.76	—5.54	—2.88	+6.21	—2.11	—6.90
	Balasore	Chandbali ...	—0.54	+3.90	+1.67	—0.53	+0.33	+3.63	+8.46
		Bluddruck ...	—2.83	+7.81	—5.86	—2.53	+5.76	+4.84	+7.19
		Sorah ...	—2.92	+3.99	—1.42	—7.87	+3.92	—0.89	—5.19
		Balasore ...	—1.41	+8.07	+7.21	—0.96	+0.98	—2.62	+11.27
		Jellasure ...	—2.15	—1.04	+3.86	—4.11	+4.34	—3.36	—2.40
		Baripodah ...	—0.73	+2.63	+1.17	—1.92	—0.59	+2.15	+2.71
	Midnapore	Contai ...	+0.85	+3.19	+0.25	—4.32	—0.02	+6.71	+6.66
		Saugor Island ...	+0.38	+2.83	+6.96	—7.57	+5.10	+3.20	+10.90
		Tumlook ...	—0.32	+1.04	—0.19	—3.92	—0.19	—0.53	—4.11
		Midnapore ...	+1.49	—6.15	+10.75	—4.86	—0.41	—0.46	+0.36
		Ghatul ...	+1.71	—3.48	—0.02	—7.86	—0.10	0	—9.77
	24-Pergunnahs	Diamond Harbour ...	+0.22	+3.42	+2.43	—0.54	+7.04	—1.83	+10.74
		Alipore Jail ...	+0.03	+2.56	—0.99	—3.34	+9.75	—0.96	+7.00
		Barrackpore ...	—0.78	+3.36	—2.53	+2.13	+1.54	+0.33	+4.00
		Dum-Dum ...	+0.70	+0.48	+1.11	—2.80	+9.92	—2.15	+7.26
		Baraset ...	+1.77	+1.46	—1.41	—3.74	+5.43	—2.18	+1.35
		Buseerhat ...	+0.21	+2.35	—3.22	+1.85	+7.96	—0.16	+8.99
	Howrah	Howrah ...	+1.25	—0.02	—4.51	—2.59	+3.65	—0.67	—2.89
		Mohesreka (Oolberiah). ...	+2.18	+0.93	—3.32	—4.88	+1.82	+0.11	—3.10
	Hooghly	Serampore ...	—0.39	+5.25	+0.16	+1.08	+3.22	—0.46	+8.86
		Hooghly ...	—1.13	—1.98	—1.66	—1.19	—0.61	—2.32	—8.89
		Jehanabad ...	+0.18	—3.53	—4.07	—5.18	—0.84	—1.68	—15.15
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Burdwan	Culna ...	—0.77	+1.60	—2.95	—2.14	+1.09	—2.04	—5.21
		Burdwan ...	—0.04	—5.42	—5.05	—4.14	+4.41	—2.84	—13.00
		Cutwa ...	+2.50	+4.49	—4.14	—7.89	—3.96	+0.31	—8.69
		Raneegunge ...	+0.15	—2.90	—1.42	—2.19	+0.20	+0.38	—5.70
	Bankoora	Bankoora ...	+1.22	—0.85	+0.04	—0.42	+2.24	+4.90	+6.11
		Bishenpore ...	—0.29	—5.03	—2.21	—3.32	+1.27	+1.13	—8.40
		Maliara ...	+0.44	—6.63	—1.42	—4.49	+1.32	+0.45	—10.30
		Khatra ...	—1.35	—2.81	—2.31	—4.30	+1.01	+1.53	—8.20
	Beerbhoom	Bh. Soory ...	—0.07	—4.69	—2.65	—1.81	+0.35	—0.09	—8.90
		Hetampore ...	.....	.....	.....	—3.79	—4.71	—0.46	—8.90
	Nuddea	Bongong ...	—2.10	+0.51	—4.16	—5.22	—1.45	—0.26	—12.60
		Ranaghat ...	—3.71	+3.63	—1.52	—6.77	—0.66	+0.31	—8.70
		Kishnaghur ...	—2.25	—1.88	—2.78	—7.89	+0.87	—2.50	—16.40
		Chooadanga ...	—3.27	+1.24	—2.80	—6.75	—1.60	+0.11	—13.00
		Meherpore ...	—1.19	—0.47	—3.78	—4.37	—1.26	+0.24	—10.80
		Kooshtea ...	—0.79	—2.48	—2.68	—5.77	+1.49	—1.29	—11.50
	Khoolna	Satkira ...	—0.52	+5.87	—1.92	—4.07	+8.70	+2.78	+10.80
		Bagirhat ...	+0.33	+4.11	+1.71	—3.34	+5.40	+1.08	+9.20
		Khoolna ...	+1.92	+9.43	—0.47	—3.78	+7.18	—0.71	+13.50

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISION.	District.	Station.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	TOTAL.
SOUTH- WEST BENGAL —concl'd.	Jessore	Narail ...	−1·95	+0·26	−5·35	−6·36	+0·64	−1·15	−13·91
		Jessore ...	−0·51	+5·19	−2·90	−5·46	+2·33	−0·40	−1·75
		Jhenidah ...	+1·17	−0·67	−2·19	−5·62	+4·69	−0·67	−3·29
		Magoora ...	−0·71	+4·15	−7·18	−6·84	+7·51	−0·47	−3·54
	Moorshedabad	Kandi ...	−0·30	−2·78	−4·72	−5·39	−1·58	+1·24	−13·53
		Rampore Haut ...	−1·31	−3·63	−2·29	−5·76	−0·72	−1·76	−15·47
		Berhampore ...	−0·22	−2·12	−3·84	−5·64	−2·64	−0·39	−14·85
		Lalbagh ...	−0·42	−0·06	−2·41	−5·98	−3·25	−0·48	−12·60
		Azingunge ...	+0·09	−1·57	+1·42	−4·06	−1·31	−2·55	−7·98
		Jungipore ...	−0·93	−2·86	−3·59	−4·46	−2·36	−0·46	−14·66
		Lalgola ...	+0·05	+2·85	−2·85	−3·97	−3·25	−1·75	−8·92
	Chittagong	Cox's Bazar ...	+7·18	−4·98	−11·14	−4·03	+9·67	+1·17	−2·13
		Chittagong ...	+4·11	+3·28	−6·86	−7·52	+0·40	+1·92	−4·67
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	+0·10	+1·76	−9·13	−9·15	−2·89	−1·73	−21·04
		Ruma ...	−0·47	+10·09	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
		Agartola ...	+0·71	+1·32	+0·68	−8·66	−3·75	+1·29	−8·41
	Backergunge	Patuakhally ...	+4·33	+0·65	−7·19	−5·16	+4·29	+0·71	−2·37
		Perozepore ...	−0·97	+6·84	−3·22	−2·12	+3·79	+5·58	+9·90
		Burrisal ...	+5·17	+3·84	−2·48	−8·08	+14·71	+2·36	+15·52
		Bhola ...	+1·91	−3·36	+5·95	−5·50	+4·76	+1·83	+5·59
EAST BEN- GAL.	Noakholly ...	Noakholly ...	+0·29	−10·52	+2·46	−4·28	+2·79	+2·11	−7·15
		Fenny ...	+3·57	+0·50	−5·45	−9·69	−3·65	−1·43	−16·15
	Furreedpore	Madaripore ...	+0·29	−0·45	−6·03	−4·18	+4·73	−0·48	−6·12
		Furreedpore ...	−0·60	+0·15	−4·15	−3·39	−1·54	−1·16	−10·69
		Goalundo ...	−0·29	−0·23	−3·12	−6·32	−1·83	−2·47	−14·26
	Dacca ...	Munshigunge ...	−0·71	−0·91	−7·41	−3·58	−0·49	−0·28	−13·38
		Dacca ...	+1·48	−1·26	−3·87	−6·20	−3·40	−1·95	−15·20
		Manikgunge ...	+1·08	+3·92	−2·61	−3·04	−1·82	−1·23	−3·70
	Comilla ...	Comilla ...	+1·58	+2·13	+0·33	−4·44	−0·18	+3·39	+2·15
		Chandpore ...	+4·28	−7·53	+4·52	−7·24	−0·95	−1·26	−17·22
		Brahmunberia ...	+1·66	+8·54	+1·70	−4·52	−3·96	+1·24	+1·26
	Mymensingh	Kishoregunge ...	+1·62	−7·43	−6·00	−7·34	−8·22	+0·91	−26·46
		Atia ...	+2·84	−10·25	−3·77	−6·96	−5·11	−2·17	−25·42
		Mymensingh ...	+9·16	−0·26	−8·68	−1·85	−9·23	−0·74	−11·60
		Jamalpore ...	−2·58	+3·69	−6·41	−8·36	−10·59	−0·42	−24·67
	Pubna ...	Pubna ...	−1·31	−1·39	−2·94	−6·04	−2·30	+0·60	−13·38
		Serajgunge ...	+3·33	−1·50	−1·22	−5·05	−3·11	+1·43	−6·12
	Bogra ...	Sherpore ...	+1·91	+0·27	−6·16	−9·82	−6·63	+0·54	−19·89
		Nowkhilla ...	+0·95	+2·36	−2·87	−7·24	−6·42	−1·02	−14·24
		Bogra ...	+0·99	+0·81	−7·66	−9·44	−9·11	+2·77	−27·18
		Panchbibi ...	−1·79	−0·36	−1·97	−6·47	−3·84	+0·65	−13·78
T H AL.	Rajshahye ...	Beaulah ...	+0·50	−1·44	−4·43	−5·15	−4·11	−1·50	−16·13
		Nattore ...	+2·59	+0·52	−4·41	−7·34	−5·54	−1·01	−15·19
	Maldah ...	Maldah ...	+4·02	+0·50	−4·83	−4·51	−8·30	+2·64	−10·48
	Dinagopore	Mohadebpore ...	+1·83	−2·70	−4·51	−9·70	−2·53	−0·25	−17·86
		Churamon ...	+2·39	+1·62	−0·67	−4·03	−6·86	+1·53	−6·02
		Raigunge ...	+1·15	−3·67	−0·73	−4·68	−5·38	+1·89	−11·42
		Dinagopore ...	−1·52	−5·41	−7·83	−7·84	−11·11	−0·33	−34·04
		Baloorghat ...	+1·58	+1·39	+0·43	−4·01	−2·88	−2·21	−5·70

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISION.	District.	Station.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	TOTAL.
NORTH BENGAL— concluded.	Rungpore ...	Bhawanigunge (Gyabanda) ...	+3.04	—6.95	+2.61	—5.11	—7.14	—2.33	—15.8
		Rungpore ...	+1.80	—5.32	—8.73	—3.24	—4.58	—0.51	—20.5
		Kurigram ...	—0.19	—5.46	—10.06	—2.65	—8.27	+1.49	—25.1
		Bagdogra (Niphari)	—4.01	—10.04	—3.31	—13.20	—9.73	+4.17	—36.1
	Julpigoree ...	Julpigoree ...	+2.60	—8.92	—5.43	+14.16	—18.56	—0.37	—16.5
	Cooch Behar {	Dinhatta ...	+4.65	—7.98	—8.82	+1.43	—13.84	+4.26	—20.3
		Cooch Behar ...	+11.77	+4.42	—4.42	—0.90	—15.14	+8.10	+3.8
		Mickligunge ...	+2.07	—4.69	—7.36	+0.58	—16.23	+1.64	—23.9
		Matabhanga ...	+4.43	—9.86	—6.16	—4.60	—18.86	+4.05	—31.0
	Darjeeling Hill ...	Buxa ...	—7.29	—16.02	—7.54	—7.25	—25.80	—2.77	—66.6
		Darjeeling ...	—1.75	—3.82	+0.20	—4.07	—7.99	+4.71	—12.7
	Purneah ...	Kissengunge ...	—1.74	—0.14	+4.98	—1.05	—8.03	+4.33	—1.6
		Arrareah ...	+0.60	—3.19	—1.64	—0.65	—9.42	+2.90	—11.4
		Purneah ...	—0.02	—3.52	+1.85	—6.23	—9.07	+4.57	—12.4
	North Bha- gulpore ...	Maddapore ...	—1.06	—1.02	—4.83	—3.87	—6.30	+5.77	—11.3
		Soopool ...	—0.12	—2.66	—4.13	—8.12	—6.39	+4.88	—16.5
NORTH BEHAR—	Durbhunga... {	Tajpore ...	—0.02	—0.06	—3.67	—2.50	—3.08	+4.08	—5.2
		Durbhunga ...	+0.06	—1.99	—6.73	—6.92	—1.26	+3.97	—12.8
		Madhubani ...	+0.75	—1.67	—2.33	—0.46	+2.15	+1.24	—0.3
	Mozufferpore {	Sitamarhi ...	—0.26	—0.78	—0.31	—2.04	+1.28	+0.62	—1.4
		Mozufferpore ...	—0.60	+1.41	—3.57	—4.80	—0.96	+2.00	—6.5
		Hajipore ...	—1.28	+2.36	+0.08	—5.99	—3.13	+0.80	—7.1
	Chumparun {	Motihari ...	—0.90	+2.53	—1.09	—5.04	+4.89	—2.67	—2.2
		Bettiah ...	—0.35	+0.67	—1.35	—2.17	+2.61	—2.58	—3.1
	Sarun ...	Gopalgunge ...	—0.45	+0.70	—0.71	—2.09	+0.47	—3.45	—4.1
		Sewan ...	—0.54	—3.14	—5.14	—2.55	+0.34	—2.00	—13.0
		Chupra ...	—0.37	0	—0.91	+0.63	—1.92	—1.05	—3.6
	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	—0.13	—0.15	—5.07	—2.34	—1.82	+2.14	—7.3
		Bhuboah ...	—0.14	—4.29	—4.12	—3.43	+2.79	—0.84	—10.0
		Sasseram ...	—0.80	—2.49	—6.35	+3.53	+1.26	—0.47	—5.3
		Arrah ...	—0.46	—2.47	—3.31	—4.90	—4.00	—1.13	—16.2
SOUTH BE- HAR.	Gya ...	Aurangabad ...	—0.93	—0.01	—4.48	+3.10	+1.35	—0.28	—1.2
		Gya ...	—0.71	—3.40	—3.61	—1.81	—3.46	—0.40	—13.3
		Nowadah ...	—1.67	—3.66	—6.16	—3.38	—2.53	+0.61	—16.7
		Jehanabad ...	—0.16	—1.79	—6.18	—3.26	—0.70	+1.85	—10.2
	Patna ...	Patna ...	—0.57	+1.13	—3.53	—2.31	—4.14	+1.30	—8.1
		Dinapore ...	—1.36	+1.80	—3.44	+1.15	—0.91	—0.09	—2.8
		Behar ...	+0.83	—4.15	—8.30	—5.14	—2.24	—0.90	—19.8
		Barrh ...	—0.66	—0.93	—3.62	—3.83	+0.91	+1.57	—6.5
	Monghyr ...	Beegooserai ...	—1.93	—0.41	—4.54	—2.22	—3.69	—0.04	—12.8
		Monghyr ...	—1.15	+0.33	—2.34	—3.92	—4.75	+1.38	—10.4
		Jamui ...	—0.52	—0.42	—4.30	+3.17	—3.13	—0.04	—5.2
	South Bha- gulpore.	Bhagulpore ...	—0.88	+4.03	—1.02	—7.75	—3.27	+2.36	—6.5
		Banka ...	—0.54	—2.41	—5.41	—5.15	—4.31	+2.35	—15.4

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISION.	District.	Station.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September	October.	TOTAL
SOUTH BEHAR —concluded.	Sonthal Per- gunnahs.	Rajmehal ...	+1·96	—0·34	—4·77	—4·35	—8·98	+2·47	—14·01
		Godah ...	+1·04	—1·91	—3·81	—8·38	—7·18	+2·98	—17·26
		Pakour ...	+1·11	—4·77	—5·86	—4·68	—2·40	+1·13	—15·47
		Nya Doomka ...	—0·33	—6·74	—5·09	—7·78	—1·81	—0·87	—22·62
		Deoghur ...	+0·68	—4·28	—4·46	—4·96	—0·92	—0·80	—14·74
		Jamtara ...	—2·07	—1·82	+2·14	—3·08	+4·32	+2·38	+1·87
	Hazaribagh	Pachamba ...	—1·20	—4·27	—2·92	—5·64	—1·73	—0·38	—16·14
		Hazaribagh ...	—0·20	—1·72	—5·95	+2·34	+0·70	—1·15	—5·98
		Semtagurah ...	+0·14	—4·47	—2·67	—1·55	+0·23	.....	.....
		Mahudi Hills ...	—1·12	—2·65	—4·59	—0·46	+0·85	+0·04	—7·98
CHUTIA NAGPORE.	Lohardugga	Ranchee ...	+0·74	+0·52	+1·89	—0·40	+4·50	+0·38	+7·63
		Palamow ...	—0·44	—3·25	—5·42	—1·85	+1·28	—0·99	—10·67
	Singbhoom	Chyebussa ...	—1·03	—2·79	+3·59	—6·33	+2·63	—1·53	—5·43
	Manbhoom	Purulia ...	—0·20	—0·94	+0·68	—4·58	+0·10	—1·66	—6·6
		Gobindpore ...	—1·23	—5·81	—3·46	—5·95	+1·16	—0·75	—16·0

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL,

The 7th November 1884.

JOHN ELIOT,

Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

TABLE VI.

Percentage variation of the monthly Rainfall of the Sub-divisional Rainfall-registering Stations in Bengal, from the normal average rainfall for the months May to October 1884.

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISION.	District.	Station.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	TOTAL.
ORISSA ...	Pooree ...	Pooree ...	0	-2	+11	-38	+49	+102	+20
		Khurdah ...	-66	+3	-14	+3	+9	-48	-10
		Banpur ...	-68	-39	-18	-43	+19	-18	-23
		False Point ...	-92	-17	-15	-41	+6	+2	-18
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingapore ...	-71	+56	+7	+15	+63	-31	+17
		Cuttack ...	-35	+68	-22	+3	-10	-58	-1
		Kendrapara ...	-66	-16	-26	-6	-10	-46	-22
		Jajpore ...	-45	-8	-40	-28	+62	-36	-13
	Balasore ...	Chandbali ...	-13	+47	+13	-5	+3	+57	+15
		Bluddruck ...	-61	+83	-47	-24	+55	+96	+14
		Sorah ...	-63	+61	-11	-71	+35	-15	-10
		Balasore ...	-30	+79	+61	-8	+8	-37	+19
		Jellasore ...	-63	-14	+24	-35	+41	-66	-5
		Baripodah ...	-17	+26	+9	-17	-5	+44	+5
	Midnapore ...	Contai ...	+19	+28	+2	-33	0	+72	+10
		Saugor Island ...	+8	+24	+43	-50	+41	+33	+16
		Tumlook ...	-6	+12	-2	-30	-2	-11	-8
		Midnapore ...	+29	-61	+90	-43	-5	-9	+1
		Ghatal ...	+33	-37	0	-57	-1	0	-18
	24-Pergunnahs ...	Diamond Harbour ...	+4	+34	+17	-4	+64	-32	+18
		Alipore Jail ...	+1	+25	-7	-26	+107	-21	+13
		Barakpore ...	-16	+36	-21	+19	+21	+9	+8
		Dum-Dum ...	+13	+5	+9	-23	+114	-47	+14
		Baraset ...	+29	+14	-13	-34	+59	-48	+3
		Busseerhat ...	+3	+22	-25	+15	+19	-4	+16
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Howrah ...	Howrah ...	+26	0	-36	-21	+39	-15	-5
		Mohesreka ... (Oolberiah.)	+33	+10	-25	-37	+22	+3	-6
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	-8	+51	+1	+9	+41	-10	+17
		Hooghly ...	-20	-19	-14	-10	-8	-57	-17
		Jehanabad ...	+3	-37	-34	-36	-9	-35	-27
	Burdwan ...	Culna ...	-17	+18	-28	-19	+18	-51	-12
		Burdwan ...	-1	-55	-41	-33	+55	-59	-25
		Cutwa ...	+56	+45	-43	-66	-48	+7	-18
		Raneegunge ...	+5	-34	-11	-17	+3	+11	-12
	Bankoorah ...	Bankoora ...	+36	-9	0	-4	+25	+101	+14
		Bishenpore ...	-6	-46	-20	-27	+17	+36	-17
		Maliara ...	+16	-68	-12	-38	+23	+9	-22
		Khatra ...	-39	-26	-15	-38	+10	+31	-15
	Beerbhoom ...	Bh. Soory ...	-2	-45	-21	-14	+4	-2	-17
		Hetampore ...	.....	.....	.....	-30	-45	-16	-35
	Nuddea ...	Bongong ...	-36	+5	-39	-42	-20	-6	-25
		Ranaghat ...	-71	+37	-16	-53	-9	+8	-18
		Kishnaghur ...	-35	-19	-28	-73	+12	-55	-34
		Choodaanga ...	-43	+13	-29	-57	-16	+2	-25
		Meherpore ...	-24	-5	-39	-36	-16	+6	-22
		Kooshtea ...	-11	-22	-25	-48	+15	-28	-21

OLOGICAL SION.	District.	Station.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	TOTAL.
L- d.	Khoolna ...	Satkira ...	-8	+47	-16	-35	+96	+59	+19
		Bagirhat ...	+5	+28	+12	-27	+37	+21	+15
		Khoolna ...	+31	+72	-4	-31	+74	-16	+24
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	-28	+2	-57	-60	+9	-33	-28
		Jessore ...	-7	+38	-26	-48	+26	-7	-3
		Jhenidah ...	+19	-5	-23	-43	+51	-15	-6
		Magoora ...	-10	+36	-69	-67	+92	-14	-7
	Moorsheda- bad ...	Kandi ...	-7	-29	-40	-48	-17	+33	-27
		Rampore Hat ...	-44	-38	-22	-47	-7	-45	-31
		Berhumpore ...	-5	-21	-37	-54	-28	-7	-29
		Lalbagh ...	-9	-1	-25	-50	-33	-11	-25
		Azimgunge ...	+2	-18	+14	-34	-14	-46	-16
		Jungipore ...	-21	-33	-33	-41	-24	-12	-30
		Lalgola ...	+1	+34	-26	-37	-32	-37	-18
	Chittagong...	Cox's Bazar ...	+65	-14	-28	-17	+61	+15	-2
		Chittagong ...	+45	+14	-32	-37	+3	+33	-5
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	+1	+9	-48	-49	-22	-22	-24
		Agartola ...	+6	+9	+6	-64	-36	+25	-13
	Backergunge	Putuakhally ..	+52	+3	-32	-32	+33	+11	-3
		Perozepore ..	-15	+39	-20	-15	+34	+90	+14
		Burisal ...	+68	+22	-15	-63	+124	+52	+22
		Bhola ...	+27	-14	+32	-30	+40	+35	+7
	Noakholly ...	Noakholly ...	+3	-43	+12	-19	+16	+28	-7
		Fenny ...	+29	+2	-25	-40	-22	-23	-15
	Furreedpore	Madaripore ...	+3	-3	-47	-36	+54	-11	-10
		Furreedpore ...	-7	+1	-33	-28	-16	-26	-18
		Goalundo ...	-4	-2	-26	-55	-22	-51	-26
	Dacca ...	Munshigunge ...	-8	-6	-46	-24	-4	-5	-18
		Dacca ...	+16	-10	-30	-51	-34	-37	-24
		Manickgunge ...	+12	+40	-22	-27	-23	-31	-7
	Comilla ...	Comilla ...	+15	+11	+2	-27	-2	+63	+3
		Chandpore ..	+43	-38	+29	-34	-7	-18	-20
		Brahmunberia ...	+15	+54	+15	-36	-35	+25	+2
	Mymensingh	Kishoregunge ...	+15	-40	-45	-57	-64	+16	-36
		Atia ...	+39	-76	-34	-58	-50	-44	-43
		Mymensingh ...	+76	-1	-51	-12	-66	-14	-14
		Jamalpore ...	-28	+24	-47	-59	-80	-8	-35
	Pubna ...	Pubna ...	-18	-11	-28	-47	-21	+13	-23
		Sorajgunge ...	+43	-14	-11	-45	-34	+31	-11
	Bogra ...	Sherpore ...	+21	+2	-44	-74	-71	+12	-32
		Nowkhilla ...	+13	+19	-25	-66	-75	-19	-25
		Bogra ...	+11	+5	-47	-75	-78	+56	-39
		Panchbibi ...	-26	-3	-15	-57	-46	+14	-25
TH GAL.	Rajshahye ...	Beauleah ...	+9	-13	-39	-48	-38	-29	-30
		Nattore ...	+36	+5	-36	-62	-51	-21	-27
	Maldah ...	Maldah ...	+109	+5	-46	-46	-81	+59	-22
	Dinagepore...	Mohadebpore ...	+30	-19	-47	-66	-29	-7	-32
		Churamon ...	+59	+12	-7	-36	-63	+46	-12
		Raigunge ...	+19	-25	-7	-40	-68	+47	-21
		Dinagepore ...	-22	-31	-53	-60	-90	-6	-49
		Baloorghat ...	+32	+10	+6	-45	-57	-39	-13

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISION.	District.	Station.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	TOTAL
NORTH BENGAL— concluded.	Rungpore ...	Bhawanigunge (Gyabanda).	+36	—45	+20	—46	—61	—43	—
		Rungpore ...	+17	—25	—53	—25	—35	—10	—
		Kurigram ...	—1	—26	—71	—24	—68	+29	—
		Bagdogra (Nilphamari).	—36	—38	—25	—76	—66	+84	—
	Julpigoree ...	Julpigoree ...	+23	—30	—22	+53	—79	—6	—
	Cooch Behar	Dinhatta ...	+30	—26	—52	+9	—61	+70	—
		Cooch Behar ...	+79	+12	—19	—4	—68	+139	—
		Mickligunge ...	+16	—16	—36	+3	—72	+30	—
		Matabhanga ...	+30	—31	—28	—20	—77	+60	—
	Darjeeling Hill	Buxa ...	—35	—35	—16	—17	—81	—26	—
		Darjeeling ...	—25	—15	+1	—16	—46	+70	—
	Purneah ...	Kissengunge ...	—34	—1	+30	—7	—63	+120	—
		Arrareah ...	+12	—23	—11	—5	—72	+76	—
		Purneah ...	—1	—30	+13	—46	—67	+107	—
	North Bhagulpore	Maddapore ...	—29	—12	—40	—33	—66	+116	—
		Soopol ...	—4	—28	—36	—71	—67	+167	—
NORTH BEHAR.	Durbhunga...	Tajpore ...	—1	—1	—31	—26	—42	+139	—
		Durbhunga ...	+3	—23	—59	—64	—14	+132	—
		Madhubani ...	+27	—20	—23	—5	+21	+45	—
	Mozufferpore	Sitamarhi ...	—10	—10	—3	—22	+16	+24	—
		Mozufferpore ...	—27	+21	—34	—48	—12	+68	—
		Hajipore ...	—81	+32	+1	—59	—45	+19	—
	Chumparun	Motihari ...	—38	+31	—10	—41	+61	—73	—
		Bettiah ...	—13	+7	—11	—19	+28	—80	—
	Sarun ...	Gopalgunge ...	—14	+9	—6	—20	+8	—56	—
		Sewan ...	—32	—43	—45	—25	+4	—52	—
		Chupra ...	—30	0	—9	+7	—27	—39	—
	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	—18	—3	—45	—24	—27	+67	—
		Bhuboah ...	—15	—82	—34	—29	+42	—28	—
		Sasseram ...	—84	—46	—53	+31	+19	—13	—
		Arrah ...	—35	—36	—27	—49	—48	—42	—
	Gya ...	Aurangabad ...	—75	0	—37	+26	+20	—11	—
		Gya ...	—59	—54	—31	—19	—53	—16	—
		Nowadah ...	—82	—63	—53	—38	—41	+25	—
		Jehanabad ...	—10	—35	—52	—28	—16	+60	—
SOUTH BEHAR.	Patna ...	Patna ...	—37	+16	—35	—24	—53	+45	—
		Dinapore ...	—100	+26	—32	+11	—14	—3	—
		Behar ...	+40	—59	—65	—52	—39	—27	—
		Barth ...	—31	—17	—30	—40	+12	+46	—
	Monghyr ...	Beegooseraï ...	—95	—7	—42	—23	—57	—1	—
		Monghyr ...	—64	+5	—21	—37	—62	+34	—
		Jamui ...	—26	—6	—36	+29	—44	—2	—
	South Bha- gulpore.	Bhagulpore ...	—36	+48	—9	—74	—46	+55	—
		Banka ...	—25	—31	—51	—46	—57	+66	—
	Sonthal Per- gunnahs.	Rajmehal ...	+49	—3	—39	—45	—85	+74	—
		Godah ...	+41	—26	—35	—75	—78	+90	—
		Pakour ...	+26	—38	—54	—43	—26	+26	—
		Nya Doomka ...	—10	—72	—38	—58	—19	—19	—
		Deoghur ...	+23	—51	—34	—47	—11	—17	—
		Jamtara ...	—64	—22	+17	—26	+61	+88	—

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISION.	District.	Station.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	TOTAL.
CALCUTTA [AGPORE.]	Hazaribagh	Pachumba ...	—55	—51	—23	—51	—21	—12	—35
		Hazaribagh ...	—13	—21	—47	+19	+9	—36	—13
		Semtagurah ...	+5	—52	—22	—13	+3	.....	.....
		Mahudi Hills ...	—56	—40	—35	—4	+10	+2	—18
	Lohardugga	Lohardugga ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
		Ranchee ...	+37	+7	+16	—3	+54	+12	+17
		Palamow ...	—41	—55	—43	—16	+17	—41	—26
	Singbhoom ...	Ohybassa ...	—29	—34	+25	—46	+29	—50	—10
	Manbhoom	Purulia ...	—8	—10	+6	—37	+1	—44	—14
		Gobindpur ...	—63	—75	—28	—47	+16	—17	—35

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL ;

The 7th November 1884.

JOHN ELIOT,

Meteorological Reporter to the Govt of Bengal.

No. 1209, dated Cuttack, the 3rd November 1884.

From—W. R. LARMINE, Esq., Offg. Commissioner of the Orissa Division,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Department.

REFERRING to your circular No. 16T—R, dated 7th October 1884, I have the honour to report that there is no cause for anxiety regarding food, water, or fodder supply in any of the districts of this division. The Collector of Balasore, Mr. Grant, reports that the prospects of the harvest in his district are unusually bright.

No. 6M.A., dated Calcutta, the 3rd November 1884.

From—A. SMITH, Esq., Commissioner of the Presidency Division,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Department.

IN accordance with the instructions contained in Government Circular No. 16T R, dated the 7th October 1884, I have the honour to submit the following report on the state and prospects of the crops, and the condition of the people, in each sub-division of each district in this division.

2. As far as I can gather from the reports received from the several Collectors, there is no cause for anxiety regarding food, water, or fodder-supply in any of the districts in this division. In Nuddea and Moorshedabad, however, the prospects of the crops are not very brilliant, and the outturn as estimated is not sufficient. The prospects of the crops in Bongong of the Jessore district are also not very favourable. I give below an abstract of the district reports, together with my opinion with regard to the condition of each district.

3. *24-Pergunnahs*.—As regards the sudder sub-division, there is no reason to apprehend any want of food, fodder, or water in this tract. The late rice promise well. It wanted only a shower of rain at the end of October, and this fell exactly as it was required. This rain will, it is stated, prove highly beneficial to both paddy and vegetables, and a full crop is expected. The general health of the public has also been reported to be good.

4. The *aus* crop, which, however, forms not more than about a sixteenth part of the whole rice crop, appears to have been a 10-anna one.

5. As to the increased price of food grains ruling at the present moment, it is observed that the demand for labour is always pressing and wages are pretty high, so that the working classes do not, as a rule, much feel the present rise in the rates, and there is nothing to show any particular change for the worse in the condition of the lower classes of the people.

6. Besides rice, which of course forms the staple food crop, there is a fair cultivation of sugarcane, date, betel-leaves, and vegetables in a good many places of the sudder sub-division; as well as of jute and *dhonchia* silkworms are also reared, though to a small extent in the Bistupur and Auchipur police stations. The prospects of these are favourable.

7. The outturn of the *amun* crop last year was about a 10-anna one. It is not easy, Mr. Stevens says, to state with any degree of accuracy the stock in hand, but the supply in the local markets is up to demand, which circumstance is a sure indication of the sufficiency of the stock, and there seems to be no fear of the store running short within a few months to come.

8. The supply of fodder and of water, both for irrigation and drinking purposes, is as good as it usually is in most years.

9. The Sub-Divisional Officer of Diamond Harbour reports that the condition of his sub-division with regard to the supply of food, fodder, and water is quite normal, and he assures us that there is no cause of any anxiety in respect of his sub-division. There is no *aus* here.

10. Mr. Stevens observes that the Sub-Divisional Officer submitted his report before the last rainfall, and he estimated the yield of the late paddy at 12 annas. Since then there has been rain, which must materially improve its prospects, and a good harvest may be safely expected.

11. In the same way, the Deputy Collector of the Baraset sub-division reports that there is no cause of anxiety regarding food, fodder, or water-supply in his sub-division; that the last *aus* crop was a fair one; and that the *amun* now in the field is estimated by him to be an average one. There is, he states, ample water-supply, and the paddy in stock, including the last *bhadoi* crop, is quite sufficient to last five months.

12. The officer in charge of the Basirhat sub-division, in his report despatched before the last rain, informed the Collector that there was no cause of anxiety regarding the food, fodder, and water-supply in his sub-division, and that he expected a full paddy crop. He also expressed a belief that the stock in hand was more than sufficient for the demand of the people till the harvesting of the crop now in the field.

13. In both Baraset and Basirhat there is a fairly large area of jute and date trees.

14. The Cantonment Magistrates of Barrackpore and Dum-Dum have reported to the effect that their crops are good, and that there is no apprehension of scarcity. Their supplies, however, are chiefly imported.

15. Mr. Stevens has made the following general remarks :—

“ Speaking generally, I believe—(1) that the *aus* harvest, which is of little importance, except in the north of the district, has been nearly average, but perhaps slightly below it; (2) that the *amun* crop promises to be at least average; (3) that the weather has been very favourable for sowing *rubbi* crops, where such are grown; (4) that other miscellaneous crops

are generally good; (5) that, as regards water and fodder-supply, there is no reason to apprehend any deficiency."

16. "The public health is good."

17. As regards this district, there is no cause for anxiety. The prospects of the crops are very favourable, and we expect to have more than an average crop.

18. *Nuddea*.—In the sudder sub-division the *aus* was very poor: 4 annas in the Kaligunge police station; an 8-anna crop having been harvested in all the rest. At Kaligunge and Nakashipara, too, the *amun* crop has almost failed, only 1-anna crop being expected at the former and 2 annas at the latter; while within the Kotwali and Chapra jurisdictions 4 and 5 annas, respectively, are only expected. The prospects of the *rubbi* crop are reported as doubtful, but all agree that with rain they are likely to be good; and as rain fell during the end of October, the Collector has called for further report from all the thanas on this point.

19. Within the sub-division of Kushtea, the *aus* was bad at Kushtea, Bhaluka, Dowlutpur, Nawpara, and Damukdea, being 4 annas only. At the last-named place, however, a fair *amun* crop of 12 annas is expected, but at the rest it has been a failure, except at Khoksa, where a small harvest of 6 annas may be looked for. This crop was destroyed partially by temporary overflow of the large rivers and by insects. The *rubbi*, on the whole, with timely rain, is estimated at 12 annas.

20. In Chooadanga the average outturn of *aus* was 6 annas; at Jibanagur it was 8 annas; and Kalupole, 4 annas; while at the remaining thanas it was only 6 annas. At Damurhuda, the *amun* is estimated at 8 annas, at Kalupole 3 annas, at Chooadanga 2 annas, at Alumdanga 2 annas, and only 1 at the rest. The Sub-Divisional Officer has, however, reported that with rain this crop will improve. The *rubbi* crop is estimated at 10 to 12 annas.

21. In Ranaghat itself the *aus* was the worst, being 6 annas only. It was 8 annas in Santipur and 10 annas in Chagda and Haringhatta. In Ranaghat and Santipur the outturn of *amun* is estimated at 4 annas only. There are no other staple food-grains in the latter, but in the former a full harvest of *rubbi* is expected, and 3 annas of teel. In Chagda what the expected outturn in *amun* is has not been mentioned. It is only stated that the prospects are not good in high lands. A further report has been called for from the Sub-Divisional Officer. The *rubbi* crop is expected, in the event of there being rain, to be 10 annas. In Haringhatta the *amun* is expected to be 14 annas, and the *rubbi* is spoken of as not bad.

22. As regards the Meherpur sub-division, the Sub-Divisional Officer, having visited the whole sub-division, has sent in a special report under the Collector's orders, issued previous to the circular from Government, and I submit herewith a copy of this report for your perusal. It will be observed that the Sub-Divisional Officer has divided his jurisdiction into two circles, viz., outer and inner, and has not, like other officers, given the outturn thana by thana. In the outer circle the outturn of *aus* was 10 to 12 annas, and the prospects of *amun* are exceedingly bad, the greater portion having been scorched. The state of the *amun*, however, is a matter of indifference, since, in the Kaluntur beel, a bumper crop is expected, which will, after December, not only bring enormous quantities of food into the market, but will afford labour to thousands of the people. The cold weather crops, too, are described as magnificent.

23. In the inner circle, however, the *aus* was 4 annas and *amun* nil. The cold weather crops, however, are all good at present, but will require rain to mature them.

24. In the sudder sub-division indigo and jute are extensively cultivated. Hemp is also to be seen here and there, and sugarcane is grown in almost all the thanas. In Kushtea, Chooadanga, and Ranaghat jute, indigo and sugarcane, and in the latter sub-division tobacco, form the chief non-food staples. All these are doing fairly well, and form a considerable factor in the capacity of the people to withstand pressure from crop failure, especially in those parts where food-grains are even in good years imported.

25. Taking into consideration the harvests of last year, which were bad, the prices now current, and the poorness of the last *bhadoi* crop, the several Sub-Divisional Officers, excepting Kushtea, after making such enquiries as were desirable, are of opinion that the stocks in hand will suffice for the next four months at least. The Kushtea Sub-Divisional Officer estimates only a two months' supply; but seeing that the crops of last year were better in that sub-division than elsewhere, the estimate, the Collector considers, is too low. Mr Beames of Meherpur estimates the supply within the inner circle to be decidedly low, but does not state how long it will last. The trade in paddy is fairly active throughout the district, and may have some effect in preventing the mahajans from withholding their stores. As a rule, paddy is imported into, and not exported from, this district, and hence the above estimates are not so low as at first appears. If, however, the prices in neighbouring districts, from which exportations are generally received, range high, it will add to the pressure likely to be experienced.

26. There is not expected to be any considerable variation in the supply of fodder, at any rate for some months.

27. As regards the water-supply, there is always in this district a great deficiency in those parts which are remote from the rivers, but this deficiency is not likely to be this year greater than it was last. Indeed, on the whole, the supply will probably be somewhat better.

28. Mr. Tayler makes the following general remarks:—

“Taking the district as a whole, there is a likelihood of some pressure here and there in each sub-division, but notably in Kaligunge thana within the sudder and within the inner circle at Meherpore. In these places especially prices are likely to be high, and this will fall chiefly on the very poor and labouring classes. The Sub-Divisional Officer of Meherpore has asked for special grants for road works within the inner area. But with this exception, none of the other officers have proposed to carry on any special work.

“I am, however, of opinion that a special grant might be made to the Road Cess Committee for construction of roads or tanks in those parts where pressure is most felt; and if the earthwork for the Central Bengal Railway, which is to run through the district, was again undertaken, much benefit would accrue to the labouring classes in Ranaghat, Santipore, Nakashipara, and Kaligunge.”

29. The prospects of the crops in this district are far from being good. They are especially bad in the Kaligunge thana of the sudder sub-division and in the inner circle of the Meherpore sub-division. In these places it may perhaps be necessary to open some relief works, but I do not wish to make any definite proposal till I have visited the said places, which I intend to do immediately. I am not inclined to believe that there is any cause for immediate alarm. The water-supply in the inner circle is reported by the Sub-Divisional Officer to be very deficient, and it may be necessary to do something in that direction. As to the other parts of the district, I do not think there is much cause for anxiety. There is every year a large import in Nuddea. I do not recollect any year of the five I was Magistrate-Collector of Jessore in which large importations were not made from the Jessore Sunderbuns. With the stock in hand, the *amun* and other food crops and importation the people will, I have no doubt, be able to tide over the present difficulty.

30. *Jessore*.—Mr. Barton states that, judging from the present, there is no fear of famine or scarcity of food in this district. The absence of rain from the 6th to 23rd October 1884 caused apprehension of some injury to the *amun* crop, especially that which is on high land; but the rain that fell on the 24th and 25th ultimo has removed it, and the *amun* has been greatly benefited by the rain. On a rough estimate the *amun* crop is expected to yield an outturn of 12 annas in this district. The price of rice has recently increased. It is selling at Rs. 3 to Rs. 3-12 a maund. This high price will probably continue till the *amun* crop is harvested, and its produce appears in the market in December next, when it is hoped the price will fall. As far as the Collector has been able to collect information regarding the stock of rice in this district, he considers that it is sufficient to meet the local consumption for three months.

31. It is premature to say anything now about the prospects of the *rubbi* or winter crops. The sowings of these crops have just commenced. The recent rains have benefited the cultivation of these crops. The prospects appear good.

32. There is no fear of any failure of the water or fodder-supply in this district. The rivers and tanks are full.

33. Mr. Barton adds that, as at present there is no cause for anxiety regarding food, water, or fodder in his district, it is therefore not necessary for him to submit any detailed report. He has, however, given succinct account separately for each sub-division of the state and prospect of crops, and which is abstracted below.

34. *Sudder*.—The sudder canoongo, who was sent out to make local enquiries, reports that he visited many fields and villages, as well as some of the principal markets. He reports that the last *aus* or *bhadri* crop yielded on an average 10 annas of the full crop, and estimates that the *amun* crop is expected to yield an outturn of 12 annas. The cultivation of the *rubbi* or winter crops has just commenced. The recent rains have done good to the sowings of these crops. Very few non-food staples grow in this sub-division. Jute and indigo grow here and there. The high prices that have recently ruled in the rice market are attributed to a smaller import and larger export than usual. The stock of rice in this sub-division is estimated to meet the local requirements for four months, provided the export is not carried on to any large extent. In case the export goes on largely, the stock will last only for two months. There is no fear of want of drinking water or fodder. No system of artificial irrigation prevails in this sub-division. Taking the outturn of the last *aus* crop and the prospect of the coming winter rice into account, there is no anxiety for food. But the high prices will cause pinching to many.

35. *Jhenidah*.—The Sub-Divisional Officer reports that there is no cause for anxiety regarding food, water, or fodder. The last *aus* crop yielded on an average an outturn of 8 annas in this sub-division. The Sub-Divisional Officer estimates that the *amun* crop will yield an outturn of 10 annas. He reports that the stock of food in his sub-division will meet the local demand for about four to six months. The price of rice has gone up considerably. Coarse rice is selling at 13 seers per rupee. The rice market is not expected to improve until the *amun* crop is harvested. The prospects of date-juice and sugarcane are reported favourable. The last jute crop yielded more than an average outturn.

36. *Magura*.—The Sub-Divisional Officer, who personally saw some parts of his sub-division, reports that the *aus* crop partially failed in some places, but it was a splendid one in others. Taking the whole into consideration, he estimates the *aus* to have yielded ----- while in the interior the Sub-Divisional Officer came to know that the people in the vicinity of Salkia station were borrowing paddy and money from the mahajans. The *amun* crop are reported to be good. Some injury is reported to have been

done to this crop in some places by an insect called *majra*, but notwithstanding this the outturn is estimated at 10 to 12 annas. The ploughing for the *rubbi* crop is going on. Prospects fair. There is no anxiety for food, water, or fodder-supply in this sub-division. The stock of rice in hand is estimated to meet the requirements for two months. As regards non-food staples, the jute occupies a prominent place in this sub-division. It yielded an outturn of 12 annas last year.

37. *Narail*.—The Sub-Divisional Officer reports that there is no cause of anxiety for water and fodder. He is also of opinion that there will be no want of food. The stock of food is estimated to last for three months. The last *aus* crop yielded a 10-anna harvest. The *amun* is expected to yield an outturn of 12 annas. It is too early to speak of the prospects of the coming *rubbi* crops, the sowings of which have just commenced. Jute is grown to some extent in this sub-division, but the market being dull, the produce from it is inappreciable this year.

38. *Bongong*.—The *aus* or *bhadoi* crop yielded an outturn of 10 annas. The yield from *amun* is estimated by the Sub-Divisional Officer to be only 6 annas. He says that want of rain retarded the sowings of the *amun*, and adds that he himself saw fields of *dhan* scorched for want of rain. The only places where the *amun* has succeeded are the very low lands and beels. The prospects of the *rubbi* crops are not unfavourable. Jute is grown in this sub-division to a small extent, but this cannot help the people to any appreciable extent. The Sub-Divisional Officer believes that the mahajans have ample stocks of paddy in their hands, but they are waiting for high prices; hence there is not much activity in trade; and the result is the gradual increase of price. It is estimated that there is in this sub-division four months' supply of food. The Sub-Divisional Officer says that he does not take a desponding view, but entertains a hope that the people will manage to pull through until they reap the *bhadoi* crop. There is no scarcity of drinking water or of fodder in this sub-division.

39. Mr. Barton makes the following general remarks as regards his district :—

“The prospects of the *amun* crop are reported to be good from all sub-divisions, except Bongong, where the outturn is estimated to be 6 annas only. I think the rain that fell on the 24th and 25th October has improved the condition of the *amun* in Bongong.

“The season for date-juice, from which *goor* or molasses is prepared, has now come. This article is a source of income to the peasantry in this district, and it will help them to some extent.”

40. In Jessore or in the 24-Pergunnahs there is no cause for anxiety. The year will probably be better than the past year as respects food, water, and fodder-supply.

41. *Sudder*.—*Moorshedabad*.—The last *bhadoi* was a good average crop in the low lands and on the dearahs, but a failure on the high lands, where the rice withered up and was not worth cutting. Taken together, it cannot be called more than a 4-anna crop.

42. The winter rice crop will be a bumper one in the Kalantur, that is, in about half the area planted out, and an almost entire failure elsewhere : a 6-anna crop is the most that can be expected.

43. The recent rise in the rivers will necessitate the re-sowing of the dearah lands, but this is almost compensated for by the increased fertility given by a fresh deposit of silt. The ground is moist, and *rubbi* prospects generally are very fair.

44. Indigo, mulberry, and jute are, if sugarcane be excluded, the principal non-food staples. Of these, the prospects of the first are good, though the October sowings are behind hand. Mulberry promises well, and with a clear sky the worms, now hatching out, will thrive. Jute is cut, and gave a very fair yield.

45. Last year's harvest were *bhadoi* 10 annas, *amun* 6, and *rubbi* 6.

46. Current prices at present are : fine rice 10 and common 13 seers the rupee, with a tendency to become easier as the roads are drying and supplies arrive from Beerbhoom.

47. With an increased outturn there has been a larger export of indigo, and the high prices have led to a brisk import of rice. These apart trade is bad, and the cloth market, a pretty good sign, is unusually sluggish.

48. With a second bad year stocks are known to be low, and, as far as can be judged, the supply in hand is not at the most sufficient for more than two months.

49. Fodder will be short, but not to any serious extent. As to employments, there is some dearth of it at present, and will be till the silk filatures reopen, about November 15th. The Collector has therefore provided road work wherever it was asked for, and he is told that it comes in very usefully. Irrigation is little resorted to, and though water must be husbanded, there will be enough.

50. *Kandi*.—*Bhadoi* is not grown in this sub-division, except on the extreme east, along the lands bordering the Bhagirathi, and the area thus occupied is so insignificant that the crop need not be taken into account.

51. On the occasion of his visit to Kandi at the beginning of October, the Collector made full enquiries as to the prospects of the winter rice in this the worst part of the district, and arrived at an estimate of 6½ annas. But heavy rain has since fallen, working a considerable change for the better. The outturn now cannot be less than 8 annas, and may be more for the area planted out. This, however, is taking the whole sub-division, only half of what would be under rice in an ordinary year, and so an 8 anna crop means in reality nothing more than a 4-anna one.

52. *Rubbi* prospects are generally stated to be fair, and of course they have been much improved by the rain which has fallen since the sub-divisional report was written.

But *rubbi* in the Rarh, the local name of the stiff clayey tract bordering on to Beerbhoom, is of but secondary importance.

53. Mulberry is the only non-food staple of any importance. It will be a good crop, but the decline of the silk industry operates most injuriously upon prices, and renders it of less assistance than it otherwise would be.

54. *Amun* is the only crop grown, and its yield last year is stated to have been 9 to 10 annas. Common rice sells at 13½ seers the rupee.

55. Trade is said to be stagnant: people having little money to spend and not being disposed to spend what they have. Rice is coming in from Beerbhoom in good quantities, but this of course means local scarcity, and is no subject for congratulation.

56. The Sub-Divisional Officer thinks there may be two months' supply in hand, and it is certain the mahajans have and are holding back grain. Still the estimate is a little too sanguine.

57. There is no water for irrigation. The people have allowed the large tanks, dug for this special purpose, to become choked up and have only the most premature means of raising water. Water for drinking purposes there will be, but before March it will in many places be bad and scarce. No difficulty as regards fodder is anticipated. Employment by next March will be wanted in Gokurn, Saktipur, and the greater part of Khurgram, and before that time the roadwork will be all finished.

58. *Lalbag*.—*Bhadai* yielded from 4 to 6 annas. It is not grown to any extent, except in thana Bhugwangola on the banks of the Pudma, and the area under it is at the most but one-fourth of the sub-division.

59. Here, as elsewhere, transplanting was much delayed owing to the long drought, and from 6 to 8 annas of the acreage has not been touched. Previous to the late rainfall the outturn was estimated at 5 to 6 annas, but now it may be safely estimated at 8 annas or a trifle more.

60. The late rise in the rivers destroyed a considerable breadth of recently sown *kalai*, but this notwithstanding *rubbi* prospects are decidedly good, though the season will be a late one.

61. Mulberry is a promising crop, but one not likely to be remunerative at present prices. The October sowings of indigo have been damaged by the rise in the river and the late heavy rain, whilst jute is grown only in small quantities for local consumption. This exhausts the list of non-food staples. Cocoon-growers are complaining of the low prices, which have fallen from 11 *puns* the rupee in 1882 to 32.

62. *Bhadai* last year gave 12 annas, *amun* 8 and *rubbi* 10.

63. Common rice sells at 13 seers the rupee, and wheat at 18. Wheat is cheaper throughout the district than it has been at any time during the last four years, and this is a fact to be borne in mind. In 1866 rice sold at 9 and wheat at 8 seers, but nature's liberality proved sufficient to cope with the crisis. In 1874 rice sold at 13 and wheat at 16, so that things were really somewhat worse than they are at present. Government gave three quarters of a lakh, which was spent on roads, laid out with a regard alone to the demand for labour, and the Committee now find that the repairs take up all their money.

64. There have been considerable arrivals of rice at Bhugwangola, the price, wholesale, being Rs. 2-8 the maund, or 16 seers the rupee, and the consignments, principally from Tipperah, are in excess of ordinary years. In other respects trade is slack, things not having improved since the extensive failures among the Kayas.

65. It is estimated that there is a supply in hand for two months.

66. On the right banks of the Bhagirathi things are much the same as in Kandi; that is, tanks dug for purposes of irrigation have been allowed to choke up, and there will not be too much water for drinking. To the east tanks have been filled up from the rivers wherever communication existed, or could be effected; where it was not practicable, well-sinking may have to be resorted to, as many tanks are likely to be dry by February. It is possible, too, that there may be a difficulty about fodder, but on this point it is almost too early to venture an opinion.

67. *Jungipur*.—*Bhadai* is grown only in the Bagri, i.e., that part of the sub-division lying east of the Ganges and comprising nearly half the culturable area. It was an almost complete failure on the high lands, but the low lands yielded well, and the outturn on the whole was from 6 to 8 annas.

68. The *amun* in this sub-division, nearly all of which is grown in the Rarh, presents an almost complete analogy, and the yield is likely to be a 6-anna one, or possibly something more, as the late rains will have an effect.

69. The *rubbi* promises well on all lands liable to inundation. There has been a good deposit of silt, and prospects as yet are decidedly favourable. *Kalai*, however, has been much damaged by floods, and this tends to keep up prices.

70. Mulberry here, as elsewhere, promises well, and jute was a fairly heavy crop. These non-food staples, however, are of only secondary importance.

71. The Sub-divisional Officer being new to his charge, no figures for last year's yield has been given, but those for Lalbag, the circumstances of which are very similar, may be safely taken.

72. Coarse rice sells at present from 13½ to 14 seers the rupee, with a downward

73. Nothing is said about trade, but the Collector believes that there is very little of it in this sub-division.

74. The Sub-divisional Officer, following the estimate of men who are experienced, thinks that there is a five months' stock in hand. The Collector doubts it very much, as it is not known why stocks should be so much larger in Jungipur than they are elsewhere, where two months have been taken. With rice coming in from Eastern Bengal, it is not at all likely that the mahajans would hold on for so long, and a five months' supply means a large capital locked up, even in a year of low prices.

75. Want of water is likely to be felt to some extent, and with a second year's deficient rainfall it cannot be reached at the usual depth. Employment is another want which is being met at present by road work, but will need some larger project. As to fodder, the large extent of ground that has lain fallow will provide grazing, more or less indifferent, in excess of ordinary years. To conclude, the western portion of this sub-division, parts of Suti and Mirzapur thanas, is the worst part of the district, and will need special measures, though it is doubtful if work can be found there.

76. The prospects of the *amun* crops in some parts of the district, especially in Kandi sub-division, are nearly as bad as in Nuddea, and it may be necessary to open relief works in some places. After I have visited Nuddea, I will visit this district, and submit a further report as to what relief works, if any, should be opened, and in what places. The water-supply in some places is also expected to be deficient, and something, however, may have to be done to supply the want. As regards fodder, I am not inclined to think that there will be much deficiency. The land lying fallow will afford grazing to the cattle. This was also feared last year, but nothing particular came of it. It is impossible now to foretell what showers may fall, and there is no good done in replenishing the tanks from time to time every year.

77. *Khoolna*.—The Collector states that there is no cause for anxiety in this district regarding food, water, or fodder. The district depends only very slightly on its *aus* crop. That was a fair one, and in parts very good. The *amun* is the chief crop that up to the present is good. The Collector, who submitted his report before the rains which fell in the end of October, stated that "if there should be more rain, it will be a bumper or 16-anna crop; if not, a 12-anna one." There are many other miscellaneous crops, such as date, sugar, betelnut, and cocoanut. These are all fair.

78. The prospects of the *amun* crop in this district are indeed very good, and there is no cause for anxiety here.

79. To sum up, it will be seen that crops are good in Khoolna and satisfactory in the 24-Pergunnahs and Jessore, and that anxiety is limited to parts of Nuddea and Moorshedabad. Watchfulness is needed there. The Collectors of those districts will be asked to give fortnightly reports, and I will visit the parts affected at once. The Collector of Moorshedabad will be also asked to give details of the work, which, though ordinary road cess work, he has already taken in hand for the purpose of assisting the people.

No. 266, dated Meherpur, the 22nd October 1884.

From—H. B. BEAMES, Esq., Deputy Collector of Meherpur,
To—The Collector of Nuddea.

IN reply to your memorandum No. 1525G, dated the 10th instant, endorsed in Commissioner's No. 16MA, dated 8th October, I have the honour to report as follows.

Without going into too minute details, which will be supplied separately with this, in answer to your No. 1515G, dated the 9th October, I am now in a position to report further, as directed by the Commissioner, after having visited every part of the sub-division and having made the minutest and most careful enquiries from every source at my disposal.

Such enquiries were necessitated owing to the conflicting statements of those on whom I chiefly depended for accurate information, viz., the numerous planters who reside in the sub-division. Thus, for instance, Mr. Gibson of Ramnagore, on the one hand, was inclined to be too sanguine as to the condition of things; whilst on the other Mr. Patrick Smith of Kathuli was inclined to take too gloomy a view of things. Then, again, Mr. Macdonald and his assistant, Mr. Macdonnel, differed in their views, though living so close together, and Mr. Macnaughten of Nischindpore is not himself quite satisfied as to the true state of things at present.

Under the circumstances, I had carefully to weigh the information I received, but am now satisfied that I could not arrive at more correct conclusions than those I now offer as the result of my deliberations.

During the Poojas over 6 inches of rain fell in this sub-division, and all over it, and the result is that a very great change has taken place in the prospects of the crops and the well-being of the people.

Before Poojas it was evident that, should the rain then cease, the *amun* dhan would be a complete failure, and that it would be nearly impossible to sow anything worthy the name of a cold-weather crop.

The Pooja rains have considerably altered that state of things.

The *amun* dhan has improved, the land has been rendered cultivable for cold-weather crops, and those crops, such as *rahar*, *til*, pepper, *kalai*, &c., which were in the ground at the time, give promise of a better outturn than has been seen for many years past. Again, the recently sown cold-weather crops have got a healthy and vigorous start, and with rain in December and January, or both, we may expect to have a bumper *rubbi* crop.

Even to-day the few drops which have fallen will do good, and a little more rain still threatens.

The position may be thus briefly summed up. Had there been no rain after the commencement of the Poojas, there would have been a famine: now the worst that can occur is a scarcity.

The present state of things is generally this. Allowing for rain falling in December or January, the people living on the borders of the sub-division will not suffer at all, but those living in the centre of the sub-division will feel considerable pressure for many reasons, and it would be decidedly advisable for Government to contribute a little relief in the shape of road-making, in order to assist those who in times of distress cannot well command employment.

I here append a rough sketch of the sub-division to assist in reference, and request that this letter may be read with the letter in reply to No. 1515G of the 9th October, in order to the complete understanding of the subject.

From this sketch map it will be seen the part most affected (marked with red ink) includes the sub-divisional head-quarters and Kathuli.

Outside this part, that is to say, in the greater part of the sub-division, the state of things is generally this.

The *aus* crop was 10 to 12 annas in the south, and 8 to 10 annas in the north, the whole area usually cultivated being also this year cultivated.

The *amun* crop has been a distinct failure, little having been sown, and that in no place showing an outturn of more than 6 annas: the proportion of crop sown this year against that sown in ordinary years being 2 to 3 annas.

The *rubbi* crop promises to be a bumper one, but the result of all this is that during the next two months of November and December a little pressure will be felt, which may be completely tided over with a modicum of help from Government.

As regards the distressed part within the red lines, the case is far otherwise.

Here the *aus* crop was only 4 annas, and the *amun* amounts to about 2 annas, and barely that out of one-twentieth of the amount usually sown.

Here then there will be during the months of November and December need for more help than elsewhere.

I have before said that no such thing as famine is likely, but in the distressed part all agree with me in thinking that during November and December the pressure will be most surely felt by the poorer and more helpless of the labouring classes, and I would suggest that Government should give assistance in the following manner. To Mr. Patrick Smith of Kathuli, an old and highly respected resident of the sub-division, a sum of Rs. 1,000 to be laid out in road-making, as may seem advisable to him, on the Government road from Meherpur to Karimpore thana. To Mr. Macdonald of Shikerpore Rs. 500, to be laid out as may appear to him advisable on the repairs of the road from Gopalpore to Mamdagree (a Government road from Meherpur to Moorsshedabad district).

This would relieve all the heaviest distress, and at the rate of 6 pice a day (the present rate of wage), Rs. 500 would give relief to 300 people a day for two months.

In the outer circle there is an abundance of water-supply from the rivers Jellinghee and Matabhanga, but in the inner circle there will probably be great distress from failure of water-supply, owing, it is said, to the neglect to give effect to Mr. Patrick Smith's proposal last year to cut the bund at the mouth of the Kajla river and let the water in from the Matabhanga.

I am not aware how this is to be met, and I fear that many deaths will occur, the indirect result of a deficient water-supply. The fact is that the water-supply in the centre of the sub-division has been getting more and more scarce during the last three years owing to the neglect to open the mouths of the Kajla and the Bhyrub, and these two works might well be taken in hand as relief works, and in order to give a good supply of water in the forthcoming year.

The Bhyrub might be opened up by cutting half a mile of silted bed of river between it and the Kharia (Jellinghee) at Karimpore, and the Kajla might be opened up by cutting a similar distance between it and the Matabhanga.

Should the Commissioner approve of these as relief works, I could procure rough estimates and submit when called on.

I consider that I should now be placed in a position to grant Messrs. Macdonald and Smith sums of Rs. 500 and Rs. 1,000 respectively at any moment I may be called on to do so by them, they of course submitting accounts in due course showing the application of the funds they may be entrusted with.

To this last I beg the favour of an immediate reply, after consulting the Commissioner.

For further information I must refer you to the accompanying letter in reply to circular No. 1515G. of the 9th October.

No. 94, dated Chinsurah, the 11th November 1884.

From—JOHN BEAMES, Esq., Commissioner of the Burdwan Division,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Department.

In reply to your circular No. 16T—R, dated 7th October, I have the honour to report on the state and prospect of crops and condition of the people in the districts of this division.

2 In the Hooghly, Howrah, Bankoorah, and Midnapore districts there is no cause for anxiety.

3 *Beerbhoom*.—Sudder sub division. *Aus* or early rice crop (probably what is meant by the term *blad-i* in your letter) averaged 6 annas, extremes being 10 annas in the west and 3 annas in the east. The *aus* crop is in all parts of Bengal Proper insignificant, being grown only on selected spots and in small quantities.

4. The *amun* or winter crop, the main harvest of the year, gives promise of an average of 7 annas, extremes ranging from 12 annas to 3 annas.

5. *Rampore Hat Sub-division*.—*Aus*, average 5 annas; *amun* probably 5 annas.

6. Throughout the district there is extremely little *rubbi* cultivation; there may perhaps be a little more this year in consequence of the partial failure of the rice crop. So far, however, nothing has been done in this direction. There are no non-food staples in this district.

Last year's rice harvest was below the average, being about 9 annas in the Sudder and 7 annas in Rampore Hat.

Prices have of course risen; but the present rate does not look very alarming, being 14 pukka seers to the rupee as against 22 seers at the corresponding period last year.

Trade has naturally suffered in a district where the principal business is export of rice. The returns from the railway stations from July to October in the Sudder sub-division show a falling off of two-thirds as compared with the same period last year, and in Rampore Hat seven-eighths.

7. The stocks of food-grains must have been very seriously reduced. The Collector considers from local enquiries that there is probably a sufficient supply (including the *aus*) to last for another five months. A railway runs through the whole length of the district, and private enterprise will probably pour in supplies whenever wanted.

8. The water-supply has somewhat decreased, but it is only in the small tracts affected by scarcity that the decrease is serious. Irrigation of crops is not much resorted to. There is no cause for anxiety about fodder.

9. On the whole, I do not think it probable that any further general measures of relief will be required in this district, though, perhaps, here and there some trifling assistance may be necessary.

10. *Burdwan*.—Raneegunge sub-division. No cause for anxiety in thanas Assensole and Raneegunge. In thana Kanksa little or no *aus* is grown. The *amun* or winter crop will probably be only a 4-anna one, and there will be distress in patches here and there. *Rubbi* sowings have begun, but the crop is a very unimportant one. There are no non-food staples. Last year's crop averaged only 6 annas. Common rice now sells at 13 to 14 pukka seers. Water getting scarce, tanks having been nearly emptied in trying to save crops by irrigation. The late rain has partly replenished them, but the want of water will be felt next hot-weather. There is no anxiety about fodder, as there is abundant waste land for grazing. The rice trade has somewhat fallen off, but there will probably be sufficient import as soon as a demand makes itself felt.

11. Special report will be submitted hereafter regarding Kanksa thana.

12. *Sudder sub-division*.—Thana Bood-Bood adjoins Kanksa, and its condition is a little worse than that thana. There was a 3-anna *aus*, but it is grown in so small an area as to be of little use. The *amun* in 10 or 12 villages has failed altogether, and in others there will only be a 2-anna crop; in some places as much as 4 annas. *Rubbi* prospects are more hopeful, though there is very little cultivation of this kind.

Last year's harvest was about 5 annas. Common rice sells at 12 to 13 pukka seers. In other respects the remarks made about Kanksa will apply. A special report will be submitted about this thana also.

13. *Ausgram*.—The circumstances of this thana resemble generally those of Kanksa and Bood-Bood, though the *amun* may possibly yield as much as 6 annas. This thana also will, unless matters mend soon, be included in the report to be submitted regarding Kanksa and Bood-Bood.

14. *Sahibgunge*.—Same remarks as under Ausgram.

15. *Burdwan*.—*Aus* average 6 annas, but very little of it is grown. Winter crop (*amun*) will be about 6 annas. There is good promise for *rubbi*, but not much is grown. Last year's harvest was not very good, but with so large a town as Burdwan in the middle of it, there is not likely to be any scarcity of stocks. Coarse rice is now selling from 14 to 16 seers, this price due more to holding up of stocks than to scarcity. Water and fodder plentiful. Though there are a few patches of bad harvest here and there, the general condition of this thana does not give rise to any anxiety.

16. *Satgachia, Khundghose, Rama, and Salimabad*.—Up to date there is no reason to apprehend scarcity in these thanas. In the two last-named, the *amun* crop is expected to yield from 10 to 12 annas, and in the other two 8 annas.

17. *Cutwa Sub-division*.—The information given by the Sub-divisional Officer is unfortunately not precise. The Collector, however, thinks that Ketugram thana is not likely to suffer much; the *amun* is expected to yield a 7-anna crop, and the *aus* yielded about 5 annas. In the other two thanas, Cutwa and Mungalkot, there has been failure of crop in patches, but the condition of these two thanas will form the subject of further report.

There is some jute grown in parts of this sub-division, and until recently rice was being exported to Moorshedabad. There are probably still considerable stocks in the towns of Cutwa and Dainhat, which are centres of trade.

18. *Culna Sub-division*.—Thana Culna expects a 10-anna harvest, and is quite secure. In Purbasthali no immediate scarcity is to be expected. Montessur seems to be badly off. The *aus* was only 5 annas, and the *amun* is expected to be from 4 to 5 annas. No *rubbi* has yet been sown. There are no good roads in this thana, and it is therefore difficult to put in supplies. Rice is selling at from 13 to 14 seers, and there will be some scarcity of water but not of fodder.

19. The annexed map will show the tracts in which scarcity is impending. It will be seen that they are comparatively small in area, and, with the exception of Montessur and Sahebgunge, readily accessible. Employment for the able-bodied is available on the Bengal-Nagpore Railway, and Government has given a sum of Rs. 5,000 for charitable relief to those unable to work. Present necessities are thus provided for, and subsequent reports will show what further measures are likely to be required.

No. 507G, dated Dacca, the 28th October 1884.

From—F. WYER, Esq., Officiating Commissioner of the Dacca Division,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Department.

WITH reference to your letter No. 16T—R of the 7th instant, I have the honour to state that, with regard to this division, there is no cause of anxiety regarding food, fodder or water-supply. The Collector of Backergunge reports that the prospects of that district are better than usual; and so far from there being any cause of anxiety, the exportation of rice will probably increase from between 45 and 50 lakhs of maunds, the quantity last year, to 60 lakhs this year. The Collector of *Mymensing* reports that the condition of that district does not differ from the normal state, and the only part of the district where the prospects are not good being the *Attea* sub-division, but even here there is no cause of anxiety. The Collector of *Furzedpore* reports the same for his district, and adds that Katwali-para and Gopalgunge will probably export largely. In *Dacca*, on the whole, there has been a fair crop, the only failure being the crop grown on the high lands, and there may be some pressure to the north of the district, but the *Dacca-Mymensing* Railway will furnish ample employment, if, as is not likely, the people in that part are driven by want to look for work.

2. In *Backergunge* the great non-food staples, if such a term be allowable, are supari and cocoanuts. Of the latter 13 annas and of the former not far from a full crop is expected. Mr. Dutt reports that the wealth in Backergunge from these crops and from other sources is so great that even if the rice crop failed at any time, a contingency not at all likely to arise, the people would be well able to pay for imported rice. Both in *Dacca* and *Mymensing* the jute crop, which was a good average one, is being held back on account of the low price. This proves that the ryots are well off; otherwise they could not do this. In *Furzedpore* the yield of the crop has been good everywhere, and in *Goulundo* it is said to have been a bumper one. In this district the area planted with jute was not larger than usual. In *Dacca*, however, owing to the high prices last year, a larger area was planted, and since it costs the ryots very nearly Rs. 3 a maund to grow and prepare this crop, they have lost by its cultivation.

No. 493GC, dated Chittagong, the 1st November 1884.

From—E. E. Lewis, Esq., Commissioner of the Chittagong Division,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Department.

WITH reference to Government Circular No. 16T—R, dated 7th October 1884, calling for a report on the state and prospects of the crops, I have the honour to report that in all the districts of my division there exists no cause for anxiety regarding food, water, or fodder-supply.

2. In Chittagong the Collector, after personal enquiry, says that the crops, both *aus* and *amun*, are full average crops.

3. In Noakhally the *aus* crop has been 12 annas, while a bumper crop of *amun* is expected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner of Chittagong Hill Tracts reports that the condition of his district does not vary materially from its normal state, with the exception that the prospects of cotton are more favourable than they have been for many years past. He adds that some of the jooms beyond the frontier line are being destroyed by rats; on this he promises to submit a further detailed report.

No. 319Mct., dated Darjeeling, the 31st October 1884.

From—**LORD H. ULICK BROWNE**, Commissioner of the Rajshahye Division,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Department.

WITH reference to Government Famine circular No. 161.—R., dated 7th October 1884. I have the honour to submit a report on the state and prospects of the crops, and the condition of the people, in the several districts of this division.

2. The Collector of Dinagepore, Mr. Tuto, reported, on the authority of Mr. Ricketts, Manager of the Sunkerpore Wards' Estates, that the only portion of his district which is threatened with scarcity is the south and south-west, and he did not think that much more will be required even there than the ordinary employment that can be given on the roads.

There will be no want of food, water, or fodder. Since he so reported, I have heard from him demi-officially that there has been good rain almost everywhere, and that the south and south-west had the benefit of it. Under the circumstances, I think it unlikely that Government will have to be asked to give or do anything in the Dinagepore district in consequence of short crops, and so give none of the details required in the case of districts in which distress is expected.

3. I enclose a copy of the Collector of Rajshahye's report, No. 809G, dated 27th October 1884, with the statements and map received therewith in original. The report may not comply exactly and precisely with the requirements of the Government circular on every minor point, but it does on almost all of them, and it seems to me to give full information on all main points.

My own opinion of the condition and prospects of the Rajshahye district is this: I think it rather possible than probable that relief works in excess of the Road Cess Committee's annual repairs of roads may be required in parts of the district before the next rubbee and aus crops are reaped: that if they are required, the amount to be spent in such works will not be large, and that with perhaps a few other small localities, where a little employment may be required for a short time, the need for employment will be confined to the Burhind tract. But I do not think it at all certain that relief works will be necessary anywhere in excess of the employment offered by the Road Cess Committee in repairing roads, and it may very probably result in the people in parts of the district being merely pinched, but being unwilling to go on relief works. While giving this opinion, I also wish to say that, when, as in this case, there has been no general and considerable failure of crops, it is not easy to form an opinion thus early in the season, and that it will be much more easy to do so a month hence. The Collector, it will be seen, expects to be able to judge better when he has heard whether the late rain has been general, but I believe he will know more at the beginning of December.

If Government will leave it to me to report again if I find it necessary to do so when the Collector and I have been able to obtain fuller information, they may rely on my doing so, if I do find it necessary, as soon as I can do so with the least confidence; but from the information now before me I am able even now to express an opinion that the only sure and unfailing test in the case of a district so circumstanced is whenever complaints of distress and requests for relief are received to reply by an offer of employment on relief works at the rate of three annas a day for a fair day's task for an able-bodied raiyat (not professional cooly), and lower rates for women and children. I propose to have the condition of the people watched, and to ask the District Officers and Road Cess Committees to act as above. The Collector will be requested to do all in his power to secure his obtaining information of distress and giving the people an opportunity of complaining by a visit to the locality by a Government officer as if on ordinary business, so that the offer may be made without delay if it is really needed. As regards water and fodder, some inconvenience will be felt in certain localities for want of water, which will have to be fetched from a distance, and doubtless the people will drink bad water near at hand in preference to fetching good water from a distance, which will cause sickness. In the matter of fodder, the cattle may be thinner than usual owing to there being less grass, but I do not expect more than that at present informed. Prices will be high, but there will be no difficulty about a sufficient supply of food being brought to where it is wanted.

4. The rainfall in Pubna during the past season has been much below the average, and it is reported that the aman crop will be "very short in places;" but it is said that there is no reason to anticipate distress in any portion of the district. Mr. Bolton says it is possible that special arrangements may be required hereafter to provide labour for the poor around Taras in the Roygunge thana, where the people had a bad season last year; but "there is no urgency in the matter, and in any case the Road Cess Committee would probably be able to do all that is needed."

There are no very large stocks of grain in the district, but the supply is said to be sufficient, and it would be supplemented, if necessary, by importation from the eastern districts.

The water and fodder-supply is also sufficient.

In the case of Pubna, none of the details mentioned in the Government circular will be necessary. The Collector will be told to keep himself informed of the condition of the people of Taras and Roygunge.

5. I enclose a copy of the Collector of Bogra's report. It is very defective in respect, i.e., it gives no information as to the crops, past and present in the portion

the district to the east of the river Karotoya, and though the Collector had not visited that tract, he could have supplied the information obtained from his subordinates. From what have heard, however, I have no anxiety as regards this tract, though I will enquire about it. If it is necessary, I will address Government about it, but not otherwise, unless I hear to the contrary.

As regards the rest of the Bogra district, I have to submit the following remarks.

All the relief Government gave last year was employment on relief works when people complained of distress and wanted such work. Government could, in my opinion, do no less in any year. In the case of the khear or red clay tract that has now suffered more or less from bad crops for three years, and which only grows the single crop of winter rice, I expect that, in addition to all the Road Cess Committee can spend in repairing roads, Government will have to complete the railway bank from Sooltanpore to Bogra in the course of the next eight months, and to supplement the road cess funds by grants to a considerable amount for other relief works. Employment will also be necessary in other parts, though to a less extent. How much money will be required for relief works is uncertain, but the experience of last year showed that, putting aside the very few professional coolies, the people of Bogra will not work for hire at all if they can help it, and will work at any private employment they can obtain in order to avoid resorting to public relief works. From what the Collector reports about the increase of grain thefts and burglaries thus early, it looks as if employment may soon be wanted.

I expect that the people in the worst tracts will suffer a good deal for want of water, and will be compelled to dig wells. The cattle in such tracts will suffer from a short supply of fodder, but it is probable that a good number of cattle may be sold.

Prices will run high no doubt, but any quantity of food required can be easily brought into the district by railway, rivers, and roads. The point is that in certain tracts there will be no money to buy food if it were ever so cheap, and it will have to be provided by relief works. Whether some charitable relief will be required will not be known till later, but probably it will. I expect that Government will have to suspend the collection of the revenue demand over the worst parts on condition of zemindars doing what may be thought necessary for their tenants.

In the case of Bogra, I propose to obtain information as to the parts to the east of the Karotoya, and to have the condition of the people on the west of it carefully watched. I will take up at once the question of what roads would be useful in the worst tracts, in case work on a considerable scale is necessary. I do not think the time has yet come for preferring a report in the Famine Code form, but that time will probably come about a month hence.

I shall visit Bogra towards the end of next month, and will address Government about that district again in due course.

6. From the report of the Collector of Rungpore it appears that wherever the aus rice is grown, a full bumper crop has been harvested in all four sub-divisions, and that the jute crop has also been good; but there will be in the different sub-divisions an amun crop which will vary from 4 annas to 12 annas. Where no other crop is grown, and where the outturn is low, some pinching is expected; but nothing more. The supplies of food and fodder are ample everywhere, and except in a few special localities in the Gyabanda sub-division, where a few wells may have to be dug, there will be no want of water. Altogether the Collector and I, as at present informed, do not think any special measures will be necessary anywhere in the Rungpore district, and so I give no further details.

7. The foregoing paragraphs give all the information and opinions I am in a position to give at present in regard to districts about which there seems to be room for the least doubt, even as regards any part of a district; but when the District Officers have done some touring, we shall feel more certain.

The present state of the districts of Julpigoree and Darjeeling does not vary so materially from the normal condition as to give cause for the least anxiety as regards food, water, fodder, or want of employment.

The price of rice in Julpigoree, however, is very high, "principally on account of export to other districts." Common rice is now being sold at 11 seers per rupee, against 18 seers and 20 seers in the corresponding months of 1883 and 1882, respectively.

No. 724G.D., dated Bogra, the 26th October 1884.

From—C. J. O'DONNELL, Esq., Offg. Collector of Bogra,
To—The Commissioner of the Rajshahye Division.

WITH reference to your circular No. 297Met., dated the 17th instant, giving cover to Government Circular No. 16T.—R. (Famine), Revenue Department, I have the honour to submit the report therein called for in regard to the district of Bogra.

2. I regret the time allowed has been so short, for although I have been continuously in camp since the date of the circular, the 7th October, I have failed to personally inspect the whole district. I have been entirely unable to visit that portion which lies to the east of the river Karotoya; but as it is a low-lying tract, traversed in all directions by navigable rivers, water-channels, and marshes, besides that it is a large producer of aus rice and chéena, whilst the people are enriched by the jute trade, I think it may be considered

safe from scarcity. Its inhabitants are also to a considerable extent boat-owners, or work at oft-times as boatmen, and so obtain a share in the profits of the valuable carrying business of Eastern Bengal.

3. On the west of the Karotoya the prospects are much less favourable. After visiting all the thanas in this tract, except Sherepore, and having examined large areas in each, I beg to give the following replies as succinctly as possible to the question asked in the Government Circular, adding a few special remarks at the end of my report.

4. It is to be understood that my replies apply only to the portion of the district west of the Karotoya.

5. Over the whole of this area the bhadoi or aus crop was good. I believe it was everywhere an average or 12-anna crop, and in places a bumper crop.

6. I fear I cannot estimate the outturn of the winter rice now approaching maturity at more than 6 annas, varying from 10 annas in Sibgunge and Nawabganje thanas, and 8 annas in Khetlal and Panchbibi to 6 annas in Adamdighi and 4 annas in Bogra and Sherepore. Excluding the four more favourably circumstanced police divisions, there remains a tract, bounded on the west by the railway, on the north and east by the Sherepore, Bogra, and Dinagepore road, and on the south by the district frontier towards Pubna and Rajshahye, in which I think it would be rash to estimate more than a five-anna crop, or, roughly, a third of a full bumper crop. In places it is undoubtedly more, but over many rice plains it is much less; for, unfortunately, it is the fact that on some high runs of country the crop will barely produce its seed grain. This area, it may be observed, is nearly continuous with that portion of the district which is composed of a reddish stiff clay, known as khear.

7. The promise of the rubbee or spring crops, so far as one can judge thus early in the season, is excellent. The heavy rain of the beginning of the month, and the light showers that now are falling, although they have come too late for much of the winter rice, have thoroughly moistened the ground, and ploughing and sowing are already unusually advanced this year. The spring crops, however, I would remark, form but a small portion of the total food-supply of the district.

8. In no part of the Cis-Karotoyan tract, except Panchbibi, where sugarcane and jute are largely grown, are any important non-food staples produced to such an extent as materially to enrich the people, and so enable them to sustain the effects of a food-crop failure.

9. The crops last year were much as they are this year; that is to say, a fair bhadoi was followed by a deficient amun and a good rubbee crop. At the same time, judging by the rainfall statistics, the range of prices, and numerous statements I have heard, the winter rice was much less of a failure than it is this year, and hardly justified the relief measures taken so promptly by Government as soon as the first distress was reported: still it is manifest that such as it was, and covering exactly the same area as the failure of this year, the khear tract, it considerably encroached on the resources of the people and their ability to meet the losses that have now come upon them.

10. Prices are distinctly high at the present time, and have risen during the past two months from 15 seers to 12 seers (pucca) for the rupee. I regard the later price as one which, if not soon reduced, must press on a large section of the people in a very appreciable degree. It will entirely depend on the fact whether this rate is maintained or not, after the amun harvest is reaped, whether serious distress will or will not be felt. If, as I hope, grain is abundantly imported from Rungpore and Mymensing, the price will fall; but if this expectation is not realized, the tract I have particularized above (viz. the thana of Adamdighi and the portions of thanas Bogra and Sherepore lying to the west of the Karotoya) will require careful watching, and very probably some form of relief early in the coming year.

11. Trade is very active in all parts of the district, but I regret to say that I regard this fact with some alarm. I fear that its ordinary direction and tendency is towards export and depletion. I need hardly refer to a fact so well known as that the khear tract, which is also the area of failure, produces a fine species of rice, little used for local consumption, and which is eagerly bought up by petty traders, who are in effect agents to the large exporting firms in Calcutta. I anticipate that these men will use all their efforts to secure some part of their ordinary supply, and I fear that in the end of November and throughout December, before serious pressure is felt, they will be only too successful in still further reducing the district stocks, which now are not too abundant. Much will depend on the action of the zemindars in regard to rent, and the Government in regard to revenue. If these two forces exert themselves as in ordinary years, if where there is short produce they demand full rent and revenue, the peasantry will have no means of escape from the depleting trader. The raiyat must sell his rice. I always have held, and always will hold, that the quickest, honestest, cheapest, and safest form of relief is, when Government has satisfied itself that there is a really grave failure of food-supply, to at once act on the principle that where rent cannot be paid without danger, revenue cannot be demanded without setting an example a Government should not set. Further, when once revenue collection is suspended, we should insist on proportionate clemency in the zemindar. I do not for an instant speak of remission. In nineteen-twentieths of Bengal the revenue assessment is so easy that only in the most exceptional cases would absolute remission be justified. The suspended revenue could be recovered in three to five years by instal

without interest, the loss of the latter amount being the measure of the general contribution of the province to local distress.

12. I am entirely unable to estimate the amount of grain stocks in the district in the manner suggested, that is, in terms of food-supply, for so many months. Judging by previous periods of distress, I venture to express the opinion that the district will probably be able to feed itself till the beginning of the hot weather—four to five months hence.

13. The supply of water for all purposes is abnormally deficient. The rivers are already at their hot-weather level and are loaded with impurities. They are almost all stagnant, and jute-steeping has been carried on in most. There is already an unusual amount of cholera about the district, and I fear that public health will deteriorate rather than improve. With the advent of the hot weather, I have even graver fears of trouble to the people from this source than from the failure of food-supply.

The fodder-supply, after the cattle have grazed off the short stubble of the crop that is partially saved, or the standing rice, as they are already doing in many places, will necessarily be very deficient in the khear tract. The rice nearly everywhere, even where the grain yield promises well, is short in stalk.

14. I have replied as far as I can the questions raised by the Government circular.

15. In order to aid Government in estimating the present condition of the crops, I give below a table showing the rainfall, month by month, in the three abnormal years—1873, last year, and this year.

	1873.	1883.	1884.	REMARKS.
	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	
January	0 22	0 58	...	
February	0 10	0 16	0 13	
March ... ..	...	0 17	1 53	
April	3 12	3 02	3 20	
May	2 01	6 78	1 75	
June	6 74	7 44	16 17	
July	7 95	16 93	9 60	
August	12 83	8 91	3 15	
September	3 29	2 82	2 53	
October ... ..	...	0 31	1 87*	* Up to 1 P.M. on the 26th, when it was still raining.
November ... ..	...	...	...
December	0 38	0 79	...	

16. Two important facts are potent from the above table. The first is the extreme shortness of the rainfall in August and September of the present year. I do not believe in the efficacy of October rain, except to fill out the grain in plants which have not only survived the drought of the two preceding months, but still retain considerable vigour. The second conspicuous point is one of good hope. The rainfall in April, May, June and July could hardly be more propitious for the aus crop, which the dry, hot weather in the end of July and the beginning of August ripened to perfection. This fact alone would convince me that what I have heard on all sides is true, namely, that the aus yielded nearly a bumper outturn. It was also an unusually extensive crop. Not only on the poli or light sandy soil, but also on the stiff khear clay, that people hastened to refill their granaries, left half empty by last year's failure. Going about the district, I have everywhere noticed that a very considerable portion of the worst amun rice stands on fields which have already yielded an aus harvest. This is a fact of very great importance. I regret that I have no means of estimating, with even a distant approach to statistical accuracy, what proportion the aus bears to the amun area. We are still, I regret to say, nearly as ignorant on this and such like agricultural questions as we were ten years ago. I may here mention that the people employ aus rice principally as food, and I have heard the opinion freely expressed that they will not readily part with this their ordinary means of sustenance.

17. I should not conclude this report without drawing attention to the fact that burglaries and thefts show a marked increase. During the third quarter of the present year, 71 burglaries and 119 thefts were reported as compared with 46 burglaries and 71 thefts in the corresponding months of July, August and September 1883. The object of several of these offences has been food-grain, and the accused in many cases have pleaded the pressure of hunger. Considering, however, that these figures represent the total crime against property among three-quarters of a million of people, it would be as unwise to attach too much importance to them as it would be to ignore them altogether.

18. As to the probability of serious distress, I think it distant. There are few landless day-labourers in the district. I believe the coming cold weather, with a promising rubees harvest, will supply a fair amount of employment to them. The short crops are, moreover, confined to one-third portion of the district, and the population affected will not exceed quarter of a million. About 5 per cent. of this number probably live by day labour, and if Government gives a small subscription to the District Road Fund, besides completing the Sultanpore-Bogra Railway embankment, I think we will have sufficient aid to tide us over the period before next rains.

No. 809G, dated Rampore Beaulah, the 27th October 1884.

From—E. H. RUDDOCK, Esq., Collector of Rajshahye,
To—The Commissioner of the Rajshahye Division.

• WITH reference to Government Famine Circular No. 16T—R, dated the 7th instant, I have the honour to state that I called for reports from the sub-divisional officers, the District Superintendent of Police, and some of the zemindars and managers of estates in the district. The report from the sub-division of Nattore has not yet been received, but the district report being due on the 27th, I beg to submit the following report on the several points noted in the circular.

2. I beg to annex a tabulated statement clearly showing the approximate condition of each police station in the district under the various heads referred to in the Government circular, and to offer the following observations in regard to each station.

3. *Beaulah*.—In this station there was a fair yield of the bhadoi crop, but the amun prospects are indifferent, except in places where the inundation water has reached. Sugar-cane cultivation is carried on extensively, as also mulberry, and the rearing of silk cocoons, which gives employment to a considerable portion of the population of this and the neighbouring thanas, is a fair source of income.

4. It is worthy of mention, in connection with Rampore Beaulah, Charchat and Pooteah thanas, that Messrs. Watson & Co. distribute about ten lakhs of rupees every year for advances for cocoons. In addition to this, I understand that Messrs. Louis Payen & Co. distribute between two and three lakhs of rupees similarly, principally in Rampore Beaulah thana. The placing of so much hard cash at the disposal of the people must be a great help to them.

5. The prospects of the winter crops are fair. Scarcity of water is felt only in the interior, that is, in villages far removed from the course of the river. The condition of trade in the market is dull. The supply of paddy in store is not large. I do not anticipate any difficulty about fodder, though much may not have been preserved; but there is ample grazing ground on which the cattle can thrive for months, and even if there is any difficulty in any particular part, the cattle can easily be taken for two or three months, as is frequently done, on to the churs where there is an enormous lot of excellent grazing ground. All those whom I have consulted are unanimous on this point, and to save time I may observe that this remark applies generally to the whole district.

6. *Godagmice Station*.—This station supplies rice for the district consumption to a large extent. The high price of rice last year induced a very large export from here, and consequently the quantity left in store is not large. Rice is grown abundantly—in fact it is the only crop grown here—and although the rainfall was scanty, the amun promises fair in parts, and as there are plentiful showers of rain yet, there will be no scarcity felt in this part of the district. Some few villages in the south-eastern boundary of this station have sustained a total wreck of their crop, and the state of the crops to the north and east, within four miles of the police station, is extremely bad, owing to the inundation and the ravages of insects and grasshoppers.

7. *Tannore Police Station*.—In the villages within the jurisdiction of this thana also rice is extensively grown. The country is *Burind* to the north and west, and the paddy grown was plentiful, but much of it was destroyed by late sowing and by reason of drought except what grew near tanks which afforded facilities for irrigation. The crop standing in the fields is not in a good condition. Jute has been grown to some extent, and the cultivation of mulberry is carried on on a small scale. Owing to demand for irrigation and to want of rainfall, scarcity of water will soon be felt. Those that have money decline to work, and the poorer raiyats alone work at very high rates, not having grain in their houses. The fact mentioned in the Lieutenant-Governor's Resolution on the divisional report, as regards scarcity in Bogra and relief works, applies here and to the district generally, that people will *not* work away from their homes, nor will they work at all on anything like relief works as soon as pressure is removed. I mention this here, as in this police station last year there were parts where it appeared relief was necessary, but the people could not be induced to work away from their homes.

8. *Bagmara Police Station*.—The rice grown here is in the low lands generally, and is largely used in Pooteah, besides being exported. The river Baraloo, which flows through this part of the country, did not overflow, and consequently, as the bheels were not inundated, the amun crop will be short, though the outturn of the aus was favourable. There is no reason, however, to fear that the quantity will be inadequate, although the prices may be high. Jute has given a fair outturn, and though the price has fallen far below that of last year, still there will be a fair profit. Mulberry has been a fair crop, and a good deal of work is done in cocoons, and it is hoped they will show favourable results. Scarcity of water is felt in some parts of this thana. The last cold-weather crops were good, and the prospects of this year so far favourable.

9. *Police Station Futteah*.—Rice, both aus and amun, used to be grown in the low lands under the Doorgapore outpost, but of late years from insufficient produce the raiyats have abandoned the cultivation of rice and devoted themselves to the cultivation of sugarcane, which yields a surer and more profitable outturn, and they now depend upon rice imported from elsewhere. Mulberry and cocoons, moreover, flourish in these parts of the country, and the prospects of the crops this year are favourable. The inundation of the

Ganges afforded a good supply of water, and no scarcity is likely to be felt in the cold weather.

10. In this police station are situated the Rajbarees of the Pooteah and Taherpore families, and though their properties are scattered all over several districts, it may be convenient to summarise here the reports I have received respecting the properties in this district.

11. *Taherpore Estate*.—In the villages belonging to the estate situated in thanas Rampore Beaulah, Pooteah, Nattore, Singra, and Bagmara, the bhadoi or aus crop seems to have been generally an almost total failure; in fact the average is set down at 2 annas. This, however, I think rather too low an estimate. This failure of the bhadoi crops has, however, been compensated by the good crop of mulberry, sugarcane and jute, also by the rearing of cocoons; for though the price of jute was lower than last year, still it was high enough to yield a large profit. The general prospects of the winter amun crop are not promising from want of rain. It is, however, a significant fact mentioned by the gentleman from whom I got my report, that the mahajuns have, in anticipation of distress, ceased to lend the raiyats paddy. He also complains of the imperfect state of irrigation, which has led to poor paddy crops ever since 1882, and this has been aggravated by the wheels not being inundated.

12. *Pooteah Estate*.—The Manager of the Pooteah Estate reports that, generally speaking, the condition of the mehals is discouraging. He has submitted a statement, from which I find that the outturn of the late bhadoi crop in the estate was about $4\frac{1}{2}$ annas. The prospects of the rubbee crop are good, and the amun paddy promises to yield an outturn of nearly 5 annas. The produce of jute and sugarcane has been satisfactory in some mehals, while in others it is either fair or tolerable. Cocoons are abundant, and it is reported that, if the *Pousbund* result in success, there will be no apprehension of any hardship, notwithstanding the failure of the bhadoi crop. Paddy is selling at from 25 to 28 seers per rupee, and rice from 14 to 16 seers. Price of wheat from 22 to 25 seer per rupee. Some raiyats have paddy in stock, and the stocks in the mahajuns' granaries is sufficient to last two or three months in case of distress. Kalye was cultivated in some of the mehals, but owing to the overflowing of the river, cultivation has been washed away and destroyed. Generally speaking, trade is only nominal in a few of the mehals.

There is no cause for anxiety about the supply of drinking water. The Manager recommends the excavation of tanks in some three or four mehals where there is some difficulty about getting drinking water.

13. *Police Station Charchat*.—This station is similar to Pooteah. Here the villagers grow a little rice, but the lands are principally cultivated with sugarcane and pulse, and the villagers mainly depend apparently upon the cold-weather crops. Mulberry and cocoons flourish, and on the banks of the rivers Ganges and Bural indigo is cultivated. The cold-weather crops were favourable last year, and equally favourable results are expected this year. Some kalye was grown in the low land, but it was submerged and destroyed owing to a sudden and late rise of the river. In some parts where the flood-water could not reach, scarcity of water is and will be felt by the villagers.

14. *Nattore Police-station*.—Here the countries are watered by the rivers Ganges and Atrai, and rice is grown to a large extent. In the high lands, however, there is not much rice grown; but sugarcane and pulse very profitably take its place. The prospects of the rubbee crops are so far favourable. The rise of the Ganges is expected to give a favourable outturn of the amun crop in the low lands, and the sugarcane and pulses also promise fairly. The winter crops of last year were good. Scarcity of water will be felt in the high lands owing to the deficient rainfall.

15. *Lalpore Police-station*.—The prospects of crops in this station are rather distressing. Little rice is grown in the low lands, and the villagers have to depend to a great extent on imported rice, which has been almost entirely consumed. The villagers migrate for labour. Want of water is also felt, and will be more keenly felt still, unless there is rain. Sugarcane and kalye have grown, and indigo cultivation is extensively carried on.

16. In the zemindaries of Messrs. Watson & Co., notwithstanding that no inundation had submerged the high lands for a period of two or three years, large tracts of lands were brought under cultivation on account of the high price of grain, and up to the middle of July, writes Mr. Abbott, a gentleman of very great experience, and who has long been in the district as the chief agent of Messrs. Watson & Co., the paddy crops in the Bilmaria, Charchat, and Pooteah stations had most favourable weather. But want of rain in the beginning of Srabun had disastrous effects, and the high lands brought under cultivation yielded for the bhadoi crop not more than 4 annas. The last bhadoi crops are said to have ranged from 1 to 16 annas, and the average was not less than 7 annas. The winter crop of Bharun amun paddy, it is estimated, will yield 12 annas. This I think rather too sanguine an estimate. Half the kalye crop sown on the churs was submerged owing to the late rise of the rivers. The prospects of the remaining kalye now on the fields are fair, and it is hoped there will be an outturn of 8 annas. In the villages Biralda, Dungapara, Monegram, Tulshipore, and Gungarampore, mulberry and cocoons have turned out well, and sugarcane also promises well, and it is believed they will enable the raiyats to withstand pressure from crop failure. The raiyats who produce paddy have not been selling it this year, perhaps in anticipation of distress.

17. It is difficult to ascertain (continues Mr. Abbott) whether the raiyats have dhan in their houses. The general belief is that there is a small supply in the mahajuns' golahs

and none in the houses of the raiyats. Mr. Abbott, however, is of opinion that a supply sufficient to last for four months exists in the mahajuns' golahs, and that the kalye and rubbee crops also stored there are in large quantities. The latter yielded last year a produce larger than has been known for 20 years.

18. There is no scarcity of water in villages situated close to the river, and if there are showers of rain, there need be no fear of any such scarcity. But in villages remote from the river distress is being already felt, owing to the want of rain and the inundation water not having reached the villages. The distress of these poor villagers can only be removed by a heavy downpour of rain.

19. *Boraigunge Station*.—Much rice is produced here, and it is exported by boats to other parts of the district. In the bheels to the south and west amun and Boro paddy are grown, and although it is reported that owing to the drought crops have suffered materially, I am not inclined to give credence to this report, as from the fact of the country having been inundated by the overflow of the Ganges, such a thing was not possible. In the high lands turmeric is extensively grown, with large profits, and sugarcane also is extensively cultivated. Water-supply will, however, be short, for the Ganges water in the fields will dry up unless there is rainwater to help it.

20. *Police station Singra*.—Here the lands are generally low, and very large tracts are cultivated with paddy. Reports about paddy crops and jute are most favourable from this station. Only the north portion of this station is Burind, and the crops may have sustained some injuries there owing to want of seasonable rain. Winter crops are grown here on a smaller scale. The water famine will be felt only in the high lands situated to the north and east of the police-stations.

21. *Nowgong Police-station*.—Here the cultivation of aus paddy is extensive, and the villagers had stored the bhadoi or aus crop in large quantities. The outturn of the bhadoi crop is estimated by the sub-divisional officer at 8 to 9 annas. Much jute was grown, and it sold at tolerable prices. Last year's winter crops were good, and the cultivation of ganja extensive, but this means low prices; in fact, the sub-divisional officer says the price per maund pucea ranged from Rs 4 to Rs. 15. In high lands some scarcity of water will be felt.

22. As to the prospects of the amun, both bona and ropa, in the sub-division generally, it appears from the sub-divisional officer's report that the people have had the sense to store up all the water of the copious rain in June for use for irrigation purposes, and the result is that the ropa or transplanted amun, which depends almost entirely on rainwater, was fully planted out, and where there is water stored up near, the outturn is likely to be between 6 and 7 annas. As to the bona dhan, it is doing very well in deep bheels where there is water, but many bheels are dried up from insufficient water, and there the paddy has withered. No estimate is made as to the probable yield by the sub-divisional officer, and the District Superintendent has estimated it at 5½ annas.

23. *Police-station Panchoopore*.—Here the crops are watered by the two rivers Atrai and Nagore, and are consequently able to show a favourable outturn. Much of their rice, however, is exported elsewhere, which has led to the increase in the selling price of rice in those parts of the country. Jute is also grown here largely. There can be no scarcity of water felt in this part of the country where there are two rivers to irrigate the lands and supply water for drinking purposes, and the only portion that is liable to be so affected is the portion lying on the borders of the district of Bogra. The sub-divisional officer estimates the bhadoi crops at 7 annas. I have already dealt with the prospects of the amun.

24. *Police-station Manda*.—Much rice is grown here, and the villagers were prudent enough to grow a large quantity of jute, which has yielded tolerable profits. Rice in the low lands is safe, but extensive tracts to the north and west are *Burind*, and unless there is sufficient rainfall, I am afraid the crops on these portions will suffer very materially. But the remarks about amun under Nowgong apply generally here also. Winter crops flourish on the banks of the river Atrai. I am afraid there will be much scarcity of water felt over the Burind country, if there be not more rain.

25. It will be observed that I have hitherto made no mention of the probable amount of grain in store. The subject is a difficult one, and it is really impossible to say how much grain there is in store. The general opinion, however, seems to be that there is a store of four months' food in the district.

A curious fact was mentioned to me. Some raiyats had to remove their houses owing to the encroachment of the river. They were supposed to have next to no dhan whatever, but when they came to remove, it was found that each man had several hundred maunds of dhan in store; one man, supposed to have nothing, having as much as 1,200 maunds. If, therefore, this may be taken as a typical case, the supply in store may be taken as even greater still. I believe the raiyats have in many places been holding back their paddy from fear of scarcity; and, besides, it must be remembered that, if there is scarcity, it would have been a very dangerous thing for a man to have let his neighbours know how much grain he had, as he would run great risk of being plundered.

26. I have narrated above in detail the prospects and condition of the crop in the several thannas in my district, and from what has been stated, it will be seen that there is no cause to fear a general scarcity over the whole district. It is true the export last year was very considerable, but even in spite of this large export and the price

at which rice is selling at present in the various markets in the district, I do not apprehend a scarcity all over, and I do hope that, even if the entire *Burind* rice crop in the Godagaree, Tannore, Singra, and Manda police-stations fail, there will be found sufficient rice in the district to meet its demands. Should there be a failure, relief will be required probably in the *Burind*; but I think after the rainfall of the last three days, it is difficult to report with any degree of certainty, whether the prospects are such as to raise an apprehension of scarcity, until we hear more of the extent of the rainfall and as to whether it has been general. If it has been general, the prospects will no doubt be much better than those given in this report, and I think another report in a fortnight would be advantageous. There is no doubt that much paddy, which seemed hopeless, will pick up to a certain extent. At any rate this report may be taken as giving the prospects of the district from the most unfavourable point of view.

27. I beg to annex a map showing in different colours the condition of the several thannas in the district. I shall, as I have observed above, call for further report enquiring whether the rain of these last three days has been general, and how it is regarded by the raiyats; and when this information is obtained, I shall submit a further report, in which will be embodied the report from the sub-division of Nattore. In compiling this report, I am under great obligation to the District Superintendent, Mr. Bamber.

P. S.—Since writing the above I have just received the report of the Nattore Sub-divisional Officer, and I may remark on it generally that I am glad to say he takes a much more cheerful view of the prospects than I, with the knowledge then before me, had ventured to express. The rainfall has been greater than in the previous year, and distributed more evenly. The prospects of the amun and rubbee crops are generally good. The places where scarcity of drinking water will be felt are not many, and his opinion about the abundance of fodder agrees with that already expressed. There is one gloomy feature—the outturn of aus, the principal crop in Lalpur, was 2 annas only.

[illegible]

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18			
NAME OF STATION.	Paddy, aus, or bhadol.	Paddy, boro, sown in cold weather, or dune.	AUX.		Cold-weather crops.	Linsed.	Til or rapeseed.	Mulberry.	Sugarcane.	Jute.	Miscellaneous, such as indigo, turmeric, and ganja.	Bearing of cocoons.	Price of rice, kutchia.	Water-supply.		State of trade.		Fodder for cattle.	Stock of grain.	Condition of people.
			Paddy tops.	Paddy boro.										Last year.	Present year.	Last year.	Present year.			
	Last year.	Present year.	Last year.	Present year.	Last year.	Present year.	Last year.	Present year.	Last year.	Present year.	Last year.	Present year.	Last year.	Present year.	Last year.	Present year.	Last year.	Present year.	Last year.	Present year.
Nowgong.																				
North ...	6 0	7 1	...	...	2 0	2 0	...	...	...	16	16	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	16	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
West ...	6 0	7 0	8	8	2 0	2 0	...	...	...	16	16	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
South ...	6 0	4 0	8	8	2 0	2 0	...	...	...	16	16	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	5 0	5 0	4	5	4 0	2 0	...	...	...	16	16	8	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bagnara.																				
North ...	2 0	5 0	...	...	12 0	5 0	16	6	8	16	8	...	8	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
East ...	4 0	8 0	...	...	6 0	4 0	...	...	...	16	8	...	8	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
West ...	5 0	5 0	5	5	8 0	4 0	16	4	16	16	6	...	8	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
South ...	8 0	3 0	...	...	3 0	5 0	16	8	...	16	6	...	8	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	5 0	5 0	1	2	31 0	44 0	12	41	6	2	16	8	...	8	7	25	14	...	...	...
Tonsore.																				
North ...	6 0	6 0	12	10	12	4	...	...	...	12	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East ...	12 0	5 0	...	...	3 0	3 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
West ...	4 0	8 0	...	...	8 0	...	...	...	...	10	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
South ...	6 0	7 0	12	10	12	4	6	...	...	10	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	7 0	63 0	6	5	31	11	2 0	1	1	51	61	...	2	2	23	14	...	...	...	...
Charyhad.																				
North ...	4 0	1 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4	...	6	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
East ...	1 0	1 0	...	...	2 0	...	...	...	...	1	4	...	6	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
West ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4	...	6	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
South ...	4 0	1 0	...	...	2 0	...	...	...	...	1	4	...	6	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	3 0	4 0	...	...	2 0	...	...	...	...	1	2	4	...	6	8	22	16	...	...	...

Panchaspora.									
North ..	8 0	94 0	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10
East ..	8 0	4 0	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10
West ..	8 0	4 0	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10
South ..	8 0	4 0	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10
Total ..	6 0	5 0	8 7 1	8 7 1	8 7 1	8 7 1	8 7 1	8 7 1	8 7 1
Natore.									
North ..	8 0	6 0	12 11 0	12 11 0	12 11 0	12 11 0	12 11 0	12 11 0	12 11 0
East ..	8 0	3 0	12 11 0	12 11 0	12 11 0	12 11 0	12 11 0	12 11 0	12 11 0
West ..	8 0	5 0	12 11 0	12 11 0	12 11 0	12 11 0	12 11 0	12 11 0	12 11 0
South ..	8 0	4 0	12 11 0	12 11 0	12 11 0	12 11 0	12 11 0	12 11 0	12 11 0
Total ..	7 0	44 0	8 7 0	8 7 0	8 7 0	8 7 0	8 7 0	8 7 0	8 7 0
Singra.									
North ..	8 0	12 0	12 14 0	12 14 0	12 14 0	12 14 0	12 14 0	12 14 0	12 14 0
East ..	8 0	13 0	12 14 0	12 14 0	12 14 0	12 14 0	12 14 0	12 14 0	12 14 0
West ..	8 0	13 0	12 14 0	12 14 0	12 14 0	12 14 0	12 14 0	12 14 0	12 14 0
South ..	8 0	13 0	12 14 0	12 14 0	12 14 0	12 14 0	12 14 0	12 14 0	12 14 0
Total ..	6 0	9 0	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2
Boreigong.									
North ..	8 0	3 0	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10
East ..	8 0	10 0	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10
West ..	8 0	4 0	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10
South ..	8 0	4 0	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10	12 10
Total ..	7 0	5 0	6 7	6 7	6 7	6 7	6 7	6 7	6 7
Lalgore.									
North ..	4 0	2 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0
East ..	6 0	2 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 0
West ..	6 0	2 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 0
South ..	6 0	2 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 0
Total ..	6 0	2 0	0 8 11 0	0 8 11 0	0 8 11 0	0 8 11 0	0 8 11 0	0 8 11 0	0 8 11 0

Last year's prevailing rates not to be depended on, as it has been collected from hearsay.

E. H. RUDDOCK,
Collector.

H. W. J. BAMBER,
District Superintendent.

No. BG, dated Camp Buxar, the 30th October 1884.

From—J. BOXWELL, Esq., Offg. Commissioner of the Patna Division,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Department.

WITH reference to Government circular order No. 16T—R of the 7th instant, I have the honour to submit a special report on the state and prospects of the crops in the several districts of the Patna division.

2. The Durbhunga report has come in to-day. I thus have the advantage of the latest possible information from that district, which was one about which there was most fear. It is plain that Mr. Price's report is much fuller and better than it could have been if it had been written only a day or two earlier.

3. I shall first give a very short summary of the results, then extract from the district reports, and finish with any necessary comment.

4. Of the seven districts, Chumparun, Sarun, Mozufferpore, and Shahabad are declared safe. It is clear from the reports that this decision is well founded.

5. Of the remaining districts, the sub-divisions of Modhubani and Tajpore in Durbhunga, of Barh, Dinapore and Patna in Patna, and Aurungabad in Gya are also declared safe.

6. There remain the sub-divisions of Nowada and Gya in Gya, Behar in Patna, and in Durbhunga the sudder sub-division, which cannot be declared safe, and about which a special report of danger is required.

7. In these sub-divisions certain tracts again can be picked out as much better off than the rest. I can therefore here describe more particularly the areas of very bad crops. Mr. Grierson, Collector of Gya, has prepared a map for his district. His latest enquiries confirm what was believed before.

8. The worst tract in the division is clearly the north-eastern portion of the Gya district, including all the north of Nowada and the Atri thana of the sudder. In this tract there is little jungle and a large extent of rice plain, which ought to be covered with rice now. A great part of this has not even been cultivated for rice. I myself have seen the land lying unploughed.

9. The Behar sub-division of Patna is subject to very much the same conditions. I am a little surprised at the good accounts from Behar. Mr. Quinn says it is worse off than any other part of the district, and he is watching and prepared for worse news. But from the report, Behar is very much better off than Nawada.

10. In Durbhunga, the south-eastern portion of the sudder about Roserah is declared much the worst. It would be interesting to compare Mr. Price's report with what is said about Begu Sarai in Moughyr bordering it to the south-east.

11. As directed in the circular order under reply, I report that in Chumparun, Sarun, Mozufferpore, and Shahabad "the condition of the district does not vary materially from the normal state." I therefore abstain from all details, and declare that there is "no cause for anxiety regarding food, water, or fodder-supply."

12. The Collector of Durbhunga reports:—

"In Modhubani the outturn of the last bhadoi is estimated to have been a 9 annas crop throughout the sub-division, and the probable yield of paddy to be an 8 annas crop. The rubbee, which has been very extensively sown this year, is in a prosperous state, and promises a good outturn.

There are two or three important non-food staples grown in this sub-division, such as sugarcane, indigo. The prospect in respect of these staples is good, and with the help derived from them, supplemented by the outturn from food-crops, the people of this sub-division will be enabled to support themselves comfortably till the next year's bhadoi comes in. The labouring classes will perhaps require to be furnished with some employment later on; this can easily be found for them in the repairs and construction of village roads.

"There is no cause for anxiety regarding fodder or water-supply.

"In Tajpore, which in my opinion is very little behind Modhubani in its generally satisfactory condition, the bhadoi was all round an eight annas crop; the paddy will scarcely be a four annas crop (but Tajpore is not generally a rice-producing country), whereas at present the prospects of the rubbee are excellent; in fact could not be better. So also I may say of tobacco, which is extensively cultivated in this sub-division. I may, I think, without hesitation say that the present condition of the people and the crops in Tajpore does not afford any cause for alarm; prices this October are not higher than they were during the same month last year; and there will be food available sufficient for the supply required for the next four or five months. I do not anticipate any failure in the water or fodder-supply in Tajpore, that is, if rain falls as it ought to do in December or January.

"Sudder sub-division.—This sub-division is, I consider, far way the worst off of the three in the districts. Concerning a part of it I can speak from direct personal observation, for I am now under canvas in the tract which was reported by the police to be worst affected. The outturn of the last bhadoi did not exceed a ten annas crop all round. The prospects of the paddy are generally bad; in some places no crop at all can be reaped, the plants being used for fodder for cattle, so great has been the deficiency in the rainfall. Here, at Roserah, it is 8 inches less than it was in the famine year. Throughout the sub-division not more than a fourth of the usual area could be sown with paddy, and the general outturn is estimated at two to four annas, at the outside, of an average crop.

"Had it not been for the rain (2½ inches) which fell yesterday and the day before, and which has benefited greatly the rubber sowings (paddy having perished irretrievably, as I carefully noted when riding dryshod on the 25th from Brichowli to Mangalgarh across a country which ordinarily at the time of the year should consist of inundated rice-fields), there would have been experienced most severe distress in the south-eastern corner of this district. Since the late rain I anticipate a fair crop of rubber. Non-food staples, tobacco and sugarcane, promise very well. I am inclined to think that the stocks of grain locally grown have been drawn upon to depletion, but the import trade is very brisk and food-grains are being conveyed in large quantities by rail into the district. Prices are not much, if at all, higher than they were this time last year, and I rejoice to add that root crops form an important factor in the present supply of food. These are selling at two dhebuas (about four pies) a seer for the last two weeks, a seer being generally considered sufficient for a single full meal.

"The prospects in respect of water and fodder-supply were causing much anxiety till the late rain on the 25th and yesterday. Tanks and wells were very low. Some of them had actually run dry, and the paddy-straw, which in a year of good crops served later on for fodder for cattle, had been actually grazed down by cattle in the fields. Prospects now have assumed a much more favourable appearance, and it looks as if we would get more rain. But in any case the south-eastern portion of the sub-division, if no other, will have to be closely watched, and the employment afforded later on, if necessary, for the labouring classes in the construction and repairs of district and village roads. At present there is no actual suffering anywhere."

13. The Collector of Patna says with regard to Behar sub-division:—

"I take this sub-division first, as the condition of affairs there is worse than in other parts of the district.

"(a). The bhadoi outturn on the average was about a 6-anna crop.

"(b). When the sub-divisional officer wrote his report, he anticipated that the winter rice would be a 2-anna or a 5-anna crop, according to whether more rain should fall or not. Since the receipt of the report there has been heavy rain, and according to present information a 5-anna crop may be expected.

"(c). Rubber crops.—When the sub-divisional officer wrote, a fair outturn was expected, probably an 8-anna crop. The heavy rain which has since fallen has in some cases done harm and in others good. On the whole, I think than an 8-anna crop may still be expected.

"(d). Non-food staples.—The only important non-food staple is opium, the prospects of which since the recent rain should be good, and a good opium crop will have a very considerable effect in enabling the people to tide over a bad season.

"(e). Food stocks.—Everything points to the conclusion that stocks are low. Last year's bhadoi and rice harvests were very poor. The present prices are higher than in other parts of the districts, and the accumulations of grain are never large." The Collector considers the food stocks sufficient for two months at the outside.

"(f). Water-supply.—Since the late heavy rain, I think there need be no longer any anxiety on this head.

"(g). Fodder.—The Collector thinks the late rain has also taken away cause for anxiety under this head."

14. The Collector of Gya, Mr. Grierson, has written a very full and careful report. It is difficult to quote from, because it both is very argumentative and takes the district, not sub-division by sub-division, but crop by crop. I should have to extract passages too much scattered over his report. Therefore, in the case of Gya, I condense the information supplied. As has frequently been reported, the Gya crops vary very greatly in quality from thanna to thanna. The bhadoi crop in the sudder sub-division was—

In thannas Gya, Shahrghati, and Bara Chati 10 annas; in Tikari 14 annas; and in Atri only 6 annas of a full crop. For the sub-division as a whole the bhadoi was 11 annas of a full crop.

In Nowada the bhadoi was—in Nowada thanna 8 annas; in Pakri Barwan 4 to 8 annas; and in Rajouli 10 annas.

For the Nowada sub-division as a whole the bhadoi was 8 annas of a full crop.

In Aurungabad the bhadoi was from 8 annas to 16 annas, although in one outpost—Goh—in thanna Daudnagar it was almost a total failure. I shall return to this matter. The bhadoi outturn for the Aurungabad sub-division as a whole is between 10 and 11 annas.

In Jehanabad bhadoi is put down at 8 annas, and the Collector calls the bhadoi of the district as a whole 9 annas of a full crop.

15. On the rice crop, Mr. Grierson writes:—

"The paddy crop of the sudder sub-division is best in the Shahrghati thanna, and is expected to yield about 10 annas. In Gya and Tikari thannas it may be fairly estimated at about 8 annas, in Bara Chati at 6 annas, and in Atri we can hardly expect even 1 anna. Thus the sub-divisional outturn I estimate at 7 annas of a full crop."

The Nowada rice is thus estimated: Nowada thanna less than 2 annas; Pakri Barwan less than 2 annas, being worse again than Nowada thanna; Rajouli 4 annas.

In Aurungabad, Nabinagar thanna will have 14 annas. The worst parts of the sub-division expect 6 annas. A large portion expects 8 annas, and the sub-divisional officer estimates the outturn as a whole at 10 annas of a full crop.

The sub-divisional outturn in Jehanabad is estimated at 7 annas. The variation is very great from tract to tract.

One area of about 80 square miles is expected to yield about a 14-anna crop; while another, about half as big, will not give more than 1 anna.

The Collector writes:—

"I arrive at the conclusion that the district outturn of the winter rice will be a little more than 5½ annas of a full drop."

16. I need not, and indeed cannot, be so precise about rubbee prospects. They are just now very good; but so early in the season accurate estimates cannot be made. A much larger area than usual is being sown, and the land everywhere has abundant moisture.

Sugarcane is counted a non-food staple. In Gya sugarcane, opium, and linseed are important. Mr. Grierson says:—"In the sudder sub-division sugarcane is extensively cultivated, and this year it is exceptionally good. Up to this time the price of molasses is very high, and the crop promises a handsome return to the cultivators. There is no doubt that it will go a great way towards alleviating the severity of the partial failure of the winter rice."

In Aurungabad sugarcane is very good. Both sugarcane and poppy are of great use in helping cultivators to meet a food-crop failure.

"In Nowada sub-division the only important non-food staple is opium. It is cultivated on a large scale, and if it turns out a good crop, it will be a great comfort to the cultivators and the zemindars

"In Jehanabad, the sugarcane having last year proved a general failure, has been very sparingly cultivated; but wherever it has been planted, it is an excellent crop."

"17. The annexed table will show the current price of the food-grains in all the sub-divisions of the district. The incessant supply of grain from the North-Western Provinces is the chief reason for prices being as low as they are. The trade has been all along and is still very active. Wheat and gram are imported in large quantities from the north-west and rice from the east, and are being taken away daily by pack-bullocks and carts all over the district."

	PAST YEAR.				PRESENT YEAR.			
	Gya.	Nowada.	Aurungabad.	Jehanabad.	Gya.	Nowada.	Aurungabad.	Jehanabad.
	Sr.	Sr.	Sr.	Sr.	Sr.	Sr.	Sr.	Sr.
Rice, coarse, per rupee...	14½	.....	13	15	11½	11	13	15
Rice, best	11	.....	9	12	8½	.....	8	9
Wheat	17	.....	18	17	19	16	17	18½
Gram	20	.....	19	21	21	20	17	20
Barley	25	.....	24	21	20½	.....	20	20
Makni	.....	.....	20	.....	.....	25	22½	25
Marua	.....	.....	21	.....	.....	25	25	27½
Bahur	.....	.....	23	.....	.....	18	.....	.....
Pean	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	18	18	.....
Khesari	.....	.....	14	.....	.....	20	18	24
Masuri	.....	.....	18	.....	.....	18	18	19
Urid	.....	.....	14	.....	.....	20	14	.....

18. Grain stocks are reported low, not even enough for a month's consumption. The Collector estimates the sudder sub-divisional stocks as not exceeding 2,00,000 maunds. The Nowada stocks are put down at 2½ lakhs, also about a month's consumption. The sub-divisional officer continues:—

"But there is scarcely any fear of a sudden and serious deficiency in food-supply, for the raiyats will get dhan, kurtli, and sugarcane crops within the next four months. Their pack-bullocks, more than in an ordinary year, are constantly bringing loads of grain from Gya, Behar, Shekhpura, and Jamui.

"Stocks in Aurungabad are very low in consequence of last year's bad harvest.

"Rice is coming from Patna and Gya and supplying the markets of Goh, Rafigunge, and Muddenpur.

"Southern markets are still supplied from local stocks. Gram and wheat are coming in from Shahabad.

"If all the markets were to be supplied from local stock, it would not last more than two months."

The sub-divisional officer of Jehanabad calls the stock large and sufficient for six months or more, but points out that they are very unequally distributed and not likely to come into the market. He trusts to import chiefly.

19. On fodder and water-supply Mr. Grierson writes:—

"As a necessary consequence of the failure of rice there will be some scarcity of fodder for cattle everywhere, and especially in those parts of the district where the rice crop will be a total failure; but we have to fear nothing about water-supply for drink purposes or for irrigation.

"In the jurisdiction of thannas Nowada and Pakri Barwan and the outpost of Hasua, fodder will be very scarce. There is not much fear for other parts."

20. The condition of the people is reported as fairly good almost everywhere, and very bad nowhere. Just now there is plenty of employment, but after the rubbee sowings are over in those parts where the rice has failed there is a probability of distress.

Much of the Nowada report is taken up with discussing the rumoured deaths from starvation. The rumour has not yet been quite traced home. It is almost certain that some cases of beggars dying from insufficient food combined with other causes will be found. I heard such rumours myself long ago, but they were not distinct enough for any action.

21. Mr. Grierson sums up thus:—

‘On consideration of the circumstances of all the four sub-divisions, I believe that there is no cause for anxiety for any part of the district except certain portions of the Nowada sub-division. The year will not be worse than the last year, either in respect of the supply of food, fodder or water, and if the rabi crop turns out to be what it promises now, there will be no material variation in the condition of the people, nor will the labourers be in much want of employment. Of course there will be some want of employment between the period of paddy and rabi harvest, but the planting, digging, and irrigating of sugarcane, as well as irrigation of poppy crops, will supply the want to some extent.

22. I have given the Durbhunga report in full. It will explain how conclusions are reached. Mr. Price shows why he has no fears for Modhubani or Tajpore, and why he considers the south-eastern part of the sudder sub-division so badly off.

As I have said, I am surprised at the good accounts from Behar, continuous with Nowada, and subject to similar conditions. But Mr. Quinn is watching with great care.

Gya is both much the worst off of all the districts, and best known to me. Since I began to write this, I have had a letter from Mr. Grierson from Pakri Barwan in the extreme east. He says the country is in a much worse state than close about Nowada. There is much more land uncultivated.

The bad area of Gya is about 50 miles long from Atri in the sudder to Pakri Barwan in the east of Nowada by about 15 miles wide in the widest part. The bad piece from its irregular shape will have an area of about half such a rectangle.

A separate report containing proposals will be submitted in due course.

23. I recapitulate very shortly. The whole of the division is safe except the parts described below:—

1st.—The south-east of the sudder sub-division of Durbhunga, in which the late bhado was 10 annas, the winter rice is from 2 to 4 annas; rabi prospects are fair; stocks are very small; trade is very brisk; prices are moderate; root crops are good and not dear; water and fodder prospects are greatly better since the late rain, and there is no actual present distress.

2nd.—The Behar sub-division of the Patna district, where bhadoi was 6 annas, winter rice may be 5 annas, rabi 8 annas; opium will give much help. Stocks are low, about enough for two months. Fodder and water prospects were bad before the late rain.

3rd.—The Pakri Barwan and Nowada thanas of Nowada, and Atri of the sudder sub-division in the Gya district, where bhadoi was from 4 to 8 annas, winter rice almost a total failure—certainly under 2 annas; rabi prospects good; non-food staples are very useful; trade is very brisk; stocks are very low—about enough for one month; fodder prospects are bad; water is sufficient for all purposes, and the present condition of the people does not appear to be bad.

No. 2751R, dated Bhagulpore, the 3rd November 1884.

From—W. H. D'O'LY, Esq., Offg. Commissioner of the Bhagulpore Division and Sonthal Pergunnahs,

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Department.

I HAVE the honour to submit the report called for in the Government famine circular No. 16T—R of the 7th October 1884.

2. The district officers of Monghyr and Purneah apprehend no distress or scarcity in their districts. Mr. Kean of Monghyr says that “I do not think there is any cause for anxiety regarding the food, water or fodder-supply, and I do not apprehend any want of employment for the labouring classes such as to call for the adoption of special measures.” Mr. Weekes, in writing of Purneah, says “I have little anxiety about any part of the district, none at all for the northern half, and only a little about parts of the south, about which I will report in more detail subsequently.”

3. I beg to append extracts from the reports received from Bhagulpore and the Sonthal Pergunnahs, giving the information required by Government regarding each sub-division. It will be seen that though the prospects in the former district are not bad, yet the Collector anticipates some pressure in certain parts, and thinks that relief works will have to be started. I think, however, that the assistance of Government will not be required.

4. The prospects in parts of the Sonthal Pergunnahs only are unfavourable, and Mr. Forbes' estimates of the prospects of his district can be safely accepted.

5. During the last week I visited the Begoozerai and Jamui sub-divisions of Monghyr, and found that the late rains had improved prospects very much, and that the rubbi sowings had germinated, and the seedlings were strong and healthy; in both sub-divisions the bhadoi crop was an excellent one, and the prospects of the rubbi are as good as they could be. There were no signs of distress.

6. I regret I am unable to supply any information in connection with the district of Maldah, as, up to the time of my writing this letter, I have not received the Collector's report, though his special attention was drawn to the Government orders, and he was directed to submit his report so as to reach this office not later than the 28th ultimo. While in

the Purneah district I observed that though a large proportion—about one-third—of the dhan lands had no dhan in them, they had been almost all ploughed and sown with mustard, wheat and other rubbi crops: these were coming up thick and well. I ascertained from the Collector that the part of the district he was anxious about was the portion near Munihari, opposite the Sahibgunge railway station. A Sub-Deputy Collector had been sent out, and reported that the people were in distress and had to be satisfied with one meal a day; that rice was selling at 10 seers per rupee. He did not report on the condition of the people, and probably placed too much faith in what they told him. I asked the Collector to visit this part of his district at once and submit a further report. The rice crops are moderately good; a few fields only here and there may not yield more than 2 annas; but I saw some very fine crops about 20 miles north of Purneah, which will probably yield 10 to 14 annas, while the average yield will be about 8 annas.

Extract from letter No. 1369R, dated the 29th ultimo, from the Deputy Commissioner, Sonthal Pergunnahs, to the address of the Commissioner of the Bhagulpore Division and Sonthal Pergunnahs.

THE sub-divisional officers of Deoghur and Jamtara report the condition of their sub-divisions as regards crops, &c., to be normal, and that they do not anticipate any distress of any kind. They estimate the rice crop at a 12 anna one, and expect a good rubbi harvest; no more need therefore be said in regard to them. I may at the same time dismiss the Damin. The people there have reaped a bhadoi harvest such as has not been seen or heard of for many years. They will have a full 10 annas rice crop, and their rubbi prospects are excellent, and later on they will have the mohwa; and if with all these they are not well off, they never will be.

I now turn to Godda. The condition of this sub-division is perhaps the worst of the whole district. The bhadoi crop was a 12 annas one, and where rice has been sown the crop will probably be from a 6 to 8 annas one; but there is a very large area on which no rice at all was sown; and as they have now had three bad seasons, no matter how plentiful the rubbi harvest may prove to be, it will not enable them to withstand pressure. Agricultural stocks in Godda must of necessity be exceedingly low, and distress will probably begin to shew itself early here.

I should say that, taking the food and non-food rubbi crops together, the result to the ordinary cultivator would not add more than 3 annas to his food-supply; i.e. supposing his rice crop to be 8 annas, a bumper rubbi would raise his food-supply to the equivalent of 11 annas. The ordinary cultivator being in debt gets very little benefit from his non-food rubbi crops: they go either to his mahajan or to pay the rent.

The three pergunnuhs in Godda where the largest area of fallow rice land is to be found are Barkop, Patsanda, and Munihari—Patsanda being the worst. The people of these tracts are now living on their bhadoi crops. They will have no rice when that is done, and will have to depend entirely on the rubbi. The poorer classes will probably anticipate this and borrow on it early—in fact as soon as their present bhadoi stock begins to fail them.

Rajmehal.—I have already dealt with Damin. The sub-divisional officer does not anticipate any real distress in the zemindari portion. I do not fully support him in this. I am inclined to think that the hot season will bring a good deal of distress of a more or less severe kind among the poorer classes. Stocks cannot be large even among the well-to-do, and a large number of the semi-agricultural semi-labouring classes have probably a very limited supply.

The rubbi in *Rajmehal* is certainly better, and a more important factor in adding to the food-supply than elsewhere in the district; but this applies, as a rule, I think, to just that class of fairly well-to-do cultivators with whom we need not concern ourselves; and notwithstanding the favourable view taken of the position by the sub-divisional officer, I am afraid that by April and May we shall find a considerable amount of distress, particularly in the south of the sub-division towards Pakour. It must be remembered that the greater the Bengali element in the villages, so the amount of bhadoi crop disappears. In the Damin jenara or makai is the staple food of the people; it is a most prolific crop, and the area sown is enormous. In the Bengali villages the area of land under makai diminishes gradually from the slopes of the hills till the plain or pure Bengali tract is reached, when it disappears almost entirely, and the place of the bhadoi in importance as a food-producing harvest is taken by the rubbi, but not to the same extent, as the mainstay of these people is of course the rice crop.

Next is *Pakour*, i.e. the zemindari portion. The sub-divisional officer estimates the last bhadoi as a full 16 annas crop. He estimates the winter rice at 8 annas all round with the exception of that portion of the sub-division, viz. pergunnah Ambar, which is subject to Gangetic floods, and in which a considerable amount of wheat is grown. The area of the rubbi crop is small and comparatively insignificant. The sub-divisional officer, while looking forward to favourable rubbi prospects, estimates its powers of staving off pressure at about a fortnight. This is probably a low estimate.

The Maharaja of Mohepore writes still more hopefully, and declares most emphatically that there will be no distress. I shall allude to this again in my general remarks.

Doomka.—Prospects in this large sub-division are somewhat uneven on the whole. I should say they were fair, and there is little call for anxiety. The bhadoi harvest has probably been a fairly full 16 annas crop all over.

The dhan or winter rice crop I should estimate all round at 8 annas, though there are tracts here and there, notably in Darhi Molessar and other tracts to the south-east bordering on Beerbhoom, where there is a considerable amount of fallow rice land; but the rubbi, if it continues to enjoy the same favourable weather it does now, should add certainly 4 annas to the food-supply.

The foregoing is based on the reports of the sub-divisional officers. I now take the general questions, and deal first with stocks.

I am of opinion that the great bulk of the agricultural population, have, or will have, sufficient stocks of food to last them if they are prudent, throughout the season. But the petty cultivators, and those who live chiefly by labour, have little or no stocks of their own, but as long as agricultural labour is to be had they will have no difficulty in meeting their daily wants. These remarks apply to the sub-divisions in the following order:—

Goḍḍa.		Rajmehal.
Pakour.	|	Doomka.

When agricultural operations are over, say about March, this class of the population will begin to feel distress which will increase in intensity somewhat rapidly owing to high prices. It must be remembered that prices have been abnormally high throughout the past year and looking at the fact that agricultural stocks are everywhere abnormally low, the probability is that when the real outturn of the winter rice comes to be ascertained, most agriculturists, looking ahead, will hold on, and prices, instead of falling as they usually do after the winter harvest, will rise and continue to rise as the season advances. The condition of the surrounding districts will also materially assist towards the raising of prices. It follows, then, that as agricultural labour slackens, those classes which are dependent on it, and whose limited means of purchasing food will be all the sooner exhausted on account of high prices, will have to turn to our works for relief. This probably will begin to shew itself appreciably about the end of March or the beginning of April. Until then I am of opinion that there will be no cause for anxiety of any kind. These remarks, however, do not apply to the large uncultivated tract I have spoken of as existing in the three northern pergunnahs of Goḍḍa here. I am afraid the pressure will begin to shew itself very much earlier, and the distress will be intensified and may take the shape of actual famine. Mr Grant, the sub-divisional officer, estimates the number of souls that will probably be affected at from 10,000 to 15,000, and these people will require assistance for nearly six months. Such are shortly the prospects of the crops as far as I am at present in a position to judge.

As regards water-supply, given three years' short rainfall and the water-level in the month of October some 60 to 80 per cent. lower than previous registration for 16 years had shewn it to be in that month when it should be at its highest, and I think it is prudent to assume that, as the dry season progresses and the water recedes still further, considerable difficulty, if nothing worse, in obtaining water is likely to arise. Of course it may be that there is a certain level below which the water never falls, but on this point I am not in a position to give an opinion. Many parts of the district suffered considerable inconvenience last year from want of water, notably along the chord line and about Rajmehal, and another year of short rainfall is not likely, I think, to improve matters.

Fodder.—None of the sub-divisional officers appear to anticipate any difficulty about fodder. I would note one fact. All the bamboo on the hills, and even here and there in the plains the common country bamboos, have all died this year, thus I believe indicating a want of moisture near the surface.

Extract from a letter No. 1257 G., dated the 29th ultimo, from the Collector of Bhagulpore, to the address of the Commissioner of the Bhagulpore Division and Sonthal Pergunnahs.

Soopole.—The outturn of bhadoi was 8 or 9 annas, that of winter rice is expected to be 8 annas, and the prospects of rubbi are very favourable. A large area in Soopole is sown with mustard and linseed, the prospects of which are good. These crops help considerably in enabling the ryots to pay their rents. The harvests of the year before were poor. Prices are high and large exports of grain were made during the year; there cannot therefore be large stocks in hand. It is believed, however, that there are sufficient to last two or three months, i.e. till the cutting of the winter rice. The tanks have not been well filled this year, but the people rely chiefly on wells, and water is to be found near the surface; there is therefore no anxiety under this head. There is no apprehension of failure of fodder. Prices are likely to be high till the next bhadoi harvest; and as the labouring classes have found it extremely difficult to get along during the past year, it is possible that work on a small scale will have to be found for them from March or April next.

Madhepoorah.—The conditions of Madhepoorah are much the same as those of Soopole, but the sub-divisional officer of Madhepoorah takes a more favourable view of the prospects of the year. He estimates the stock in hand at three to four months' supply, expects an 8 annas dhan crop, and does not apprehend any distress.

Sudder.—The outturn of the bhadoi crop was 12 annas; that of dhan is estimated at 8 annas, and there is every prospect of a magnificent rubbi harvest. There is no likelihood

of any relief being necessary except perhaps in the tracts to the south of Ghogha and round Kherhi. The outturn of rubbi, castor, &c., along the Ganges and in Colgong should be very good indeed.

Banka.—The outturn of bhadoi was about 12 annas; that of dhan is estimated at not more than 6 annas. The prospects of rubbi are very good indeed. The country between the two roads which converge from the north at Bowsee and a tract east of the Belassi puddee have suffered most. During the last year food-grains were largely imported into the sub-division. The markets are apparently well supplied, but prices are very high (11 seers of rice per rupee). It is estimated that there are 4½ months' supplies in the sub-division. Oilseed and sugarcane are largely grown and will be of great assistance. No severe distress is expected, but the poorer cultivators, whose dhan happens to have failed, will probably feel some pressure until the rubbi harvest. When the rubbi sowings are over a month hence, the labouring-classes will be hard up for work. The dhan harvest will give some help, but not so much as usual, owing to the comparatively small amount of dhan grown. It is expected therefore that relief for the labouring classes will be required for a few months in the tracts indicated above. No deficiency in the supply of water or fodder is anticipated.

No. 2769R, dated Bhagulpore, the 4th November 1884.

From—W. H. D'O'RY, Esq., Offg. Commissioner of the Bhagulpore Division and Sonthal Pergunnahs,

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Department.

In continuation of my letter No. 2751R of yesterday's date, I have the honour to report that from the Maldah Collector's reply to the Government circular regarding the prospects of the crops, &c., received this day, it appears that in no place at present is severe distress prevailing. Should, however, the haimanti crop be a failure, the Collector fears that distress would be general, and that extensive relief operations would be necessary. There is, however, every reason to hope that there will be no such failure.

2. I annex an extract, paragraph 8 from the Collector's report, which shows the Collector's opinion as to the state of affairs in the Maldah thana, and it is only in that thana that pressure may be said to be somewhat severe. I would point out, however, that, although the Collector says that in pergunnah Shikarpore the people are in extreme distress, he states that the prospects of the rubbee are good, and that the late rain has improved the prospects of the haimanti rice crop. Relief measures have been provided for by the Road Cess Committee at the Shibgunge, Gomastapore, and Maldah stations; and at these places, as also at the Nawabgunge, Khurba, Tulsihatta and Bamangola stations, there will be a scarcity of water. Zemindars will be urged to deepen old tanks and dig new ones, and Mr. Porch has been requested to exert himself and use his influence in this direction as much as possible.

3. Extensive road works have been provided for, and these will give considerable relief. The rubbee crop is expected to give a good yield. The jute crop in Maldah has yielded from 12 to 16 annas.

Extract paragraph 8 from letter No. 931, dated the 2nd November 1884, from the Collector of Maldah to the address of the Commissioner of the Bhagulpore Division and Sonthal Pergunnahs.

"8. *Maldah Station*—(1.) Bhadoi was not sown in pergunnah Shikarpore. In the villages situated along the bank of the Mahanunda it was sown, and the outturn has been 10 annas on an average.

(2.) For want of water, only half the quantity of the lands culturable has been cultivated with haimanti this year. The rain that fell about a fortnight ago has done immense good to the plants cultivated in the low lands. The plants in the high lands, however, are withering away, and will be totally destroyed should there be no rainfall soon.

(3.) The rubbee crops have much benefited by the late rainfall. The prospect of these crops is good, but owing to the sudden rise of the river, some portion of the kalai and muttar sown on low lands has been destroyed.

(4.) Of non-food crops, only mulberry is cultivated here in a very small quantity of land.

(5.) The food-grains have been selling now at the following rates:—

Coarse rice	...	...	...	...	12	seer per rupee
Wheat	...	...	...	...	16	ditto.
Barley	...	...	...	...	16	ditto.
Makai	...	...	...	...	25	ditto.

(6.) There is very little food-grain now in store; only about one-eighth of the people have got it in their houses. This may be sufficient for two months' consumption. The remaining seven-eighths of the people have been supporting themselves by making purchases from the bazar.

(7.) Owing to the scanty rainfall for the last two or three years many of the tanks have already, or will soon be dried up. There is likely to be water famine at Bakail, Chitapore, Hoorbone and Gopalpore, in pergunnah Shikarpore. A tank may be excavated for the benefit of the people of these villages.

- (8.) The fodder for cattle will be sufficient.
- (9.) The people residing in purgunnah Shikarpore, especially those living in Nunbari and its vicinity, are in extreme distress. Relief measures have been found necessary in order to give employment and relief to local labour. Extensive road cess works have been provided by the District Road Cess Committee in the badly affected parts of this thana for local labourers."

No. T—C, dated Camp Hazaribagh, the 29th October 1884.

From—A. L. CLAY, Esq., Offg. Commissioner of the Chota Nagpore Division,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Department.

WITH reference to your circular No. 16T—R, dated 7th instant, I beg to report that, after consulting all the district officers, and speaking from my own observation in parts of Lohardugga, Hazaribagh and Manbhoom, I am of opinion that there is no present cause for anxiety as regards the food, water or fodder supply of any district in this division.

2. The rainfall has certainly been deficient in some parts, especially in the west of the Manbhoom district towards Bankoora, and (as I am told) in the north towards the Jharkhand border. In many places the inferior (high-level) rice lands have either not been cultivated at all, or will produce a short crop. The loss in this respect has to a great extent been compensated by a full bhadoi crop, which would have suffered from the heavy rain that might have benefited the higher rice lands. The outturn of Indian-corn has been unusually good, and the plentiful supply of this grain has enabled the people to tide over the interval between the spring and winter crops, which might otherwise have been a time of some pressure. Without attempting to make any estimate (which would at best be little more than a guess) of the amount of stocks in hand, I should say there is plenty of food in the country to go on with till the winter harvest is gathered. The prospects of this have been further improved by the rain that has fallen within the last few days.

3. It is yet too early to speak of the rubbi crops, which also are not very important in this division. The condition and prospects of non-food staples such as lac, tusser, &c., are believed to be normal.

RESOLUTION ON THE BOARD'S REPORT ON WARDS' AND ATTACHED ESTATES IN THE LOWER PROVINCES FOR 1883-84.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT—LAND REVENUE

Calcutta, the 17th October 1884.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Board's Report on Wards' and Attached Estates in the Lower Provinces for 1883-84.

The Board's Report has reached Government long after the prescribed date, the delay being attributable to the additional work imposed on local officers in connection with the Tenancy Bill. The delay in the submission of this Report was anticipated by Government, and is sufficiently explained.

2. The number of Wards' Estates under management during the year was 113, while the number of Attached Estates was 93. The former number was less by four, and the latter greater by two, than the corresponding numbers of the preceding year. The year opened with an arrear demand on account of rent and cesses, from both Wards' and Attached Estates together, of Rs. 57,26,136. The current demand for the year was Rs. 57,65,675, thus making a total demand of Rs. 1,14,91,811. Of this sum Rs. 53,73,690 were collected and Rs. 4,29,408 remitted. The outstanding balance was thus Rs. 56,80,615. This is a very large balance indeed, and the Board make some appropriate and important remarks on its character and origin which, as having an immediate bearing on the Tenancy Bill now under consideration, the Lieutenant-Governor will quote in *extenso* :—

“While one set of rates is entered as payable in the accounts, another rate is actually paid. The full rent which is entered in the zemindari books may be paid in the most favourable years, but as a rule a zemindar is willing to receive and be satisfied with a rental considerably below the amount of the full demand as shown on his books. The difference is debited to a *hajul* account, or it is merely shown as a balance against the ryot, or in some cases is kept alive by instalment bonds executed by the ryot. Almost every estate under the Court of Wards comes under its management, with large unrealizable balances, and it is found that even the current demand is not realizable in spite of all the exertions of the managing establishment. Year after year the percentage of collections from Wards' estates is less than the current demand. The result has generally been considered unsatisfactory, but no other result can be shown without oppressing and harassing the tenantry. It is no exaggeration to say that a fair and liberal zemindar does not collect more than 75 per cent. of his nominal rent-roll on an average of years. There is good reason for believing that in some of the eastern districts the average of late years has not exceeded 60 per cent.

“The Court of Wards has only on two occasions shown a general average from all its estates amounting to 100 per cent. But the superior organization of the Court's management, the influence which the authority of Government officials is able to exercise, and it may be added, the power of the certificate procedure for the recovery of arrears of rent, has enabled the Court of Wards to show far more favourable results than private proprietors would be able to do, and the average of collections is now rarely below 90 per cent. on the current demand.”

Briefly put, these remarks amount to a confession of excessive rentals; and not only so, but that in many places zemindars, conscious of the fact, are satisfied with a rental considerably below the full demand, but retain the difference against the ryot in a separate account as a mark of his perpetual servitude and bondage. In one case it is reported that the instalment bond to keep alive the debt extends over a period of 53 years. The Board's statements mean further that zemindars' rents are so exorbitant that large arrears must necessarily accrue, and that even the Court of Wards, with the great powers for recovering rents conferred on it by the Certificate Procedure, finds the rentals of the estates of which it takes charge so extravagantly high as to be realizable only in the most prosperous years. The Satkhira Wards' Estate, with a nominal rental of less than 8 lakhs, came under the Court's control a few years ago with 60 lakhs of irrecoverable arrears; while the Srinuggur Estate in Purneah, with a rental under 2½ lakhs which was taken charge of last year, shows irrecoverable arrears amounting to nearly 11 lakhs.

This aspect of the land question in Bengal was brought to the notice of the Government of India in paragraph 50 of the Lieutenant-Governor's

Board of Revenue enforces, with great authority, the considerations urged by the Lieutenant-Governor in favour of limiting enhancements of rent. The remarks of the Board of Revenue, quoted above, come very opportunely as a forcible refutation of statements, persisted in notwithstanding repeated contradictions, that rentals in these provinces are usually moderate. The only true test of moderation in rents is the tenant's capacity to pay them, and yet live with comfort. Here we have it demonstrated from actual experience that in estates situated in various districts of Bengal and Behar, and therefore presumably typical of the condition of things in neighbouring zemindaries, rents are so high that they can only be fully realized in years of exceptional prosperity, notwithstanding the special measures of compulsion which the Board can under the Certificate Procedure put in force. If the Court of Wards, armed with the Certificate Procedure, cannot usually recover more than 90 per cent. of the current year's rent in those zemindaries of which it takes charge, the question naturally occurs whether punctuality of payment can be secured by any improved procedure with which Government can provide zemindars generally for the recovery of rent. The experience of the Court of Wards seems to show that the evil lies not so much in the procedure as in the excessive demand.

The Lieutenant-Governor is ready to admit that this feature of the agrarian difficulty is not universal throughout Bengal, and that there are parts of the country, where cultivators are few, in which the ryots can to a great extent make their own terms, while the demand of the zemindars must be limited. It may be accepted, however, that such cases are exceptional; and upon a general view of the province, the facts which the report of the Board of Revenue supplies present grave considerations which will not take those by surprise who have studied the Report of the Famine Commission. The statistics of production given in that Report for Bengal are, no doubt, only approximations to the truth. They make no claim to precision. Still they are entitled to attention as estimates based on the best available information, which moreover have been subjected to the scrutiny of a Commission of Experts. According to the Report of the Famine Commission, then, the soil of these provinces is estimated to yield a gross produce valued at 103½ millions sterling. If to that sum we add one-third as the value of dairy and miscellaneous produce, we get a total production valued at less than 140 millions sterling per annum for the support of 70 millions of people. Assuming ten millions for infants and persons who do not subsist in any way by agriculture, we still have 60 millions of people, each of whom would thus have no more than one anna per day to supply all wants and meet all claims. If the insignificant number of those who receive rents be deducted on the one hand, and on the other the large amount (probably not less than 20 millions sterling in one shape or other) received by them as rent, the condition of the vast mass of the agricultural population will stand forth as an even more unsatisfactory revelation. As has been observed, the statistics of production lay no great claim to precision, but they are at all events sufficiently correct to indicate the serious nature of the agrarian problem in Bengal which the Tenancy Bill seeks to mitigate, to establish beyond reasonable doubt the great poverty of the masses in these Provinces, and, so far, to confirm the inferences to be drawn from the experience of the Court of Wards.

4. The Board enter into explanations of the falling off in the percentage of collections, attributing the unfavourable result to the bad harvests, and to the fact of some estates with bad arrears and excessive rentals having recently come under management. Both reasons are admissible, and a prominent instance of the latter is furnished by the Srinuggur Estate in Purneah, to which allusion has just been made as coming under management with nearly 11 lakhs of irrecoverable arrears. Under such circumstances, it is impossible to secure a good percentage of collections on the nominal demand, and no blame can attach to the Board for the financial results that have been obtained. Financial results are not the only test of successful management, nor are they always a good test. If balances were properly revised, irrecoverable and bad debts struck off, and the demand adjusted to the ryot's true capacity to pay, then, indeed, financial results would be a good test of successful management. The revision of balances, and the adjustment of the demand to the ryot

to pay, are no longer questionable matters. They are part of the settled policy of Government on this question, and it is satisfactory to find that the Board bear this in mind, though as yet no very great advance has been made in giving effect to it. It is recognised that careful examination and enquiry are needed before debts are remitted; still, as the Lieutenant-Governor said last year, it must not be forgotten that unrealizable arrears, not to speak of excessive rents, exercise a depressing effect upon the tenant, and make him a worse rent-payer than he would be if the demand on him were reasonable and equitable. Therefore the Board should not lose sight of the general policy that, wherever possible, they should push on those surveys, records of rights, and adjustments of rents, which had been begun some time ago. Such surveys, &c., are now in progress in 15 Wards' Estates where it was possible to prosecute them, and when the Tenancy Bill becomes law, and supplies settled principles and a clear procedure, the work can be accelerated.

In the Resolution on last year's Report, the Lieutenant-Governor referred with approval to the Board's views as to the duty of Managers of Wards' Estates in reference to the Certificate Procedure. The Board said that "a manager should not sit in his office and write out certificates by thousands, but should stir up his assistants to push on collections, and not until all reasonable means short of suits have failed should he have recourse to the certificate procedure." The Lieutenant-Governor fully concurred in that view; and to enable him to ascertain how far managers acted upon it, desired that the aggregate amount of rent, for which certificates are filed, should in future be reported to Government. The Board, complying with the Lieutenant-Governor's suggestion, now report that, during the year, 12,409 certificates have been filed for the recovery of Rs. 3,56,137. Having regard then to the extent of the demand as stated in paragraph 3 above, the Board appear to be warranted in saying that "the number of certificates filed is not sufficient to justify a conclusion that the procedure of the Public Demands Recovery Act is unduly resorted to by managers of estates generally."

5. The preceding remarks have dealt with the broad aspects of the year's administration regarding the debts due to the estates under management. A few words are now necessary regarding the liabilities of the estates and how they were discharged. The total liabilities amounted to Rs. 45,85,374, out of which Rs. 6,53,627 were paid and Rs. 16,943 reduced by compromise. The unpaid balance amounts, therefore, to Rs. 39,14,804, but nearly $1\frac{1}{2}$ lakhs of this is disputed, while over $4\frac{1}{2}$ lakhs are a nominal debt shown against the Port Canning Estate which Government has recently purchased. The Lieutenant-Governor is not dissatisfied with the general result, though he agrees with the Board in thinking that the increased balance of Government revenue due from the estates is an unsatisfactory feature in the returns. In Wards' Estates the balance is largest in the Presidency Division, and in Attached Estates in the Chota Nagpore Division. The Lieutenant-Governor expects that the next year's report will show an improvement under this head.

6. The management charges are still high in Rajshahye, but the general incidence of those charges, 10 per cent. on the current demand of rent and cesses, is not above what the Government has declared to be reasonable. The Lieutenant-Governor is glad to observe that the Board have arranged with the Accountant-General for a periodic audit of the accounts of all the more important estates in the province. The maximum audit fee agreed upon, 6 annas per cent. of the current rent demand, seems fair.

7. To conclude this portion of the review of the Court's administration, it may be said that the year began with a cash balance of Rs. 17,78,237, and with investments valued at Rs. 21,05,030, and the receipts from all sources during the year were Rs. 62,69,133. The disbursements during the year were Rs. 62,90,102, and the year ended with a cash balance of Rs. 17,57,268, and with investments valued at Rs. 22,64,014. The changes which, during the year, occurred in the estates under management—some being released and others brought under control—prevent one set of figures agreeing with the other.

8. The Board give a brief, but sufficient, sketch of the history of the "Court of Wards' Fund," and the growth of the principle on which the system of rates to cover charges incurred in the Revenue offices on account of Wards' and Attached Estates is regulated. It is unnecessary to discuss the question here,

or to say more than that under the orders of Government the recoveries from those estates are so adjusted as to cover the disbursements and leave only a nominal margin of difference.

9. The Board furnish the following statement and comments on the expenditure incurred on works of improvement during the year. The question of landlords' improvements has been now thoroughly discussed in connection with the Tenancy Bill, and the principles which the Lieutenant-Governor hopes to see accepted are such as will in future years justify a substantial outlay in all Wards' and Attached Estates. During the year under review the Board seem to have done as much as the unsettled state of the law and the executive agency at their disposal enabled them to do:—

DIVISIONS.	Subscriptions and donations to schools.	Subscriptions and donations to dispensaries.	Maintenance in efficient condition of estates, buildings, and other immoveable property.	Improvement of land and property, and benefit of ward.
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Burdwan	4,596	6,639	23,546	22,853
Presidency	8,714	2,832	28,084	46,694
Rajshahye	3,761	5,256	6,985	9,415
Dacca	564	120	700	134
Chittagong	768	683	3,013	4,906
Patna	14,752	3,190	6,825	5,071
Bhagulpore	2,183	243	11,331	12,972
Orissa	1,725	594	504	9,456
Chota Nagpore	2,925	529	9,443	8,972
Total for 1883-84 ...	39,989	19,445	90,431	1,20,493
Total for 1882-83 ...	34,478	16,252	1,23,593	72,576

"The contributions in aid of schools and dispensaries have increased from Rs. 34,478 and Rs. 16,252 to Rs. 39,989 and Rs. 19,445 respectively. The large expenditure in the Patna Division on account of schools is due to the contribution made by the Sasseram endowment towards supporting the local Madrassa. The disbursements for maintaining in efficient condition estates, buildings, and other immoveable property has decreased from Rs. 1,23,593 to Rs. 90,431. The expenditure in 1882-83 was augmented by an outlay of Rs. 40,000 on the construction and repairs of buildings in the Chota Nagpore Division. As anticipated in last year's report, a much larger expenditure has been incurred on land improvement and in works designed for the benefit of the tenantry. The increase from Rs. 72,576 to Rs. 1,20,493 is distributed through all the divisions, the only observable diminution being in the Rajshahye Division, where it is due to the release during the year of the Chaklajat Estate.

"The policy of spending money on improvements was fully discussed in last year's report, and the Government expressed its approval of the Board's remarks on the subject. In one particular only a modification has been introduced by the Government of India into the instructions already issued, and in accordance therewith the Board have directed that the rule enjoining managers to endeavour to make such arrangements as may be fair with the tenants before the work is undertaken should be rescinded, and that instead of so doing managers should consider and deal with each case on its own merits."

10. The Board devote their 19th paragraph to the question of the education of the minors under their charge. The information furnished is in each case satisfactory so far as it goes. Three minors—the Kumar of Nuddca, the Maharajah of Chota Nagpore, and his brother—are under the care of English tutors, and are making favourable progress. Miss Courjon, the proprietress of a valuable estate in Noakholly, is now in France with her uncle and guardian, M. Eugene Courjon. The other minors are either being instructed in zemindari management, having finished their education, or are attending colleges or schools. The education and training of wards of Court is a question which the Lieutenant-Governor had hoped before now to consider separately. More urgent business, however, has prevented this hitherto, but he hopes for a suitable opportunity to discuss the matter with the Board.

11. The following summary notices the chief points of interest in the detailed divisional reports:—

Burdwan Division.—The current demand of rent and cesses due to the estates under the Court of Wards in this division amounted to Rs. 9,72,52 and the arrear demand to Rs. 11,24,355, making a total of Rs. 20,96,881. The rent and cesses due from the estates were Rs. 1,01,049 and Rs. 50,902,

which Rs. 17,276 and Rs. 4,824 respectively were left unpaid. The collections amounted to Rs. 9,02,941, or 92 per cent. on the current demand, against 91 per cent. of the preceding year, and Rs. 77,063 were remitted. The balance outstanding at the end of the year of report was Rs. 11,16,948, of which Rs. 4,36,322 were due to the Mysadul estate, which was released on the 1st April 1884, and Rs. 4,60,288 (out of which so much as Rs. 3,57,054 are doubtful debts) to the Sultangacha estate. The debts due by the estates were reduced to the extent of Rs. 1,39,192, the balance thus standing at the year's close at Rs. 4,94,794. Rupees 4,596 were given in aid to schools, Rs. 6,039 to dispensaries, Rs. 23,546 to repairs of buildings, and Rs. 22,853 to works of improvement. The cost of management amounted to Rs. 1,25,951, or 12 per cent. on the current rent and cess demand. The condition of the ryots was not satisfactory in any of the estates; the early cessation of the rains led to a considerable failure of crops, and it was only the well-to-do among the tenants who were able to meet the rent demand in full.

Collections of rent in the Chowghoria estate have slightly improved. Owing to the scattered nature of its lands, some of which are *aymas* held *ijmali* with other persons, the management of this estate presents difficulty. The Jhargram estate's debt (Rs. 1,11,049) was reduced to the extent of Rs. 21,277 during the past year, and its income from the sale of timber is increasing. The minor, who is now 18 years of age, should be initiated into the practice of zemindari management. The Mysadul estate, which was under the Court of Wards for about six years, from 1878, was released on the 1st April 1884, on the eldest Ward coming of age. During this short period the income of the estate increased, without any enhancement of rent rates, by Rs. 60,948. From the surplus funds a three annas share in the Tumlook zemindari, with an income of Rs. 36,479, was purchased, a considerable portion of the ijara mehals brought under khas management and a saving of Rs. 15,253 effected on account of the collection charges granted to the ijaradars. Assessment of excess lands in the possession of leaseholders and the reclamation of waste lands contributed to the increase noticed above. The average cost of management was 9·8 per cent. on the collections of rent and cesses. The financial position of the estate is therefore satisfactory. Rupees 4,21,158 were invested in purchase of Government securities, a share of the Tumlook zemindari and other lands. The ryots are fairly prosperous and on good terms with the proprietors and their agents and servants. Attention was also paid to the education of the proprietors.

12. *Presidency Division*.—During the year under review there were 25 estates (18 wards, 5 attached, and 2 trust estates) under management in this division. Two small Wards' estates (Choa and Cossim Bazar), and one attached estate (the Port Canning Municipal estate) were released during the year. As in the previous year, no returns were received from Narail. The current demand for rent and cesses due to the remaining estates amounted to Rs. 16,96,861, and the arrear demand to Rs. 14,58,779. The collections amounted to Rs. 15,36,578, or 90 per cent. on the current demand, against 99 per cent. in the previous year, the decrease being chiefly marked in the Satkhira estate. The remissions amounted to Rs. 1,93,194, of which Rs. 1,73,960 were granted in the Cossim Bazar estate alone. Of the outstanding balance of Rs. 14,25,878, more than half was due to the Satkhira and Cossim Bazar estates alone. The total management charges were Rs. 1,30,171, or 7 per cent. on the current rent and cess demand. Debts were paid to the extent of Rs. 1,04,703, the balances still left unpaid by the estates standing at the year's end at Rs. 8,76,527. Of this, however, Rs. 4,61,679, due from the Port Canning Municipal estate, are only nominal, as the estate has been bought in by Government in a civil court sale in execution of a decree for the debt due to Government.

The expenditure for the support of schools and dispensaries amounted to Rs. 8,714 and Rs. 2,832, and for works of improvement to Rs. 46,594.

The Port Canning Municipal estate will henceforth be borne on the Collector's register of revenue-paying lands, as it has ceased to be treated as an attached estate. The Orphangunge market of Kidderpore is now managed as a trust estate under the control of the Board of Revenue; but as the Accountant-General has raised objection to this procedure, the Board have recommended that the estate should be excluded from the list of trust estates, and be exempted from

the special rates levied on trust estates for audit of accounts, &c. This would in fact be to deal with the estate in all respects as a Government estate. Its assets are Rs. 46,581 a year on account of rents, &c., with a cash balance of Rs. 3,15,150 at the beginning of the year under report.

The Nuddea Ward's estate, with a current demand of Rs. 1,61,316 (rent and cesses), showed a falling off in the collections of rent (96 per cent. against 108 per cent. during the previous year), owing to default made by the putnidars. The cost of management was 6 per cent. only on the current demand. The expenditure, including Rs. 16,000 for the purchase of a house, Rs. 9,568 invested in Government securities, Rs. 8,650 spent in repairing the archways leading to the Rajbari and other minor charges, amounted to Rs. 1,94,218, and left a cash balance of Rs. 14,689. In their last report the Board drew the Lieutenant-Governor's attention to the unsatisfactory condition of the ryots in the Nuddea estates, and accordingly special enquiries were instituted to ascertain the cause of, and the remedy for, the state of things said to exist. The result of the enquiry seemed to show that the previous reports were inaccurate, and that in point of fact the ryots were better off than ryots in neighbouring estates. Such contradictory reports on a matter which should not admit of any doubt in the first instance call for further enquiry and explanation. The estate is under the charge of Baboo Kartick Chunder Roy, an old and faithful servant of the Rajah's family, of whose kindly disposition towards the tenantry there can be no doubt. His present account of the condition of the ryots is far from satisfactory. The matter will be dealt with separately. The minor owner of this estate is at Berhampore under the tuition and care of Mr. Oswell. He has made fair progress in his studies, and is preparing for the Entrance Examination.

There are some peculiar difficulties in the management of the Narail estate, a portion of which is held entirely by the minors, the remainder being held jointly with the other shareholders. The management is said to have slightly improved during the year under report, but the accounts are still most complicated and voluminous. From the report received, it is hoped that the present manager will be able shortly to bring up to date the back accounts of the minor's separate estate. As regards the joint estate, the manager finds great difficulty in procuring information from the servants, who are not under his control. The Wards were removed from the Hare School in Calcutta to the school at Narail. The elder Ward, who is now approaching his majority, is stated to pay little attention to his studies, but some effort should be made to give him instruction in zemindari management. The younger Ward is reported to be making good progress. In the Nashipore Mâl estate, which has a current demand of Rs. 2,86,919, the collections amounted to 98 per cent. and the cost of management to only 2 per cent. on the current demand. The minor passed the Entrance Examination, and is preparing for the First Arts Examination. He is also learning zemindari business in the manager's office. In the Nashipore Debutter estate (with a current demand of Rs. 1,07,676) the collections amounted to 103 per cent. against 95 per cent. in the previous year. The Cossim Bazar (Gopal Kristo Roy's) and Choa estates of Moorshedabad, which remained under the Court of Wards for 16 and 13 years respectively, were released in a solvent condition during the year on the Wards attaining their majority. The Cossim Bazar estate of Ashutosh Nath Roy possesses a rental of Rs. 2,94,259, the revenue rent and cess demand on it being less than a lakh. The arrear demand for rent, however, amounted to Rs. 5,06,498. The collections during the year aggregated Rs. 3,20,960, or 109 per cent. on the current rent and cess demand, against 97 per cent. in the previous year. The remissions amounted to Rs. 1,68,538, due from the late proprietor's time. The arrear balance stood at Rs. 3,11,259 at the close of the year, the larger portion consisting of good debts under realization. Some progress was also made in recovering debts due to the estate, and a sum of Rs. 1,06,050 was invested in Government securities, the total value of which, at the close of the year, amounted to Rs. 1,56,946 besides a cash balance of Rs. 1,55,551. The chief work done by the manager during the year was the adjustment of arrear balances. Questionable demands on the part of the estate for nazarana, assessment of rent-free land, &c., were for the most part cleared off, and the little which still remained will be wiped off very soon. These proceedings have established better feelings between the ryots and the management of the estate.

The Lieutenant-Governor notes that, notwithstanding numerous impediments in the way of working this estate, much good has been done.

In the Satkhira estate the current demand was Rs. 3,58,792 and arrear Rs. 4,27,326. The collections amounted to Rs. 2,19,696, or 61 per cent. on the current demand against 88 per cent. of the previous year. There was some increase in the debts due by the estate; but the debts due to the estate were somewhat reduced. The administration of the estate during the year has not been satisfactory. From the facts disclosed it appears that the estate has been greatly mismanaged owing to systematic neglect on the part of the late manager in all departments, and immediate steps should be taken to carry out the enquiries ordered by the Board with a view to establishing a better system. The Wards are students of the Hindu School in Calcutta.

In the Syudpore estate, the management of which has been transferred from Jessore to Khoolna, the collections of rents and cesses due to the estate were 90 and 93 per cent. on the current demands respectively, against 102 and 100 per cent. in the previous year. The total receipts were Rs. 2,36,930 and the disbursements Rs. 1,82,374.

13. *Rajshahye Division.*—There were 18 estates under management, of which three (Kalindrapore, Mainam and Chaklajat) were released and one (Dighaputtea) was taken in charge during the year. The current (Rs. 5,96,609) and arrear (Rs. 4,59,039) demand of rent and cesses due to the estates amounted to Rs. 10,55,648, of which Rs. 5,20,259, or 87 per cent. on the current demand, were collected during the year against 99 per cent. in the previous year. The decrease was mainly due to short collections in the Chaklajat estate for the last six months before its release. The remissions amounted to Rs. 35,868, of which Rs. 15,811 were granted in the Chooramun estate. The balance was Rs. 5,06,168, of which Rs. 2,69,343 and Rs. 65,950 were due to the Chaklajat and Sunkerpore estates respectively. Excluding cost of repairing buildings, survey and settlement charges, the cost of management was Rs. 96,385, or 16 per cent. on the current demand of rent and cesses. The debts due by the estates were reduced by Rs. 6,846, leaving a balance of Rs. 25,407, of which Rs. 13,090 represent disputed claims. The expenditure on account of schools was Rs. 3,761, dispensaries Rs. 5,256, buildings Rs. 6,985, and works of improvement Rs. 9,415. The total receipts, including the balance (Rs. 1,80,498) of the previous year, amounted to Rs. 8,24,039, of which Rs. 6,71,190 were expended; Rs. 58,144 were invested in Government securities, the total value of which was thus raised to Rs. 3,79,563. The general condition of the tenantry on the Dinagepore estates is said to be one of prosperity. The ryots of the Rajshahye estates suffered from the year's scanty rainfall.

The Kalindrapore estate, which was placed in charge of the Collector in August 1872, by the Judge of Dinagepore, on account of the lunacy of the proprietor Girish Chunder Singh, and was released in July 1883 on his complete recovery, was at first held *khas* till 1878-79, and was then farmed out up to 1882-83 when it was again brought under *khas* management. During the 11 years the property was in charge of Government, the demands were regularly met, debts paid up, the rental increased from Rs. 5,798 to Rs. 7,315 by the settlement and reclamation of waste lands, and the relations between the landlord and the tenants were satisfactory. The percentage of collections on the current demand in the Sunkerpore estate was 85·6, but it was really 99 per cent. on the actual demand of Rs. 54,204, if what is called the "hajut" balance be excluded. The "hajut" system of land tenure is one involving the suspension of the demand in bad seasons and its recovery when things improve. The "hajut" portion of the demands, collections, and balances were never shown in any return submitted to the Collector. It was thus open to the manager and his subordinates to collect as much or as little as they pleased of the balances. Towards the close of the year, the manager of this estate was, owing to misconduct, removed from his appointment. Some efforts at agricultural improvements were made in the Chooramon, Chowgong and Burdhankotee estates, but neither in connection with these estates nor with the Sumbulpore, Haripore, Fahirpore, and Mainam estates is there any information furnished by the report that need be summarized here.

The Chaklajat estate in Julpigoree, belonging to the Maharajah of Cooch Behar, was under the Court of Wards from April 1872 to October 1883.

During this period the rent demand increased from Rs. 2,66,136 to Rs. 3,05,440, and the arrear demand was reduced from Rs. 4,41,538 to Rs. 2,11,525. Rupees 3,17,680 were remitted on account of rent. Much of this represented amounts which, after collection from the ryots, had been embezzled by naibs, tehsildars and other collecting agents before the estate came under the management of the Court of Wards. During the administration of the Court, the net surplus assets amounted to Rs. 7,10,948, of which Rs. 3,65,314 were remitted to Cooch Behar, Rs. 2,74,472 were invested in Government securities, and the remainder was placed in the Lloyd's Bank at Darjeeling, and in the hands of the manager and the Deputy Commissioner. Rupees 58,368 were spent on works of improvement and utility, Rs. 47,177 on education, and Rs. 16,082 in affording medical relief. The condition of the ryots is comparatively much better than that of their brethren in other parts of Bengal. The rents are low, lands generally fertile, and the tenants enjoy much larger profits than the ryots of other landlords. The relations between them and the landlord are, on the whole, satisfactory. The whole estate was surveyed and measured at a cost of Rs. 2,60,398, and the total increase obtained by resettlement of tenures at enhanced rents was Rs. 36,981, to which a further addition of Rs. 10,000 may be made by the resettlement of such tenures as could not be settled by the Court of Wards before its release. The enhancement was brought about amicably and without any complaint of injustice or overassessment.

14. *Dacca Division*.—There were 18 estates under management, three of which were released during the year under report. The collections of rent and cesses due to these estates amounted to only Rs. 3,34,238, or 84 per cent. on the current demand of Rs. 3,96,625, against 85 per cent. in the previous year. The balance was Rs. 4,21,434, of which Rs. 2,45,232 and Rs. 90,978 were respectively due to the Dhankoorah estate and the estate of Jagat Kishore Acharjya. The management charges were low—8 per cent. on the current demand. Judging by financial results the management was not successful.

The Dhankoorah estate, consisting largely of waste lands, situated in the districts of Dacca, Mymensingh, and Tipperah, is under the management of the Collector of Dacca. The total demand due to the estate is Rs. 1,29,821, which, after defraying the recurring charges, leaves a net balance of Rs. 55,805. When the estate was taken charge of in 1882 the accounts were in great disorder, and no great progress has yet been made in reducing them to order. It is to be hoped that the new manager Baboo Durga Kanto Chowdhery will be able to effect an improvement and to push on collections. The debts due to this estate amounted to Rs. 2,69,578, of which Rs. 8,212 have been recovered, and of the balance of Rs. 2,61,366, so much as Rs. 2,42,591 are said to be irrecoverable or doubtful of recovery. The debts due by the estate amounted to Rs. 2,14,119, of which Rs. 30,665 have been paid, and of the balance, about a lakh of rupees will have to be paid after the accounts of the old amlah have been adjusted. The year closed with a cash balance of Rs. 37,371. The two minors are making good progress in the Dacca Collegiate School under the superintendence of a tutor at home.

The attached estate of Nabadurga Debya, which, owing to quarrels between the owners, has been under management for 36 years, is the largest and the best managed of all in Backergunge. The collections were 116 per cent. of the current demand. There is now some hope that it will be soon possible for the Court to withdraw from the management.

The estate of Jagatkishore Acharjya, with a current demand of Rs. 1,88,321, is perhaps the most important one in the division. The collections of rent and cess were very unsatisfactory, being 86 and 66 per cent. on the current demand of each. The debts due from the estate were reduced from Rs. 3,43,514 to Rs. 3,04,844. The cost of management was Rs. 10,259, or 5 per cent. on the current rent and cess demand. The minor will attain his majority in November next, when the estate will be released from the control of the Court of Wards.

15. *Chittagong Division*.—Thirteen estates were under management in this division. The collections were Rs. 4,15,669, or 108 per cent. on a current demand of Rs. 5,92,161 due to the estates, the percentage of the previous year being 96. The management charges were 10 per cent. on the current demand.

The debts due by the estates were reduced from Rs. 71,446 to Rs. 66,637. Rupees 4,996 were laid out in works of improvement. The condition of the tenantry was prosperous throughout the year. The progress of the Wards at school was, however, unsatisfactory.

In the estate of Fuzl Ali Khan, 122 per cent. of the current demand of rent and cesses was collected, and, after paying the usual charges, the cash balance stood at Rs. 98,843, the greater part of which will shortly be invested in Government securities. Great confusion prevailed in the estate owing to the absence of a proper rent-roll and other accounts. A complete survey and record of rights has been sanctioned. The relations between the widow of the late proprietor and the revenue authorities continue somewhat strained, and the manager has been instructed to avoid all interference with her. The minor is at the Chittagong Madrassa, and is reported to be an intelligent and promising child.

The Courjon estate showed good results, and the condition of the tenants was satisfactory. The financial position of the Basharut Ali Chowdhuri's estate is satisfactory.

16. *Patna Division*.—None of the eight estates under management in this division are of great importance, except the Narhan estate in the Durbhunga district, which has a rent and cess demand of Rs. 1,75,542. The total demand of rent and cesses due to all the estates amounted to Rs. 3,79,976, of which Rs. 2,59,227, or 90 per cent. on the current demand of Rs. 2,86,917, were collected during the year, against 99 per cent. in the preceding year. The decrease was due to the partial failure of the crops. The charges of management were more than 13 per cent. on the current demand—a result due partly to the substitution of direct management for farming.

In the Narhan estate the collections of rent, however, fell from 98 per cent. in the previous year to 91 in the year under report, owing to the partial failure of the late crops. Of the cess demand, 99 per cent. were collected. The rental was slightly increased by effecting direct settlement with ryots. But the relations between the manager and the tenants of some of the villages are in consequence said to be strained. In other villages no friction is said to exist. In connection with these enhancements in the Narhan estate, the Lieutenant-Governor requests that a special report may be submitted giving the facts in all necessary detail.

17. *Bhagulpore Division*.—Of the 13 estates under management in this division, one (Surjapore) was released in November 1883. Of the current demand of rent and cesses due to the estate, amounting to Rs. 6,15,479 and an arrear demand of Rs. 16,14,692, Rs. 5,92,373, or 96 per cent. on the current demand, were collected during the year against 105 per cent. in the previous year. The collections in five estates only rose above 100 per cent.; in the rest they were not satisfactory. The balance at the close of the year was Rs. 15,90,752, of which Rs. 14,96,816 belonged to the Srinagor estate, being mostly irrecoverable arrears from the time of the old proprietor. Steps should at once be taken to recommend for remission those balances which are found irrecoverable. The cost of management was Rs. 95,753, or 15 per cent. on the current demand. Rupees 1,09,793 were paid in liquidation of debts (Rs. 3,48,589) due by the estates, of which two (Lalpore and Malpa) are hopelessly involved, and endeavours are being made to sell portions of them to clear as much as possible of their debts, or to give up the management. Rupees 12,972 were spent on works of improvement.

The Phulberia estate is heavily indebted, and a portion of it must be sold to clear off its debts. The minor proprietors of this and of the Chauthan and Malpa estates made fair progress in their studies during the year. The Shahpur, Lagma, and Lalpore Patori estates suffered much from the early cessation of the rains; the crops fell below the average, and collections were consequently short. Some relief was given to the distressed tenants by employing them in digging drains and erecting embankments. In the worst localities half the demand was suspended.

The Surjapore estate, said to be the finest in Purneah, was under the Court of Wards from March 1874 to November 1883. During this period 93·7 per cent. of a total demand of Rs. 18,83,725 were realised by an establishment costing 4·1 per cent. A heavy debt of Rs. 12,67,948 was paid off, and Government securities for Rs. 44,730 and a cash balance of Rs. 26,421 were made

over to the proprietors. This result is stated to have been secured without selling any portion of the property or enhancing rents. The increase in the profits is stated to be due to efficient management, settlement of waste lands and the introduction of new ryots to extend cultivation. It is noted that a successful agricultural exhibition was held at Kissengunge in January 1883, in which the ryots of this estate took a prominent interest.

The Srinagor estate, also a large one in Purneah and the neighbouring districts, has a total rent and cess demand of Rs. 2,77,709, which, after payment of all charges, leaves a net balance of more than a lakh of rupees. The cost of management was 11 per cent. on the current demand for the year under report. The estate is held jointly in equal shares with the Buneli Raj. The collections of rents and cesses were 87 and 56 per cent. respectively. These unsatisfactory results were due to deficiency of crops in some parts of the estate.

The management of the Chanchal estate, under Mr. H. Reily, was satisfactory. The collections exceeded 100 per cent., and much work of improvement and utility was undertaken. A survey and settlement of the estate has been completed, and the tenants are in a fairly prosperous condition. The success of the manager in securing a proper settlement of all disputes regarding the classifying or rating of lands by village punchayats deserves special notice, as confirming the views on the subject which the Lieutenant-Governor has recently expressed in his report on the Rent Bill.

18. *Orissa Division.*—Of the ten estates under management, two (Panimando and Chuck Salim) were released during the year. Of the total demand of Rs. 2,18,139, Rs. 1,59,259, or 102 per cent. on the current demand of Rs. 1,55,129, were collected, against 109 per cent. in the previous year. The management charges were 10 per cent. on the current demand. Rupees 9,486 were spent on works of improvement, besides contributions of Rs. 1,725 and Rs. 594 to schools and dispensaries respectively. The balance at the end of the year was Rs. 1,24,832 in cash and Rs. 32,388 in Government securities. The ryots on the whole were tolerably comfortable; though there was some loss of crops there was no distress; and the relations between the tenants and the collecting agency continue satisfactory.

The results of the management of the Kanika estate were good, though a little less so than in the previous year. The collections in the Panimando and Sukinda estates (89 and 77 per cent.) were not satisfactory. A survey and settlement of the Sukinda estate is in progress, and, when completed, may be expected to afford facilities for better management.

19. *Chota Nagpore Division.*—Of the ten estates under management, one (Dhalbhoom) was released and one (Begoon Koodar) was taken charge of during the year. The current rent and cess demand was Rs. 3,79,279, and the arrears amounted to Rs. 2,21,650, of which 105 per cent. were collected during the year against 93 per cent. in the previous year. The debts due by the estates (Rs. 1,49,133) were reduced by Rs. 23,678. The cost of management amounted to Rs. 40,738, or 10 per cent. on the current demand. The Government securities belonging to the estates amounted to Rs. 4,51,324, of which the greater part belonged to the Chota Nagpore and Dhalbhoom estates.

The rental of the Dhanwar estate was very considerably raised by the recent resettlements, and a revision of these settlements has been ordered. The collections were only 77 per cent. on the current demand, owing to failure of crops and delay in concluding settlements which are now under revision. A survey and settlement will soon be made in the Serampore estate. The collections in the Chota Nagpore estate amounted to (rents) 116 and (cesses) 122 per cent. on the current demand, against 94 and 77 per cent. in the previous year. The cost of management was 11 per cent. against 10 per cent. in the previous year. Arrangements are being made for erecting a suitable residence for the minor. The survey operations in the estate have been completed. The Dhalbhoom estate has been released to the owner in a good condition. Its finances, its tenantry, and its agriculture made satisfactory progress under the management of the Court of Wards.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

A. P. MacDONNELL,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

ANNUAL GENERAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE CHOTA NAGPORE DIVISION, 1883-84.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

Calcutta, the 15th November 1884.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Annual General Administration Report of the Chota Nagpore Division for the year 1883-84.

The report is submitted by Mr. Hewitt, who was in charge of the Division throughout the year.

2. *Tours.*—The Commissioner's tour extended over parts of the three districts of Hazaribagh, Lohardugga and Manbhoom, and the Tributary State of Sirgoojah, where a special police force was employed in arresting, after much trouble, a number of Korwa dacoits who had plundered and burned many villages during the previous six months. Mr. Hewitt enquired into several local questions of importance during the course of his tour, and this portion of his report gives an interesting account of the rapid extension of cultivation and consequent destruction of forest which has taken place in the Division during the last twenty years. Tours of sufficient length and thoroughness, ranging from 93 days in Hazaribagh to 122 days in Manbhoom, were made by the district officers. Specially useful work was done by the Deputy Commissioner of Lohardugga in re-aligning a number of district roads which will serve as feeders to the recently sanctioned Bengal-Nagpore Railway. The tours of the two officers in charge of the Govindpore sub-division were insufficient, but this is explained by ill-health.

3. *Weather and the Crops.*—In all districts except Manbhoom the rainfall was deficient in quantity, and throughout the Division excessive rain in July and August damaged the *bhadai* crop, while the winter rice suffered for want of rain in September and October. Towards the close of the rains a large portion of the crop was saved by irrigation from artificial reservoirs, and it is hoped that this experience will give an impetus to the construction of these useful works. Should the Tenancy Bill be extended to Chota Nagpore, the provisions regarding improvements will operate most beneficially in a country where the extreme rapidity of surface drainage renders cultivation peculiarly dependent upon appliances for storing and distributing water. There is reason to believe that the action of the zemindars and petty tenure-holders in enhancing rents, and opposing fixity of tenure during the last twenty years, has had the effect of deterring the cultivators not only from constructing new reservoirs, but from repairing the old ones which were made in times when titles were less jealously enquired into.

4. *Public health and material condition of the people.*—The total recorded mortality was slightly less than in the previous year in all districts except Hazaribagh, where the increase is attributed to more accurate registration. Cholera showed itself in an epidemic form in parts of Hazaribagh and Palamow, and along the Grand Trunk Road in Manbhoom. Deaths from small-pox declined everywhere except in Hazaribagh, where the mortality rose from 127 to 405. Vaccination was carried on by a salaried Government agency in Lohardugga and parts of Singhbhum, and by licensed vaccinators in the rest of the Division and in four of the Tributary States. It is stated that 143,360 operations were performed during the year, of which 131,825, or nearly 92 per cent., proved successful. Considering the weakness of the superior staff in relation to the large area over which the operations extend, the Lieutenant-Governor entertains some doubt as to the accuracy of the statistics of successful operations, and the Commissioner should ascertain how, and to what extent, the returns of the vaccinators are actually checked. It is not clear under what authority the fees for vaccination have been remitted in the Kolhan, and why salaried vaccinators are employed in Lohardugga. On the former point it is observed that the remarks contained in paragraph 4 of the Resolution on the Report for 1881-82 were merely provisional, and did not convey a definite order for the remission of fees. These points require the Commissioner's attention.

Owing to the partial failure of the main rice crop, the material condition of the people has fallen for the time being below its usual standard of prosperity; but there are no grounds for supposing that this decline is likely to be permanent. Spare land is everywhere abundant, communications are improving, and the people themselves are ready to seek work wherever labour is in demand.

5. *Emigration and Immigration.*—The number of registered emigrants rose from 6,738 to 13,383 in consequence, it is stated, of the short harvest and high prices. These statistics, however, do not include persons who left the Division as free emigrants—a system which shows every sign of entirely replacing that under which emigrants are registered before leaving the districts where they live. The whole question of the development of free emigration has recently been considered by the Lieutenant-Governor in dealing with the Report on Inland Emigration for 1883, and certain special instances, in which the system has been abused, are still under enquiry. For the present, it is sufficient to remark that the Bengal-Nagpore Railway will probably, while under construction, absorb a large proportion of the labourers who now emigrate to Assam, while, when it is completed, it will open fresh areas of labour-supply and materially facilitate the unassisted emigration to which the people naturally incline.

6. *Prices of food and labour.*—The partial failure of the crops and the strong demand from neighbouring districts where the failure had been more marked raised the average price of common rice by from four to seven and a half seers in the rupee as compared with the average price of the previous year. The fluctuations in the price of wheat are immaterial, as at present only a small quantity is produced or consumed in the Division. Wages of unskilled labour are said to have risen slightly in the neighbourhood of tea gardens in Hazaribagh and Lohardugga, and to have fallen in parts of Manbhoom owing to “the dearness of provisions and consequent distress among the labouring classes.” This latter remark apparently refers to money wages only, and the fact, even if correctly reported, is of slight importance in a district where unskilled labourers are for the most part employed in agriculture and are invariably paid in kind.

7. *Manufactures and Mines.*—The existing manufactures of Chota Nagpore are of the coarsest character. Raw material indeed is not wanting, and labour, though rough and unintelligent, is cheap. Everywhere the jungles yield lac and tusser silk, and in some parts of the Division, notably at Burrakur and in the neighbourhood of Balamath in Hazaribagh, the relative distribution of iron-ore, limestone and coal seems peculiarly favourable for smelting operations on a large scale. Large quantities of serviceable iron are produced by rough indigenous processes, but so far defective communications and the want of any permanent demand have deterred capitalists from attempting any active development of the existing resources. Mr. Hewitt’s prediction that the Division is destined to be the centre of large manufacturing industries has much to support it in the natural wealth of the country and the results obtained in the Barakur iron works; but it remains for the present a distant prospect. If any forecast of the kind can now be legitimately attempted, it may perhaps be surmised that the opening out of the country by railways may ultimately lead to the production of iron locally cheaper than it can be imported from England. But the very cause which will render iron manufacture possible, will in all probability be fatal to tusser and lac. Both of these manufactures depend for their raw material upon the forests, and although it may be the case that the railways now projected will open fresh sources of supply, there can be little doubt that within a few years the growth of population will lead to the denudation of forests on so large a scale that neither lac nor tusser will be procurable in sufficient quantities to supply large factories.

It is at present uncertain to what extent the extension of railways in Chota Nagpore will cause new coal-fields to be resorted to. The Bengal-Nagpore Railway, on which work has recently been commenced, will pass within twelve miles of the Jheria coal-field in Manbhoom, and will traverse a portion of the Hingir field in the Tributary State of Gangpur. But the Jheria field is cut off from the line by the river Damodar, and the quality of the Hingir coal has not yet been fully ascertained. The Benares-Cuttack line would

open out the Palamow coal-fields, and if the route by the Damodar valley is adopted, would pass within a moderate distance of the valuable coal-fields of the Karanpura valley in Hazaribagh. Mr. Hewitt thinks that the Jheria coal-field "will no doubt be developed" by the Bengal-Nagpore Railway, and this notwithstanding the extensive operations in the collieries which lie on either side of the line near Sitarampore.

8. *Tea*.—The statistics furnished by the Commissioner do not show the number of gardens in Lohardugga nor the area under mature and immature plant. The approximate yield of all the gardens in Hazaribagh was 107,762lbs. against 93,510 in 1882-83, while in Lohardugga the outturn rose from 196,781lbs. to 249,364. The average yield per area of mature plants increased in Hazaribagh from 110 to 113lbs., and in Lohardugga from 170lbs. to 175lbs. Prices ranged during the year from one to two annas per pound above the average of 1882-83. Under existing conditions, tea-planting seems to be making steady, though slow, progress on the higher levels of Chota Nagpore. Spare land is plentiful and labour exceptionally cheap. It remains to be seen whether the railways sanctioned and planned will affect the industry by stimulating emigration and raising the local rates of wages.

9. *Trade and Commerce*.—No trustworthy statistics of import or export trade are available, nor does it seem likely that such statistics could be collected, except at a cost out of all proportion to their value. Trade routes are numerous, and a large portion of the traffic of the country is still carried by pack-bullocks and on *suggurs* or light block-wheeled carts, which find no difficulty in evading any stations selected for the purpose of registering traffic on the main roads. In spite of a partial failure of the winter crop, rice was exported in unusually large quantities from Manbhoom, Singbhoom, and Lohardugga to districts where the failure had been more complete. The trade in oilseeds and hides was also very large. The export of lac declined owing to the failure of the winter crop of 1883, while heavy rain in July and August reduced the exports of tusser in all districts except Singbhoom, where the outturn was plentiful and the trade was stimulated by purchases made for a European firm in Midnapore. A large number of railway sleepers was exported from Lohardugga by contractors who supply the East Indian Railway. The Manbhoom supply is said to be on the decline, as the forests in that district have been nearly exhausted. Under the head of imports, it is observed that the import of salt into Chuttra in the west of Hazaribagh has declined in consequence of the opening of the Gya Railway, which makes it more convenient to send goods direct from Gya to Palamow. This is one of the first indications of that shifting of local centres of trade which must necessarily follow upon the extension of railways in a country where trade has hitherto been carried on by the most primitive methods, and has been peculiarly dependent upon the convenience of the larger dealers. In Manbhoom the import of European piece-goods is said to have decreased, and that of country piece-goods to have risen. The statistics, however, are admittedly only conjectural, and the conclusion drawn by the Deputy Commissioner that country-made goods are beginning to compete successfully with imported articles appears to be premature. It is quite certain that if the next few years see the completion of the Bengal and Central Provinces Railway, which traverses the districts of Manbhoom and Singbhoom, and of the Benares-Cuttack line which will connect the North-Western Provinces through Palamow and Lohardugga with the western and south-western districts of the Lower Provinces, a vast development will be given to the great agricultural and mineral resources of a comparatively backward and unknown part of the country.

10. *State of public feeling*.—Public opinion in the Division, so far as it exists at all, concentrates itself upon matters of purely local interest, and is unmoved by the public questions, such as Local Self-government and the Tenancy Bill, which attract some attention in Bengal Proper. In Hazaribagh and Lohardugga the development of emigration to Assam under the new Act is regarded with alarm by tea-planters and landholders of all classes, as reducing the labour supply in a sparsely populated country and tending to raise the current rates of wages. In the south of Manbhoom some feeling has been excited by the proceedings of Messrs. Watson and Company, who have taken a long lease of the large estate of Burrabhoom, and have introduced an assessment based on the standard bigha where rent had hitherto been paid on

the area estimated by the eye as requiring a maund of seed to sow it. This settlement has been referred to in the report of this Government on the Bengal Tenancy Bill as a practical instance of the good that may be done by the intervention of a Government officer to decide, in consultation with both parties, questions which the courts are unable to deal with on a large scale, or with any prospect of arriving at uniform results.

11. *Administrative changes.*—The only administrative changes of importance made during the year were the establishment of a Bench of Magistrates at Gurwa, the chief trade centre of Palamow, and the re-arrangement of the thana boundaries of the entire district of Lohardugga.

12. *Police and Crime.*—The conduct of the Police during 1883 is stated to have been better than in the previous year, but the Commissioner remarks that, with very few exceptions, the Sub-Inspectors and head-constables are hardly fitted to hold independent charge of stations. The introduction of a new grade of Sub-Inspectors has failed to induce a better class of men to come forward as candidates, and the attempt to enlist the sons of zemindars in the higher grades does not show much promise of success. It is believed that the unhealthiness of many parts of the Division, the hardships of travelling during the rains, and the difficulty of procuring good food or any of the conveniences of life anywhere except in the head-quarters stations, make service in Chota Nagpore peculiarly unpopular with natives of Bengal and Behar. These deterrent conditions will, however, tend to disappear as communications improve and trade becomes more active, and it may then be possible to officer the police of these backward districts more efficiently. In the meantime efforts should be made to utilize the numerous rural police as a preventive agency by assigning to them regular beats, and making the headmen among them responsible for any increase of crime within definite areas. To do this effectually will require careful organization in the first instance, and much tact and vigilance in keeping the men up to their work. But unless it is done, the large expenditure incurred on the survey of ghatwali tenures which has been completed in Manbhoom, and is now going on in Singbhoom, will have been thrown away. The Commissioner observes that the demarcation of the ghatwali lands renders it possible to improve the service by removing incapable men. He considers, however, that vacancies should be filled by appointing residents of the immediate neighbourhood, and that as a rule only aborigines should be selected. It has been suggested on the other hand that the discipline of the ghatwali police would be materially improved if officers who have done good service as head-constables and sub-inspectors in the regular police were appointed as sirdar ghatwals of tenures forfeited for misconduct. This question will be considered in the Judicial (Police) Department in connection with the completion report of the Manbhoom Ghatwali Survey. The number of cases of cognizable crime fell from 5,448 to 4,903, the decrease being chiefly in Hazaribagh and Manbhoom. Offences against the person show a decrease from 508 to 344, which is probably due to the fact that cases of simple hurt are no longer cognizable. Of 4,875 persons actually tried during the year, about 64 per cent. were convicted. In Sessions cases the percentage of convictions was 66·2. It is satisfactory to observe that the percentage of stolen property recovered is higher throughout the division than in the previous year, and shows especial improvement in the districts of Manbhoom and Singbhoom.

13. *Civil suits.*—The following statement shows the number and value of suits instituted in each district of the Division during the last two years:—

DISTRICTS.	NUMBER OF SUITS IN—						VALUE OF SUITS IN—					
	1882-83.			1883-84.			1882-83.			1883-84.		
	Suits for money and moveables.	Title-suits.	Suits under the rent laws.	Suits for money and moveables.	Title-suits.	Suits under the rent laws.	Suits for money and moveables.	Title-suits.	Suits under the rent laws.	Suits for money and moveables.	Title-suits.	Suits under the rent laws.
Hazaribagh	1,024	72	584	967	54	926	Rs. 2,09,403	Rs. 61,427	Rs. 60,202	Rs. 1,72,858	Rs. 4,05,267	Rs. 1,13,024
Lohardugga	676	130	626	805	143	840	Rs. 1,45,881	Rs. 4,01,890	Rs. 66,786	Rs. 1,10,554	Rs. 1,16,225	Rs. 63,073
Singbhoom	19	8	14	27	13	22	Rs. 9,818	Rs. 1,767	Rs. 629	Rs. 2,487	Rs. 3,894	Rs. 630
Manbhoom	1,684	517	1,634	1,650	469	2,240	Rs. 98,283	Rs. 5,07,472	Rs. 1,05,238	Rs. 1,09,170	Rs. 1,35,074	Rs. 1,02,064
Total	3,503	727	3,358	3,355	679	4,028	Rs. 4,63,385	Rs. 9,72,565	Rs. 2,41,755	Rs. 4,04,075	Rs. 6,51,060	Rs. 3,13,780

There was a decrease, for which no specific causes are assigned, in title suits and suits for money and moveable property, and an increase of 673 in suits under the rent laws. In Manbloom the number of rent suits rose from 1,634 to 2,240 owing, it is believed, to Messrs. Watson and Company having introduced the practice of suing for arrears of rent at the close of the year for which the arrear is due, whereas the other zemindars of the district usually bring such suits at intervals of three years. With regard to civil suits, the Deputy Commissioner of Lohardugga remarks that the existing procedure is too complicated for the district, and it is added that, as the Deputy Commissioner can only take up civil work in the intervals of his other duties, there should always be an Assistant at Ranchi with powers of a Subordinate Judge. This suggestion will be considered in the Judicial Department.

14. *Land and Land Revenue.*—Out of a total demand of Rs. 4,02,854 from 376 estates, Rs. 3,82,766 were collected, being a percentage of 95·8 on the demand. Everywhere the collections from permanently settled estates were good, and the proportion of total collections to total demand would have been considerably higher, but for the failure to collect more than 85 per cent. from the Government estates in Lohardugga. Creditable progress was made in the survey of the Khalsa villages in Chota Nagpore, and only 17 villages now remain to be completed. This survey has been done at an average cost of 2 annas $4\frac{1}{2}$ pie per acre, and is reported to be extremely accurate. The Assistant Superintendent, who was formerly a member of the Revenue Survey Department, has, during the course of the survey, trained 54 apprentices for whom work will almost certainly be found in the Cadastral Survey shortly to be undertaken in Behar. The survey of ghatwali lands in Manbloom, commenced in April 1880, was completed on the 31st May 1883 at a total cost of about Rs. 27,000. Its results were disputed on a large scale by Messrs. Watson and Company in Burrabloom and by the zemindars of other estates who filed civil suits to recover lands demarcated in excess of the true ghatwali area. The whole question was gone into afresh by Mr. Risley after he was relieved of the charge of the district by Mr. Clay, and a series of compromises were concluded, under which the ghatwals retain as ghatwali as much land as could fairly be deemed to belong to their service tenures, while in respect of the remaining area found in their possession, they become the rent-paying tenants of the zemindar, holding their lands at privileged rates in consideration of the fact that they are in many cases the descendants of the first clearers of the soil. The most elaborate of these compromises—that concluded between Government, Messrs. Watson and Company, the zemindar and the ghatwals of Burrabloom—is being followed in dealing with similar questions arising out of the survey of ghatwali lands in Singbloom, and the question of adapting it to the ghatwali tenures of Bankura is under consideration.

The whole question of the system under which settlements of Government and Wards and Encumbered estates are to be conducted in Chota Nagpore have been discussed at length during the present year, and orders have issued which represent the Lieutenant-Governor's final opinion on a difficult and complicated subject. Without disputing that as an abstract proposition it may be well to replace the arrangements now in force by a systematic measurement and assessment which will have the effect of fixing definite rates of rent for all the chief estates in the Division, Mr. Rivers Thompson cannot consent to this readjustment alone being made the means or the justification of largely enhancing the rents of cultivators who in many cases have themselves cleared their lands from the original jungle.

The current demand of Road and Public Works cesses rose in Hazaribagh from Rs. 69,019 to Rs. 88,789, and in Lohardugga from Rs. 91,996 to Rs. 1,46,845, owing partly to revaluations and partly to readjustment of instalments. In Manbloom, on the other hand, the current demand fell from Rs. 72,660 to Rs. 63,089. This is due to the fact that the revaluation of the district completed in July 1882 was so carelessly done that the whole proceedings have had to be revised, the cesses being in the meantime collected at the old rates.

15 *Excise*.—The following table shows the excise revenue of the past two years as compared with the average of the years 1878-83:—

DISTRICTS.	Average of 1878-83.	Actuals of 1882-83.	Actuals of 1883-84.	Increase of revenue of 1883-84 over average of 1878-83.	Increase over actuals of 1882-83.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Hazaribagh	1,48,335	1,81,275	2,03,160	54,825	11,885
Lohardugga	2,13,248	2,61,782	2,06,824	83,576	31,043
Singbhoom	19,440	20,606	22,844	3,424	2,278
Manbhoom	63,805	79,052	94,707	30,902	15,655
Total ...	4,44,848	5,56,715	6,17,575	1,72,729	60,860

The revenue derived from country spirits amounted to Rs. 5,13,985, or 83·2 per cent. of the total revenue of the year. The number of outstills was increased from 667 to 678, but each of these supplies an average area of 39·7 square miles, and an average population of 6,233. The Commissioner's remarks on the suitability of the outstill system to the local peculiarities of Chota Nagpore will be considered in connection with the report of the Excise Commission. It is satisfactory to observe a considerable decrease in the consumption of ganja, accompanied by a rise in the revenue derived from that drug. The consumption of opium has increased owing in part to greater vigilance on the part of the police and excise officers in the opium-producing district of Hazaribagh.

16. *Stamps*.—The total revenue including penalties rose from Rs. 2,60,448 to Rs. 2,93,827. The increase is largest in Hazaribagh, where some civil suits of high value were instituted by the zemindar of Ramgurh. A smaller increase in Lohardugga and Manbhoom is attributed to the same cause.

17. *License tax*.—Deducting refunds and remissions, the nett demand of license tax rose from Rs. 52,070 to Rs. 54,200, and the collections from Rs. 50,888 to Rs. 52,495. The increase is most marked in Lohardugga, where it is ascribed to the re-opening of the trade in railway sleepers, which was suspended during 1882-83. In Manbhoom the demand fell off slightly owing to the dulness of the lac trade and the transfer of assessments to other districts. On the general character of the tax the Commissioner remarks:—

The tax on the whole, I think, is a good one, and it will, I hope, become a permanent tax not liable to annual revision, but only to revisions for a term of at least five years, allowing assesses the liberty of applying to the district authorities for a reduction of their assessments if they can show such a reduction in their profits as will justify their demand. It is the annual enquiries which I believe are the chief cause of complaint among persons assessed or liable to be assessed to the tax.

18. *Monetary arrangements*.—The receipts of currency notes fell off considerably in Lohardugga and Manbhoom owing to the failure of the lac crop, and in the former district the issues were also contracted in consequence of the inability of the treasury to meet the demand for remittance. In Lohardugga and Singbhoom copper was greatly in demand among tea planters, road contractors and purchasers of lac, oilseeds, tusser and mahua. Among the cultivators in the interior of these districts copper is the only currency in use, and a large portion of the export trade is still carried on by barter, in which salt and cloth form the purchasing medium.

19. *Forests*.—The attitude of the local zemindars has rendered it impossible to take any action for the preservation of private forests under the rules framed by the Commissioner and Conservator last year. The matter will be again taken up in the camping season when the Inspector-General of Forests will visit Chota Nagpore with the Conservator in order to confer with the Commissioner on the spot. It is hoped that Mr. Hewitt's influence will be able to overcome the ignorance and indifference of the proprietors, and to persuade them that the introduction of a system of conservancy under the supervision of the Forest Department will secure to them a permanent income from property which is now being rapidly destroyed. The necessity of taking early measures to protect the private forests of Chota Nagpore is strongly accentuated by the

action already taken for railway construction in many parts of the division, and the importance of the subject is clearly brought out by the following extract from the Commissioner's report:—

What between jhoom cultivation, the destruction of young trees by goats and cattle, the enormous consumption and destruction of timber in these countries, where every one builds his house of young trees, placed close together, fences in his garden with young trees, and cuts large numbers to burn for manure on his upland cultivation, the new settlement of a hilly tract means the denudation of the hills in a few years, and this denudation must largely increase before very long, when railways will make traffic in timber more profitable than it is at present. The denudation of the hills is followed by the soil being washed away by rain, and the hills changed from valuable forests into bare rock, while the river-beds must be filled up by the denuded earth and gravel, and the rainfall decreased by the loss of the trees.

20. *Roads and Communications.*—Fair progress was made during the year in road work in all districts of the Division. The Commissioner's remarks on the subject will be considered in the Public Works Department. The construction of the Bengal-Nagpore Railway, which is now in hand, will necessitate a revision of the road system of the three districts of Manbhoom, Singbhoom and Lohardugga. Several existing lines of road will be replaced for all but petty local traffic by the railway. The relative importance of others will be materially affected, and at several points new feeder roads will be required to meet the readjustment of trade routes which may be looked for. The whole question therefore should now be carefully gone into by the District Road Committees concerned. Should it be the case that the road cess funds are inadequate to meet the requirements of the railway, the Lieutenant-Governor will be prepared to consider any reasonable application for special grants for the construction of feeder roads.

21. *Education.*—The number of schools of all kinds rose from 1,325 to 1,362, and of pupils from 38,217 to 42,097. The number of aborigines attending school increased from 8,756 to 10,120. Considering the backwardness of the population, the progress in higher education indicated by the fact that 17 candidates passed the Entrance examination against 8 in the previous year must be considered satisfactory. Female education has made a remarkable advance in Singbhoom, where the number of girls' schools increased during the year from 8 to 36, and the number of pupils from 224 to 1,176. This excellent result seems to be largely due to the personal interest taken in the matter by the Deputy Commissioner.

22. *Wards and Attached Estates.*—Owing to the release of the large estate of Dhalbhoom in Singbhoom, only eight estates were under the charge of the Court of Wards against nine in the previous year. The current demand on account of rent for all the estates amounted to Rs. 3,03,301, and the collections including arrears to Rs. 3,10,958 or 102·2 per cent. The demand on account of cesses came to Rs. 75,974, and the collections to Rs. 90,620 or 119·3 per cent. These results, which are stated to have been attained without excessive recourse to the certificate procedure, are very good. Only one estate, that of Jhalda in Manbhoom, is heavily encumbered with debts, but these will be cleared off before the proprietor, who is now only seven years old, attains his majority. The conduct of all the wards is favourably reported on.

Of the estates attached and managed under the Chota Nagpore Encumbered Estates Act, two were released during the year, leaving 69 under management. The total demand, arrear and current, on account of rent and cesses amounted to Rs. 3,63,232, of which Rs. 2,38,446 or 65·6 per cent. were collected. The percentage of collections to current demand was 100 in Singbhoom, 94·4 in Lohardugga, 92·7 in Manbhoom, and 72·5 in Hazaribagh. In Hazaribagh and Lohardugga the short collections are attributed to the partial failure of the winter rice crop in those districts. No explanation is given in the case of Manbhoom.

It is observed that the amounts actually paid to the creditors of these estates fall far short of the estimates which were framed for this purpose when the estates were originally taken under management. Thus the total debts of all the estates being Rs. 17,24,220, it was proposed to pay Rs. 6,36,653 by the 31st March 1884, but the amount actually paid was only Rs. 4,47,935, leaving a balance of Rs. 12,76,285 at the close of the year. In Lohardugga the pay-

ments have fallen short of the schemes by no less than Rs. 1,33,858, in Manbhoom by Rs. 39,505, and in Hazaribagh by Rs. 15,504. Singbhoom, with only three encumbered estates, is the only district where the sanctioned arrangements have been worked up to. The reason seems to be that the original estimates were in many cases unduly sanguine, and that in their anxiety to bring under management as many estates as possible, the local officers took credit in their schemes for the proceeds of sales they have been unable to effect, and for enhancements of rents which have never been settled, while they made little or no allowance for short collections resulting from failure of crops. The Board should now look into the matter and consider whether the schemes cannot be revised so as to bring them into closer accordance with existing facts.

23. *Conduct of Zemindars.*—Rasbehari Lal Singh, zemindar of Jherriah in Manbhoom, is again commended for his support of dispensaries and schools, and for a further donation towards the completion of the Govindpur lake. No other landholders are favourably mentioned. Many of the zemindars of Hazaribagh are said to be resorting to fraudulent suits for arrears of rent with the object of obtaining enhancements, while the conduct of several zemindars of Manbhoom and Lohardugga in respect both of their tenants and their relations to members of their own family deserves severe censure. On the whole, however, it may be said that active misconduct is rare among the zemindars of Chota Nagpore, and that their shortcomings are for the most part due to hereditary indolence and ignorance of anything that goes on outside their own estates.

24. *Character of Officers.*—The Commissioner's remarks on this subject will be considered in the Appointment Department. Among European Officers Messrs. Power, Risley and Renny, and among Native Officers Baboo Rai Churn Ghose, Rakhal Das Haldar and Ashutosh Gupto, are highly spoken of by the Commissioner.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

A. P. MACDONNELL,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

BEQUEST BY THE LATE DR. BHOLANATH BOSE.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT—EDUCATION.

Calcutta, the 15th November 1884.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

Letter No. 8163. dated the 19th October 1884, from the Director of Public Instruction, and enclosures, relative to a bequest made by the late Dr. Bholanath Bose of Furreedpore for the benefit of the Calcutta Medical College.

THE executor and executrix of the estate of the late Dr. Bholanath Bose, Civil Medical Officer of Furreedpore, have, in accordance with the terms of his will, forwarded to the Principal of the Medical College, Calcutta, the following scientific instruments and medals to be presented to the Institution:—

Air Pump.	|	Spectroscope
Galvanic batteries.	|	Polariscope.

Two gold medals and two silver medals awarded to Dr. Bholanath Bose at the London University College, and one silver medal with clasps awarded to that officer by Government for field services.

The Principal proposes, according to the wishes of the testator, that the instruments should be placed among those belonging to the College for the use of the students, and that the medals should be put in a separate case and hung up in the College Library. The Lieutenant-Governor approves these proposals.

2. The executor and executrix have also forwarded to the Principal of the College a Government promissory note for one thousand rupees for the foundation of a prize or scholarship. The Principal proposes that the interest of the sum of Rs 1,000, amounting to Rs. 40 per annum, should be appropriated for a prize to be awarded in alternate years to the 4th-year matriculated student, who is pronounced by the Physicians of the Hospital to be the most successful at bedside diagnosis of disease, and by the Surgeons of the Hospital to be the most successful in diagnosis of surgical cases, and that the examination should be held in September of each year. The Lieutenant-Governor approves these proposals, and desires that the thanks of Government be conveyed to the donor's executor and executrix.

3. The Principal of the College will be the administrator of the fund, which will be designated the "Bholanath Bose Prize Fund."

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

A. P. MACDONNELL,

Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

INTERNATIONAL INVENTIONS EXHIBITION, LONDON, 1885.

Circular No. $\frac{125 \text{ Ex.}}{42-2}$.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India, in the Revenue and Agricultural Department (Museums and Exhibitions), dated Simla, the 5th November 1884.

READ the following :—

No. 122, dated India Office, London, the 25th September 1884 .

From—Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India,

To—The Government of India.

I FORWARD herewith, for your information, a copy of a letter, and its enclosure, from Sir Frederick Bramwell, relating to the International Inventions Exhibition to be held next year at South Kensington.

No. 1575, dated South Kensington, S. W., the 8th August 1884.

From—SIR FREDERICK BRAMWELL, Chairman,

To—Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India.

I HAVE been requested by His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales to bring to your Lordship's immediate notice the forthcoming International Inventions Exhibition, which is to be held, under the patronage of Her Majesty the Queen, in the buildings at South Kensington, at present occupied by the International Health Exhibition. The Exhibition will be opened in May 1885; and as the time for preparation is short, it is hoped that your Lordship will have the goodness to cause early notification to be made of His Royal Highness's request that the Government of India will favour him with their co-operation by taking an active part in an exhibition which will doubtless prove of benefit to the inhabitants of all countries by bringing prominently to their notice the many inventions which have been made since the Great International Exhibition of 1862, and by gathering together examples of the music of all nations.

• The prospectus, copies of which are forwarded herewith, will fully explain the nature and purpose of the forthcoming Exhibition. I beg leave to call attention to the following rules which specially concern exhibitors in Foreign countries and the Colonies.

“45. The Foreign and Colonial Commissioners appointed by their Governments are invited to communicate with the Secretary. They will be charged with the consideration of all questions relative to the distribution of the space allotted to their respective countries; and the Executive Council will place at their disposal all information and plans which may be useful to them. Foreign and Colonial Commissioners will be required to guarantee that all exhibits in their respective sections are in accordance with the classification and the Regulations.

“46. The applicants for space from countries in which no Commissioner has been nominated must appoint agents in England to act on their behalf.

“47. Applications from Foreign countries and Colonies will be received up to the 1st November.”

The Executive Council would suggest that the Government of India should be asked to give full publicity to the announcement of this International Exhibition in its two divisions of inventions and music, and be asked to appoint a Commission to arrange for the due display of goods under the various groups, and to settle, in communication with the Council, matters connected with India.

The Executive Council trust that the Government of India will generally co-operate with them in promoting, in this manner, an exhibition of great practical importance to the commerce and industry of the world, and in making it, in a large sense, International.

I beg leave to add that it might be useful to supply for the use of the Government India copies of the prospectus, of which any number can be forwarded on application to the office.

International Inventions Exhibition, London, 1885.

DIVISION I.—INVENTIONS. DIVISION II.—MUSIC.

Patron:

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN.

President:

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES, K.G.

Executive Council:

(APPOINTED BY HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRESIDENT.)

Chairman.—SIR FREDERICK JOSEPH BRAMWELL, F.R.S., V.P. Inst. C.E.

Vice-Chairman —The MARQUIS OF HAMILTON.

SIR FREDERICK ABEL, C.B., D.C.L., F.R.S.

ISAAC LOWTHIAN BELL, Esq., F.R.S.

EDWARD BIRKBECK, Esq., M.P., *Honorary*
Treasurer.

COLONEL SIR FRANCIS BOLTON.

SIR PHILIP CUNLIFFE-OWEN, K.C.M.G., C.B.,
C.I.E.

Professor DEWAR, F.R.S.

JOSEPH DICKINSON, Esq.

SIR GEORGE GROVE, D.C.L.

E. W. HAMILTON, Esq.

HENRY E. JONES, Esq., M. Inst. C.E., M.
Inst. M.E.

W. H. PREECE, Esq., F.R.S.

SIR EDWARD JAMES REED, M.P., K.C.B.,
F.R.S.

Professor CHANDLER ROBERTS, F.R.S.

JOHN ROBINSON, Esq.

WARRINGTON W. SMYTH, Esq., M.A., F.R.S.

JOHN STAINER, Esq., M.A., Mus. Doc.

R. E. WEBSTER, Esq., Q.C.

Secretary:

EDWARD CUNLIFFE-OWEN, Esq., B.A.

Bankers:

MESSRS. COUTTS AND COMPANY, 59, Strand, W. C.

Solicitors:

MESSRS. KINGSFORD, DORMAN, KINGSFORD, CANDLER & MOORE, 23, Essex Street, W.C.

Auditors:

MESSRS. LOVELOCK & WHIFFIN, 19, Coleman Street, E.C.

City and Official Agent:

J. R. SOMERS VINE, Esq., F.R.S.

Offices:—EXHIBITION ROAD, SOUTH KENSINGTON, S.W.

City Offices:—27, GREAT WINCHESTER STREET, E.C.

PROSPECTUS.

It is intended to hold, in the year 1885, an International Exhibition of Inventions and of Musical Instruments, in the Exhibition Buildings, Royal Horticultural Gardens, South Kensington.

DIVISION I.—INVENTIONS.

This division will be devoted to Apparatus, Appliances, Processes and Products, invented or brought into use since 1862.

The collection of inventions will, it is hoped, serve to bring vividly before the public the progress which has been made, during the last quarter of a century, in applying the discoveries of science to the purposes of daily life.

For the practical realization of this idea it will be desirable, not only to exhibit the apparatus by which a process is carried out (or a model or diagram of it), side by side with the resulting product, but also to show the working of, at all events, a limited number of industrial processes in their consecutive stages.

Having in view the wide range of this International Exhibition, and the limited nature of the total available area, it will be necessary to restrict, as much as possible, the amount of space which can be allotted even to the most important classes; and only under exceptional circumstances can applications be entertained for space for objects which have been shown in the Smoke Abatement Exhibition, 1881; the Fisheries Exhibition, 1883; or the Exhibition of Health and Education of the present year. [*The classes including such objects are marked in the annexed classification with an asterisk.**] As regards agriculture, also, it is considered that the annual shows of the Royal Agricultural and kindred Societies will render it unnecessary to admit more than a few typical examples of each class of the improvements effected during recent years; and these should be, as far as possible, represented by models or diagrams.

It will, indeed, be preferable that inventions generally should (as far as practicable) be illustrated by models, which in the case of an entire machine may be accompanied by actual examples of the parts improved.

Where the invention relates to parts only of a machine, the whole machine will not be admitted, unless the improvement (in respect of which the machine is offered for exhibition) cannot be sufficiently well shown without the exhibition of the entire apparatus, or unless, in the opinion of the Executive Council, the exhibit is of such special interest as to render its admission desirable.

Exhibitors will be required, by reference to a specification and Letters Patent or otherwise, to show that their proposed exhibits come within the terms set forth in the conditions of Division I.

As the Exhibition will be limited to the illustration of industrial processes, examples of either the raw material employed, or the finished product, will only be admitted when they are required for the full demonstration of a particular process. It is not proposed to allot space for exhibition of manufactured goods alone, unaccompanied by any illustrations of the process of manufacture.

Intending Exhibitors should fill in the accompanying Application Form, which must be sent to the Secretary not later than the 15th September. Applications from Foreign countries and the Colonies will be received up to the 1st of November.

DIVISION II.—MUSIC.

This division will consist of examples of Musical Instruments of a date not earlier than the commencement of the present century; and, in addition, any machinery, apparatus, or appliances connected with their manufacture or use, or in any way bearing upon the science and art of music, will be admitted. There will, furthermore, be Historic Collections of Musical Instruments, and of Paintings and Engravings representing musical subjects, without any restriction as to date.

Intending Exhibitors in this Division should fill in the Special Application Form supplied for the purpose, which must be sent to the Secretary by the 15th September. Applications from Foreign countries and the Colonies will be received up to the 1st of November.

List of Groups under which the classification is arranged.

DIVISION I.—APPARATUS, APPLIANCES, PROCESSES, AND PRODUCTS INVENTED OR BROUGHT INTO USE SINCE 1862.

- 1.—Agriculture, Horticulture and Arboriculture.
- 2.—Mining and Metallurgy.
- 3.—Engineering Construction and Architecture.

- 4.—Prime-movers and means of Distributing their Power.
- 5.—Railway Plant.
- 6.—Common Road Carriages, &c.
- 7.—Naval Architecture.
- 8.—Aëronautics.
- 9.—Manufacture of Textile Fabrics.
- 10.—Machine Tools and Machinery.
- 11.—Hydraulic Machines, Presses, Machines for raising Heavy Weights, Weighing, &c.
- 12.—Elements of Machines.
- 13.—Electricity.
- 14.—Apparatus, Processes, and Appliances connected with Applied Chemistry and Physics.
- 15.—Gas and other Illuminants.
- 16.—Fuel, Furnaces, &c.
- 17.—Food, Cookery and Stimulants.
- 18.—Clothing.
- 19.—Jewellery.
- 20.—Leather, &c.
- 21.—India-rubber and Gutta-Percha, &c.
- 22.—Furniture and Accessories—Fancy Goods.
- 23.—Pottery and Glass.
- 24.—Cutlery, Ironmongery, &c.
- 25.—Fire-arms: Military Weapons and Equipment; Explosives.
- 26.—Paper, Printing, Book-binding, Stationery, &c.
- 27.—Clocks, Watches, and other Time-keepers.
- 28.—Philosophical Instruments and Apparatus.
- 29.—Photography.
- 30.—Educational Apparatus.
- 31.—Toys, Sports, &c.

DIVISION II.—MUSIC.

- 32.—Instruments and Appliances constructed or in use since 1800.
- 33.—Music Engraving and Printing.
- 34.—Historic Collections.

REGULATIONS.

1. An International Inventions Exhibition, under the patronage of Her Majesty the Queen and the presidency of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, will be held in London in 1885.
Date.
2. The Exhibition will be opened in May 1885, and will continue open for a period of about six months.
Open.
3. Division I (Inventions) will be devoted to illustrations of Apparatus, Appliances, Processes and Products, invented or brought into use since 1862.
Objects.
- Division II (Music) will consist of examples of Musical Instruments of a date not than the commencement of the present century, and of Historic Collections of Musical Instruments and Appliances, and Paintings, Engravings and Drawings representing Musical Instruments, without any restriction as to date.
Medals in Gold, Silver and Bronze, and diplomas of Honour will be awarded on the recommendation of Juries.
Awards.

5. No charge will be made for space ; but Exhibitors will have to pay every expense of conveying, delivering, fixing and removing their exhibits, and also the cost of the erection of counters when required : Expenses to be borne by exhibitors. and they must, either personally or by their Agents, superintend the despatch, transmission, reception, unpacking, installation and (at the close of the Exhibition) the removal of their goods ; in default thereof the Executive Council reserve to themselves the right of doing whatever may be considered necessary, at the expense of the Exhibitor.
6. Should any goods be deposited in the Exhibition premises during the absence of the Exhibitor or his Agent, the Executive Council will not be responsible for any loss or damage, from whatever cause arising. Delivery of goods.
7. Cases must be unpacked as fast as possible, and the empty cases taken away by the Exhibitors or their Agents. The Executive Council decline to accept any responsibility with reference to empty cases, which must be at once removed from the building at the expense of Exhibitors. Empty cases.
8. Applications to exhibit must be made on printed forms, which will be supplied on application to the Secretary, International Inventions Exhibition, South Kensington, S. W. ; these must be filled up and returned on or before the 15th September 1884. The decision of the Council with regard to applications will be notified about the 1st of December. Application to exhibit.
9. The Council reserve to themselves the absolute right of refusing to admit any exhibits without necessarily specifying any reason for so doing. Right to refuse exhibits.
10. Manufactured articles or products will only be admitted in so far as they may be necessary to illustrate an improved method of manufacture, or an improvement in the machine or process by which they are produced. Manufactured articles.
11. Untried and unpatented inventions will not be accepted unless recommended by a competent authority. Untried inventions.
12. Where the invention relates to parts only of a machine, the whole machine will not be admitted unless the improvement (in respect of which the machine is offered for exhibition) cannot be sufficiently well shown without the exhibition of the entire apparatus, or unless, in the opinion of the Executive Council, the exhibit is of such special interest as to render its admission desirable. Improved machines.
13. Inasmuch as the scope of this exhibition is very extensive, while the total area available is limited, it will be necessary to restrict, as much as possible, the space available for each exhibitor. It will, therefore, generally be preferable that inventions should (as far as practicable) be illustrated by models, which in the case of an entire machine may be accompanied by actual examples of the parts improved. Models.
14. The classification is not to be considered as exhaustive. Where there appears to be no head under which an invention may come, the exhibitor should apply for space in the group most nearly cognate. Classification not exhaustive.
15. In cases where an invention may come within the scope of several distinct groups, the exhibitor is at liberty to enumerate the groups into which he considers it should come, in order that reference may be made to it in the different sections of the Catalogue ; but duplicate exhibits will not be admitted. Inventions under various groups.
16. Except under special circumstances, no applications will be entertained for space for objects which have been shown in the Smoke Abatement Exhibition, 1881 ; the Fisheries Exhibition, 1883 ; or the Exhibition of Health and Education, 1884. The space allotted to Agricultural Exhibits will be very limited. Restrictions.
17. The Executive Council will endeavour to obtain, from the various English Railway Companies, special terms for the conveyance of exhibits to and from the Exhibition ; and should they succeed in doing so, such arrangements will be communicated to intending Exhibitors. Railway rates.
18. All packages containing goods intended for exhibition must have painted on them the distinctive mark I. I. E., together with the name and address of the Exhibitor. Labels addressed to the Secretary to be attached to packages will be forwarded to each Exhibitor. Marks on packages.

19. All cases, counters, platforms, &c., must not, without special permission, exceed the following dimensions :—

Dimensions of cases, &c.

Show cases and partitions	...	...	...	...	10 feet above the floor.
Counters	...	...	...	...	3 " " " "
Platforms	...	...	...	...	1 foot " "

20. Exhibitors may place railings around their stands, subject to approval; but in every instance the railings must be within the area of the "stand," i.e., of the space allotted.
Railings.
21. The flooring must not be altered, removed, or strengthened for the convenience of arrangement, except by sanction of the Executive Council, and at the expense of the Exhibitor.
Flooring.
22. No exhibitor will be permitted to display exhibits in such a manner as to obstruct the light or impede the view along the open spaces, or to occasion inconvenience or injury to other exhibitors, or otherwise to disadvantageously affect their displays.
Obstructions.
23. In order to ensure uniformity of decoration and general good effect, no exhibitor will be allowed to put up any flags, banners, or other kind of decoration without special permission.
Decorations.
24. Signs or name-boards must be placed parallel with the main passages, that is, parallel with the frontage of the respective stands; and must in no case interfere with the lighting. They must be black with gold letters, and their position must be subject to the approval of the Council.
Signs.
25. All handbills, printed matter, &c., connected with exhibits, and intended for gratuitous distribution, must first receive the approval and permission of the Executive Council, which permission may be withdrawn at any time.
Handbills.
26. Exhibitors will be required to provide all necessary attendance and to keep their stands and exhibits properly cleaned and in good order during the whole period of the Exhibition.
Attendance.
27. No Exhibitor will be allowed to transfer any allotment, or portion thereof, or to allow any other than his own duly admitted exhibits to be placed thereon, except by permission of the Executive Council.
Non-transfer.
28. All goods exhibited must be in the name of the person who signed the application form.
Name.
29. Exhibitors are requested to mark the selling prices of the articles exhibited, so as to facilitate the judgment of the juries, as well as for the information of visitors.
Selling prices.
30. Objects cannot be taken away before the close of the Exhibition, without the special permission in writing of the Executive Council.
Removal.
31. Exhibitors, or their attendants, may explain their exhibits to visitors, but they will in all cases be forbidden to invite visitors to purchase the goods, the Exhibition being intended for the purposes of display only, and not for those of sale. Special regulations will, however, be framed with regard to perishable articles.
Selling.
32. Motive power will be supplied free of cost under certain conditions; but Exhibitors will be required to pay for any gas or water that they may require. Exhibitors requiring motive power are requested to make special application to the Secretary.
Motive power.
33. No explosive substances, nor any substances which in the judgment of the Executive Council are dangerous, will be admitted; they may be represented by models or dummies.
Dangerous substances.
34. Spirits, oils, essences, corrosive substances, and generally all substances which might spoil other articles or inconvenience the public, can only be received in substantial and suitable vessels of small size.
Spirits, &c.
35. The Executive Council reserve to themselves the sole right of compiling a catalogue of the exhibits under regulations which will be duly notified. Each nation will, however, have the right to produce at its expense a catalogue of all the objects in its own section.
Catalogue.

36. The Council reserve to themselves the right of causing any of the exhibits to be examined, tested or analysed for such objects as they may think fit.
Testing and analysing.
37. No article exhibited may be photographed, drawn, copied or reproduced, in any manner whatsoever, without the special sanction of the Exhibitor and of the Executive Council.
• Photographing, &c.
38. The Executive Council will not hold themselves responsible for loss or damage occurring to any exhibit from any cause whatsoever; but while declining any responsibility, the Council intend to take such precautions as they deem necessary.
Non-liability.
39. No goods can be sent in previous to the 1st March without special permission after the 15th April no goods will be received.
Date of reception.
40. Passes to the Exhibition will be granted to Exhibitors and to a reasonable number of attendants. If these passes are used by any but those to whom they are issued, they will be immediately cancelled.
Passes.
41. The right to add to, alter, amend or expunge any of these Rules is reserved by the Executive Council.
Right to alter rules.
42. Both Englishmen and Foreigners in becoming Exhibitors signify by so doing their compliance with the whole of these Regulations, together with such other Regulations as the Executive Council may issue from time to time.
Rules binding.
43. The Executive Council reserve the right to remove the objects belonging to any exhibitor who may not conform to the Regulations.
Right of removal.
44. If any damage or injury shall be caused or occasioned during the Exhibition by any exhibited machine, implement, or article to any visitor or other person, or to any officer, servant, or others then and there employed by the Executive Council of the International Inventions Exhibition, 1885, then the Exhibitor to whom such machinery, implement, or article may belong shall indemnify and hold harmless the said Council from and against all actions, suits, expenses, and claims on account or in respect of any such damage or injury which may be so caused or occasioned.
Non-liability.

SPECIAL RULES (IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE) AFFECTING FOREIGN AND COLONIAL EXHIBITORS.

45. The Foreign and Colonial Commissioners appointed by their Governments are invited to communicate with the Secretary. They will be charged with the consideration of all questions relative to the distribution of the space allotted to their respective countries; and the Executive Council will place at their disposal all information and plans that may be useful to them. Foreign and Colonial Commissioners will be required to guarantee that all exhibits in their respective sections are in accordance with the Classification and with the Regulations.
• Foreign Commissioners.
46. The applicants for space from countries in which no Commissioner has been nominated must appoint Agents in England to act on their behalf.
Foreign Countries.
47. Applications from Foreign Countries and Colonies will be received up to the 1st of November.
48. Packages from Foreign Countries must have painted on them the letters I. I. E. They must all be marked in such a way as to show distinctly from whence they come, the name of the country, and the name and address of the Exhibitor.
Foreign packages.

CLASSIFICATION.

(UNDER REVISION).

NOTE.

The heads given below are not intended to be exhaustive, but are rather to be regarded as indicative of the proposed scope of each class.

Only under exceptional circumstances can applications be entertained for space for objects which have been shown in the Smoke Abatement Exhibition, 1881; the Fisheries Exhibition, 1883, or the Exhibition of Health and Education, 1884. or for Agricultural Implements. The space allotted to those classes marked with an asterisk will therefore be very limited.

**DIVISION I.—APPARATUS, APPLIANCES, PROCESSES, AND PRODUCTS,
INVENTED OR BROUGHT INTO USE SINCE 1862.**

Group i.—AGRICULTURE, HORTICULTURE AND ARBORICULTURE.

(For land drainage, reclamation, &c., *see* Group iii.; for agricultural engines, *see* Group iv.; for manure, *see* Group xiv.; for milling machinery, *see* Group xvii.)

* *Class 1.*—Field Implements.—Ploughs, drain-ploughs, cultivators, steam-diggers, harrows, drills, haymakers, horse-hoes, rakes, reapers, mowers, binders, anchors and rope porters, wagons, wagon-harness.

* *Class 2.*—Barn and Farm-yard Implements.—Threshing machines, screens, winnowers, corn-cleaning machines, hay and straw elevators, hay and straw and fresh fodder compressors, turnip-cutters, chaff-cutters, grist mills, horse-gear, crop dryers.

* *Class 3.*—Dairy and Poultry Farm Appliances.—Milking appliances, cream separators, churns, cheese-making apparatus, apparatus for manufacturing butterine, incubators.

* *Class 4.*—Agricultural Construction.—Models, plans and designs for farm buildings, coast houses, silos, rickstands, &c.

* *Class 5.*—Cattle Food.—Materials, processes, apparatus; seed mills, cake crushers; boilers, steamers and cooking apparatus; feeding appliances.

Class 6.—Horticultural Apparatus.—Hot-houses, frames, greenhouses, orchard houses, graperies, boiler and heating apparatus, lawn-mowers, watering apparatus, tools and implements, pots and plant boxes, garden wire work, chairs, &c., plant labels.

Class 7.—Arboriculture.—Apparatus, &c., used in forestry; methods and materials for the preservation from decay of trees and timber.

Group ii.—MINING AND METALLURGY.

(For stone-working machinery and testing machines, *see* Group x.; metal-working machinery, *see* Group x.; for slate sawing and dressing machines, *see* also Group x.; for electrolytic methods of extracting, &c., metals, *see* Group xiii.; for furnaces in general, *see* Group xvi.; for manufacture of fuel, *see* also Group xvi.; for explosives, *see* also Group xxv.; for mine surveying apparatus, *see* also Group xxviii.)

Class 8.—*Machinery and Appliances used in Mines and Quarries.*—Prospecting, searching, boring, shaft sinking, exploring, working, hauling, pumping, winding, hoisting; man engines, safety catches, safety hooks, hydraulic mining; tools, drills, cutters, getters, breakers, air compressors; blasting, substitutes for explosives. Ventilating, lighting. Aids to respiration in mines. Life-saving appliances. Washing and dressing coal and other minerals, crushers, pulverisers, disintegrators, stamps, screens, riddles, separators, classifiers, jiggers, buddles, precipitators, sawing-machines. Utilization of waste.

Class 9.—*Production and manufacture of Iron and Steel.*—Coke oven, blast and other furnaces; Bessemer plant, Siemen's plant, other processes for making iron and steel; blast engines; hotblast stoves; steam and other hammers; rolling machines, hydraulic and other forging machines, squeezers and other shingling apparatus; production and use of malleable cast iron; wire-making apparatus; manufacture of tin plate, utilization of gases and of slag; alloys and artificial compounds of iron with non-metallic elements.

Class 10.—*Forging and foundry work.*—Cupolas, air furnaces, pot furnaces; moulding machines, plate-moulding; forges forging machines; blowers, bellows, fans.

Class 11.—*Metallurgy of metals other than Iron, with the exception of the precious metals.*

Alloys.—Furnaces and appliances used in the dry and wet methods of extracting and purifying copper; extraction of lead; metallurgy of zinc, tin, nickel, cobalt, bismuth, antimony, arsenic, mercury, aluminium; manufacture of sheet lead, pipe, Muntz's metal, sheet zinc, copper and brass tubes; bronzes, German silver and other nickel alloys; wires of copper and its alloys.

Class 12.—*Metallurgy of the precious metals, Gold, Silver and Platinum.*—Furnaces and appliances used in the dry and wet methods of extracting the precious metals; desilverization of lead; amalgamation in all its forms, refining gold and silver; purification, melting and working of platinum and its alloys.

Group iii.—ENGINEERING CONSTRUCTION AND ARCHITECTURE.

(For railway plant, *see* Group v.; for launching ship, *see* Group vii.; for surveying instruments, *see* Group xxvi.)

* *Class 13.—Roads.*—Methods and materials for constructing and paving roads; cleansing roads and pavements; road-sweeping machines; rollers; apparatus for the removal of mud, snow, &c.; water-carts and other means of watering.

Class 14.—Railways and Tramways.—Constructions; excavators and appliances used for earth-work and tunnelling. Permanent-way; rails, chairs, sleepers.

Class 15.—Bridges and Viaducts.—Models, plans, and designs for arched, girder, suspension, trestle, and other bridges; apparatus used in construction.

Class 16.—Docks and Harbours.—Models, plans, and designs for docks, harbours, piers, breakwaters, &c.; submarine constructions; diving apparatus; dredging machines; pile-drivers screw piles; coffer-dams; graving docks, "patent" slips, caissons, pontoons, floating docks, hydraulic apparatus for working dockgates, &c., girders. Buoys.

* *Class 17.—Lighthouses.*—Methods of construction; appliances used in lighthouses, and in lightships, fixed and flashing light apparatus, lamps, sound signalling apparatus.

Class 18.—Rivers and Canals.—Conservation and improvement of rivers; construction of canals; locks, lifts and inclines, weirs.

* *Class 19.—Water-supply and Sewerage.*—Methods of collecting, pumping, storing, filtering, and distributing water; appliances for detecting and preventing waste of water, water-meters; water fittings, filters; sewage disposal and utilization.

Class 20.—Reclamation, Irrigation and Drainage of Land.—Drainage (natural and artificial) of low-lying districts; embanking and warping land; irrigation works.

Class 21.—Testing apparatus.—Apparatus and instruments used in testing iron, stone, brick, concrete, cement, &c.

Class 22.—Military Engineering and Fortification.—Military topography.

* *Class 23.—Materials used in Building.*—Bricks and tiles, machines for making them; concrete, artificial stone, cement, materials and appliances used in their production; asphalt; roofing felt, and other roofing materials; columns, girders, and other applications of metal in building; applications of terra cotta to buildings; preservative and fire-resisting materials, paints, &c., for application to stone, wood, iron, &c., methods of applying the same.

* *Class 24.—Building construction.*—Models and plans showing methods of construction; non-combustible constructions; labour saving and other machines and appliances used in building, scaffolds, elevators; fittings and appliances used in buildings, shutters, blinds, lifts, bells, speaking-tubes, &c.

* *Class 25.—Heating Ventilation, House-drainage, &c.*—Sanitary appliances; ventilators; cowl for chimneys, chimney-sweeping apparatus; apparatus for heating by steam, water air, &c.; means of cooling air.

Group iv.—PRIME-MOVERS AND MEANS OF DISTRIBUTING THEIR POWER.

(For distribution of power by water, *see also* Group xi; by electricity, *see* Group xiii.)

Class 26.—Steam-engines and Boilers.—Stationary, portable, marine, locomotive; fireless locomotives; methods and means of preventing corrosion and incrustation; methods and appliances for preventing explosions, and for testing boilers; firegrates, fire-feeders, smoke-consuming appliances; valves and valve gear, steam joints, governors, injectors, pumps; bearings, lubricators, anti-friction metals; indicators, gauges, manometers, tachometers, dynamometers.

Class 27.—Gas and air engines, &c.—Gas-engines, hot-air engines, petroleum-engines; air compressors, compressed air-engines, ammonia-engines, vapour-engines; accessories for the above.

Class 28.—Means of Utilizing Natural Forces.—Turbines, water-wheels, tide-mills; means of utilizing wave-power; hydraulic rams, water-pressure engines; windmills; solar engines.

Class 29.—Means of Transmitting Power.—Driving bands, shafts, pulleys gearing, clutches, distribution of power by water or by air.

Group v.—RAILWAY PLANT.

(For construction of railways and tramways, *see* Group iii; for locomotives, *see* Group iv; for common road locomotives, *see* Group vi.; for signals, *see also* Group xiii.)

Class 30.—Rolling stock (excepting locomotives).—Carriages trucks, wagons, vans; wheels, tyres, axles, springs, bearings, buffers, couplings.

Class 31.—Fixed and other Appliances.—Switches, signals, crossings, turn tables, switch-locks, communication with trains and in trains, water cranes, and other modes of tender supply.

Class 32.—Brakes, Hand and Automatic.—Screw, chain, compressed air, vacuum, steam electrical.

Class 33.—Tramways.—Rolling and fixed plant.

Class 34.—Atmospheric Railways, Portable Railways, &c.—Rope railways, pneumatic despatch.

Group vi.—COMMON ROAD CARRIAGES, &c.

(For farm wagons, &c., see Group i.)

Class 35.—Carriages for common roads.—Steam, &c., carriages; pleasure and travelling carriages; cabs, omnibuses, hearses, trucks, carts, bath chairs, perambulators, ambulance carriages; machinery used in carriage, &c., construction; indicators, carriage lamps, carriage furniture and fittings; methods and means of propulsion.

Class 36.—Bicycles and Tricycles.—“Cycles” of every description, and fittings for the same.

Class 37.—Saddlery and Harness.—Horse clothing, whips, spurs; means and methods of breaking in horses; disengaging runaway horses.

Class 38.—Farriery.—Veterinary apparatus and material; medicines for horses, cattle, &c.; horse-shoes, machinery for making horse-shoes and horse-nails; methods of roughing horses; horse-clippers; grooming apparatus.

Group vii.—NAVAL ARCHITECTURE.

(For floating docks and dredging apparatus, see Group iii; for engines and marine engines, see Group iv.; for nautical instruments, see Group xxvii.)

* *Class 39.—Ship and Boat Building.*—Construction and materials; sheathing, armour plating, launching; cleaning ship's bottoms, preventing fouling; raising sunken vessels, leak-stoppers, life-boats, life-rafts and fittings, life-saving apparatus; light-ships; submarine boats, torpedo boats; loading and discharging cargo.

* *Class 40.—Ship's Fittings.*—Masts, sails, rigging, &c.; materials for sails; wire-rigging; self-reefing sails; use of steam power for working sails; anchors, and chain cables; means for weighing anchor; steam winches, capstans; lowering ships, boats; pumping and ventilating arrangements.

Class 41.—Marine propulsion (including Steering).—Screw propellers, paddles, hydraulic propellers, river and canal propulsion, chain towing; hand, steam, and hydraulic steering gear.

Group viii.—AERONAUTICS.

(For observing instruments, see Group xxviii.; for apparatus for balloon photography, see Group xxix.)

Class 42.—Balloons.—Materials for balloons; methods of constructing and inflating; manufacture and transport of gas for the purpose; fittings; military and captive balloons; balloon equipment for field and seige purposes; fire-balloons; parachutes.

Class 43.—Aëronautic apparatus.—Flying machines; propelling and steering apparatus for such machines.

Group ix.—MANUFACTURE OF TEXTILE FABRICS.

(For dyes, mordants, &c., see Group xiv.)

Class 44.—Treating Raw Material.—Cotton—picking, ginning, seed-cleaning, baleing, pressing, opening. Flax, jute, rheea, &c.—retting and its substitutes, breaking, scutching, heckling. Wool—clipping, sorting, washing, drying, heckling. Silk—rearing and feeding of silkworms, reeling, winding, loading, conditioning.

Class 45.—Preparing for spinning.—Combing and carding fibrous materials; manufacture of combs and cards.

Class 46.—Spinning.—Drawing, slubbing, roving, spinning, twisting, doubling, throwing, spooling, reeling, balling, &c. Making, sewing and darning thread; reels, cops, and cop tubes.

Class 47.—Preparing for Weaving.—Sizing, warping, beaming, &c., yarns.

Class 48.—Weaving.—Weaving plain, figured, damask, and double fabrics, weaving carpets, velvets, and other pile and terry fabrics; weaving ribbons, tapes, &c.; hose for water sacks, sailcloth, hair; jacquards and apparatus for making jacquard cards, electrical and other substitutes, temples, pickers, including pneumatic and modes of “handing” shuttles, harness healds and reeds, weft and other stoppers.

Class 49.—Rug and Mat-making.—Cocoon and other fibre.

Class 50.—Lace-making, &c.—Manufacture of lace, knitted fabrics, hosiery, &c., net and meshed fabrics, nets, fringes, chenille, braid, and plaited fabrics, elastic fabrics.

Class 51.—Dressing and Finishing.—Drying, stretching, ageing, dressing, finishing, singeing, shearing, folding, fulling, calendering, measuring, packing, and otherwise preparing for market.

Class 52.—Felt-making.—Manufacture of felted fabrics.

Class 53.—Bleaching and Tissue Printing.—Machines and appliances used in bleaching, dyeing, and printing fibres, yarns and fabrics, mixtures used in bleaching and washing, dyeing patterns; resist and discharge printing rollers and blocks. Dyeing materials and colours; thickeners.

• *Class 54.—Rope-making.*—Manufacture of twine, cord, rope, safety fuses; materials used in the manufacture.

Class 55.—Utilization of Second-hand Materials and waste Products.—Mungo, sooddy, tow, oakum, waste silk, waste cotton.

Group x.—MACHINE TOOLS AND MACHINERY.

(For steam-hammers and forging machinery used in iron and steel making, *see* Group ii.; for machines for making horse-shoes and horse-nails, *see* also Group vi.)

Class 56.—Metal-working Machines.—Lathes; planers; machines for punching, shearing, sawing, drilling, boring, slotting, shaping, milling, wheel-cutting, screw-cutting, rolling and bending, corrugating, stamping, coining, pressing, riveting, forging; emery wheels, grinding machines; rivet, nail, bolt, and screw-making machinery.

Class 57.—Wood-working Machinery.—Lathes (including lathes for ornamental turning); machines for sawing, planing, moulding, mortising, carving, veneering, cask-making, wheel-making, cork-cutting, &c.

Class 58.—Stone-working Machinery.—Machines for sawing, planing, turning, dressing; polishing, grinding, breaking and crushing stone and slate.

Group xi.—HYDRAULIC MACHINES, PRESSES, MACHINES FOR RAISING HEAVY WEIGHTS, WEIGHING, &c.

(For hay and straw elevators, *see* Group i.; for elevators used in building, *see* Group iii. for hydraulic rams, *see* Group iv.; for grain elevators, *see* Group xvii.; for chemical, &c., balances, *see* Group xxviii.)

Class 59.—Pumps, hand, steam, rotury, centrifugal.—Ships' pumps, pumps for corrosive fluids; hydropulps; syphons; methods of raising water; methods of obtaining, distributing and equalising hydraulic power; accumulators.

* *Class 60.—Fire-engines.*—Fire-extinguishing apparatus; automatic apparatus for indicating and extinguishing fires; fire-escapes, ladders, fire-hose, accessory fittings and appliances; hydrants.

Class 61.—Cranes and other lifting apparatus.—Hand, steam, and hydraulic cranes travellers; elevators, jacks, capstans, windlasses, crabs, hoists, blocks, pulleys, derricks.

• *Class 62.—Hydraulic and other Presses.*

Class 63.—Weighing Machines (for commercial purposes).—Steel-yards; platform weighing machines; commercial balances, scales, weights, &c.; registering weighing machines; spring balances.

Group xii.—ELEMENTS OF MACHINES.

Class 64.—Mechanical movements.

Class 65.—Separate parts of machines.

Group xiii.—ELECTRICITY.

(For railway signals, *see* Group v.; for photometers, *see* Groups xv. and xxviii; for scientific apparatus used in electrical research, *see* Group xxviii.)

Class 66.—Generators.—Dynamos, primary and secondary batteries, thermo-electric batteries.

Class 67.—Conductors.—Submarine cables and apparatus for laying them; aerial wires, and underground cables; insulators and poles; insulating and coating materials; joints and connections; underground conduits; pipes, tubes, troughs, &c., electric light leads.

Class 68.—Testing and Measuring Apparatus.—Galvanometers, magnetometers, dynamometers, volt-meters, current-meters, methods of testing.

Class 69.—Telegraphic and Telephonic Apparatus.—Needle instruments, A. B. C. instruments, Morse instruments, type-printers, relays, duplex and quadruplex apparatus, keys, recording instruments, automatic transmitters, electric bells, indicators, telephones, microphones, lightning protectors.

Class 70.—Electric Lightning Apparatus.—Lamps, resistance coils, cut-outs, safety catches, switches. Fittings for glow and other lamps.

Class 71.—Electro-Metallurgy and Electro-Chemistry.—Methods of depositing and coating various metals. Electrotyping, galvano-plasty. Vats, cleaning and polishing apparatus, materials, tools, and appliances.

Class 72.—Distribution and Utilization of power.—Electric railways, electric motors, electrically driven boats, tricycles, and other conveyances; systems of distribution.

Class 73.—Electric signalling.—Fire and burglar alarms, railway, ship, and time signals, water-level and wind indicators, tell-tales, electric clocks, chronoscopes, &c.

Class 74.—Lightning Conductors.

Class 75.—Electro-Medical Apparatus.

Class 76.—Electrolytic methods for extracting and purifying metals.—Copper, zinc, lead, iron, refining the precious metals.

Class 77.—Electro-Thermic Apparatus.—Electrical apparatus for war, mining, blasting, and other purposes.

Group xiv.—APPARATUS, PROCESSES, AND APPLIANCES CONNECTED WITH APPLIED CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS.

(For chemical apparatus used in scientific research, *see* Group xxviii.)

Class 78.—Inorganic products, and means used in obtaining them.—Sulphuric and other acids, ammonia and other alkalies, bleaching agents, dyes and dye-stuffs, salts, whitelead, paints and pigments, phosphorous, lucifer matches, disinfectants.

Class 79.—Organic and Synthetical Products, and means used in obtaining them.—Coal, tar products, oils, soaps, and detergents, lubricating agents, candles, perfumery, paraffin, varnishes, manures.

Class 80.—Apparatus and Appliances for compressing and liquefying gases, and applications thereof.

Group xv.—GAS AND OTHER ILLUMINANTS.

(For electric lighting, *see* Group xiii.; for gas-stoves, *see* Group xvi.; for photometrical apparatus *see* also Group xxviii.)

Class 81.—Coal Gas.—Manufacture, purification, storage and distribution of gas; treatment of residues.

Class 82.—Water gas, Oil gas, Carburetted air, &c.

Class 83.—Tests and Photometrical Apparatus.—Chemical tests; standards of light; measurement of light.

Class 84.—Burners, and means of utilizing and applying gas.—Gas fittings; burners for illuminating gas; devices for imparting luminosity to flame; gas meters; methods of lighting gas; methods of increasing illuminating power of gas.

Class 85.—Mineral and other oils.—Methods of obtaining; distilling and refining, testing.

Class 86.—Candles, &c.—Candles of wax, tallow, sperm, paraffin, &c.; night-lights; appliances used in the manufacture.

Class 87.—Lamps for Oil and Spirits, Holders for Candles, &c.

Group xvi.—FUEL, FURNACES, &c.

(For coke ovens and metallurgical furnaces, *see* Group ii.; for glass, &c., furnaces, *see* Group xxiii.)

Class 88.—Manufacture of Fuel.—Materials and processes for the manufacture of artificial fuel; preparation and use of liquid fuel; preparation of peat; charcoal burning.

Class 89.—Furnaces for Manufacturing purposes.—Furnaces for burning solid, pulverized, liquid and gaseous fuel.

**Class 90.—Stoves for Coal, for Gas, for Oil, &c.*—Cooking stoves and kitchen ranges, domestic fireplaces; gas cookers; gas burners for heating and cooking petroleum and other stoves for heating and cooking.

Group xvii.—FOOD, COOKERY AND STIMULANTS.

(For the cooking of the cattle food, *see* Group i.)

Class 91.—Machinery for treating grain and flour.—Machines for preparing and grinding corn and dressing flour, and other mill machinery; mill-stone dressers, roll turners, and similar machines; machines for milling and polishing rice; grain elevators; apparatus for drying grain; granary fittings.

**Class 92.—Manufacturing Articles of Food.*—Apparatus for manufacturing and refining sugar; confectioners' machinery; machines and appliances for preparing mustard, spice, pepper, &c.; manufacture of salt.

**Class 93.—Preserving Food.*—Methods, materials and processes for preserving animal and vegetable food; machines for producing cold.

* *Class 94.—Bread and Biscuit-making.*—Kneading machines, biscuit and bread-making machines, ovens; processes for making bread.

* *Class 95.—Cooking Apparatus.*—Culinary utensils, chopping and mincing machines; apparatus for paring and slicing fruit and vegetables, cleaning fruit, washing and cleaning vegetables.

Class 96.—Brewing, Distilling, and Wine-making.—Machines and appliances connected with the manufacture and use of *alcoholic drinks*.

* *Class 97.—Manufacture of Aerated Waters.*—Machinery, materials, &c., used for the purpose; stoopers and other appliances.

* *Class 98.—Infusions.*—Apparatus, &c., used in the preparation and use of tea, coffee, chocolate, &c.

* *Class 99.—Tobacco.*—Machinery, appliances, and processes for treating and using tobacco.

Group xviii.—CLOTHING.

(For textile machinery, *see* Group ix; for jewellery, &c., *see* Group xix; for water-proof clothing, *see* Group xxi.)

* *Class 100.—Fabrics.*—Specimens of new materials, or materials recently applied to the manufacture of clothing.

* *Class 101.—Articles of Clothing.*—Specimens of clothing of novel construction.

* *Class 102.—Machinery and Apparatus.*—Machinery, &c., used in the production of articles of dress, sewing machines, knitting machines; machinery for the manufacture of boots, hats, gloves, &c.; needles, and machinery employed in making them.

* *Class 103.—Cleaning Clothing.*—Washing and wringing machines, mangling, &c., machines; boot-cleaning machines and processes for cleaning other articles of clothing.

* *Class 104.—Dress Fastenings, &c.*—Buttons, pins, hooks and eyes, machinery employed in their manufacture.

Group xix.—JEWELLERY.

* *Class 105.—Jewellery and Personal Ornaments.*—Materials, apparatus for manufacture, &c.

Group xx.—LEATHER, &c.

(For saddlery, *see* Group vi.; for boats and shoes, *see* Group xviii.)

Class 106.—Manufacture of Leather.—Materials, processes and appliances for cleaning, curing, preserving, unhairing, drying, tanning, dyeing, splitting, dressing, and otherwise preparing skins and hides; specimens of leather prepared by new processes; manufacture of parchment.

Class 107.—Treatment and Application of Leather (exclusive of saddlery and of boots and shoes).—Methods of ornamenting, painting, polishing, staining, water proofing, &c., leather.

Class 108.—Artificial Leather, &c.—Imitation leather, waterproof canvas, and tarpaulin.

Group xxi.—INDIA-RUBBER AND GUTTA-PERCHA, &c.

(For use of gutta-percha, &c., in electrical insulation, *see* Group xiii.; for artificial leather, *see* Group xx.; for kamptulicon, *see* Group xxi.)

Class 109.—Machinery for treating India-Rubber and Gutta-Percha.—Washing machines, rasps, masticators, mixing machines, vulcanizers, spreading machines, thread-making machines, wire-covering machines; machines for manufacturing rubber goods, pressers, moulds, &c., appliances for stereotyping in rubber.

Class 110.—Application of India-Rubber and Gutta-Percha.—Waterproof goods, elastic webbing; articles of unvulcanized and vulcanized rubber and gutta-percha, and fabrics prepared therewith; ebonite, vulcanite, and articles made therefrom; complex or insertion goods; kamptulicon, &c.; cements; grinding wheels; bottle-stoppers; printing rollers.

Class III.—Substitutes for India-Rubber and Gutta-Percha, materials used in their treatment, &c.—Natural substances available as substitutes; artificial substitutes; combinations of rubber or gutta-percha with other materials; rubber, &c., from new sources of supply; pigments, solvents, &c., used in the manufacture; celluloid and other preparations of nitrated cellulose.

Group xxii.—FURNITURE AND ACCESSORIES—FANCY GOODS.

(For bronzes and alloys, *see* Group ii; for household fixtures, *see* also Group iii; for manufacture of carpets, *see* Group ix; for rug and mat-making, *see* also Group ix; for glass and china, *see* Group xxiii; for paper hangings, *see* Group xxvi).

* *Class 112.—Furniture and Upholstery.*—Articles of furniture; machinery and processes used in their production; frames for pictures and mirrors; safes.

* *Class 113.—Floor coverings and Wall-coverings (other than Paper-hangings).*—Oil-cloth; linoleum, kamptulicon; mats and matting; material, appliances and processes used in their manufacture.

Class 114.—Artistic and Ornamental Metal-work.—Goldsmiths' and Silversmiths' work electroplate; ornamental bronzes; appliances used in the manufacture.

Class 115.—Trunks, Portmanteaux, &c.—Dressings bags and cases; ivory, horn and bone goods; travelling equipments.

Class 116.—Basket-work.—Appliances for use in the manufactures.

Class 117.—Brushes.—Materials, machines and appliances used in the manufacture; methods of brush-making.

Class 118.—Umbrellas, Parasols, and Walking Sticks.—Machinery, &c., used in their manufacture.

Group xxiii.—POTTERY AND GLASS.

(For optical glass, *see* Group xxviii; for glass apparatus, *see* Group xviii).

Class 119.—Kilns and Furnaces.

Class 120.—Bricks, Tiles, Earthenware, &c.—Terracotta; architectural pottery; fire-clay goods; crucibles; drain-pipes, chemical and similar stoneware; materials, machinery, and apparatus.

* *Class 121.—Porcelain, Majolica, and Artistic Pottery.*—Biscuit ware, faience; Parian; materials, machinery, and apparatus.

Class 122.—Crown, Sheet, and Plate Glass.—Window glass, mirrors, stained glass; glass mosaic; materials, machinery, and apparatus.

Class 123.—Bottles, Table Glass, Toughened Glass, &c.—Materials, machinery, and apparatus.

Group xxiv.—CUTLERY, IRONMONGERY, &c.

(For nail and screw-making machinery, *see* Section x.)

Class 124.—Cutlery and Tools.—Engineer's, carpenter's, joiner's, &c., tools.

Class 125.—Surgical Instruments and Appliances.

Class 126.—Files and Rasps.—File-cutting machines.

Class 127.—Hardware.—Hollowware; ornamental casting; locks and bolts.

Class 128.—Screws, Nails, &c.—Pikes, hinges; furniture fittings.

Group xxv.—FIRE-ARMS, MILITARY WEAPONS AND EQUIPMENT; EXPLOSIVES.

(For fortification, *see* Group iii; for torpedo boats, *see* Group vii; for special articles mentioned under "military equipments," *see* also respective classes.)

Class 129.—Ordnance.—Heavy guns and means of working them; carriages and accessories; naval, siege, field, and mountain guns; machine guns; mitrailleuses; shells, and apparatus for their manufacture; apparatus used in testing, in measuring velocity, pressures, recoil, &c.

Class 130.—Fuses, Detonators.—Appliances for firing guns, and for exploding shells, signal lights, war and signal rockets, life-saving rockets.

Class 131.—Guns, Rifles, Pistols.—Military and sporting guns and rifles; revolvers; magazine guns; harpoon guns; air guns; machinery used in the manufacture of small arms; proving apparatus; targets.

Class 132.—Swords, Bayonets, Sappers' Tools, &c.—Entrenching tools; shields; lances; dirks.

Class 133.—Gunpowder and Ammunition.—Explosives generally, and apparatus used in their manufacture and testing; cartridges; cartridge cases.

Class 134.—Torpedoes.—Submarine and subterranean, torpedoes and mines, methods of laying, firing, and removing the same; naval torpedoes, means of carrying, projecting and firing the same.

Class 135.—Telemeters.—Range-finders for artillery and submarine mine service.

**Class 136.—Military Equipment.*—Photographic, telegraphic, pontoon, mining, signalling, hospital equipment; transport service.

**Explosive substances will under no circumstances be admitted. They must be represented by dummies or models.*

Group xxvi.—PAPER, PRINTING, BOOK-BINDING, STATIONERY, &C.

(For applications of photography to printing, *see* also Group xxix.)

Class 137.—Machines and Processes for the Manufacture of Paper, Paste Board and Papier-Mâché.—Materials; manufacture of "half stuff;" washing, beating, and bleaching engines; agitators, strainers, moulds; methods, &c., of glazing and planishing; methods of treating waste papers; appliances, &c., for treating and moulding papier-mâché; manufacture of artificial parchment; recovery of waste products, and preventing the pollution of streams.

Class 138.—Machines, &c., for cutting, folding, and Ornamenting Paper.—Stamping, embossing; envelope and bag-making; manufacture of playing cards; chromo-lithography paper box machines; marbling; perforating; ruling; waterproofing; enamelling.

Class 139.—Paper hangings.—Printing machines; apparatus for engraving, printing rollers materials; tests for injurious materials.

Class 140.—Letter Press and other Printing.—Printing machines and presses; glazing and hot-pressing apparatus; apparatus, &c., for type-founding; lithographic machinery, materials, &c., stereotyping apparatus, &c., methods of anastatic printing; process blocks from autographic drawings; wood blocks; engraving machines; machines for cutting wood letter; type-setting machines, numbering machines, printers' furniture and locking-up appliances; production of printing surfaces; methods of printing cheques, bank-notes, &c.

Class 141.—Book-binding, Manufacture of Portfolios, &c., Applications of Papier-Mâché.—Materials; book-binding machines, wire-stitching machines, cutting presses, rounding machines, backing machines, arming presses, account books, desks, cases, &c., for stationery, &c.; purses.

Class 142.—Artists' Implements and Materials.—Pencils, brushes, colours and varnishes easels, crayons, palettes, palette knives, drawing boards, drawing instruments, pencil sharpeners.

Class 143.—Writing Materials and Appliances.—Type-writers; manifold writers; copying presses and processes; processes for multiplying copies of M.S.; pens; ink; penholders; inkstands; sealing-wax; stationery.

Group xxvii.—CLOCKS, WATCHES, AND OTHER TIME-KEEPERS.

(For electrical clocks, *see* also Group xiii.)

Class 144.—Clocks.—Timepieces and other domestic clocks; regulators and astronomical clocks; watchman's, calendar, turret, electrical and pneumatic clocks; hour-glasses, sundials, water-clocks.

Class 145.—Time Signals, &c.—Methods of controlling and synchronising clocks; apparatus for the distribution and signalling of time; also for the determination of time by astronomical observations.

Class 146.—Watches and chronometers.—Examples illustrative of stages of manufacture and of the different types of watches and of chronometers; keyless, chronograph, repeating, calendar, and other forms of watches.

Class 147.—Tools, &c.—Lathes and mandrils; wheel-cutting engines; machine tools for producing the several parts of watches on the "interchangeable" system; various hand-tools used in the manufacture and repair of clocks and watches; gauges and templates; appliances used in case-making.

Group xxviii.—PHILOSOPHICAL INSTRUMENTS AND APPARATUS.

(For testing machinery, *see* Group iii; for commercial weighing apparatus, *see* Group xi; for practical applications of electrical apparatus, *see* Group xiii.; for industrial applications of chemistry, *see* Group xiv.)

Class 148.—Optical.—Lenses, prisms, telescopes, microscopes and accessories, spectrosopes, polarisopes, polarimeters, stereoscopes, photographic lenses, spectacles, eye-glasses, optical glass.

Class 149.—Astronomical.—Telescopes (astronomical) transit instruments, equatorials, mural circles, driving clocks, siderostats, heliostats, altazimuths, methods of fitting observatories and mounting instruments.

Class 150.—Physical.—Aoustic apparatus, tuning forks, sirens, phonautographs, phonographs; apparatus connected with molecular physics, air-pumps, manometers, radiometers; apparatus for measuring, &c., heat, thermometers, pyrometers, calorimeters; photometers; kinematic, static and dynamical apparatus, mechanics.

Class 151.—Electrical.—Friction and induction machines, batteries and other sources of electricity, Leyden jars, condensers, electroscopes, electrometers, galvanometers, voltmeters, dynamometers, magnetometers, rheostats, resistances, electrical units, induction coils, thermopiles, vacuum tubes.

Class 152.—Chemical.—Thermometers, hydrometers, pyrometers, furnaces, blowpipe apparatus, assaying apparatus, apparatus for organic analysis, for gas and inorganic analysis, and for volumetric analysis, laboratory fittings and apparatus generally, balances, reagents.

Class 153.—Mathematical.—Calculating machines, indicating and registering apparatus, pedometers, counting machines, slide rules, planimeters, drawing instruments, ellipsographs, straight-edges, gauges, surface planes, dividing engines, pantographs, eidographs.

***Class 154.—Meteorological.**—Barometers, thermometers, rain-gauges, monometers, hygrometers, aneroids, anemometers, ozonometers, storm signalling apparatus.

Class 155.—Geographical.—Surveying apparatus, theodolites, chains, levels; underground surveying apparatus; apparatus for hydrographic surveying, and for marine investigations and observations; hypsometrical instruments, tide gauges; seismographical apparatus; projections, maps, charts, models, and globes.

***Class 156.—Nautical.**—Sextants, quadrants, sounding apparatus, logs, compasses.

Class 157.—Weighing and Measuring.—Weights, scales, balances; measures of length, graduated scales, verniers, steel tapes; measures of capacity; instruments for angular measurement, clinometers, goniometers.

Class 158.—Biological.—Apparatus for anatomical research; physiological apparatus; apparatus for collecting and preserving natural history specimens.

Group xxix.—PHOTOGRAPHY.

(For applications of photography to printing, see also Group xxvi.; for photographic lenses, see Group xxviii.)

Class 159.—Processes and their results.—Methods of gelatino-bromide plate-making, apparatus for making emulsion, apparatus for separating the sensitive constituent, coating, drying and packing machines; emulsion and other processes; printing processes, silver, carbon, Woodbury-type, platinotype, gelatino-bromide, collodio-chloride of silver, &c.; apparatus for washing, &c.; prints and negatives; methods for making photographic lantern slides.

Class 160.—Apparatus (excluding lenses).—Cameras, shutters, changing-boxes, slides, tents, lamps; apparatus for making enlargements and for micro-photography.

Class 161.—Application of Photography to various purposes, Typography, Ceramics, Relief-moulds, &c.—Method of producing printing surfaces; photographic enamels, photographic printing on pottery; photographic reliefs. Use of photography in self-recording apparatus, in scientific observations, &c.

Group xxx.—EDUCATIONAL APPARATUS.

Class 162.—Models and Apparatus.—Appliances used in primary, scientific, technical, and artistic instruction.

Group xxxi.—TOYS, SPORTS, &c.

(For sporting guns, see Group xxv.)

Class 163.—Toys, Games, and Exercises.—Out-door games; gymnastic apparatus; skates, artificial skating surfaces; in-door games; billiard tables.

***Class 164.—Field Sports.**—Apparatus used in hunting, fishing, shooting, &c.; traps for animals, birds, vermin, &c.

Class 165.—Scenic and Dramatic Effects.—Theatrical fittings and apparatus; optical (magic) lanterns and apparatus for illuminating them.

DIVISION II.—MUSIC.

Group xxxii.—INSTRUMENTS AND APPLIANCES CONSTRUCTED OR IN USE SINCE 1800.

Class 166.—Organs.—Details of construction; machines for blowing, hydraulic or otherwise; details of mechanism and the construction of pipes; pneumatic apparatus for keyboards and couplers, electric appliances, designs for organs, designs for organ-cases.

Class 167.—Harmoniums.—American organs, vocalions, concertinas, accordions, varieties of reeds and air-channels, details of construction.

Class 168.—Wind Orchestral Instruments.—(a) Wood: (b) Brass.

Class 169.—Pianofortes.—(Grand, square, and upright.)—Models of framings, castings, models of action, pedal appliances, mechanical devices for tuning and transposing, wire and other material used in construction designs for cases.

Class 170.—Violins, and instruments of the Violin family.—Bows, strings, and inventions connected with these instruments.

Class 171.—Harps.

Class 172.—Automatic and Barrel Instruments.

Class 173.—Drums, Cymbals, and other instruments of percussion.

Class 174.—Bells and Carillons.

Class 175.—National Instruments of all countries not ordinarily used in orchestras.

Class 176.—Sirens, Tuning Forks, Pitch Pipes, Tonometers, and appliances for the determination of pitch.

Class 177.—Miscellaneous Musical Appliances—Metronomes, desks, seats, appliances for forming the hand; instruments for recording improvisation.

Group xxxiii.—MUSIC ENGRAVING AND PRINTING.

Class 178.—Printed and Engraved Music, and Machines and appliances for its Production.

Group xxxiv.—HISTORIC COLLECTIONS.

Class 179.—Musical Instruments and Appliances.

Class 180.—Pictures, Engravings, and Drawings of Musical Subjects.

A separate Form to
be used for Division
2 (Music).

INTERNATIONAL INVENTIONS EXHIBITION, LONDON, 1885.

APPLICATION TO EXHIBIT IN DIVISION I.—INVENTIONS.

To the Secretary of the International Inventions Exhibition,
South Kensington, London, S.W.

Please allot me the following amount of space for the exhibition of articles illustrating my invention described on the next page.

Floor space _____ square feet.

Counter _____ feet run.

Wall space _____ square feet.

In case of my application being granted (in whole or in part) I declare that I will adhere to the published Regulations of the Exhibition

Signature _____

Address _____

Date _____

INSTRUCTIONS.

A.—Applications for space for articles belonging to different groups must be made upon separate forms. Additional copies of the form can be obtained of the Secretary.

B.—This form should be sent in to the Secretary not later than the 15th September 1884.

C.—If the application be approved by the Executive Council, the applicant will be informed at the earliest possible date. The final allotment of space will be made about the 1st December 1884.

D.—Space will be allotted to approved applications according to merit of invention.

E.—It is particularly requested that the description be made as complete as possible, as it will form the basis of the catalogue entry.

F.—Attention is directed to the extract from the Regulations on the fourth page.

DIVISION I.
APPLICATION TO EXHIBIT.

Name _____

Address _____

GROUP _____

Title of invention.		
Group in which it is desired to exhibit	If the applicant desires that a reference to the exhibit should appear in the Catalogue under other groups besides the class in which the exhibit is shown, such groups should be given here.	
Special features of novelty ; reasons for applying to exhibit; explanations and general remarks.		
If patented, give date and official number of Specification of Patent.	If not patented, give date of invention, and reference to any published description.	
State whether it is proposed to show machines, models, parts of machines, specimens, examples, products, &c.		
If it is desired to illustrate a manufacturing process, state its nature.		
State whether it is desired to show a machine, &c., at work, and give particulars		

Form No. 4.

GROUP _____

A separate Form to be
used for Division I
(Inventions).

INTERNATIONAL INVENTIONS EXHIBITION, LONDON, 1885.

APPLICATION TO EXHIBIT IN DIVISION II.—MUSIC.

*To the Secretary of the International Inventions Exhibition,
South Kensington, London, S. W.*

*Please allot me in Group _____ (see foot-note A.) for the exhibition of Articles
as under, in accordance with the Regulations which I have perused.*

Floor space _____ feet × _____ feet.

Counter Space _____ feet run.

Wall space _____ feet × _____ feet.

Number and Description of Articles (see foot-note B.)

*In case of my application being granted (in whole or in part) I declare that I will adhere
to the published Regulations of the Exhibition.*

Name _____

Address _____

Date _____

INSTRUCTIONS.

A.—Applications for Space for Articles belonging to different groups must be made upon separate forms. Additional copies of the form can be obtained of the Secretary.

B.—This form should be sent into the Secretary not later than the 15th September 1884.

C.—If the application be approved by the Executive Council, the applicant will be informed at the earliest possible date. The final allotment of space will be made about the 1st December 1884.

D.—Space will be allotted to approved applications according to merit of invention.

E.—It is particularly requested that the description be made as complete as possible as it will form the basis of the Catalogue entry.

CLASSIFICATION.

DIVISION II.—MUSIC.

Group xxxii.—INSTRUMENTS AND APPLIANCES CONSTRUCTED OR IN USE SINCE 1800.

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* *Class 167.—Harmoniums.*—American organs, vocalions, concertinas, accordions, varieties of reeds and air-channels, details of construction.

Class 168.—Wind Orchestral Instruments.—(a) Wood; (b) Brass.

Class 169.—Pianofortes (grand, square and upright).—Models of framings, castings models of actions, pedal appliances, mechanical devices for tuning and transposing, wire and other material used in construction, designs for cases.

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Group xxxiii.—MUSIC ENGRAVING AND PRINTING.

Class 178.—Printed and Engraved Music, and Machines and Appliances for its Production

Group xxxiv.—HISTORIC COLLECTIONS.

Class 172.—Musical Instruments and Appliances.

Class 180.—Pictures, Engravings, and Drawings of Musical subjects.

NOTES.

[*Extracted from the Regulations, which see for fuller instructions.*]

Division I of the Exhibition will be devoted to apparatus, appliances, processes, and products invented, or brought into use since 1862.

Division II will consist of examples of musical instruments of a date not earlier than the commencement of the present century; and of Historic collections of musical instruments and appliances, and paintings, engravings and drawings representing musical subjects, without any restriction as to date.

A separate form of application will be supplied for *Division II (Music)*.

Manufactured articles or products will only be admitted in so far as they may be necessary to illustrate an improved method of manufacture, or an improvement in the machine or process by which they are produced.

Exhibitors should state fully in their application form the features of novelty in respect of which they offer any article for exhibition.

Untried and unpatented inventions will not be accepted unless recommended by a competent authority.

When the invention relates to parts only of a machine, the whole machine will not be admitted, unless the improvement (in respect of which the machine is offered for exhibition) cannot be sufficiently well shown without the exhibition of the entire apparatus, or unless in the opinion of the Executive Council the exhibit is of such special interest as to render its admission desirable.

Inasmuch as the scope of this Exhibition is very extensive, while the total area available is limited, it will be necessary to restrict as much as possible the space available for each exhibitor. It will, therefore, be preferable that inventions should (as far as practicable) be generally illustrated by models, which in the case of an entire machine may be accompanied by actual examples of the parts improved.

The classification is not to be considered as exhaustive. Where there appears to be no head under which an invention may come, the exhibitor should apply for space in the group most nearly cognate.

In cases where an invention may come within the scope of several distinct groups, the Exhibitor is at liberty to enumerate the groups into which he considers it should come, in order that reference may be made to it in the different sections of the Catalogue; but duplicate exhibits will not be admitted.

Except under exceptional circumstances, no applications will be entertained for space for objects which have been shown in the Smoke Abatement Exhibition, 1881; the Fisheries Exhibition, 1883; or the Exhibition of Health and Education, 1884. The space allotted to Agricultural Exhibits will be strictly limited.

There will be no charge for space.

RESOLUTION.

The co-operation of the Government of India having been invited by the authorities of the International Inventions Exhibition to be opened at London in May 1885, under the Presidency of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, intimation is hereby given that any inquiries which intending exhibitors may wish to make should be addressed to Baboo TROYLOKHYA NATH Mukharji, the Officer in charge of the Exhibition Branch of this Department, Calcutta.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of the Resolution be forwarded to the several Local Governments and Administrations noted in the margin for publication in the local Gazettes, and that a copy be published for general information in the Supplement to the <i>Gazette of India</i> .	
Madras.	Punjab.
Bombay.	Central Provinces.
Bengal.	British Burmah.
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	Assam.
	Borah.

Ordered also that a copy be forwarded to the Home Department for information, and to the Press Commissioner for communication to newspapers.

Ordered also that a copy be forwarded to the Foreign Department for communication, if thought desirable, to Native Chiefs.

J. HOLDERNESS,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PROPOSAL TO DIVIDE THE DISTRICT OF MIDNAPORE INTO TWO DISTRICTS.

The 15th November 1884.—The following is published for general information.

A. P. MACDONNELL,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

No. 155, dated Chinsurah, the 18th April 1884.

From—JOHN BEAMES, Esq., Commissioner of the Burdwan Division,

To—The Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces

IN reply to your No. 804A., dated 25th May 1883, paragraph 6, I have the honour to submit my proposals for dividing the district of Midnapore into two. The proposal might more correctly be described as one for the revival of the old zillah of Hijlee, which down to the year 1836 constituted a separate district. It is this which, with some trifling modifications, it is now proposed to restore.

2. It is admitted both by Government and the Board that the district of Midnapore, as at present constituted, is too large to be efficiently managed by one district officer aided by the usual staff. This opinion is based not only upon the statistics of area and population, but upon the figures which show the amount of work arising yearly, and upon the still more important consideration of the physical impossibility of one Collector's adequately supervising the multifarious concerns of so extensive a charge. It will be advisable here to discuss each of these three points in detail, as the Board, to whom this report is submitted, has no official cognizance of matters not directly connected with the revenue administration of the district.

3. First, as to area and population. The area of Midnapore is 5,082 square miles. Excluding the thinly-peopled non-regulation districts, a great part of which consists of wild hill and jungle, and confining the comparison to the settled and populous regulation districts, it appears that Midnapore is now the second in size in Bengal, being exceeded only by Mymensingh. The population is 2,517,802, and in this respect Midnapore stands fourth, being surpassed by Mymensingh, Durbhunga, and Mozufferpore only. I take these figures from volume I, page 87, of the census report of 1881.

4. These figures speak for themselves. To any one who is acquainted with the nature and amount of the work which has to be done by a Collector and his staff in these provinces in the present day it is unnecessary to point out how well nigh impossible it must be for even the most vigorous and able officer satisfactorily to administer a district of more than five thousand square miles in extent with close upon 2½ millions of inhabitants. The task is rendered still more difficult by the fact that the people of Midnapore are by no means easy to deal with, being addicted to organized opposition and passive resistance to the officers of Government to a degree which fortunately is rarely found in other parts of Bengal.

5. Secondly, as to the amount of an ordinary every-day work. The statements appended to this report give the actual figures for the last three years in respect of both criminal and revenue work.

6. Statements I.A. and I.B. show the number of cognizable and non-cognizable criminal cases respectively. As the Board are doubtless aware, cognizable cases are those which are investigated by the police on the complaint of the person injured. Non-cognizable are those in which the complainant addresses himself at once to the Magistrate, and in which, save under exceptional circumstances, the police take no action. The statements show the cases of both kinds in Midnapore and the other districts of this division. For purposes of comparison, I have also given the figures for three of the heaviest districts in other parts of Bengal, viz., 24-Pergunnahs, Mymensingh, and Backergunge.

7. I have no desire to draw a highly coloured picture, nor is it in the slightest degree necessary for me to endeavour to make the work appear heavier than it is. I have therefore no hesitation in admitting that the criminal cases in Midnapore are not of an exceptionally intricate or difficult nature, but the mere number of them is sufficient to occupy a very large portion of the time of the magisterial officers, and proportionately reduces the time they can spare for revenue and general work.

8. There are 25 police thanas in Midnapore, and I believe some 40 or more outposts. The District Superintendent has to visit all these several times a year, and it is beyond the power of one man to do all this work and still to keep proper control over the general police work of the district. As a consequence of the inability of the District Superintendent to watch the work of so many thanas, the Magistrate also, who depends on the District Superintendent for his information in police matters, is prevented from keeping the necessary check on police work, and in many parts of Midnapore, especially in those which are far away from head-quarters, police work has become very lax and unsatisfactory. The Inspector-General of Police is fully aware of this, and strongly supports my views as to the necessity of dividing the district into two.

9. Statement II shows the revenue business of Midnapore as compared with the same districts as are shown in the criminal statements, and covers the last three years. The very

large excess of cases as compared with other districts is, it will be seen, partly due to certificate cases; though even excluding these there is a very heavy file of ordinary cases.

10. Of course much of the certificate work is due to the agitation for reduction of rents that has for some time been going on in the extensive estates of Jellamootha and Majnamootha, and it might be argued that with the disappearance of this agitation the work would become lighter. This is undoubtedly true; only we cannot tell when the resistance to Government demands will cease; and even if it should become less pronounced after a time, there will always be a very large quantity of certificate work. It is a singular comment on the way in which our legislation affects the people that the certificate procedure, which was introduced for the purpose of coercing recalcitrant defaulters into paying their dues to Government, has in many districts (and notably in Midnapore) been accepted by the people as an additional means of resistance. People who would have paid up without coercive measures in former times now almost insist on those coercive measures being taken against them, and will not pay till all the formalities of the law have been complied with. I therefore consider it very improbable that there will be any marked diminution of certificate work in Midnapore for a long time to come.

11. It will be seen that the columns showing work under the rent laws are now blank; but this state of things will be much altered should the new Tenancy Bill become law, and especially if a cadastral survey and record-of-rights should be undertaken. The immense increase of work which would result from these measures must be borne in mind as likely to affect the problem of the administration of Midnapore in the immediate future.

12. I would also call attention to the immense amount of work shown under the head of "Miscellaneous business disposed of," which for all the three years embraced by the statement largely exceeds that of all the other districts with which the comparison has been made.

13. This is most laborious and important part of the Collector's work. Under this head are shown all the long consultations involving much careful thought and enquiry imposed upon the Collector by his general administrative duties. These are the management of 18 wards' estates, some of them of considerable extent; that of the very numerous khas mehals; the revenue survey now going on; the Salt Department; irrigation and collection of water-rates; the pleadings in Government suits; the road cess; education; municipalities; the difficult and complicated work connected with embankments and drainage questions; and other matters of minor importance.

14. It is impossible to give by figures an idea of the amount of work that all these things involve, but Government and the Board are too well aware of the ever-increasing burden of reports, appeals, enquiries, and the rest, for it to be necessary for me to dilate further on this point.

15. I wish, however, to call attention to the fact that Midnapore, while it is almost the largest district in Bengal, is also one where miscellaneous, political, and administrative work is the heaviest, and it is one in which, in addition to the ordinary calls upon a Collector's time and attention, there are also very heavy special departments which do not exist at all, or to a very much less extent, in other districts; such are salt, canals, embankments, and khas mehals.

16. I trust I have now said enough to prove that the Midnapore district is too large and the work too heavy to be managed by one district officer and staff. I will now proceed to explain the reasons for the division into two districts which I am proposing.

17. There are only two possible methods of division as far as I can see—that proposed by me, and another which has been mentioned by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, and which, coming from so high a source, demands respectful consideration.

18. This latter proposal has not been precisely defined, but its general scope is to take a portion or the whole of the Tumlook subdivision of Midnapore and add it to Howrah, and then to erect Howrah into a full Collectorship, instead of as it is at present a revenue subdivision under the Collector of Hooghly.

19. There are, however, I beg respectfully to submit, many grave objections to this measure. In the first place Tumlook is separated from Howrah by the Koopnarain river. This is a broad tidal estuary, in most places nearly two miles wide, and at most times of the year dangerous to cross owing to the force of the tide and the numerous and shifting sandbanks. The new district would be cut in two by this large river, and regular communications between the two halves would be always difficult and often impossible.

20. Secondly, the people of Tumlook would have just cause for complaint if severed from the rest of the tract to which their district geographically belongs. It matters little whether we put them under Midnapore or under Contai, but to put them under the distinct and alien jurisdiction of Howrah would be hard upon them in a variety of ways.

21. Thirdly, the district so constituted would be a very straggling, amorphous entity. It would be about 60 miles long and about 20 broad, having thus about 1,200 square miles of area cut in two by a big river and inhabited by two entirely dissimilar races—pure Bengalis in the one-half—Midnapurians (a mixed race—half Bengali, half Ooriya) in the other.

22. Fourthly, the relief granted to Midnapore by this step would be comparatively small. Only an area of 600 square miles would be withdrawn from that district, and an area, moreover, in which there is comparatively little work. What is imperatively demanded by the necessities of the case is the separation of Midnapore from Contai. So long as these two heavy areas are left united there will be undue pressure of work, and no perceptible relief will be gained by snipping off odd corners like Tumlook.

23. Lastly, the Hooghly district is already a very small one, and though the density of its population gives it certain importance, yet the population is not one that gives much work to the Magistrate or to the Collector. Hooghly could well take in the magisterial work of Howrah and yet not be anything like as heavy as the 24-Pergunnahs, not to speak of other districts.

24. For the above reasons I strongly deprecate any attempt to solve the problem by uniting Tumlook and Howrah. I am convinced, after much careful study of the question, that the true solution lies in restoring the old Hijlee district, or to put it in terms of existing administrative units, making two districts, one of which shall contain the present subdivisions of Midnapore and Ghattal and the other those of Contai and Tumlook. I may here mention that ever since the amalgamation of the two districts, the Hijlee records have been kept apart from those of Midnapore in the Collector's record-room. There would therefore be no difficulty, delay, or expense in sending them back to Contai.

25. There would thus be two districts, not indeed of equal size, but of very nearly equal importance as regards work. The excess area of the future district of Midnapore over that of Hijlee is accounted for by the fact that a considerable tract in the western portion of the former is sparsely populated hill and jungle. I give below the area, population, and revenue of the two districts—

				Area in square mile.	Population.	Revenue.		Road and Public Works Cons.	
						Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Midnapore	...	...	...	3,484	1,483,532	12,09,280	3 10	1,70,078	10 6
Hijlee	...	...	...	1,589	1,034,270	12,96,949	9 11	1,11,903	5 6

26. A few unimportant changes are required in the boundaries of the subdivisions; these are the following:—The transfer of thana Danton from Midnapore subdivision to that of Contai: the people of Danton have longstanding relations with Contai: all their export trade goes in that direction. There are numerous civil cases between Danton and Contai people arising out of this traffic, which already large will soon be very much larger, owing to the opening of the Orissa Coast canal. From local enquiries which I made when last at Midnapore, I learnt that the people of Danton, if they had to choose between Midnapore and Contai, would very much prefer union with the latter. The transfer of this thana to Contai would be a great relief to the sudder subdivision of Midnapore, which already contains 11 thanas, and would not overburden Contai, which only contains six.

27. The thana of Panskoorah, now under Tumlook, will have to be transferred to Midnapore sudder. The Orissa Trunk Road, from Calcutta to Cuttack, and the Midnapore Canal both run through this thana, and afford easy communication with Midnapore. It would be a hardship to compel the people of this thana to take their cases into Contai, which is a long way off, and has no road or river communication with their country, while Midnapore is so near and so easily accessible. The removal of this thana will leave the town of Tumlook quite at the northern end of the subdivision, but I do not propose any change in the subdivisional head-quarters at present. If the Roopnarain goes on cutting into its right bank as it is doing now, Tumlook will be washed away in a few years, and as simultaneously with this event the Orissa Coast canal will be open for traffic, the importance of Tumlook as a centre of trade will cease. The merchants will probably move to the head of the canal at Gheokhali, which is already becoming a place of some importance, and it will probably, in any case (I mean whether Midnapore is divided into two or not), be advisable to move the subdivisional head-quarters to that place, which is fairly central. This, however, is a point which may be left for future consideration.

28. The small pergunnah of Moynachour, which is now in the sudder subdivision, but which runs down in a point to within a very short distance of Tumlook, should be included in that subdivision. These few changes would round off the Hijlee district, and leave a good working boundary between that and Midnapore. In the annexed map I have shown the boundaries of the two districts as proposed above. I also submit an old map of 1845, in which the two districts of Midnapore and Hijlee are shown as they formerly existed. The Collector has unfortunately rather spoilt the map by painting all over it the present subdivisions; but the Board will be able to distinguish in spite of this the old Hijlee district, which is indicated by a wash of purple. Allowing for the changes that have occurred since 1845 on the Orissa frontier, it will be seen that the modern Hijlee district, as proposed by me, does not differ very markedly from the old one, and this is an important point, as the people will be more easily reconciled to a return to the old arrangements, which yet live in the memory of the older inhabitants, than they would be to one which was entirely new and strange to them.

29. I now approach the most important part of the subject—the question of the cost of the proposed measure, and how it may best be met. The figures I shall submit have taken some time to collect, and will of course be closely scrutinized both in the Board's office and in the Secretariat. I believe that they will be found substantially correct.

30. The first thing I propose to do is to abolish the Howrah Magistracy. This will set free the cost of a District Magistrate and his establishment and that of a District Superintendent of Police and his establishment. These two officers and their staff could then be trans-

ferred bodily to Contai, and as Howrah would sink into a subdivision of Hooghly the Contai subdivisional staff could be transferred to Howrah. So far there would be no extra expense. The Howrah revenue establishment is, however, only that of a subdivision; there would therefore have to be provided the difference between a subdivisional and district establishment on the revenue side for Contai. We have also, as I shall show presently, to provide for a criminal court for Howrah. I shall now explain these various points in detail.

31. First as to Howrah. Its present position is in the highest degree embarrassing and anomalous. On the revenue side it is a subdivision, and the officer in charge is called the Covenanted Deputy Collector, and is subordinate to the Collector of Hooghly. On the magisterial side he is, however, a full Magistrate, and the post is always held by an officer graded as a Magistrate and Collector. It not unfrequently happens that the district officer of Howrah is much senior in the service to the district officer of Hooghly, under whom he has to serve in revenue matters, and although I am happy to say that in general the good feeling of the officers concerned leads them to avoid all friction, yet things have at times come perilously near to open dispute, and the position is often very strained. At one time some three years ago the post of Magistrate and Covenanted Deputy Collector of Howrah was held by an officer of 20 years' standing, who had officiated as Commissioner, while that of Collector of Hooghly was held by an officer of 10 years' standing, the Junior Officiating Collector on the list, and whose substantive status was only that of Assistant Collector.

32. This latter officer naturally shrunk from issuing orders to one so much his senior, and though the former loyally carried out all orders issued to him, he thought himself fully justified in remonstrating in a tone of superior knowledge and experience whenever he thought that his youthful superior was mistaken. Later on, between the Collector of Hooghly and another Covenanted Deputy Collector of Howrah, there arose a difference of opinion on road cess matters, which was carried to a very regrettable extent, and which I had much difficulty in adjusting.

33. It will, I think, be admitted that it is not advisable to perpetuate an arrangement which places two officers in such delicate relations, and under which the proper discharge of public duties can only be secured by considerable sacrifice on both sides. In some respects the situation has been improved of late years by conferring on the Covenanted Deputy Collector the powers of a Collector, as for instance, in the Land Acquisition, License Tax, and Salt Departments. In the Excise Department there is a somewhat bewildering difference of practice. As regards the rural parts of his jurisdiction, the Covenanted Deputy Collector is subject to the Collector of Hooghly, and excise matters are managed by the Excise Deputy Collector of that district, who never knows exactly to whom he ought to report. If he reports direct to the Collector, then the Covenanted Deputy Collector has fair reason for complaining that he is kept in ignorance of what is going on. If he reports to the Covenanted Deputy Collector, an additional stage, involving much delay, is added to the transmission of the report before it reaches the Collector, and there arises the anomaly that the Excise Deputy Collector of Hooghly reports to an officer to whom he is not in any way subordinate.

34. In regard to the Municipality of Howrah the position is still more peculiar, for in that area the excise matters are under the Collector of Calcutta, from whose orders appeals lie direct to me, so that the Covenanted Deputy Collector has no voice at all in the matter. This gives rise to much friction, as Howrah swarms with cheap hotels, drinking bars, and low grogshops, over which the officer at Howrah has no control, though he has full power to interfere in his capacity of Magistrate. When he does so, there arises an outcry from the Collector of Calcutta and his subordinate.

35. I will not prolong this report by detailing all the difficulties and confusion that arise from the anomalous position of the officer in charge of Howrah. I will merely say that they are endless and of constant occurrence and constitute an anomaly of the greatest magnitude. It may, however, be added that owing probably to the proximity of Howrah to Calcutta it frequently happens that an officer is posted there merely for a short time, while waiting for a permanent appointment, so that changes are very frequent. Some two years ago the Municipal Commissioners of Howrah presented a petition to Government, in which they pointed out that within the preceding three years the post of district officer had been held by no less than 28 officers. During the year 1883 also six officers in succession have held this post.

36. One other remark will suffice to conclude this part of the subject. The Magistrate of Howrah is frequently employed on duties beyond his district. He is one of the Port Commissioners of Calcutta. He sits as Judge for the Trial of Pilots. He is put on Commissions for various purposes connected with shipping and other matters. All these occupations draw him away from his duties as a district officer, and in many, if not all of them, he is independent of the Commissioner of the Division, who cannot insist on his doing his district work, no matter how much in arrears it may be, because he is acting in some other capacity under the direct orders of Government.

37. Considering that Howrah is now a large town, containing upwards of one hundred thousand inhabitants, and that those inhabitants are engaged in purely urban occupations, and have no sort of connection with the rural population, I think it will be admitted that the best organization for this town will be that prevailing in the capital and its other suburbs, with which Howrah is now so closely connected.

38. The existing confused and confusing arrangements may have met the exigencies of the case when they were established 40 years ago, but they cannot do so now. In 1841

Howrah was a very inconsiderable place; now it is one of the largest towns in Bengal; and not only has the number of the inhabitants immensely increased, but their character has entirely changed. They are no longer to any great extent persons connected with the district around to whom any administrative severance from that district would cause loss or trouble. The natives are merchants, shipowners, millowners, clerks in the Calcutta offices, factory hands, petty shopkeepers. The Europeans are merchants, railway employés, and owners of factories, who have nothing whatever to do with the district.

39. Under these circumstances I think it would be found to work much better and to suit the inhabitants better if the Municipality of Howrah were placed under a Presidency Magistrate like those in Calcutta, who would have nothing to do but to try their cases all the year round; who would have no occasion to go into camp or be in danger of being called away to duties in Calcutta, or enquiries in places 30 to 40 miles off in the interior. The existing municipal police might be placed under the Commissioner of Police for Calcutta, and all the criminal cases tried by the Presidency Magistrate assisted by the already existing and numerically strong Benches of Honorary Magistrates. Excise and stamps might remain under the Collector of Calcutta, as at present.

40. The town being thus provided for, the rural area of the Howrah subdivision consisting of the two thanas of Domjoor and Jagatballabpore would become an ordinary subdivision presided over by a native Deputy Magistrate. The Hooghly district would thus

Sudder
Serampore
Howrah.
Jehanabad.
Uluberia.

have five subdivisions as noted in the margin, and even then would not have so large an area or population as the 24-Pergunnahs or Naddea, or many other districts. The head-quarters of the subdivisional officer might be at Howrah, and he might share with the Presidency Magistrate

the large three-storied building which is now used as the Magistrate's cutcherry; or if this were objectionable, he might be located at Bali or Domjoor or some place just outside municipal limits.

41. I am aware that some zemindars (who I may remark do not live in the Howrah district) have petitioned Government against the abolition of Howrah as a separate district. But apart from the fact that these gentlemen from their position are incapable of grasping or weighing all the grave political and administrative aspects of the case, it may be observed that the proposed change would not alter their position in any perceptible way. They already pay their land revenue to the Collector at Hooghly, and they would continue to do so. All other branches of the revenue administration are already conducted from Hooghly, and they would continue to be so. No alteration in the civil jurisdiction is contemplated; they would still take their civil and rent suits to the same munsifs as now. In criminal matters they have now a Covenanted Magistrate and two Deputy Magistrates with two Benches of Honorary Magistrates all sitting at Howrah. Under the proposed change they will have a Presidency Magistrate, (who may be a covenanted civilian or a barrister), a Deputy Magistrate in charge of the subdivision, and two Benches, either all sitting actually at Howrah, or all but one at Howrah, and that one only two or three miles off. Where then is the hardship of the change?

42. There can be no sentimental feeling about a place of yesterday like Howrah, such as was once urged in favour of Hooghly by those who owned house property there, and who concealed their fear of losing their tenants on the removal of the courts under poetical references to the historical associations of the place.

43. There can also be no question as to the waste of costly and scarce administrative machinery which would result from dividing the already small district of Hooghly into two with two district officers and two full sets of revenue and criminal establishments while only one district officer and an establishment is allotted to the district of Midnapore more than four times as large. Even the unnatural alliance of Tumlook to Howrah would not, as I have shown above, reduce the inequality. Government cannot afford to throw away its officers, and it would be doing so to give two districts to the small tongue of land between the Hooghly and the Hoopnarain, while the vast tract stretching from the latter to the hills of Orissa was treated only as one.

44. The cost of these changes, as compared with that of the existing arrangements, is exhibited in statement III appended. It will be seen that while the actual present cost comes to Rs. 93,720 per annum, the cost, according to my calculations of the proposed arrangements, comes only to Rs. 92,232, so that instead of an increase there will be an actual saving. This is on the supposition that only one Deputy Collector is allowed for the management of the Howrah subdivision. This, I think, will be enough when the large and populous town which gives so much criminal work is taken away.

45. The figures for the present establishments and their cost are taken from the office returns. Those for the Presidency Magistrate were furnished to me by the Judicial Department of Government, and those for the new Hijlee district are taken from the proposals for the recently established district of Khoolna, and were supplied by Government in the General Department. Even if it should be thought necessary to alter or increase my figures slightly the excess will not be very great, as it will be observed that it will be possible to effect considerable reductions in the establishments at Midnapore, when the district is reduced in size. In addition to the abstract statement III I also submit detailed statements for each of the offices, both actual and proposed, mentioned therein.

46. I have not included on either side of the account the salaries of judicial officers and their establishments, as no change is proposed in them. It will probably be necessary for the

Judge of Midnapore to visit Contai periodically to hold sessions, but no other alteration is necessary. I can give no estimate of the cost of new buildings which will be required at Contai, as this is a matter concerning which I have no information. I observe, however, that in submitting to Government of India proposals for the district of Khoolna, this item was not included by the Government of Bengal. There are already several large buildings at Contai: probably much accommodation might be provided by enlarging them.

Enclosures.

Statement	...	...	...	IA
Ditto	...	...	...	IB
Ditto	...	...	...	II
Ditto	...	...	...	II
Ditto	...	...	...	IIIA
Ditto	...	...	...	IIIB
Ditto	...	...	...	IIIC
Ditto	...	...	...	IV

Map showing the boundaries of Midnapore and Hijlee districts as proposed.
Old Map of 1845.

I.A.

Statement showing number of Cognizable Cases tried in the Districts of the Burdwan Division, as compared with the Districts of 24-Pergunnahs, Mymensingh, and Backergunge.

DISTRICTS.	1880.	1881.	1882.	Average of three years.	REMARKS.
Burdwan	2,385	2,507	2,315	2,402	
Bankoora	1,575	1,264	815	1,228	
Beorbhoom	1,518	1,340	1,300	1,296	
Midnapore	4,130	4,329	3,874	4,111	
Hooghly	3,995	4,379	4,926	4,433	
Howrah	3,445	4,258	3,197	3,633	
24-Pergunnahs	5,275	4,741	4,705	4,907	
Mymensingh	3,672	3,549	4,772	3,731	
Backergunge	3,022	2,735	2,744	2,833	

I.B.

Statement showing the number of Non-Cognizable Cases tried in the Districts of the Burdwan Division, as compared with the Districts of 24-Pergunnahs, Mymensingh, and Backergunge.

DISTRICTS.	1880.	1881.	1882.	REMARKS.
Burdwan	3,617	3,220	2,831	
Bankoora	897	818	632	
Beorbhoom	2,085	1,654	1,373	
Midnapore	4,530	4,200	4,116	
Hooghly	3,654	3,551	3,950	
Howrah	4,087	3,377	3,594	
24-Pergunnahs	4,910	4,753	4,254	
Mymensingh	3,287	3,980	4,352	
Backergunge	5,027	4,475	4,356	

II.

Statement of Collectorate business of the Burdwan Division, as compared with the Districts of 24-Pergunnahs, Mymensingh, and Backergunge for 1880-81.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31.		
Division.	Districts.	Remaining from last year.	Introduced during the year.	Total.	Settlements.	Division.	Suits under rent laws.	Applications under rent laws.	Execution of decrees under rent laws.	Notices of enhancements.	Notices of relinquishment.	Resumptions.	Mutations.	Acquisition of land for public purposes.	Excise cases.	Miscellaneous.	Miscellaneous cases connected with Government.	Pleadings prepared in Government and other suits.	Applications of all kinds under Act XI of 1859.	Appeals of all sorts to Collectors.	A application for purchase of waste lands.	Sale for arrears of revenue.	Sales of putnee talooks.	Sales of waste lands.	Claims to money in deposit.	Stamp cases.	Certificate cases.	Total.	Remaining at close of the year.	Miscellaneous business disposed of.	
Burwan	Burwan	217	5,219	5,436	15	7	...	...	...	122	272	...	613	1	17	522	...	33	153	81	...	...	57	1,900	...	177	57	414	4,473	960	18,751
	Bankura	94	1,040	1,134	5	...	...	...	...	115	59	...	127	45	110	131	...	6	10	1	...	...	3	2	...	70	35	109	825	221	10,544
	Beerbhoom	126	1,418	1,544	8	...	...	...	...	4	310	167	37	177	1	20	4	...	6	10	1	...	2	9	...	87	54	60	834	251	13,201
Presidency	Midnapore	13,974	43,304	57,278	...	...	...	...	...	165	107	...	4,274	140	...	1,754	2,713	...	105	39	...	...	11	...	...	82	113	21,791	31,314	94,569	14,899
	Hooghly with Howrah	672	2,405	3,077	13	...	...	...	...	318	530	...	303	6	4	919	...	3	45	...	...	12	...	...	134	94	408	2,730	347	17,743	
	24-Pergunnahs	1,550	7,229	8,779	19	...	...	...	...	213	219	...	1,631	9	...	1,210	...	5	...	...	...	17	4	...	190	540	1,720	6,374	2,603	21,699	
Dacca	Mymensingh	759	6,230	6,989	19	6	...	...	...	29	23	...	1,524	...	...	158	...	4	150	50	...	...	26	...	...	157	29	2,067	4,209	2,789	10,652
	Backergunge	2,142	8,372	10,514	45	9	...	...	...	2	137	89	...	1,171	...	133	135	113	12	136	7	...	...	...	231	69	4,845	7,348	3,166	26,515	

Statement of Collectorate business of the Districts of 24-Pergunnahs, Mymensingh, and Backergunge for 1881-82.

Burdwan	Burdwan	990	7,905	8,895	5	...	...	...	...	73	1,420	...	1,150	8	8	...	...	28	157	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan	Bankura	221	2,001	2,222	5	...	...	...	...	87	92	...	1,150	11	65	...	...	11	17	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan	Hooghly	710	8,333	9,043	1	...	...	...	...	112	1,201	...	1,417	3	...	...	...	601	169	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan	Midnapore	24,914	32,133	57,047	...	...	...	...	...	92	1,301	...	1,417	186	...	...	...	...	23	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan	Hooghly with Howrah	317	8,332	8,649	13	...	...	...	...	448	244	...	3,418	21	461	...	146	24	70	178	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan	24-Pergunnahs	2,406	8,332	10,738	12	...	...	...	...	448	244	...	3,418	21	461	...	146	24	70	178	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan	Mymensingh	2,740	10,106	12,846	11	...	...	...	...	65	36	...	1,298	...	215	...	24	208	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan	Backergunge	3,163	8,334	11,497	30	...	...	...	...	105	138	...	729	...	215	...	168	24	161	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Statement of Collectorate business of the Districts of 24-Pergunnahs, Mymensingh, and Backergunge for 1882-83.

Burdwan	Burdwan	1,768	6,068	7,836	9	...	...	...	...	65	2,053	...	529	5	36	...	...	37	116	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan	Bankura	374	2,846	3,220	3	...	...	...	...	60	71	...	44	2	13	...	...	9	11	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan	Hooghly	436	8,598	9,034	...	...	...	...	...	7	1,148	...	277	2	...	...	...	22	16	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan	Midnapore	25,121	35,102	60,223	2	...	...	...	...	49	544	...	767	340	...	...	...	...	213	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan	Hooghly with Howrah	1,956	8,070	10,026	7	...	...	...	...	69	245	...	461	5	...	...	...	...	37	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan	24-Pergunnahs	1,990	7,456	9,446	8	...	...	...	...	278	197	...	942	67	254	...	904	21	110	105	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan	Mymensingh	4,361	7,253	11,614	11	...	...	...	...	128	26	...	2,311	1	...	...	197	3	180	49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan	Backergunge	2,927	7,501	10,428	35	...	...	...	...	129	194	...	783	...	...	...	143	25	145	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

The statement has been prepared from the figures given in the Board's Land Revenue Report. The figures in column 23 for the years 1881-82 and 1882-83 had to be compiled from different statements. There has therefore been slight discrepancy in the figures for the districts of Hooghly, 24-Pergunnahs, and Mymensingh.

III.

Abstract statement showing present and proposed cost of establishments on the division of Midnapore in two districts.

Present cost.			Proposed cost.		
		Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.
Howrah	Magistrate and Covenanted Deputy Collector	1,800 0 0	Howrah town...	Presidency Magistrate	1,250 0 0
	Two Deputy Magistrates	1,500 0 0		His establishment (mean pay)	469 0 0
	Establishment (magistral)	550 0 0	Howrah sub-division.	Civil Surgeon	1,057 0 0
	Covenanted Deputy Collector's establishment	602 0 0		Sub-divisional officer	500 0 0
	District Superintendent of Police	800 0 0		His establishment	205 0 0
Contai	His office establishment	195 0 0	Hijlee (Contai)	Magistrate and Collector	1,500 0 0
	Civil Surgeon	1,057 0 0		Joint-Magistrate	700 0 0
	His establishment	30 0 0		District Superintendent	500 0 0
	Subdivisional officer	766 0 0		One Deputy Collector	200 0 0
	His establishment	205 0 0		Collector's office establishment	1,057 0 0
	One Deputy Collector	200 0 0		Magistrate's office ditto	350 0 0
	His establishment	105 0 0		District Superintendent's office establishment	151 0 0
	Total monthly	7,810 0 0		Deputy Collector's office establishment	105 0 0
		x 12		Civil Surgeon	500 0 0
	Total annual	93,720 0 0		Civil Surgeon's establishment	30 0 0
					8,574 0 0
					x 12
					1,02,898 0 0
				Deduct savings to be effected in the Midnapore office—vide statement IV	10,656 0 0
				Total annual cost	92,232 0 0

III A.

Detailed statement of Establishment as mentioned in the Abstract Statement III.

Present cost (monthly).			Proposed cost (monthly).		
		Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.
Howrah Magistrate's office	Magistrate and Covenanted Deputy Collector	1,800 0 0	Howrah town	Presidency Magistrate	1,250 0 0
	Two Deputy Magistrates	1,500 0 0		Head and judicial clerk (mean pay)	150 0 0
	English Department.			Interpreter (mean pay)	125 0 0
	Second clerk	25 0 0		One assistant clerk (mean pay)	50 0 0
	Dutry	7 0 0		Second ditto (ditto)	50 0 0
	Three orderly peons, at Rs. 7 each	21 0 0		Third ditto (ditto)	32 8 0
	Sweeper	4 0 0		Fourth ditto (ditto)	32 8 0
	Vernacular Department.			Dutry	8 0 0
	Head Clerk and Sheristadar, Rs. 120 rising to Rs. 200	176 0 0		Three orderly peons, at Rs. 7 each	21 0 0
	Head Mohurrir, Rs. 50 to Rs. 70	57 8 0		Howrah sub-division.	Subdivisional Officer	500 0 0
Record-keeper " 30 to " 50	44 0 0	One Head Clerk and Sheristadar (mean pay)	60 0 0		
One Mohurrir " 20 to " 40	34 0 0	One second Sheristadar	40 0 0		
One ditto " 20 to " 40	23 0 0	Three clerks, at (mean pay) Rs. 25 each	75 0 0		
One ditto " 20 to " 40	22 0 0	Two peons, at Rs. 6 each	12 0 0		
One Buxee	6 0 0	One dutry and chuprassee	6 0 0		
Eleven process-serving peons, at Rs. 7 each	77 0 0	One chuprassee	8 0 0		
Zemindary dak clerk	4 0 0	One sweeper	1 0 0		
Local fund clerk	8 0 0*	One peon (Nazir's establishment)	6 0 0		
Circuit-house chowkidar	6 0 0		2,424 0 0		
	3,849 8 0		x 12		
or say	3,859 0 0		Total annual cost	29,088 0 0	
	x 12				
Total annual cost	46,200 0 0				
English Office.			Nd.		
Howrah Covenanted Deputy Collector's office	Head Clerk	50 0 0			
	Two chuprassees, at Rs. 7 each	14 0 0			
	One dutry	6 0 0			
	Vernacular Department.				
	Sheristadar, at Rs. 80 to Rs. 140	88 0 0			
	Peshkar " 40 to " 60	40 0 0			
	Accountant " 40 to " 60	40 0 0			
	Nazir	50 0 0			
	Poddar	7 0 0			
	Two process-serving peons, at Rs. 7 each	14 0 0			
Two process-serving peons, at Rs. 6 each	12 0 0				
Six Mohurrirs under two Deputy Collectors, at Rs. 20 to 30 each (mean pay Rs. 23)	150 0 0				
Two chuprassees, at Rs. 7 each	14 0 0				
One Mohurrir under Sub-Deputy Collector, at Rs. 25 (mean pay)	25 0 0				
One chuprassee	7 0 0				
One Chuprassee, second grade	50 0 0				
License tax clerk	30 0 0				
One peon	5 0 0				
	602 0 0				
	x 12				
Total annual cost	7,224 0 0				
GRAND TOTAL	53,424 0 0				

* Rs. 8, being the share of the local fund clerk's pay borne by Government and paid from Provincial Funds, have only been shown in the statement.

**DATE OF ELECTION OF COMMISSIONERS FOR MUNICIPALITIES
UNDER ACT III (B.C.) 1884.**

The 5th November 1884.—In modification of the orders published at page 1708 of the Supplement to the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th October last, it is hereby notified, for general information, that the election of Commissioners under Act III (B.C.) of 1884, for the Cuttack Municipality, will be held on the 17th December 1884.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

**DATE OF ELECTION OF COMMISSIONERS FOR MUNICIPALITIES
UNDER ACT III (B.C.) OF 1884.**

The 7th November 1884.—In modification of the orders published at pages 1708 and 2007 respectively of the Supplements to the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th and 29th October last, it is hereby notified, for general information, that the election of Commissioners under Act III (B.C.) of 1884, in the Municipalities in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, will be held on the following dates:—

Name of Municipality.	Date of election.
1. The Suburbs of Calcutta ...	17th, 18th and 19th December 1884.
2. Baraset ...	} 25th November 1884.
3. Goverdanga ...	
4. Barripore ...	
5. Joy nagar ...	
6. North Dum-Dum ...	
7. Bassirhat ...	} 29th November 1884.
8. Taki ...	
9. Rajpore ...	
10. Baranagore ...	
11. South Suburban ...	
12. South Barrackpore ...	} 29th November 1884.
13. North Barrackpore ...	
14. Baduriah ...	
15. Nyehatty ...	
16. South Dum-Dum ...	

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

**DATE OF ELECTION OF COMMISSIONERS FOR MUNICIPALITIES
UNDER ACT III (B.C.) OF 1884.**

The 11th November 1884.—In modification of the orders published at page 1708 of the Supplement to the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th October last, it is hereby notified, for general information, that the election of Commissioners under Act III (B.C.) of 1884, in the Municipalities in the district of Hooghly will be held on the 29th instant.

The election of Commissioners for the Howrah Municipality will be held on the 29th November and 1st December 1884.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

SUPPLEMENTARY STATEMENT SHOWING THE DIVISION OF MUNICIPALITIES INTO WARDS, AND THE NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED FOR EACH WARD UNDER RULES FOR THE ELECTION OF COMMISSIONERS UNDER ACT III (B.C.) OF 1884.

Darjeeling, the 25th October 1884.

IN continuation of the notification dated the 19th October 1884, published at pages 1879 to 1881 of the Supplement to the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 22nd idem, the following statement showing the number and extent of the wards into which the municipalities mentioned will be divided for the purposes of the election of Commissioners under section 14 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and the numbers of Commissioners to be elected for each ward, is published for general information in accordance with the provisions of section 15 of the Act:—

PRESIDENCY DIVISION.

DISTRICT.	Name of municipality.	Number of wards.	Names, boundaries, or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
24-Pergunnahs ...	Baranagore ...	6	Ward No. I.—South Baranagore	2
			Ditto II.—North ditto	3
			Ditto III.—Bonhughli and Dakinessar	3
			Ditto IV.—Areadah, Nawdapara, and Kamarhati	2
			Ditto V.—Belghoria and Basdebpur, including Senpara	2
			Ditto VI.—Sinthee, Nynan, Palpara, and Nawapara	2
	South Suburban	12	Ward No. I.—Tollygunge	2
			Ditto II.—Dhakuria	1
			Ditto III.—Behalla	2
			Ditto IV.—Italghatta	1
			Ditto V.—Shahpore	1
			Ditto VI.—Mudiali	1
			Ditto VII.—Dhopapara	1
			Ditto VIII.—Barisa	1
			Ditto IX.—Sursoona	1
			Ditto X.—Sodipur	1
			Ditto XI.—Gurnea	1
			Ditto XII.—Tiljulla	1
	Rajpur ...	5	Ward No. I.—Rajpur	4
			Ditto II.—Harinavi	3
			Ditto III.—Changaripotta and Kodalia	2
			Ditto IV.—Maluncha and Mahinagur	1
			Ditto V.—Jagardal and Elachi	2
	Barripur ...	6	Ward No. I.—Barripur	1
			Ditto II.—Mondulpura	1
			Ditto III.—Brahminpara	1
			Ditto IV.—Kamarparah	1
			Ditto V.—Bazar	1
			Ditto VI.—Shashone	1
	Joynagur ...	4	Ward No. I.—North Mozilpore	2
			Ditto II.—South ditto	2
			Ditto III.—North Joynagur	2
			Ditto IV.—South ditto	2
	North Dum-Dum	2	Ward No. I.—Kadihati	3
			Ditto II.—Nimta	3
	South Dum-Dum	3	Ward No. I.—Padrichatta, Katchasaruk, Myapati, Nojarbazar, Satgatchi, and Shyamnagar	2
			Ditto II.—Nimbutola, Gowshalla, Digla, Nyahasti, Dompura, Bagjulla, Ghugudanga, Jaipur, and Sinthi	2
			Ditto III.—Betgachia, Dukhidau, Golaghatta, Chalis Biga, Nurbhanga, Patipookur, and Dattabad	2
	North Barrack-pore ...	12	Ward No. I.—Nauparah	1
			Ditto II.—Garulia North	1
			Ditto III.—Garulia South	1
			Ditto IV.—Ichapur North	1
			Ditto V.—Ichapur South	1
			Ditto VI.—Nawabgunge North	1
			Ditto VII.—Nawabgunge Centre	1
			Ditto VIII.—Nawabgunge South	1
			Ditto IX.—Pulta	1
			Ditto X.—Dhitara	1
			Ditto XI.—Monirampur	1
			Ditto XII.—Ganti	1

PRESIDENCY DIVISION—continued.

DISTRICT.	Name of municipality.	Number of wards.	Names, boundaries, or extent of each ward.	Number of Constituents to be elected for each ward.
24-Pergunnahs...	South Barrack-pore.	12	Ward No. I.—Chundurpukur ...	1
			Ditto II.—Chanack ...	1
			Ditto III.—Tittaghur ...	1
			Ditto IV.—Khurdah ...	1
			Ditto V.—Korah ...	1
			Ditto VI.—Suckchar ...	1
			Ditto VII.—Sodepur ...	1
			Ditto VIII.—Bhawanipore ...	1
			Ditto IX.—Panihatti ...	1
			Ditto X.—Agurparah ...	1
			Ditto XI.—Natagore ...	1
			Ditto XII.—Gholla ...	1
	Baraset ...	7	Ward No. I.—Baraset ...	2
			Ditto II.—Kaziparah ...	2
			Ditto III.—Bamonmoorah ...	2
			Ditto IV.—Nulkurah ...	2
			Ditto V.—Goostea ...	2
			Ditto VI.—Badoo ...	2
			Ditto VII.—Kaltore ...	2
	Naihati ...	7	Ward No. I.—Mulajor, Atpur, Jaguda ...	2
			Ditto II.—Bhaiparah ...	2
			Ditto III.—Naihati and Kantalpa ...	2
			Ditto IV.—Garifa ...	2
			Ditto V.—Kona ...	2
			Ditto VI.—Halishahar ...	2
			Ditto VII.—Bijpur ...	2
	Basirhat ...	10	Ward No. I.—Dholchita ...	1
			Ditto II.—Nalcora ...	1
			Ditto III.—Dandirhat and Naihati ...	1
			Ditto IV.—Khord Belia, Shampola, and Jelalpore ...	1
			Ditto V.—Basirhat and Sadarati ...	1
			Ditto VI.—Harishpur and Belupur ...	1
			Ditto VII.—Mirzapur, Tapa, Topachur, and Bhawanipur ...	1
			Ditto VIII.—Jorakpur ...	1
			Ditto IX.—Tantra ...	1
			Ditto X.—Bluda and Neara ...	1
	Taki ...	4	Ward No. I.—The eastern part of Taki ...	2
			Ditto II.—The western ditto ...	2
			Ditto III.—Sodepur ...	1
			Ditto IV.—Beokati and Jelalpore ...	1
	Baduria ...	8	Ward No. I.—Baduria ...	1
			Ditto II.—Arbalia ...	1
			Ditto III.—Taragoonia ...	1
			Ditto IV.—Magurttty ...	1
			Ditto V.—Purah ...	1
			Ditto VI.—Khurgachi ...	1
			Ditto VII.—Rudderpur ...	1
			Ditto VIII.—Andamanik and Magurkhali ...	1
	Goberdanga ...	6	Ward No. I.—West Goberdanga ...	1
			Ditto II.—Central Goberdanga ...	1
			Ditto III.—East Goberdanga ...	1
			Ditto IV.—Khanturia ...	1
			Ditto V.—Haiderpur ...	1
			Ditto VI.—Gaipur ...	1
JESSORE	Jessore ...	4	Ward No. I.—Kashba ...	6
			Ditto II.—Purana Kashba and Khorki ...	2
			Ditto III.—Bejpara, Sankarpur, and Chanchra ...	2
			Ditto IV.—Baramdi and Ghope ...	1
			Ditto V.—Nilgunge, Bagchar, and Murali ...	1
	Kotechandpur ...	3	Ward No. I.—Salempur ...	2
			Ditto II.—Chandpur ...	3
			Ditto III.—Bara Bamondaha ...	1
	Moheshpur ...	3	Ward No. I.—Moheshpur ...	5
			Ditto II.—Jalilpur ...	3
Khoolna	Satkhira ...	6	Ditto III.—Hamidpur ...	2
			Ward No. I.—Satkhira ...	3
			Ditto II.—Sultanpur ...	1
			Ditto III.—Pranshiro ...	1
			Ditto IV.—Katia ...	1
			Ditto V.—Rasulpur and Polaspole ...	1
Moorshedabad...	Berhampore ...	6	Ditto VI.—Kamarnagore, Itagacha and Bankal ...	1
			Ward No. I.—Gorabazar ...	3
			Ditto II.—Cantonment ...	1
			Ditto III.—Berhampore ...	5
			Ditto IV.—Khagra ...	4
			Ditto V.—Saydabad ...	3
	Lalbagh ...	4	Ditto VI.—Cossimbazar ...	1
			Ward No. I.—Shamnagar ...	4
			Ditto II.—Mohimapur ...	2
			Ditto III.—Monullabazar ...	4
			Ditto IV.—Asanpur ...	2

PRESIDENCY DIVISION—continued.

DISTRICT.	Name of municipality.	Number of wards.	Names, boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Moorshedabad ...	Jung	7	Ward No. I.—Naleanpati, Kapuriapati, Chowdharipara, Khanabati, Argora, Choulpati, and Hulyipoti ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Loharipati, Khankipara, Choulpati 2nd, Kansaripara, Chhutarpura, and Mahaburtala ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Rajputpara, Boistabpara, Sahebazar, Fatekhan Jungle, Juffarnagore, Sripur, and Murdhapara ...	3
			Ward No. IV.—Baruipara, Sadumpara, Koibathapara, Roghunathpur, Joyrampur, Fagiltola, Novintola, Radhanagore and Nowaganj ...	2
			Ward No. V.—Such portion of Raghunathganj, as lies to the north of the police station between that station and Mr. Maseyk's house at Fasitala ...	3
			Ward No. VI.—Choulputty 2nd, Durveshpura, Choulpati and Bazarpati ...	2
			Ward No. VII.—Kumarpara, Mechhuapara, Gualpara, Babukpara, Bazarputty, Kajipara, Johardipara and Guzarpur. ...	2
			Ward No. I.—Kandi ...	2
			Ditto II.—Jemnaha ...	2
			Ditto III.—Bagdanga ...	1
Nuddea ...	Krisnaghur ...	5	Ditto IV.—Rassorah ...	1
			Ditto V.—Chatni Kandi ...	1
			Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by the river Jellinghi; on the east by Jerapookur and Ghurni road; on the south by the Jail Street and Circular Road; and on the west by the municipal limits ...	3
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the Circular Road and Court Street; on the east by the High Street, on the west by municipal limits, and on the south by the Rajah's Road and Nuddea Road ...	3
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by the Nuddea Road, Rajah's Road, and Bogoola Road; and on the east, south, and west by municipal limits ...	3
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by the Jail Street and Radhanagore Road; on the east by municipal limits; on the south by the Bogoola Road, and on the west by the High Street ...	3
			Ward No. V.—Bounded on the north by the river Jellinghi and municipal limits; on the east by the municipal limits; on the south by the Radhanagore Road; and on the west by the Ghurni Road and Jerapookur ...	2
	Ranaghat ...	6	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by Bachko khali; on the east by Joygopalpur; on the south by the Burrabazar Road pucca drain, and Radhdanga Road; and on the west by the river Choorney ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by Ward No. I; on the east by the railway line; on the south by Dey Chowdhry's Shiddishey-tollah and Pal Chowdhry's Street and Shyam Pal Chowdhry's bathing ghat road; and on the west by the river Choorney ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by Ward No. II; on the east by the railway line; on the south by the Ferry fund road; and on the west by the river Choorney ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by Ward No. III; on the east by the railway line; on the south by the Berhampore road and Railway Street; and on the west by the river Choorney ...	2
	Santipore ..	5	Ward No. V.—Bounded on the north by Ward No. IV and Gopalnugger road; on the east by Magurkhally; on the south by Hamghurkhal; and on the west by the river Choorney ...	2
			Ward No. VI.—Bounded on the north by the Rathdanga road; on the east by the Magurkhali road; on the south by the Gopalnugger road; and on the west by the railway line ...	2
			Ward No. I.—Bounded on the west by the Kishnaghur road; on the south by a khali; on the east by Nijhore, and on the north by the road running from the post office eastward <i>via</i> Kristo Ballohb road and Sham Chand road through Bowbazar, Nikariparah, Pooniparah, and Lakhitollah <i>via</i> Kasi Babu's Lane eastward to Nijhore ...	4
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the west by the Kishnaghur road; on the south by the northern boundary of Ward No. I; on the east by Nijhore; and on the north by the road from Rajchandra Babu's lane <i>via</i> Bannek road ...	3
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north and east by the Nijhore, on the west by Melia, and on the south by the Bannek road from Nijhore <i>via</i> Rajchandra Babu's lane and the road eastward on the south of the school house <i>via</i> Dattaparah road westward crossing Gobhagar road <i>via</i> new tank road through Berh and Natoon hat and Talpukur to Melia ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the east by the Kishnaghur road; on the south by the Natoon hat road from the post office to Sorobhooja bazar and from Sorobhooja bazar southward <i>via</i> Ostagurparah and Senpara to khali; on the west by the Haripoor khali; and on the north by the southern boundary of Ward No. III ...	
			Ward No. V.—Bounded on the south by the river Ganges, on the east by the Kishnaghur road from the post office southward; on the north by the Natoon hat road to Sorobhooja road and on the west by Sorobhooja road <i>via</i> Ostagurparah and Senparah road to khali and river Ganges ...	

PRESIDENCY DIVISION—concluded.

District.	Name of municipality.	Number of wards.	Names, boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Nuddea	Kooshtea	7	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by the river Gorai; on the south by the High Street; on the east by the river old Kaligunga and on the west by Ward No. II	2
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by Damosh; on the south by the High Street; on the east by Ward No. I; and on the west by Ward No. III	2
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by Damosh; on the south by the High Street; on the east by Ward No. II; and on the west by the old river Gorai	1
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by Wards Nos. I, II, and III; on the south by the southern and on the east by the eastern limits of the municipality; and on the west by Ward No. V	1
			Ward No. V.—Bounded on the north by the Railway line; on the south and east by the Solghur-Nundie ferry fund road; and on the west by the old river Gorai	2
			Ward No. VI.—Bounded on the north by Ward No. VII; on the south by the southern limits of the municipality; on the east by the old river Gorai; and on the west by the western limits of the municipality	1
			Ward No. VII.—Bounded on the north by Damosh; on the south by Ward No. VI; on the east by Ward No. III, and the old river Gorai; and on the west by the western limits of the municipality	1
	Beerhugger	4	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by the road from Parhpoor to Jorasanko; on the east by the Dakatiaghat; on the south by Baromashiaghat and Chookerbeel, and on the west by the Berhampore road	3
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the road from Samipoojah garden to the Berhampore road; on the east by the Bayeshpur and Khishmeh roads; on the south by Ward No. I; and on the west by the Berhampore road	2
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by part of Bayeshpur road; on the east by Bayeshpur and Khishmeh roads; on the south by Ward No. II; and on the west by the Berhampore road	2
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by Benakurah and Kathoorah beels; on the east by the Bayeshpur road; on the south by Ward No. III and on the west by the Berhampore road	1
			Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north and east by the Ganges; on the south by the road running westward from Nashee Baboo's baitakhana up to its junction with a bye lane near Gopal Pal's house, thence a line westward to the pucca tole, the Mitre's embankment to the south-east corner of Kamal Biswas's bamboo tope, a line thence to Polta khal; and on the west by Polta khal from Doba...	5
	Nuddea	2	Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the southern boundary of Ward No. I; on the east by the Monipore road from its junction with the road running westward from Nashee Baboo's baitakhana to Kolo Khal; on the south by Bolaramputti; and on the west by Polta Khal	3
			Ward No. I.—Gowalpara and Dattapara	1
	Meerpore	6	Ditto II.—Jeliaparah and Mookerjee para	1
			Ditto III.—Baruiparah and Tantiparah	1
			Ditto IV.—Seikparah and Kallachandpore	1
			Ditto V.—Kasvabpara, Bangalparah, and Chakrabarttyparah	1
			Ditto VI.—Mallikparah and Murdhapara	1
	Koomarkhally...	5	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by Raraparah; on the south by the river Gorai; on the east by Serkandi; and on the west by Elango	2
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by Durgapore; on the south by the river Gorai; on the east by Batikawara; and on the west by Koomarkhally	3
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by the Ghoserai Ferry Fund Road; on the south by the river Gorai; on the east by Koomarkhally; and on the west by the Boraria khal	2
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north and south by the Railway line; on the east by Batikawara; and on the west by Elango	1
			Ward No. V.—Bounded on the north by the Railway line; on the south by the river Gorai; and on the east by the Ferry Fund Road; and on the west by Serkandi	2

COLMAN MACAULAY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

**RULES FOR THE ELECTION OF MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS,
UNDER ACT III (B.C.) OF 1884 FOR THE
SUBURBS OF CALCUTTA.**

The 25th October 1884.—The following rules for the election of Municipal Commissioners for the Municipality of the Suburbs of Calcutta have been laid down by the Lieutenant-Governor under section 15 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884.

Of the Number of Commissioners and Wards.

1. The Suburban Municipality shall be divided into six wards, in the following manner:—

Ward No. I, comprising the police thanas of Cossipore, Chitpore and Ooltadanga.

Ward No. II, comprising the thanas of Mannicktollah and Baliaghatta.

Ward No. III, comprising the thanas of Entally and Baniapookur.

Ward No. IV, comprising the thanas of Ballygunge and Tollygunge.

Ward No. V, comprising the thanas of Bhowanipore and Alipore.

Ward No. VI, comprising the thanas of Watgunge, Ekbalpore and Garden Reach.

2. There shall be thirty Municipal Commissioners, of whom ten shall be nominated by Government and twenty elected under these rules to represent the several wards.

3. The twenty elected Commissioners shall be allotted to the several wards in the following manner:—

To Ward No. 1, three Commissioners.

„ No. II, three „

„ No. III, three „

„ No. IV, two „

„ No. V, five „

„ No. VI, four „

Of the Qualification of Voters.

4. Persons otherwise qualified to vote must be males, who have resided within the limits of the municipality for one year previous to the date of the election.

5. Subject to the above rule, all persons who have, during the year immediately preceding the election, paid an aggregate amount of not less than Rs. 3 in respect of any rates imposed by the Act, and who have been duly registered as hereinafter provided, shall be qualified to vote.

6. Subject to the proviso contained in Rule 4, any person who, being a member of a joint undivided family, one of the members of which has, during the year preceding such election, paid, in respect of any of the rates imposed by the Act, an aggregate amount of not less than Rs. 3, is a graduate or licentiate of any University, or holds a certificate as a pleader or mooktear, or holds any office or employment carrying a salary of not less than Rs. 50 per mensem, shall be entitled to vote.

7. Each voter shall be entitled to vote for the ward in which he ordinarily resides, and for no other. Each voter shall have as many votes as there are vacancies, and may give as many of these votes as he pleases to any one or more candidates.

Of the Registration of Voters.

8. For each ward a register shall be prepared by the Municipal Commissioners, in which shall be entered the names of the persons qualified to vote at elections. This register for each ward shall be prepared as soon as possible after the approval of these rules by Government, and hereafter shall be revised annually, and republished on the 1st October in each year.

9. When the registers are ready, copies of them shall be affixed at the principal civil and criminal courts, and at the office of the Commissioners, and so much of them as may refer to each ward shall be affixed at each police-station in that ward, and at such other places as may be deemed by the Chairman to be necessary.

10. Objections to, and claims for, the registration of voters may be made at any time being not less than 18 days before the election. All such objections and claims shall be heard by three Commissioners, to be appointed by the Chairman, who do not stand for election in the ward to which the objections and claims apply. The decision of the majority shall be final. If no appointment of Commissioners is made by the Chairman under this rule, such objections and claims shall be heard by an officer or officers who shall be specially deputed in this behalf by the Magistrate of the district; and the decision of such officer or officers shall be final.

11. No person shall be qualified to vote unless his name has been entered in the register of voters.

Of the Qualification and the Nomination of Candidates.

12. The Chairman shall, at least 30 days before the date fixed as hereinafter provided for the commencement of the elections, issue notices calling for nominations of candidates.

13. Any person qualified to vote under these rules shall be qualified for nomination as a candidate.

14. Any four persons registered as qualified to vote in any ward may nominate a candidate for election to represent such ward. The nomination shall be made in writing in the form annexed to these rules, and the candidate shall signify on the nomination paper his consent to the nomination. The nomination paper shall be delivered at the Municipal Office not less than ten days before the date fixed for the election.

15. The Chairman shall forthwith ascertain whether the nominators and the candidate respectively are qualified in accordance with these rules. If satisfied in this respect, he shall insert the name of the candidate in a list of candidates for the Commissionership or Commissionerships to be filled up. Such list shall also contain a specification of the qualifications of the candidate, and specifications of the names and qualifications of the persons nominating him.

16. On or before the morning of the ninth day previous to the election, the Chairman shall cause a copy of the list to be affixed at the Municipal Office, and another at each police-station within the ward.

17. Any registered voter may, within 48 hours from the publication of the list at the Municipal Office, object in writing to any such nomination; his objection shall specify the grounds on which it is made, and shall be delivered at the Municipal Office.

18. Such objection shall, within 24 hours, be decided summarily by the Sub-Committee appointed by the Chairman, or by the officer or officers specially deputed by the Magistrate of the district, as the case may be, under Rule 10, and the decision, which shall be immediately announced, shall be final.

Of the manner of holding Elections.

19. The election of Commissioners in each ward shall be held on such date (not being less than 30 days after the publication of the registers of voters under Rule 9) as the Chairman, with the sanction of the Local Government, may appoint. This date shall be announced by advertisement in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and in such newspapers as the Chairman may think desirable; also by a notice affixed at the Municipal Office and at each police-station in the ward, and at any other place which may seem to the Chairman to be necessary for the due publication of the notice.

20. Elections shall be held at the following places:—

No. I Ward	...	...	...	Chitpore police station.
" II "	...	...	...	Baliaghatta ditto.
" III "	...	...	...	Entally ditto.
" IV "	...	...	...	Ballygunge ditto.
" V "	...	...	...	Municipal Office.
" VI "	...	...	...	Garden Reach police-station.

21. The Municipal Commissioners shall appoint polling officers and other establishments, and may define their duties so far as they may not be defined by these rules.

22. The allowances of establishments shall be fixed by the Commissioners, and these, as well as all other expenses incurred in conducting the elections, shall be paid from the funds of the municipality.

23. If the number of candidates be not greater than the number of vacancies, the Chairman shall declare the candidate or candidates to be duly elected. If there be any vacancies for which no candidates have appeared, the Chairman shall report the fact for the information of Government.

24. If the number of candidates be greater than the number of vacancies, the Chairman shall issue a public notice (to be affixed at the Municipal Office, at the police-stations, and at as many as possible of the chief public offices, and to be otherwise notified in such manner as may seem to him necessary), declaring the day and hours in which, and the place at which, the election is to be held, and also the names of the candidates.

25. The poll shall commence at 8 A.M. and shall close at 6 P.M.

26. Each candidate may appoint, by a letter to the Chairman, a copy of which shall be delivered by the candidate to each agent to serve as his authority, not more than two agents to be present at the polling place to watch the proceedings on his behalf, and to bring to the notice of the polling officers any instance of false personation or other malpractice which may come to their knowledge as the election proceeds. Such agents shall be bound to obey any directions which the presiding officer shall give them for the purpose of keeping order; and no election shall be invalidated on the ground that the presiding officer has exceeded his powers in this respect.

27. The polling officer shall be provided with a list of the registered voters qualified to vote within the ward.

28. The votes shall be taken by means of voting papers.

29. A voter may either attend at the polling place and record his vote, or he may forward his vote to the polling officer, so that it may reach him before the hour fixed for the close of the poll.

30. Any voter wishing to obtain a voting paper beforehand may apply, not less than five clear days before the day fixed for the election, at the Municipal Office for a voting paper. The application shall be in writing, and shall bear the signature of the voter written with his own hand; it shall specify his address and his number on the register. A voting paper in the form appended to these rules, shall be at once forwarded to the voter by post, or by such other mode of conveyance as may be convenient.

31. The voter having received this voting paper may—

- (1) Return it by post, duly filled up, to the Municipal Office, in a closed cover marked "Voting paper—Ward No.—;" or
- (2) Present it himself at the polling place within the time fixed for the poll.

32. All voting papers received at the office in accordance with the first clause of the last rule shall be made over unopened to the polling officer to be opened by him publicly at the polling place within the hours fixed for the poll.

33. Should any cover received at the Municipal Office, and not marked as required by Rule 31, be found to contain a voting paper otherwise in order, such paper shall be immediately placed in a cover and sent to the polling officer to be dealt with according to Rule 32.

34. No duplicate voting papers shall be issued, but any voter, to whom a voting paper may have been forwarded under these rules, may nevertheless attend and vote in person at the polling place. In this case the original voting paper shall be considered as cancelled.

35. The voting papers sent out from the office under Rule 30 shall be printed on paper of a different colour from that used for papers to be furnished at the polling place. They shall bear the signature of the Chairman stamped upon them, and shall be numbered consecutively, and duplicates of them similarly numbered shall be kept in counterfoil.

36. Any voter who may present himself at the polling place to vote shall appear before a polling officer, who shall question him as to his name, address,

and number on the register, and after noting these facts in a voting paper (numbered consecutively), and in the counterfoil, shall hand over the voting paper to him.

37. The voter shall, if he can read and write, record his own vote on it, and shall present it to the presiding officer, who shall initial it, and shall enter the vote on the copy of the register made over to him under Rule 27.

38. If the voter be unable to read and write, his vote shall be recorded for him by an officer authorized by the Chairman; the paper shall then be returned to him for presentation to the presiding officer, who shall deal with it as directed in the preceding rule.

39. In all cases in which the voting paper is filled up in a language other than English, the name of the voter and of the person or persons for whom he votes shall be entered in English by an officer authorized by the Chairman.

40. If a voting paper received by post is not in order, the polling officer shall nevertheless receive and record the vote, at the same time recording the objection and separating the voting paper from those papers to which there is no objection.

41. If an objection, on the ground of personation, of non-registry or any other cause, be made to the polling officer in any case, the vote shall nevertheless be noted and separated as above, and the objections shall be recorded.

42. Any agent appointed by a candidate in accordance with Rule 26 may inspect any voting paper. He may, at any time up to the close of the poll, object in writing to the reception of any vote, stating the grounds of his objections, and he shall sign such statement.

43. If in any case the presiding officer shall find that a second voting paper is presented, purporting to be on account of a person whose vote has been already recorded, he shall proceed in the same manner as in the case mentioned in Rule 41.

44. At the close of the poll, the presiding officer shall transmit to the Chairman all objections, together with all the records relating to them. The Chairman, or, if he be prevented from attending, a Sub-Committee of Commissioners appointed by him, shall proceed on the next following day, not being a Sunday or holiday, to hear and determine such objections, and the decision shall be final.

45. At the close of the poll, the polling officer shall forward to the Chairman all the voting papers, arranged according to their consecutive numbers, in a packet duly sealed and secured.

46. As soon as may be after the decision of objections has been concluded, the Chairman shall publish, in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and at the Municipal Office, the names of the person or persons in whose behalf votes have been recorded, and the number of votes given for each of them; and the candidates for whom the greatest number of votes shall have been given shall be declared to have been duly elected.

47. If the same person be a candidate for election in more than one ward, on his election for one ward he shall cease to be eligible in any other ward.

48. In case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall give a casting vote.

49. No election shall be invalidated on a point of form, provided that these rules have been substantially obeyed.

50. No election shall be invalidated on account of any irregularity whatever, unless it shall appear that that irregularity was such as materially to affect the result of the election.

51. No person in the employment or pay of the Municipality shall, directly or indirectly, engage in canvassing for votes, or otherwise assist in the election of any candidate, otherwise than by giving his own vote. Any breach of this rule will render the offender liable to dismissal.

COLMAN MACAULAY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

English and Vernacular.] *Register of Voters.* (Part I.)
(Rule 8.)

Ward No.

Serial number.	Name.	Residence.	Tax on per-sons. Sec-tion 85 (a).	Tax on hold-ings. Sec-tion 85 (b).	Horse and carriage licenses. Sec-tion 86 (a).	Water-rate Section 86 (d).	Lighting rate. Section 86 (e).	Latrine rate. Section 86 (f).	Total paid during last year.	REMARKS.

Prepared by _____ Checked and examined by _____
} Municipal Commissioners.
Superintendent. _____ *Chairman or Vice-Chairman.* _____

English and Vernacular.] *Register of Voters.* (Part II.)
(Rule 8.)

Ward No.

Serial number.	Name.	Residence.	Serial number in Part I in which the principal voter is registered.	Nature of special qualification under Rule 6.	REMARKS.

Prepared by _____ Checked and examined by _____
} Municipal Commissioners.
Superintendent. _____ *Chairman or Vice-Chairman.* _____

RULE 14.

Nomination Paper.

WE, the undersigned registered voters of Ward No. _____, hereby nominate
_____, resident of _____, in Ward No. _____,
who is registered as qualified to vote
as a candidate for election to be a Commissioner for the said Ward.

(Signature-) 1. _____ registered as No. _____ in the register of voters,
2. _____ ditto „ _____ ditto.
3. _____ ditto „ _____ ditto.
4. _____ ditto „ _____ ditto.

I _____, resident of _____, in Ward No. _____
hereby consent to the above nomination.

(Signature) _____ Registered as No. _____ in the register of candidates.

Dated

Presented at the Municipal Office at _____ on the _____
Chairman or Vice-Chairman

RULE 15.

List of Candidates proposed for Election as Municipal Commissioners for Ward No. at
the election to be held at on the

Name of candidate.	Address of candi- date.	Qualifications of candidate.	Names of nominators.	Address of nominators.	Number of nominators in register of voters.
			1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4

Dated Chairman or Vice-Chairman.

English and Vernacular.]

Notice under Election Rule 24.

NOTICE is hereby given that Municipal Commissioners
for Ward No. of the Suburbs of Calcutta will be elected at
on the between the hours of
8 A.M. and 6 P.M.

List of Candidates.

	NAME.	Address.
1 2 3 4		

N. B.—The following rules are published for general information:—

RULE 29.—A voter may either attend at the polling place and record his vote,
or he may forward his vote to the polling officer, so that it may
reach him before the hour fixed for the close of the poll.

RULE 30.—Any voter wishing to obtain a voting paper beforehand may apply,
not less than five clear days before the day fixed for the
election, at the Municipal Office for a voting paper. The
application shall be in writing, and shall bear the signature
of the voter written with his own hand. It shall specify his
address and his number on the register. A voting paper, in the
form appended to these rules, shall be at once forwarded to
the voter by post, or by such other mode of conveyance as may
be convenient.

RULE 31.—The voter, having received this voting paper, may—

- (1) return it by post, duly filled up, to the Municipal Office, in a
closed cover marked "Voting paper—Ward No. ";
- or
- (2) present it himself at the polling place within the time fixed for the
poll.

Date Chairman.

COUNTERFOIL No.

Election for Ward No.

to be held at

on the.

Name of Elector

Number in the Register

Residence

Date of despatch of voting

paper

Mode of despatch

Superintendent.

Head clerk.



VOTING PAPER No.

[RULE 30.]

Instructions 1.—The elector has votes, which he may divide among the candidates as he pleases, or he may give all to one candidate.

2.—The elector must write his own signature on the paper.

3.—After having filled it up, he may—

(1) return it by post, addressed to the Chairman, in a closed cover marked "Voting paper, Ward No. " in time on the day before that fixed for the poll; or

(2) present it himself at the polling place within the hours fixed for the poll.

4.—If this voting paper be lost, no duplicate will be issued, but the elector may attend at the polling place and vote in the ordinary way; in that case this voting paper will be cancelled.

Name of Elector

Residence of Elector

Number on the Register

I give votes for

Initial of Polling Officer.

Signature of Elector.

Date

Date

COUNTERFOIL No.

Election for Ward No.

Held at

On the

Name of Elector

Number in Register

Residence



VOTING PAPER.

(to be used at the polling place)

No. [Rule 36]

Election for Ward No.

to be held at

on the between 8 A.M. and 6 P.M.

Name of Elector.	Number in the Register.	Address.

Instructions.—1.—An elector, who is able to read and write, should record his vote with his own hand.

2.—The elector has votes, which he may divide among the candidates as he pleases, or he may give all to one candidate.

I give votes to

Signature of Elector.

Signature of authorised Officer under Rule 39.

Initials of Polling Officer.

Objected to by

SUPPLEMENTARY STATEMENT SHOWING THE DIVISION OF MUNICIPALITIES INTO WARDS, AND THE NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED FOR EACH WARD UNDER RULES FOR THE ELECTION OF COMMISSIONERS UNDER ACT III (B.C.) OF 1884.

Darjeeling, the 19th October 1884.

In continuation of the notification dated the 13th October 1884, published at pages 1763 to 1773 of the Supplement to the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 15th ~~item~~, the following statement showing the number and extent of the wards into which the municipalities mentioned will be divided for the purposes of the election of Commissioners under section 14 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and the number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward, is published for general information, in accordance with the provisions of section 15 of the Act:—

BURDWAN DIVISION.

DISTRICT.	Name of municipality.	Number of wards.	Names, boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Burdwan	Dainhat	3	<p>Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by Dainhat and Bhowsing chur lands; on the south by Paikpara, Nashipara, and Madhobpore; on the east by Kutipara; and on the west by Dainhat sudder road</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by Dainhat and Pataihat chur lands; on the south by Gope Khanji; on the east by Dainhat sudder road; and on the west by Dewangange sudder road and Bijoy nagore road</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by Pataihat chur lands; on the south by Gopi Khanje and Kajirpara; on the east by Dewanganj sudder road and Bijoy nagore road; and on the west by Bera</p>	3 3 2
Ditto	Culna	3	<p>Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by the khal that passes eastwards from the Labhunge Bheel by the north of the Indigo factory, and the khal that passes from the Kadar Bheel to the Bhagirathee river, and the Bhagirathee river; on the east by the Ferry Ghat road, Mission School road, and the lane that passes by the east side of Culna Rajbaree; on the south by the road that passes by the south of the Culna Rajbaree, Baboor Bagan road, Garoredanga road, Municipal Office road, Dangapara road, the last portion of the Lakshanpara road and Kutcherry road; and on the west by the Punduah road</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by part of Lakshanpara road, Dangapara road, Municipal Office road, Garoredanga road, Baboor Bagan road, the lane that passes by the south of the Culna Rajbaree, part of Mission School road, Ferry Ghat road, and the Bhagirathee river; on the east by the Bhagirathee river, the burial-ground, the road that passes by the east of the Mission House and by the west of Dood Bibi's tank, and that portion of the road called Muglis Shahib's Dighi road, passing southward from its junction with the above-mentioned road; on the south by a line drawn between the southern boundaries of the Muglis Shahib's Dighi, Mollalpara, Ayma Lakshanpara, Jhewshara, Barnipara, and the northern boundaries of Arrah Shahpore and the Jheadhara cornfields; and on the west by Punduah road up to the junction of the Lakshanpara road</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by the Kutcherry road; on the east by the Punduah road; on the south by a line drawn between the southern boundaries of Modhuban, Amlapukur, Boromitrapara, and the northern boundaries of Sarbomangala, Rameswarapore, Koldanga, Dhormadanga, Mirpore, Rangpara, and Putty Khojhat; and on the west by Puran chat, the lane which passes southwards by the west of the residence of the sub-divisional office and the villages of Jalbona and Goara</p>	4 3 3
Ditto	Cutwa	3	<p>Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north and west by the Ajoy river; on the south by the station road; and on the east by the Bhagirathee river</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the station road; on the south by Dewanganj road; on the east by the Bhagirathee river; and on the west by Nishantola and Chashapara roads</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north and south by Dewanganj road; on the east by Chashapara and Nishantola roads; and on the west by the Ajoy river</p>	3 3 2

BURDWAN DIVISION—concluded.

DISTRICT.	Name of municipality.	Number of wards.	Names, boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Burdwan	Raneegunge	2	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by the villages of Searsole, Rani, and Pareshganj; on the east by the Mangalpur, West Bazar, Feeder and Bankoora roads; on the south by the villages of Sahebganj and Egarah; and on the west by the villages of Egarah and Searsole	5
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the village of Pareshganj; on the east by the villages of Napur and Bulloppur; on the south by the Bankoora and Feeder roads; and on the west by the West Bazar and Mangalore roads	3
Beerbhoom	Sooree	7	Ward No. I.—West Khottabazar and West Sonatore	2
			Ward No. II.—East Khottabazar and East Sonatore	2
			Ward No. III.—Chandney	1
			Ward No. IV.—Domcparah	2
			Ward No. V.—Barinparah	2
			Ward No. VI.—Sehera, Saddi, and Nurai	1
			Ward No. VII.—Anudpur, including Dungalpara and Purana line	1

PATNA DIVISION.

Patna	Patna	6	Ward No. I.—Malsalami	3
			Ward No. II.—Chak Kalan	3
			Ward No. III.—Khaja Kalan	4
			Ward No. IV.—Alungunge	3
			Ward No. V.—Peerbapore	3
			Ward No. VI.—Bankipore	4
Ditto	Behar	4	Ward No. I.—Morarpur	2
			Ward No. II.—Chauk Handi	2
			Ward No. III.—Seris	2
			Ward No. IV.—Soh	2
Ditto	Barh	4	Ward No. I.—Salempur	2
			Ward No. II.—Walipur	2
			Ward No. III.—Talippur	1
			Ward No. IV.—Choudhi	1
Shahabad	Arrah	4	Ward No. I.—Dean's Tank consisting of Mohullahs Mohajan Toli	3
			No. II, Bagh Mansha Pande, Majhowa, Gonsgunge, Balbatra, Singhi Khoord, Singhi Kalan	3
			Ward No. II.—Courthouse consisting of Mohullahs Mohajan Toli, Mohodewa, Babubazar, Nowadah, Kurmuntola, Pakri, Moula Bagh, Caandwa, Dolputpur	3
			Ward No. III.—Market consisting of Mohullahs Chowk Musjid, Sitalgunge, Sivgunge, Anaeth, Sreetola, Bahiro, Ahmudnugger	3
			Ward No. IV.—Aboorpool consisting of Mohullahs Aboorpool, Rowzah, Nazirgunge, Moti Tola, Ahirpoorwa, Ibrahimnagar, Raghu Tola, Dhamipra, Mahomed Zomanugger, Dharahra, Chhajungunge, Bhalohipoor, Meera Chuck, Begumpore, Sheikh-serai, Baradooaria, Bhakha Chuck	3
Ditto	Baxar	3	Ward No. I.—Chowk consisting of Mohullahs Bari Tola, Durzi Tola, Turaha Toli, Mohulla Line, Amla Toli, Gora Barick, Kotwali, Chobutra, Thatehri Bazar, Chowk and Gola Bazar	3
			Ward No. II.—Serai consisting of mohullahs Serai, Mollah Toli, Dusadh Toli, Kasni Toli, Khalasi Mohullah, Schniputti, Ahirpurwa and Sarinapur	3
			Ward No. III.—Naibazar, consisting of Mohullahs Koerpurwa, Naiji Bazar, Gudhadhurganj, Railway Station and Charitar Ban	2
Ditto	Doomraon	2	Ward No. I.—Chowk Bazar, consisting of Mohullahs Lalgunge thanna, Langtoo Mohadeo, Thatehri Bazar, Tewari Toli and Gowad Toli	3
			Ward No. II.—Rajeshwarjee, consisting of Mohullahs Lalatoli, Lohar Toli, Machurhatta, Purani Bazar, Sahidmurd, Taribazar and Choturshalgunge	3
Ditto	Sasseram	6	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Serai Korun, Serai Dukhit, Korun Serai, Shaiburut, Shaikpura, Kobergunge Mandai, and Keshwar Khan	3
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Chowk Handi, Khilanganj, Nuranganj, Zakishahid, Sulaimangunj and East Serai	3
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Shahbaganj, Alumganj, Daleganj, Kela, and Madardarwaza	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Mobarukgunge, Kalinbaf Tola, Bazar Jani, Sarfullagunge and Kazipura	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Lukhnoo Serai, Paithan Toli, Bharthigunge, Moochi Toli and Laskarigunge	2
			Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Kotha Toli, Sonar Toli, Mohajun Toli, Sherganj and Chumar Taoky	2

PATNA DIVISION—concluded.

DISTRICT.	Name of municipality.	Number of wards.	Names, boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Patna ...	Jugdishpore ...	5	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Toorha Toli, Panda Toli, Koiri Toli, and Ojhabazar ... Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Macherhatta, Misirtoli, Mohunt's Mohulla, Bhatka Imli, Mochitola, Chamartoli (west) and Khakuta ... Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Parohittola, Akhowry, Bissuntoli, Balapur, Soothati, Thanna and Poorana Tola ... Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Sudder Bazar, Chowk and Dosadh Tola ... Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Sudder Bazar (east), Padaruth Pandey's Gallee, Jagas Peepul, Chero Toli, Pathan Toli and Chamar Toli (east) ...	1 1 1 2 1
Ditto ...	Bhubooah ...	2	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north and east by cultivated lands of mouza Bhabooah; on the south by the Kukurnali river, and on the west by the chowk road ... Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the cultivated lands of mouza Bhabooah; on the west by the Bhagwanpur road; on the south by the Kukurnali river, and on the east by the chowk road ...	3 3
Mozufferpore ...	Mozufferpore ...	6	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Barhampura and Marripore ... Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Sarayaganj, Sekanderpore and Nazirpore ... Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Sadpura, Mahomedpore, Kazi Gunipore, Kajipore, Noorullapore, and Mithonpura ... Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Kalyani, Akhara Ghat, and Poorani Bazar ... Ward No. V.—Mohullah Chandmara ... Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Nauhauliganj, Kanhauli, Bishoon Dutt and Kanhauli Duh ...	2 2 2 2 2 2
Chumparun ...	Motihari ...	Nil	Nil	8*

* Municipalities in which the Commissioners will not be elected for wards, but for the whole town.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE DIVISION OF MUNICIPALITIES INTO WARDS, AND THE NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED FOR EACH WARD UNDER RULES FOR THE ELECTION OF COMMISSIONERS UNDER ACT III (B.O.) OF 1884.

Darjeeling, the 13th October 1884.

UNDER the provisions of section 15, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, the following statement showing the number and extent of the wards into which the municipalities mentioned will be divided for the purposes of the election of Commissioners under section 14, and the number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward, is published for general information:—

BURDWAN DIVISION.

DISTRICT.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Burdwan	Burdwan	5	<p>Ward I.—Mohullahs Khanpookhur, Soski, Naree, Sodepore, Sadhonpore, Doobraj, Bajiprotappore, Rasikpur, Bohilapara, Ranigunge, Naskar Dighi, Radhanagore, Protappore, Moorut Mohulla, Beerhatta, Kalibazar, Ichlabad, Hafetzoolahber, Nowabdostkaim, Gooroodasipahar, and Bahirsabomongola ...</p> <p>Ward II.—Mohullahs Khurarpahar, Baboorbag, Khagragoria, Hajipota, Beheratola, Mithapukur, Bhojanithakur, Chowkehundni, Shambazar, Mourmohulla, Peerbahram, Sachaton Gorasahid, Mogultali, Ahirmohul, Pooratun Chowk, Mohajuntali, Borobazar, Moradpore, Paikmarapara, Telmarui, Ticcapara, and Dhobapara ...</p> <p>Ward III.—Mohullahs Kristosagore, Kazirhat, Goda, Koorapota, Paharpur, Lacoordi, Bhoboneswar, Hazidanga, Kajirbar, Kamalnagore, Kishubgunge, Ticcouchat, Rajgunj, Dhokrasahid, Kotahat, Borehat, Chalopoti, Chalamola, Radhagunj, Dalpoti Pogiamohol, Dangapara, Atamohol, and Dhobapara ...</p> <p>Ward IV.—Mohullahs Torim Mohulla, Alumgunj, Kastoghora, Roghoonathpore, Maubag, Oligunj, Tijgunge, Bowripara, Gowlabatan, Poorbapara, Rampore, Poddarpore, Kamarmahal, Kasarimohul, Tantomohul, Moodimohul, Pathooriamohul, Mirzapur, Belpokur, Iaschimpara, Gooriahata, Labongola, Telipara, Shankaripara, Tamoolipara, Khorgeswar, and Edilpore ...</p> <p>Ward V.—Mohullahs Niskini Bazar, Parburhata, Sharkaripookur, Dhamrai, Golahat, Bhatchala, Bongpore, Bora Baldanga, Mearber Juggutber, Khoajanwarber, Chotonilpore, Boronilpore, Chotobaldanga, Kanainatshul, Boro Benapara, Choto Benapara, Ichlabazar, and Sealdanga ...</p>	3 3 3 3 3
Bankoora	Bankoora	6	<p>Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Kotowali, Hoosnabadi and Rajgunge ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Kaji, Rokhit, Hattolla and Bhokat ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Lohar, Lal Bazar, Ghattack and Tanti ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Poddar, Audhorjee, Rampore, Joga and Nutanchati ...</p> <p>Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Gopinathpore, Patpore, Kankata, Kindudehe and Lokepore ...</p> <p>Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Serampore, Ilambazar, Bagchala, Shimooldanga, Mondirgora and Nij Rajgram ...</p>	2 1 1 2 1 1
Ditto	Bishenpore	4	<p>Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by the limits of survey mouzahs Kalaberiah and Garerban; on the east by the limits of survey mouzahs Anundapur, Harapurihat, Patpore, Shyamsoonderpore and Mamurkhali; on the south by the limits of survey mouzah Banachabra; and on the west by paddy-field, Kadakuli, Marnibazar, Hazrapara, Pakaband, Nilkuti, Kathurarbagan, and Thacoorpora jungle ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the limits of survey mouzahs Shyamsoonderpore, Akhundabari, Paddarbari and Mothura Mohal; on the east by paddy-field, Gosainpara, Sankaribazar and Gurdaraja; on the south by Jamunaband and mohullahs Gowalapara, Bakultola, Bahadoorgunge and Pakaband tank; and on the west by the limits of the survey mouzahs Kustara and Churamonipore. ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by the paddy-fields of Gopalpore, mohullahs Roghunathshire, Bisvaspara and Kadakuli; on the east by Shayam Roy's Bazar and Hazrapara; on the south by Jamunatand, Krishnagunge and Gopalgunge; and on the west by Tezpal ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by Gowalapara, Aishbazar and Shayam Roy's Bazar; on the east by Shunkuttolla, Rashtolla, Patshayer and Thacoorpora jungle; on the south by the limits of survey mouzahs Turkishitarainpore and Benachabra; and on the west by the limits of the survey mouzahs Jamunaband Agal ...</p>	2 2 2 2

BURDWAN DIVISION—continued.

DISTRICT.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Midnapore	Midnapore	6	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Kooikota, Toriahparah, Habilipore, Sepoy-bazar, and Khaporelbazar ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Kotibazar, Colonelgolah, Mirbazar, Olingunge, Keranitola, and the Cantonment ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Boro Bazar, Shij Bazar, Manickpore, Bar Manickpore, and Chotobazar ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Nazergunge, Matabpore, Patnabazar, Boxibazar, Mirzabazar, and Miabazar ...	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Paharipore, Notoonbazar, Ballabhore, Ber Ballabhore, and Pathorghatta ...	2
			Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Soojagunj, Sangatbazar, Sebharang, and Bibigunge ...	2
Ditto	Tumlook	Nil	Nil ...	8*
Ditto	Ghattal	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Konnagore, and Kusupota ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Krisnagore, Alamgunge, Argorah, Lukchandrapore, and Rughoonathpore ...	3
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Nischintapore, Gurprotapnagore, Srirampore, Sadambati, Joynagore, Basudebpore, Bar Panchanando, and Panchghora ...	3
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Gambhirnagore Khar Gambhirnagore, Chauli, Ramchandrapore, Kismut Ramchandrapore, and Singpore ...	2
Ditto	Khirpai	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Malpara, Manikpore, Jogatpore and Munia-bazar ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Hatagunge, Mohutabgunge, Sivbazar, Khoonlgunge, and Bawaria ...	1
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Anandapore, Syamelgunge, Malidanga, Telibazar, and Gangadharpore ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Daya Nayabazar, Maynagria, Gokulgunge, Babupore, and Kosigrija ...	1
Ditto	Chundorkona	6	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Govindpore, Boishnarbir, Patharbir, Somaspore, Lochhipore, Bagsharipore, Golokdhampore, Gosainbir, Nischindipore, and Alampore ...	1
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Metrasenpore, Gokulnagore, Amdogra, Ramnagore, Narharipore, Nayagunge, Radhakrishnapore, Syamnagore, and Ajodhya ...	1
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Roghoonathpore, Khirpibazar, Dakhinbazar, Pooroosuttimpore, Gharmamar, Madhubpore, Gazeepore, and Shamsoonderpore ...	1
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Barharbir, Mallesoarpore, Bhaerbazar, Begumbari, Soodibazar, Gosainbazar, Ilambazar, and Boro-bazar ...	1
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Bora, Ratunhat, Gopalpore, Gopinathpore, Motarifa, Mundoomala, Chosi Mohal, Nilapat, Lalbazar, and Bansdaha ...	2
			Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Kowargunge, Joyantinore, Ramgunge, Manpore, Dalmadal, Rasek Anandapore, and Kalyangunge ...	2
Ditto	Ramjibunpore	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Brindabunpore Bazar and Rameswarpore ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Baburampore, Sonabazar, Gokulbazar, and Dayalbazar ...	1
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Nayabazar, Horibungsiore, Krishnana-gore, Monohurpore, and Pandua ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Bonpore, Depur, Amdan, Sirbazar, and Gobindpore ...	1
Hooghly	Hooghly and Chinsurah.	6	Ward No. I.—Shahagunge Ward.—Mohullahs Meerkala, Wajidnagore, Gurrib Alum's Bag, Shahgunge, Mulbi Jomtree's Bag, Chuth Tacoor's Bag, Keofa, Chuck Armani, Shamsoonderpore, Ballaguri, Bali Road, Kajudinagur, Tewaripara and Poolmalpara ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Hooghly Ward.—Part of Bally Road and Mohullahs Burrallpara, Raybazar, Allipore, Katgorah, Kapasdanga, Sonatully, Barabazar, Moheshtolla, Emambazar, Aimah, and Tanti-para ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Baboogunge Ward.—Mohullahs Bhootiabazar, Tamlipara, Narayan Roy's Berh, Baboogunge, Protappore, Joraghat, Soojungulla, Kadamtalla, Charghatta, Goaltooley, and Kooloochunda ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—Chinsurah Ward.—Mohullahs Barrabazar, Crooked Gully, Mogultully, Armanitolla, Hossein Gully, Rajbatty, Town-guard, Khorooabazar, Mereberh, Khankorajoie, Bourigully, Cassimpore, Chottrgully, Mullickgully, and Dharampore ...	2
			Ward No. V.—Kamarpara Ward.—Mohullahs Cantanment, Cham-matta, Fatusgully, Balaram Gully, Banerjee Gully, Roy's Berh, Sundessurtolla, Choube Gully, Thacoar Gully, Kamarpara, Parbutty Gully, Dutta Gully, De Gully, Panchoorra Gully, Moochee Gully, Talafuttuck, Mookerjee Gully, Kamar Gully, and Madhabi Gully ...	2

* Municipalities in which the Commissioners will not be elected for wards, but for the whole town.

BURDWAN DIVISION—continued.

DISTRICT.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Hooghly—contd.	Hooghly and Chinsurah.		Ward No. VI.—Chandernagore Ward.—Mohullahs Kankseali, Koondoo Gully, Kazi Gully, Kristo Gully, Kristo Bose's, Kolerbagan, Khosshu Gully, Khirki Gully, Goopta Gully, Gurbatti, Gurgoripara, Ghose Gully, Chandernagore, Chattopadhyaya Gully, Tendoob Gully, Taldanga, Das Gully, Pal Gully, Bagdi Gully, Bhooloo Gully, Majer Basti, Moochi Gully, Matiafuttuck, Roy's Bagan, Sham Gully, Shibtolla, Sastitolla, Shiboo Gully, Sing Gully, Seupura, and Habadhar Gully	2
Ditto	Scrapore	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullah Scrapore	4
			Ward No. II.—Mohullah Chatra	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Mohesh and Rishrah	3
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullah Konnagar	3
Ditto	Utterpara	4	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by the Bhadrakali; on the south by the Female School Street as far as the river Hooghly, southern portion of Mookerjee Street and Kalipore Road; on the east by the river Hooghly; and on the west by the East India Railway	2
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the Female School Street as far as the river Hooghly, southern portion of Mookerjee Street and Kalipore Road; on the south by Banerjee Street as far as the river Hooghly, northern portion of Bama Churn Banerjee Street, Talpooker Street including the footpath on the east bank of Talpooker from Talpooker Street to Nobin Kobiraje's Lane, western portion of Nobin Kobiraje's Lane, and an imaginary straight line drawn in continuation of Nobin Kobiraje's Lane due west as far as East India Railway; on the east by river Hooghly; and on the west by the East India Railway	2
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by Banerjee Street as far as the river Hooghly, northern portion of Bama Churn Banerjee's Street, Talpooker including the footpath on the east bank of Talpooker from Talpooker Street to Nobin Kobiraje's Lane, western portion of Nobin Kobiraje's Lane and an imaginary straight line drawn in continuation of Nobin Kobiraje's Lane due west as far as the East India Railway; on the south by the Mondul Street as far as the river Hooghly, southern portion of Chowkighatta Street, and Bally Khal; on the east by the river Hooghly; and on the west by the East India Railway	2
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by Mondul Street as far as the river Hooghly, southern portion of Chowkighatta Street and Bally Khal; on the south by the Bally Khal; on the east by the river Hooghly; and on the west by the Bally Khal and southern portion of Chowkighatta Street	2
Ditto	Bansberia	4	Ward No. I.—Mirer Hat and Kamarpara. Bounded on the north by Bansberia; on the east by the river; on the west by Teghoria, Boro Khegurua, Mia Danga and paddy fields; and on the south by the Hooghly Municipality	1
			Ward No. II.—Bansberia excluding its portion from Sreepore. Bounded on the north by Shreepore Sharak; on the east by the river; on the west by Karindunga Chack, Bansberia and Bosepara; and on the south by Khamarpara	1
			Ward No. III.—Remaining part of Bansberia, Shilipore and Shahpore. Bounded on the north by Saraswati Khal; on the east by river Hooghly; on the west by Sunkonagore; and on the south by Bansberia Bonick Shark	2
			Ward No. IV.—The portion of the town on the other side of the Saraswati Khal. Bounded on the north by Banipore and Bandapara; on the east by the river; on the west by Mugra Union, Guj Ghunta and Alikhoja; and on the south by Saraswati Khal	2
Ditto	Boidyabatty	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Chatra and Novagram	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Seoraphulli and Dergunge	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Baidyapore and Dirghango	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Sankarpore chak and Jungipara	2
Ditto	Bhuddessur	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Bhuddessur and Poranbatty	3
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Gyretty, Champdani, Khorta Danga, and Beldartuli	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Paikpara, Rairpatti and Telinipara	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Kristopati, Palpara and Mancoonda	1
Ditto	Kotrung	2	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Kotrung and Dharsa	3
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Bhadrakally and Beer Bhadrakally	3
Howrah	Bali	3	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by the Bally Khal; on the east by the Hooghly river; on the south by Gossainpara Lane and a line crossing the Grand Trunk Road and Pathak Ghat Lane; and on the west by the East India Railway Company's lines	4

BURDWAN DIVISION—concluded.

District.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Howrah—contd.	Bali	...	Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by Gossainpara Lane and a line crossing the Grand Trunk Road and the Pathak Ghat Lane; on the east by the Hooghly river; on the west by the East India Railway Company's line, and on the south by Kamarpara Ghat Lane and Pal Bagan Lane	4
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by Kamarpara Ghat Lane and Pal Bagan Lane; on the east by the Hooghly river; on the west by the East India Railway Company's line; and on the south by the southern limit of the municipality	4

RAJSHAHYE DIVISION.

Dinapore	Dinapore	5	<p>Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by Basoniaputti Road; on the south by Hospital Road; on the west by Jail Garden Road; and on the east by Ghagra</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by Rumnagor Road; on the south by Basoniaputti Road and river Kanchi; on the west by the road from Khan Sahib's house to Rumnagor; and on the east by Matasagor</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by the Kanchi river; on the south by the Cemetery; on the east by the Minagor Road; and on the west by Ghagra</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by Hospital Road; on the south by Ghagra; on the west by the river Purnabhoba; and on the east by Ghagra</p> <p>Ward No. V.—Bounded on the north by Rumnagor Ghat; on the south by the road south of Modau Kamar's house; on the west by the river Purnabhoba; and on the east by the Jail Garden Road and on the road from Khan Sahib's house to Rumnagor</p>	3
Rajshahye	Rampore Beaulah.	7	<p>Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Talaimari, Raminagor, Baja Kajlah, Ramchandrapore, Segarpara, Shikherchak, Rampore Bazar and Bagichapara</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Ghoramarah, Kamarpara, Foodkipara, Sahibgunge and Shahib Bazar</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Ganuckpara, Meaparah, Khansamor Chak and Maloparah</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Kadingunge, Hetamkhan, Shobjiparah, Ranibazar, Beldarpara, Bhullobgunge and Beaulah</p> <p>Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Sherasharpara, Dingapara, Hushingunge, Seikhpara and Jotemohesh</p> <p>Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Sreerampore, Kajhatta, and Sepoypara</p> <p>Ward No. VII.—Mohullahs Burgram, Bathiparah, Lukhpore, Bhutaparah, Ballenpore No. I, Ballenpore No. II, Rajparah, Moheshbathan, Kaluparah, Keshubpore, Goalparah, Nowabgunge, Benode Gharumisparah, Raiparah, and Kalitollah</p>	4
Ditto	Nattore	12	<p>Ward No. I.—Nattore Civil Station with Nishanbazar to Kapooriaputti Trimohini</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Kapooriaputti Trimohini, Moyadaputti, Sukalputi and Garikhana</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Upper Bazar</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—Lalbag, Lalbazar to Kapooriaputti Trimohini</p> <p>Ward No. V.—Chowkurpahar south, including Chota Taraf</p> <p>Ward No. VI.—Chowkurpahar west, Kautabariya and Bara Taraf</p> <p>Ward No. VII.—Alaipur</p> <p>Ward No. VIII.—South Bargatcha and Mirparah</p> <p>Ward No. IX.—North Bargatcha to Railway Station</p> <p>Ward No. X.—Mallikhatti</p> <p>Ward No. XI.—Kaniakhalli to river Narud, Kalitollah and Sukul's tank</p> <p>Ward No. XII.—Kandi Bhetna</p>	1
Ditto	Rungpore	2	<p>Ward No. I.—Rungpore, containing the two wards Nababgunge and Dhap</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Manegunge</p>	7
Bogra	Bogra	4	<p>Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Shilbati, Katuar, Suriparah, Teliparah, Mirparah and Khatriparah</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Bazar Kathail, Bazar Kemdagaram, Chukzada, Dhobaparah, Loakaiota, Satrapur, Moushipara, and Teliparah</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Sutrapur, Mattinagar, Chuck Malgas, and Thantania</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Chelopara, Naroli and Chuck Naroli</p>	3

RAJSHAHYE DIVISION—concluded.

DISTRICT.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
gra—contd.	Sherepore ...	3	Ward No. I. Bounded on the north, east and west by the municipal limits, and on the south by the Punyatala and the Munshee-baree Roads ...	3
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the Punyatala and the Munshee-baree Roads; on the south by the Tantiparah and the Kochurghat Roads; and on the east and west by the municipal limits ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by the Tantiparah and the Kochurghat roads; and on the east, west and south by the municipal limits ...	
Pubna	Pubna ...	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Parbuttygunge, Gopalpur, and the portion of Dilalpur, bounded on the south by Tarini Baboo's Road; on the north by Parbuttygunge; on the west by the Ichamatí river; and on the east by Jackson's Road ...	5
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Shibrapur, Raghabpur, and the remaining portion of Dilalpur ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullah Salgaria ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Ramchandrapur, Atua, Sadhuparah, Puranakuti, Krishnapur, Govinda, Poilanpur, Radhanagar, and Narampur ...	3
Do.	Serajgunge ...	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Goila, Dhanbandi and Garka ...	5
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Putiabaree, Rohabaree, Moipur, Malsapara and Pakuria ...	2
			Ward No. III.—The portion of the town lying south of the Pangasi Road and west of the Dhanbandi river ...	3
			Ward No. IV.—The portion of the town lying north of the Pangasi Road and west of the Dhanbandi river ...	2
Kurseong	Kurseong ...	Nil.	Nil.	8*

DACCA DIVISION.

Dacca	Dacca ...	7	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by Roy Shaheb's Bazar, Jallah and the Narandia Khal; on the east by the Postogola Road and the land east of Subek Sarafatgunge; on the south by the Booriganga; and on the west by the road from the Bangla Bazar Ghat to Nowabpore bridge <i>via</i> Dig Bazar Road and road south and west of the Racquet Court ...	3
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by Roy Shaheb's Bazar, Jallah and the Naya Sarak; on the south by the Booriganga; on the east by Block No. 1; and on the west by the Babu Bazar Khal ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by the land north of the old cantonment; on the south by the Roy Shaheb's Bazar and the Narandia Khal; on the east by the Jallah and the Dobi Khal; and on the west by the Nowabpore Road up to the Mugh Bazar Road crossing <i>via</i> road south of Phoenix Park ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by the northern boundary of the Runna or race-course ground; on the south by Blocks Nos. II and V; on the east by Block No. III; and on the west by the Dewan Bazar Road and the road west of the race-course ground or Runna ...	2
			Ward No. V.—Bounded on the north by Block No. IV; on the south by the Booriganga; on the east by Blocks Nos. II and V; on the west by the road east of the Central Jail, the Chowk, and the Bara Katara Lane ...	2
			Ward No. VI.—Bounded on the north by Shahbagh (Shahbagh being included) and lands adjoining it; on the south by the river Booriganga; on the east by Blocks Nos. V and IV; and on the west by the Lalbag Road and the roads west of Dhakeswari and the Shahbagh ...	1
			Ward No. VII.—Bounded on the north by the village of Brahman-tolce, the jungle of Maneswar, the pilkhana, and the jungle north of Azimpura road; on the east by Block No. VI; on the west by Shikaritolah Khal; and on the south by the river and the chur ...	2
Ditto	Naraingungo ...	3	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Sitalakhya, Naluya, Nitaigunge, Tantipara, Patnipara, and Sutarpara ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Kutipara, Nyamati, Tanti Bazar, Uttar Taw Bazar, Galachipa, Palpara, Chusara, Khanpur, Mokorba, Hazigunge, Roshanbag, and Bahurail ...	3
			Ward III.—Mohullahs Madangunge, Sonakanda, Bandar, Ekram-pore, and Nabigunge ...	3

* Municipalities in which the Commissioners will not be elected for wards, but for the whole town.

DACCA DIVISION—continued.

DISTRICT.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Furreedpore ...	Furreedpore ...	5	<p>Ward No. I.—Bounded on the east by the middle of the road running west of the police-station, and a line straight with that road produced north and south to meet the north and south boundaries of the municipality; on the south-west and north by the boundaries of the municipality ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Bounded on the east by the middle of the road running east of the reservoir known as the "Jala" till it meets the Avenue Road; thence by a line drawn due north to boundary of the municipality; on the west by the eastern boundary of ward No. I; on the south and north by the boundaries of the municipality ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Bounded on the east by a line drawn due south from the north-east corner of the District Engineer's compound; on the north by the middle of the Avenue Road; on the south by the boundary of the municipality; and on the west by the eastern boundary of ward No. II ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the east and south by the boundary of the municipality; on the north by the middle of the Avenue Road till it meets the khal, and thence in a line straight with the Avenue Road produced to the eastern boundary of the municipality; and on the west by the eastern boundary of ward No. III ...</p> <p>Ward No. V.—Bounded on the east and north by the boundary of the municipality; on the south by the northern boundaries of wards Nos. III and IV; and on the west by the eastern boundary of ward No. II ...</p>	3 2 2 2 2
Ditto ...	Goalundo ...	5	<p>Ward No. I.—<i>Amlahpara</i>.—Bounded on the north by Kayapati Bazar and Monoharpati Road; on the south by Debeegram or Bethurikhali; on the east by the river Ganges; and on the west by Sujabad cultivation and Bethuri ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—<i>Kayapati Bazar</i>.—Bounded on the north by Panchas Hazari Road and by the east face siding; on the south by Monoharpati and road; on the east by the east face siding and river Ganges; and on the west by the Panchas Hazari Road and Bisva Nathpore and Bhabail cultivation ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—<i>Nikaripara and Mahajanpati</i>.—Bounded on the north by the river Ganges; on the west by Bhabail cultivation; on the east by the river Ganges; and on the south by Panchas Hazari Road ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—<i>Bhabail Bazar</i>.—Bounded on the north by the river Ganges; on the south by Panchas Hazari Road; on the east by the railway line; and on the west by the junction road ...</p> <p>Ward No. V.—<i>Char Pallando</i>.—Bounded on the north by the Bhabail Bazar; on the south by the Char Pallando village road; on the west by the river; and on the east by the railway ...</p>	3 2 2 2 2
Ditto ...	Madaripore ...	7	<p>Ward No. I.—Amirabad, Bandar, Chur Madaripore Rajnagar ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Lakmigunge ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Chur Khagdi, Chur Mugaria ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—Khagdi ...</p> <p>Ward No. V.—Madaripore village ...</p> <p>Ward No. VI.—Kulpoddi ...</p> <p>Ward No. VII.—Rasti, Hazrapore ...</p>	2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Backergunge ...	Burrisal ...	5	<p>Ward No. I.—Amanatgunge, Kaonea, and Kotwali ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Kalibaree and Sagardi ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—School and Alikanda ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—Bagura and Kalibari ...</p> <p>Ward No. V.—Church Ward ...</p>	2 2 1 2 3
Mymensingh ...	Nasirabad ...	5	<p>Ward No. I.—European quarter, Jail and Katchi Jhali.—Boundaries; north-east, river; south-east, N. Bund road forms junction with Keranipara Road and Jail Road ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—East, river; north-west, Keranipara to Jail Road; south, Jail Road to Kamarpatti Road; east, Kamarpatti and Shakhaniipatto Road ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—North-east, Jail Road to Kamarpatti Road; west and south-west, Itkhola Road to junction with Theatre Road; east, Old Theatre Road ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—West, Kamarpatti, Sutarpatti, and Theatre Road; north-east, river; east, Maharajah's Road, Jamir Lamharipara Road ...</p> <p>Ward No. V.—North-east, river; south-east, Kistopore Road; west, Maharajah's and Jamir Lamharipara Road ...</p>	2 3 2 3 2
Ditto ...	Muktagacha ...	Nil.	Nil.	6*

* Municipalities in which the Commissioners will not be elected for wards, but for the whole town.

DACCA DIVISION—concluded.

DISTRICT.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Mymensingh ...	Jamalpore ...	7	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Jamalpore, Shingjani, Fulberia, Bazrapore, and Mukundaliari ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Kuturia, Haripur, Abharpore, and Kali-pore ...	1
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Janjalpara, Dapaina, Bishnapore, Nasur-pore, Kursha, Hosseinpore, Khupibani, Palisa and Kusharipatta ...	1
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Beltia, Kachasara, and Kalaholia ...	1
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Dohokura, Tetulia, Ramnagar, Palashgar, Jugirjhopa, and Nakati ...	2
			Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Doorpar, Chandra, Rasedpur, Baguhaid, Rasidpore, and Baguhaid ...	1
			Ward No. VII.—Mohullahs Hat Chandro, Chandra, Kampapur, Gusbaria, and Pathalia ...	2
Ditto ...	Sherpore ...	6	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Rajbari, Gobindagunge, Krishnagar, Kali-bazar, Shasharkhila, Gopalbari, Dhakalhati, and Narainpore ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Munshibazar, Raghunath Bazar, Grida Narayanpore, Shibbari, Shachhati, Narainpore, and Durgapore ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Rajballabpore, Nobinchur, East Sheri, Middle Sheri, West Sheri, Madhabpore ...	1
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Kharampore, Bagraksa, Katgur, Goalpara, Kacharipara, Mullapara, and Barakpara ...	1
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Mirgunge and Gouripore ...	1
			Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Mobarakpore, Nailhata, Dighirpar, Tatalapur ...	1
Ditto ...	Kishoregunge ...	5	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Gangail, Shotakia, Baghargati, Kut Sholakia, Janghirpur and Chur Sholakia, Bazar Ichagunge, Atkapara and Kabitarbaz ...	3
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Raknail, Sridharkhila, Chur Dabail, Gaital, Lamapara, Laliteabad, Danikona, Rasidabad, and Shogra ...	1
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Katiar Chur, Bazar Haibatnagar, Hara Khamar Taluk, Gridan, Nagna, Binnago Batrish, and Bazar Kishoregunge ...	3
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Ekrampore Bazar, Tarapasha, Baila, Ekrampore, Shatal, Nayanagar, and Chundro Nagar ...	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Saina, Chur Gangail, Rajkanto, Dariabad, Terahissa, Kapashatia, Badenshi, and Poranbowlai ...	1
Ditto ...	Bazitpor ...	Nil	Nil.	6*

CHITTAGONG DIVISION.

Chittagong ...	Chittagong ...	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Bibi's Hat, Shola Shahur, Sloop Bohur, Moradpur, Kapasgola, and Bhanghootna ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Chowk Bazar, Joynagar, Chandunpoora, Dewan Bazar, Rohamatgunge, and Ghat Furhadbeg ...	3
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Jamal Khan, Bagmoniram, Enayet Bazar, Audurkilla, Buxir Hat, Kaitangunge, and Pathurghata ...	4
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Feringhee Bazar, Sudder Ghat, Alcoran, Madar Bary, South Madar Bary, Pattor Tolly and Dewan Hat ...	3
Noakholly ...	Noakholly ...	5	Ward No. I.— <i>Taltoly Ward</i> .—Bounded on the north by Taktakhali Khal; on the west by the municipal boundary; on the south by Bhowanigunge Road; and on the east by Taltoli Khal ...	2
			Ward No. II.— <i>Fakirtola Ward</i> .—Bounded on the north by Bhowanigunge Road; on the west by the municipal boundary; on the south by Chararia Road and on the east by Fakirtola and Dewanpara Roads ...	1
			Ward No. III.— <i>Bara Bazar</i> .—Bounded on the north by Bruce's Tank Road; on the west by Fakirtola Road; on the south by Kalitara and Dewanpara Roads; and on the east by Kutcherri Road ...	2
			Ward No. IV.— <i>Circuit House Ward</i> .—Bounded on the north by Dewanpara and Kulitara Roads; on the west by Dewanpara Road; on the south by the municipal boundary; and on the east by Gopi Munshi Road and a line to the south boundary ...	1
			Ward No. V.— <i>Kalitara</i> .—Bounded on the north by Taktakhali Khal; on the west by Taltoli Road; Kutcherri Road, Gopi Munshi's road and a line to the south boundary; on the south by the municipal boundary; and on the east by the municipal boundary and Taktakhali Khal ...	2

Municipalities in which the Commissioners will not be elected for wards, but for the whole town.

CHITTAGONG DIVISION—concluded.

District.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Tipperah	Commillah	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Bajapur, Dhukhin Churtha, Uttar Churtha, Gangagunge and Kasarupullu ... Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Manahurpur, Kandirpur I, Kandirpu II and Gobindpur ... Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Cholorah, Kailoguree, Bishnapur, Jan-nagar and Rajgunge ... Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Gang Chur, Chak Bazar, Muradpur I, Muradpur II, Sangraish, Sujagunge, Mirpur and Sicar Chur ...	4 2 2 3
Ditto	Brahmanberia...	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Bazar Brahmanberia, Kalaisri, Pukharpur, Kasharipati and Chatkipara ... Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Pachim Nuddah, Bazar Nuddah, Fulbaria, Sirpore, and Paikpara ... Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Shemrailkandi, Mourail, Kantale, Bhadughur and Nowapara ... Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Gokarna, Bazar Gokarna, Paertala, Dariapur and Brahmanbati ...	2 2 2 2

PATNA DIVISION.

Gya	Gya	10	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north by the municipal boundary; on the south by Runga Bahadur Road; on the east by the river; and on the west by the municipal boundary ... Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by Runga Bahadur Road; on the south by Kathokar Nallah; on the east by the River Road; and on the west by Cutchery Road ... Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by Runga Bahadur Road; on the south by Kathokar Nallah; on the east by Cutchery Road; and on the west by Ripon Road ... Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by Runga Bahadur Road; on the south by Palmer Road; on the east by Ripon Road; and on the west by the municipal boundary ... Ward No. V.—Bounded on the north by Kathokar Nallah and Palmer Road; on the south by Katara Road; on the east by the river; and on the west by the municipal boundary ... Ward No. VI.—Bounded on the north by Katara Road; on the south by Nowagarigati Street; on the east by the river; and on the west by Godavery and Munglagouri Roads ... Ward No. VII.—Bounded on the north by Nowagarigati Street; on the south by Chanchowra Street; on the east by the river; and on the west by Godavery Road ... Ward No. VIII.—Bounded on the north by Chanchowra Street; on the south by the municipal boundary; on the east by the river; and on the west by the municipal boundary ... Ward No. IX.—Bounded on the north by Katara Road; on the south and west by the municipal boundary; and on the east by Godavery Road and Munglagouri Road ... Ward No. X.—The portion of the municipality on the other side of the river ...	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1
Moufferpore	Hajipore	4	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Nukhas, Manik Chowk, Chowk, Noongola, Moofibazar, Chowdhery Mobarukalli, Kanhaimal Mednimul, Hossein Khan, and Pandriwa ... Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Maggerhatta, Hela Bazar, Rambhadder, Muderkilla, Pokhra, Ibrahimgunge, Dhanauli, Bagdalahan, and Anwarpore ... Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Bagmoosa, Bagmani, Bagmulli, Khattigunge, Maksoodpore, Tangowli Sanchiputty, Hathsargunge, and Khatey Barkhordar ... Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Jaroocha, Minapur, Syedpur Idris, Chowdherybazar, Chak Bara Chhip, Tola, Patwa Toli, and Bharath Raoot ...	2 2 1 3
Durbhanga	Durbhanga	7	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Bela, Bela Dillah, Bela Shan ker, Mawa, Gadhi, Moheshpatti, Babhan, Gauwan, Murlagunge, Alinaggar, Sunderpur, Kafigunge, Tattchaligunge, Alafgunge, Haluman Nagar, Bishunpur, Kaleyan, Bishunpur Taj, and Azam Nagar ... Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Moulvigunge, Chuck Nizam, Sahch Dadgunge, Banglagudh, Ramlagunge, Missrigunge, Kafagunge, Cham-pa Nagar, Muard Sher Bazar, Sadirabad, Ruhelagunge, and Gangwara ... Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Manourgunge, Chakram Chauk, Shamesh-ergunge, Munshi Jurawansingh, Waris Nagar, Hosain Chaker, Shibgunge, Qutubgunge, Raj Kumergunge, Saifullahgunge, Kathat Bari, Luchmi Shagor, and Subbonkerpur ...	2 2 2

PATNA DIVISION—concluded.

DISTRICT.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
urbhunga— continued.	Durbhunga	7	Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Ratempur, Katke Bazar, Oweam, Ram Chak, Koberabad, Basantgunge, Sharofaddin, Mashraf Bazar, Saudagar, Labbagh, Manharan Lal, Hulumangunge, and Mirzapur	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Sila Shah, Supon, Terhi Bazar, Quli Bazar, Madarpur, Mogulpur, Kotwali, Chautra Bhattuare Serai, Davangunga, Sagor, Misri Tolah, Bhagan Dass, Mufti Sainafat, Bazidpure, and Mahdoui.	2
			Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Mirza Hyat Beg Sher, Mahamad Bhigo Chak, Rahmat Jawalpara, Murgya Chak, Siazapur, Mahesh Patti, Rastole Bazar, Fakira Khan, Urdu Raham Khan, Faizuleah Khan, Usafgung, Rahamgunge, Bela Gobindpore, Gonga Sagor, and Moulagunge	2
			Ward No. VII.—Mohullahs Karamgunge, Abdullahgunge, Damduma, Imambari, Belwagunge, Mahrajgunge, Ismailgunge, Sari Salar Khan, Baquargunge, Luchmipore, Bat Chaddaspore, Khaji Serai, Laheria Serai, and Punda Serai	2
Ditto	Madhubani	5	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Bhowara, Sarat Ganj, and Chakdaha	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Srigunj, Nariartar, and Purani Chatti	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Kamat, Bhawanipore, Nai Bazar, Bahua, and Shewbux Ganj	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Gadeam, Shaghan, Bhamas Bazar, and Laheria Ganj	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Sapta and Maharaj Ganj	2
ran	Chupra	4	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north, south, and east by the limits of the municipality, and on the west by Shahebgunge Road	3
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north and south by the limits of the municipality, on the east by ward No. I, and on the west by Nai Bazar Road	3
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north and south by the limits of the municipality, on the east by ward No. II, and on the west by Mohullah Dowlatgunge No. 27	3
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north, south, and west by the limits of the municipality, and on the east by ward No. III	3
Ditto	Sewan	Nil	Nil	3
Ditto	Revelgunge	Nil	Nil	6*

BHAGULPORE DIVISION.

agulpore	Bhagulpore	6	Ward No. I.—The eastern ward of the municipality up to the Steamer Ghat Road, District Jail Road, and the Station Road on the west, and the railway line on the south	2
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north by the river Jamoona; on the south by a portion of the Station Road and the railway line; on the east by the Steamer Ghat Road, District Jail Road, and the Station Road	3
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by the river Jamoona; on the south by the railway line; on the east by Nayabazar Road; and on the west by the Jantikri Road, Nathnagar Road, and the Public Garden Road	3
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by the river Jamoona and Dearah; on the south by the railway line; on the east by the Jantikri Road, Nathnagar Road, and the Public Garden Road; and on the west by Fort Roads Nos. I and II	2
			Ward No. V.—The western ward of the municipality	2
			Ward No. VI.—The portion of the municipality lying on the south of the railway line	2
onghyr	Monghyr	6	Ward No. I.—Fort Laldarwaza and Mohullah Belunbazar	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Baribazar North and South; Sarmanbazar and Topekhanabazar	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Basdeopore, Sherpur, Shampore, Madhopore, and Mogulbazar	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Sadipore, Jugulkitta, Kewra Moidan, and Betwanbazar	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Mirzapore, Puranigunge east and west, and Sandalpore	2
			Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Mahiddinpore, Bindwara, Mukhsuspore, Kasimbazar, and Moghera	2
Ditto	Jamalpore	6	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Nyagong, Secundrapore, and Mungrowra	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Dariapore, Dowlatpore, and Rampore	2
			Ward No. III.—The Bazar, Khalasitola, and Jamalpore Dih	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullah Keshubpore	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullah Jahangira	2
			Ward No. VI.—The European quarters	2

*Municipalities in which the Commissioners will not be elected for wards, but for the whole town.

BHAGULPORE DIVISION—concluded.

District.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Sonthal Pergunnahs	Sahebgunge ...	Nil	Nil ...	6*
Ditto	Deoghur ...	4	<p>Ward No. I.—North and East—From the north-west corner of the Sivagunga to the nearest point on the northern boundary of the municipality, and thence east and south to where the boundary crosses the Doomka Road ...</p> <p>South—Baidyanath Street and Jhansigarhi Road to its junction with the Doomka Road ...</p> <p>West—Sivagunga Lane and the west bank of the Sivagunga tank.</p> <p>Ward No. II.—North—Baidyanath Street and Jhansigari Road ...</p> <p>South—Jamunajore nuddy, which is the boundary of the municipality ...</p> <p>East—The eastern boundary of the municipality ...</p> <p>West—Wilmot Bazar Street, Bhairub Bazar and road, and Jamunajore Road ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—North—Barabazar Road, Kunjraputti Lane, and Harakishen Sha's Street as far as its junction with the new Jalshar Road ...</p> <p>South—The southern boundary of the municipality ...</p> <p>East—The south end of Wilmot Bazar Street, Bhairub Bazar and road, and Jamunajore Road ...</p> <p>West—The boundary of the municipality ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—North—The northern boundary of the municipality ...</p> <p>South—Harakishen Shah's Street, Kunjraputti Lane and Barabazar Road ...</p> <p>East—The north end of Wilmot Bazar Street, a portion of Baidyanath Road, the Sivagunga Lane, and the west bank of Sivagunga ...</p> <p>West—The western boundary of the municipality ...</p>	3 3 2 2
Purneah	Purneah ...	4	<p>Ward No. I.—To the east of the Ganges and Darjeeling Road ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—To the west of the Ganges and Darjeeling Road ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—To the east of the City Main Road ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—To the west of the City Main Road ...</p>	3 3 3 3
Maldah	English Bazar...	4	<p>Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Abhirampore, Gandharbapore, Lakrikhana, Madhubani, Makdumpore, Perojepore, Rajaparrah, Sahistoli and Singatolas ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Andharupara, Bangaltoli, Bibigram, Bokhotoli, English Bazar, Ghasiaratoli, Hatkhola, Hyderpore, Kantabari, Kutitola, Moheshmati, Mirerchuk, Noabasii, Nyagram, and Sankapara ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Baloochora, English Bazar, Golaputtee, Gosaintoli, Kassariputtee, Kutubpur and Puratoli ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Babutoli, Boohatek, Bansbari, Kotabari, Mokimpore, Phulbari and Tilukgiror Bazar ...</p>	4 3 2
Ditto	Maldah ...	3	<p>Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Kajidara, Cholisapara, Brajigma and Katra Tilmandai Sarbari ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Khord Sarbari, Pirojepore, Mokotilpore, Tooitbari, Kachubari and Bancaltoli ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Suripara, Fulbari, Shaik Mohun, Tarapore, Balia, and Nababgunge ...</p>	3 3 2

ORISSA DIVISION.

Cuttack	Cuttack	9	<p>Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Cuttack Chundy, Stone Road, Guruda Bazar, Dagarpada, Brahaman Sahi, Hasnabad, Kotgara Sahi, Dalusingpatua, Roghu Sahu, Godam Gully, Bhutia Sahi, Alisaha Bazar, Mangla Sahi, Kafia, Sedaisor, Mansingpatna, Bholamean Bazar, Mastaram Nath, Bedeadhar Road and Toolsepur ...</p> <p>Ward No. II.—Kutcherry Road, Chowdhury Bazar, Ferangi Bazar, Jagornath Road, College Lane, Normal School, Sanggot Lane, Peary Mohun Sen Gully, Makundprosad Gully, Mala Sahi, Bisanath Mahadeb Lane, Peary Baboo Gully, Hadi Sahi, Bhandary Sahi, Bakharabad, Ramnath Gully, Jai Baboo Gully, Kasi Baboo Gully, Gud Sahi Gully, and Bauri Sahi Gully ...</p> <p>Ward No. III.—Cuttack Chundy, Adalsah Khan Lane, Amdukhalifa Lane, Cutcherry Road, Gonais Mandir, Buditkhakurani Gully, Aparty Sahu Gully, Juma Masjid Gully ...</p> <p>Ward No. IV.—Ram Chowdhury Street, Alam Chund Bazar, Banka Bazar, Ganga Mandir, Durji Sahi, Jagornath Bullubh Road, Mahandipir, Bauri Sahi, Khatbin Sahi, Oriya Bazar, Osat Lane, and Latmundir ...</p> <p>Ward No. V.—Cuttack Chundy, Sfieik Bazar, Abdul Guffur Gully, Fakir Sahi, Bamphi Sahi, Guptipul, Khatbin Sahi, Dewan Bazar, Oriya Bazar, Christian Sahi, Talanga Sahi, Cutcherry Road, Sutahat and Mission Road ...</p> <p>Ward No. VI.—Cutcherry Road, Chowdhury Bazar, Jolaya Sahi, Kutgara Sahi, Parkanath Gully, Ferangi Bazar and Mangla-thakurani Gully ...</p>	1 2 1 1 1 2
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* Municipalities in which the Commissioners will not be elected for wards, but for the whole town.

ORISSA DIVISION—concluded.

DISTRICT.	Name of Municipality.	Number of wards.	Boundaries or extent of each ward.	Number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward.
Cuttack—concluded.	Cuttack ...	9	Ward No. VII.—Telanga Bazar, Jagornath Road, Raghunath Gully, Bamphi Sahi, Kukariapada, Gopaljee Gully, Bhagatpur, Nunia Sahi, Tara Chandpatna, Nunno Sahi, Kodam, Rossul, Foster Street and Kamar Sahi ...	1
			Ward No. VIII.—Cutcherry Road, Phulmandai Sahi, Telangadhoba Sahi, Foster Street, Rousapatna, Sant Sahi, Maria Sahi, Patni Sahi, Kasorpur, Bapari Sahi, Sadanand Jachak Gully, Dhubni Gully, Kaly Kinkur Chatterjee Gully, Kalai Sahu Gully, Badai Sahi, Kailas Baboo Gully, Bania Sahai, Naik Sahai, Brahman Sahi and Sarso Road ...	2
			Ward No. IX.—Commissioner Road, Hospital Road, Manglathakurani Road, Malha Sahi, Jobra Road, Talanga Sahi, Manglabag Road, Thoria Sahi, Mirkamalbatua, Gand Sahi, Jagornath Road, Saguria Sahi, Ranihat and Chotara Bazar ...	1
Pooree ...	Pooree ...	6	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Bali Sahi and Gourbar Sahi ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Kalikadevi Sahi, Matimandap Sahi and Dolemandap Sahi ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Baseli Sahi and Harchandi Sahi ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—Mohullahs Marakanda Sahi and Charang Sahai ...	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Kunchaibent Sahi ...	2
			Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Diatapara Sahi, Kumharpara and Dandimal Sahi ...	2
Balasore ...	Balasore ...	6	Ward No. I.—Mohullahs Brahmanpara, Kentpara, Kamarpara, Kumharpara, Musulmanpara, Kayasthapara, Chasapara and Goalapara ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Mohullahs Amlapara, Tanti Sahi, Thatari Sahi, Gookha Sahi, Mahanty Sahi, Rice Stall and Kasapara ...	2
			Ward No. III.—Mohullahs Baistabpara, Tanti Sahi, Brahmanpara, Tel Sahi, and Chasapara ...	2
			Ward No. IV.—The European quarter, Native Christian para, and mohullahs Amlapara, Pan Sahi and Tel Sahi ...	2
			Ward No. V.—Mohullahs Mochipara, Baniapara, Choankar Sahi and Mahajanpara ...	2
			Ward No. VI.—Mohullahs Brazeerpara, Dufturi Sahi, Kent Sahi, Chowdhuri Sahi, Paica Sahi, Mahajanpara, Kent Sahi, Kandra Sahi, Dhoba Sahi, and Musulmanpara ...	2

CHOTA NAGPORE DIVISION.

Hazaribagh ...	Chattra ...	Nil.	Nil	10*
Lohardugga ...	Ranchi ...	4	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the north and east by the municipal limits; on the west by the Sudder Road, and on the south by the Purulia Road ...	2
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the north and west by the municipal limits; on the south by the Tank Road as far as the bridge at the south east corner of the lake, and thence by the wall on the south side of the Commissioner's compound; and on the east by the Sudder Road ...	1
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the north by the line defined above as the southern boundary of Ward No. II; on the east by the Thanna and Dorunda Roads; and on the south and west by the municipal limits ...	3
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by the Purulia Road; on the west by the Thanna and Dorunda Roads; and on the south and east by the municipal limits ...	2
Manbhoom ...	Purulia ...	4	Ward No. I.—Bounded on the east by the Barrakar Road and Chaibassa Road; on the north, west, and south by the furthest limit of the municipality in those directions ...	1
			Ward No. II.—Bounded on the west and north by the Barrakar Road; on the south by the Bankoora Road; and on the east and north by the road starting from the Bankoora Road, joining with the Barrakar Road nearest Cart Serai, passed by girls' school building and between Chaysair and Katoobassair ...	4
			Ward No. III.—Bounded on the south by the Man Bazar Road; on the east by the furthest limit of the municipality in that direction, and on the north partly by ditto and partly by Bankoora Road; and on the west by wards Nos. I and II ...	4
			Ward No. IV.—Bounded on the north by portion of Bankoora Road and Man Bazar Road; on the east by the Man Bazar Road; and on the south by the furthest limit of the municipality ...	3

*Municipalities in which the Commissioners will not be elected for wards, but for the whole town.

COLMAN MACAULAY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

ORDERS DECLARING THE NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED FOR EACH WARD IN THE HOWRAH MUNICIPALITY.

The 13th October 1884.—In continuation of the notification dated the 29th September 1884, published at pages 1013 to 1015, Part I, of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 1st October 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to declare that the number of Commissioners to be elected for each ward in the Howrah Municipality shall be as follows:—

For each of the Wards Nos. I, IV, V, VI, VII, and IX, two Commissioners.

For each of the Wards Nos. III and VIII, three Commissioners.

For each of the Wards Nos. II and X one Commissioner.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

**RULES FOR THE ELECTION OF MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS
UNDER ACT III (B.C.) OF 1884.**

The 29th September 1884.—The following rules for the election of Municipal Commissioners in all Municipalities in the Burdwan, Presidency, Rajshahye, Dacca, Chittagong, Patna, Bhagulpore, Orissa, and Chota Nagpore Divisions (except Howrah and the Suburbs of Calcutta), have been laid down by the Lieutenant-Governor under section 15 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884:—

Of the qualification of voters.

1. Persons otherwise qualified to vote must be males, who have resided within the limits of the municipality for one year previous to the date of the election.

2. Subject to the above rule, all persons who have, during the year immediately preceding the election, paid an aggregate amount of not less than Re. 1-8 in respect of any rates imposed by the Act, and who have been duly registered as hereinafter provided, shall be qualified to vote.

3. Subject to the proviso contained in rule 1, any person who, being a member of a joint undivided family, one of the members of which has, during the year preceding such election, paid in respect of any of the rates imposed by the Act an aggregate amount of not less than Re. 1-8, is a graduate or licentiate of any University, or holds a certificate as a Pleader or Mooktear, or holds any office or employment carrying a salary of not less than Rs. 50 per mensem, shall be entitled to vote.

Of the registration of voters.

4. As soon as possible after these rules shall have been published, the Magistrate of the district shall cause to be prepared a register of persons qualified to vote. Such register shall be prepared from the assessment lists, from enquiries made by persons specially deputed for the purpose, and in such other manner as may appear expedient. Such register shall from time to time be corrected and added to as the Magistrate may direct. It shall be the duty of the Chairman of the Municipality to furnish the Magistrate or the Sub-Divisional Officer with any available information required for the preparation and correction, from time to time, of the register in question.

5. At least one month before the date fixed for the elections as hereinafter provided, an extract from the register, showing the persons qualified to vote within each Ward, shall be published at suitable places within that ward. A copy of the whole register shall also be published at the municipal office.

6. The Magistrate, or such other gazetted officer as he may depute for the purpose, shall sit to hear and decide objections to, and claims for, registration of voters on some date of which at least three days' notice shall have been given, and which shall be at least ten days after the publication of the lists in question, and at least one week before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections; and such decision shall be final.

7. The ward lists as amended, after the hearing and decision of claims and objections, shall be considered as the final lists of persons entitled to vote at the elections, and no person whose name does not appear in the ward lists shall be permitted to vote.

Of the qualification and the nomination of candidates.

8. Any person qualified to vote under these rules shall be qualified for nomination as a candidate.

9. Any rate-payer qualified to vote may nominate any other qualified person as a candidate.

10. The Magistrate shall, at least six weeks before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections, issue notices calling for nominations of candidates. Such nominations shall be delivered at the municipal office within fourteen days from the date of publication of the notices in question. No names of candidates shall be received after the expiration of such period.

11. The preliminary list of candidates, with the names of the persons nominating them, shall be published in each ward, and at the municipal office, at least three weeks before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections. A notification shall at the same time be published, fixing a date for the hearing of objections to candidates. Such date shall be at least one week later than the publication of the notification in question.

12. The Magistrate, or such other gazetted officer as the Magistrate may depute for the purpose, shall hear and decide all objections to candidates; and such decision shall be final. Before publishing the final list, he shall ascertain that all the candidates are eligible and willing to stand for election.

13. The final list of candidates shall be published in each ward, and at the municipal office, at least one week before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections. No candidate whose name is not contained in such list shall be eligible for election.

Of the manner of holding elections.

14. The elections for the different wards shall be held on such date as may be fixed by the Lieutenant-Governor and notified in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

15. The Magistrate shall decide at what place the election for each ward shall be held.

16. The date fixed for the election in each ward shall be duly notified by beat of drum, and by the publication of notices in such ward at least one month beforehand.

17. Each voter shall be entitled to vote for the ward in which he ordinarily resides, and for no other. He shall be entitled to vote for as many candidates as there are vacancies for such ward.

18. All persons wishing to vote must be present at the elections. No votes by proxy or in writing shall be received.

19. The Magistrate, or such other gazetted officer as the Magistrate may depute for the purpose, shall preside at the election for each ward, assisted by a Committee of not less than three and not more than five rate-payers of the ward, nominated by the Magistrate.

20. The proceedings shall commence by the presiding officer explaining the nature and objects of the meeting to the assembled voters. He shall then read out the list of candidates, and state the number of vacancies.

21. Each candidate shall then be proposed by one qualified voter, and seconded by another. Subject to the control of the presiding officer on points of order, each candidate and his proposer and seconder shall be permitted to address the assembled voters on the subject of his candidature. The names of candidates not duly proposed and seconded shall be removed from the list.

22. In the case of the number of the candidates duly proposed and seconded not being greater than the number of vacancies, the presiding officer, if he is satisfied that not less than 10 per cent. of the registered voters for the ward or wards in which the election is taking place are present, shall at once declare such candidates to be duly elected.

23. If the number of candidates duly proposed and seconded exceeds the number of vacancies, the presiding officer shall proceed to call for a show of hands in favour of each candidate. The presiding officer shall decide and state which of the candidates have received the largest number of votes by the said shows of hands. Should no poll be demanded against any one candidate, he shall declare such candidate to be duly elected.

24. Any defeated candidate, or his proposer or seconder, may demand a poll on his behalf, as against any or all of the candidates selected under the above rule.

25. When a poll is demanded, the votes shall then and there be recorded by the presiding officer with his own hand. All objections to voters shall, if possible, be summarily decided by the presiding officer, after reference to the register. No objections shall be entertained other than objections arising out of matters subsequent to registration under rule 6.

26. The presiding officer shall then and there declare such candidates as have a clear majority of votes to be duly elected. Provided that no candidate shall be declared to be duly elected unless at least 10 per cent. of the registered voters for the ward have appeared and recorded their votes.

27. If 10 per cent. of the registered voters for the ward are not present (Rule 22), or have not appeared and recorded their votes (Rule 26), the presiding officer shall report that the electors have failed, under section 16 of the Act, to elect Commissioners for the ward.

28. In case of an equality of votes for the same vacancy, and when the number of vacancies does not admit of all the candidates who have obtained an equality of votes being elected, the presiding officer shall postpone the election, fixing at the same time a date upon which the proceedings shall be re-commenced. When the majority for any candidate consists only of disputed votes, with reference to which further enquiry appears to be necessary, the result of such enquiry shall be notified on a subsequent date.

29. The list of duly returned candidates for the whole municipality shall be forwarded to the Commissioner of the Division for publication in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Miscellaneous.

30. No election shall be invalidated on a point of form, provided that these rules have been substantially obeyed.

31. No election shall be invalidated on account of any irregularity whatever, unless it shall appear that that irregularity was such as materially to affect the result of the election.

32. No person in the employment or pay of the municipality shall, directly or indirectly, engage in canvassing for votes, or otherwise assist in the election of any candidate, otherwise than by giving his own vote. Any breach of this rule will render him liable to dismissal.

33. All costs incurred in the preparation of the register of voters, the publication of notices, the holding of elections, or taking any other necessary actions under these rules, shall be payable by the Commissioners out of the municipal fund.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 29th September 1884.—The following rules for the election of Municipal Commissioners in the Municipality of Howrah have been laid down by the Lieutenant-Governor under section 15 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884:—

Of the number of Commissioners and Wards.

1. There shall be 30 Commissioners, of whom 20 shall be elected under these rules, and 10 shall be appointed by Government.

2. The municipality shall be divided into 10 wards in accordance with the schedule annexed.

Of the qualification of voters.

3. Persons otherwise qualified to vote must be males, who have resided within the limits of the municipality for one year previous to the date of the election.

4. Subject to the above rule, all persons who have, during the year immediately preceding the election, paid an aggregate amount of not less than Rs. 3 in respect of any rates imposed by the Act, and who have been duly registered as hereinafter provided, shall be qualified to vote.

5. Subject to the proviso contained in rule 3, any person who, being a member of a joint undivided family, one of the members of which has during the year preceding such election, paid in respect of any of the rates imposed by the Act an aggregate amount of not less than Rs. 3, is a graduate or licentiate of any University, or holds a certificate as a Pleader or Mooktear, or holds any office or employment carrying a salary of not less than Rs. 50 per mensem, shall be entitled to vote.

Of the registration of voters.

6. As soon as possible after these rules shall have been published, Magistrate of the district shall cause to be prepared a register of persons qualified to vote. Such register shall be prepared from the assessment list from enquiries made by persons specially deputed for the purpose, and in such other manner as may appear expedient. Such register shall from time to time

be corrected and added to as the Magistrate may direct. It shall be the duty of the Chairman of the Municipality to furnish the Magistrate or the Sub-Divisional Officer with any available information required for the preparation and correction, from time to time, of the register in question.

7. At least one month before the date fixed for the elections as hereinafter provided, an extract from the register, showing the persons qualified to vote within each ward, shall be published at suitable places within that ward. A copy of the whole register shall also be published at the municipal office.

8. The Magistrate, or such other gazetted officer as he may depute for the purpose, shall sit to hear and decide objections to, and claims for, registration of voters on some date of which at least three days' notice shall have been given, and which shall be at least ten days after the publication of the lists in question, and at least one week before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections; and such decision shall be final.

9. The ward lists as amended, after the hearing and decision of claims and objections, shall be considered as the final lists of persons entitled to vote at the elections, and no person whose name does not appear in the ward lists shall be permitted to vote.

Of the qualification and the nomination of candidates.

10. Any person qualified to vote under these rules shall be qualified for nomination as a candidate.

11. Any rate-payer qualified to vote may nominate any other qualified person as a candidate.

12. The Magistrate shall, at least six weeks before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections, issue notices calling for nominations of candidates. Such nominations shall be delivered at the municipal office within fourteen days from the date of publication of the notices in question. No names of candidates shall be received after the expiration of such period.

13. The preliminary list of candidates, with the names of the persons nominating them, shall be published in each ward, and at the municipal office, at least three weeks before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections. A notification shall at the same time be published, fixing a date for the hearing of objections to candidates. Such date shall be at least one week alter than the publication of the notification in question.

14. The Magistrate, or such other gazetted officer as the Magistrate may depute for the purpose, shall hear and decide all objections to candidates; and such decision shall be final. Before publishing the final list, he shall ascertain that all the candidates are eligible and willing to stand for election.

15. The final list of candidates shall be published in each ward, and at the municipal office, at least one week before the date fixed for the commencement of the elections. No candidate whose name is not contained in such list shall be eligible for election.

Of the manner of holding elections.

16. The elections for the different wards shall be held on such date as may be fixed by the Lieutenant-Governor and notified in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

17. The Magistrate shall decide at what place the election for each ward shall be held.

18. The date fixed for the election in each ward shall be duly notified by beat of drum and by the publication of notices in such ward at least one month beforehand.

19. Each voter shall be entitled to vote for the ward in which he ordinarily resides, and for no other. He shall be entitled to vote for as many candidates as there are vacancies for such ward.

20. All persons wishing to vote must be present at the elections. No votes by proxy or in writing shall be received.

21. The Magistrate, or such other gazetted officer as the Magistrate may depute for the purpose, shall preside at the election for each ward, assisted by a Committee of not less than three and not more than five rate-payers of the ward, nominated by the Magistrate.

22. The proceedings shall commence by the presiding officer explaining the nature and objects of the meeting to the assembled voters. He shall then read out the list of candidates, and state the number of vacancies.

23. Each candidate shall then be proposed by one qualified voter, and seconded by another. Subject to the control of the presiding officer on points of order, each candidate and his proposer and seconder shall be permitted to address the assembled voters on the subject of his candidature. The names of candidates not duly proposed and seconded shall be removed from the list.

24. All objections to voters shall, if possible, be summarily decided by the presiding officer, after reference to the register. No objections shall be entertained other than objections arising out of matters subsequent to registration under rule 8.

25. The presiding officer shall record with his own hand the votes of the electors present.

26. The presiding officer shall then and there declare such candidates as have a clear majority of votes to be duly elected. Provided that no candidate shall be declared to be duly elected unless at least 10 per cent. of the registered voters for the ward have appeared and recorded their votes.

27. If 10 per cent. of the registered voters for the ward have not appeared and recorded their votes, the presiding officer shall report that the electors have failed, under section 16 of the Act, to elect Commissioners for the ward.

28. In case of an equality of votes for the same vacancy, and when the number of vacancies does not admit of all the candidates who have obtained an equality of votes being elected, the presiding officer shall postpone the election, fixing at the same time a date upon which the proceedings shall be re-commenced. When the majority for any candidate consists only of disputed votes, with reference to which further enquiry appears to be necessary, the result of such enquiry shall be notified on a subsequent date.

29. The list of duly returned candidates for the whole municipality shall be forwarded to the Commissioner of the Division for publication in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Miscellaneous.

30. No election shall be invalidated on a point of form, provided that these rules have been substantially obeyed.

31. No election shall be invalidated on account of any irregularity whatever, unless it shall appear that that irregularity was such as materially to affect the result of the election.

32. No person in the employment or pay of the municipality shall, directly or indirectly, engage in canvassing for votes, or otherwise assist in the election of any candidate, otherwise than by giving his own vote. Any breach of this rule will render him liable to dismissal.

33. All costs incurred in the preparation of the register of voters, the publication of notices, the holding of elections, or taking any other necessary actions under these rules, shall be payable by the Commissioners out of the municipal fund.

COLMAN MACAULAY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

SCHEDULE.

HOWRAH MUNICIPALITY.

ELECTION WARDS.

Ward No. I.

North—Joya Bibee's Lane, outfall drain on the south of Hurro Dhole's garden and Chandalparah lane. *South*—Horogunge Road. *East*—River. *West*—Hooghly road.

Ward No. II.

North—A line beginning at a point on the Hooghly road 100 feet south of Nuskurparah lane, thence a direct line westward across the Maleepanchghurrah paddy-fields to the culvert opposite garden of Bhoggobutty Bysack on the Belloor road and Nellooah road. *South*—Sonaton Mistry's Garden lane and Bamoongachee paddy-fields. *East*—Grand Trunk road and Hooghly road. *West*—Bamoongachee paddy-fields.

Ward No. III.

North—Horogunge road. *South*—Golabaree road. *East*—River. *West*—Grand Trunk road.

Ward No. IV.

North—Golabaree road and Peelkhanah lane. *South*—Railway premises. *East*—River Hooghly. *West*—Railway line.

Ward No. V.

North—Railway premises, Dor's road and Howrah paddy-fields. *South*—Telkul Ghat road, Harcourt's lane and Kally Banerjea's lane. *East*—River. *West*—Bhoggobutty Karar's lane, Doorga Dass Bose's lane, Koylash Banerjea's lane, Lukhun Dass's lane and Kally Koondoo's lane up to its junction with Kally Banerjea's lane.

Ward No. VI.

North—Banttrah paddy-fields. *South*—Ollabibeetollah lane, Nuskurparrah lane and Bostomparrah lane. *East*—Bhoggobutty Karar's lane, Doorga Dass Bose's lane, Lukhun Dass's lane, Kally Koondoo's lane, Needhee Ram Manjee's lane, Gopaul Banerjea's lane and portion of Ramkistopore lane between its junctions with Gopal Banerjea's lane and the footpath through Baboo Chunder Coomar Banerjea's garden. *West*—Belgachia road, a direct line from that road beginning from the south-eastern corner of Deno Sen's garden across the paddy-fields to a point on the Makordah road 1,764 feet west of the toll-house, Doomrar Jollah, Haldarparrah lane, Goddadhur Mistry's lane and Kasoondiah paddy-fields.

Ward No. VII.

North—Telkul Ghat road, Harcourt's lane and Kally Banerjea's lane. *South*—Banstollah Ghat road and Park's Garden lane. *East*—River. *West*—Kally Koondoo's lane, Needhee Ram Manjee's lane, Gopaul Banerjea's lane and portion of Ramkistopore lane between its junction with Gopaul Banerjea's lane and Park's Garden lane.

Ward No. VIII.

North—Banstollah Ghat road, Park's Garden lane, footpath through Baboo Chunder Coomar Banerjea's garden, Koyepooker lane and Mosulmanparrah lane. *South*—Juggut Banerjea's Ghat road, Rajah's Bagan lane, Mollahparah branch lane and portion of Khetter Banerjea's lane from its junction with the latter lane and Circular road at the house of Deno Master. *East*—River. *West*—Circular road.

Ward No. IX.

North—Juggut Banerjea's Ghat road, Rajah's Bagan lane, Mollahparah branch lane, Khetter Banerjea's lane between its junction with the latter lane and Circular road at the house of Deno Master and portion of Circular road between its junction with Khetter Banerjea's lane and Chatterjea's hat. *South*—River. *East*—River. *West*—Belliah khal and Botanical Garden.

Ward No. X.

North—Doomrar Jollah and Shokhair bazar road. *South*—Baxarah paddy-fields. *East*—A line from the south-eastern corner of Doomrar Jollah to Haldarparrah lane, Goddadhur Mistry's lane and Mosulmanparrah lane. *West*—Boroj Maut lane and western portion of Baxarah road between its junction with Boroj Maut lane and the culvert over Baxarah khal.

**DATE OF ELECTION OF COMMISSIONERS FOR MUNICIPALITIES
UNDER ACT III (B.C.) OF 1884.**

The 30th September 1884.—It is hereby notified for general information that the elections of Commissioners, under Act III (B.C.) of 1884, in all Municipalities in the Burdwan, Presidency, Rajshahye, Dacca, Chittagong, Patna, Bhagulpore, Orissa, and Chota Nagpore Divisions, not mentioned in the first schedule of the said Act, will be held on the twenty-fifth day of November next.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different District of Bengal. as reported to Government during the week ending the 15th November 1884.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date
BENGAL.			
<i>Western Districts.</i>			
BURDWAN DIV.	1 Burdwan, Nov. 15 '84	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Outturn of <i>amun</i> paddy in Raneegunge is expected to be good, and in the rest of the district poor, while in some parts it will be very bad. Price of rice ranges from 12 to 15 seers per rupee. Health fair.
	Culna ...	Nil	
	Cutwa ...	Nil	
	Raneegunge ...	Nil	Weather—seasonably cold. Winter crops doing well. Late paddy promising. Public health good.
	2 Bankoora, „ 15 „	Nil	
	3 Beerbhoom, „ 15 „	Nil	
PRESIDENCY DIV.	Rampore Haut ...	Nil	Weather—fine and cold. Harvesting of paddy commenced. Prospects of outturn improved; a 6-anna crop expected in Nulhati thana. Prices slightly lower. General health fair.
	4 Midnapore, „ 15 „	Nil	
	5 Hooghly, „ 15 „	Nil	
	Howrah, „ 17 „	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of winter paddy has begun, the outturn is generally good. Prospects of cold-weather crops favourable. Fever very prevalent. Cattle-disease reported from several villages.
	Oolooberiab ...	Nil	
	6 24-Perghs. Nov. 17 '84	Nil	
RAJSHAHY DIV.	7 Nudda, „ 15 „	Nil	Weather—fine and cold. Harvesting of paddy commenced. Prospects of outturn improved; a 6-anna crop expected in Nulhati thana. Prices slightly lower. General health fair.
	Kooshtea ...	Nil	
	Meherpore ...	Nil	
	Choodunga ...	Nil	Weather—fine and cold. Harvesting of winter paddy has begun, the outturn is generally good. Prospects of cold-weather crops favourable. Fever very prevalent. Cattle-disease reported from several villages.
	Ranaghat ...	Nil	
	8 Khoolna, „ 15 „	Nil	
RAJSHAHY DIV.	9 Jessore, „ 15 „	Nil	Weather—fine and cold. Harvesting of paddy commenced. Prospects of outturn improved; a 6-anna crop expected in Nulhati thana. Prices slightly lower. General health fair.
	Jhenida ...	Nil	
	Magoorah ...	Nil	
	Narail ...	Not received.	Weather—fine and cold. Harvesting of winter paddy has begun, the outturn is generally good. Prospects of cold-weather crops favourable. Fever very prevalent. Cattle-disease reported from several villages.
	Bongong ...	Nil	
	10 Moorshedabad, „ 15 „	Nil	
RAJSHAHY DIV.	11 Dinagepore, Nov. 14 '84	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of standing crops continue satisfactory. Harvesting of <i>amun</i> paddy has commenced. <i>Rubbee</i> crops promise well. Public health generally good.
	12 Rajshahye, „ 15 „	Nil	
	Natore ...	Nil	
	Nowgong ...	Nil	Weather—cool and clear. Prospects of standing crops generally good.
	13 Rungpore, „ 15 „	Nil	
	Nilphamari ...	Nil	
RAJSHAHY DIV.	Kurigram ...	Nil	Weather—clear and cold. Prospects of crops satisfactory. Paddy is now expected to be about 12-anna crop. There is some cholera and fever about, but health generally good.
	Gaibanda ...	Nil	
	14 Bogra, „ 15 „	Nil	
	15 Pubna, „ 15 „	Nil	Weather—nights cool, days sunny. Harvesting of <i>hotan amun</i> has just commenced. It will yield a fair outturn. Sowings of <i>rubbee</i> crops are continuing. Fever prevalent, and cholera bad in the Magura and Narail sub-divisions.
	16 Darjeeling, „ 15 „	Nil	
	17 Julpigoree, „ 15 „	Nil	

No.	District. and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL. — conold			
<i>Eastern Districts.</i>			
Dacca Divn.	18 Dacca, Nov. 15 '84	Nil	Weather—cool and fine. Harvesting of <i>amun</i> paddy and sugarcane continues. <i>Chillies</i> , mustard and other winter crops being sown. Prospects of crops generally good. Sporadic cases of cholera in some parts of the district, otherwise public health generally good.
	Manickgunge ...	Nil	
	Moonsheegunge ...	Nil	
	Narsingunge ...	Nil	
	19 Furreedpore, „ 15 „	Nil	Weather—first three days of the week gloomy; since then fine. Paddy being harvested with fair outturn. Sugarcane doing well, and spring crops being sown. Cholera prevalent in almost every thana, and there is much fever everywhere.
	Gorlundo ...	Nil	
	Madaripore ...	Nil	
	20 Backergunge, „ 15 „	Nil	Weather—cloudy, sometimes clear. <i>Amun</i> crop has sustained some injury by the storm of the 1st instant in some parts of the district. General prospects fair. Prices stationary. Fever still prevalent.
	21 Mymensingh, „ 14 „	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of crops good. Cholera prevalent more or less in different parts of the district.
	Jamalporo ...	Nil	
CHITTAGONG DIVN.	Kishoregunge ...	Nil	
	Attia ...	Nil	
	Netrokona ...	Nil	
	22 Chittagong, Nov. 17 '84	0 01	Weather seasonable. Prospects of crops favourable. Prices steady. Cholera continues. General health good.
	23 Noakholly, „ 14 „	02	Weather—cloudy on the 11th and 12th, since fair. Late <i>amun</i> still being reaped. <i>Amun</i> paddy in ear. <i>Rubbee</i> crops being sown.
	Fenny „ ...	Nil	
	24 Tipperah, „ 13 „	Nil	Weather—first part of the week bright and sunny, last three days cloudy. Prospects of <i>amun</i> paddy continue to be very favourable. Prices stationary. Scattered cases of cholera are reported, otherwise public health good.
	Brahmanbariah ...	Nil	
BEHAR.	Chandpore ...	Nil	
	25 Chittagong Hill „ 11 „	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Mornings cool and foggy, cloudy on the 11th instant. Cotton being gathered. Land being prepared for mustard. Plough-paddy doing well.
	Tracts.		
PATNA DIVN.	Hill Tipperah, „ 12 „	Nil	Weather—cool, but cloudy. Prospects of <i>amun</i> paddy good. <i>Til</i> (oil-seed) and cotton being gathered. Mustard, chillies and tobacco being sown. Public health generally good.
	26 Patna, Nov. 15 '84	Nil	Weather—seasonable. <i>Rubbee</i> sowings going on. Seeds are germinating well. Paddy crops look healthy. Public health good.
	27 Gya, „ 15 „	Nil	Weather—cold. Prospects of paddy improved to some extent where it had not withered; it is ripening now. <i>Rubbee</i> promising well everywhere. Poppy sowing completed almost everywhere, except in some villages in the east. Public health good.
	28 Shahabad, „ 15 „	Nil	Weather—cool. Harvesting of winter paddy commenced with an estimated outturn of 11 annas. <i>Rubbee</i> and opium crops doing well.
	Buxar	Nil	
	Sasaram	Not received.	
	Phabhu		
	29 Durbhunga, „ 15 „	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Early paddy nearly ready for reaping. <i>Rubbee</i> coming on well. Root crops are being gathered with good outturn. Poppy coming on well. Prices stationary. Public health generally good.
	Tajpur	Nil	
	Modhubani	Nil	
BHAGULPORE DIVN.	30 Mozufferpore, „ 8 „	Nil	Weather—fine and cool, with slight west winds. Paddy coming into ear. Sowings of <i>rubbee</i> almost completed, and the crops promise a good outturn. Poppy sowings almost over and plants growing well. Public health generally good.
	31 Sarun, „ 15 „	Nil	Weather—clear and cool. Paddy doing well and estimated to be a 7-anna crop. <i>Rubbee</i> promising. <i>Rahar</i> , potato and castor plants look excellent. Of 76,000 bigahs engaged for poppy, 66,500 have been sown. Weather favourable for its cultivation, and seeds coming on well. Prices of food-grains slightly fallen. Public health good.
	Sewan	Nil	
	Gopalgunge	Nil	
	32 Champaran „ 15 „		Weather—seasonable. Prospects of crops continue favourable. Prices falling. Public health fair. The weather is beneficial to the cultivation of poppy, sowings are in progress and will soon be completed. Young plants are thriving. Prospects very good. Moisture abundant.
	33 Monghyr, Nov. 15 '84	Nil	Weather—cool and clear. <i>Aghani</i> paddy doing well. <i>Rubbee</i> sowings still going on and young plants getting on well. Sowing of poppy crop in progress. Prospects favourable. Prices stationary. Public health good.
	Beguserai	Nil	
	Jamui	Nil	
	34 Bhagulpore, „ 15 „	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of paddy fair. <i>Rubbee</i> coming on very well indeed. The people are not in difficulties for want of work. Prices slightly falling. General health good.
	35 Purneah, „ 15 „	Nil	Weather—fine and clear. Very poor outturn of paddy is estimated in the Sudder and Monihari thanas, but prospects good in north. Prospects of <i>rubbee</i> good. Much fever prevalent.
BHAGULPORE DIVN.	Kissengunge	Nil	
	Arrareah	Nil	
	36 Maldah, „ 15 „	Nil	Weather—cold and bright. Condition of winter paddy not improved. Prospects of <i>rubbee</i> crops, viz. mustard, <i>muttur</i> , wheat and barley fair. Price of rice 12 seers per rupee. Public health good.
	37 Sonthal Perghs. „ 15 „	Nil	Weather—clear and cold. Prospects of <i>rubbee</i> crops continue good. Paddy on high lands being cut. Prices generally stationary.
	Doomka	Nil	
	Droghur	Nil	
	Godda	Nil	
	Rajmehal	Nil	
	Pakour	Nil	

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
ORISSA.			
ORISSA DIVN.	38 Cuttack, Nov. 14 '84	Nil	Weather—cloudy for three days in the week, with a few drops of rain; now cool and fair. Early <i>sarad</i> being reaped. Late <i>sarad</i> ripening in some places. <i>Sarad</i> on low lands in ear. <i>Rubbee</i> progressing well. Prospects of paddy satisfactory. Common rice selling at from 16 to 20 seers per rupee in town and 25 seers on an average in the interior. Cholera still lingering in the town and in some parts of the Kendrapara sub-division.
	39 Pooree, " 13 " Khoorda " " "	.01 .01	Weather—seasonable. Latter part of the week cloudy. Late <i>sarad</i> ripening. <i>Laghu sarad</i> being harvested. Miscellaneous crops doing well. Common rice selling at an average of 21 seers per rupee in the Sudder sub-division, and 22 seers 12 chittacks in the Khorda sub-division. Several cases of cholera are reported in town and in a few places in the district.
	40 Balasore " 14 "	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Reaping of <i>sarad</i> crops commenced. <i>Rubbee</i> crops doing well. Sporadic cases of fever are reported, otherwise public health good.
CHOTA NAGPORE.			
<i>South-West Frontier Agency.</i>			
41	Hazaribagh, Nov. 15 '84	Nil	Weather—cold and pleasant. Cutting of paddy continues. Sowings of <i>rubbee</i> crops still going on. About two-thirds of poppy sowings completed, and the seed has germinated fairly well, but scarcity of water is greatly complained of. Public health generally good.
42	Lohardugga, " 15 "	Nil	Weather—bright and cold. Paddy being harvested. Prospects of <i>rubbee</i> crops good. Prices stationary. A few cases of fever are reported from Daltongunj.
43	Singbhoom, " 15 "	Nil	Weather—bright and cold. All crops doing well. Paddy being harvested. Outturn expected to be from 12 to 16 annas. Prospects of oil-seeds and pulses are also favourable. General health good.
44	Manbhoom, " 15 " Govindpore " "	Nil Nil	Weather—bright and cool. Reaping of paddy continues. Spring crops promise fairly. Coarse rice (new) sold on the 15th instant in the Purulia market at 21 seers per rupee. Cattle-disease reported from Purulia, Rughonathpore, Jhalda, and Barrabazar.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT.,
The 18th November 1884.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal

STATION OBSERVATIONS.

DISTRICT.	Representative station.	STATION OBSERVATIONS.														
		AIR PRESSURE.			WIND.		TEMPERATURE.								Average humidity at 10 A. M.	Average cloud amount at 10 A. M. for week
		Mean barometric height, 10 A.M.	Mean reduced to sea-level.	Variation from mean.	Prevailing direction.	Mean wind velocity.	Highest during week.	Lowest during week.	Mean maximum temperature.	Mean minimum temperature of week.	Mean daily temperature of week.	Variation from normal mean of week.	Mean 10 A. M. temperature.			
Pooree	Gopalpore	29.987	30.047	—	N & NNW	202	80.6	64.9	78.7	72.0	75.4	—	76.0	69	3.1	
	False Point	30.032	30.054	+0.015	NE	144	82.9	59.0	80.2	64.2	72.2	—3.0	75.6	66	5.3	
Outtaek	Outtaek	29.977	30.060	+0.025	ENE	27	83.8	57.3	82.7	65.5	74.1	—2.6	77.2	51	5.1	
Balasore	Balasore	30.015	30.076	—	NE	56.4	83.5	55.5	80.7	61.4	71.1	—	74.6	55	3.3	
South-West Midnapore	Saugor Island	30.030	30.060	+0.015	NNE & NNW	104	81.0	58.5	80.1	64.7	72.4	—3.4	74.6	66	5.1	
South 24 Pergunnahs...	Midnapore	29.920	30.075	—	N	80.2	82.0	55.2	79.9	59.2	69.6	—	75.4	54	3.9	
Midnapore	Calcutta	30.039	30.061	+0.034	N & NW.	75	80.6	60.3	79.3	63.6	71.5	—2.9	73.8	59	4.6	
24-Pergunnahs	Howrah	29.973	30.077	+0.030	N & NW.	42.9	81.7	57.7	80.3	60.5	70.4	—4.3	73.6	53	3.3	
Hooghly	Hurdwan	29.973	30.077	+0.030	N & NW.	42.9	81.7	57.7	80.3	60.5	70.4	—4.3	73.6	53	3.3	
Burdwan	Ranigunge	29.731	—	—	WNW	75	83.3	53.2	81.8	56.6	69.2	—	73.3	54	2.3	
Bankoora	Berhampore	29.998	30.067	+0.027	N	36.2	83.6	59.7	81.3	61.0	71.2	—3.8	73.4	67	3.1	
Beerbhoom																
West Burdwan																
Moorshedabad																
Nuddea																
Jessore	Jessore*	30.014	30.048	+0.020	N	52	82.2	60.0	81.1	62.8	72.0	—3.3	75.9	66	5.7	
Khoolna		29.935	30.027	+0.019	NE & Calm	24	82.1	65.0	79.6	66.0	72.8	—3.1	75.1	84	5.6	
Chittagong	Chittagong															
Chittagong Hill Tracts...	Demagiri	29.969	—	—	N	Out of order.	77.1	62.6	75.1	64.9	70.0	—	74.4	50	2.9	
Backergunge	Barrisal	29.979	30.023	—	NNW	Out of order.	81.2	63.8	79.4	65.6	72.5	—	75.0	76	3.3	
Noakholly	Noakholly	29.975	—	—	N	35	80.5	60.0	79.5	63.3	71.4	—	75.4	65	2.9	
Furreedpore	Furreedpore	30.014	30.037	+0.031	NW	31	80.3	61.0	80.0	63.1	72.0	—4.2	77.0	73	3.9	
Dacca	Dacca	29.990	30.020	—	NW	14.1	82.4	61.9	80.0	63.3	71.9	—	75.7	76	2.4	
Commillah	Commillah	29.910	—	—	ENE	69.4	82.4	61.1	82.0	63.4	73.7	—	77.6	75	5.7	
Mymensingh	Mymensingh	29.998	30.045	—	NW	34.5	81.6	58.1	80.4	60.9	70.7	—	76.1	69	3.0	
Bogra and Pubna	Serajpunge	29.911	30.047	—	N	37.6	76.6	54.7	75.0	57.3	66.2	—	76.1	59	0.6	
Rajshahye	Rampore Beaulah	29.915	30.058	—	NE	51.0	82.1	56.2	80.5	58.5	69.7	—	76.3	60	0.1	
Dinagopore	Dinagopore	29.927	30.056	—	E	42	82.8	59.0	81.1	67.8	69.5	—	75.2	70	0.9	
Rungpore	Rungpore	29.927	30.056	—	E	42	82.8	59.0	81.1	67.8	69.5	—	75.2	70	0.9	
Julpigoree	Julpigoree	29.749	30.043	—	E	50.4	81.9	41.1	81.3	48.6	61.9	—	77.6	60	1.3	
Oooch Behar																
Darjeeling Hill Districts	Darjeeling	23.081	—	—	Calm & NE	27	57.6	36.0	54.3	38.6	46.5	—	50.1	69	1.7	
Purneah	Purneah *	29.928	30.059	+0.046	Calm	?	84.6	54.0	83.8	66.6	70.2	—3.3	72.7	66	0.7	
North Bhagulpore																
Mozufferpore	Mozufferpore															
Durbhanga	Durbhanga	29.911	30.086	+0.074	NW	168	80.8	57.9	78.6	60.0	69.3	—3.9	72.1	65	1.0	
Chumparun	Motihari	29.835	30.069	—	NW	91.5	81.3	61.6	80.3	54.0	67.2	—	73.2	50	0.9	
Sarun	Chupra	29.849	—	—	WNW	18.6	81.5	53.2	79.8	56.7	68.3	—	73.2	60	1.1	
	Dehree	29.716	30.082	—	SSW	183.4	80.9	53.0	77.7	57.7	67.7	—	72.9	46	1.1	
Shahabad	Buxar	29.822	30.071	—	WNW	140.7	81.4	52.4	80.2	56.0	68.1	—	76.6	50	0.9	
	Arrah	29.861	30.064	—	WSW	22.5	84.3	51.1	80.2	51.9	67.6	—	72.4	53	1.1	
Gya	Gya	29.681	30.071	?	Calm	30.1	83.3	61.2	81.1	65.7	68.4	—4.1	76.6	48	0.9	
Fatna	Bansipore	29.913	30.105	+0.046	W	34.2	80.5	51.8	78.8	58.6	68.7	—3.3	72.8	59	1.4	
South Bhagulpore	onagulpore	29.896	30.064	—	WNW	21	80.4	63.0	78.6	55.6	67.1	—	74.1	57	0.4	
Moughyr																
Southal Pergunnahs	Doomka	29.855	—	—	N & NW	61.3	80.6	52.1	79.1	51.6	66.8	—	72.8	67	0	
Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh*	28.019	30.081	+0.014	NW	129.3	77.1	51.8	76.6	53.4	64.6	—4.2	67.5	40	2.0	
Lohardugga	Kanonee	27.889	30.068	—	—	—	76.9	47.9	72.8	52.0	62.4	—	68.7	55	0.9	
Manbhoom																
Singbhoom	Onyebanna	29.276	—	—	E & N	167.8	—	51.8	—	56.6	—	—	74.0	47	3.0	

* Mean for six days.

Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical averages or means of the readings during the same period of the atmosphere is expressed as a percentage, saturated air being represented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky by 100. All the normal means are the numerical means or averages of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the sub-divisions (i.e.), the total rainfall at the sub-divisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A rainy

the week ending Friday, the 14th of November 1884.

DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS.											Representative station.	DISTRICT.	METEOROLOGICAL DIVISION.
RAINFALL.													
Of week.		Since 1st of month.			Since 15th May.			Average number of rainy days.	Normal number of rainy days.				
Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.						
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Gopalpore	Poorae	ORISSA.	
0'05	0'15	0'05	1'53	—1'48	49'48	50'58	—7'10	1'2	0'3	False Point	...		
Nil	0'04	Nil	0'60	—0'80	47'65	51'85	—4'20	0'0	0'1	Cuttack	Cuttack		
Nil	0'10	0'02	0'83	—0'81	56'07	53'21	+2'86	0'0	0'2	Balasore	Balasore		
Nil	0'08	Nil	0'80	—0'80	69'59	61'55	+8'04	0'0	0'2	Saugor Island	South-West Midnapore	MIDNAPORE.	
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'23	—0'23	43'01	49'75	—6'74	0'0	0'1	Midnapore	South 24-Pergunnahs		
Nil	0'02	0'02	0'33	—0'31	49'03	50'74	—1'71	0'0	0'1	Calcutta	24-Pergunnahs		
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'37	—0'37	35'92	46'16	—10'24	0'0	0'1	Burdwan	Howrah		
Nil	0'03	0'05	0'24	—0'19	38'04	50'95	—12'01	0'0	0'1	Ranigunge	Hoochly	SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	
Nil	0'12	Nil	0'30	—0'30	35'42	49'58	—14'16	0'0	0'2	Berhampore	Burdwan		
Nil	0'04	Nil	0'36	—0'36	36'42	49'30	—12'88	0'0	0'1	.....	Bankoora	
Nil	0'05	0'28	0'35	—0'07	53'11	52'83	+0'28	0'0	0'2	Jessore	Heerbhoom		
0'08	0'23	2'74	1'01	+1'73	106'03	111'30	—4'76	0'5	0'5	Chittagong	West Burdwan	EAST BENGAL.	
Nil	0'14	2'41	1'32	+0'89	61'06	85'52	—22'86	0'0	0'0	Demagiri	Moorshedabad		
Nil	0'07	4'26	0'79	+3'47	81'23	76'06	+7'17	0'0	0'4	Barrisal	Nudda		
0'01	0'62	7'83	1'53	+0'30	95'44	109'33	—13'94	0'5	0'3	Noakholly	Jessore		
Nil	0'02	0'63	0'29	+0'34	43'83	55'78	—11'90	0'0	0'1	Furzedpore	Khooma	NORTH BENGAL.	
Nil	0'03	0'76	0'48	+0'28	47'81	58'48	—10'67	0'0	0'2	Dacca	Chittagong		
Nil	0'08	1'81	0'52	+1'29	64'15	73	—6'54	0'0	0'3	Commillah	Chittagong Hill Tracts		
Nil	0'09	0'34	0'31	+0'03	46'01	63'44	—22'42	0'0	0'2	Mymensingh	Backergunge		
Nil	0'14	0'16	0'57	—0'21	37'71	55'70	—17'99	0'0	0'1	Serajgunge	Noakholly	NORTH BENGAL.	
Nil	0'10	Nil	0'23	—0'23	34'65	63'10	—18'45	0'0	0'1	Rampore Beaulah	Furzedpore		
Nil	0'03	Nil	0'08	—0'08	38'74	56'37	—17'63	0'0	0'1	Dinagore	Dacca		
Nil	0'11	Nil	0'11	—0'11	49'45	75'39	—25'94	0'0	0'1	Rungpore	Commillah		
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'02	—0'02	95'25	113'80	—18'55	0'0	0'1	Julpigoree	Mymensingh	NORTH BENGAL.	
Nil	0'06	Nil	0'13	—0'13	113'61	161'93	—38'32	0'0	0'3	Darjeeling	Bogra and Pubna		
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'03	—0'03	46'18	57'56	—11'38	0'0	0'1	Purneah	Rajshahye		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'03	—0'03	31'70	42'08	—7'38	0'0	0'1	Durbhunga	Dinagore		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'02	—0'02	41'80	43'88	—2'08	0'0	0'0	Mothari	Rungpore	NORTH BENGAL.	
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'03	—0'03	30'52	40'58	—10'06	0'0	0'1	Chupra	Julpigoree		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'15	—0'15	29'10	38'89	—9'79	0'0	0'1	Buxar	Cooch Behar		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'18	—0'18	27'74	39'53	—11'79	0'0	0'1	Gya	Darjeeling Hill Districts		
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'03	—0'03	31'70	42'08	—7'38	0'0	0'1	Durbhunga	Purneah	SOUTH BENGAL.	
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'02	—0'02	41'80	43'88	—2'08	0'0	0'0	Mothari	North Bhagulpore		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'03	—0'03	30'52	40'58	—10'06	0'0	0'1	Chupra	Mozufferpore		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'15	—0'15	29'10	38'89	—9'79	0'0	0'1	Buxar	Mozufferpore		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'18	—0'18	27'74	39'53	—11'79	0'0	0'1	Gya	Durbhunga	SOUTH BENGAL.	
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'03	—0'03	31'70	42'08	—7'38	0'0	0'1	Durbhunga	Chumparan		
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'02	—0'02	41'80	43'88	—2'08	0'0	0'0	Mothari	Sarun		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'03	—0'03	30'52	40'58	—10'06	0'0	0'1	Chupra	Shahabad		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'15	—0'15	29'10	38'89	—9'79	0'0	0'1	Buxar	Shahabad	SOUTH BENGAL.	
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'18	—0'18	27'74	39'53	—11'79	0'0	0'1	Gya	Shahabad		
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'03	—0'03	31'70	42'08	—7'38	0'0	0'1	Durbhunga	Gya		
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'02	—0'02	41'80	43'88	—2'08	0'0	0'0	Mothari	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'03	—0'03	30'52	40'58	—10'06	0'0	0'1	Chupra	South Bhagulpore	SOUTH BENGAL.	
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'15	—0'15	29'10	38'89	—9'79	0'0	0'1	Buxar	Monghyr		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'18	—0'18	27'74	39'53	—11'79	0'0	0'1	Gya	South 24-Pergunnahs		
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'03	—0'03	31'70	42'08	—7'38	0'0	0'1	Durbhunga	Hazaribagh		
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'02	—0'02	41'80	43'88	—2'08	0'0	0'0	Mothari	Hazaribagh	SOUTH BENGAL.	
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'03	—0'03	30'52	40'58	—10'06	0'0	0'1	Chupra	Lohardugga		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'15	—0'15	29'10	38'89	—9'79	0'0	0'1	Buxar	Hazaribagh		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'18	—0'18	27'74	39'53	—11'79	0'0	0'1	Gya	Hazaribagh		
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'03	—0'03	31'70	42'08	—7'38	0'0	0'1	Durbhunga	Patna	SOUTH BENGAL.	
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'02	—0'02	41'80	43'88	—2'08	0'0	0'0	Mothari	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'03	—0'03	30'52	40'58	—10'06	0'0	0'1	Chupra	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'15	—0'15	29'10	38'89	—9'79	0'0	0'1	Buxar	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'18	—0'18	27'74	39'53	—11'79	0'0	0'1	Gya	Patna	SOUTH BENGAL.	
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'03	—0'03	31'70	42'08	—7'38	0'0	0'1	Durbhunga	Patna		
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'02	—0'02	41'80	43'88	—2'08	0'0	0'0	Mothari	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'03	—0'03	30'52	40'58	—10'06	0'0	0'1	Chupra	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'15	—0'15	29'10	38'89	—9'79	0'0	0'1	Buxar	Patna	SOUTH BENGAL.	
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'18	—0'18	27'74	39'53	—11'79	0'0	0'1	Gya	Patna		
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'03	—0'03	31'70	42'08	—7'38	0'0	0'1	Durbhunga	Patna		
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'02	—0'02	41'80	43'88	—2'08	0'0	0'0	Mothari	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'03	—0'03	30'52	40'58	—10'06	0'0	0'1	Chupra	Patna	SOUTH BENGAL.	
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'15	—0'15	29'10	38'89	—9'79	0'0	0'1	Buxar	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'18	—0'18	27'74	39'53	—11'79	0'0	0'1	Gya	Patna		
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'03	—0'03	31'70	42'08	—7'38	0'0	0'1	Durbhunga	Patna		
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'02	—0'02	41'80	43'88	—2'08	0'0	0'0	Mothari	Patna	SOUTH BENGAL.	
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'03	—0'03	30'52	40'58	—10'06	0'0	0'1	Chupra	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'15	—0'15	29'10	38'89	—9'79	0'0	0'1	Buxar	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'18	—0'18	27'74	39'53	—11'79	0'0	0'1	Gya	Patna		
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'03	—0'03	31'70	42'08	—7'38	0'0	0'1	Durbhunga	Patna	SOUTH BENGAL.	
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'02	—0'02	41'80	43'88	—2'08	0'0	0'0	Mothari	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'03	—0'03	30'52	40'58	—10'06	0'0	0'1	Chupra	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'15	—0'15	29'10	38'89	—9'79	0'0	0'1	Buxar	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'18	—0'18	27'74	39'53	—11'79	0'0	0'1	Gya	Patna	SOUTH BENGAL.	
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'03	—0'03	31'70	42'08	—7'38	0'0	0'1	Durbhunga	Patna		
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'02	—0'02	41'80	43'88	—2'08	0'0	0'0	Mothari	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'03	—0'03	30'52	40'58	—10'06	0'0	0'1	Chupra	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'15	—0'15	29'10	38'89	—9'79	0'0	0'1	Buxar	Patna	SOUTH BENGAL.	
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'18	—0'18	27'74	39'53	—11'79	0'0	0'1	Gya	Patna		
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'03	—0'03	31'70	42'08	—7'38	0'0	0'1	Durbhunga	Patna		
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'02	—0'02	41'80	43'88	—2'08	0'0	0'0	Mothari	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'03	—0'03	30'52	40'58	—10'06	0'0	0'1	Chupra	Patna	SOUTH BENGAL.	
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'15	—0'15	29'10	38'89	—9'79	0'0	0'1	Buxar	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'18	—0'18	27'74	39'53	—11'79	0'0	0'1	Gya	Patna		
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'03	—0'03	31'70	42'08	—7'38	0'0	0'1	Durbhunga	Patna		
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'02	—0'02	41'80	43'88	—2'08	0'0	0'0	Mothari	Patna	SOUTH BENGAL.	
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'03	—0'03	30'52	40'58	—10'06	0'0	0'1	Chupra	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'15	—0'15	29'10	38'89	—9'79	0'0	0'1	Buxar	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'18	—0'18	27'74	39'53	—11'79	0'0	0'1	Gya	Patna		
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'03	—0'03	31'70	42'08	—7'38	0'0	0'1	Durbhunga	Patna	SOUTH BENGAL.	
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'02	—0'02	41'80	43'88	—2'08	0'0	0'0	Mothari	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'03	—0'03	30'52	40'58	—10'06	0'0	0'1	Chupra	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'15	—0'15	29'10	38'89	—9'79	0'0	0'1	Buxar	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'18	—0'18	27'74	39'53	—11'79	0'0	0'1	Gya	Patna	SOUTH BENGAL.	
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'03	—0'03	31'70	42'08	—7'38	0'0	0'1	Durbhunga	Patna		
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'02	—0'02	41'80	43'88	—2'08	0'0	0'0	Mothari	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'03	—0'03	30'52	40'58	—10'06	0'0	0'1	Chupra	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'15	—0'15	29'10	38'89	—9'79	0'0	0'1	Buxar	Patna	SOUTH BENGAL.	
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'18	—0'18	27'74	39'53	—11'79	0'0	0'1	Gya	Patna		
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'03	—0'03	31'70	42'08	—7'38	0'0	0'1	Durbhunga	Patna		
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'02	—0'02	41'80	43'88	—2'08	0'0	0'0	Mothari	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'03	—0'03	30'52	40'58	—10'06	0'0	0'1	Chupra	Patna	SOUTH BENGAL.	
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'15	—0'15	29'10	38'89	—9'79	0'0	0'1	Buxar	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'18	—0'18	27'74	39'53	—11'79	0'0	0'1	Gya	Patna		
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'03	—0'03	31'70	42'08	—7'38	0'0	0'1	Durbhunga	Patna		
Nil	0'02	Nil	0'02	—0'02	41'80	43'88	—2'08	0'0	0'0	Mothari	Patna	SOUTH BENGAL.	
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'03	—0'03	30'52	40'58	—10'06	0'0	0'1	Chupra	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'15	—0'15	29'10	38'89	—9'79	0'0	0'1	Buxar	Patna		
Nil	0'01	Nil	0'18	—0'18	27'74	39'53	—11'79	0'0	0'1	Gya	Patna		
Nil													

period for the past ten years. The variations are negative when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and positive when it is more. The number denoting cloud amount represents the part of the sky covered, the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head "district observations" are given the means for each district during the period in question during the past 12 years. The means for the "district" are the numerical averages of the rainfall returns received from all the stations for the period in question during the past 12 years. The means for the "district" are the numerical averages of the rainfall returns received from all the stations for the period in question during the past 12 years. The means for the "district" are the numerical averages of the rainfall returns received from all the stations for the period in question during the past 12 years.

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Friday (6 p.m.), the 14th November 1884.

Meteorological division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL.							TOTAL.		Total rainfall from 1st to 14th November 1884.	Average total rainfall from 1st to 14th November.	Total rainfall since 15th May 1884.	Average rainfall from 15th May to date.
			Saturday, 8th November.	Sunday, 9th November.	Monday, 10th November.	Tuesday, 11th November.	Wednesday, 12th November.	Thursday, 13th November.	Friday, 14th November.	Number of rainy days.	of Rainfall in inches.				
ORISSA	Poonch	Poonch	...	...	...	...	0'01	...	...	1	0'01	0'01	1'49	58'88	51'53
		Khurda	...	...	...	0'01	0'02	...	...	2	0'03	0'03	1'30	50'17	57'97
		Bampur	...	...	...	...	0'10	...	...	1	0'10	0'10	1'42	57'01	50'98
		False Point	...	...	...	...	0'03	0'06	...	2	0'09	0'09	1'89	51'94	55'84
		Hookitola	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	?	?	?
	Cuttack	Jagatsinghpore	...	...	...	...	0'01	...	...	1	0'01	0'01	0'57	45'12	45'09
		Cuttack	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'42	50'63	56'90
		Kendrapara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'50	40'65	52'90
		Jajpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'40	44'92	53'60
		Chandbali	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	1'41	59'06	53'33
	Balasore	Bhuddruck	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'94	58'20	50'84
		Sorah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0'12	0'74	45'37	51'73
		Balasore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'91	47'50	56'80
		Jelinsore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'33	50'51	53'22
		Baripada	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'60	54'81	53'31
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore	Contai	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'74	60'85	61'06
		Saugor Island	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'08	75'61	64'96
		Tumlook	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'35	45'00	49'94
		Midnapore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'24	46'15	47'09
		Ghatal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'09	37'68	52'20
	Pargannas	Diamond Harbour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'38	66'29	57'80
		Alipore Jail	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'37	57'88	53'00
		Barackpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'50	48'80	47'88
		Dum-Dum	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'26	53'48	50'45
		Banaset	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'30	46'33	48'54
	Howrah	Howrah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0'02	0'36	53'32	52'84
		Mohesra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0'01	0'35	46'63	50'88
		(Ooloberah)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'44	45'49	51'71
		Serampore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'22	50'75	48'80
		Hooghly	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'22	39'33	47'09
	Hurdwan	Jelansabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0'18	0'26	54'42	54'55
		Culina	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'44	36'70	43'34
		Burdwan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'46	35'32	47'06
		Cutwa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'40	35'73	47'25
		Haneekunge	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'15	40'03	46'65
	Hankoura	Hankoura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'19	54'46	49'06
		Indra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	?	?	?
		Bahenpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'02	33'43	48'09
		Kotulpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	?	?	?
		Mahara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0'33	0'31	34'51	48'11
	Beerbhoom	Khatra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'06	46'25	55'61
		Bh. Soory	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'14	41'06	53'44
		Hetampore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'18	...	51'31
		Nuddea	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'32	35'90	51'1
		Bongrak	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'40	38'93	40'4
	Khoolna	Rasighat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'42	29'72	46'2
		Kishnaghat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'34	37'44	51'0
		Chomanga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'15	34'72	46'9
		Melherpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'27	41'51	53'9
		Koosutea	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	...	...	...
	Jessore	Satkira	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'41	62'47	53'1
		Bughat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1'05	0'35	61'14	59'1
		Khoolna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0'50	0'42	61'54	54'1
		Narail	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0'17	0'45	39'01	47'7
		Jessore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0'12	0'29	51'75	52'1
	Moorsheadabad	Jhenidah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'21	48'80	53'4
		Magorah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0'12	0'22	44'18	48'1
		Kandi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'46	35'62	50'1
		Rampore Haul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'20	33'12	50'1
		Berhanpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'32	32'64	51'6
EAST BENGAL	Chittagong	Lalbagh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'54	34'95	48'6
		Azimkunge	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'21	30'94	49'1
		Jungipore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'11	32'42	47'7
		Lalcola	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'25	30'26	40'1
		Cor's Bazar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0'15	2'41	1'17	128'88	131'1
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Chittagong	...	...	...	...	0'01	...	...	1	0'01	2'87	0'83	84'38	91'1
		Ranmasti	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	2'41	1'32	62'66	85'1
		Reicha	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	?	?	?
		Agartola	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	2'01	0'59	54'78	63'1
		Patuakhali	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0'00	1'05	84'20	87'1
	Backergunge	Perzepore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0'70	0'63	79'92	85'1
		Burrinal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	8'06	0'71	87'00	82'1
		Bhola	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	...	...	...	...
		Noakhully	...	...	...	...	0'02	...	...	1	0'02	8'92	0'97	97'61	109'1
		Fenny	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	6'4	2'11	93'24	109'1
	Furreedpore	Madripore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1'25	0'22	46'31	55'1
		Furreedpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0'45	0'31	47'47	57'1
		Goulundo	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0'30	0'03	57'87	53'1
		Dacca	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1'24	0'10	56'74	77'1
		Munsingunge	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0'85	0'39	42'84	61'1
	Comilla	Narainkunge	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1'06	?	46'81	?
		Mansingunge	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0'21	0'44	43'84	46'1
		Comilla	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	2'23	0'67	77'04	71'1
		Chandpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1'83	0'39	61'30	8'1
		Brahmunberia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1'15	0'30	63'49	6'1
	Jymensingh	Kishoregunge	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0'56	0'40	42'07	7'1
		Atia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0'24	28'51	5'1
		Jymensingh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0'29	0'32	61'40	7'1
		Jamiatpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0'32	0'25	42'11	6'1
		Netrokona	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0'10	?	68'91	?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Friday (6 p.m.), the 14th November 1884—concluded.

Meteorological division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL.								TOTAL.		Total rain-fall from 1st to 14th November 1884.	Average total rain-fall from 1st to 14th November.	Total rain-fall since 15th May 1884.	Average rainfall from 15th May to date.
			Saturday, 8th November.	Sunday, 9th November.	Monday, 10th November.	Tuesday, 11th November.	Wednesday, 12th November.	Thursday, 13th November.	Friday, 14th November.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.					
NORTH BENGAL	Pubna	Pubna	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.16	42.34	53.04
		Seraikunge	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.42	40.13	52.35
	Rogra	Sherpore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.47	0.73	37.23	61.58
		Nowkhilla	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.46	0.65	38.10	54.98
		Bokra	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.19	0.26	37.98	61.07
		Panchbibi	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.01	39.07	53.22
	Rajshahye	Beaulash	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.18	33.99	53.57
		Natore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.32	36.16	55.41
	Nowgong	Nowgong	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.10	?	41.88	?
		Nowgong	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.20	33.81	50.43
	Maldah	Maldah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.15	33.98	58.72
	Dinag-pore	Mohadebpore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	44.61	49.05
		Churamon	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.00	42.20	54.40
		Kaungunge	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.07	34.08	62.62
		Dinag-pore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	?	37.72	?
	Rangpore	Blawangunge (Gyabanda).	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.08	43.37	62.66
		Rangpore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.11	50.57	74.30
		Kurigram	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.22	48.87	74.19
		Jagokra	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.03	43.99	90.48
	Julpigore	(Niphamari.)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.10	101.56	115.92
		Julpigore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	81.39	98.78
	Cooch Behar.	Dinhatta	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	119.02	118.37
		Cooch Behar	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	84.74	110.28
		Muckhunge	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	86.65	125.75
		Matabhanka	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	?	?
	Darjeeling Hill.	Buxa	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.22	131.09	105.94
		Silliguri	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	?	85.43	?
		Darjeeling	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.04	96.11	107.86
Kampong		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	?	64.29	?	
NORTH BENGAL	Purneah	Kissengunge	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.02	65.75	66.89
		Arrunah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.03	51.02	62.71
		Purneah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.07	46.39	60.62
	North Bhagul-pore.	Maddapore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.03	37.86	40.31
		Soopool	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	29.29	48.22
	Durbhunga	Tajpore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.05	33.77	40.17
		Durbhunga	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.01	30.33	41.16
	Madhubani	Madhubani	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	40.62	42.95
		Sitamarhi	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	38.03	39.73
		Mozufferpore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.06	32.43	44.42
	Hajipore	Hajipore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.07	34.08	41.02
		Hajipore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.07	34.08	41.02
	Chumpran	Motihari	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	41.51	41.11
		Bettan	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	44.53	47.43
	Sarun	Gopalgunge	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.05	39.36	43.00
		Sewan	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.04	28.75	43.24
		Chupran	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.03	32.28	37.91
SOUTH BENGAL	Shahabad	Buxar	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.07	28.79	37.29
		Deura	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	?	31.27	?
		Bhuboah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.40	28.94	40.40
		Sasseram	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.05	34.04	39.94
		Artah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.05	24.21	37.94
	Gya	Aurangabad.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.16	38.23	40.06
		Gya	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.28	24.96	40.90
		Nowadah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.11	21.52	34.80
		Jehanabad	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.18	27.20	38.54
	Patna	Patna	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.06	29.84	40.55
		Dinapore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.06	36.23	38.97
		Benar	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.17	18.05	41.84
		Barn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.17	31.53	39.44
	Monkhyr	Begoserai	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.23	25.30	38.59
		Monkhyr	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.08	31.39	46.11
	Jaimui	Jaimui	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.03	35.70	31.44
		Jaimui	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.03	35.70	31.44
	South Bhagul-pore.	Bhagulpore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.23	25.30	38.59
		Braka	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.08	25.68	43.00
	Sonthal Pergunnah.	Rajmehal	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.14	31.47	49.47
		Godda	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.07	25.11	45.72
		Pakour	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.05	34.92	51.72
		Nya Doonka	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.21	29.90	53.52
		Deognur	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.13	31.11	44.50
		Jamui	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.30	47.13	46.44
		Jamui	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.30	47.13	46.44
CHUTIA NAG-PUR.	Hasaribagh	Pachamba	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.20	24.55	45.68
		Hasaribagh	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.22	38.59	46.72
		Sentaguram	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.29	33.84	46.43
		Manuul Mitha	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.30	35.44	47.93
	Lohardugga	Lohardugga	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	?	40.44	?
		Kanchi	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.34	40.91	50.90
		Pamow	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.30	29.07	41.76
	Singbhoom	Chyeoansa	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.26	44.07	50.90
	Manbhoom	Puruna	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.17	38.25	49.11
		Gobinapore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.19	30.15	46.3

Explanation.—Indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, the corresponding space is left blank. If are wanting, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank.

CALCUTTA, the 17th November 1884.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL DURING THE WEEK ENDING THE 14TH NOVEMBER 1884.

THERE is little to note in the meteorology of the past week. North-east monsoon winds prevailed over the greater part of the Bay and continued to give heavy rain to the South Coromandel coast and Ceylon until the 15th, when the rain ceased. A rather rapid fall of the barometer, extending from the 9th to the 12th, initiated a change in the distribution of pressure in the Bay. Previously pressure was lowest in the south-west of the Bay, and decreased in amount from the head of the Bay southwards. The area of low pressure was transferred to Aracan and Burmah, so that pressure increased from east to west across the Bay. This condition was established on the 14th and still obtains. During the period of falling barometer, skies clouded over generally in Bengal and Behar, and a few light showers fell in Orissa and East Bengal. The rise of the barometer on the 13th was speedily followed by the disappearance of the cloud, and fine clear dry weather was again established over the Province on the 13th or 14th.

PRESSURE was increasing at the commencement of the week. This continued until the 9th, when it began to give way. It diminished slowly, but continuously, until the morning of the 12th, when a slight recovery commenced. The oscillations of the barometer are usually of little importance in November. The only noteworthy feature is that there is always a tendency to the formation of cloud during falling barometer, and this was shown very distinctly during the past week. The sky clouded over on the 11th and 12th, and began to clear again on the 13th with a rising barometer. The mean pressure of the week was considerably above the normal. The excess averaged .02" in Orissa, .03" in South Bengal, and .05" to .07" in Behar.

TEMPERATURE was unusually low during the week. This was mainly due to the low night temperature, which at present accompanies the steady prevalence of dry northerly winds. The mean temperature of the week was from $3\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ to $4\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ below the normal in Bengal, Behar, and Chutia Nagpur, and nearly 3° in Orissa. The deficiency in the temperature was hence very uniform over the Province. The following table shows the diminution in the night temperature during the week at several stations:—

				Minimum temperature, Nov. 8th.	Minimum temperature, Nov. 14th.	Decrease.
Cuttack	...	...	...	65.8	57.3	8.5
Calcutta	...	...	...	64.2	62.2	2.0
Burdwan	...	...	...	62.9	58.9	4.0
Dacca	...	...	...	62.9	61.9	1.0
Darjeeling	...	...	...	39.2	36.0	3.2
Dehree	...	...	...	58.8	57.0	1.8
Gya	...	...	...	58.0	51.2	6.8
Hazaribagh	...	...	...	53.6	51.8	1.8

Humidity and Rainfall.—The air was unusually dry at the commencement of the week. The humidity increased slightly during the cloudy period extending from the 10th to the 12th or 13th, and then diminished. A few very light showers fell in the Poooree and Cuttack districts of Orissa and in East Bengal on the 12th and 13th. The rainfall was of no importance.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the Province for the week ending Friday, the 14th November 1884:—

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISIONS.	TEMPERATURE.							RAINFALL.								
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Averages for week.			Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Of week.			Rainy days.			Since 1st of month.		Since 15th May.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	83.8	55.5	80.6	65.8	73.2	-2.8	0.02	0.09	-0.07	0.3	0.8	-0.5	0.03	0.95	51.79	53.76
South-West Bengal	84.6	53.2	80.5	61.2	70.9	-3.5	Nil	0.05	-0.05	0.0	0.1	-0.1	0.06	0.34	44.51	51.07
East Bengal	80.3	60.0	79.5	61.5	72.0	-3.7	0.01	0.12	-0.11	0.1	0.3	-0.2	2.21	0.66	65.34	75.29
North Bengal	82.8	41.1	79.7	56.6	68.2	-	Nil	0.09	-0.09	0.0	0.1	-0.1	0.06	0.17	53.12	72.41
North Behar	84.6	51.6	80.6	56.8	63.7	-3.6	Nil	0.01	-0.01	0.0	0.1	-0.1	Nil	0.03	39.10	47.06
South Behar	84.3	51.1	79.4	56.1	67.8	-3.7	Nil	0.05	-0.05	0.0	0.1	-0.1	Nil	0.15	30.11	42.44
Chutia Nagpur	77.4	47.0	74.2	52.7	63.5	-4.2	Nil	0.08	-0.08	0.0	0.2	-0.2	Nil	0.30	56.49	47.25

* Mozufferpore not included.
† Chyebassa not included.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL;

JOHN ELIOT,

The 17th November 1884.

Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 9th to 15th November 1884.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Fahr.	TEMPERATURE.				HYGROMETRY.				WIND.		Rain.	WEATHER.
					Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Prevailing direction.	Miles recorded.		
1884.		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%			Inches.	
Nov.	9th	140.6	10.6	29.979	71.1	79.9	16.7	63.2	63.5	0.486	58.2	65	NW and calm	88	Nil.	Chiefly cloudy, P.
"	10th	140.8	4.0	29.77	70.8	79.3	15.9	63.4	65.1	0.549	61.6	71	NW and calm	57	"	Chiefly cloudy, o.
"	11th	105.7	0.1	29.80	70.6	77.6	11.4	66.2	65.7	0.571	62.7	77	NW and calm	51	Not measureable.	Cloudy, o, g, d.
"	12th	129.3	4.3	29.77	70.0	77.9	12.4	65.5	64.6	0.540	61.1	75	NW, \NW and calm	77	Nil.	Morning cloudy, day and night clear, o.
"	13th	133.7	10.5	29.95	69.1	79.3	19.2	60.1	62.3	0.474	57.4	69	N, NNW and calm	96	"	Clear, P.
"	14th	133.5	10.5	29.51	70.1	79.1	17.0	62.1	62.9	0.482	57.0	68	NW and NNW	120	"	Clear.
"	15th	1.55	10.0	29.13	70.8	80.6	17.6	63.0	63.4	0.485	58.0	64	NNW and NW	135	"	Partially cloudy.

The mean pressure of the seven days 29.965
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, S. G.'s Office ... 29.957

The total number of hours of bright sunshine 50.0
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine 77.5

°
The mean temperature of the seven days 70.3
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, S. G.'s Office ... 76.0
The extreme variation of temperature 20.5
The maximum temperature 80.6

Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour ?
Inches.

The highest pressure of wind on one square foot Not measureable.

%
The mean relative humidity 70
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, S. G.'s Office ... 73

Inches.
The total fall of rain from 9th to 15th November 1884 Not measureable.
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, S. G.'s Office ... 0.35
The total fall from 1st January to 15th November 1884 62.61
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, S. G.'s Office ... 65.13

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph, and from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h, and 22h.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified, and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides, and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard Newman's No 86 formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of an Osler's anemograph and from a Robinson's anemometer.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.
o overcast, g gloomy, d drizzling rain, P dew.

HENRY F. BLANFORD,

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA;
Calcutta, the 17th November 1884.

Meteorological Reporter to the Government of Ind.

Results of the Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office,
Chowringhee, from 9th to 15th November 1884.

MONTH.	Date.	TEMPERATURE.				Mean wet bulb.	HYGROMETRY.			Rain.
		Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.		Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	
		°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
November	9th	71·4	79·3	17·9	61·4	63·7	·489	58·3	63	Nil
"	10th	70·8	77·0	15·1	61·9	65·5	·559	62·1	74	"
"	11th	69·3	71·3	6·4	64·9	65·1	·665	62·4	79	"
"	12th	70·3	76·8	11·9	64·9	65·6	·569	62·4	77	"
"	13th	69·6	78·3	19·2	69·1	63·1	·492	58·5	68	"
"	14th	70·3	79·0	18·1	60·9	64·5	·531	60·5	72	"
"	15th	71·1	79·8	17·5	62·3	64·5	·621	60·1	69	"

The mean temperature of the seven days 70·4

The extreme variation of temperature 20·7

The maximum temperature 79·8

The mean relative humidity 72

The total fall of rain from 9th to 15th November 1884 Nil

The mean temperature and humidity are obtained by applying to the mean of the 10h, 16h and minimum readings a correction dependent on the range, and derived from the hourly observations at the Surveyor-General's Office, Chowringhee, in past years.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA ;
Calcutta, the 17th November 1884.

H. F. BLANFORD,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

MEMORANDA.

THE principal features to be deduced from the mortuary statistics of the districts in Bengal, for the month of September 1884, as presented in the statement appended to this memoranda, are the following:—

1. That the deaths of 100,532 persons were registered in these districts among their population of 66,163,884, representing an annual ratio of 18·12 per 1,000 against 19·56 per 1,000 in the preceding month, and 18·36 per 1,000 during the corresponding month of 1883.

2. That the following districts returned the highest proportions of deaths.—

Districts.			Districts.		
		Ratio per mille.			Ratio per mille.
Gya	...	37·56	Rajshahyo	...	26·28
Nuddea	...	32·28	Sarun	...	24·48
Patna	...	27·84	Darjeeling	...	24·36
Hazaribagh	...	27·12			

3. That the mortality from the principal death-causes specified in the following table exhibits no marked difference in comparison with the results of the corresponding month of the past year:—

						Ratio per mille during—	
						September 1884.	September 1883.
Cholera	...	...	...	...	...	·60	·36
Small-pox	...	...	...	...	...	·04	·03
Fever	...	...	...	...	...	13·56	13·92
Bowel-complaints	...	...	...	...	...	·72	·84
Injury	...	...	...	...	...	·48	·48
Other causes	...	...	...	...	...	2·40	2·40

4. That the highest fatal results from cholera, fever, and the diseases classed under the head of “other causes,” were returned from the following districts, the rest of the diseases not proving noticeably fatal anywhere:—

Cholera.		Fever.		Other Causes.	
	Ratio per mille.		Ratio per mille.		Ratio per mille.
Cuttack	... 5·76	Gya	... 30·72	Poori	... 10·20
Poori	... 3·72	Nuddea	... 28·68		
Noakhali	... 3·12	Rajshahyo	... 24·96		
Sarun	... 2·16				

5. That the death-rates under the heads of *Sex*, *Class* and *Age*, stand as indicated below:—

According to Sex.		According to Class.		According to Age.	
	Ratio per mille.		Ratio per mille.		Ratio per mille.
Males	... 19·68	Christians	... 12·96	Under 1 year	... 111·72
Females	... 16·68	Hindus	... 18·96	1 and under 5 years	... 22·56
Ratio of male deaths to every 100 female deaths	116	Mahomedans	... 16·68	5 ” 10 ”	... 10·56
		Budhists	... 13·92	10 ” 15 ”	... 9·60
		Other classes	... 17·76	15 ” 20 ”	... 12·00
				20 ” 30 ”	... 11·76
				30 ” 40 ”	... 13·44
				40 ” 50 ”	... 17·04
				50 ” 60 ”	... 25·08
				60 years and upwards	... 40·08

R. LIDDERDALE, M.D., Deputy Surgeon-General,

The 17th November 1884.

Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

Statement showing the Results of the Registration of Deaths in the Districts in Bengal for the month of September 1884.

		2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9	
		DISTRICTS.		POPULATION.		DEATHS FROM—		RATIO PER 1,000 OF POPULATION PER ANNUM		COMPARISON WITH PREVIOUS PERIODS.		DEATHS AMONG—		RATIO PER 1,000 OF POPULATION PER ANNUM.		Ratio of male deaths to every 100 female deaths.	

			10			11			12			13					
			MORTALITY ACCORDING TO—			Age.											
DIVISIONS.	DISTRICTS.	Class.	DEATHS AMONG—			RATIO PER 1,000 OF POPULATION PER ANNUM.			DEATHS.			RATIO PER 1,000 OF POPULATION PER ANNUM.					
			Christians.	Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Buddhists.	Other classes.	Under 1 year.	5 and under 10 years.	15 and under 20 years.	30 and under 40 years.	40 and under 50 years.	50 and under 60 years.	60 years and up.			
BURDWAN	Burdwan	1,572	311	1,572	15,044	15,044	52,31	293	171	130	110	183	870	881	207	141	198
	Bardham	1,030	221	1,030	12,36	12,36	1,24	143	147	111	111	131	137	137	137	137	137
	Bardham	1,030	221	1,030	12,36	12,36	1,24	143	147	111	111	131	137	137	137	137	137
	Bardham	1,030	221	1,030	12,36	12,36	1,24	143	147	111	111	131	137	137	137	137	137
FARIDPUR	Howrah	644	179	644	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
	Nuddea	1,085	19	1,085	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
	Nuddea	1,085	19	1,085	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
	Nuddea	1,085	19	1,085	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
RAJSHAHY	Howrah	644	179	644	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
	Nuddea	1,085	19	1,085	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
	Nuddea	1,085	19	1,085	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
	Nuddea	1,085	19	1,085	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
Dacca	Howrah	644	179	644	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
	Nuddea	1,085	19	1,085	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
	Nuddea	1,085	19	1,085	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
	Nuddea	1,085	19	1,085	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
CHITTAGONG	Howrah	644	179	644	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
	Nuddea	1,085	19	1,085	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
	Nuddea	1,085	19	1,085	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
	Nuddea	1,085	19	1,085	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
PATNA	Howrah	644	179	644	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
	Nuddea	1,085	19	1,085	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
	Nuddea	1,085	19	1,085	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
	Nuddea	1,085	19	1,085	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
BHARUCH	Howrah	644	179	644	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
	Nuddea	1,085	19	1,085	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
	Nuddea	1,085	19	1,085	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
	Nuddea	1,085	19	1,085	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
ORISSA	Howrah	644	179	644	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
	Nuddea	1,085	19	1,085	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
	Nuddea	1,085	19	1,085	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
	Nuddea	1,085	19	1,085	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
CHOTA NAGPUR	Howrah	644	179	644	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
	Nuddea	1,085	19	1,085	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
	Nuddea	1,085	19	1,085	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
	Nuddea	1,085	19	1,085	15,36	15,36	78,60	169	101	42	33	57	81	81	227	64	147
TOTAL FOR THE PROVINCE			111	67,985	29,89	13,92	17,76	14,486	15,392	8,700	6,417	5,045	10,743	9,035	8,190	12,464	111

ICE OF SANITARY COMMISSIONER FOR BENGAL.

The 17th November 1881.

R. LIDDERDALE, M.D., Deputy Surgeon-General,
Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

MEMORANDA.

BIRTHS and deaths were registered in the first class Municipalities in Bengal during the week ending 1st November 1884, at the rates, respectively, of 21·9 and 31·3 per 1,000 of population, against 25·8 and 28·7 per 1,000, respectively, during the preceding week ending 25th October, indicating a fair advance in the registration of deaths against a large decrease in that of births.

2. In the following Municipalities births and deaths are reported to have been recorded at the highest rates :—

<i>Births.</i>				<i>Deaths.</i>			
			Ratio per mille.				Ratio per mille.
Serampore	...	...	39·2	Purneah	...	...	69·2
Howrah	...	...	33·5	Poori	...	...	62·1
Gya	...	...	30·1	Dacca	...	...	52·5
				Gya	...	...	45·8
				Suburbs of Calcutta	...	...	40·5
				Hughli	...	...	36·2
				Burdwan	...	...	35·1
				Darjiling	...	...	32·6
				Kisnaghur	...	...	32·2
				Patna	...	...	30·5
				Howrah	...	...	29·0
				Beaulnah	...	...	28·9

3. The principal diseases specified in the table appended to this memoranda proved fatal at the rates exhibited below :—

				Ratio per mille during the weeks ending—	
				1st November 1884.	25th October 1884.
Cholera	...	...	...	2·0	1·8
Small-pox	...	...	...	1	1
Fever	...	...	...	15·1	13·3
Bowel-complaints	...	...	...	4·5	4·7
Injury	...	...	...	2	3
Other causes	...	...	...	9·4	8·4

showing that, in comparison with the preceding week, there occurred a noticeable increase of mortality from fever, and the diseases classed under the head of “Other Causes,” particularly from the first-named disease.

4. Of the abovementioned diseases only cholera, fever, and “other causes” were noticeably fatal to life in the Municipalities named below :—

<i>Cholera.</i>			<i>Fever.</i>			<i>Other Causes.</i>		
		Ratio per mille.			Ratio per mille.			Ratio per mille.
Poori	...	17·1	Purneah	...	62·3	Poori	...	29·9
Chupra	...	4·8	Dacca	...	27·9	Dacca	...	20·2
Durbhanga	...	4·7	Burdwan	...	27·4	Hughli	...	14·8
Suburbs of Calcutta	...	3·3	Darjiling	...	26·1	Serampore	...	13·7
Dacca	...	2·6	Ranaghat	...	24·0	Gya	...	13·0
			Beaulnah	...	23·6	Patna	...	12·7
			Gya	...	21·2	Suburbs of Calcutta	...	12·4

5. Under the heads of *Sex*, *Class* and *Age*, the mortality of the week under review stands as follows :—

<i>According to Sex.</i>			<i>According to Class.</i>			<i>According to Age.</i>		
		Ratio per mille.			Ratio per mille.			Ratio per mille.
Males	...	32·0	Christians	...	21·7	Under 1 year	...	269·3
Females	...	30·6	Hindus	...	32·7	1 and under 5 years	...	36·0
Ratio of male deaths to every 100 female deaths	...	118	Mahomedans	...	27·9	5 " 10 "	...	19·1
			Budhists	...	96·7	10 " 15 "	...	12·7
			Other classes	...	72·8	15 " 20 "	...	24·6
						20 " 30 "	...	18·6
						30 " 40 "	...	21·6
						40 " 50 "	...	24·3
						50 " 60 "	...	32·8
						60 years and upwards	...	73·7

R. LIDDERDALE, M.D., Deputy Surgeon-General,

The 17th November 1884.

Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

13			14			15			16		
MORTALITY ACCORDING TO—											
Age.											
RATIO PER 1,000 OF POPULATION PER ANNUM.											
DEATHS.											
RATIO PER 1,000 OF POPULATION PER ANNUM.											
DEATHS AMONG—											
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Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 8th November 1884 on 1,509½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	221,339	2,95,598 6 0	19,05,460 10	5,11,772 8 6	14,276 13 0	8,21,647 11 6	65,997	80,482½	152,479½
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	196 13 2	.....	339 0 7	9 7 4	544 5 1	.....	.....	.....
For previous 18 weeks of half-year ...	2,563,000	40,35,636 5 0	3,32,81,713 30	77,08,367 5 6	2,04,191 14 4	1,20,08,395 8 10	1,103,330	1,491,667	2,594,997
Total for 19 weeks ...	2,784,339	43,31,434 11 0	3,51,87,174 0	82,20,139 14 0	2,78,463 11 4	1,28,30,043 4 4	1,169,327	1,578,149½	2,747,476½
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	204,570½	3,08,738 2 1	22,23,400 20	5,77,780 12 9	18,080 12 6	9,05,219 11 4	71,039	104,416	175,455
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	204 9 9	.....	382 14 3	13 6 1	599 14 1	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	3,711,344	41,47,532 13 9	4,48,90,457 0	1,17,41,483 15 10	3,34,864 1 1	1,62,23,880 14 8	1,194,789	2,424,867	3,619,676

Approximate Statement of gross receipts of the East Indian Railway, prepared in accordance with Public Works Department Circular No. XXI, Railway, dated 23rd July 1883.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 10TH NOVEMBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 8TH NOVEMBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 10TH NOVEMBER 1883.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 8TH NOVEMBER 1884.			Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.		
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1,509	9,05,220	600	1,509½	8,21,643	544	1,509	3,03,38,479	20,105	1,509½	2,44,57,011	16,202	.....	58,80,868

PATNA AND GYA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 8th November 1884 on 57½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	10,038	11,770 8 0	30,813 10	2,050 1 0	60 8 0	14,481 1 0	1,798	1,005	2,803
Or per mile of railway ...	333	205 12 6	538 30	46 5 3	1 0 11	253 2 8	.....	.....	.....
For previous 18 weeks of half-year ...	243,801*	1,45,496 5 0*	7,77,802 20†	55,903 2 0†	1,749 8 6†	2,03,147 15 6	30,902½	17,688½	48,591
Total for 19 weeks ...	243,829	1,57,266 13 0	8,08,615 30	58,552 3 0	1,810 0 6	2,17,029 0 6	32,760½	18,693½	51,454
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	7,795	4,032 6 1	71,727 10	3,230 8 0	90 9 0	7,353 7 1	1,706	1,270	2,976
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	130	70 7 11	1,254 0	56 7 8	1 9 4	128 8 11	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	213,163	1,12,448 1 8	6,22,289 20	43,225 6 0	1,058 0 0	1,56,781 7 8	35,214	12,703	47,917

* Added No. of passengers 15,408 and Rs. 3,645 on account of differences between the Approximate and Audited Returns to week ended 27th September 1884.

† Added Mds. 269 and Rs. 238.7 on account of

‡ Added Rs. 64-10-3 on account of

ditto

ditto

ditto

to

to

ditto

ditto

Approximate Statement of gross receipts of the Patna and Gya State Railway, prepared in accordance with Public Works Department Circular No. XXI, Railway, dated 23rd July 1883.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 10TH NOVEMBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 8TH NOVEMBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 10TH NOVEMBER 1883.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 8TH NOVEMBER 1884.			Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.		
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
57½	7,353	129	57½	14,481	253	57½	2,76,465	4,833	57½	3,31,126	5,789	54,671	.....

GHAZIPUR-DILDARNAGAR STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 8th November 1884, on 12 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	2,041	375 0 0	10,616 0	291 11 6	30 0 0	697 4 0	230½	98½	329
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	31 4 0	.....	24 4 11	2 8 0	58 1 8	.....	.....	.....
For previous 18 weeks of half-year ...	36,684*	6,928 15 0*	1,55,245 0†	3,271 14 0†	484 3 0‡	10,685 0 0	3,803½	2,206½	6,130
Total for 19 weeks ...	38,725	7,303 15 0	1,65,861 10	3,563 9 0	514 12 0	11,382 4 0	4,094	2,365	6,459
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	2,075	374 3 8	14,830 10	345 1 0	22 2 0	741 6 8	193	136	329
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	31 3 0	.....	28 12 1	1 13 6	61 12 7	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	39,790	6,955 13 2	2,07,342 30	4,625 15 0	451 0 0	12,032 12 2	4,148	2,145	6,293

* Added No. of passengers 260 and deducted Rs. 50 on account of differences between the Approximate and Audited Returns to week ended 27th September 1884.
† Added Mds. 16,297 and Rs. 30-0-3 on account of ditto ditto ditto to ditto ditto.
‡ Added Rs. 25-13-8 on account of ditto ditto ditto to ditto ditto.

Approximate Statement of gross receipts of the Ghazipur-Dildarnagar State Railway, prepared in accordance with Public Works Department Circular No. XXI, Railway, dated 23rd July 1883.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 10TH NOVEMBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 8TH NOVEMBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 10TH NOVEMBER 1883.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 8TH NOVEMBER 1884.			Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Rs.	Rs.
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
12	741	62	12	697	58	12	27,566	2,297	12	20,316	2,443	1,760	.....

SINDIA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 8th November 1884 on 74½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	4,179	3,893 5 0	53,855 0	3,177 5 0	97 13 0	7,158 3 0	665	1,094	1,759
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	52 2 0	.....	42 10 4	1 5 0	96 1 4	.....	.....	.....
For previous 18 weeks of half-year ...	76,755*	61,123 13 0*	8,38,692 30†	38,760 7 3†	1,735 9 3‡	1,01,628 13 6	11,382	16,237½	27,639½
Total for 19 weeks ...	80,934	65,007 2 0	8,92,517 30	41,946 12 3	1,833 5 3	1,08,787 3 6	12,047	17,351½	29,398½
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	6,939	5,403 3 4	36,377 30	2,143 13 0	171 14 0	7,723 14 4	764	1,018	1,782
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	72 8 5	.....	28 13 0	2 4 11	103 10 10	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	84,783½	66,902 8 5	5,98,606 30	41,846 13 4	2,200 5 0	1,10,949 10 5	12,135	16,233	28,368

* Deducted number of passengers 49 and Rs. 1,410 on account of differences between the approximate and audited returns to week ended 27th September 1884.
† Deducted mds. 6,745-10 and added Rs. 8-9 on account of ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto.
‡ Added Rs. 6-2-9 on account of ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto.

Approximate Statement of gross receipts of the Sindia State Railway, prepared in accordance with Public Works Department Circular No. XXI, Railway, dated 23rd July 1883.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 10TH NOVEMBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 8TH NOVEMBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 10TH NOVEMBER 1883.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 8TH NOVEMBER 1884.			Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Rs.	Rs.
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
74½	7,724	104	74½	7,158	96	74½	1,06,571	2,625	74½	2,07,124	2,780	11,563	.....

BENGAL PROVINCIAL RAILWAYS.

Weekly Statement of Traffic Receipts.

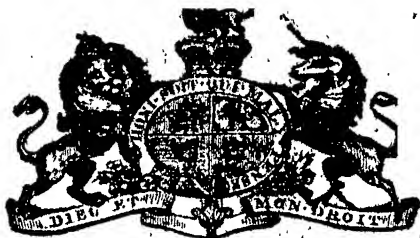
Latest return received.	Name of Railway.	Length open.	RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING		TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST JANUARY		Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.	Percentage of increase or decrease.
			15th September 1883.	15th September 1884.	To 15th September 1883.	To 15th September 1884.			
1884.		Miles.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
7th September ...	Northern Bengal ...	240	41,818 0 0	44,684 0 0	15,66,717 0 0	13,65,241 0 0	.....	2,01,476 0 0	-13
8th " ...	Tirhoot ...	183	17,830 0 0	16,808 0 0	5,98,589 0 0	8,47,551 0 0	2,48,962 0 0	.....	+41
15th " ...	Nalhati ...	27½	1,392 0 0	1,469 0 0	60,893 0 0	66,696 0 0	.....	4,197 0 0	-7
	Total ...	469½	61,069 0 0	63,051 0 0	22,26,199 0 0	22,69,488 0 0	43,289 0 0	.....	+2

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

Earnings for week ending 1st November 1884	...	...	...	...	Rs. A. P.
Corresponding week last year	...	...	...	...	10,393 0 0
Increase	...	...	...	...	8,916 14 1
Receipts from 1st July to 1st November 1884	...	...	...	...	1,476 1 11
Receipts from 1st July to 3rd November 1883	...	...	...	...	1,53,308 3 9
Increase	...	...	...	...	1,50,793 1 10
Miles open week ending 1st November 1884	...	...	...	...	2,515 1 11
Corresponding week last year	...	...	...	...	Miles.
	...	...	...	...	50
Receipts per mile open week ending 1st November 1884	...	...	...	...	Rs. A. P.
Corresponding week last year	...	...	...	...	207 13 9
Increase	...	...	...	...	178 5 5
	...	...	...	...	29 8 4

DARJEELING, the 8th November 1884.

W. STEVENSON, Secretary.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1884.

CONTENTS.

	Page.		Page.
PART I.—Orders and Notifications by the Lt.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c. 1113—1128		PART IV.—Bills of the Bengal Council	Nil.
PART IA.—Orders and Notifications by the Government of India 121—127		PART V.—Acts of the Governor-General's Council assented to by the Governor-General	Nil.
PART II.—Advertisements 1777—1796		PART VI.—Bills introduced into the Council of the Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations, or published under Rule 23	Nil.
PART III.—Acts of the Bengal Council	Nil.	SUPPLEMENT No. 40	2127—2204

PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal,
the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

No. 2883A.

GENERAL.—*The 31st October 1884.*—Baboo Mohendra Nath Gupta, Deputy Collector, Monghyr, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under section 4 of Act VII (B.C.) of 1880 in that district, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. W. O'Reilly.

The 3rd November 1884.—Baboo Jodu Nath Bose, Deputy Collector, Midnapore, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under section 4 of Act VII (B.C.) of 1880 in that district, *vice* Baboo Peary Mohun Banerjee, transferred.

The 5th November 1884.—Baboo Mohendro Nath Seal, Temporary Sub-Deputy Collector, Tipperah, is allowed leave for three months, under section 138, rule 2, chapter X of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 20th September last.

The 6th November 1884.—Mr. A. C. Tute, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dinapore, is allowed leave for three months, under section 72, chapter V of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved of his present appointment as Officiating Magistrate and Collector of that district by Mr. H. S. Beadon.

The services of Baboo Kustori Lal, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Purneah, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Public Works Department, Railway Branch of this Government, for the purpose of acquiring lands for the Purneah division of the Assam-Bihar Railway, *vice* Moulvie Syed Nasiruddin.

Baboo Kustori Lal is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X of 1870 in the districts of Purneah and Dinapore.

The 7th November 1884.—Baboo Okhoy Coomar Bose, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on furlough, is posted to the sudder-station of the district of Khoolna.

Baboo Ashutosh Gupta, Temporary Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Lohardugga, is allowed leave for two months, under rule 2, section 138, chapter X of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from such date as he may avail himself of it.

Baboo Mohendro Nath Mookerjee, Temporary Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Lohardugga, is transferred to Maubhoom, and is appointed to have charge of the Govindpore sub-division of that district.

Baboo Kally Prosonno Sircar, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Govindpore, Maubhoom, is transferred to Lohardugga, and is posted to the sudder station of that district.

The 8th November 1884.—Baboo Dino Nath Chuckerbutty, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Sarun, was on duty at the sudder station of the district of Gya from the forenoon of the 6th to the afternoon of the 11th ultimo.

Mr. G. G. Dey, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, has been granted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of furlough for six weeks.

The 10th November 1884.—Mr. W. F. Meres, District and Sessions Judge, Midnapore, is allowed furlough for five months, under sections 50 and 78 of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 12th August last, in commutation of the leave granted under the order of the 3rd July 1884.

The 11th November 1884.—Moulvie Abdul Jubber, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Patna, is transferred to the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, and is posted to the sudder station of that district.

Moulvie Syed Mohamed Israil, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Kooshtea, Nuddea, is allowed leave for one year, under section 134, chapter X of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

Mr. C. F. Manson, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Naraingunge, Dacca, is transferred to Nuddea, and is appointed to have charge of the Kooshtea sub-division of that district.

Mr. H. P. Todd-Naylor, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Dacca, is appointed to have charge of the Naraingunge sub-division of that district.

Mr. F. Wyer, Magistrate and Collector, Dacca, is appointed to act temporarily as Commissioner of the Dacca Division till relieved by Mr. E. Lowis.

Mr. F. H. Barrow, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dacca, is appointed to act temporarily as Magistrate and Collector of that district till relieved by Mr. F. Wyer.

POLICE.—*The 25th October 1884.*—Moulvie Aulad Ali, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Gya, is transferred to Purneah.

REGISTRATION.—*The 10th November 1884.*—Mr. C. W. Bolton, who was, under orders of the 24th ultimo, appointed to act as Inspector-General of Registration, is also appointed, under section 7 of Act XV of 1872, to act, until further orders, as Senior Marriage Registrar of Calcutta; and, under section 7 of Act XV of 1865, to act as Registrar of Parsee Marriages beyond the local limits of the Ordinary Civil Jurisdiction of the High Court.

OPIMUM.—*The 10th November 1884.*—Mr. P. Cosserat, Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Gya, is allowed leave for three months, under section 72, chapter V of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. J. Christian is appointed to act as Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Gya, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. P. Cosserat, or until further orders.

CUSTOMS.—*The 8th November 1884.*—Mr. S. J. Kilby, Superintendent of Customs Preventive Service and Sulkea Salt Golahs, has been granted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of furlough for one month.

MEDICAL.—*The 6th November 1884.*—Assistant Surgeon Kunja Lall Sanyal, in charge of the sub-division of and dispensary at Palamow, is appointed to have charge of the Burrisal Dispensary.

The 8th November 1884.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the Magurah Dispensary in the district of Jessore:—

Baboo Behari Lall Banerjee, Munsif, *vice* Baboo Krishna Nath Roy, transferred.
 „ Bussanto Kumar Bose, *vice* Baboo Guruchurn Banerjee.

ROAD CESS.—*The 5th November 1884.*—Mr. A. Robertson is appointed to be Chairman of the Choa Branch Road Committee in the district of Moorsshedabad, *vice* Mr. J. F. Forbes.

Baboo Shama Churn Bose is appointed to be Vice-Chairman of the Choa Branch Road Committee in the district of Moorsshedabad.

Baboo Moni Lall Banerjee is appointed to be a member of the District Road Committee of the 24-Pergunnahs, *vice* Baboo Hari Mohan Banerjee, resigned.

The 10th November 1884.—The following gentlemen are re-appointed to be members of the Furreedpore District Road Committee:—

Baboo Dina Nath Dass.	Baboo Ishan Chandra Moitra.
„ Ganga Dhar Mozumdar.	„ Moonshi Meher Ali Khankar.
„ Hara Bilash Mookerjee.	Baboo Sarat Chandra Dass.
Baboo Uma Charan Acharjee.	

Assistant Surgeon Nil Ratan Adhikary, in charge of the sub-divisional dispensary at Cox's Bazar, in the district of Chittagong, is appointed to be Vice-Chairman of the Branch Road Committee at that place.

The following notification is republished from the *Assam Gazette*:—

No. 78.—*The 30th October 1884.*—Mr. A. Porteous, Assistant Commissioner, Karimganj, reported his return to duty from privilege leave in the afternoon of the 6th October 1884.

J. WARE EDGAR,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

FOREST DEPARTMENT.

The 10th November 1884.—In continuation of the notification of the 9th ultimo, Baboo Sree Dhur Chuckerbutty, Sub-Assistant Conservator of Forests, is posted to the charge of the Singbhoom Forest Sub-Division of the Chota Nagpore Division, as a temporary measure, until relieved by Mr. E. Fuchs, Assistant Conservator of Forests, or until further orders.

H. H. RISLEY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 8th November 1884.—The Lieutenant-Governor is, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, hereby pleased to declare, under section 26 of the Indian Forest Act (VII of 1878), that the area specified below, which, in the notification of 23rd January 1879, published at page 71 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 29th January 1879, was declared to be a "reserved forest" under section 34 of that Act, forming part of the "reserved forest" then so declared under the name of the Goompahar Forest, shall, from the 20th November 1884, cease to be a reserved forest.

A piece of land measuring, more or less, 63 acres 3 roods, bounded as follows:—

North.—By a demarcated line in the bed of a jhara, south of the Tidham spur, running from the crest of the Rungbong ridge, which here forms the Nepal frontier, to a demarcated line hitherto recognized as the eastern boundary of the Rungbong reserved forest.

East.—The demarcated line hitherto so recognized as the eastern boundary of the Rungbong reserved forest to a point on the Nepal boundary in the position of the Nepal boundary pillar No. 25.

South & West.—The Nepal boundary from that point to the head of the jhara forming the northern boundary.

H. H. RISLEY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th November 1884.—It is hereby notified that the District Road Committee of Bogra have determined to levy road cess for the cess year, commencing from the 1st October 1884, at the maximum rate of six pies or two pice on each rupee of the annual value of lands; and the said rate having been approved by the Commissioner of the Division, is hereby published for general information.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 5th November 1884.—It is hereby notified that the District Road Committee of Chittagong have determined to levy road cess for the cess year, commencing from the 1st October 1884, at the maximum rate of six pies or two pice on each rupee of the annual value of lands; and the said rate having been approved by the Commissioner of the Division, is hereby published for general information.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 5th November 1884.—It is hereby notified that the District Road Committee of Tipperah have determined to levy road cess for the cess year, commencing from the 1st October 1884, at the maximum rate of six pies or two pice on each rupee of the annual value of lands; and the said rate having been approved by the Commissioner of the Division, is hereby published for general information.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 5th November 1884.—It is hereby notified that the District Road Committee of Noakhally have determined to levy road cess for the cess year, commencing from the 1st October 1884, at the maximum rate of six pies or two pice on each rupee of the annual value of lands; and the said rate having been approved by the Commissioner of the Division, is hereby published for general information.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th November 1884.—In supersession of the notification dated the 15th September 1876, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 20th idem, it is hereby notified for general information that, under section 3 of the Sonthal Pergunnahs Settlement Regulation, 1872, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that the Bengal Municipal Act, III (B.C.) of 1884, shall have force and effect in the Sonthal Pergunnahs, and shall be deemed to have come into operation on and from the 1st August 1884.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th November 1884.—It is hereby notified, under section 8, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, that, in accordance with the recommendation of the local authorities, the Lieutenant-Governor intends to declare the town of Assensole, comprising the mohullahs noted in the margin, to be a municipality with effect from the 1st January next, unless good reasons be shown to the contrary within six weeks from the date of the publication of this notification

1. Railpar.
2. English quarter.
3. Budhadanga village.
4. Mr. Bastin's Bazar.
5. Pucca Bazar.
6. Munshi Bazar.
7. Talpukur Chatti.

within the town.

The boundaries of the proposed municipality will be as follows:—

On the North.—The Amra Kundajor and lands of Assensole mouza called Kalua Bata, Chawkahahar math.

On the East.—Road leading to the old railway station of Assensole.

On the South.—Budha and Assensole villages.

On the West.—Lands of Budha mouza called Baromesha.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 7th November 1884.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under clause 2, section 3, Regulation VI of 1819, the Lieutenant-Governor declares the ferry over the Lilajan river on the Grand Trunk road in the district of Gya to be a public ferry.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 10th November 1884.—It is hereby notified for general information that, in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Chittagong Municipality, made at a meeting, the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 221 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, to extend the provisions of Part X of the Act to the above municipality, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notification within the municipality.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th November 1884.—It is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the power conferred on him by section 38, Act IV (B.C.) of 1871, as amended by Act II (B.C.) of 1879 and Act I (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor approves and confirms the following bye-laws, which have been framed for the town of Gurbetta, in the district of Midnapore, with the assent of the Health Officer of the town appointed under the Act for the management of all matters necessary for the due enforcement of the Act within the said town of Gurbetta.

BYE-LAWS UNDER SECTION 37, ACT IV (B.C.) OF 1871 FOR THE TOWN OF GURBETTA, IN THE DISTRICT OF MIDNAPORE.

PART I.

On the appointment and constitution of a Committee to aid in carrying out the provisions of Act IV (B.C.) of 1871 in the town of Gurbetta.

THE provisions of this Act shall be carried out by a Committee consisting of three official and three non-official members appointed for that purpose by Government.

2. On the 1st of March in each year the Sub-Divisional Officer shall nominate the members to serve on the Committee during the ensuing official year, and shall report the nomination for the sanction of the local Government.

3. In the event of the death, removal, or resignation of any member of the Committee during his year of office, an official member shall be succeeded by the successor to his appointment or any other official; and in the case of a non-official member, his successor shall be appointed by the remainder of the Committee.

PART II.

Rules for the conduct of business.

4. The Committee shall meet for the transaction of business in the office of the local Sub-Registrar or Honorary Magistrate, who is the Chairman of the Committee, on the 15th of each month, or, if that date fall on a Sunday or holiday, on the next succeeding open day, provided that it shall be lawful for the Chairman to call a meeting at any other time during the month, recording his reasons for doing so.

5. Notice of every meeting shall be issued to the members by the Chairman three clear days beforehand.

6. No question shall be decided at any meeting unless its substance has been included in the notice prescribed in Rule 5.

7. Every question shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the event of an equal division, the Chairman shall have a casting vote.

8. The proceedings of every meeting shall be recorded in a book to be kept by the Chairman for the purpose.

PART III.

On the receipt and disbursement of moneys under the Act.

9. On the 15th October of each year a budget of the probable receipts and expenditure of the ensuing financial year, together with the opening and closing balances, shall be submitted to the Magistrate for the sanction of Government.

10. It shall be competent for the Committee, subject to the orders of Government, to transfer sums from one item of the budget to another, provided that the total expenditure be not exceeded, and provided that an annual review of the same be submitted to the Commissioner.

11. In forming every annual estimate an amount not exceeding Rs. 25 per cent. shall be reserved for emergent contingencies, such as a sudden outbreak of cholera and sickness, and necessity for employment of extra and special establishment.

12. At the close of every year the Chairman shall submit a report on the working of the Act during the year, showing the works of improvement and conservancy carried out, and a detailed account of the receipts and expenditure during the year and the balance in hand at its close. The report should be submitted through the District Magistrate and the Commissioner to Government.

PART IV.

13. If any person shall carry night-soil or other offensive matter through the town otherwise than in a closely covered receptacle, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

14. The Committee shall open a register of the sweepers engaging for various parts of the town, specifying the name or names of the sweepers engaging for each part and responsible for its cleanliness, and shall supply each sweeper with a metal ticket bearing his number painted on it, and the section of the town to which he is attached, the spots fixed under section 24 of the Act, in which they are bounded to deposit dirt, and any other detail that may seem necessary. Any sweeper neglecting to remove night-soil from any part of the quarter for which he is responsible once in twenty-four hours shall be liable for each omission to a fine not exceeding Re. 1.

15. If any person shall bury, or allow to be buried, within the limits of the town of Gurbetta night-soil or other offensive matter, or leave it within the premises occupied by him beyond such time as may be fixed by the Magistrate, he shall be liable to a fine which may extend to Rs. 20, provided that this penalty shall not extend to manure heaps until notice to remove them have been issued by the Health Officer. The Chairman of the Committee may issue notice ordering any person to remove any offensive matter that may be buried on the premises occupied by him within a specific term. Any person neglecting to comply with such notice shall be liable to a daily fine not exceeding Rs. 2 from the date of the expiry of notice.

16. If any person shall dispose, or cause to be disposed of, within the limits of the town of Gurbetta any corpse, or part of a corpse, otherwise than by burning or burying it at or in some burning or burial ground, specially set apart for that purpose, fixed, by the Chairman of the Committee with the assent of the Health Officer, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

17. Any person allowing land or premises occupied by him within the limits of the town of Gurbetta to be used as a camping place for cattle or carts or any beasts of draught or burden shall be bound to permit such premises to be inspected by the Health Officer or Chairman of the Committee, or any officer they may depute, and shall be liable to any penalty provided for any infringement of the laws or bye-laws committed on his premises.

18. Whoever shall offer for sale fish unfit for food, or shall offer for sale any fish in any part of the town except in places notified by the Magistrate, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

PART V.

Miscellaneous.

19. At each monthly meeting of the Committee one or more members shall be appointed to supervise the working of the Act during the calendar month next following.

20. The remarks and orders of the working member or members for each month, and the remarks of inspecting officers, shall be entered in the minute book prescribed in Rule 7.

21. Every lodging-house keeper taking out a license under this Act shall provide himself with a copy of the Act, and with a printed copy of the notice prescribed in section 14, which notice shall be in the form shown in appendix A of these bye-laws.

22. The register referred to in section 15 of the Act shall be in the form shown in appendix B of these bye-laws.

23. There shall be hung up in each compartment of a lodging-house a board on which shall be legibly written in Uriya, Hindustani, and Bengali the dimensions of such compartment and the number of lodgers it can properly accommodate, and this board shall bear the signature of the Health Officer.

24. Every lodging-house or hotel-keeper shall be bound, on requisition by the Health Officer, to provide himself with tickets or tokens bearing consecutive numbers, and to furnish each of his lodgers with one of such tickets or tokens.

25. For the purpose of this Act the year shall be considered to commence from 1st April, and all licenses shall run from that date.

APPENDIX A.

Form of Notice under Section 14.

Lodging-house	...	...	...	... No.
Proprietor or (Manager)	...	...	...	... A. B.
Licensed to accommodate	...	...	...	... —Lodgers.

Signature.

APPENDIX B.

Form of Inspection Register under Section 15.

Date of inspection and name of inspecting officer.	Number and name of lodging-house.	Result of inspection.	Orders by Magistrate or Health Officer.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th November 1884.—It is hereby notified for general information that the declaration dated the 6th May 1883, published at page 399, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 6th idem, regarding the acquisition of a plot of land, No. 48, Serpentine lane, which was required for the improvement of the aforesaid lane in the town of Calcutta, is hereby cancelled.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th November 1884.—The following is published for general information.

H. H. RISLEY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 1506, dated Calcutta, the 6th October 1884.

Endorsed by—The Government of India, Home Department.

Copy forwarded to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal for information and guidance, and with the request that the wishes of the Trustees of the British Museum may be communicated to the general public concerned.

No. 45 (Public—Records), dated India Office, London, the 31st July 1884.

From—Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India,

To—His Excellency the Most Hon'ble the Governor-General of India in Council.

WITH reference to the cases of books sent from time to time from India, addressed to the British Museum, I have to acquaint your Excellency that I have received from the Trustees a suggestion that notice should be given to publishers, authors, and others, desirous of presenting works to the Museum, that their Agents are Messrs. Thacker, Spink and Company of Calcutta and Bombay. Your Government will doubtless be willing to assist in forwarding these donations to the Trustees, and I request that your Excellency will take the necessary steps to carry out their suggestion.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st October 1884.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to make the following Port and Pilot rules for the Port of Chittagong. They will take effect from the 1st November 1884.

The Port of Chittagong, and the navigable river and channels leading thereto, having, with the sanction of the Governor-General of India in Council, been declared subject to the provisions of Act XXII of 1855, have become subject to Act XII of 1875 (the Indian Ports Act) in accordance with the provisions of section 3 of the latter Act.

The limits of the said Port of Chittagong are as follow:—

To the north-east,—a line drawn across the river Karnafuolee from the boundary pillar at the mouth of the Chaktai nulla to the boundary pillar on the opposite bank of the said river.

To the south,—a line drawn from Jooldia flagstaff to Patunga beacon.

These limits include so much of the river Karnafuolee and the shores thereof as lie within fifty yards of high-water mark at ordinary spring tides.

The limits of the navigable river and channels leading to the said Port of Chittagong are as follow:—

To the north-east,—the Port of Chittagong as above defined.

To the south,—a line drawn west from Norman's Point light-house.

To the north,—the port as defined above, and from Patunga beacon a line drawn due west seaward.

To the west,—a line drawn parallel to a line between Patunga beacon and Norman's Point light at a distance of four miles.

To the east,—the south bank of the Karnafuolee river between Jooldia and Norman's Point light-house.

All parts of the river Karnafuolee between the said limits and below high-water mark at ordinary spring tides are subject to the said Act.

Port dues shall be levied at the following rates once in 60 days in the Port of Chittagong:—

Balam boats of 10 tons and upwards, 1 anna for every ton of burthen.

All other sea-going vessels of 10 tons and upwards, 4½ annas for every ton of burthen.

Port Rules.

The following Port Rules are hereby promulgated for general information and guidance:—

Rule I.—Within 24 hours after arrival within the limits of the port, the master should report to the Port Officer the arrival of his vessel, which shall be put into moorings or shall take up such berth as may be appointed by the Port Officer, from which she shall not be removed (except in case of emergency) without the sanction of the said officer. Every vessel shall change her berth when required by the Port Officer to do so.

Rule II.—Every vessel lying within the limits of the port shall be moored and shall keep a clear hawse.

Rule III.—Unless moored head and stern, no vessel within the port, or in the navigable channel leading thereto, shall lie close to the shore, or shall in any way obstruct the passage of boats inshore.

Rule IV.—Every vessel in moorings shall use her bower chain for her stern moorings, or such other chain that may be approved of by the Port Officer, who, in case of approaching bad weather, may have the same changed or doubled at his discretion.

Rule V.—Every vessel within the port shall rig in her jib and driver booms, and, if required to do so, take in all boats hanging at the davit as soon as she has moored, and shall so retain them, unless otherwise authorized by the Port Officer.

Rule VI.—Every vessel entering the port between the 15th day of May and 15th day of November shall send down her top-gallant yards, and have mast ropes rove ready to send down her top-gallant masts at short notice on receiving instructions from the Port Officer.

Rule VII.—No ballast shall be discharged from shipboard, or landed from boats, or taken from the shore or river banks within the port and its approaches without the previous sanction of the Port Officer, who may appoint ballast guards to supervise the work.

Rule VIII.—Vessels of less than 12 feet draught, proceeding up or down the river, are prohibited from anchoring in the fairway.

Rule IX.—All vessels anchored in the stream within the port and its approaches shall exhibit between sunset and sunrise, where it can be best seen, but at a height not exceeding 20 feet above the hull of the vessel, a white light in a globular lantern of eight inches in diameter, and so constructed as to show a clear, uniform and unbroken light, visible all round the horizon, at a distance of one mile. Vessels under weigh at night shall show the lights prescribed by the Board of Trade Regulations.

Rule X.—All ballams, cargo-boats, bhurs, and budgerows, when under weigh after dark within the port, shall carry a white light in a lantern in the forepart of the vessel, where it can be distinctly seen.

Rule XI.—Except in cases of emergency, no vessel shall be moored, or unmoored, and no hawsers and warps shall be left out between sunset and daybreak.

Rule XII.—Vessels fouling buoys, tide-gauges, or any other plant of the port, shall report the same to the Port Officer in writing without delay, stating the time and manner of occurrence. Violation of this rule will render the master of the vessel liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 100.

Rule XIII.—Every vessel of a draught of 12 feet and under shall anchor on the shoal side of the river, or, off town, from below the pier on the south side of the river, and from Goshaldanga to Domacolly on the eastern side of the river, and below Domacolly to Gooptacolly on the northern side of the river, and keep in a line so as not to obstruct the navigation of the river in any way. Vessels will also keep on board a crew not less than the following scale according to their tonnage set forth below, viz.—

	Men.
Vessels of 100 tons and under	... 8
„ of 100 to 199 tons	... 4
„ of 200 „ 299 „	... 5
„ of 300 „ 499 „	... 6
„ of 500 „ 699 „	... 7
„ of 700 and upwards	... 10

Rule XIV.—Vessels shall not anchor in fairway off the bar, or on the bar, and any vessel so anchoring shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 100 for every day or portion of a day on which she may remain in the fairway or on the bar.

Rule XV.—No vessel dropping up or down the river shall anchor in the fairway unless she be of heavy draught or of great length. Any vessel on the move or waiting the next tide shall sheer out of the channel and anchor as far out of the fairway as she can do without risk.

Rule XVI.—Vessels occupying moorings or using the heave-up boat will be subject to the undermentioned charges :—

	Rs.
Occupying moorings, per diem ...	6
Occupying swinging buoys ...	8
For mooring at or unmooring from the fixed fore-and-aft moorings with the use of heave-up boat on each occasion ...	16
For mooring at or unmooring from swinging moorings with the use of heave-up boat on each occasion ...	10
Harbour Master's fee for mooring or unmooring a vessel on Sundays and holidays ...	10
Use of heave-up boat for assisting a vessel, per diem ...	32
Running out anchors for vessels on shore, or going on the hard, to clear bottom on each occasion ...	32
Use of Government hawser, per diem ...	10
Shifting a vessel's berth for the convenience of the owners ...	16
Vessels occupying the jetty head for loading or discharging cargo other than salt, per diem ...	20
Vessels occupying the jetty head for loading or discharging salt, per thousand maunds ...	10
Salvage on anchors and cables, per cwt. ...	3-8

Rule XVII.—No person, unless authorized by the Port Officer, shall creep or sweep within the port for anchors, cables, or other stores lost, or supposed to be lost, therein.

Rule XVIII.—Any sampan, cargo-boat, or other vessel going alongside an arriving steam-vessel before she is anchored, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 100.

Rule XIX.—The Port Officer, or any one deputed by him, shall not be interfered with in the execution of his duty.

Rule XX.—No vessel shall use any of the moorings, whether fixed or swinging, without permission of the Port Officer.

Rule XXI.—All applications to be hauled into, or cast off from, the moorings, or for any other assistance, shall be made either personally or by letter to the Port Officer. Applications will, as far as possible, be complied with in order according to date of receipt.

Rule XXII.—Storm signals will be only used within the limits of the Port of Chittagong to give notice to the shipping and general public of the early approach of a severe cyclone with its attendant storm-wave. The following are the storm signals which will be used within the limits of the port. They will be hoisted on the flagstaff yard-arm at Sudder ghat and on the Jooldia flagstaff yard-arm on receipt of instructions from the Meteorological office.

A ball indicates that a severe cyclone, of which the centre is in the neighbourhood of Akyab, will probably advance towards Chittagong.

1. Day warning signal.



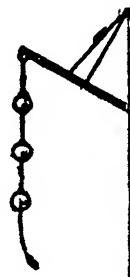
A drum indicates that a severe cyclone with its attendant storm-wave is approaching Chittagong.

2. Day danger signal.



Three lights in a vertical plain indicate that a severe cyclone, of which the centre is in the neighbourhood of Akyab, will probably advance towards Chittagong.

3. Night warning signal.



Two lights in a vertical line indicate the early approach of a severe cyclonic storm and its attendant storm-wave to the Port of Chittagong.

4. Night danger signal.



Rule XXIII.—Vessels lying in the stream or at the moorings shall at all times have at least one anchor at the bow, with a cable bent and ranged ready to let go. Vessels with no spare hawse pipe for cables shall have a good hawser bent ready for letting go.

Rule XXIV.—Every ship or vessel within the port shall remove any anchor or spar, or other object projecting from her side, when ordered to do so.

Rule XXV.—No person shall smoke or use naked lights of any description in the hold or between-decks of any vessel lying in the port. Closed lanterns, secured by lock and key, and in charge of an officer of the vessel, shall alone be taken between-decks or into the hold.

Rule XXVI.—Fires shall be permitted only in galleys or fire-places regularly constructed for the purpose; such fires to be kept alight only between daybreak and 9 p.m. Fires for cooking shall not be allowed on board of vessels in dock.

Rule XXVII.—With a view to the extinction of fires, all vessels in port shall be provided with three buckets for every hundred tons of registered measurement up to 600 tons, and two additional buckets for every 100 tons above 600: provided that the total number of buckets shall not be required to exceed 50 in any vessel. One-half of such buckets shall be left constantly hung up on the quarter-deck or other convenient place.

Rule XXVIII.—When fire has broken out in any vessel, the officers in charge of all vessels in neighbouring moorings or anchorage shall furl their awnings, get their force-pumps ready for use, and prepare for slipping their cables and chains, seeing specially that the pins of the shackles can be immediately knocked out.

Rule XXIX.—No vessel shall lie at single anchor in the port unless a pilot or assistant harbour master is on board; and a fee of Rs. 10 per diem will be charged for his services.

Rule XXX.—All vessels about to leave the port shall hoist the Blue-Peter at the fore at least twenty-four hours before leaving the moorings, and shall keep it hoisted until the pilot takes charge of the vessel to take her to sea.

Rule XXXI.—No vessel shall steam, sail, or be towed up on the flood or down on the ebb within port limits except with the permission of the Port Officer.

Rule XXXII.—River steamers and tug steamers having no vessels in tow are permitted to move up on the flood, or down on the ebb, at their own risk and at a speed sufficient to keep the vessels under command; but in no case shall the speed exceed four miles an hour through the water.

Rule XXXIII.—For the use of the Government Launch Fire-engine, a charge of Rs. 50 will be made for every twelve hours and part thereof.

Rules for Pilots in the Port of Chittagong.

I.—Pilots in charge of inward-bound vessels are directed to hoist the vessel's number, and, if salt laden or from dutiable ports, are to have the ensign hoisted at the main-mast head for the information of the Customs Inspector, Jaldia.

II.—A pilot on taking charge of an inward-bound vessel shall, immediately on boarding her, hoist his distinguishing number, and hand over to the master of the vessel the following papers:—(1). Port Rules, (2). Pilotage Rules, (3). Medical Inspection Rules, (4). Customs Regulations. If any case of cholera, small-pox, or other epidemic disease common in India is on board he shall at once report the fact to the Port Officer, stating the number of cases, and shall await orders before taking up any anchorage in the harbour.

III.—A pilot detained on board at Jaldia will, in the event of the captain refusing to take steam, report the matter to the Port Officer and await orders.

IV.—The pilot shall not give over charge of his vessel in the river unless she has been moored or he has been relieved by a harbour master or other officer authorised to take charge.

V.—Pilots on arrival off town shall state the time of arrival, the vessel's name, the place where she has been left, and, if moored, with how much chain each way. This information is to be entered in a book kept at the Port Office for that purpose.

VI.—Every pilot shall on arrival report to the Port Officer the number of pilots on the station, and also any alterations he may have observed in the river on his way up.

VII.—No pilot shall take charge of an outward-bound vessel without an order signed by the Port Officer, or proceed unless the vessel has obtained her customs clearance. If the vessel is to take steam, he should not break ground without satisfying himself that the tug is engaged to take the vessel to sea, or to remain by her till the vessel is outside the Outer Bar.

VIII.—The pilot shall ascertain that the vessel has two serviceable bower anchors, and if she has not a sheet or spare anchor fit for a bower over her side, that she has one in such a position on deck that it can easily be brought into use in case of necessity. Also that a kedge with line ready bent be on deck and ready for immediate use.

IX.—If a pilot appointed to take a vessel to sea during neaps considers her draught too much, and that it would involve a risk and responsibility which he is unwilling to take, he should at once communicate the fact to the master and report to the Port Officer, for orders, fully explaining his grounds of objection.

X.—If after a pilot joins a vessel he finds that she is of larger draught than she was reported to be, or that she takes in any cargo that alters her draught, he will at once report the matter to the Port Officer and await orders.

XI.—Pilots are on no account to cross the bar between sunset and sunrise, on pain of dismissal, without the permission of the Port Officer in writing, the cost of lighting the buoys being defrayed by the ship concerned.

XII.—A pilot shall not relinquish charge of a vessel unless on account of sickness or other unavoidable necessity. If he is in any way impeded in the performance of his duty, he should report the circumstances to the Port Officer, and, if necessary, anchor the vessel.

XIII.—Pilots shall attend the Port Office daily, and shall not leave town without permission from Port Officer being previously obtained.

XIV.—Until further orders, pilots shall be guided by the following rules as to the draughts

of vessels to be moved either up or down, in or out:—

- (a)—They may move a vessel in or out without steam at a draught of 18 feet, and with steam to any reasonable draught.
- (b)—Vessels of 275 feet length and upwards shall not be brought up above Moiscally without permission from Port Officer, to whom her length and draught must be reported in writing.

XV.—No pilot on his way up or down the river, and not employed on any special duty, shall pass a vessel having a pilot signal flying without boarding her and ascertaining why she is without a pilot, and if required shall take charge of her, and take her on her way and stop by her until she can be left in safety.

XVI.—Masters are requested to report when there appears to have been any unnecessary delay in getting the pilot on board.

XVII.—If a vessel loses an anchor or anchors, the pilot shall immediately submit a report to the Port Office. The report should be attested by the master of the vessel, and to enable the Port Officer's Department to identify the lost articles, it shall indicate accurately the following particulars:—

- (1)—Locality of the loss.
- (2)—Bearings of known objects.
- (3)—Description, weight, and distinctive marks of anchors.
- (4)—Description and quantity of cable.

XVIII.—Should a vessel ground, collide with any vessel or buoy, or meet with any casualty while under weigh or at anchor, the pilot shall, on the first opportunity, forward to the Port Officer a report in writing of the occurrence, containing the following particular:—

- (a)—Locality of the accident.
- (b)—Bearings of any known object in view.
- (c)—The vessel's draught of water.
- (d)—The time of tide.
- (e)—Hour of the day the accident occurred.
- (f)—Manœuvre the pilot was executing or attempting to execute.
- (g)—The damage, if any, sustained.
- (h)—The time the vessel was on shore.
- (i)—Quantity of water made by the vessel.

XIX.—Pilots, before leaving a vessel, shall obtain a certificate from the master as to how he has performed his duty, and present the same to the Port Officer on arrival.

XX.—Pilots, whilst in town, should daily inspect carefully the channel and the river-book kept at the Port Office.

XXI.—If the pilot considers himself aggrieved by any conduct on the part of the master of a vessel, he shall transmit his complaint in writing to the Port Officer for his consideration and orders.

XXII.—Masters or agents are requested to give at least 24 hours' previous notice when a pilot is required to shift or take a vessel to sea or for any other purpose, to enable the Port Officer to send for pilots from the mouth of the river, if required.

XXIII.—The cutter with pilots shall cruise in the day backwards and forwards from the Outer Bar buoys to off the mouth of the Sangoo river during the south-west monsoon, weather permitting, and shall remain day and night on her station, viz. three miles outside the Bar buoys during the north-east monsoon. The senior pilot on board will be held responsible should any complaint be made owing to delay being incurred in getting, or putting on, or taking a pilot out from a vessel.

XXIV.—The sanctioned pilotage charge is as follows:—

Draught in feet.	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
In or out	30	38	43	50	60	70	80	95	110

Draught in feet.	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
In or out	125	147	160	180	205	230	260

When the draught exceeds by more than six inches any depth here provided for, the next foot of draught shall be charged for.

For every foot, or part of a foot, exceeding six inches above 23 feet, an additional sum of Rs. 32 will be charged. Three-fourth rates will be charged for steamers and vessels towed by steam.

XXV.—In every case in which the services of a port pilot are not used, and the vessel is piloted by a person specially licensed to pilot in the Chittagong river, half the sanctioned charge for pilotage shall be paid.

XXVI.—All persons specially licensed to pilot in the Chittagong river shall be subject to the control of the Port Officer in regard to their pilotage work.

H. H. RISLEY,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication]
NOTIFICATION.

The 31st October 1884.—In accordance with the provisions of section 20 of Act IV (B.C.) of 1880 the Lieutenant-Governor directs the publication of the following proposed amendment of Bye-law No. 1 of the Bye-laws for the Inland Vessels' Wharves:—

Present Bye-law.

1. With the exception hereinafter noted, no vessels not being sea-going vessels, shall land or ship any goods at any wharf on the east bank of the river Hooghly between the northern boundary of the port and the Government Dockyard at Kidderpore, except at the wharves duly notified by the Port Commissioners under section 64 of Act V (B.O.) of 1870.

Proposed Bye-law.

With the exception hereinafter noted, no vessels, not being sea-going vessels, shall land or ship any goods at any wharf between the northern boundary of the port and the Government Dockyard at Kidderpore on the east bank, and between the East Indian Railway premises and Shalimar Point on the west bank, except at the wharves duly notified by the Commissioners under section 64 of Act V (B.O.) of 1870.

H. H. RISLEY,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th November 1884.—The following Notice to Mariners is published for general information.

H. H. RISLEY,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, GENERAL (MARINE) DEPARTMENT:

NOTICE TO MARINERS.—(No. 62.)

BAY OF BENGAL.

BURMA COAST—ARAKAN.

KYOUK PHYOU HARBOUR.

Black buoy marking Dicey Shoal.

With reference to this Department Notice to Mariners No. 51, of the 15th September 1884, relative to the breaking adrift of the *black* buoy marking the North side of Dicey shoal, entrance to Kyouk Phyou harbour, the Port Officer, Akyab, notifies that the buoy was replaced in its original position on the 13th October 1884.

By direction of the Government of Bengal,

ARTHUR W. STIFFE, *Captain, I.M.*,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

PORT OFFICE, Calcutta, the 31st October 1884.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, GENERAL (MARINE) DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.—(No. 63.)

BAY OF BENGAL.

BURMA COAST—ARAKAN.

KYOUK PHYOU HARBOUR.

Buoy marking the boundary of the Port.

NOTICE is hereby given by the Port Officer of Akyab, that a *buoy* has been laid in 13½ fathoms, at low water ordinary spring tides, a quarter of a mile North of the iron jetty, in order to mark the boundary of the Port of Kyouk Phyou.

Note.—Vessels coming to an anchorage can safely anchor inside this buoy in 11 fathoms of water.

By direction of the Government of Bengal,

ARTHUR W. STIFFE, *Captain, I.M.*,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

PORT OFFICE, Calcutta, the 31st October 1884.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 25th October 1884.—The following Notice to Mariners is published for general information.

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, GENERAL (MARINE) DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.—(No. 61.)

INDIA—WEST COAST.

KONKAN DISTRICT.

BANKOT AND MALVAN PORTS.

Replacing of the buoys.

INFORMATION has been received from the Collector of Salt Revenue, Bombay, that the Malvan and the Bankot buoys have now been placed in position; the former on the 29th September and the latter on the 2nd October 1884.

By direction of the Government of Bengal,

ARTHUR W. STIFFE, *Captain, I.M.*,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

PORT OFFICE, Calcutta, the 23rd October 1884.

DECLARATION.

The 6th November 1884.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Kumarkhally Municipality for a public purpose, viz. for a road in the village of Serkandi, pergunnah Mamoodahai, zillah Nuddea, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 cottah $1\frac{1}{2}$ chittacks of standard measurement, situated in the aforesaid village of Serkandi, is required. The land is bounded on the north by Rammoni Debi's and Deno Nath Mozumdar's homestead land; on the east by the pathway leading to Jaggeswar Shaha's house; on the south by Lal Behari Gossami's homestead land; and on the west by Mathura Nath Ghose's homestead land.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 10th November 1884.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government for a public purpose, at the expense of the Calcutta Municipality, viz. for the extension of the Fultah Water-works, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the three pieces of land described below, measuring 220 bigahs, more or less, of the standard measurement, and situated in the villages of Manirampore, Nyabasti, Dhitara, and Kabaleswar, in Dihi Pultah, district 24-Pergunnahs, are required.

Plot A.—Bounded on the north by the lands of Koylash Chundra Chowdhary, Becharam Dirghangi, Kalli Kumar Halder, the village road, Brahma Bewah, Shib Chundra Shiddhanto, plot C, and the property of the late Shib Chundra Roy Chowdhary; on the east by the properties of the said Shib Chunder Roy Chowdhary, Umacharan Kallia, Khetra Nath Mondal, Boida Nath Kalia, Panchanun Ghose, Pitambar Mookerjee, Niberan Chundra Mookerji, Brindaban Ghose, Gopal Chundra Ghose, Lakhimoni Bewah, Laskari Khidmutgar, and Shaikh Manglu, and the public road; on the south by the properties of Shaikh Manglu, Shaikh Issu, Boikanta Nath Ghose, Girish Chundra Mondal, Shaikh Babua, Gopal Chundra Ghose, and the public road; on the south-west by the municipal pipe line; and on the west by a public road.

Plot B.—Bounded on the north by lands of Prosunno Coomar Banerji, late Shib Chundra Roy Chowdhary, Borum Tewar, Kalli Churan Mookerji, Mochiram Tewar, Mohit Mohan Mookerji, Debnath Bagdy, and Avinash Chundra Banerji, and a village road; on the east by plot A; on the south by lands of Avinash Chundra Banerji, Debnath Bagdy, Mohit Mohan Mookerji, Mochiram Tewar, Borum Tewar, Doorga Narain Porooi, Prosunno Coomar Banerji and a village road; and on the west by a public road.

Plot C.—Bounded on the north by the river Hooghly; on the east by lands of Krishna Dhun Chowdhary, the late Shib Chundra Roy Chowdhary, Doyal Krishna Banerji, Bipin Roy, and a village road; on the south by plot A; and on the west by the lands of Bipin Roy, Nafar Bagdy, Dinoo Bewah, Shib Chundra Roy Chowdhary, Niberan Caorah, Krishna Dhone Chowdhary, and a village road.

A plan of the land may be inspected at the office of the Calcutta Municipality.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 11th November 1884.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of a wharf and depôt at Budge Budge for landing and storing petroleum imported into Calcutta, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land is required, measuring, more or less, 270 bigahs, and butted and bounded as follows:—

On the north by the Kutchary Gur; on the south by the property of the Budge Budge Jute Mills Company; on the east by a line parallel to the river at a distance of 1,200 feet; and on the west by the river Hooghly.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

H. H. RISLEY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2884A.

The 4th November 1884.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be Honorary Magistrates for the Narail Bench in the district of Jessore, and are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class :—

Baboo Upendro Nath Sen.

| Baboo Basanta Coomar Dutt.

Baboo Tirgunanund Upadhyia is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate for the Chupra Municipal Bench in the district of Sarun, and is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

The 5th November 1884.—Baboo Nilmoney Nag, Munsif of Munshigunge, Dacca, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a Court up to the amount of Rs. 25 within the local limits of that munsifi.

The 6th November 1884.—Mr. R. S. T. MacEwen, Second Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Calcutta, reported his departure from India, on furlough, on the 31st ultimo.

The 7th November 1884.—Baboo Okhoy Coomar Bose, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Khoolna, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the first class.

Baboo Bimola Charn Bhattacharjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jessore, is vested with powers under section 110 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

The Lieutenant-Governor accepts the resignation tendered by Baboo Romanath Gossain of his appointment of Honorary Magistrate of the Serampore Bench, in the district of Hooghly.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be Honorary Magistrates for the Sasseram Bench, in the district of Shahabad, and are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class :—

Munshi Nazir Khan.

| Baboo Amir Sing.

Baboo Raj Rajeswari Sing.

The Lieutenant-Governor accepts the resignation tendered by Baboo Taruck Nath Mullick of his appointment of Honorary Magistrate of the Debeegunge bench, in the district of Julpigoree.

The Lieutenant-Governor accepts the resignation tendered by Baboo Rajkristo Roy Chowdhuri, Deputy Inspector of Schools, of his appointment of Honorary Magistrate of the Hooghly general Bench.

The 10th November 1884.—Mr. A. M. Bose, Barrister-at-Law, is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, and is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

Baboo Biroja Mohun Chowdhuri is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate for the Nelphamaree Bench, in the district of Rungpore, and is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be Honorary Magistrates for the Ghattal Bench, in the district of Midnapore, and are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class :—

Baboo Peary Lall Ghosh.

| Baboo Probodh Chandra Das.

Baboo Murli Singh is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate for the Jamui Bench in the district of Monghyr, and is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

Baboo Jiban Kristo Mukerjee is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate for the regular and independent Benches at Meherpore, in the district of Nuddea, and is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class.

J. WARE EDGAR,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th October 1884.—In exercise of the power conferred on him by section 2 of Act VII (B.C.) of 1869, the Lieutenant-Governor directs that the Chittagong Hill Tracts shall be a general police district.

J. WARE EDGAR,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 5th November 1884.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the site of a pound in the village of Gowladih, pergunnah Bhagulpore, zillah Bhagulpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring; more or less, 6 cottahs 12 dhoores of standard measurement, bounded on the north by a lane leading to the busti; east by the dry Humrah pond; south by the bastu land or hut of Panchupasi; west by public road, is required within the aforesaid village of Gowladih.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

J. WARE EDGAR,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

The 10th November 1884.

No. 407.—Posting—Mr. G. F. Lamb, Assistant Engineer, first grade, is, on return from furlough, on the 27th October 1884, posted to the Behar-Assam State Railway, which he joined on the forenoon of the 31st idem.

No. 408.—Transfer.—Mr. M. H. Arnott, Assistant Engineer, second grade, is transferred in the interests of the public service from the Cossye to the Circular and Eastern Canals Division.

No. 409.—Notifications.—Mr. J. T. Simpson, Executive Engineer, third grade, is appointed, as a temporary measure, to hold charge of the Second Calcutta Division.

No. 410.—Mr. M. H. Arnott, Assistant Engineer, second grade, Cossye Division, passed the lower standard examination in Hindustani on the 6th October 1884.

411.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to make the following promotions in the Engineer Establishment of the Public Works Department:—

NAME.	From	To	Date of promotion.	Nature of promotion.
Mr. F. M. S. Douglas ...	Executive Engineer, fourth grade.	Executive Engineer, third grade.	21st August 1884.	<i>Sub pro tem.</i>
„ T. M. L. Thompson...	Assistant Engineer, first grade.	Executive Engineer, fourth grade.	Ditto ...	Temporary.
„ A. G. Bremner ...	Assistant Engineer, first grade.	Executive Engineer, fourth grade.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
„ A. G. Bremner ...	Executive Engineer, fourth grade (temporary rank).	Assistant Engineer, first grade.	24th October 1884.	Reversion.
„ T. M. L. Thompson ...	Executive Engineer, fourth grade (temporary rank).	Assistant Engineer, first grade.	25th ditto ...	Ditto.

IRRIGATION.

The 10th November 1884.

No. 412.—Declaration.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for an extension and escape channel from the Mahada Distributary, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring about 2,500 feet in length, and varying from 40 to 120 feet in width, and containing an area of 5 acres and 86 poles, more or less, is required in mouzah Mahada, pergunnah Bhojpur, in the district of Shahabad.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

S. T. TREVOR, Colonel, R.E.,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. Dept.

Sheriff's Office, the 29th October 1884.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Sixth Criminal Sessions of the year 1884 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the first day of December next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Sessions be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Sessions be present then and there to prosecute.

H. W. I. Wood, *Sheriff.*

সরিক আফিস সন ১৮৮৪ সাল তারিখ ২৯শে অক্টবর।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে নুবে বাঙ্গালার কোর্ট উইলিয়ম হুগের অধীন শহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের জোজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্তা আগামী সন ১৮৮৪ সালের ১শী ডিসেম্বর সোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্য্যন্ত সেশিয়ামের কার্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাই কোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৮৮৪ সালের ষষ্ঠ ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়াম বসিবেক এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোম করেদির বিরুদ্ধে জোজদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে তাহির থাকিয়া যোকদ্দমা করে ইতি।

এইচ: ডবলিউ: আই: উড, সরিক।

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 14 of Act XI of 1865, that, subject to the orders of Government, the Judge of Small Cause Courts of Dacca and Munshigunge will hold sittings in the Munshigunge Small Cause Court from 12th to 23rd of December next, and the rest of the days of the month in the Small Cause Court at Dacca.

KEDARESSUR ROY, *Judge.*

DACCA SMALL CAUSE COURT, the 6th November 1884.

TREASURY NOTICE.

UNCOVENANTED DEPUTY COLLECTOR MR. C. OWEN has been placed in charge of the Beerbhoom Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

ANNADA PRASAD GHOSE, *for Commissioner.*

COMM'R'S. OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVISION, the 6th November 1884.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICE.

THE Law Department of the Presidency College will be abolished, by order of the Government of Bengal, on the 1st of January 1885.

CHARLES H. TAWNEY, *Principal, Presidency College.*

PRESIDENCY COLLEGE, the 22nd October 1884.

NOTIFICATION OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE.

No. 1119B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Twelfth Sale of Opium, the Provision of 1881-82 and 1882-83, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall-street, on Tuesday, the 2nd December 1884, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,800 chests, viz.—

	Chests.
Opium manufactured at the Patna Factory, consisting of 5 chests of 1881-82, 50 chests of 74° of 1882-83 (tin-lined), and 1,745 chests of 75° 1882-83 of which 50 chests are tin-lined; in all	1,800
Opium manufactured at the Ghazeepore Factory, consisting of 1,700 chests of 70° of 1882-83, of which 100 chests are tin-lined, and 300 chests of 75° of 1882 83, in all	2,000
Total	3,800

2nd. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 27th November 1883, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3rd. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 8th and 17th December 1884, respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room will be received after 3-30 p.m. of Monday, the 8th December 1884, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 3-30 p.m. of Wednesday, the 17th December 1884.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.

C. E. BUCKLAND, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L.P., FORT WILLIAM, the 27th October 1884.

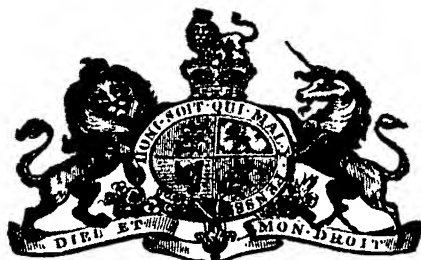
Statement showing the Importation of Salt (Private Property) in Bond and Afloat on the River Hooghly subject to Customs Duty on the 31st October 1884.

DESCRIPTION OF SALT.	Government golabs.	Private golabs.	Afloat.	Total.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Liverpool Punga	4,67,659	.....	5,63,764	10,31,423
Italian Kurkutch	1,93,581	.....	.....	1,93,581
Bombay ditto	19,494	.....	36,554	56,048
Arabian and Persian Gulfs Kur- kutch and Muscat Rock	4,23,356	.....	1,44,342	5,67,698
Tuticorin Kurkutch	24,896	.....	.....	24,896
Total	11,28,986	.....	7,44,660	18,73,646

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

J. S. ARMSTRONG, *Collector of Customs.*

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 7th November 1884.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1884.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India, &c.

[Reprinted from the Gazette of India.]

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, is republished for general information.

J. WARE EDGAR,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.—EXAMINATIONS.

The 29th October 1884.

No. 43.—The following Regulations respecting the examination of candidates for the Civil Service of India, to be held in June 1885, are published for general information :—

EXAMINATIONS FOR THE CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

REGULATIONS FOR THE OPEN COMPETITION OF JUNE, 1885.

N.B.—*The Regulations are liable to be altered in future years.*

1. On the 2nd June, 1885, and following days, an examination open to all qualified persons will be held in London (a). Not fewer than persons will be selected, if so many shall be found duly qualified; viz., for the Lower Provinces of Bengal (including Assam); for the Upper Provinces of Bengal (including the Punjab and Oudh); for Burma; for Madras; and for Bombay (b).

2. No person will be deemed qualified who shall not satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners—

- (i) That he is a natural-born subject of Her Majesty.
- (ii) That his age will be above seventeen years and under nineteen years on the 1st January, 1885. [N.B.—*In the case of Natives of India this must be certified by the Government of India, or of the Presidency or Province in which the Candidate may have resided.*]
- (iii) That he has no disease, constitutional affection, or bodily infirmity unfitting him, or likely to unfit him, for the Civil Service of India.
- (iv) That he is of good moral character.

3. Should the evidence upon the above points be *prima facie* satisfactory to the Civil Service Commissioners, the Candidate, on payment of the prescribed fee (c), will be admitted to the Examination. The Commissioners may, however, in their discretion, at any

(a) An order for admission to the examination will be sent to each Candidate on the 19th of May.

(b) The numbers will be announced hereafter.

(c) The fee (£5) will be payable by means of a special stamp according to instructions which will be communicated to Candidates.

time prior to the grant of the Certificate of Qualification hereinafter referred to, institute such further inquiries as they may deem necessary; and if the result of such inquiries, in the case of any Candidate, should be unsatisfactory to them in any of the above respects, he will be ineligible for admission to the Civil Service of India; and if already selected will be removed from the position of a Probationer.

4. The Examination will take place only in the following branches of knowledge:—

	Marks.
English composition	300
(d) History of England—including a period selected by the candidate ...	300
(d) English Literature—including books selected by the candidate ...	300
Greek	600
Latin	800
French	500
German	500
Italian	400
(e) Mathematics (pure and mixed)	1,000

Natural Science; that is, the Elements of any two of the following Sciences, viz:—

Chemistry, 500; Electricity and Magnetism, 300; Experimental Laws of Heat and Light, 300; Mechanical Philosophy, with outlines of Astronomy, 300.

Logic	300
Elements of Political Economy	300
(f) Sanskrit	500
(f) Arabic	500

Candidates are at liberty to name any or all of these branches of knowledge. No subjects are obligatory.

5. The merit of the persons examined will be estimated by marks; and the number set opposite to each branch in the preceding regulation denotes the greatest number of marks that can be obtained in respect of it.

6. The marks assigned to Candidates in each branch will be subject to such deduction as the Civil Service Commissioners may deem necessary (g), in order to secure that "a Candidate be allowed no credit at all for taking up a subject in which he is a mere smatterer."

7. The Examination will be conducted on paper and *viva voce*, as may be deemed necessary.

8. The marks obtained by each Candidate, in respect of each of the subjects in which he shall have been examined, will be added up, and the names of the several Candidates who shall have obtained, after the deduction abovementioned, a greater aggregate number of marks than any of the remaining Candidates, will be set forth in order of merit, and such Candidates shall be deemed to be Selected Candidates for the Civil Service of India, provided they appear to be in other respects duly qualified. Should any of the Selected Candidates become disqualified, the Secretary of State for India will determine whether the vacancy thus created shall be filled up or not. In the former case, the Candidate next in order of merit, and in other respects duly qualified, shall be deemed to be a Selected Candidate. A Selected Candidate declining to accept the appointment which may be offered to him will be disqualified for any subsequent competition.

9. Selected Candidates, before proceeding to India, will be on probation for two years, during which time they will be examined periodically, with a view of testing their progress in the following subjects (h):—

	Marks.
1. Law	1,250
2. Classical Languages of India—	
Sanskrit	500
Arabic	400
Persian	400
3. Vernacular Languages of India (each)	400
4. The History and Geography of India	350
5. Political Economy	350

(d) A considerable portion of the marks for English History and Literature will be allotted to the work selected by the Candidate. (See notice on p. 4.) In awarding marks for this, regard will be had partly to the extent and importance of the periods or books selected, but chiefly to the thoroughness with which they have been studied.

(e) The Examination will range from Arithmetic, Algebra, and Elementary Geometry, up to the elements of the differential and integral calculus, including the lower portions of applied Mathematics.

(f) The standard of marking in Sanskrit and Arabic will be determined with reference to a high degree of proficiency such as may be expected to be reached by a Native of good education.

(g) Marks assigned in English Composition and Mathematics will be subject to no deduction.

(h) Full instructions as to the course of study to be pursued will be issued to the successful candidates as soon as possible after the result of the Open Competition is declared.

In these examinations, as in the open competition, the merit of the candidates examined will be estimated by marks, and the number set opposite to each subject denotes the greatest number of marks that can be obtained in respect of it at any one examination. The examination will be conducted on paper and *visd voce*, as may be deemed necessary. The last of these examinations will be held at the close of the second year of probation, and will be called the "Final Examination," at which it will be decided whether a Selected Candidate is qualified for the Civil Service of India. At this examination Candidates will be permitted to take up any one of the following branches of Natural Science, viz.,—Agricultural Chemistry, Botany, Geology, or Zoology, for which 350 marks will be allowed.

10. Candidates will be tested during their probation as to their ability to perform journeys on horseback; and no Candidate will be deemed qualified for the Civil Service of India who fails to satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners of his competence in this respect.

11. Any Candidate who, at any of the periodical examinations, shall appear to have wilfully neglected his studies, or to be physically incapacitated for pursuing the prescribed course of training, will be liable to have his name removed from the list of Selected Candidates.

12. The Selected Candidates who, at the Final Examination, shall be found to have a competent knowledge of the subjects specified in Regulation 9, and who shall have satisfied the Civil Service Commissioners of their eligibility in respect of nationality, age, health, character, and ability to ride, shall be certified by the said Commissioners to be entitled to be appointed to the Civil Service of India, provided they shall comply with the regulations in force at the time for that Service.

13. Persons desirous to be admitted as Candidates must apply on forms, which may be obtained from "The Secretary, Civil Service Commission, London, S.W.," at any time after the 1st December, 1884. The forms must be returned so as to be received at the office of the Civil Service Commissioners on or before 31st March, 1885 (i).

The Civil Service Commissioners are authorized by the Secretary of State for India in Council to make the following announcements:—

- (1) *Selected Candidates will be permitted to choose, according to the order in which they stand in the list resulting from the Open Competition, so long as a choice remains, the Presidency land in Bengal the Division of the Presidency) to which they shall be appointed; but this choice will be subject to a different arrangement, should the Secretary of State, or the Government of India, deem it necessary (k).*
- (2) *The probationers, having passed the necessary Examinations, will be required to report their arrival in India within such period after the grant of their Certificate of Qualification as the Secretary of State may in each case direct.*
- (3) *The seniority in the Civil Service of India of the Selected Candidates shall be determined according to the order in which they stand on the list resulting from the Final Examination.*
- (4) *An allowance amounting to £300 will be given to all Candidates who pass their probation at one of the Universities or Colleges which have been approved by the Secretary of State, viz., the Universities of Oxford, Cambridge, Dublin, Glasgow, Edinburgh, St. Andrew's, and Aberdeen; University College, London; and King's College, London; provided such Candidates shall have passed the required Examinations to the satisfaction of the Civil Service Commissioners, and shall have complied with such rules as may be laid down for the guidance of Selected Candidates.*
- (5) *Selected Candidates desiring to remain in this country an additional year after the completion of their two years' probation for the purpose of taking a degree at one of the Universities abovementioned should apply to the Secretary of State for India for permission to do so. Besides the allowances abovementioned, a bonus of £150 will, as a temporary and experimental measure, be paid to any Candidate who, having obtained permission to remain an additional year, passes an examination qualifying for a degree in Honors at Oxford or Cambridge. This privilege will be hereafter extended to any other of the Universities above referred to, at which an academical distinction is obtainable which, in the opinion of the Secretary of State, corresponds to a degree in Honors at Oxford or Cambridge and to obtain which the additional year's residence in this country is necessary.*
- (6) *All Selected Candidates will be required, after having passed the first periodical Examination, and before receiving the first instalment of their allowance, to attend at the India Office for the purpose of entering into an agreement binding themselves, amongst other things, to refund in certain cases the amount of their allowance in the event of their failing to proceed to India. A surety will be required.*

(i) These forms should be accompanied by evidence on the points mentioned in Regulation 2 and by a list of the subjects in which the Candidate desires to be examined. Evidence of health and character must bear date not earlier than 1st March 1885. Applications for leave to alter or add to the list of subjects named will not be entertained unless received on or before the 4th of May.

(k) This choice must be exercised immediately after the result of the Open Competition is announced, or such day as may be fixed by the Civil Service Commissioners.

- (7) *After passing the Final Examination, each Candidate will be required to attend again at the India Office, with the view of entering into covenants by which, amongst other things, they will bind themselves to agree to such Regulations for the provisions of pensions for their families as may be approved by the Secretary of State for India in Council. The stamps payable on these covenants amount to £1.*
- (8) *Candidates rejected at the Final Examination of 1887 will in no case be allowed to present themselves for re-examination.*

NOTICE RESPECTING THE EXAMINATION IN THE HISTORY OF ENGLAND AND ENGLISH LITERATURE.

HISTORY OF ENGLAND.

For the guidance of Candidates who may have a difficulty in making their selections for special study under this head, the following list is given as indicating the character and amount of reading that would be regarded as satisfactory.

Any one of the following periods, to be studied generally in "Bright's History," and particularly in portions selected by the Candidate, of the Text books named:—

1. HENRY II TO EDWARD III, A.D. 1154-1377.—Stubbs's Select Charters; Stubbs's Constitutional History of England.
2. THE TUDORS, A.D. 1485-1603. Hallam's Constitutional History of England; Froude's History of England.
3. THE STUARTS, A.D. 1603-1714.—Hallam's Constitutional History of England; Macaulay's History of England.
4. A.D. 1714-1805.—Lord Stanhope's History; Sir T. E. May's Constitutional History; either Massey's Reign of George III or Lord Stanhope's Life of Pitt.

ENGLISH LITERATURE.

Under this head there will be (besides the general paper) a special paper on the following books:—

1. CHAUCER.—Prologue and Clerk's Tale
2. SHAKESPEARE.—As You Like It, Antony and Cleopatra.
3. MORE.—Utopia.
4. BYRON.—Hildebrand.
5. BURKE.—Thoughts on Present Discontents, Reflections on the French Revolution.

The oral examination in English Literature will have reference chiefly to such works, *not included in the foregoing list*, as the Candidate may offer for the purpose.

EVIDENCE OF AGE TO BE REQUIRED FROM CANDIDATES FOR THE CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

I.—Every candidate born in England or Wales should produce a Certificate from the Registrar-General of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, or from one of his provincial Officers. This Certificate may be obtained at Somerset House, or from the Superintendent Registrar of the district in which the birth took place.

II.—A Candidate who is a Native of India must have his age certified by the Government of India, or of the Presidency or Province in which he may have resided.

III.—Every other Candidate *not producing the Certificate* mentioned in clause I must prove his age by Statutory Declaration, and should also, if possible, produce a record of Birth or Baptism from some official Register; under which term may be included the Parochial Registers of Baptisms, the non-Parochial Registers of Baptisms and Births deposited at Somerset House under Acts of Parliament, the Register kept at the India Office of persons born in India, &c., &c. This Regulation applies—

1. To all Candidates not born in England or Wales.
2. To Candidates who, though born in England or Wales, cannot produce the Registrar-General's Certificate.

The Civil Service Commissioners reserve to themselves the right of deciding in each case upon the sufficiency of the evidence produced, but they subjoin the following general rules for the guidance of Candidates:—

- (a) The Declaration should specify precisely the date and place of birth, and should, if possible, be made by the father and mother of the candidate. If made by any other person, it should state the circumstances which enabled the Declarant to speak to the fact. If an entry in a Bible or other family record be referred to, the Bible or other record must be produced at the time of making the Declaration, and must be mentioned in the Declaration as having been so produced.

- (b) If the Candidate was born in England or Wales, the Declaration must contain a statement that after due inquiry no entry has been found in the books of the Registrar-General; or a separate Declaration must be made to that effect.
- (c) If no extract from any Register is produced, the Declaration must contain a statement that after due inquiry no such Record is believed to exist; or a separate Declaration must be made to that effect.
- (d) Statutory Declarations must be exactly in the form prescribed by the Act of 5 and 6 William IV, c. 62. A printed form, if required, will be supplied on application to the Civil Service Commissioners.

N.B.—Clergymen who are not Magistrates are not qualified to take Declarations.

CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

FORM OF APPLICATION; TO BE FILLED UP BY CANDIDATES.

**** This form must be sent so as to be received at the Office of the Civil Service Commission on or before the 31st March, 1885.**

Date _____

SIR,

BEING desirous to offer myself as a Candidate at the Examination for the Civil Service of India, which is appointed to commence on the 2nd of June, 1885, I transmit herewith, as required by the Regulations—

(1) If a General Register Office certificate cannot be obtained, the instructions printed on the other side will show what evidence should be supplied. If evidence is already in the hands of the Commissioners, strike out "A certificate of my birth," and insert "Evidence is already in the possession of the Commissioners."

(2) The terms indicated by the marks of quotation must appear in the certificate, which must be given after personal examination, and bear date not earlier than 1st March, 1885.

(3) Two testimonials must be sent bearing date not earlier than 1st March, 1885. One of them should be given by an intimate acquaintance (not a relative) of not less than three or four years' standing; the other, if the candidate has recently left school, should be given by his late school-master, or, if he has had employment of any kind, by his late employer. If the candidate has been at any University, he should send a certificate of good conduct from his College tutor.

(4) This should be given on the form herewith. If the History of England or English Literature be named, the schedule should also be filled up.

- (1) A certificate of my birth, showing that I was born on the _____ day of _____ 18____, and that therefore my age was above 17 years and under 19 years on the 1st of January, 1885.

- (2) A certificate signed by _____

of my having "no disease, constitutional affection, or bodily infirmity unfitting me, or likely to unfit me, for the Civil Service of India."

- (3) Proof of my moral character, viz:—

(1) A testimonial from _____

(2) A testimonial from _____

- (4) A statement of the branches of knowledge in which I desire to be examined.

I have also to state, with reference to Section 2, Clause (i) of the Regulations, that I am a natural-born subject of Her Majesty.

I am, SIR,

Your obedient Servant,

Name in full _____

Address _____

To the Secretary,
Civil Service Commission.

CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

OPEN COMPETITION OF 1885.

SELECTION OF SUBJECTS TO BE FILLED UP AND RETURNED WITH THE FORM OF APPLICATION.

*** Place your Initials against the Subjects which you select, and strike out the remainder. *

	INITIALS.				
English Composition	...	...	...	...	.....
* History of England	...	...	...	...	.....
* English Literature	...	...	...	...	.....
Greek	...	...	...	...	.....
Latin	...	...	...	...	.....
French	...	...	...	...	.....
German	...	...	...	...	.....
Italian	...	...	...	...	.....
Mathematics (Pure)	...	...	...	...	.....
„ (Mixed)	...	...	...	...	.....
Natural Science, viz.—					
Two of these only may be selected.	Chemistry	...	...	...	.....
	Electricity and Magnetism	...	...	...	.....
	Experimental Laws of Heat and Light	...	...	...	.....
	Mechanical Philosophy and Astronomy	...	...	...	.....
Logic	...	...	...	...	.....
Elements of Political Economy	...	...	...	...	.....
Sanskrit	...	...	...	...	.....
Arabic	...	...	...	...	.....

Any Candidate who wishes to decline Oral Examination in any of the subjects selected by him, or the Practical Examination in Chemistry, should fill up the sub-joined statement :—

¶ You may insert here the word "not." I do ¶ wish to be examined orally in _____

¶ You may insert here the word "not." I do ¶ wish to be examined practically in Chemistry.

Signature _____

Date _____

* State Periods and Books selected on the next sheet.

[over]

To the Director of Examinations,
Civil Service Commission.

CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

OPEN COMPETITION OF 1885.

HISTORY OF ENGLAND.—Period selected by the undersigned Candidate :—

ENGLISH LITERATURE.—Books selected by the undersigned Candidate :—

Signature _____

To the Director of Examinations,
Civil Service Commission.

POLICE.

The 4th November 1884.

No. 350.—The services of Mr. C. A. Fisher, District Superintendent of Police, Assam, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the date on which Mr. W. B. Savi takes charge of the Garo Hills Police.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 7th November 1884.

PROGRAMME OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEEROY'S ARRIVAL IN CALCUTTA.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General will arrive in Calcutta by a special train on Tuesday, the 2nd December 1884, at 3-5 P.M., Railway time.

His Excellency will be received at the Sealdah Railway Station by the Chairman of the Corporation and Commissioner of Police for the Town of Calcutta and the Magistrate of the 24-Pergunnahs, and at Government House by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, Members of His Excellency's Council, the principal Civil and Military Officers, and other Gentlemen who are desirous of attending.

A Guard-of-Honor of the Eastern Bengal Railway Volunteers will be drawn up on the platform of the Sealdah Railway Station and a Guard-of-Honor of Native troops, with Band, outside the Station.

The route taken will be by Lower Circular Road, Dhurumtollah Street, and Esplanade.

The Body-Guard will form the Escort.

Guards-of-Honor of British Infantry and of the Calcutta Volunteer Rifles, with Band, will be drawn up in front of the Grand staircase of Government House.

A Viceregal Salute will be fired from the ramparts of Fort William as His Excellency arrives at the Sealdah Station.

Full dress will be worn by officers entitled to uniform. Gentlemen not entitled to wear uniform will appear in morning dress.

By Command,

H. LEGGE, Major,

for Military Secretary to the Viceroy.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce, is republished for general information.

J. WARE EDGAR,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th November 1884.

The following Addendum to the Codes of the Financial Department is published for general information :—

No. 4353.

C. P. C.

PAGE 70.

Section 129.

Add the following to the Note under this Section :—

- And the Director-General of Telegraphs may exempt from the operation of this Rule all menial and inferior servants belonging to local offices of the Telegraph Department for whom he considers service books unnecessary, rolls such as those prescribed in section 153(a) for the Police being substituted.

D. M. BARBOUR,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1884.

PART II.

Advertisements.

[N.B.—Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this part of the Gazette, cannot be received after Noon on Monday.]

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Beerbhoom will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 10th day of January 1885, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of September 1884.

Class of mehal.	Number of estate.	Towji number.	Name of pergunna and mehal.	Name of proprietor.	Government revenue.	Amount of arrears.	REMARKS.
First class	118	118	Pergunnah Khatanga, mehal Chormura.	Shekh Jalaluddin Mahmed, Ram Jadab Sarkar, Habibar Rahman, Shekh Shakhs Uddin Mahmed.	Rs. A. P. 655 3 0	Rs. A. P. 0 8 0	The entire mehal will be put up to sale.
Ditto ...	207	207	Pergunnah Kutabpu, mehal Kirnabar.	Ram Doyal Bhattacherji, Raghu Nath Bhattacherji, Hara Matangini Debi, Jagadis Chandra Chatterji, Kalidas Bhattacherji, Gopi Nath Bhattacherji, Tara Sundari Debya, Ram Taran Bhattacherji, Tares Chandra Bhattacherji, Iswar Chandra Bhattacherji, Nrisinha Chandra Bhattacherji, Sahachari Dasya, Hara Krishna Roy, Rampriya Debya, Promanna Mayi Debya, Chota Tares Chandra Bhattacherji.	793 11 0	2 1 6	Ditto ditto.

Beerbhoom Collectorate, the 21st October 1884.

W. FIDDIAN, Offg. Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Purneah will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on 2nd day of December 1884, corresponding with 18th of Aghran 1292 B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of September 1884.

Towji number.	Name of estate to be sold.	Name of proprietor.	Government revenue.	Demand.
1226	Khunti Kadamgachi, pergunnah Surjapur	Amritanath Jha	Rs. A. P. 1,404 0 0	Rs. A. P. 87 12 0

Collector's Office, Purneah, the 27th October 1884.

A. WEEKES, Collector of Purneah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Bungepore will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 23rd day of December 1884, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 8th day of October 1884.

Towjee number.	Name of mehal and pergunnah.	Name of proprietor.	Sudder jum-mah.	Amount of arrears.	REMARKS.
96	Daud mouza Chakleh Kasirhat.	Durga Moyee Dashya	Rs. A. P. 603 4 1	Rs. A. P. 128 14	Excepting the shares of Khajeh Enatul-lah Chowdhury and Nesumuddin Khan Chowdhury, of which separate accounts have been opened and the sudder jummahs of which are Rs. 1,096-5-6 and Rs. 537-5-2 respectively.
157	Ramnagar mouza Chakleh Kasirhat.	Moudawini Dashya	1,341 15 1	334 11 1	
263	Khamar Kuraoogyraha, pergunnah Pyraoanda.	Khajeh Enatul-lah Chowdhury, Nesumuddin Khan Chowdhury, Jasimannessa Chowdhurannee.	2,505 14 11	130 15	

Bungepore Collectorate, the 30th October 1884.

H. J. NEWBERRY, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XI of 1859. that the undermentioned estates, in the district of Hooghly, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 22nd day of December 1884 for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of September 1884.

Number of mahal.	Name of mahal and pergunnah.	Names of defaulting proprietors.	Sudder jumma.	Amount in arrear.	REMARKS.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
9	First class permanently settled estate Dowlatpur, Pergunnah Pandua.	Shaik Aolad Bux Molla and others	1,132 0 2		
		Deduct 155. 10k. of land of village Sitolla, belonging to Kusam Kumari Dassee, whose sudder jumma is ...	5 4 0		
		Also deduct 12. 12g. share of land of Gangadhar Kar in mousah Sitalla including Pati Bagandanga and Mirapara, whose sudder jumma is ...	43 14 0		
		Also deduct 62. 6p. share of land in mousah Nij Dowlatpur alias Sripala and Bag Moldau, belonging to Girish Chandra Kar, whose sudder jumma is ...	103 0 0		
		Also deduct 22. 3k. 1k. of land of Hiresur Sen, manager to the estate of minor Abdool Salem, whose sudder jumma is ...	44 7 0		
		of which separate accounts have been opened. Total ...	195 9 0		
10	Ditto, Radhakantobati, Pergunnah ditto.	Balance due from Shaikh Aolad Bux Molla and others, of which no separate account has been opened ...	936 7 2	28 2 9	This portion of the estate will be sold for this arrear.
		Kailash Chandra Nandy and others	624 11 11		
		Deduct 505. 16k. 1p. of land in villages Jamgram and Moogtikry belonging to Hajee Ashaluddy Mistry, whose sudder jumma is ...	24 14 0		
		Also deduct 125. of land in village Daypara belonging to Hajee Ashaluddy Mistry, of which a separate account has been opened	2 10 0		
38	Ditto, Sankhali, Pergunnah Balia.	Balance due from Kailash Chandra Nundy and others, of which no separate account has been opened ...	27 8 0	15 8 0	Ditto.
		Monohur Mukherji and others	597 3 11		
		Of this 1 anna 12 gandas share of Kali Das Deb, Manager to the estate of Gurja Nath Roy Chaudhuri and others, for which the revenue payable is ...	1,014 13 0	0 3 11	Ditto.
56	Ditto, Champahati, Pergunnah Pandua.	Of this a separate account has been opened—A. Abada Bibi and others	606 7 2	21 14 0	Ditto.
67	Ditto, Gurbary, Pergunnah Chawanaba.	Grish Chandra Sing Roy and others	2,895 14 0		
		Of this 16 annas share of two mousahs Gurbary and Harirampur, belonging to Chandra Kanta Sing, whose sudder jumma is	692 2 9	110 0 0	Ditto.
117	Ditto, Rajhat, Pergunnah Khosarpur.	Of this a separate account has been opened—B. Rama Nath Goswami and others	726 0 3		
		Deduct 5 annas share of Anondo Moveo Debee, executrix to the estate of minor Rash Bihari Roy, whose sudder jumma is	226 14 0		
		Also deduct 3 annas share out of 5 annas 6 pie share of the three mousahs Kiamat Nasibpur, Hoidyabatty and Abhirambati belonging to Haro Chandra Banerjee, the sudder jumma is	88 3 0		
		Also deduct 3 annas 6 gandas 2k. 2ks. share of Prasad Das Goswami, the revenue of which is	151 4 0		
		Of which separate accounts have opened. Balance due from Rama Nath Goswami and others, whose sudder jumma is	480 5 0		
153	Ditto, Mallikbati, Pergunnah Boro.	Of this no separate account has been opened—B. Bopin Bihari Goswami and others	285 11 3	33 5 0	Only this portion of the estate will be sold for this arrear.
		Of this 4 annas share of Radhika Prasad Goswami and others, the sudder jumma of which is	2,968 0 8		
191	Ditto, Haripur Ayma, Pergunnah Channabad.	Of this a separate account has been opened—A. Satyadoyal Banerjee and others	742 0 0	39 14 0	Ditto.
		Deduct 345 bighas of mousah Mohestikry belonging to Naool Kinsore Jiu Thakoor Sebayet, Khetter Nath Nil, whose sudder jumma is	851 3 2		
		Of which a separate account has been opened. Balance due from Satyadoyal Banerjee and others, whose sudder jumma is	123 1 0		
3637	Ditto, Jolekni, Pergunnah Chutipore.	No separate account has been opened. Chandra Nath Banerjee, and others	728 2 2	11 11 6	Ditto.
3691	Ditto, Setpur, Pergunnah Amirabad.	Satyadoyal Banerjee, and others	510 10 7	52 15 3	
		Of this 2 annas 18 gandas 1k. 1kt. share of Rajkrishna Banerjee, whose sudder jumma is—C	575 9 11		
3693	Permanently settled Ohur Howrah, Pergunnah Boro.	Of this a separate account has been opened. Mr. A. B. Miller, Receiver of the High Court, Calcutta, to the estate of Debendra Nath Deb Bahadur, and others	96 0 0	22 12 0	This portion of the estate will be sold for this arrear.
		Deduct 5 annas share of Brojo Nath Srimoney, the revenue of which is	726 4 8-1		
		Of this a separate account has been opened. Balance due from Mr. A. B. Miller, Receiver of the High Court, to the estate of Debendra Nath Deb Bahadur and others	227 1 0		
		Of which no separate account has been opened. Amrito Nath Sen and others	499 3 8-1	34 1 0	Ditto.
1791	Ditto, Guptiparah, Pergunnah Mondalghat.	Amrito Nath Sen and others	765 0 0		
		Balance due from Durga Narayan Sen, on account of 6 annas 8 gandas share, the revenue of which is ...	306 0 0	238 12 9	These two shares were sold on the 15th September 1884, and the purchaser deposited only the earnest money but defaulted to pay the balance. The deposit has therefore been forfeited to Government. The sale is now to be made at the risk of the first purchaser.
		Of this a separate account has been opened. And also due from Amrito Nath Sen, on account of 1 anna 12 gandas share, the revenue of which is ...	76 8 0	59 11 3	
		Of which no separate account has been opened.			

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6 of Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Moorshedabad will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 18th December 1884, corresponding with the 4th Pous 1291 B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as the arrears of revenue due in Kist September 1884.

Number of class.	Nature of estates.	Towji number.	Names of mohals and pergunnahs.	Names of proprietors.	Government revenue.	REMARKS.
1	1st class	30	Kismut mouzah Kodla Kabichandrapore, pergunnah Dayanagore.	Kristokinkur Roy and Provabati Dasaya, mother and guardian of minor Kristo Prasad Roy.	Rs. A. P. 1,195 3 0	The ijmal 8 annas share of Kristokinkur Roy, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 897-9-6, will be sold after exclusion of separated 8 annas share of Provabati Dasaya, mother and guardian of minor Kristo Prasad Roy, arrears being Rs. 75-11-1.
2	ditto	229	Kismut mouzah Pakoorhansh, pergunnah Barakainha.	Harradhun Goswami, Ram Nrisinha Mustafi, Pitambari Dasaya, Upendra Nath Mustafi, Jagutmohini Dassee, mother and guardian of minors Tara Prasanna and Satyakinkar Mustafi, Behari Lal Thagore, Shebait of Mahaprobhu Thagore.	739 0 11	The entire estate will be sold. Arrears being Rs. 1-6-10.
3	ditto	307	Kismut mouzah Bezparah, pergunnah Chunarwali.	Kaji Fuzle Ullah, Kaji Horasat Ullah, Kaji Manmur Ahmad, Khankar Jan Ali, and Khankar Mahammad Abdul Hawk, Nasira Bibi, Masuda Bibi, Mahammad Isaff, Jinnor Rohaman, Mofatunnessy Bibi, and Ataharannessa Bibi.	506 0 6	The entire estate will be sold. Arrears being Rs. 105-5-1.
4	ditto	354	Kismut pergunnah Mahalandi, pergunnah Mahaludi.	Krista Prasanna Ghose, Ram Prasanna Ghose, Radha Prasanna Ghose, Lakshminoni Dasaya, mother and guardian of minor Shyam Prasanna Ghose, and Lakshminoni Debaya.	795 2 9	The entire estate will be sold. Arrears being Rs. 4-12-5.
5	ditto	380	Kismut taraf Mahaparah, pergunnah Murari-pore.	Brojo Lal Roy Bondopadhyas, Gauri Prasad Maitra, and Annanda Kant Bhattacharya.	1,383 5 9	The entire estate will be sold. Arrears being 4 annas.
6	ditto	403	Kismut mouzah Rajbari, pergunnah Behorole.	Kumar Rukmini Bullub Roy, Shebait of Brindavan Behari Deo Thagore.	2,373 5 5	The entire estate will be sold. Arrears being Rs. 377-9-5.
7	ditto	455	Kismut mouzah Saktipore, pergunnah Plassy.	Baidya Nath Mukhopadhyas, Sasisundari Debaya, Aghore Nath Mukhopadhyas, Kumudini Debaya, mother and guardian of minors Sush Chunder and Gour Hari Mukhopadhyas, and Hara Dhun Bondopadhyas.	2,408 10 3	The ijmal 10 as. 11 gds. 4 dantis share of Hara Dhun Bondopadhyas and others, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 1,585-11-7, will be sold after exclusion of separated 5 as. 8 gds. 3 ks. 2 dantis share of Baidya Nath Mukhopadhyas and Sasi Sundari Debaya, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 817-14-3. Arrears being Rs. 602-5-9.
8	2nd class	558	Kismut chur Gota, pergunnah Samakhal.	Tripura Sundari Debaya, mother and guardian of minor Debendra Narayan Roy, Ram Lal Roy, Rameswar Roy, and Sita Nath Roy.	737 5 0	The entire estate will be sold. Arrears being Rs. 80-3.
9	1st ..	2751	Kismut taraf Amangunj, pergunnah Asudakore.	Trailokyanath Sarkar	1,066 8 2 Road fund. 10 10 8	The entire estate will be sold. Arrears being Rs. 329-5-11. Road fund Rs. 52.
10	2nd ..	2758	Kismut chur Mirzapore, pergunnah Plassy.	Jugut Tarini Debaya	1,725 8 0	The entire estate will be sold. Arrears being Rs. 600.

Berhampore, the 5th November 1884

H. FARRER, Officiating Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs will be held at public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 22nd December 1884, corresponding with the 8th Pous 1291 B.S., for the recovery of arrears of revenue which were due up to the kist ending 28th September 1884.

Permanently-settled estates.

Number on the towji.	Name of estate.	Name of pergunnah.	Name of recorded proprietors.	Sudder jumma	REMARKS.
146	Kismut Angarbaria and others. Maduras, mouza Bonhugli and others.	Magura ... Calcutta ...	Sri Nath Rai Choudhuri and others. Koibailya Nath Biswas and others.	Rs. A. G. 2,717 3 10½ 21,196 13 8	Exclusive of the 14 annas 8 gundas share of the estate in respect of which separate accounts have been opened. Only the joint share of one anna and twelve gundas of the estate, bearing a revenue demand of Rs. 2,119-11, from which Rs. 938-8-11½ is due up to the kist joint 1291 B. S., will be put up to sale.
147	Kismut Rewata and others.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	3,637 9 9	Exclusive of 8 annas share in respect of which separate accounts have been opened. Only the joint share of annas eight of the estate bearing a revenue demand of Rs. 1,836-12-10½ from which Rs. 892-6 4½ is due up to kist joint 1291 B. S. will be sold.
609	Taraf Bena and others.	Bala ...	Roy Surendro Nath Choudhuri and others.	6,077 12 9 including police charge.	Only the 4 annas share of the estate for which a separate account has been opened under section 10, Act XI of 1859, with Roy Surendro Nath Choudhuri and others, as bearing No. 1 of 609 at an annual sudder jumma of Rs. 1,511-15-2½ including police charge will be put up to sale for the recovery of Rs. 7-14-8½ due up to kist Bhadro.
1334	Taraf Bantra and others.	Moyada ...	Bhupendro Narain Dutta and others.	14,681 6 4	Only the share of 3 annas 3 gundas 3 kowris and 2 krantis for which a separate account has been opened under section 10, Act XI of 1859, with Surath Kumari Dasai and others at an annual sudder jumma of Rs. 2,932-7-4 will be put up to sale for the recovery of Rs. 133-2-3 due up to kist Bhadro 1291 B. S.

4-Pergunnahs Collectorate, the 5th November 1884.

C. C. STEVENS, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the District of Pubna will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on Monday, the 16th day of December 1884, corresponding with 1st Pous 1291 B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th September 1884.

Serial number.	Number on district revenue roll.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Names of recorded proprietors.	Amount of sudder jumma.	Amount of arrears due.	REMARKS.
1	76	Taruf Malanchi, Pergunnah Sinduri.	Bindoo Bashini Choudhury and others.	Rs. A. P. 1,834 12 0	Rs. A. P. 21 12 0	In this mehal separate accounts have been opened under Act XI of 1859. The share of Bindoo Bashini Deba, with a sudder jumma of Rs. 76-10, will be first sold.
2	115	Taruf Bharara, Pergunnah Bajuras Nasirpur.	Mohobutnessa Bibi and others.	2,750 12 0	106 1 0	Separate accounts have been opened in this mehal under Act XI of 1859. The share of Mohobutnessa Bibi and others with a sudder jumma of Rs. 1,548-13 will be first sold.
3	124	Pergunnah Bajuchappa, ditto ditto.	Bijoy Gobind Choudhury and others.	2,899 10 0 Police 6 6 0	156 1 0	Separate accounts have been opened in this mehal under Act XI of 1859. Only the share of Bijoy Gobind Chowdry with a sudder jumma of Rs. 531-1 and police Rs. 1-2 will be first sold.
4	133	Ditto ...	Bijoy Govind Chowdry	2,899 10 0 Police 6 6 0	205 6 0	Separate accounts have been opened in this mehal under Act XI of 1859. Only the share of Bijoy Govind Chowdry with a sudder jumma of Rs. 724-15 and police Rs. 1-6 will be first sold.
5	134	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	966 9 0 Police 2 2 0	66 10 0	Separate accounts have been opened in this mehal under Act XI of 1859. Only the share of Bijoy Govind Chowdry with a sudder jumma of Rs. 241-10 and police As. 9 will be first sold.
6	135	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	966 10 0 Police 2 2 0	66 9 0	Separate accounts have been opened in this mehal under Act XI of 1859. Only the share of Bijoy Govind Chowdry with a sudder jumma of Rs. 241-10 and police As. 8 will be first sold.
7	206	Chuk Govindpur, Pergunnah Katirmahal.	Roma Shoodary Debya and others.	1,560 0 0 Police 14 15 0	221 10 0	Separate accounts have been opened in this mehal under Act XI of 1859. Only the share of Roma Shoodary Debya with a sudder jumma of Rs. 1,072-8 and police Rs. 1-4 will be first sold.

Pubna Collectorate, the 4th November 1884.

C. VOWELL, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given under section VI, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates, in the district of Dinagore, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 10th day of December 1884 for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of September 1884.

FIRST CLASS.—*Permanently-settled estates.*

Number of towjee.	Names of mehal and pergunnah.	Names of proprietors.	Amount of sudder jumma.	Amount of arrears for which the estate is to be sold.	REMARKS.
173 Kismet 2.	Monsah Fatehpore and others, Pergunnah Dehatia.	Jogeshwari Choudhury, mother of Shohan Lal Choudhury, and others.	Rs. A. P. 1,027 16 8	Rs. A. P. 17 11 2	Of this estate, excluding 13a. 7½g. share, with a sudder jumma of Rs. 859-4 ½, for which separate accounts under section 10, Act XI of 1859, were opened, the remaining 2a. 13½g. share, with a sudder jumma of Rs. 168-9-10½, will be sold.

Dinagore Collectorate, the 5th November 1884.

UMA CHURN BANERJEE, Deputy Collector in Charge.

NOTICE is hereby given under section VI, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the District of Rajshahye will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that District on Tuesday, the 9th December 1884, corresponding with 25th Agraahoon 1291, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 6th October 1884.

Touji number.	Name of mehal and pergunnah.	Name of proprietor.	Sudder jumma.	Arrears for which the estate is to be sold.	REMARKS.
199	Bhoogra, pergunnah Gurrerhat.	Daibaki Nundan Sen, Brojo Dyal Sen, Komola Kant Sen, Allad Moni Gupta, Radha Madhob Sen.	Rs. A. P. Revenue, 863 12 0 Police, 3 8 0	Rs. A. P. Revenue, 109 12 0 Police, 0 12 0	The entire estate will be sold.
209	Kusalpore, pergunnah Dhamun.	Brindaban Bahari Masumder	Revenue, 506 14 0	Revenue, 140 6 0	Ditto ditto.

Rampore Beaulah, the 5th November 1884.

E. H. RUDDOCK, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Monghyr will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 6th day of January 1884, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realised in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 6th day of October 1884.

Towil number.	Name of mehal.	Name of proprietor.	Amount of Government revenue.	Amount of arrears revenue.	REMARKS.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
I.—Permanently-settled estates.					
808	Niparna Buzurg, pergunnah Malki.	Mussamut Samap Kumri and others.	1,113 8 0	2 2 0	The estate will be sold, exclusive of six separated shares of Deemoorat Kumri and others, with a sudder jumma of Rs. 780-8.
815	Sihawan, pergunnah Malki	Mangal Singh and others ...	1,120 7 0	6 14 0	The estate will be sold, exclusive of Rs. 69. 70. 100. separated share of Akloo Singh and others.
822	Singhoul, pergunnah Malki	Pundit Narsing Prokash Minsir.	556 14 0	13 6 0	The entire estate will be sold.
831	Khemkaranpur, Nial pergunnah ditto.	Gopal Singh and others ...	511 13 0	0 3 3	Ditto ditto.
833	Khutaha, pergunnah ditto	Kharakohari Singh and others.	800 6 0	4 12 0	Ditto ditto.
1364	Sahogawan, pergunnah Farukia.	Srinarain Singh and others.	700 0 0	9 5 0	The estate will be put up to auction, exclusive of 3a. 13g. 14. share of Deboo Rai Singh and others.
2310	Kulhana, pergunnah Amerthoo.	Land Mortgage Bank, Calcutta, and Jatadhari Singh and others.	1,762 2 0	220 4 0	The 8 annas separated share of the Bank will be sold.
2849	Mahsonna, pergunnah Salimabad.	Isha Khan and others ...	1,426 9 0	43 9 6	The entire estate will be sold.
4515	Taluga Jowahirpur, pergunnah Sekarabad.	Kaloo Singh and others ...	704 10 0	10 15 0	The 1jmal share with a sudder jumma of Rs. 145-3 will be sold.
5259	Mohamedpur Fatta, pergunnah Einaipur.	Mussamut Kubra and others	708 0 0	21 12 0	The separated 12 annas share of Moulvi Ashrafuddin Khan and others will be sold.

Monghyr Collectorate, the 5th November 1884.

MOHENDRO NATH GUPTA, for Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Khulna will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 15th December 1884, corresponding with 1st Pous 1291 (B.S.), for the arrears of revenue due on the 28th September 1884.

Number of estate.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Name of the proprietor.	Sudder jumma.	Interest to be sold.	Sudder jumma of the interest to be sold.	Arrears for which to be sold.
			Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
64-1	Kismit Pergunnah Tala.	Norendra Nath Roy Chowdhury and others.	8,710 4 9	Separate share No. 1 opened under section 10, Act XI of 1859, for 1 anna and 12 gundas in the name of Kalidas Dev, Manager, Sathkira estate.	871 0 5½	230 13 11
67-1	Kismit Pergunnah Talitpore.	Gangamoni Devi and others.	569 0 6	Separate share No. 1 opened under section 10 of Act XI of 1859 for 13 annas, 6 gundas, 2 cowris and 2 krantis in the name of Basudev Roy and others.	474 3 1	49 7 9
72	Kismit Pergunnah Dantia.	Chandrakumar Roy and others.	47,323 5 6½	Entire estate ...	.....	174 2 0½
127-1	Kismit Pergunnah Bhaluka.	Meherulla Chowdhury and others.	14,943 15 8	Separate share No. 1 opened under section 10 of Act XI of 1859 for 18 gundas, 30. in the name of Meherulla Chowdhury and others.	850 0 8	13 1 3½
159-1	Kismit Ramcanga Pergunnah Surparaj-beri.	Radhabullov Chowdhury and others.	549 13 8	Separate share No. 1 opened under section 10 of Act XI of 1859 for annas 4 in the name of Radhabullov Chowdhury and others.	137 7 5	25 2 11½
159-6	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	549 13 8	Separate share No. 4 opened under section 10 of Act XI of 1859 for annas 2 in the name of Haran Chunder Mozoomdar and others.	68 11 8	16 11 7
160-12	Ditto ...	Shostimoni Dosi and others.	553 12 8	Separate share No. 12 opened under section 10 of Act XI of 1859 for 1 anna and 18½ gundas in the name of Shostee Moni Das.	61 8 6	15 8 2
160-13	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	553 12 8	Separate share No. 13 opened under section 10 of Act XI of 1859 for annas 2, 4 gundas, 2 cowri, &c., in the name of Jodunath Sirker.	76 14 0	18 14 6
169-1	Kismit Pergunnah Selimabad.	Matangini Dosi and others.	1,212,18 0	Separate share No. 1 opened under section 10 of Act XI of 1859 for annas 12 in the name of Matangini Dasi and others.	909 6 0	44 7 1
208-1	Kismit Pergunnah Hiki.	Ram Ram Roy and others.	527 12 3	Separate share No. 1 opened under section 10 of Act XI of 1859 for annas 10, 18½ gundas, 2 kag in the name of Ram Ram Roy and others.	360 2 7	3 15 0
24-5	Kismit pore, Hiki.	Anandamohane Ghose and others.	1,281 4 4	Separate share No. 5 opened under section 10, Act XI of 1859, for 1 anna 12 gundas in the name of Ananda Mohane Ghose.	126 2 0	34 1 11½

Khulna Collector's Office, the 6th November 1884.

W. CLAY, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XI of 1859 and Act VII (B.C.) of 1868 that the undermentioned estates, in the district of Mymensingh, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 29th day of December 1884 for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 6th day of October 1884.

Name and number of estate.	Name of proprietor.	Government revenue.	Arrears.	REMARKS.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Pergunnah Nasirujal No. 96, zemindari hissa 4 annas, 10 gundas, with Bezabeda taluq joint shares.	Gobinda Chandra Chowdhury and others.	7,174 0 0	1,587 10 0	Joint share to be sold.
Separated share of estate ditto under section 70 of Act VII (B.C.) of 1868 of kismat Chapila Kanda, hissa 18 gundas, 1 kara, 2 kags.	Ananda Chandra Chakravartty ...	1 14 0	.....
Ditto ditto hissa 10 gundas, 8 kags, 5½ tils ...	Ananda Chandra Chakravartty and Joy Chandra Chakravartty.	0 12 0	.....
Ditto ditto kismat taluq Bedu Mahamed, hissa 1 anna 15 gundas 2 cowries 2 dantis.	Shedhesvari Debye ...	8 1 0	.....
Ditto ditto kismat Chapila Kanda, hissa 10 gundas 3 kags 5½ tils.	Ram Sunder Chakravartty ...	0 12 0	.....
Ditto ditto ditto, hissa 18 gundas 1 kara 2 kags	Ditto ...	1 14 0	.....
Ditto ditto kismat Sajhiura, hissa 5 annas 6 gundas 2 cowries 2 krantas.	Durga Prasad and Ram Sunder Sirkar	9 3 0	.....
Ditto ditto kismat ditto hissa 3 annas 11 gundas 1 krant 1½ dant.	Haraildhan Shaha ...	1 3 0	.....
Ditto ditto hissa 3 annas 11 gundas 1 krant 1½ dant.	Kasiram Sirkar and Jagat Chandra Sirkar.	4 15 0	.....
Toppah Rau Bhawal No. 116 taluq Newazali, hissa 8 annas joint share.	Mohim Chandra Roy Chowdhury and others.	1,271 2 0	69 3 0	Joint share to be sold.
Ditto separated share under Act XI of 1859, hissa 4 annas of 21½ mousahs with Kanya Mandal.	Prasanna Coomer Chakravartty.	341 15 3	.....
Ditto ditto ditto ...	Raj Chandra Chakravartty as guardian of Jogesh Chandra Chakravartty, minor.	341 15 3	.....
Ditto ditto ditto ditto ...	Dwarkanath Chakravartty ...	341 15 3	.....
Pergunnah Sherpore, No. 144, hissa 1 anna, 15 gundas, zemindary, joint share.	Kailash Chandra Chakravartty ...	2,190 13 0	32 9 0	Joint share to be sold.
Ditto Kharija, hissa 2 annas, 14 gundas, 3 cowries, 3 dips.	Tarini Kanta Lahiri Chowdhury, Govinda Coomer Chowdhury and others.	453 3 0	.....
Ditto Nasirujal, No. 4970, Chur Karansi ..	Har Coomer Chowdhury ...	1,000 0 0	54 4 0	Entire estate to be sold.
	Krishna Prasad Lahiri Chowdhury, Bama Sundari Debia, and others.	Road Fund 10 0 0		
<i>Second Class Estate.</i>				
Pergunnah Mymensingh, No. 5085, Bill Shalangi, joint share 15 annas, 17 gundas, 2 karas.	Kasi Kisore Ray Chowdhury, Beaweswari Debye Chowdhurani and others.	578 7 0	25 6 0	Joint share to be sold.
Ditto separated share, section 10 Act XI of 1859, hissa 2 gundas, 2 karas.	Isban Chandra Acharjee Chowdhury...	4 9 0	.....

Mymensingh Collectorate, the 8th November 1884.

E. G. GLAZIER, Collector.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 4th November 1884.

LIABILITIES.			ASSETS.		
	Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	A. P.
Capital paid up ...	2,00,00,000	0 0	Government Securities ...	69,12,680	0 0
Reserve Fund ...	41,59,808	4 4	Other authorized Investments ...	38,52,384	6 0
Public Deposits at Head Office ...	Rs. 83,39,357	2 7 }	Loans on Government and other authorized Securities ...	79,36,448	0 8
Ditto at Branches ...	94,48,004	5 7 }	Accounts of credit on ditto ditto ...	78,27,509	10 8
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches ...	2,99,97,353	3 9	Bills discounted and purchased ...	1,41,26,758	9 0
Bank Post Bills, &c. ...	2,81,316	3 6	Balances with other Banks ...	7,91,698	1 9
Sundries ...	14,19,990	0 0	Bullion ...	28,725	7 11
			Dead Stock ...	11,87,099	6 10
			Stamps ...	8,137	6 0
			Sundries ...	6,28,844	9 8
				4,33,00,865	9 8
			Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office ...	Rs. 1,72,39,833	2 8 }
			Cash and Currency Notes at Branches ...	1,31,04,607	7 5 }
				3,03,44,440	10 1
Rupees ...	7,36,45,326	3 9	Rupees ...	7,36,45,326	3 9

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGA,
Calcutta, the 8th November 1884.

J. GORDON, Chief Acctt. and Dy. Secy.
Rate for Demand Loans 3 per cent.

W. D. CRICKSHANK,
Offg. Secy. and Treasurer.

Percentage 61'3.

(692—1)

Notification.

THE owners of Lands in Calcutta or their Agents, Trustees, Executors, Administrators, &c., are hereby informed that, for purposes of more speedy and convenient collection of land revenue in Calcutta, the town has been divided into eleven parts, each embracing a certain number of survey blocks, and that the revenue payable on account of all holdings for the official year (1884-85), which will become due on the 1st day of April 1884 must be paid into this Collectorate within the time mentioned against each survey block within which such holdings are situated.

Part I embracing—

Survey blocks 1 and 2 North Division } The land revenue due on account of holdings situated
Ditto 1 and 2 South Division } within these blocks must be paid on or before the
30th April 1884.

Part II embracing—

Survey blocks 3 and 4 North Division } Ditto ditto on or before 31st May 1884.
Ditto 3 and 4 South Division }

Part III embracing—

Survey blocks 5 and 6 North Division } Ditto ditto on or before 30th June 1884.
Ditto 5 and 6 South Division }

Part IV embracing—

Survey blocks 7 and 8 North Division } Ditto ditto on or before 31st July 1884.
Ditto 7 and 8 South Division }

Part V embracing—

Survey blocks 9 and 10 North Division } Ditto ditto on or before 31st August 1884.
Ditto 9 and 10 South Division }

Part VI embracing—

Survey blocks 11 and 12 North Division } Ditto ditto on or before 30th September 1884.
Ditto 11 and 12 South Division }

Part VII embracing—

Survey blocks 13 and 14 North Division } Ditto ditto on or before 31st October 1884.
Ditto 13 and 14 South Division }

Part VIII embracing—

Survey blocks 15 and 16 North Division } Ditto ditto on or before 30th November 1884.
Ditto 15 and 16 South Division }

Part IX embracing—

Survey blocks 17 and 18 North Division } Ditto ditto on or before 31st December 1884.
Ditto 17 and 18 South Division }

Part X embracing—

Survey blocks 19 and 20 North Division } Ditto ditto on or before 31st January 1885.
Ditto 19 and 20 South Division }

Part XI embracing—

Survey blocks 24 and 25 North Division } Ditto ditto on or before 28th February 1885.
Ditto 21 and 23 South Division }
And Lettery Committee lands assessed
under Act 23 of 1850.

If the rents are not paid in accordance with this notification, the provisions of the law will be immediately enforced in every case.

G. M. GOODRICKS, Collector of Calcutta.

Calcutta Collectorate, No. 4, Bankshall Street, the 1st April 1884.

Notice.

UNDER the provisions of section 76 of Act VII of 1880, it is hereby notified for general information that the Commissioners, as Receivers of Wrecks, hold the undermentioned articles which have been recovered by them.

When recovered.	Recovery number.	Description of articles.	Weight.	Where recovered.	Where lying.
1884.		<i>Port Proper.</i>	Cwt. qr. lb.		
Sept., 17th	62	1 Trotman's patent iron stock ...	36 0 0	Off No. 3, Esplanade Moorings.	W. & A. ground.
" 17th	"	Anchor, 18½ fathoms 1½ chain ...	.....	.....	Howrah.
" 15th	68	1 Rogor's patent anchor, 1 stock ...	28 2 0	.....	Ditto.

By order,

R. A. DONNITHORNE, Secretary to the Port Commissioners.

Port Commissioners' Office, the 24th October 1884.

(183—3)

Statement of Government Promissory Notes Enforced for Payment of Interest in London under deduction of Amount retransferred to India and Outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 31st October 1884.

PARTICULARS.	3½ per cent. transfer loan of 1863-64.	4 PER CENT. LOANS						4½ PER CENT. LOANS			Transfer loan of 1879, seven shillings per cent. Portion.	Total.	6 per cent. loan of 1856-57.	Grand Total.	
		Of 1833-34.	Of 1835-36.	Of 1842-43.	Of 1854-55.	Transfer of 1865.	Reduced 4 per cent. loan of 1879.	Total.	Of 1870.	Of 1878.					Transfer loan of 1879, 4½ per cent. Portion.
Balance of 15th October 1884	54,100	13,36,853	27,86,900	2,35,16,500	99,88,600	3,00,49,037	2,44,32,200	9,21,08,090	45,89,800	95,50,300	10,18,34,800	11,59,74,900	1,24,500	56,200	20,83,17,790
ADD— Amount enforced at Madras between 16th and 31st October 1884 .. ..	.....	.....	.....	1,05,200	3,000	4,200	30,400	1,42,800	.....	.....	1,01,500	1,01,500	.....	.....	2,44,300
Ditto at Bombay between 16th and 31st October 1884 .. ..	.....	.....	.....	1,500	500	1,500	.....	3,500	.....	.....	31,000	31,000	.....	.....	34,500
Ditto at Calcutta between 16th and 31st October 1884 .. ..	.....	.....	.....	10,000	1,000	23,500	36,000	70,500	.....	36,000	27,000	63,000	.....	.....	1,33,500
Deduct— Amount written off in the London Registers	54,100	13,36,853	27,86,900	2,36,33,200	99,91,100	3,00,78,237	2,44,98,600	9,23,24,890	45,89,800	95,86,300	10,19,94,300	11,61,70,400	1,24,500	56,200	20,87,30,090
Balance on 31st October 1884 .. ..	.....	.....	500	23,500	2,500	37,500	16,000	80,000	.....	41,000	1,85,000	2,26,000	.....	23,500	3,29,500
	54,100	13,36,853	27,86,400	2,36,09,700	99,88,600	3,00,40,737	2,44,82,600	9,22,44,890	45,89,800	95,45,300	10,18,09,300	11,59,44,400	1,24,500	32,700	20,84,00,590

NOTE.—From 9th June 1867 to 31st Aug. 1884—Enforced from India 5,027 lakhs; retransferred from London 4,312 lakhs.

" 1st Sept. 1884 "	" 10 "	" 6 "
" 16th " " 30th "	" 7 "	" 5 "
" 1st Oct. " 15th Oct. "	" 10 "	" 6 "
" 16th " " 31st "	" 4 "	" 3 "
	5,058	4,331
	4,331	727

Balance against India

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE, BANK OF ENGLAND,
Calcutta, 6th November 1884.

W. D. CHUCKSHANK,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

NOTICE

UNDER SECTION 69 OF ACT V (B.O.) OF 1870.

THE following packages, landed at the Jetties from the undermentioned ships, have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item, they will be sold under section 72 of the said Act:—

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	Number, mark, and description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1864.			
Nov., 1	2 Cases, addressed	G. A. D. Anley, Esq., c.e., Superintending Engineer, Eastern Circle, Writers' Building, Calcutta.	S. S. "Ravenna."
" 1	1 Case, A and R	Order ...	Ditto.
" 1	5 Cases, 18447 in a triangle, top B B & C, bottom Bombay.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, addressed	Miss Bensley, care of Messrs. King Hamilton & Co.	Ditto.
" 1	5 Cases, 18297½ in a triangle, top B B & C ...	Order ...	Ditto.
" 1	2 Cases, 2194 in a diamond, bottom B B & Co. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, C H	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, C L	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	4 Cases, C in a diamond, top J, bottom S ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	5 Cases, C K N	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	9 Cases, addressed	E. W. Collins, Esq., care of Messrs. King Hamilton & Co.	Ditto.
" 1	4 Cases, C 77 in a diamond, outside B & Co. L ...	Order ...	Ditto.
" 1	400 Kegs, C in a diamond, top J, bottom S ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	2 Cases, D N M 70 in a diamond, bottom K ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, D E in a triangle within a block, bottom W H N.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, G S	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	2 Cases, H C	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, H J M 2 in a diamond, top W R ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	2 Cases, H C in a diamond	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	3 Cases, 415 in a diamond, bottom J S E ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	30 Packages, J A & Co. in a diamond	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	4 Cases, J A	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, K and B M in a diamond, bottom H S K & Co.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	3 Cases, K D M in a diamond, bottom H S K & Co.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, addressed	Messrs. King Hamilton & Co.	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, K E and B E	Order ...	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, addressed	Lady Lyall, Government house, Allahabad.	Ditto.
" 1	9 Packages, addressed	Count J. Van Large	Ditto.
" 1	64 Packages, M & Co. in a diamond, bottom A L ...	Order ...	Ditto.
" 1	417 Loose staves, M & Co. in a diamond, bottom A L or no mark.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, N H 69 in a diamond, bottom K ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	1 Bag, no mark	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, no mark	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	1 Tin, no mark	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	25 Cases, 2889 bottom O N	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	2 Cases, O S in a diamond	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	2 Cases, P in a triangle, bottom T S L S ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, P M O 1659 in a diamond	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, addressed	Mr. Petchell, 11, Government Place, Calcutta.	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, addressed	Mr. John Porter, Schoolmaster, 2nd Bedford Regiment, British Burmah.	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, addressed	Mrs. C. C. Quinn ...	Ditto.
" 1	2 Cases, R S & Co. in a block	Order ...	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, R L D, bottom B C D	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	10 Cases, 17 in a triangle within a block, top O R S	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, addressed	Sutherland A. S. Vincent, care of D. L. Cowie & Co.	Ditto.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	Number, mark, and description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1884.			
Nov., 1	1 Case, S O R 80 in a diamond, bottom K ...	Order ...	S. S. "Ravenna."
" 1	1 Case, S S 65 in a diamond ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, S A D in a diamond, top R M ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	2 Cases, S in a diamond, bottom G B ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, S A 883 in a diamond, bottom L ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	3 Cases, addressed ..	F. Wyer, Dacca, care of Messrs. Balmer Lawrie & Co.	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, addressed ...	Walter Grindlay, Esq., J c.s., Sewan, Sarun.	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, 242 in a triangle within a block, bottom W H N.	Order ...	Ditto.
" 1	2 Cases, 422 in a triangle within a block, bottom W H N.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, 87 in a triangle within a block, bottom W H N.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, addressed ...	Mr. F. Watkins ...	Ditto.
" 1	1 Parcel, addressed ...	Messrs. Ranken & Co., 4, Old Court-house street.	Ditto.
" 1	1 Parcel, addressed ...	Rev. J. W. Thomas, Baptist Mission Press, Lower Circular Road.	Ditto.
" 1	1 Parcel, addressed ...	Aaron A. Cohen, Esq., 7, Swallow lane.	Ditto.
" 1	2 Bundles rod iron, S M ...	Order ...	Ditto.
" 1	2,394 Rafter, M & Co. in a diamond, bottom A L or no mark.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	22 Bars flat iron, no mark ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	1 Keg, no mark ...	Ditto ...	S. S. "City of Agra."
" 1	2 Cases, B D L ...	Ditto ...	S. S. "Vesta."
" 1	2 Packages, 371 in a block ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	2 Cases, B in a triangle, outside S R D...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	5 Packages, coss... ..	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, C H P & Co. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	2 Brass sheets, 70 in a triangle, top K L	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	6 Cases, G K C C in a cross ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	2 Cases, G K H in a diamond ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	5 Cases, G R ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	8 Cases, J V H in a diamond or Col. J. V. Hunt ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	2 Cases, 285 in a diamond, outside L S D	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	5 Cases, L M S L ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	2 Cases, L in a diamond, top H & Co. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	10 Cases, M L in a circle ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, M C in a block ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	7 Cases, 258 in a diamond, top P P, bottom C	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, 219 in a block, top R D & Co. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	4 Cases, S & Co. in a diamond ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	6 Cases, W E C in a triangle, top S & Co.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	2 Parcels, S & Co. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 1	1 Parcel, addressed ...	Messrs. Macnight Anderson & Co.	Ditto.
" 1	1 Broken casting, addressed... ..	Northern Duars Tea Co. Ltd., or no mark.	Ditto.

Calcutta, the 8th November 1884.

(693—1)

G. H. SIMMONS, Traffic Manager.

Notice.

THE Public are hereby informed that the well-known Kartick Baruni Mela, which is held every year on the banks of the Dhaleshwari, near Munshigunge, in the district of Dacca, will commence on the 3rd November 1884 A.D., corresponding to the 19th Kartick 1291 B.S., and continue up to the 16th December 1884. Tradesmen, dealers, and others may buy and sell there during these six weeks.

F. WYER, Collector.

Bengal-Nagpore Railway.

BENGAL SECTION.

APPLICANTS for employment as subordinates, who have not received replies, are informed that vacancies have been filled up.

W. H. PARKER, Engineer-in-Chief.

WANTED for the office of the Executive Engineer, Pooroo Division, a thoroughly qualified Draftsman and Estimator. Permanent employment to a competent man. Salary Rs. 50 per mensem. Applications with copies of testimonials (which will not be returned) will be received up to 15th November 1884.

A. C. CAMPBELL ROGERS, C.E.,

Exc. Engr., Pooroo Irrign. Divn.

Cutttack, the 21st October 1884.

Notice.

THE Singbhoom annual fair will be held as usual at Chyobassa during the last fortnight in December 1884.

C. H. GARBETT, Dy. Commr. of Singbhoom.

Chaibassa, the 4th November 1884.

LOST CURRENCY NOTES.

THE following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned:—

Notes wholly Lost or Destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value. Rs.	Name of Claimant.
170 R 9—69782	100		Notobur Das, Changdoba, <i>vid</i> Gopaulnagore Post Office, district Bankoora.
171 P 39—96207	50		Kethcbash Mistree, Kohima.
174 R 10—12366	100		Jas. Lackersteen, 1, Tottie's Lane, Calcutta.
O 97—30622	100		
176 R 10—26439	100		P. Arden, 18, North Road Entally, Calcutta.
177 P 39—84022	50		Tarachand Sarkar, Seorapully.
178 R 10—00219	100		Dwarkanath Koondy, inhabitant of Nagong. Manikgunge, zillah Dacca.
179 P 77—85245	100		Bissendyal Hurdial, 59, Cotton Street, Calcutta.
181 R 10—43128	100		Major R. F. Williamson,
" —43129	100		Royal Welsh Fusiliers,
" —43130	100		Dum-Dum.
182 P 39—55042	50		Jogendra Chandra Banerjee, Shamroypara, Kulna.
183 P 10—81206	100		Nurput Singh, 15, Ahiritola Street, Calcutta.
R 9—62081	100		
184 P 40—46392	50		Namakalla Narain Shami, 22, Banstollah Gullee, Calcutta.

JAS. TAYLOR,

Asst. Compt. Genl., in charge, Paper Currency.
PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT, the 4th Nov. 1884.

Forest Department, Bengal.

AUTHORIZED CAMPING GROUNDS, 1884-85.

IN supersession of the notice, dated 3rd October 1883, published at page 1517, Part II of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 10th idem, and in accordance with rule 4 of the Rules passed by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, under section 75 (d) of the Indian Forest Act (VII of 1878) and published in the *Gazette* of the 15th December 1880, the following will be the authorized camping grounds in the reserved forests in the Julpigori district from 6th November 1884 to 1st June 1885.

JULPIGORI DISTRICT.

JULPIGORI FOREST DIVISION.

Julpigori-Phulbari road.

1. Apalechand river crossing.
1. Chel river crossing.
2. Latagori hat on the Durlah river.

Ramshai-Tundu road.

1. Murti river crossing.
1. Murti river crossing.

Nunai road in Muraghat range.

1. Nunai crossing.
1. Teeti police guard station.

Buxa Forest Division.

Buxa-Alipore road.

1. Jamguri.
2. Rajabhatkhawa.
3. Minagaon.

Patlakhawa-Borjhar road.

1. Chilapatta.
1. Bank of Jorai river, midway between north and south boundaries.

A. L. HOME, Conservator of Forests, Bengal.
Darjeeling, the 6th November 1884.

Forest Department, Bengal.

AUTHORIZED CAMPING GROUNDS, 1884-85.

IN supersession of the notice dated 3rd October 1883, published at page 1517, Part II of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 10th idem, and in accordance with rule 4 of the Rules passed by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, under section 75 (d) of the Indian Forest Act (VII of 1878) and published in the *Gazette* of the 15th December 1880, the following will be the authorized camping grounds in the reserved forests of the Darjeeling district from 7th November 1884 to 1st June 1885.

DARJEELING DISTRICT.

DARJEELING FOREST DIVISION.

Goom block.

1. Butasidhara.

Nepal Frontier road

- | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. Barbuttheadhara (Nai). | 16. Gairibash. |
| 2. Goompahar saddle. | 17. Simanabusti. |
| 3. Tungsong. | 18. Manibhanjan. |
| 4. Aloobaree. | 19. Chagara. |
| 5. Chetaidhura. | 20. Lambadhara. |
| 6. Goom rock. | 21. Dooteriah (Tonglu). |
| 7. Poobongdhara. | 22. Tonglu (Bhutiabusti). |
| 8. Lepcha Jagat. | 23. Jaobari. |
| 9. Captanibash. | 24. Barabhanjan. |
| 10. Dungdungia. | 25. Kynakatta. |
| 11. Majdhura. | 26. Kalapokri. |
| 12. Sukiapokri. | 27. Bikhahhanjan. |
| 13. Dhareli. | 28. Sundukphu. |
| 14. Jarpokri. | 29. Subarkam. |
| 15. Hatticherra. | |

Chongtong road.

1. Chongtong dhara.

Rungbong road.

- | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1. Jaodhara (pillar No. 23). | 2. Chiboodhara. |
|------------------------------|-----------------|

Nagri spur road.

- | | |
|-----------|---------------|
| 1. Chaur. | 2. Dibrupani. |
| | 3. Pokri. |

Hill cart road.

1. Runemuk Jhora.

Old Military road.

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. Rangbul. | 6. 6th mile (from Kurseong). |
| 2. Purana engine. | 7. Sepoydhura. |
| 3. Nya engine. | 8. Mahalderam chimney. |
| 4. Chuttackpore. | |
| 5. Bamanjhora. | |

Jor Bungalow—Teesta road.

- | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| 1. Chinchona. | 4. 4th mile post. |
| 2. Rungirum turning. | 5. Poomong stable. |
| 3. Rangbi ditto. | 6. Geille turning. |
| | 7. Lopchu. |

Jor Bungalow—Surcil road.

- | | |
|--------------|---------------|
| 1. 4th mile. | 2. 5th mile. |
| | 3. Phalenchu. |

Surcil—Kurseong road.

- | | |
|------------|--------------------|
| 1. Labdah. | 2. Mamrem turning. |
|------------|--------------------|

TEESTA FOREST DIVISION.

Rangit-Teesta Valley road.

- | | |
|----------------------------|------------------|
| 1. Rangit bridge. | 6. Reyang river. |
| 2. Rungbong. | 7. Berriek koti. |
| 3. Teesta-Rangit junction. | 8. Ruyem river. |
| 4. Teesta bridge. | 9. Andara jhora. |
| 5. Rangu. | 10. Sivoke. |

Pashok-Teesta road.

1. Public Works Department halting shed (near 16th mile post.)

Boro Geille-Teesta road.

1. Kamfar.

Rilli road.

- | | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| 1. Right bank of Rilli stream. | 2. Teesta ferry ghat near mouth of Rilli. |
|--------------------------------|---|

Teesta Kalimpong and Ambikoh road.

- | | |
|--|---------------|
| 1. One mile above bridge. | 4. Rissisoom. |
| 2. Junction of Labah and Thibet roads. | 5. Merig. |
| 3. Payong. | 6. Labah. |
| | 7. Pasheteng. |

Labah-Loolagaon road.

- | | |
|------------|---------------|
| 1. Bekhim. | 2. Loolagaon. |
|------------|---------------|

Leesh Valley-Kalimpong road.

- | | |
|--------------|------------------------|
| 1. Chunbati. | 2. Planters' location. |
|--------------|------------------------|

Ambikoh-Julpigori road.

- | |
|-----------------|
| 1. Jungi guard. |
|-----------------|

Gurubathan-Paren road.

- | | |
|--------------------------|-----------|
| 1. Neora river crossing. | 2. Gugo. |
| | 3. Paren. |

Kalimpong-Sikkim road.

- | | |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| 1. Balukop. | 2. Bank of Rumphoo stream. |
| | 3. Bank of Torchu stream. |

KURSEONG FOREST DIVISION.

Road from Kurseong via Mahalderam and Sitong to the Mahanadi.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. 4th mile from Kurseong, old military road. | 4. Main busti (near Lepcha monuments). |
| 2. 6th mile from Kurseong, Mamring turning. | 5. Latpanchor spring. |
| 3. Babukhola pokra. | 6. Jungink. |
| | 7. Chibanni busti. |
| | 8. Jogijhora. |

Sukna-Sivoke Timber road.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. The Forester's compound. | 2. Galma river crossing. |
| | 3. Sivoke halting shed. |

Sivoke-Siliguri road.

- | |
|------------------------------|
| 1. At South Forest boundary. |
|------------------------------|

Darjeeling Himalayan railway and Hill Cart road.

The halting places appointed for carts and between 8th and 9th mile-posts.

Sukna-Adalpur road.

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| 1. Chamta bridge. | 2. Panchanai bridge. |
|-------------------|----------------------|

Kuklong timber road.

- | |
|--------------------|
| 1. Kuklong bridge. |
|--------------------|

Mahanadi forest boundary road.

- | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. Mahaadin road turning. | 2. Galma river crossing. |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|

Bamonpokri forest roads.

- | | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| 1. Top of central forest road. | 2. Crossing of Rungsung Jhora on Pankabari forest road. |
|--------------------------------|---|

Path from Goomtee market to Fogotar Malutar Tea Estates.

- | |
|---|
| 1. Junction of Baffapani and Mahanadi rivers. |
|---|

Garidhura-Mechi road.

- | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| 1. Balasun crossing. | 2. Mechi crossing. |
|----------------------|--------------------|

Garidhura-Nazalbari road.

- | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. Balasun crossing, east bank. | 2. Balasun crossing, west bank. |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|

Tirihanna-Bagdogra road.

- | |
|---------------------|
| 1. Harlia crossing. |
|---------------------|

Dulkajhar north boundary road.

- | |
|-------------------|
| 1. Khadma corner. |
|-------------------|

Dulkajhar south boundary road.

- | | |
|-----------------------|----------------|
| 1. Harlia right bank. | 2. Ganda Haga. |
|-----------------------|----------------|

Balasun valley road.

- | | |
|---|-------------------|
| 1. Sajbattiajhora. | 2. Manjoosajhora. |
| 3. Chamirakhdia, half way between the Doodie and Manjha Jhoras. | |

A. L. HOME, Conservator of Forests, Bengal.

Dated Darjeeling, the 7th November 1884.

Notice.

Oudh Forest Department.

BAHRAMGHAT DEPOT.

ON THE OUDH AND ROHILKHAND RAILWAY.

FROM this date the prices of all beams and scantlings supplied from this depot will be as follows:—

BEAMS.—21 feet length, at Rs. 2-10 per cubic foot.	
22	2-12
23	2-14
24	3

Above the length given two annas per foot run will be charged. Any inches over the foot will be charged as a foot.

SCANTLINGS.—From 12 to 20 feet, at Rs. 2-8 per c. ft.

Under 12 and over 7, at „ 2-4 „

Under 7 feet, at „ 2 „

The above prices are for ordinary building purposes.

For Planking, Sleepers, &c., special rates will be fixed by agreement.

The Department will still take orders for buildings all over at Rs. 2-4 per cubic foot, provided the scantlings are taken in fair proportion.

Second and Third Class Timber will be sold and price fixed by agreement.

Auction Sales will be held from time to time to clear off stock.

For further particulars apply to the Officer in charge.

By order of the Conservator of Forests, N. W. P. and Oudh, Oudh Circle.

KANHYA LAL,

Sub-Assistant Conservator of Forests,
Bahramghat Division.

Bahramghat, the 1st April 1883.

Government Cinchona Febrifuge.

THIS preparation is an efficient substitute for Quinine and can be purchased by Government officers for public and charitable purposes, and by any one taking twenty pounds at a time, from the Superintendent, Botanical Garden, Calcutta, for cash only, at the following rates:—per four ounce tin, Rs. 4 ans. 8; per eight ounce tin, Rs. 8 ans. 8; per pound tin, Rs. 16 ans. 8. The general public can be supplied by the Superintendent, Botanical Garden, for cash only, at the undernoted rates:—per four ounce tin, Rs. 5 ans. 8; per eight ounce tin, Rs. 10 ans. 8; per pound tin, Rs. 20. This medicine is also sold by the principal European and Native druggists in Calcutta. Postage eight annas per 4 and 8 oz. tins, and twelve annas per pound tin, in addition to the foregoing rates.

Crystalline Cinchona Febrifuge.

A NEW and improved preparation made at the Government Factory from dried Cinchona Bark. This is a more perfect substitute for Quinine than the ordinary uncrystallized Febrifuge. It can be purchased by Government officers for public and charitable purposes, and by any one taking twenty pounds at a time, from the Superintendent, Botanic Garden, Calcutta, for cash only, at the rate of Rs. 24 per pound. The general public can be supplied by the Superintendent, Botanic Garden, for cash only, and also by the principal European and Native druggists at Rs. 32 per pound. Postage twelve annas extra.

Notice.

THE post of Treasurer in the Gya Collectorate will be vacant from the 21st November 1884.

Intending candidates must apply to the Collector of Gya before the 15th November, on which date the appointment will be made.

Applicants must be prepared to give security amounting to Rs. 20,000 (twenty thousand only), in Government Promissory Notes or stock notes, before the 22nd of November, from which date they will have to take up the duties of the post.

The salary of the post is Rs. 100 (one hundred) per mensem.

J. WHILMORE, for Collector.

Gya Collectorate, the 29th October 1884.

MR. R. HARDIE has returned from leave and resumed the office of Secretary and Treasurer.

By order of the Board,
W. D. CRUICKSHANK, Offg. Secy. and Treasurer.
(694—1)

Notice.

THE Directors have appointed Mr. F. D. C. Strettell to act as Agent at Akyab temporarily, *vice* Mr. H. K. Gordon on leave.

W. D. CRUICKSHANK, Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.
Bank of Bengal, the 4th November 1884. (690—1)

WANTED a clerk for the office of the District Engineer, Lohardugga. The salary of the post is Rs. 40 a month. Candidates must have the qualification of an Assistant Accountant of an Executive Engineer's Office. The applications will be received up to 15th instant.

JOGENDRONATH GHOSH, L.C.E., District Engr.
Ranchi, the 1st November 1884. (687—1)

Notice.

WANTED a Sheristadar for the Revenue side of the Deputy Commissioner's office, Hazaribagh, on a salary of Rs. 80 rising by biennial increment of Rs. 6 to Rs. 140.

2. None but those who possess a thorough knowledge of English, Urdu, and Hindi, and have experience in revenue and criminal work need apply.

3. Applications will be received by the undersigned till 25th November 1884.

E. G. LILLINGSTON, Deputy Commissioner.
Hazaribagh, the 1st November 1884.

WANTED a Serishtadar for the Second Munsif's Court at Netrokona in the district of Mymensingh, salary Rs. 40 rising to Rs. 60 by biennial increments of Rs. 2.

Those only need apply who possess a fair knowledge of English and are acquainted with the work of a civil court.

Applications with copies of testimonials will be received by the undersigned up to the 15th December next.

NIBARAN CHANDRA BANERJI, Second Munsif.
Netrokona, Second Munsif's Court, the 3rd November 1884.

Wanted

A CLERK for the Kandi Municipal office at Rs. 18 per month. Only those who possess experience in the work of a municipal office and know to keep the accounts under the new system need apply.

BERIN BEHARI MUKERJI, Subdivisional Officer and Chairman.

Kandi, the 3rd November 1884. (686—2)

B. Scott Thomson & Co., Limited.

THE Forty-third Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the registered office of the Company, 15, Government Place, on Wednesday, the 26th instant, at noon, for the purpose of declaring an *ad interim* dividend for the half-year which ended on the 30th September last.

By order of the Directors,

ROBERT J. CARBERRY, Secy. and Acct.
Calcutta, 3rd November 1884. (684—3)

Lost or Stolen.

GOVERNMENT Promissory Note No. 198933 of the 4 per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs. 2,000 in favour of the Controller of Military Accounts, Bengal.

Payment of the note and interest thereon has been stopped at the Bank of Bengal, Public Debt Office, and the public are cautioned against negotiating the note.

M. PREREAU, Colonel,
Controller of Military Accounts, Bengal.
(685—3)

MISSING, on the 4th November 1884, two interest warrants No. 146904 for Rs. 430 and No. 68300 for Rs. 24, issued by the Public Debt Office in favour of Raj Coomar Dutt and Jogesh Chunder Dey, payments of which have been stopped at the Bank of Bengal.
(689—3)

Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund.

RESULT OF VOTES

On Circular No. 3, dated 1st August 1884.

Subject.	Yes.	No.
Whether Mr. M. McInerny shall be restored to the fund, on payment of the subscription due with interest under Rule 40D.	1,238	19

By order of the Directors

W. H. RYLAND, Secretary.

Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund, Calcutta.
The 7th November 1884. (697—1)

Municipal Election, 1884.

IN compliance with rule 27 of the rules made by the local Government, under Section 17, Act IV (B.C.) of 1876, for the purpose of regulating all matters connected with the election of Commissioners for the town of Calcutta at the Election held on the 1st November, the Chairman of the Municipal Commissioners publishes below the names of the persons on whose behalf votes were recorded, and the number of votes given for them respectively:—

WARD No. I.

NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED UNDER SECTION 13—two.

Baboo Nilmoney Mitter	...	473
R. Mitra, Esq.	...	177

WARD No. II.

NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED UNDER SECTION 13—one.

Baboo Bijoy Kissen Dutt	...	213
-------------------------	-----	-----

WARD No. III.

NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED UNDER SECTION 13—two.

Baboo Kally Nath Mitter	...	556
" Kumud Kisson Mitter	...	285

WARD No. IV.

NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED UNDER SECTION 13—two.

Baboo Joygobind Law	...	443
" Omirtonath Mitter	...	379

WARD No. V.

NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED UNDER SECTION 13—three.

Baboo Lall Behary Bysack	...	1,102
Coomar Dinendro Narain Roy	...	640
Dr. Lall Madhub Mookerjee	...	496

WARD No. VI.

NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED UNDER SECTION 13—three.

Baboo Umakanto Sen	...	867
Dr. Bhoobun Mohun Sircar	...	791
Baboo Ganendro Chunder Ghose	...	611
" Jadub Chunder Seal	...	259

WARD No. VII.

NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED UNDER SECTION 13—two.

Baboo Juggernath Khannah	...	892
" Prannath Dutt	...	160

WARD No. VIII.
NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED UNDER

SECTION 13—two.

Baboo Modoo Soodun Dutt ...	498
„ Sreenath Dutt ...	321

WARD No. IX.
NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED UNDER
SECTION 13—three.

Baboo Soorendro Nath Doss ...	547
„ Charoo Chunder Mullick ...	294
„ Probodh Chunder Mullick ...	192

WARD No. X.
NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED UNDER
SECTION 13—three.

C. E. Dissent, Esq. ...	514
Baboo Gonesh Chunder Chauder ...	227
T. A. Mendes, Esq. ...	34

WARD No. XI.
NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED UNDER
SECTION 13—two.

Baboo Jogesh Chunder Dutt ...	557
„ Nobin Chunder Bose ...	180
G. S. Skyes, Esq. ...	4

WARD No. XII.
NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED UNDER
SECTION 13—two.

Baboo Prannath Pundit ...	228
Col. Beresford Lovett ...	40
J. Hart, Esq. (not standing) ...	7

WARD No. XIII.
NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED UNDER
SECTION 13—one.

Baboo Sittanath Doss ...	195
Col. Beresford Lovett ...	65

WARD No. XIV.
NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED UNDER
SECTION 13—one.

Baboo Soorendro Nath Banerjee ...	319
G. Kraal, Esq. ...	133

WARD No. XV.
NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED UNDER
SECTION 13—one.

Moulvie Zohurul Huq ...	145
Dr. E. W. Chambers ...	34

WARD No. XVI.
NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED UNDER
SECTION 13—two.

E. T. Atkinson, Esq. ...	138
M. P. Gasper, Esq. ...	39

WARD No. XVIII.
NUMBER OF COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED UNDER
SECTION 13—one.

T. W. Babonau, Esq. ...	1
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H. L. HARRISON, Chairman.
The 6th November 1884. (695—1)

Municipality of the Suburbs of Calcutta.

(NOTICE UNDER PARAGRAPHS 12 AND 19 OF THE RULES FOR THE ELECTION OF MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the election of Municipal Commissioners for the Suburbs of Calcutta will be held on the dates and at the places set forth in the following schedule:—

Ward No.	Place of election.	Date of election.
I	Chitpore, Police Station ...	December 17th, 1884.
II	Ballinghatta „ „ ...	„ 17th „
III	Entally „ „ ...	„ 18th „
IV	Ballygunge „ „ ...	„ 18th „
V	Municipal Office „ „ ...	„ 19th „
VI	Garden Reach Police Station „ „ ...	„ 19th „

Nomination of Candidates under paragraphs 14 of the Rules will be received at the Municipal Office at any time up to the following dates:—

Wards.	Latest date for nomination.
I and II	December 7th, 1884.
III and IV	„ 8th „
V and VI	„ 9th „

Such nominations must be signed by four registered voters, and be in the form prescribed, which may be obtained, *free of charge*, on application to the Superintendent, Municipality of the Suburbs of Calcutta, Alipore.

C. C. STEVENS, Chairman.

Dated the 11th November 1884. (696—1)

Bengal Iron Works Company, Limited,
in Liquidation.

A MEETING of the Company is hereby convened to be held at the office of the Liquidators, No. 5-8, Clive Street, on Wednesday, the 10th day of December 1884, at 12 o'clock, to receive and pass the Liquidators' final account shewing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed of, and of hearing such explanations as may be required.
(688—2)

CHARLES H. MOORE, Liquidator.

POSTAL NOTICES.

Unclaimed Letters held in the Calcutta
General Post Office on 11th
November 1884.

Baker, C. W.	Mills, Arthur.
Cunningham, W.	Princep, C. R.
Fairlie, A. C.	Rowe, C. F.
Finchett, W. A.	Smart, O.
Gonsalves, F. A.	Walkom, Mrs. J. W.
Hurbans & Co.	Watts, G. W.
Kinney, T.	Westwood, Mrs.

Letters marked "Care of Post Office:"

Adda, Henry.	Howard, Mrs. M. S.
Amoss, Thomas.	Huddleston, John E. Leslie.
Archdeacon of Colombo.	Hurst, W. H.
Avenel, Miss.	King, W.
Boileau, Captain H.	Knight, Capt. M. J.
Bott, Fred.	Lampard, Henry.
Brigg, E. A.	Laughlin, R. C.
Burne, O.	Lawless, Hiram.
Capel, Lt.-Col. A. W.	Lewis, H.
Caurey, Captain.	Lopez, E.
C. G.	Macdonald, Mrs. J.
Chapman, Frank.	Mojj, H.
Clift, Mrs. H. W.	Morris, Pierce M.
Cooper, H.	Murgatroyd, C. A.
DeLa Grange, Baron Louis.	Q. R.
Dodd, Col. C. A.	Palston, James.
Edwards, Brig. Genl.	"Regina."
E. S. H.	"Rex."
Faerstermann, Ignatz.	Salva, Federico T.
Fredalis, Soni.	Schomerully, Mr.
Friedrich, Gustav.	Sostan, S.
Golding, Herbert.	Simpson, Miss M.
Gill, F. N. G.	"Stanhope."
G. P. H. C.	Stern, Edward.
Graham, John.	Thompson, James.
Gray, John Raymond.	T. P. H. C.
H. E. M.	Uren, Thomas.
H. M. W.	Wallace, Col. W. A. J.
Harcourt, W. H.	Williams, Mr. John.
Harman, J. M.	Williamson, W. F.
Hoskins, A. C.	Wilson, Theos.

Registered Letters.

Cherkes, Laya.	Owen, Fritz Cunliffe.
Fereford, Douglass.	Richter, Anton.
Gough, B. W.	Thibaud, Thomy.

E. HUTTON,
Presidency Postmaster, Calcutta

*Unclaimed Letters held in the Barrackpore Post Office
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	1884.	
Rangoon and Moulemein ...	19th Nov. ...	Str. <i>Ethiopia</i> .
Madras and Ceylon ...	15th " ...	P & O. Str. <i>Chusan</i> .
Foreign mails via Bombay ...	18th " ...	From Bombay.*
Ditto book-post and pattern packets.	17th " ...	Ditto.
Rangoon and Moulemein ...	12th " ...	Str. <i>Rajpootana</i> .
Chittagong, Akyab, Kyauk-Phyoo, Sandoway, and Rangoon.	12th " ...	Str. <i>Kilwa</i> .
Chittagong, Akyab, Kyauk-Phyoo, Sandoway, and Rangoon.	19th " ...	Str. <i>Calcutta</i> .
Straits and Hong-Kong ...	18th " ...	Strs. <i>Japan</i> and <i>Wingsang</i> .
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E. HUTTON, Presy. Postmaster.

General Post Office, the 12th November 1884.

Nuddea Rivers.

Weekly Water Report shewing the least depth of water in the Bhagiruttee, Matabangah, and Jellinghee Rivers for the week ending Friday, 7th November 1884.

Names of rivers.	Least depth of water.	REMARKS.
BHAGIRUTTEE.		
Entrance below Joyrampore	12 9	
Thence to Noorpore Junction.	5 6	Modonpur.
Entrance below Narainpore	0 0	
Thence to Noorpore Junction, 6 miles	11 0	Tiktikipara.
Thence to Jungipore, 9 miles	8 9	Taghooria.
From Jungipore to Berhampore, 47 miles.	9 6	Lali Bag.
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 50 miles.	7 3	Mojbumpur.
From Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles.	9 0	Patooli.

MATABANGHA.		
Entrance ...	5 6	
Thence to Tatarparah ...	4 0	
From Tatarparah to Hat-Bolia.	6 0	Pragpur.
From Hat-Bolia to Boalmarce.	5 6	Shampur.
From Boalmarce to Alickdeah.	8 6	Lukheepur.
From Alickdeah to Kissengunge.	14 0	Bastoopur.

JELLINGHEE AND BYRUB.		
Entrance of Byrub from the Ganges.	14 0	
Thence to Junction with the Jellinghee.	6 9	Chokgama.
From Junction of Byrub and Jellinghee to Teakatta.	7 6	Lalnagar.

From Teakatta to Nuddea 8 0 Goghatta.
Height of water on gauge at Berhampore, the 10th November 1884, above zero, 11 feet 7 inches.

G. J. R. LESSON, C.M.,

Exe. Engr., Nuddea Rivers Divn.

BURHAMPORE, the 10th November 1884.

Notice.

THE following Reports of the Bengal Meteorological Department, issued by orders by the Government of Bengal, can be supplied to the public at the prices annexed:—

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JOHN ELIOT,

Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.
Meteorological Office, Bengal, the 3rd July 1883.

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JOHN ELIOT, M.A., Meteorological Reporter
to the Govt. of Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 26th August 1875.

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
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
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NOTICE.

IN continuation of notice dated the 20th November 1877, intimating that no copies of the Calcutta Gazette or of the Bengalee Gazette will be supplied unless the subscription to the same is prepaid.

NOTICE is further hereby given that the terms for the purchase of publications from, and for all work done in, the Bengal Secretariat Press for other than Government offices, or offices under the control of Government officers, are strictly cash.

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C. W. BOLTON,

Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 7th November 1882.

NOTE.—Rate for Advertisements in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE.

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Full page, per issue ...	20
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The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1884.

CONTENTS.

	Page.		Page.
PART I.—Orders and Notifications by the Lt.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c. 1129—1152		PART IV.—Bills of the Bengal Council	Nil.
PART IA.—Orders and Notifications by the Government of India 129—131		PART V.—Acts of the Governor-General's Council assented to by the Governor-General	Nil.
PART II.—Advertisements 1799—1820		PART VI.—Bills introduced into the Council of the Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations, or published under Rule 31	Nil.
PART III.—Acts of the Bengal Council	Nil.	SUPPLEMENT No. 47	2205—2355

PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

No. 2973A.

GENERAL.—*The 11th November 1884.*—Baboo Bonomali Pramanick, Temporary Sub-Deputy Collector, Satkhira, Khoolna, is allowed leave for two months and twenty-two days, under section 72, chapter V of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 6th ultimo or any subsequent date on which he availed himself of it.

Baboo Bhobun Mohun Gupta is appointed to act as Sub-Deputy Collector of Satkhira, Khoolna, during the absence on leave of Baboo Bonomali Pramanick, or until further orders.

The late Baboo Ishree Prosad, Sub-Deputy Collector, Bettiah, Chumparun, was on leave, under section 72, chapter V of the Civil Leave Code, from the 27th June to the 16th July 1884.

The 13th November 1884.—Baboo Radha Shyam Sing, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is posted to the district of Hooghly.

The 14th November 1884.—Baboo Bemola Churn Bhattacharjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jessore, is allowed leave for one month, under section 72, chapter V of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which he availed himself of it.

The 15th November 1884.—Mr. A. W. Paul, Officiating Inspector-General of Registration, on leave, is appointed to be a Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs.

Mr. H. F. J. T. Maguire, Officiating Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 24-Pergunnahs, is transferred to the Sudder Station of the district of Jessore.

Mr. O. A. Samuells, Officiating Magistrate and Collector, Chittagong, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Magistrate and Collector of Furreedpore.

This cancels the order of the 19th September last, granting two months' privilege leave to Mr. Samuells.

Mr. H. S. Beadon, Magistrate and Collector, Dinagepore, is promoted to the second grade of Magistrates and Collectors with effect from the 11th instant, *vice* Mr. R. H. Pawsey, deceased.

Mr. A. A. Wace, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on furlough, is appointed to be a Magistrate and Collector of the third grade, with effect from the 11th instant, *vice* Mr. H. S. Beadon.

The order of the 16th ultimo, granting privilege leave for ten days to Mr. S. S. Jones, Officiating Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Deoghur, Sonthal Pergunnahs, is cancelled.

Mr. C. R. Marindin, Temporary Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is posted to the Sudder Station of the district of Monghyr.

Mr. Marindin is appointed to act until further orders in the first grade of Joint Magistrates and Deputy Collectors.

Mr. F. Wyer, Magistrate and Collector, Dacca, is allowed leave from the 19th to the 30th instant, under section 72, chapter V of the Civil Leave Code.

The 17th November 1884.—Baboo Kali Prasanna Chaudhuri, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dacca, is allowed leave for ten days, under rule 2, section 138, chapter X of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from such date as he availed himself of it.

Mr. W. Fiddian, Officiating Magistrate and Collector, Beerbhoom, is allowed leave for one month and three days, under section 72, chapter V of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 7th December next.

Mr. H. J. H. Fasson, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Burdwan, is appointed to act as Magistrate and Collector, Beerbhoom, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. W. Fiddian, or until further orders.

Baboo Annada Prosad Patack, Sub-Deputy Collector, Bankoora, is transferred to the district of Burdwan, and is posted to Sitarampore.

The 18th November 1884.—Mr. T. Inglis, Officiating Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Raneeunge, Burdwan, is transferred temporarily to the Sudder Station of the district of Bankoora.

Baboo Benode Behary Banerjee acted as Sub-Deputy Collector, Alipore, Julpigoree, from the afternoon of the 25th October to the forenoon of the 17th December 1883.

Mr. A. Manson, Magistrate and Collector, Chittagong, is allowed furlough from the 25th October to the afternoon of the 14th November 1884, in extension of that granted to him under the order of the 11th December 1883.

Mr. D. Cameron, Officiating Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bettiah, Chumparun, on leave, is transferred temporarily to the sudder station of the district of Shahabad.

The services of Mr. F. A. Slack, Officiating Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector in temporary charge of the Bettiah sub-division in Chumparun, are placed at the disposal of the Revenue Department of this Government.

Mr. W. R. Bright, Officiating Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Seetamurhee, Mozufferpore, is transferred to Chumparun and is appointed to have charge of the Bettiah sub-division of that district.

Mr. H. W. C. Carnduff, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Shahabad, is transferred to Mozufferpore and is appointed to have charge of the Seetamurhee sub-division of that district.

Mr. D. Cameron, Officiating Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Shahabad, is appointed to have charge of the Sasseram sub-division of that district.

Mr. F. H. Barrow, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dacca, is appointed to act as Magistrate and Collector of that district, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. F. Wyer, or until further orders.

Baboo Dwarka Nath Mookerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Shahabad, is transferred to the district of Sarun and is posted to Sewan.

Mr. W. H. M. Gun, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on furlough, is posted to the sudder station of the district of Rajshahye.

Baboo Khetter Mohun Mitter, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dacca, on leave, is posted to the sudder station of the district of Lohardugga.

Baboo Grish Chunder Sircar, Sub-Deputy Collector, Rungpore, was employed in the Kurigram sub-division of that district from the 14th June to the 15th July 1884, both days inclusive.

LEGISLATIVE.—*The 15th November 1884.*—With the sanction of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General, the Lieutenant-Governor appoints Moulvie Abdul Jubbar, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 24-Pergunnahs, under the provisions of the 29th, 30th and 45th sections of the Indian Councils Act of 1861, to be a member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations in the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William.

The 17th November 1884.—With the sanction of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General, the Lieutenant-Governor appoints the under-mentioned gentlemen, under the provisions of the 29th, 30th and 45th sections of the Indian Councils' Act of 1861, to be Members of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations in the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William :—

Mr. A. P. MacDonnell.

| Rai Joy Prokash Lal Bahadoor.

ECCLESIASTICAL.—*The 14th November 1884.*—The Revd. A. S. Dyer, Officiating Chaplain of St. Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, is appointed to act as Chaplain of Kidderpore and of the Presidency Jail, with effect from the 1st instant.

REGISTRATION.—*The 18th November 1884.*—Baboo Kedar Nath Majumdar is appointed to be Rural Sub-Registrar of Gowas, in the district of Moorshedabad, *vice* Baboo Krishna Ballab Roy, resigned.

EDUCATION.—*The 18th November 1884.*—The services of Mr. A. H. Mason, Officiating Professor, Government Engineering College, Howrah, are replaced at the disposal of the Public Works Department of this Government, with effect from the date on which he was relieved by Mr. J. S. Slater.

MEDICAL.—*The 14th November 1884.*—Assistant Surgeon Kali Krishna Bagchi is appointed to be House Surgeon, Ophthalmic Ward, Medical College Hospital, Calcutta.

Assistant Surgeon Ram Chunder Mozumdar is appointed to be House Physician, First Physician's Ward, Medical College Hospital, Calcutta.

Assistant Surgeon Nobin Chunder Dutt, attached to the Durbhunga Raj Hospital, held medical charge of the civil stations of Durbhunga from the afternoon of the 15th August to the afternoon of the 7th September 1884.

Surgeon-Major W. A. Gilligan acted as Civil Surgeon of Durbhunga from the afternoon of the 7th to the forenoon of the 17th September 1884.

Assistant Surgeon Amrita Lal Dass, House Surgeon, First Surgeon's Ward, Medical College Hospital, Calcutta, is appointed to have substantive charge of the sub-division of, and dispensary at, Diamond Harbour.

The 18th November 1884.—Surgeon-Major J. O'Brien, Officiating Professor of Surgical and Descriptive Anatomy, Medical College, Calcutta, is allowed leave for 14 days, under section 72, chapter V of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from such date as he may avail himself of it.

ZOOLOGICAL GARDENS.—*The 18th November 1884.*—Mr. F. Schiller is appointed to be a member of the Committee of management of the Zoological Gardens at Alipore.

MUNICIPAL.—*The 18th November 1884.*—Mr. E. S. Gubbay is appointed to be a Commissioner of the Town of Calcutta, under section 22 of Act IV (B.C.) of 1876.

ROAD CESS.—*The 17th November 1884.*—Shah Eradut Hossein is appointed to be a member of the Monghyr District Road Committee.

The following Notifications are republished from the *Assam Gazette* :—

No. 415.—*The 6th November 1884.*—Mr. A. W. Davis, c.s., Assistant Commissioner, Kamrup, is transferred to the Naga Hills and posted to Kohima.

No. 79.—Babu Umakanta Chatterji, Munsif of Maulavi Bazar, Sylhet, reported his return to duty from privilege leave in the forenoon of the 1st November 1884.

J. WARE EDGAR,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th November 1884.—Baboo Ashutosh Gupta, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Lohardugga, having passed the examination in the Munda language, in accordance with the rules laid down in Appendix V to the Departmental Examination Rules of the 21st March 1883, is authorized to draw the prescribed reward of Rs. 1,000.

J. WARE EDGAR,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

FOREST DEPARTMENT.

The 15th November 1884.—Baboo Shama Churn Chuckerbutty and Mr. J. C. Mendes are appointed to officiate as Sub-Assistant Conservators of Forests with effect from the 15th June 1884.

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 13th November 1884.—Whereas a notification dated the 15th August 1884 was published at page 863, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 20th idem, declaring the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to confirm certain bye-laws framed by the District Road Committee of Noakhally under section 180 of Act IX (B.C.) of 1880, and whereas no objections have been raised to those bye-laws, it is now notified for general information that they are confirmed.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 14th November 1884.—Whereas a notification was published at page 840, part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 13th August last, declaring the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to extend the provisions of part X of Act III (B.O.) of 1884 to the Baidyabatti municipality in the district of Hooghly, and whereas no objection has been raised to the measure within one month from the date of publication of the above notification within the municipality, the Lieutenant-Governor hereby extends the provisions of part X of the Act to the said municipality with effect from the 1st January 1885.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 14th November 1884.—It is hereby notified for general information that, in exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 86 of the Bengal Municipal Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Balasore Municipality, made at a meeting, the Lieutenant-Governor intends to sanction the levy by the Commissioners, under Section 131 of the Act, of a tax on carriages, horses, and other animals mentioned in the fifth schedule of the Act, and of a fee on the registration of carts kept or habitually used within the municipality, at half the rates mentioned in the said schedule, and in section 143 of the Act, unless good reasons are shown to the contrary within one month from the date of publication of this notification within the Municipality.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th November 1884.—The following statement of loans obtained by municipalities from Government is published for general information in accordance with Rule 18 of the Rules under the Local Authorities Loan Act, 1879.

Statement of Special Loans made to Municipalities in Bengal during the year 1883-84.

Corporation receiving loans.	Amount of loan sanctioned.	Rate of interest.	Number and date of orders authorizing the loan.	Balance of last year.	Amount advanced during the year.	Total.	Amount repaid.	Balance of loan at close of year.	Amount of interest received and credited revenue.
1) Loans to Presidency Corporations— Calcutta Municipality ...	Rs. A. P. 78,31,199 10 3	4½ percent.	Government of India, Financial Department No. 131, dated 17th April 1879 ...	Rs. A. P. 72,64,423 8 10	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. 72,64,423 8 10	Rs. A. P. 1,57,228 12 0	Rs. A. P. 71,07,194 12 10	Rs. A. 3,07,085 (
			Total ...	72,64,423 8 10	.....	72,64,423 8 10	1,57,228 12 0	71,07,194 12 10	3,07,085 (
2) Loans to Mofussil Municipalities— Burdwan Municipality...	40,000 0 0	6	Government of Bengal No. 905, dated 15th February 1873 ...	2,600 10 7	.....	2,600 10 7	2,600 10 7	.....	78 (
Arrah Municipality ...	6,100 0 0	4½	Government of Bengal No. 3865, dated 21st December 1874 ...	1,220 0 0	.....	1,220 0 0	610 0 0	610 0 0	61 1
Darjeeling Municipality	40,000 0 0	4½	Government of India, Financial Department No. 934, dated 17th February 1877...	36,704 11 0	.....	36,704 11 0	1,418 4 5	35,286 6 7	1,775 1
			Total ...	40,525 5 7	.....	40,525 5 7	4,628 15 0	35,896 6 7	1,775 1
3) Loans to District and other Local Fund Committees— Canning Municipality ...	4,50,000 0 0	.....	Government of India, Financial Department No. 1251, dated 16th March 1866 ...	4,61,100 0 0	.....	4,61,100 0 0	.....	4,61,100 0 0	.....
			Total ...	4,61,100 0 0	.....	4,61,100 0 0	.....	4,61,100 0 0	.....
			GRAND TOTAL ...	77,66,048 14 5	.....	77,66,048 14 5	1,61,857 11 0	76,04,191 3 5	3,08,860 1

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th November 1884.—Whereas a notification, dated the 22nd June 1884, declaring the intention of the Lieutenant-Governor to confirm the bye-laws, set forth below, which have been framed by the Commissioners of the Doomraon Municipality under section 313, Act V (B.C.) of 1876, was published at pages 728-730, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 2nd July last, and whereas no objection has been raised to them, it is hereby notified that, in the exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 351 of Act III (B.O.) of 1884, and on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Doomraon Municipality made at a

meeting, the Lieutenant-Governor confirms the said bye-laws and sanctions the penalties which have been provided by the Commissioners for their infringement:—

BYE-LAWS OF THE DOOMRAON MUNICIPALITY.

For regulating the disposal of offensive matter, rubbish, and dead bodies of animals.

1. Every person within whose premises any animal may die shall, within four hours after its death, or if death occurs at night, within two hours after daylight, either at his own expense, cause the carcass to be buried in the place set apart by the Commissioners for that purpose, or report its death to the Conservancy Overseer; and in such latter case shall pay to the said Overseer the expense of removing the carcass at such rate as the Commissioners may determine: provided that in cases where the said person is not the owner of the animal, and the owner is known, the owner shall alone be responsible for the payment of such expense; and such expense shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners. The Overseer when called upon shall not neglect to cause the carcass to be removed immediately or as soon as it is possible.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

For the regulation and management of privies.

2. Every owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises from which offensive matter is not removed by the said owner or occupier, shall give free access to the servants of the municipality, duly authorized by the Commissioners, to his house, lands, or premises for the removal of any night-soil or filth within such hours as shall be fixed by the Municipal Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

3. On receipt of a notice from the Municipal Commissioners, every owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises in or on which any well-privy or other noxious or improperly constructed privy may be situated, shall fill up, close, or otherwise alter the construction of the said privy as may be directed in the notice; and if the orders contained in the notice be not carried out within 15 days, the Commissioners may fill up, close, or otherwise alter the said privy, and any expense incurred in so doing shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

4. No owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises in or on which any privy may be situated shall allow night-soil or filth of any kind to flow or be discharged from such privy into any drain, watercourse, river, tank, hollow, or excavation, or any place containing waste and stagnant water.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

5. No person shall throw, deposit, or discharge any night-soil, sewage, or the contents of any drain, privy, or cess-pool into any river, tank, khal, watercourse, or receptacle for water, or dispose of the abovementioned kinds of offensive matter in any other way than as the Municipal Commissioners may from time to time direct.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

6. The Municipal Commissioners may direct the use of lime, coal-tar, carbolic acid, or other deodorants or disinfectants in any privy or premises if at any time it seems to them necessary for the preservation of health, or for the prevention of infection or spread of disease, provided that the Municipal Commissioners shall be bound to supply such deodorants at cost price; and the price shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

7. No person shall carry night-soil through the streets otherwise than in a closely covered receptacle of such description and pattern as shall be required from time to time by the Municipal Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

For regulating traffic in the streets.

8. Every carriage plying in the streets after one hour after sunset shall carry a light or lights.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

General Bye-laws.

9. No person shall steep in any river, khal, tank, or ditch within municipal limits any jute, hemp, bamboo, or other vegetable matter likely to render the water of such river, khal, tank, or ditch offensive or noxious to the neighbourhood.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5; the penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 2 daily.

10. No person shall put, or cause to be put, on any house or other building any spout or other thing intended for the conveyance and discharge of water, which shall be so placed that the water discharged therefrom shall be thrown or fall upon any public road or thoroughfare; and the Commissioners shall have power to take down and alter any such spout now in existence and to recover the cost as a debt due to the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

11. No person shall construct or place over or by the side of any public drain any bridge, platform, building, or structure of any kind, except by and with the written permission of the Commissioners, and in such manner as they shall direct.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10; the penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 8 daily.

12. If any house, wall, or other erection, or any part thereof fall upon any public highway, or into any public drain, the owner of such house, wall, or erection shall remove it after notice within the time prescribed by the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10; the penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5 daily.

13. No person shall prepare any channel or convey water by any channel across any public thoroughfare, except in such manner as shall have been first approved of by the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10; the penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 2 daily.

14. No person shall, without the written permission of the Commissioners, set up any obstruction in any nullah or watercourse, and the Commissioners may order the removal of any such obstruction on grounds of public health.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10; the penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 4 daily.

15. The owner or occupier of any part of the bank of any nullah or watercourse shall keep it free from filth, dense vegetation, or other obstruction, and shall at all times allow the Commissioners or any of their servants duly authorized to have access to such nullah or watercourse for any purpose of public conservancy.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10; the penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5 daily.

16. No person shall let loose, or cause or allow to be let loose, or allow to get loose, any diseased or worn-out animal on any highway, or into any place whence such animal can escape into any highway.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

17. No person shall throw, or cause to be thrown, into the river any corpse, or any part of a corpse (with the exception of such small portion as is required by the Shastras to be thrown into the river).

18. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in a burial ground, in a grave constructed of masonry, in such a manner that the top of the coffin, or where no coffin is used, the body, shall be at a less depth than five feet from the surface of the ground.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

19. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, in any burial ground any corpse, or part of a corpse, in a grave not constructed of masonry which shall be less than six feet deep.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

20. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, any grave in any burial ground at a less distance than two feet from any existing grave.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

21. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, a grave in any burial place in any other line than that marked out by the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

22. No grave once used shall be opened for the burial of another body without the permission of the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

23. No person shall carry a corpse, or part of a corpse, through any highway unless it be decently covered, totally concealed from public view.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

24. No person shall picket animals, or collect carts, or form any encampment upon any public ground without the permission of the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

25. No person shall be allowed to bathe or to wash in any water near a well, specially set apart for drinking purposes, within the limit of ten feet from such well.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th November 1884—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the power conferred on him by section 86 of

1. A tax under section 86(a) on carriages, and on horses, and other animals named in the fifth schedule of Act III (H.C.) of 1884 at rates not exceeding the rates prescribed by the said schedule.

2. A fee under section 86(b) on the registration of carts at a rate not exceeding Rs. 4 per annum, or Rs. 2 for half a year.

3. A water-rate under section 86(d), of three per centum on the annual value of holdings.

Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Darjeeling Municipality made at a meeting, of which due notice was given, to sanction the levy, within the limits of the said municipality, of the additional taxes and fees specified in the margin, with effect from the 1st January 1885, unless good reasons be shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notice within the municipality.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th November 1884.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the power conferred on him by section 85, Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Darjeeling Municipality made at a meeting, of which due notice was given, to sanction the imposition by the Commissioners of the Municipality of a rate, under section 85 (b) of the said Act, of ten per centum on the annual value of all holdings situated within the municipality with effect from the 1st January 1885, unless good reasons be shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notice within the municipality.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th November 1884.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the power conferred on him by section 221 of Act III (B.C.) of 1884, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Darjeeling Municipality made at a meeting, to extend the provisions of Part VII of the Act to the said municipality with effect from the 1st January 1885, unless good reasons be shown to the contrary within one month from the date of the publication of this notice within the municipality.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

ROAD CRESS.—*The 13th November 1884.*—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor intends, in the exercise of the powers vested in him by section 180 of Act IX (B.C.) of 1880, to confirm the following bye-laws which have been framed by the District Road Committee of Purneah at a meeting, unless good reasons be shown to the contrary within one month from the publication of this notification :—

BYE-LAWS.

1. No person shall damage or encroach on any part of a district road or its side ditches by taking earth from, cultivating crops, or placing a fence on it or them.
2. No person shall tether any cattle on any district road, and the owner of any cattle found tethered shall be held to have allowed his cattle to be tethered there.
3. No person shall, without the special permission of the Chairman or Vice-Chairman, cut any part of a district road.
4. No person shall wilfully destroy or damage any tree on any district road, or any fence erected for the protection of such tree, and no person shall remove or damage any post or fence erected on any district road.
5. Drivers of elephants and camels shall move off the district roads to a reasonable distance whenever they see a horse approaching.
6. Any person committing a breach of the above bye-laws shall be liable to a fine under clause 2 of section 180 of Act IX (B.C.) of 1880.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 13th November 1884.—The Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the removal of the police stations of Choria and Barwa, and the police outpost of Bamni, in the Sudder subdivision of the district of Lohardugga, from their present sites to Mandar, Chainpur and Barmu, respectively, and directs that the thanas and the outpost be called by the latter names.

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th November 1884.—The following telegram received from the Government of Bombay, dated the 11th November 1884, is published for general information :—

Telegram dated 11th November 1884.

From—Bombay.

To—Calcutta.

From—General Secretary.

To—Bengal.

Resident Aden reports that B. Quarantine Rules are enforced against arrivals from Madras because quarantine against Madras enforced at Suez.

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th November 1884.—The following candidates passed the Revenue Agents' Examination held in August 1884 :—

Division.	District.	Names.
Burdwan ...	Bankoora ...	1. Barada Prosad Goswami. 2. Lukhi Narain Addy.
Presidency ...	24-Pergunnahs ...	1. Nagendra Chundra Banerjea.
	Nuddea ...	1. Kali Das Choudhuri. 2. Nobin Mohan Lahiri.
	Khoolna ...	1. Daiba Chundra Mookerjea. 2. Lakhan Chundra Chuckerbutty. 3. Rajendra Nath Mojumdar.
	Moorsshedabad ...	1. Rajani Kant Charterjea.
Rajshahye ...	Rajshahye ...	1. Prasanna Kumar Batabyal.
	Rungpore ...	1. Shyama Charan Roy. 2. Tarak Nath Chatterjea.
	Bogra ...	1. Kadar Nath Shaha.
Dacca ...	Dacca ...	1. Janaki Nath Gangooli. 2. Krishna Bandhu Ghose.
	Backergunge ...	1. Mahima Chandra Atarthe.
	Mymensingh ...	1. Dwarka Nath Chuckerbutty. 2. Nobin Chandra Gangooli.
Chittagong ...	Tipperah ...	1. Bhagavan Chandra Dhar.
	Chittagong ...	1. Bhairab Chandra De.
	Noakahlly ...	1. Dinabundhu Banerjia. 2. Umesh Chandra Dutt.
Patna ...	Patna ...	1. Bajrang Sahai. 2. Deno Nath Sahai. 3. Hira Lall. 4. Muhammad Zahiruddin.
	Shahabad ...	1. Bhagwat Sahai, son of Sheo Sarun Sahai. 2. Bhagwat Sahai, son of Surjee Prasad. 3. Bhagwat Sahai.
		4. Muhammad Abdul Hasib.
		5. Ram Kbelawan Lal.
		6. Ram Sawaruth Lal.
		7. Shaikh Muhammad Ismail.
		8. Tilakdhari Lal.
	Mozufferpore ...	1. Beni Prasad. 2. Chaterbhuj Sahai. 3. Dhanukdhari Lal.
		4. Lal Bahadur.
		5. Muhammad Jan.
		6. Ozurut Hossain.
	Durbhunga ...	7. Wahid Hossain. 8. Zahiruddin Hossain.
		1. Adaya Prasad.
		2. Bulaki Lal.
		3. Girwardhari Lal.
Bhagulpore ...	Sarun ...	4. Gur Prasad Narain. 5. Hafiz Karim alias Taslim. 6. Jadu Nath Banerjia.
		7. Shaikh Muhammad Wajid Hossain.
		8. Sheo Sahai Singh.
		1. Hossain Reza Khan.
	Chumparun ...	2. Moorat Sahai. 3. Muhammad Aslam. 4. Ramkissen Lal.
		5. Sreckunt Prasad.
		1. Dhanookdhari Lal.
		2. Mahendur Prasad.
	Monghyr ...	1. Boondi Ram. 2. Muhammad Abdus Salam. 3. Muhammad Khan.
		4. Radhe Kissen.
		5. Sayed Muhammad Safi.
		6. Sujjad Hossain.
Purneah ...	Purneah ...	1. Hazari Lal.
		2. Muhammad Ishaq.

Division.	District.	Names.
Orissa	Cuttack	1. Ganeswar Mahanti.
		2. Rajkishore Mahanti.
	Balasore	1. Dwarkanath De.
		2. Karuna Kumar Shahu.
Chota Nagpore...	Lohardugga	3. Kashi Chandra Bose.
		1. Lala Parus Nath.
		2. Thakur Dip Narain.

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th November 1884.—Under section 4 of Act VII of 1871 (the Indian Emigration Act) the Lieutenant-Governor approves the appointment of Mr. F. Delamare, Emigration Agent for Mauritius, to act as Emigration Agent for Trinidad, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. O. W. Warner.

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 17th November 1884.—Under the power conferred upon him by section 1 (2) of the Land Improvement Loans Act, No. XIX of 1883, the Lieutenant-Governor, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, directs that the said Act shall come into force in the Lower Provinces from the 1st December 1884.

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 17th November 1884.—Under the powers conferred upon him by section 10 of the Land Improvement Loans Act, No. XIX of 1883, the Lieutenant-Governor, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, is pleased to make the following rules for the working of the Act:—

1. Loans under these rules will be made from such sums as the local Government may from time to time allot to the Board of Revenue.

2. Commissioners will submit, by the 15th October of each year, an estimate of the requirements for loans under the Act for each of the districts of their divisions for the ensuing financial year; and when orders thereon are received from Government and an allotment is made, the Board will distribute as funds are available. It will be in the power of Commissioners to divide the sum so allotted among the districts of their divisions at their discretion, and to transfer assignments from one district to another, but expenditure in the division must be kept within the amount assigned.

3. In these rules Collector has the meaning defined for it by the Act.

4. Subject to the provisions of these rules, the Collector may sanction loans not exceeding Rs. 1,000 for purposes specified in the Act, provided the district allotment must not be exceeded without the sanction of the Commissioner of the division. Loans exceeding Rs. 1,000 require the sanction of the Commissioner, and exceeding Rs. 5,000 the sanction of the Board. In such cases the Commissioner or the Board may call for such detailed plans and estimates, or for such professional opinion on the project, as may seem necessary.

5. Applications for loans may be presented to any revenue officer, of or above the rank of a Canoongoe or Sub-Deputy Collector, for transmission to the Collector.

6. The application shall be made in writing as nearly as possible in the annexed Form A.

7. The Collector shall either make a local enquiry himself, or cause one to be made by a revenue officer not below the rank of a Canoongoe or Sub-Deputy Collector, for the purpose of ascertaining the particulars mentioned on the reverse of form A.

8. (a) When the applicant's interest in the land to be improved is sufficient to cover the loan, no collateral security need be required. (b) When the sureties are a body of village residents who bind themselves jointly and severally as provided in section 9 of the

Act, their personal surety shall be sufficient. (c) In all cases not covered by clause (a) or clause (b) of this rule, immoveable property shall be hypothecated by the applicant as collateral security.

9. Repayment shall be by half-yearly instalments. The date of the first instalment shall not exceed two years from the date of the loan, and shall, in cases in which such a principle is applicable, be fixed with reference to the time when the improvement will begin to yield a return.

10. The date of the last instalment shall not ordinarily exceed ten years from the date of the loan, the amount of the instalments being fixed, in cases in which such a principle is applicable, with reference to the annual profit expected to accrue from the improvement. With the sanction of the Board of Revenue, the time for repayment may in special cases be extended to 20 years.

11. If the proposed improvements fall within the provisions of section 11, clause (2) of the Act, and the security offered is good and sufficient, the Collector may, on completion of the local enquiry, sanction the loan himself, if empowered to do so. Otherwise he shall forward the application with his report to his superior officer for disposal.

12. If the loan be sanctioned, the applicant shall be required to sign a certificate in the annexed Form B, and, when his interest in the land to be improved is not sufficient to cover the loan, to execute, together with his sureties, if any, a bond in the annexed Form C or Form D as the case may be.

13. A copy of the certificate shall be given to the applicant, and payment of the loan shall be made at the district or sub-divisional treasury on its presentation.

14. (i) The rate of interest shall be one anna in the rupee, or $6\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. per annum.

(b) But the local Government may for special reasons, and on special application through the Board of Revenue, sanction a loan at a lower rate of interest or without interest.

(c) If any instalment of principal or of interest, or of consolidated principal and interest, is not paid when it falls due, the Collector may, if he thinks fit, charge interest on it at any rate not exceeding $6\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. per annum from the date of its falling due to the date of payment.

15. The repayment of the loan shall be made in accordance with the table in annexed Form E, which shows the amount of equal half-yearly payments necessary to re-pay a loan advanced with interest at $6\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. per annum for any number of years from one to twenty.

16. The dates for payment of instalments shall usually be the dates fixed for payment of the land revenue.

17. Instalments may be suspended by order and at the discretion of the Collector on proof of failure of crops or other exceptional calamity. The Collector shall report the suspension through the Commissioner to the Board of Revenue, who shall pass such orders on the case as may seem proper.

18. The Collector shall make provision for the inspection from time to time of works undertaken under the Act. In all cases the work shall be inspected within one month after the expiration of the time within which completion was directed in the certificate.

19. If at any time it is proved to the satisfaction of the Collector that any part of the loan has been misapplied, he may, after recording in writing the grounds of his decision, and subject to the control of the superior revenue authorities, proceed to recover the whole amount of the loan with such interest as may have become due thereon.

20. When any portion of a loan made under these rules is found to be irrecoverable, a special report shall be made to the Board of Revenue.

21. The Board of Revenue shall regulate the forms of all returns, registers and accounts relating to loans under the Act.

Form A of application.

Name, residence, &c., of applicant.	Amount of loan required.	Nature of security, whether personal or otherwise.	Nature of proposed improvement.	Situation of the land.	Applicant's rights in the land.	Proposed dates of repayment.

Applicant's signature.

Particulars to be filled in by inspecting officer.

(Reverse of form A.)

- I.—Mehal, field number, area of land to be improved ... }
- II.—Status of applicant, i.e. proprietor or tenant. }
If a tenant, and the landlord's consent is }
required, whether the landlord objects ... }
- III.—Security—
(1) If the land itself, the value of the }
applicant's interest in it ... }
(2) If personal, the names and status of }
the co-sureties ... }
(3) If property other than the land itself, }
its nature, value, and extent of pre- }
existing encumbrances, if any ... }
- IV.—The improvement—
(1) Its estimated utility and value ...
(2) Objections, if any, of third parties ...
(3) Probable date on which it will begin }
to yield profit ... }
- V.—Repayment—
(1) Suitable date for first instalment with }
reference to IV (3) ... }
(2) Proposed instalments and period of }
repayment ... }
- VI.—Date or dates on which the loan or instal- }
ments of it should be received by the }
applicant ... }

Recommendations of inspecting officer.

B.

CERTIFICATE GRANTED UNDER THE LAND IMPROVEMENT LOANS ACT, 1883.

To son of of

1. On production of this certificate the aforesaid is entitled to receive from the Collector of the following sums, on the dates noted against them, as a loan to be expended on (here describe clearly the nature of improvement) the land specified in the margin.

Date	amount.
Date	amount.
&c.	&c.
&c.	&c.

2. The conditions relating to the making and repayment of this loan are as follows:—

(a).—That it, with interest thereon, shall be repayable on the dates and by the amount specified below:—

Date	Principal	Interest	Total
"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"

(b).—That it shall be applied solely to the purpose specified above, and that if it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Collector that any part of the loan has been misapplied, the whole amount of the loan shall, with such interest as may have become due thereon, be deemed to at once become due.

These clauses to be used only when needed.

(c).—That unless (here enter any conditions as to the period or periods appointed for completing the work) the work has been completed by (date) the loan shall be held to have been misapplied.

(d).—That for the repayment of the loan with any interest due on the same, the immoveable property specified in the margin is, in addition to the land on which the improvement is to be made, hypothecated to Government.

(e).—That if any instalment is not paid on the due date, the whole amount of the loan shall be deemed to at once become due.

Signature of Collector.

I have understood and agreed to the aforesaid terms and conditions.

Signature of Certificate-holder.

FORM C.

Security Bond to be used when Applicant proffers Personal Security.

WHEREAS has on received from the Collector of
a certificate under the Land Improvement Loans Act, 1883, in virtue of which he is entitled
to receive the aggregate sum of Rs. as a loan from Government, we hereby agree that
if the said shall fail to comply with the terms on which the loan has been granted,
either by misapplying the same or by failing to pay any instalment on the date fixed for its
payment or any interest that may be due, we will be jointly and severally liable to Govern-
ment for such sum not exceeding as may be necessary to make good the amount
which in consequence of his default he may have become liable to pay.

FORM D.

Hypothecation Bond to be used when immoveable property is proffered by Collateral Surety.

WHEREAS has on received from the Collector of
a certificate under the Land Improvement Loans Act, 1883, of , in virtue of which
he is entitled to receive the aggregate sum of Rs. as a loan from Government; and
whereas security for the due application of the loan, and for the punctual repayment of the
same, according to the terms of the certificate, is demanded from him, I hereby mort-
gage to Government the immoveable property mentioned in the schedule below as a collateral
security, and agree that if he fails to comply with the terms on which the loan has been
granted, either by misapplying the same or by failing to pay any instalment on the date
fixed for its payment, it shall be lawful for the Collector to recover from the said property
such sum as may be necessary to make good the amount which, in consequence of
failure to comply with the conditions of the certificate, may be due from me.

FORM E.

Equal half-yearly payment necessary to repay capital advance with interest at 6½ per cent.

Amount of loan.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
50	25'172	13'4916	9'2813	7'180412	5'89897	5'0607	4'464108	4'018608	3'67398	3'39075
100	52'344	26'9831	18'5626	14'320823	11'79793	10'1213	8'928216	8'037330	7'34792	6'79940
200	104'088	53'0662	37'1252	28'641646	23'59586	20'2420	17'856132	16'074672	14'60384	13'50808
300	157'032	80'0403	55'6878	42'962460	35'39379	30'3039	26'784649	24'112008	22'04376	20'39847
400	209'376	107'9324	74'2504	57'283202	47'10172	40'4852	35'712864	32'146344	29'39108	27'19796
500	261'720	134'9155	92'8130	71'804115	58'98970	50'8070	44'041080	40'186080	36'78060	33'99750
600	314'064	161'8986	111'3756	85'021038	70'78758	60'7278	53'660206	48'224016	44'08752	40'78694
700	366'408	188'8817	129'0382	100'245701	82'68551	70'8491	62'407512	56'261352	51'43544	47'50643
800	418'752	215'8048	148'5008	114'560584	94'38344	80'0704	71'425728	64'288088	58'78386	54'39502
900	471'096	242'8479	167'0634	128'887407	106'18137	91'0017	80'353944	72'336024	66'18128	61'19541
1,000	523'440	269'8310	185'6260	143'208230	117'97930	101'2130	89'282160	80'373860	73'47020	67'99490

Amount of loan.	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
50	3'1706	2'00226	2'83729	2'70554	2'5924	2'49422	2'400	2'3331	2'26039	2'20705
100	6'3531	5'08452	5'67457	5'41107	5'1847	4'98814	4'817	4'6602	4'52279	4'41410
200	12'7062	11'96904	11'34014	10'82214	10'3094	9'7688	9'261	8'7324	8'2258	7'7382
300	19'0593	17'95356	17'02371	16'23321	15'5541	14'96532	14'451	13'9986	13'59837	13'2423
400	25'4124	23'93808	22'69828	21'64428	20'7389	19'95370	19'308	18'6048	18'13116	17'6564
500	31'7660	29'92260	28'37200	27'05540	25'9240	24'94220	24'099	23'3310	22'60300	22'0705
600	38'1180	35'90712	34'04742	32'46642	31'1082	29'93064	28'902	27'9973	27'19674	26'4846
700	44'4717	41'80164	39'72190	37'87740	36'2820	34'91908	33'710	32'6634	31'72953	30'8987
800	50'8248	47'87016	45'39056	43'28856	41'4770	39'90752	38'496	37'2296	36'26232	35'3128
900	57'1779	53'88608	51'07113	48'69908	46'6623	44'89506	43'353	41'9958	40'79611	39'7369
1,000	63'5310	59'84520	56'74670	54'11070	51'8870	49'88440	48'170	46'6620	45'32790	44'141

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th November 1884.—It is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the power conferred on him by section 38, Act IV (B.C.) of 1871, as amended by Act II (B.C.) of 1879 and Act I (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor approves and confirms the following bye-laws, which have been framed for the town of Gurbetta, in the district of Midnapore, with the assent of the Health Officer of the town appointed under the Act for the management of all matters necessary for the due enforcement of the Act within the said town of Gurbetta.

BYE-LAWS UNDER SECTION 37, ACT IV (B.C.) OF 1871 FOR THE TOWN OF GURBETTA, IN THE DISTRICT OF MIDNAPORE.

PART I.

On the appointment and constitution of a Committee to aid in carrying out the provisions of Act IV (B.C.) of 1871 in the town of Gurbetta.

THE provisions of this Act shall be carried out by a Committee consisting of three official and three non-official members appointed for that purpose by Government.

2. On the 1st of March in each year the Sub-Divisional Officer shall nominate the members to serve on the Committee during the ensuing official year, and shall report the nomination for the sanction of the local Government.

3. In the event of the death, removal, or resignation of any member of the Committee during his year of office, an official member shall be succeeded by the successor to his appointment or any other official; and in the case of a non-official member, his successor shall be appointed by the remainder of the Committee.

PART II.

Rules for the conduct of business.

4. The Committee shall meet for the transaction of business in the office of the local Sub-Registrar or Honorary Magistrate, who is the Chairman of the Committee, on the 15th of each month, or, if that date fall on a Sunday or holiday, on the next succeeding open day, provided that it shall be lawful for the Chairman to call a meeting at any other time during the month, recording his reasons for doing so.

5. Notice of every meeting shall be issued to the members by the Chairman three clear days beforehand.

6. No question shall be decided at any meeting unless its substance has been included in the notice prescribed in Rule 5.

7. Every question shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the event of an equal division, the Chairman shall have a casting vote.

8. The proceedings of every meeting shall be recorded in a book to be kept by the Chairman for the purpose.

PART III.

On the receipt and disbursement of moneys under the Act.

9. On the 15th October of each year a budget of the probable receipts and expenditure of the ensuing financial year, together with the opening and closing balances, shall be submitted to the Magistrate for the sanction of Government.

10. It shall be competent for the Committee, subject to the orders of Government, to transfer sums from one item of the budget to another, provided that the total expenditure be not exceeded, and provided that an annual review of the same be submitted to the Commissioner.

11. In forming every annual estimate an amount not exceeding Rs. 25 per cent. shall be reserved for emergent contingencies, such as a sudden outbreak of cholera and sickness, and necessity for employment of extra and special establishment.

12. At the close of every year the Chairman shall submit a report on the working of the Act during the year, showing the works of improvement and conservancy carried out and a detailed account of the receipts and expenditure during the year and the balance in hand at its close. The report should be submitted through the District Magistrate and the Commissioner to Government.

PART IV.

13. If any person shall carry night-soil or other offensive matter through the town otherwise than in a closely covered receptacle, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

14. The Committee shall open a register of the sweepers engaging for various parts of the town, specifying the name or names of the sweepers engaging for each part and responsible for its cleanliness, and shall supply each sweeper with a metal ticket bearing his number painted on it, and the section of the town to which he is attached, the spots fixed under section 24 of the Act, in which they are bounded to deposit dirt, and any other detail that may seem necessary. Any sweeper neglecting to remove night-soil from any part of the quarter for which he is responsible once in twenty-four hours shall be liable for each mission to a fine not exceeding Re. 1.

15. If any person shall bury, or allow to be buried, within the limits of the town of Gurbetta night-soil or other offensive matter, or leave it within the premises occupied by him beyond such time as may be fixed by the Magistrate, he shall be liable to a fine which may extend to Rs. 20, provided that this penalty shall not extend to manure heaps until notice to remove them have been issued by the Health Officer. The Chairman of the Committee may issue notice ordering any person to remove any offensive matter that may be buried on the premises occupied by him within a specific term. Any person neglecting to comply with such notice shall be liable to a daily fine not exceeding Rs. 2 from the date of the expiry of notice.

16. If any person shall dispose, or cause to be disposed of, within the limits of the town of Gurbetta any corpse, or part of a corpse, otherwise than by burning or burying it at or in some burning or burial ground, specially set apart for that purpose, fixed, by the Chairman of the Committee with the assent of the Health Officer, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

17. Any person allowing land or premises occupied by him within the limits of the town of Gurbetta to be used as a camping place for cattle or carts or any beasts of draught or burden shall be bound to permit such premises to be inspected by the Health Officer or Chairman of the Committee, or any officer they may depute, and shall be liable to any penalty provided for any infringement of the laws or bye-laws committed on his premises.

18. Whoever shall offer for sale fish unfit for food, or shall offer for sale any fish in any part of the town except in places notified by the Magistrate, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

PART V.

Miscellaneous.

19. At each monthly meeting of the Committee one or more members shall be appointed to supervise the working of the Act during the calendar month next following.

20. The remarks and orders of the working member or members for each month, and the remarks of inspecting officers, shall be entered in the minute book prescribed in Rule 7.

21. Every lodging-house keeper taking out a license under this Act shall provide himself with a copy of the Act, and with a printed copy of the notice prescribed in section 14, which notice shall be in the form shown in appendix A of these bye-laws.

22. The register referred to in section 15 of the Act shall be in the form shown in appendix B of these bye-laws.

23. There shall be hung up in each compartment of a lodging-house a board on which shall be legibly written in Uriya, Hindustani, and Bengali the dimensions of such compartment and the number of lodgers it can properly accommodate, and this board shall bear the signature of the Health Officer.

24. Every lodging-house or hotel-keeper shall be bound, on requisition by the Health Officer, to provide himself with tickets or tokens bearing consecutive numbers, and to furnish each of his lodgers with one of such tickets or tokens.

25. For the purpose of this Act the year shall be considered to commence from 1st April, and all licenses shall run from that date.

APPENDIX A.

Form of Notice under Section 14.

Lodging-house	...	...	...	... No.
Proprietor or (Manager)	...	...	...	... A. B.
Licensed to accommodate	...	...	...	... —Lodgers.

Signature.

APPENDIX B.

Form of Inspection Register under Section 15.

Date of inspection and name of inspecting officer.	Number and name of lodging-house.	Result of inspection.	Orders by Magistrate or Health Officer.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st October 1884.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to make the following Port and Pilot rules for the Port of Chittagong. They will take effect from the 1st November 1884.

The Port of Chittagong, and the navigable river and channels leading thereto, having, with the sanction of the Governor-General of India in Council, been declared subject to the provisions of Act XXII of 1855, have become subject to Act XII of 1875 (the Indian Ports Act) in accordance with the provisions of section 3 of the latter Act.

The limits of the said Port of Chittagong are as follow:—

To the north-east,—a line drawn across the river Karnafuolee from the boundary pillar at the mouth of the Chaktai nulla to the boundary pillar on the opposite bank of the said river.

To the south,—a line drawn from Jooldia flagstaff to Patunga beacon.

These limits include so much of the river Karnafuolee and the shores thereof as lie within fifty yards of high-water mark at ordinary spring tides.

The limits of the navigable river and channels leading to the said Port of Chittagong are as follow:—

To the north-east,—the Port of Chittagong as above defined.

To the south,—a line drawn west from Norman's Point light-house.

To the north,—the port as defined above, and from Patunga beacon a line drawn due west seaward.

To the west,—a line drawn parallel to a line between Patunga beacon and Norman's Point light at a distance of four miles.

To the east,—the south bank of the Karnafuolee river between Jooldia and Norman's Point light-house.

All parts of the river Karnafuolee between the said limits and below high-water mark at ordinary spring tides are subject to the said Act.

Port dues shall be levied at the following rates once in 60 days in the Port of Chittagong:—

Balam boats of 10 tons and upwards, 1 anna for every ton of burthen.

All other sea-going vessels of 10 tons and upwards, 4½ annas for every ton of burthen.

Port Rules.

The following Port Rules are hereby promulgated for general information and guidance:—

Rule I.—Within 24 hours after arrival within the limits of the port, the master should report to the Port Officer the arrival of his vessel, which shall be put into moorings or shall take up such berth as may be appointed by the Port Officer, from which she shall not be removed (except in case of emergency) without the sanction of the said officer. Every vessel shall change her berth when required by the Port Officer to do so.

Rule II.—Every vessel lying within the limits of the port shall be moored and shall keep a clear hawse.

Rule III.—Unless moored head and stern, no vessel within the port, or in the navigable channel leading thereto, shall lie close to the shore, or shall in any way obstruct the passage of boats inshore.

Rule IV.—Every vessel in moorings shall use her bower chain for her stern moorings, or such other chain that may be approved of by the Port Officer, who, in case of approaching bad weather, may have the same changed or doubled at his discretion.

Rule V.—Every vessel within the port shall rig in her jib and driver booms, and, if required to do so, take in all boats hanging at the davit as soon as she has moored, and shall so retain them, unless otherwise authorized by the Port Officer.

Rule VI.—Every vessel entering the port between the 15th day of May and 15th day of November shall send down her top-gallant yards, and have mast ropes rove ready to send down her top-gallant masts at short notice on receiving instructions from the Port Officer.

Rule VII.—No ballast shall be discharged from shipboard, or landed from boats, or taken from the shore or river banks within the port and its approaches without the previous sanction of the Port Officer, who may appoint ballast guards to supervise the work.

Rule VIII.—Vessels of less than 12 feet draught, proceeding up or down the river, are prohibited from anchoring in the fairway.

Rule IX.—All vessels anchored in the stream within the port and its approaches shall exhibit between sunset and sunrise, where it can be best seen, but at a height not exceeding 20 feet above the hull of the vessel, a white light in a globular lantern of eight inches in diameter, and so constructed as to show a clear, uniform and unbroken light, visible all round the horizon, at a distance of one mile. Vessels under weigh at night shall show the lights prescribed by the Board of Trade Regulations.

Rule X.—All ballams, cargo-boats, bhurs, and budgerows, when under weigh after dark within the port, shall carry a white light in a lantern in the forepart of the vessel, where it can be distinctly seen.

Rule XI.—Except in cases of emergency, no vessel shall be moored, or unmoored, and no hawsers and warps shall be left out between sunset and daybreak.

Rule XII.—Vessels fouling buoys, tide-gauges, or any other plant of the port, shall report the same to the Port Officer in writing without delay, stating the time and manner of occurrence. Violation of this rule will render the master or the vessel liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 100.

Rule XIII.—Every vessel of a draught of 12 feet and under shall anchor on the shoal side of the river, or, off town, from below the pier on the south side of the river, and from Goshaldanga to Domacolly on the eastern side of the river, and below Domacolly to Gooptacolly on the northern side of the river, and keep in a line so as not to obstruct the navigation of the river in any way. Vessels will also keep on board a crew not less than the following scale according to their tonnage set forth below, viz.—

	Men.
Vessels of 100 tons and under	3
„ of 100 to 199 tons	4
„ of 200 „ 299 „	5
„ of 300 „ 499 „	6
„ of 500 „ 699 „	7
„ of 700 and upwards	10

Rule XIV.—Vessels shall not anchor in fairway off the bar, or on the bar, and any vessel so anchoring shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 100 for every day or portion of a day on which she may remain in the fairway or on the bar.

Rule XV.—No vessel dropping up or down the river shall anchor in the fairway unless she be of heavy draught or of great length. Any vessel on the move or waiting the next tide shall sheer out of the channel and anchor as far out of the fairway as she can do without risk.

Rule XVI.—Vessels occupying moorings or using the heave-up boat will be subject to the undermentioned charges:—

	Rs.
Occupying moorings, per diem ...	6
Occupying swinging buoys ...	3
For mooring at or unmooring from the fixed fore-and-aft moorings with the use of heave-up boat on each occasion ...	16
For mooring at or unmooring from swinging moorings with the use of heave-up boat on each occasion ...	10
Harbour Master's fee for mooring or unmooring a vessel on Sundays and holidays ...	10
Use of heave-up boat for assisting a vessel, per diem ...	32
Running out anchors for vessels on shore, or going on the hard, to clear bottom on each occasion ...	32
Use of Government hawser, per diem ...	10
Shifting a vessel's berth for the convenience of the owners ...	16
Vessels occupying the jetty head for loading or discharging cargo other than salt, per diem ...	20
Vessels occupying the jetty head for loading or discharging salt, per thousand maunds ...	10
Salvage on anchors and cables, per cwt. ...	3-8

Rule XVII.—No person, unless authorized by the Port Officer, shall creep or sweep within the port for anchors, cables, or other stores lost, or supposed to be lost, therein.

Rule XVIII.—Any sampan, cargo-boat, or other vessel going alongside an arriving steam-vessel before she is anchored, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 100.

Rule XIX.—The Port Officer, or any one deputed by him, shall not be interfered with in the execution of his duty.

Rule XX.—No vessel shall use any of the moorings, whether fixed or swinging, without permission of the Port Officer.

Rule XXI.—All applications to be hauled into, or cast off from, the moorings, or for any other assistance, shall be made either personally or by letter to the Port Officer. Applications will, as far as possible, be complied with in order according to date of receipt.

Rule XXII.—Storm signals will be only used within the limits of the Port of Chittagong to give notice to the shipping and general public of the early approach of a severe cyclone with its attendant storm-wave. The following are the storm signals which will be used within the limits of the port. They will be hoisted on the flagstaff yard-arm at Sudder ghât and on the Joodia flagstaff yard-arm on receipt of instructions from the Meteorological office.

A ball indicates that a severe cyclone, of which the centre is in the neighbourhood of Akyab, will probably advance towards Chittagong.

1. Day warning signal.



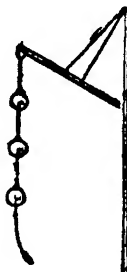
A drum indicates that a severe cyclone with its attendant storm-wave is approaching Chittagong.

2. Day danger signal.



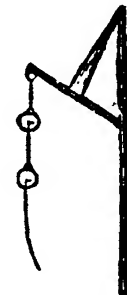
Three lights in a vertical plain indicate that a severe cyclone, of which the centre is in the neighbourhood of Akyab, will probably advance towards Chittagong.

3. Night warning signal.



Two lights in a vertical line indicate the early approach of a severe cyclonic storm and its attendant storm-wave to the Port of Chittagong.

4. Night danger signal.



Rule XXIII.—Vessels lying in the stream or at the moorings shall at all times have at least one anchor at the bow, with a cable bent and ranged ready to let go. Vessels with no spare hawse pipe for cables shall have a good hawser bent ready for letting go.

Rule XXIV.—Every ship or vessel within the port shall remove any anchor or spar, or other object projecting from her side, when ordered to do so.

Rule XXV.—No person shall smoke or use naked lights of any description in the hold or between-decks of any vessel lying in the port. Closed lanterns, secured by lock and key, and in charge of an officer of the vessel, shall alone be taken between-decks or into the hold.

Rule XXVI.—Fires shall be permitted only in galleys or fire-places regularly constructed for the purpose; such fires to be kept alight only between daybreak and 9 p.m. Fires for cooking shall not be allowed on board of vessels in dock.

Rule XXVII.—With a view to the extinction of fires, all vessels in port shall be provided with three buckets for every hundred tons of registered measurement up to 600 tons, and two additional buckets for every 100 tons above 600: provided that the total number of buckets shall not be required to exceed 50 in any vessel. One-half of such buckets shall be left constantly hung up on the quarter-deck or other convenient place.

Rule XXVIII.—When fire has broken out in any vessel, the officers in charge of all vessels in neighbouring moorings or anchorage shall furl their awnings, get their force-pumps ready for use, and prepare for slipping their cables and chains, seeing specially that the pins of the shackles can be immediately knocked out.

Rule XXIX.—No vessel shall lie at single anchor in the port unless a pilot or assistant harbour master is on board; and a fee of Rs. 10 per diem will be charged for his services.

Rule XXX.—All vessels about to leave the port shall hoist the Blue-Peter at the fore at least twenty-four hours before leaving the moorings, and shall keep it hoisted until the pilot takes charge of the vessel to take her to sea.

Rule XXXI.—No vessel shall steam, sail, or be towed up on the flood or down on the ebb within port limits except with the permission of the Port Officer.

Rule XXXII.—River steamers and tug steamers having no vessels in tow are permitted to move up on the flood, or down on the ebb, at their own risk and at a speed sufficient to keep the vessels under command; but in no case shall the speed exceed four miles an hour through the water.

Rule XXXIII.—For the use of the Government Launch Fire-engine, a charge of Rs. 50 will be made for every twelve hours and part thereof.

Rules for Pilots in the Port of Chittagong.

I.—Pilots in charge of inward-bound vessels are directed to hoist the vessel's number, and, if salt laden or from dutiable ports, are to have the ensign hoisted at the main-mast head for the information of the Customs Inspector, Jaldia.

II.—A pilot on taking charge of an inward-bound vessel shall, immediately on boarding her, hoist his distinguishing number, and hand over to the master of the vessel the following papers:—(1) Port Rules, (2) Pilotage Rules, (3) Medical Inspection Rules, (4) Customs Regulations. If any case of cholera, small-pox, or other epidemic disease common in India is on board he shall at once report the fact to the Port Officer, stating the number of cases, and shall await orders before taking up any anchorage in the harbour.

III.—A pilot detained on board at Jaldia will, in the event of the captain refusing to take steam, report the matter to the Port Officer and await orders.

IV.—The pilot shall not give over charge of his vessel in the river unless she has been moored or he has been relieved by a harbour master or other officer authorised to take charge.

V.—Pilots on arrival off town shall state the time of arrival, the vessel's name, the place where she has been left, and, if moored, with how much chain each way. This information is to be entered in a book kept at the Port Office for that purpose.

VI.—Every pilot shall on arrival report to the Port Officer the number of pilots on the station, and also any alterations he may have observed in the river on his way up.

VII.—No pilot shall take charge of an outward-bound vessel without an order signed by the Port Officer, or proceed unless the vessel has obtained her customs clearance. If the vessel is to take steam, he should not break ground without satisfying himself that the tug is engaged to take the vessel to sea, or to remain by her till the vessel is outside the Outer Bar.

VIII.—The pilot shall ascertain that the vessel has two serviceable bower anchors, and if she has not a sheet or spare anchor fit for a bower over her side, that she has one in such a position on deck that it can easily be brought into use in case of necessity. Also that a kedge with line ready bent be on deck and ready for immediate use.

IX.—If a pilot appointed to take a vessel to sea during neaps considers her draught too much, and that it would involve a risk and responsibility which he is unwilling to take, he should at once communicate the fact to the master and report to the Port Officer, for orders, fully explaining his grounds of objection.

X.—If after a pilot joins a vessel he finds that she is of larger draught than she was reported to be, or that she takes in any cargo that alters her draught, he will at once report the matter to the Port Officer and await orders.

XI.—Pilots are on no account to cross the bar between sunset and sunrise, on pain of dismissal, without the permission of the Port Officer in writing, the cost of lighting the buoys being defrayed by the ship concerned.

XII.—A pilot shall not relinquish charge of a vessel unless on account of sickness or other unavoidable necessity. If he is in any way impeded in the performance of his duty, he should report the circumstances to the Port Officer, and, if necessary, anchor the vessel.

XIII.—Pilots shall attend the Port Office daily, and shall not leave town without permission from Port Officer being previously obtained.

XIV.—Until further orders, pilots shall be guided by the following rules as to the draughts

of vessels to be moved either up or down, in or out:—

- (a)—They may move a vessel in or out without steam at a draught of 18 feet, and with steam to any reasonable draught.
 (b)—Vessels of 275 feet length and upwards shall not be brought up above Moiscally without permission from Port Officer, to whom her length and draught must be reported in writing.

XV.—No pilot on his way up or down the river, and not employed on any special duty, shall pass a vessel having a pilot signal flying without boarding her and ascertaining why she is without a pilot, and if required shall take charge of her, and take her on her way and stop by her until she can be left in safety.

XVI.—Masters are requested to report when there appears to have been any unnecessary delay in getting the pilot on board.

XVII.—If a vessel loses an anchor or anchors, the pilot shall immediately submit a report to the Port Office. The report should be attested by the master of the vessel, and to enable the Port Officer's Department to identify the lost articles, it shall indicate accurately the following particulars:—

- (1)—Locality of the loss.
 (2)—Bearings of known objects.
 (3)—Description, weight, and distinctive marks of anchors.
 (4)—Description and quantity of cable.

XVIII.—Should a vessel ground, collide with any vessel or buoy, or meet with any casualty while under weigh or at anchor, the pilot shall, on the first opportunity, forward to the Port Officer a report in writing of the occurrence, containing the following particular:—

- (a)—Locality of the accident
 (b)—Bearings of any known object in view.
 (c)—The vessel's draught of water.
 (d)—The time of tide.
 (e)—Hour of the day the accident occurred.
 (f)—Manœuvre the pilot was executing or attempting to execute.
 (g)—The damage, if any, sustained.
 (h)—The time the vessel was on shore.
 (i)—Quantity of water made by the vessel.

XIX.—Pilots, before leaving a vessel, shall obtain a certificate from the master as to how he has performed his duty, and present the same to the Port Officer on arrival.

XX.—Pilots, whilst in town, should daily inspect carefully the channel and the river-book kept at the Port Office.

XXI.—If the pilot considers himself aggrieved by any conduct on the part of the master of a vessel, he shall transmit his complaint in writing to the Port Officer for his consideration and orders.

XXII.—Masters or agents are requested to give at least 24 hours' previous notice when a pilot is required to shift or take a vessel to sea or for any other purpose, to enable the Port Officer to send for pilots from the mouth of the river, if required.

XXIII.—The cutter with pilots shall cruise in the day backwards and forwards from the Outer Bar buoys to off the mouth of the Sangoo river during the south-west monsoon, weather permitting, and shall remain day and night on her station, viz. three miles outside the Bar buoys during the north-east monsoon. The senior pilot on board will be held responsible should any complaint be made owing to delay being incurred in getting, or putting on, or taking a pilot out from a vessel.

XXIV.—The sanctioned pilotage charge is as follows:—

Draught in feet.	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
In or out	30	36	42	50	60	70	80	95	110

Draught in feet.	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
In or out	125	140	160	180	205	230	260

When the draught exceeds by more than six inches any depth here provided for, the next foot of draught shall be charged for.

For every foot, or part of a foot, exceeding six inches above 23 feet, an additional sum of Rs. 32 will be charged. Three-fourth rates will be charged for steamers and vessels towed by steam.

XXV.—In every case in which the services of a port pilot are not used, and the vessel is piloted by a person specially licensed to pilot in the Chittagong river, half the sanctioned charge for pilotage shall be paid.

XXVI.—All persons specially licensed to pilot in the Chittagong river shall be subject to the control of the Port Officer in regard to their pilotage work.

H. H. RISLEY,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]
 NOTIFICATION.

The 31st October 1884.—In accordance with the provisions of section 20 of Act IV (B.C.) of 1880 the Lieutenant-Governor directs the publication of the following proposed amendment of Bye-law No. 1 of the Bye-laws for the Inland Vessels' Wharves:—

Present Bye-law.

1. With the exception hereinafter noted, no vessels not being sea-going vessels, shall land or ship any goods at any wharf on the east bank of the river Hooghly between the northern boundary of the port and the Government Dockyard at Kidderpore, except at the wharves duly notified by the Port Commissioners under section 64 of Act V (B.C.) of 1870.

Proposed Bye-law.

With the exception hereinafter noted, no vessels, not being sea-going vessels, shall land or ship any goods at any wharf between the northern boundary of the port and the Government Dockyard at Kidderpore on the east bank, and between the East Indian Railway premises and Shalimar Point on the west bank, except at the wharves duly notified by the Commissioners under section 64 of Act V (B.C.) of 1870.

H. H. RISLEY,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th November 1884.—The following Notice to Mariners is published for general information.

H. H. RISLEY,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, GENERAL (MARINE) DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—(No. 62.)

BAY OF BENGAL.

BURMA COAST—ARAKAN.

KYOUK PHYOU HARBOUR.

Black buoy marking Dicey Shoal.

With reference to this Department Notice to Mariners No. 51, of the 15th September 1884, relative to the breaking adrift of the *black* buoy marking the North side of Dicey shoal, entrance to Kyouk Phyou harbour, the Port Officer, Akyab, notifies that the buoy was replaced in its original position on the 13th October 1884.

By direction of the Government of Bengal,

ARTHUR W. STIFFE, Captain, I.M.,

Port Officer of Calcutta.

PORT OFFICE, Calcutta, the 31st October 1884.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, GENERAL (MARINE) DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.—(No. 63.)

BAY OF BENGAL.

BURMA COAST—ARAKAN.

KYOUK PHYOU HARBOUR.

Buoy marking the boundary of the Port.

Notice is hereby given by the Port Officer of Akyab, that a *buoy* has been laid in 13½ fathoms, at low water ordinary spring tides, a quarter of a mile North of the iron jetty, in order to mark the boundary of the Port of Kyouk Phyou.

Note.—Vessels coming to an anchorage can safely anchor inside this buoy in 11 fathoms of water.

By direction of the Government of Bengal,

ARTHUR W. STIFFE, Captain, I.M.,

Port Officer of Calcutta.

PORT OFFICE, Calcutta, the 31st October 1884.

DECLARATION.

The 13th November 1884.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for making a rifle-range for the East Indian Railway Volunteers in the village of Buldi, pergunnah Sherghur, zillah Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, measuring 3 bighas 13 cottahs and 11 chittacks of standard measurement, is required within the aforesaid village of Buldi, bounded on the north by Buldi Danga, Moorali Ghose, Heeroo Kharait, Sham Chowkidar, Distoo Kharait, Gonesh Ghosh, Nulla, and Bepin Ghosh's land; on the east by Beny Madhub Mookerjee's land; on the south by Bepin Ghosh, Sham Chowkidar, Gonesh Ghosh, Bissu Kharait, Heeroo Kharait and Moorali Ghosh's land; and on the west by Buldi Danga and Barakar river.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

H. H. RISLEY,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 13th November 1884.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a rifle-range for the East Indian Railway Volunteers in the village of Mahatahdi, pergunnah Sherghur, zillah Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, measuring 1 bigha 8 cottas and 10 chittacks of standard measurement, is required within the aforesaid village: bounded on the north by Beny Madhub Mookerjee, and Bolie Mahato's land; east by Bolie Mahato's land and Purulia road; south by Bolie Mahato and Beny Madhub Mookerjee's land; and on the west by Bipin Ghosh's land.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

H. H. RISLEY,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 14th November 1884.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Municipality for a public purpose, viz. for widening the new road which connects Amherst Street with Fakeer Chand Mitter's Street, in the town of Calcutta, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose pieces of land Nos. 54, 55 and 56, Amherst Street, and No. 18, Fakeer Chand Mitter's Street, measuring more or less 1 cottah 6 chittacks and 20 square feet only, situated in the town of Calcutta, district 24-Pergunnahs, are required, the boundaries of which are as follow:—

Portion A marked on plan.—On the north by the new road; on the south by premises Nos. 54, 55 and 56, Amherst Street; on the east by No. 49, Amherst Street (the land belonging to Government); and on the west by Amherst Street.

Portion marked B on plan.—On the north by the new road; on the south by premises No. 18, Fakeer Chand Mitter's Street; on the east by Fakeer Chand Mitter's Street; and on the west by No. 49, Amherst Street.

A plan and specification of the lands required are filed in the office of the Municipal Commissioners for public inspection.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2972A.

The 11th November 1884.—The gentlemen named below are appointed to be Honorary Magistrates for the Bally Bench, in the district of Howrah, and are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the 3rd class:—

Baboo Sricharan Mookerjee.	Baboo Kedar Nath Mookerjee.
„ Gopal Chunder Gangooli.	„ Dino Nath Ghose.
„ Ganga Kaut Bhaduri.	„ Haran Chunder Mookerjee.
„ Abinash Chunder Gossami.	„ Ghunesham Mookerjee.

The 12th November 1884.—The undermentioned gentlemen are appointed to be Honorary Magistrates for the regular Bench at Gurbetta in the Midnapore district, and are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class:—

Baboo Dwarkanath Bhattacharjee,	Baboo Shyam Lall Mitter.
B.L.	„ Iswar Chunder Banerjee.
„ Suresur Chatterjee.	„ Ajodhya Nath Chatterjee.

The 13th November 1884.—Baboo Radha Shyam Sing, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Hooghly, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

The 15th November 1884.—Mr. A. W. Paul, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 24-Pergunnahs, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the first class, and with the power to try summarily the offences mentioned in section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Mr. C. R. Marindin, Temporary Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Monghyr, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the first class, and with the power to try summarily the offences mentioned in section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

The 17th November 1884.—Baboo Nolini Nath Mittra, Munsif of Manickgunge, Dacca, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a court up to the value of Rs. 50, within the local limits of his jurisdiction.

Baboo Annada Prosad Pattack, Sub-Deputy Collector, Sitarampore, Burdwan, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

The 18th November 1884.—Baboo Satya Charan Ganguli, B.L., is appointed to act as a Munsif in the district of Beerbhoom, and to be ordinarily stationed at Dubrajpur, during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Gopi Nath Banerjee, or until further orders, with effect from the date on which he joined his appointment.

Baboo Jugal Kishore De, B.A., B.L., is appointed to act as a Munsif in the district of Backergunge, to be ordinarily stationed at Bursial, during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Tara Prosunno Ghose, or until further orders, with effect from the date on which he joined his appointment.

Mr. W. H. M. Gun, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Rajshahye, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the first class, and with the power to try summarily the offences mentioned in section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Baboo Khetter Mohun Mitter, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Lohardugga, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

GRANT OF LEAVE TO MUNSIFS.—*The 11th November 1884.*—Baboo Gopi Nath Banarji, Munsif of Dubrajpur, in the district of Beerbhoom, is allowed leave for three months, under section 128, chapter X of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the afternoon of the 8th November 1884.

The 17th November 1884.—Baboo Pran Krishna Biswas, Second Munsif of Mulfatgunge in the district of Fureedpore, is allowed leave for twenty days, under rule 1, section 73, chapter V of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

J. WARE EDGAR,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th November 1884.—Under the provisions of section 7 of the Indian Registration Act III of 1877, the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the establishment of an office of Joint Sub-Registrar in the sub-district of Putiya in the district of Chittagong, with headquarters at Boalkhali. The Joint Sub-Registrar will exercise concurrent jurisdiction with the Sub-Registrar of Putiya. This notification will take effect on and from the 1st December 1884.

J. WARE EDGAR,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th November 1884.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor has sanctioned the removal of the police outpost of Mowpore, in the Serajgunge sub-division of the Pubna district, to the village of Belkuchi, with effect from the 7th April 1884.

J. WARE EDGAR,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 5th November 1884.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the site of a pound in the village of Gowaladih, pergunnah Bhagulpore, zillah Bhagulpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 6 cottahs 12 dhoors of standard measurement, bounded on the north by a lane leading to the busti; east by the dry Humrah pond; south by the bastu land or hut of Panchupasi; west by public road, is required within the aforesaid village of Gowaladih.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

J. WARE EDGAR,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT—BENGAL.

The 17th November 1884.

No. 413.—*Posting.*—With reference to notification No. 400, dated the 1st instant, Mr. J. A. Devenish, Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, is posted to the Darjeeling Division.

No. 414.—*Transfer.*—Mr. W. C. Boyce, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, Class III of Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is transferred from the Northern Bengal to the Dacca and Mymensing State Railway.

No. 415.—The services of Mr. A. H. Mason, Assistant Engineer, 1st grade, are temporarily placed at the disposal of the Railway Branch for employment on the Benares Cuttack Surveys.

RAILWAY.

The 17th November 1884.

No. 416.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required by Government for a public purpose, viz. building staff-quarters attached to the Bengal Nagpore Railway, in the village of Dishergor, pergunnah Shergor, zillah Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, measuring more or less 62 bigahs 10 cottahs 13 chittacks of standard measurement, is required within the aforesaid village of Dishergor. The boundaries of the land are as follows:—

On the north by Equitable Coal Company's patit danga and Shashi Bhusan Mukhopadhyaya and others' land; on the south by Equitable Coal Company's patit danga and Doba

and Naba Bauri and Kuraram Hazra's land ; on the east by Equitable Coal Company's Doba and Shashi Bhusan Mukhopadhyay, Gopal Chandra Mazoomdar and Lukhi Narain Muntle's land ; and on the west by Equitable Coal Company's land jote Padu Sardar and others.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

The 18th November 1884.

No. 417.—The following notification issued by the Government of India, Public Works Department, is republished for information :—

No. 283, dated 11th November 1884.

The following promotions and reversions are made in the Railway Branch of the Public Works Department :—

Name.	From	To	Date.	Nature of promotion.
Mr. B. Baxter	Executive Engineer, third grade, <i>sub. pro. tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, fourth grade.	1st October 1884.	
„ R. S. J. Routh	Executive Engineer, fourth grade, temporary.	Assistant Engineer, first grade.	2nd October 1884.	
„ G. F. Lamb	Assistant Engineer, first grade.	Executive Engineer, fourth grade.	9th October 1884.	<i>Sub pro tem.</i>

S. T. TREVOR, Colonel, R.E.,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 9166, dated 11th November 1884.—Surgeon W. Beatson made over charge of the Jessore Jail to Surgeon J. B. Gibbons on the afternoon of the 5th October 1884.

M. S. EMERSON, for Offg. Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal.

Sheriff's Office, the 29th October 1884.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Sixth Criminal Sessions of the year 1884 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the first day of December next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Sessions be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Sessions be present then and there to prosecute.

H. W. I. WOOD, Sheriff.

সরিক আফিস সম ১৮৮৪ সাল তারিখ ২৯শে অক্টোবর।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে শ্রবে বাঙ্গালার কোর্ট উইলিয়ম বর্গের অধীন শহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের কোর্টদারী বিচার সম্প্রদায় আগামী সম ১৮৮৪ সালের ১লা ডিসেম্বর সোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্যন্ত সেলিয়ামের কার্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময় কলিকাতার হাই কোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সম ১৮৮৪ সালের বর্ড জুরিমেন সেলিয়াম বসিবেক এবং এডওয়ার্ড প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্ত কোন কার্যের বিরুদ্ধে কোর্টদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহার উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া যোকদমা করে ইতি।

এইচ: ডবলিউ: আই: উড, সরিক।

ECCLESIASTICAL.

THE Reverend George Ledwell Taylor, M.A., of Trinity College, Dublin, Chaplain, has been appointed by the Lord Bishop of Calcutta a Surrogate in the Diocese for granting episcopal license of marriage.

A. B. MILLER, Registrar of the Diocese.

DIOCESAN REGISTRY OFFICE, the 14th November 1884.

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICES.

UNDER section 14, Act XI of 1865, notice is hereby given that, subject to the orders of Government, the Judge of the Court of Small Causes of Pubna will hold his sittings in the said Court on Tuesday every week from December next.

WOOMA CHURN DUTT, *Offg. Judge.*

PUBNA SMALL CAUSE COURT, the 13th November 1884.

UNDER section 14, Act XI of 1865, it is hereby notified that the Judge of the Courts of Small Causes of Kooshtia, Meherpore and Chooadanga will, subject to the orders of Government, hold sittings in the month of December 1884, on the dates noted below, Sundays and holidays excepted:—

From	1st to 13th December 1884	...	* ... Khoostia.
"	14th to 21st " "	...	... Meherpore.
"	22nd to 29th " "	...	... Chooadanga.
Again	" 30th and 31st " "	...	... Kooshtia.

PORESH NATH BANERJEE, *Offg. Judge.*

KOOSHTIA SMALL CAUSE COURT, the 11th November 1884.

TREASURY NOTICE.

UNCOVENANTED DEPUTY COLLECTOR MR. W. H. MACKENZIE is placed in charge of the Lohardugga treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

J. F. K. HEWITT, *Commissioner.*

EDUCATIONAL NOTICE.

THE Law Department of the Presidency College will be abolished, by order of the Government of Bengal, on the 1st of January 1885.

CHARLES H. TAWNEY, *Principal, Presidency College.*

PRESIDENCY COLLEGE, the 22nd October 1884.

NOTIFICATION OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE.

No. 1119B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Twelfth Sale of Opium, the Provision of 1881-82 and 1882-83, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall-street, on Tuesday, the 2nd December 1884, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,800 chests, viz.—

	Chests.
Opium manufactured at the Patna Factory, consisting of 5 chests of 1881-82, 50 chests of 74° of 1882-83 (tin-lined), and 1,745 chests of 75° 1882-83 of which 50 chests are tin-lined; in all	1,800
Opium manufactured at the Ghazee-pore Factory, consisting of 1,700 chests of 70° of 1882-83, of which 100 chests are tin-lined, and 300 chests of 75° of 1882-83, in all	2,000
Total	3,800

2nd. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 27th November 1883, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3rd. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 8th and 17th December 1884, respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room will be received after 3-30 P.M. of Monday, the 8th December 1884, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 3-30 P.M. of Wednesday, the 17th December 1884.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

C. E. BUCKLAND, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L.P., FORT WILLIAM, the 27th October 1884.

NOTICE.

NARAN RAM having after due notice failed to pay the rent due for the Golah leased to him, the Government claims will be satisfied by the sale of about 4,000 maunds of Linga Kurkutch salt by public auction under the provisions of section 101 of Act VIII of 1878.

The sale will take place at noon of the 21st instant, at the office of the Superintendent; Preventive Service, at the Custom-house, where samples can be seen.

J. S. ARMSTRONG, *Collector of Customs.*

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, *the 17th November 1884.*



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1884.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India, &c.

[Reprinted from the Gazette of India.]

The following Extraordinary issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, is republished for general information:—

J. WARE EDGAR,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.—PUBLIC.

Calcutta, the 18th November 1884.

No. 1902.—The Right Honourable Sir Frederick-Temple Hamilton-Temple, Earl of Dufferin, K.P., G.C.B., G.C.M.G., P.C., F.R.S., D.C.L., Viscount and Baron Clandeboye of Clandeboye in the County of Down, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom, Baron Dufferin and Clandeboye of Ballyleidy and Killyleagh, County Down, in the Peerage of Ireland, and a Baronet, is expected to arrive at Aden on or about December 2nd, and at Bombay on the 9th idem, to assume the Office of Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

The Resident at Aden will receive Lord Dufferin with all the honours and distinctions which are due to the Viceroy of India.

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay will make arrangements, in communication with the Naval authorities, for the landing and reception of Lord Dufferin at Bombay with all the honours and distinctions which are due to the Viceroy of India.

An Aide-de-Camp of the Viceroy will proceed to Bombay to attend upon Lord Dufferin throughout his journey from Bombay to Calcutta.

One of the principal civil officers of each Government or Administration will be deputed to meet Lord Dufferin as he enters the limits of such Government or Administration, and will remain in attendance upon His Lordship until he passes beyond those limits.

At the railway stations at which halts are made for rest and refreshment, Civil and military officers will be in attendance. There will also be a Guard-of-Honour upon the platform.

Should Lord Dufferin make any stay at Allahabad, His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces will make all arrangements, in communication with the Military authorities, for His Lordship's reception in a suitable manner.

At stations between Bombay and Howrah, other than those mentioned in the two preceding paragraphs, the attendance of officers is dispensed with.

Proper police precautions will be taken at all the stations along the line at which the train stops.

Upon Lord Dufferin's arrival at the Howrah terminus of the East Indian Railway, His Lordship will be received by the Secretaries to the Government of India and by the Military Secretary and Aides-de-Camp to the Viceroy.

The following officers will also be in attendance upon the Howrah Railway platform:—

The Commissioner of Burdwan.

One of the Secretaries to the Government of Bengal.

The Brigadier-General Commanding the Presidency District, with the District Staff.

The Commissioner of Police and Chairman of the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta.

The Sheriff of Calcutta.

The Magistrate of Howrah.

A Guard of Honour of Native Infantry will be drawn up at the Howrah terminus.

Lord Dufferin, attended by his personal staff, by the Secretaries to the Government of India, by the Military Secretary and Aides-de-Camp of the Viceroy, will proceed to Government House in the Viceroy's carriages escorted by the Body Guard.

The line of route will be lined throughout by troops under the orders of the Brigadier-General Commanding the Presidency District.

A Royal Salute will be fired from the ramparts of Fort William as the cortège appears upon the Hooghly Bridge.

A Guard of Honour of British Infantry and a Guard of Honour of the Calcutta Volunteer Rifle will be drawn up opposite the grand entrance of Government House.

Lord Dufferin will be received as he alights from the carriage at the foot of the grand staircase by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal attended by his personal staff.

All the Civil and Military officers of Government at the Presidency will be in attendance upon the grand staircase of Government House. Consular Officers and other representatives of Foreign Governments at Calcutta, and all non-official gentlemen, are invited to be present upon the grand staircase.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General, attended by his personal staff and the Members of the Governor-General's Council, will receive Lord Dufferin at the top of the grand staircase, and will conduct his Lordship to the Throne-room.

Shortly afterwards, Lord Dufferin will proceed with the Members of the Governor-General's Council to the Council Chamber, where His Lordship's Commission from Her Majesty the Queen-Empress will be read by the Home Secretary.

A Royal Salute will then be fired from the ramparts of Fort William in honour of Lord Dufferin upon his assumption of the Office of Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

The troops may then be withdrawn.

Full dress will be worn by all officers, Civil and Military, on this occasion, and evening dress by all gentlemen not entitled to wear uniform.

The date and hour of Lord Dufferin's arrival at Howrah will be notified hereafter.

By Order of His Excellency the Viceroy and
Governor General of India in Council.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, are republished for general information.

J. WARR EDGAR,
Offg Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATIONS.—PUBLIC.

Simla, the 10th November 1884.

No. 1861.—Under the provisions of section 9 of the Statute 24 and 25 Vic., cap. 67, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that His Excellency's Council shall assemble at Calcutta in the jurisdiction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

The 13th November 1884.

No. 1877.—With reference to Home Department Resolutions Nos. 26-963, dated the 19th July 1883 (paragraph 5), and No. ³¹₁₃₃₆₋₄₅, dated the 23rd August 1884, it is hereby notified that the examination prescribed for the filling up of vacancies in the clerical establishments of the Secretariat Offices of the Government of India and the Departments directly attached thereto will be held at Calcutta, in the Senate House of the Calcutta University, and at Ailahabad and Lahore, at the places to be appointed by the Governments of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh and the Punjab, respectively, on Tuesday, the 13th January 1885, and following days. The hours of examination will be from 10 A.M. to 1 P.M. and from 1-30 P.M. to 4-30 P.M. daily.

The probable number of vacancies to be competed for is 30 in the Lower Division. There will be no examination for the Upper Division.

Candidates should pay the prescribed fee (Rs. 10) into the nearest Treasury, and forward the Treasury receipt to the Secretary to the Board of Examiners. Candidates paying their fees in Calcutta should pay them into the Bank of Bengal.

Application for permission to appear at the examination should, as directed in the Home Department Resolution of the 19th July last, be made to the Secretary to the Board of Examiners, Calcutta, between the 1st and 15th days of December next (inclusive).

The attention of intending candidates is called to paragraphs 7 and 8 of the Resolution of 19th July last, prescribing the particulars* and documents which should accompany the application for permission to appear at the examination.

* (1) Evidence that the candidate is not less than 18 and not more than 24 years of age.
(2) A certificate that the candidate is of good moral character from the head of the Institution in which he has last been educated, or (when a year or more has elapsed since his education terminated) from some respectable householder, to whom he is well known in private life, and who is himself personally known to the head of some Government Office; this last fact being certified by the countersignature of the officer in question.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Foreign Department is republished for general information.

J. WARE EDGAR,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.—INTERNAL.

Simla, the 10th November 1884.

No. 4130I.—With reference to Foreign Department Notification No. 7D.C.P., dated the 1st January 1877, His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to recognise as hereditary the title of "Maharaja" thereby conferred as a personal distinction upon Rajkrishna Singh, Raja of Susang, in the Mymensingh District, Bengal.

H. M. DURAND,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department are republished for general information.

J. WARE EDGAR,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Simla, the 14th November 1884.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

No. 612.—His Excellency the Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the formation of a Volunteer Corps at Dacca, to be designated the

DACCA VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

The Corps will be under the orders of the Honorable the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 613.—*Dacca Volunteer Rifles*—

Frederic Wyer, Esq., c.s., to be Captain-Commandant.

G. CHERNEY,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1884.

PART II. Advertisements.

[N.B.—Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this part of the Gazette, cannot be received after Noon on Monday.]

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Beerbhoom will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 10th day of January 1885, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of September 1884.

Class of mehal.	Number of estate.	Towji number.	Name of pergunnah and mehal.	Name of proprietor.	Government revenue.	Amount of arrear.	REMARKS.
First class	118	118	Pergunnah Khstanga, mehal Chormura.	Shekh Jalaluddin Mahmed, Ram Jadab Sarkar, Habibur Rahman, Shekh Shakha Uddin Mahmed.	Rs. A. P. 655 3 0	Rs. A. P. 0 8 0	The entire mehal will be put up to sale.
Ditto	207	207	Pergunnah Kutabpa, mehal Kirnabar.	Ram Doyal Bhattacharji, Raghu Nath Bhattacharji, Bara Mataogini Deb, Jagadis Chandra Chatterji, Kalidas Bhattacharji, Gopi Nath Bhattacharji, Tara Sundari Debya, Ram Taran Bhattacharji, Tares Chandra Bhattacharji, Iswar Chandra Bhattacharji, Nrisinha Chandra Bhattacharji, Sahachari Dasya, Hara Krishna Roy, Rampriya Debya, Prasanna Mayi Debya, Chota Tares Chandra Bhattacharji.	783 11 0	2 1 6	Ditto ditto.

Beerbhoom Collectorate, the 21st October 1884.

W. FIDDIAN, Offg. Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Purneah will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on 2nd day of December 1884, corresponding with 18th of *Aghran* 1292 B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of September 1884.

Towji number.	Name of estate to be sold.	Name of proprietor.	Government revenue.	Demand.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1228	Khunti Kadamgachi, pergunnah Surjapur	Amritanath Jha	1,404 0 0	57 12 0

Collector's Office, Purneah, the 27th October 1884.

A. WEEKES, Collector of Purneah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Rungpore will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 23rd day of December 1884, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 6th day of October 1884.

Towjee number.	Name of mehal and pergunnah.	Name of proprietor.	Sudder jum-mah.	Amount of arrears.	REMARKS.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
96	Daud mouza Chakleh Kazirhat.	Durga Moyee Dashya	003 4 1	128 14	
137	Ramnagar mouza Chakleh Kazirhat.	Sondamini Dashya	1,341 15 1	334 11 1	
228	Khamar Kursaogyrha, pergunnah Pyraouada.	Khajeh Enatullah Chowdhury, Nozumuddin Khan Chowdhury, Jasimanneen Chowdhurannee.	2,505 14 11	130 13	Excepting the shares of Khajeh Enatullah Chowdhury and Nozumuddin Khan Chowdhury, of which separate accounts have been opened and the sudder jummas of which are Rs. 1,098 5-0 and Rs. 587-5-2 respectively.

Rungpore Collectorate, the 30th October 1884.

H. J. NEWBERRY, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates, in the district of Hooghly, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 22nd day of December 1884 for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of September 1884.

Number of mehal.	Name of mehal and pergunnah.	Names of defaulting proprietors.	Sudder jumma.	Amount in arrear.	REMARKS.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
9	First class permanently settled estate Dowlatpur, Pergunnah Pandua.	Shaik Aolad Bux Molla and others	1,132 0 2		
		Deduct 155, 10k. of land of village Sitolla, belonging to Kusam Kumari Dasse, whose sudder jumma is ...	5 4 0		
		Also deduct 1a. 12p. share of land of Gangadhar Kar in mouzah Sitalla including Pati Bagandanga and Mirapara, whose sudder jumma is ...	42 14 0		
		Also deduct 6a. 6p. share of land in mouzaha Nij Dowlatpur alias Stripala and Bag Moidan, belonging to Girish Chandra Kar, whose sudder jumma is ...	103 0 0		
		Also deduct 2a. 3k. 1k. of land of Biressur Sen, manager to the estate of minor Abdool Salem, whose sudder jumma is ...	44 7 0		
		of which separate accounts have been opened. Total ...	195 0 0		
10	Ditto, Radhakantobati, Pergunnah ditto.	Balance due from Shaikh Aolad Bux Molla and others, of which no separate account has been opened ...	836 7 2	28 2 9	This portion of the estate will be sold for this arrear.
		Kailash Chandra Nandy and others	624 11 11		
		Deduct 505, 16k. 1p. of land in villages Jamgram and Mooqtikry belonging to Hajee Ashaluddy Mistry, whose sudder jumma is ...	24 14 0		
		Also deduct 125, of land in village Deypara belonging to Hajee Ashaluddy Mistry, of which a separate account has been opened ...	2 10 0		
38	Ditto, Sankhali, Pergunnah Balia.	Balance due from Kailash Chandra Nandy and others, of which no separate account has been opened ...	27 8 0	16 8 0	Ditto.
		Monohur Mukherji and others	597 3 11		
		Of this 1 anna 12 gandas share of Kali Das Deb, Manager to the estate of Girja Nath Roy Chaudhuri and others, for which the revenue payable is ...	1,014 13 0	0 3 11	Ditto.
56	Ditto, Champahati, Pergunnah Pandua.	Of this a separate account has been opened—A. Ahada Bibi and others	606 7 2	21 14 0	Ditto.
67	Ditto, Gurbary, Pergunnah Chawanaba.	Grish Chandra Sing Roy and others	2,695 14 0		
		Of this 16 annas share of two mauzahas Gurbary and Harirampur, belonging to Chandra Kanta Sing, whose sudder jumma is ...	692 2 9	110 0 0	Ditto.
		Of this a separate account has been opened—B. Rama Nath Goswami and others	726 0 3		
		Deduct 5 annas share of Anondo Mowee Debee, executrix to the estate of minor Kash Bihari Roy, whose sudder jumma is ...	226 14 0		
		Also deduct 3 annas share out of 5 annas 6 pie share of the three mauzahas Kismat Nasibpur, Boidyabatty and Abhirambati belonging to Haro Chandra Banerjee, the sudder jumma is ...	82 3 0		
		Also deduct 3 annas 6 gandas 2k. 2hts. share of Prasad Das Goswami, the revenue of which is ...	151 4 0		
		Of which separate accounts have opened. Balance due from Rama Nath Goswami and others, whose sudder jumma is ...	460 5 0		
153	Ditto, Mallickbati, Pergunnah Boro.	Of this no separate account has been opened. Popin Bihari Goswami and others	265 11 3	33 5 0	Only this portion of the estate will be sold for this arrear.
		Of this 4 annas share of Radhika Prasad Goswami and others, the sudder jumma of which is ...	2,968 0 8		
181	Ditto, Haripur Ayma, Pergunnah Chaumba.	Of this a separate account has been opened—A. Satyadoyal Banerjee and others	742 0 0	39 14 0	Ditto.
		Deduct 345 bighas of mouzah Mohostikry belonging to Naool Kinsore Jiu Thakoor Sobayet, Khetter Nath Sil, whose sudder jumma is ...	851 3 2		
		Of which a separate account has been opened. Balance due from Satyadoyal Banerjee and others, whose sudder jumma is ...	133 1 0		
		No separate account has been opened. Chandra Nath Banerjee, and others	728 2 2	11 11 6	Ditto.
3637	Ditto, Jolekul, Pergunnah Chutipore.	Satyadoyal Banerjee, and others	510 10 7	52 15 3	
3691	Ditto, Setpur, Pergunnah Amirabad.	Of this 2 annas 13 gandas 1k. 1kt. share of Rajkristo Banerjee, whose sudder jumma is—C ...	575 9 11		
		Of this a separate account has been opened. Mr. A. B. Miller, Receiver of the High Court, Calcutta, to the estate of Debendro Nath Deb Bahadur, and others ...	86 0 0	23 12 0	This portion of the estate will be sold for this arrear.
		Deduct 5 annas share of Drojo Nath Srimoney, the revenue of which is ...	726 4 8-1		
		Of this a separate account has been opened. Balance due from Mr. A. B. Miller, Receiver of the High Court, to the estate of Debendra Nath Deb Bahadur and others ...	227 1 0		
		Of which no separate account has been opened. Amrito Nath Sen and others	480 3 8-1	34 1 0	Ditto.
1791	Ditto, Guptiparah, Pergunnah Mondalghat.	Balance due from Durga Narayan Sen, on account of 6 annas 8 gandas share, the revenue of which is ...	765 0 0		
		Of this a separate account has been opened. And also due from Amrito Nath Sen, on account of 1 anna 12 gandas share, the revenue of which is ...	306 0 0	238 12 9	These two shares were sold on the 18th September 1884, and the purchaser deposited only the earnest money but defaulted to pay the balance. The deposit has therefore been forfeited to Government. The sale is now to be made at the risk of the first purchaser.
		Of which no separate account has been opened.	78 8 0	59 11 3	

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6 of Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Mootshedabad will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 18th December 1884, corresponding with the 4th Pous 1291 B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as the arrears of revenue due in Kist September 1884.

Number of class.	Nature of estates.	Towji number.	Names of mehals and pergunnahs.	Names of proprietors.	Government revenue.	REMARKS.
1.	1st class	80	Kismut mouzah Kodla Kabichandrapore, pergunnah Dayanagore.	Kristokinkur Roy and Provabati Dasgaya, mother and guardian of minor Krista Prasad Roy.	Rs. A. P. 1,195 3 0	The ijmall 8 annas share of Kristokinkur Roy, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 597-9-6, will be sold after exclusion of separated 8 annas share of Provabati Dasgaya, mother and guardian of minor Kristo Prasad Roy, arrears being Rs. 75-11-1.
2	ditto	229	Kismut mouzah Pakorhanah, pergunnah Barbaksinha.	Harradhu Goswami, Ram Nrisinha Mustafi, Pitambari Dasgaya, Upendra Nath Mustafi, Jagatmohini Dasgaya, mother and guardian of minors Tara Prasanna and Satyakinkur Mustafi, Behari Lal Thagore, Shebait of Mahaprobhu Thagore.	739 0 11	The entire estate will be sold. Arrears being Rs. 1-6-10.
3	ditto	307	Kismut mouzah Bezparah, pergunnah Chumakhal.	Kaji Fuzle Ullah, Kaji Herasat Ullah, Kaji Mansur Ahmad, Khankar Jan Ali, and Khankar Mahmood Abdul Hawk, Nasira Bibi, Masuda Bibi, Muhammad Isafi, Jinnor Rohaman, Mofatunnessy Bibi, and Ataharanessa Bibi.	506 0 0	The entire estate will be sold. Arrears being Rs. 105-5-1.
4	ditto	354	Kismut pergunnah Mahalandi, pergunnah Mahaludi.	Krista Prasanna Ghose, Ram Prasanna Ghose, Radha Prasanna Ghose, Lakshminoni Dasgaya, mother and guardian of minor Shyam Prasanna Ghose, and Lakshminoni Debya.	795 2 9	The entire estate will be sold. Arrears being Rs. 4-12-5.
5	ditto	380	Kismut taraf Matiparah, pergunnah Muraripore.	Brojo Lal Roy Bondopadhyaya, Gauri Prasad Mitra, and Ananda Kant Bhattacharya.	1,383 5 9	The entire estate will be sold. Arrears being 4 annas.
6	ditto	403	Kismut mouzah Rajbari, pergunnah Behorole.	Kumar Rakmini Bullub Roy, Shebait of Brindavan Behari Deo Thagore.	2,373 5 5	The entire estate will be sold. Arrears being Rs. 377-9-5.
7	ditto	465	Kismut mouzah Saktipore, pergunnah Plassy.	Baidya Nath Mukhopadhyaya, Sasisundari Debya, Achut Nath Mukhopadhyaya, Kumudini Debya, mother and guardian of minors Spish Chunder and Gour Hari Mukhopadhyaya, and Hara Dhun Bondopadhyaya.	2,403 10 3	The ijmall 10 as. 11 gds. 4 dantis share of Hara Dhun Bondopadhyaya and others, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 1,585-11-7, will be sold after exclusion of separated 6 as. 8 gds. 3 ks. 2 dantis share of Baidya Nath Mukhopadhyaya and Sasi Sundari Debya, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 817-14-8. Arrears being Rs. 682-5-9.
8	2nd class	558	Kismut chur Gota, pergunnah Sumakhal.	Tripura Sundari Debya, mother and guardian of minor Debendra Narayan Roy, Ram Lal Roy, Rameswar Roy, and Sita Nath Roy.	737 5 0	The entire estate will be sold. Arrears being Rs. 80-3.
9	1st "	2751	Kismut taraf Amungun, pergunnah Asadagora.	Trailokyanath Sarkar	1,066 6 3 Road fund. 10 10 8	The entire estate will be sold. Arrears being Rs. 329-15-11. Road fund Rs. 32.
10	2nd "	2758	Kismut chur Mirzapore, pergunnah Plassy.	Jugut Tarini Debya	1,725 8 0	The entire estate will be sold. Arrears being Rs. 600.

Berhampore, the 5th November 1884.

H. FARRER, Officiating Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs will be held at public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 22nd December 1884, corresponding with the 8th Pous 1291 B.S., for the recovery of arrears of revenue which were due up to the kist ending 28th September 1884.

Permanently-settled estates.

Number on the towji.	Name of estate.	Name of pergunnah.	Name of recorded proprietors	Sudder jumma	REMARKS.
5	Kismut Angarbaria and others.	Magura	Sri Nath Roi Choudhuri and others.	Rs. A. G. 2,717 3 104	
145	Madura, mouza Bonhugli and others.	Calcutta	Koballya Nath Biswas and others.	21,196 13 8	Exclusive of the 14 annas 8 gundas share of the estate in respect of which separate accounts have been opened. Only the joint share of one anna and twelve gundas of the estate, bearing a revenue demand of Rs. 2,119-11, from which Rs. 988-8-114 is due up to the kist joint 1291 B. S., will be put up to sale.
147	Kismut Bowata and others.	Ditto	Ditto	3,087 9 9	Exclusive of 8 annas share in respect of which separate accounts have been opened. Only the joint share of annas eight of the estate bearing a revenue demand of Rs. 1,896-12-104 from which Rs. 892-6-44 is due up to kist joint 1291 B. S. will be sold.
609	Taraf Bena and others.	Balia	Roy Surendro Nath Choudhuri and others.	6,077 12 9 including police charge.	Only the 4 annas share of the estate for which a separate account has been opened under section 10, Act XI of 1859, with Roy Surendro Nath Choudhuri and others, as bearing No. 1 of 609 at an annual sudder jumma of Rs. 1,511-15-24 including police charge will be put up to sale for the recovery of Rs. 7-14-62 due up to kist Bhadro.
1534	Taraf Bantra and others.	Moyada	Bhupendro Narain Dutta and others.	14,681 6 4	Only the share of 3 annas 3 gundas 3 kowris and 2 krantis for which a separate account has been opened under section 10, Act XI of 1859, with Surath Kumari Dasai and others as an annual su der jumma of Rs. 2,932-7-4 will be put up to sale for the recovery of Rs. 133-2-3 due up to kist Bhadro 1291 B. S.

24-Pergunnahs Collectorate, the 5th November 1884.

C. C. STEVENS, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the District of Pubna will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on Monday, the 15th day of December 1884, corresponding with 1st Pous 1291 B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th September 1884.

Serial number.	Number on district revenue roll.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Names of recorded proprietors.	Amount of sudder jumma.	Amount of arrears due.	REMARKS.
1	74	Taruf Malanchi, Pergunnah Sinduri.	Bindoo Bashini Choudhury and others.	Rs. A. P. 1,634 12 0	Rs. A. P. 21 13 0	In this mehal separate accounts have been opened under Act XI of 1859. The share of Bindoo Bashini Deba, with a sudder jumma of Rs. 76-10, will be first sold.
2	115	Taraf Bharara, Pergunnah Bajuras Nazirpur.	Mohobutnessa Bibi and others.	2,750 13 0	106 1 0	Separate accounts have been opened in this mehal under Act XI of 1859. The share of Mohobutnessa Bibi and others with a sudder jumma of Rs. 1,540-13 will be first sold.
3	124	Pergunnah Bajuchappa, ditto ditto.	Bijoy Gohind Choudhury and others.	2,889 10 0 Police 6 6 0	156 1 0	Separate accounts have been opened in this mehal under Act XI of 1859. Only the share of Bijoy Govind Chowdry with a sudder jumma of Rs. 551-1 and police Rs. 1-2 will be first sold.
4	133	Ditto ...	Bijoy Govind Chowdry	2,889 10 0 Police 6 6 0	205 6 0	Separate accounts have been opened in this mehal under Act XI of 1859. Only the share of Bijoy Govind Chowdry with a sudder jumma of Rs. 724-15 and police Rs. 1-6 will be first sold.
5	134	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	986 9 0 Police 2 2 0	60 10 0	Separate accounts have been opened in this mehal under Act XI of 1859. Only the share of Bijoy Govind Chowdry with a sudder jumma of Rs. 241-10 and police As. 9 will be first sold.
6	135	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	986 10 0 Police 2 2 0	68 9 0	Separate accounts have been opened in this mehal under Act XI of 1859. Only the share of Bijoy Govind Chowdry with a sudder jumma of Rs. 241-10 and police As. 8 will be first sold.
7	205	Chuk Govindpur, Pergunnah Katirmohal.	Roma Shoondary Debya and others.	1,560 0 0 Police 14 15 0	221 10 0	Separate accounts have been opened in this mehal under Act XI of 1859. Only the share of Roma Shoondary Debya with a sudder jumma of Rs. 1,072-8 and Police Rs. 1-4 will be first sold.

Pubna Collectorate, the 4th November 1884.

C. VOWELL, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given under section VI, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates, in the district of Dinagore, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 10th day of December 1884 for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of September 1884.

FIRST CLASS.—*Permanently-settled estates.*

Number of towjee.	Names of mehal and pergunnah.	Names of proprietors.	Amount of sudder jumma.	Amount of arrears for which the estate is to be sold.	REMARKS.
173 Kismat 2.	Mouzah Fatehpore and others, Pergunnah Dehatta.	Joyeshwari Choudhury, mother of Shobun Lall Choudhury, and others.	Rs. A. P. 1,027 14 3	Rs. A. P. 17 11 2	Of this estate, excluding 13a. 7½g. share, with a sudder jumma of Rs. 859-4 ¾, for which separate accounts under section 16, Act XI of 1859, were opened, the remaining 2a. 12½g. share, with a sudder jumma of Rs. 188-9-10½, will be sold.

Dinagore Collectorate, the 5th November 1884.

UMA CHURN BANERJEE, Deputy Collector in Charge.

NOTICE is hereby given under section VI, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the District of Rajshahye will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that District on Tuesday, the 9th December 1884, corresponding with 25th Agrahoon 1291, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 6th October 1884.

Touji number.	Name of mehal and pergunnah.	Name of proprietor.	Sudder jumma.	Arrears for which the estate is to be sold.	REMARKS.
190	Bhoogra, pergunnah Gurrerhat.	Daibaki Nundan Sen, Brojo Dyal Sen, Komola Kant Sen, Allad Moni Gupta, Radha Madhob Sen.	Rs. A. P. Revenue. 583 13 0 Police. 3 3 0	Rs. A. P. Revenue. 109 12 0 Police. 0 12 0	The entire estate will be sold.
309	Kusalpore, pergunnah Dramun.	Brindaban Behari Mazumder	Revenue. 566 14 0	Revenue. 149 6 0	Ditto ditto.

Rampore Beaulah, the 5th November 1884.

E. H. RUDDOCK, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Monghyr will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 6th day of January 1884, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 6th day of October 1884.

Towji number.	Name of mehal.	Name of proprietor.	Amount of Government revenue.	Amount of arrears revenue.	REMARKS.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
I.—Permanently-settled estates.					
808	Nipama Buzurg, pergunnah Malki.	Mussamut Samap Kumri and others.	1,113 3 0	2 2 0	The estate will be sold, exclusive of six separated shares of Deemoorat Kumri and others, with a sudder jumma of Rs. 780-8.
815	Sihawan, pergunnah Malki	Mangal Singh and others ...	1,120 7 0	8 14 0	The estate will be sold, exclusive of 3a. 6g. 7a. 10b. separated share of Akloo Simkh and others.
822	Singhoul, pergunnah Malki	Pundit Narsing Prokash Misar.	550 14 0	13 6 0	The entire estate will be sold.
831	Khemkurnpur, Nisf pergunnah ditto.	Gopal Singh and others ...	511 13 0	0 3 3	Ditto ditto.
833	Khutaba, pergunnah ditto	Kharakohari Singh and others.	800 6 0	4 12 0	Ditto ditto.
1364	Sahogawan, pergunnah Farukia.	Srinaram Singh and others.	700 0 0	0 5 0	The estate will be put up to auction, exclusive of 3a. 13g. 1k. share of Deboo Rai Singh and others.
2319	Kulhana, pergunnah Amerthoo.	Land Mortgage Bank, Calcutta, and Jstadhari Singh and others.	1,702 2 0	220 4 0	The 8 annas separated share of the Bank will be sold.
2949	Mahsonna, pergunnah Salimabad.	Isma Khan and others ...	1,428 9 0	43 9 6	The entire estate will be sold.
4615	Talua Jowahirpur, pergunnah Sekarabad.	Kaloo Singh and others ...	704 16 0	10 15 0	The jumli share with a sudder jumma of Rs. 145-3 will be sold.
5259	Mohamedpur Fatta, pergunnah Emdapur.	Mussamut Kubra and others	708 0 0	21 12 0	The separated 12 annas share of Moulvi Ashrafuddin Khan and others will be sold.

Monghyr Collectorate, the 5th November 1884.

MOHENDRO NATH GUPTA, for Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Khulna will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 15th December 1884, corresponding with 1st Pous 1291 (B.S.), for the arrears of revenue due on the 28th September 1884.

Number of estate.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Name of the proprietor.	Sudder jumma.	Interest to be sold.	Sudder jumma of the interest to be sold.	Arrears for which to be sold.
			Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
64-1	Kismit Pergunnah Talu.	Norendra Nath Roy Chowdhury and others.	8,710 4 9	Separate share No. 1 opened under section 10, Act XI of 1859, for 1 anna and 12 gundas in the name of Kaldas Dev, Manager, Sakthira estate.	871 0 6½	230 13 11
67-1	Kismit Pergunnah Talbipore.	Gangamoni Devi and others.	500 0 6	Separate share No. 1 opened under section 10 of Act XI of 1859 for 13 annas, 6 gundas, 2 cowris and 2 krantis in the name of Basudev Roy and others.	474 3 1	49 7 9
72	Kismit Pergunnah Duntia.	Chandrakumar Roy and others.	47,322 5 6½	Entire estate ... ..	.....	174 2 0½
127-1	Kismit Pergunnah Bhaluka.	Meherulla Chowdhury and others.	14,943 15 8	Separate share No. 1 opened under section 10 of Act XI of 1859 for 18 gundas, 3c. in the name of Meherulla Chowdhury and others.	550 0 8	13 1 3½
159-1	Kismit Ramcanga Pergunnah Surparajberi.	Radhabullov Chowdhury and others.	549 13 8	Separate share No. 1 opened under section 10 of Act XI of 1859 for annas 4 in the name of Radhabullov Chowdhury and others.	137 7 5	25 2 11½
159-4	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	549 13 8	Separate share No. 4 opened under section 10 of Act XI of 1859 for annas 2 in the name of Haran Chunder Mozumdar and others.	63 11 8	16 11 7
160-12	Ditto ..	Shostimoni Dosi and others.	553 12 8	Separate share No. 12 opened under section 10 of Act XI of 1859 for 1 anna and 15½ gundas in the name of Shostee Mout Dasi.	61 8 6	15 8 2
160-13	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	553 12 8	Separate share No. 13 opened under section 10 of Act XI of 1859 for annas 2, 4 gundas, 2 cowri, &c., in the name of Jodunath Sirkar.	76 14 0	18 14 6
169-1	Kismit Pergunnah Sehmabad.	Matangini Dosi and others.	1,212 8 0	Separate share No. 1 opened under section 10 of Act XI of 1859 for annas 12 in the name of Matangini Dasi and others.	900 6 0	44 7 1
208-1	Kismit Halki.	Ram Ram Roy and others.	527 12 3	Separate share No. 1 opened under section 10 of Act XI of 1859 for annas 10, 18½ gundas, 2 kag in the name of Ram Ram Roy and others.	380 2 7	3 15 0
34-5	Kismit Gandharbopore, Halki.	Anandamohane Ghose and others.	1,261 4 4	Separate share No. 5 opened under section 10, Act XI of 1859, for 1 anna 12 gundas in the name of Ananda Mohaue Ghose.	126 2 0	34 1 11½

Khulna Collector's Office, the 6th November 1884.

W. CLAY, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XI of 1859 and Act VII (B.C.) of 1868 that the undermentioned estates, in the district of Mymensingh, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 29th day of December 1884 for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 6th day of October 1884.

Name and number of estate.	Name of proprietor.	Government revenue.	Arrears.	REMARKS.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Pergunnah Nasirujjal No. 96, zemindari hissa 4 annas, 10 gundas, with Bezaboda taluq joint shares.	Gobinda Chandra Chowdhury and others.	7,174 0 0	1,567 10 0	Joint share to be sold.
Separated share of estate ditto under section 70 of Act VII (B.C.) of 1876 of kismat Chapila Kanda, hissa 18 gundas, 1 kara, 2 kags.	Ananda Chandra Chakravartty ...	1 14 0	.....
Ditto ditto hissa 10 gundas, 3 kags, 5½ tils ...	Ananda Chandra Chakravartty and Joy Chandra Chakravartty.	0 12 0	.....
Ditto ditto kismat taluq Bedu Mahamed, hissa 1 anna 15 gundas 2 cowries 2 dantis.	Shedhesvari Debya	3 1 0	.....
Ditto ditto kismat Chapila Kanda, hissa 10 gundas 3 kags 5½ tils.	Ram Sunder Chakravartty	0 19 0	.....
Ditto ditto ditto, hissa 18 gundas 1 kara 2 kags	Ditto	1 14 0	.....
Ditto ditto kismat Sajhura, hissa 5 annas 6 gundas 2 cowries 2 krantak.	Durga Prasad and Ram Sunder Sirkar	9 3 0	.....
Ditto ditto kismat ditto hissa 3 annas 11 gundas 1 krant 1½ dant.	Haraldhan Shaha	1 3 0	.....
Ditto ditto hissa 3 annas 11 gundas 1 krant 1½ dant.	Kasiram Sirkar and Jagat Chandra Sirkar.	4 15 0	.....
Toppah Rau Bhawal No. 116 taluq Newazali, hissa 8 annas joint share.	Mohini Chandra Roy Chowdhury and others.	1,271 2 0	69 3 0	Joint share to be sold.
Ditto separated share under Act XI of 1859, hissa 4 annas of 21½ mouzahs with Kanya Mandal.	Prasanna Coomer Chakravartty.	341 15 3	... ..
Ditto ditto ditto ...	Raj Chandra Chakravartty as guardian of Joresch Chandra Chakravartty, minor.	341 15 3	.....
Ditto ditto ditto ...	Dwarkanath Chakravartty ...	341 15 3	.. ..
Ditto ditto ditto ...	Kailash Chandra Chakravartty ...	341 15 3	.. ..
Pergunnah Sherpore, No. 144, hissa 1 anna, 15 gundas, zemindary, joint share.	Tarini Kanta Laluri Chowdhury, Govinda Coomer Chowdhury and others.	2,190 13 0	32 0 0	Joint share to be sold.
Ditto Kharja, hissa 2 annas, 14 gundas, 3 cowries, 8 daps.	Hur Coomer Chowdhury	453 3 0	.....
Ditto Nasirujjal, No 4970, Chur Karansi ...	Krishna Prasad Lahiri Chowdhury, Bama Sundari Debia, and others.	1,000 0 0 Road Fund 10 0 0	51 4 0	Entire estate to be sold.
Second Class Estate.				
Pergunnah Mymensingh, No. 5085, Bill Shalang, joint share 15 annas, 17 gundas, 2 karas.	Kasi Kisore Ray Chowdhury, Beswari Debya Chowdhurani and others.	578 7 0	25 6 0	Joint share to be sold.
Ditto separated share, section 10 Act XI of 1859, hissa 2 gundas, 2 karas.	Ishan Chandra Achurjee Chowdhury	4 9 0	.....

Mymensingh Collectorato, the 8th November 1884.

E. G. GLAZIER, Collector.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 11th November 1884.

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
		Rs.	A. P.			Rs.	A. P.
Capital paid up		2,00,00,000	0 0	Government Securities		73,07,468	0 0
Reserve Fund		41,59,308	4 4	Other authorized Investments		35,73,612	8 0
Public Deposits at Head Office	Rs. 91,63,814 15 1 }	1,72,80,414	13 1	Loans on Government and other authorized Securities		80,39,081	7 9
Ditto at Branches	81,16,599 14 0 }			Accounts of credit on ditto ditto		79,06,598	14 0
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches		3,05,97,984	9 11	Bills discounted and purchased		1,48,60,723	1 3
Bank Post Bills, &c.		3,11,074	15 1	Balances with other Banks		8,22,666	9 5
Sundries		14,73,310	6 5	Bullion		24,759	15 11
				Dead Stock		11,85,670	0 5
				Stamps		9,069	7 0
				Sundries		6,29,055	14 3
						4,46,62,681	7 0
				Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office	Rs. 1,61,51,073 2 1 }	2,81,59,409	9 10
				Cash and Currency Notes at Branches	1,30,08,830 7 9 }		
Rupees		7,38,22,091	0 10	Rupees		7,38,22,091	0 10

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGA,
Calcutta, the 13th November 1884.

J. GORDON, Chief Acctt. and Dy. Secy.
Rate for Demand Loans 3 per cent.
Percentage 58·7.

R. HARDIE,
Secy. and Treasurer.

Notification.

THE owners of Lands in Calcutta or their Agents, Trustees, Executors, Administrators, &c., are hereby informed that, for purposes of more speedy and convenient collection of land revenue in Calcutta, the town has been divided into eleven parts, each embracing a certain number of survey blocks, and that the revenue payable on account of all holdings for the official year (1884-85), which will become due on the 1st day of April 1884 must be paid into this Collectorate within the time mentioned against each survey block within which such holdings are situated.

Part I embracing—

Survey blocks	1 and 2 North Division	{	The land revenue due on account of holdings situated within these blocks must be paid on or before the 30th April 1884.
Ditto	1 and 2 South Division		

Part II embracing—

Survey blocks	3 and 4 North Division	{	Ditto	ditto	on or before 31st May 1884.
Ditto	3 and 4 South Division				

Part III embracing—

Survey blocks	5 and 6 North Division	{	Ditto	ditto	on or before 30th June 1884.
Ditto	5 and 6 South Division				

Part IV embracing—

Survey blocks	7 and 8 North Division	{	Ditto	ditto	on or before 31st July 1884.
Ditto	7 and 8 South Division				

Part V embracing—

Survey blocks	9 and 10 North Division	{	Ditto	ditto	on or before 31st August 1884.
Ditto	9 and 10 South Division				

Part VI embracing—

Survey blocks	11 and 12 North Division	{	Ditto	ditto	on or before 30th September 1884.
Ditto	11 and 12 South Division				

Part VII embracing—

Survey blocks	13 and 14 North Division	{	Ditto	ditto	on or before 31st October 1884.
Ditto	13 and 14 South Division				

Part VIII embracing—

Survey blocks	15 and 16 North Division	{	Ditto	ditto	on or before 30th November 1884.
Ditto	15 and 16 South Division				

Part IX embracing—

Survey blocks	17 and 18 North Division	{	Ditto	ditto	on or before 31st December 1884.
Ditto	17 and 18 South Division				

Part X embracing—

Survey blocks	19 and 23 North Division	{	Ditto	ditto	on or before 31st January 1885.
Ditto	19 and 20 South Division				

Part XI embracing—

Survey blocks	24 and 25 North Division	{	Ditto	ditto	on or before 28th February 1885.
Ditto	21 and 23 South Division				
And Lettery Committee lands assessed under Act 23 of 1850.					

If the rents are not paid in accordance with this notification, the provisions of the law will be immediately enforced in every case.

G. M. GOODRICKE, Collector of Calcutta.

Calcutta Collectorate, No. 4, Bankshall Street, the 1st April 1884.

Notice.

UNDER the provisions of section 76 of Act VII of 1880, it is hereby notified for general information that the Commissioners, as Receivers of Wrecks, hold the undermentioned articles which have been recovered by them.

When recovered.	Recovery number.	Description of articles.	Weight.	Where recovered.	Where lying.
1884.		<i>Port Proper.</i>	Cwt. qr. lb.		
Sept., 17th	62	1 Trotman's patent iron stock ...	36 0 0	Off No. 3, Esplanade Moorings.	W. & A. ground.
" 17th	"	Anchor, 18½ fathoms 1½ chain ...	.....	.....	Howrah.
" 15th	68	1 Roger's patent anchor, 1 stock ...	28 2 0	.....	Ditto.

By order,

R. A. DONNITHORNE, Secretary to the Port Commissioners.

Port Commissioners' Office, the 24th October 1884.

(683—3)

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

NOTICE

UNDER SECTION 69 OF ACT V (B.C.) OF 1870.

THE following packages, landed at the Jetties from the undermentioned ships have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item, they will be sold under section 72 of the said Act:—

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	Number, mark, and description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1884.			
Nov., 3	1 Case, 179 in a diamond ...	Order	S. S. "Armenia."
" 3	1 Case, 359 in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 3	2 Cases, 424 in a diamond, top F S ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 3	12 Packages, 352 in a diamond, top E S ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 3	1 Iron casting, A P O C ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 3	1 Case, no mark ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 3	1 Case, P in a triangle, bottom P C S & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 3	1 Case, S A in a block ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, 501 in a diamond, bottom W L ...	Ditto	S. S. "Almora."
" 1	2 Packages, 446 A K in a block ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 1	8 Crates, A L N in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, A D ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 1	3 Cases, B M in a diamond, bottom H S K & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 1	2 Cases, 22 in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 1	1 Case, C W in a diamond, outside L S & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	2 Cases, C M S 785 in a diamond, bottom W	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	1 Package, addressed ...	H. Kestel Cornish, Esq., Berham Tea Garden, Sonari P. O., Seebisagor, Assam.	Ditto.
" 8	1 Case, C 42 in a diamond, outside B & Co. L	Order	Ditto.
" 8	1 Case, C M S 916 in a diamond, bottom W	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	1 Case, addressed ...	P. Campbell, Esq., Engineer, Manger Street, Moulmein.	Ditto.
" 8	6 Packages, 22 in a diamond ...	Order	Ditto.
" 8	3 Cases, 11 in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	4 Packages, 1936 in a diamond, outside E W & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	2 Cases, G S ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	2 Bales, H S H in a diamond, top D G, bottom Delhi.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	5 Cases, H S ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	1 Iron plate, 591 in a diamond, or no mark	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	1 Iron plate, no mark ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	1 Iron girder, M in a block ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	1 Bar, square, no mark ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	2 Iron pipes, no mark ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	1 Case, I C C Co. in a diamond, top J W H	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	2 Anchors, B, bottom 2930 ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	1 Box, J S ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	1 Case, 1395 in a diamond, bottom J S E	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	2 Cases, 955 in a diamond, bottom J S E	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	3 Packages, K D ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	3 Bars copper, K C D ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	2 Cases, K B S ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	121 Cases, M in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	5 Cases, 502 in a triangle, bottom M & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	1 Package, no mark ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	1 Crate, no mark ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	1 Case, addressed ...	Officer Mess, 43rd Light Infantry, Bangalore, Calcutta.	Ditto.
" 8	4 Cases, O S B in a diamond ...	Order	Ditto.
" 8	1 Case, P in a triangle, bottom T S L S...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	2 Cases, P in a triangle, bottom M & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	1 Case, P S A C bottom D ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 8	1 Case, addressed ...	Mr. G. Poason, Berhampore, Moorshedabad, Bengal.	Ditto.
" 8	1 Case, addressed ...	The Secretary, Billiard Club, 2nd P. W. O. Goorkhe Regiment, Dehra Dun, N.-W. P.	Ditto.
" 8	2 Boxes, addressed ...	L. Hare, care of Messrs. King, Hamilton & Co.	Ditto.
" 8	6 Cases, T G S ...	Order	Ditto.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	Number, mark, and description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1884.			
Nov., 5	10 Rundlets, R 101 in a diamond ...	Order	Ship "Star of Albion."
" 5	1 Cask, B in a diamond, bottom S or R in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 5	1 Case, B C & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 5	33 Packages, D D ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 5	46 Iron plates, A 584 in a diamond, or no mark	Ditto	Ditto.
" 5	2 Iron plates, S X, or no mark	Ditto	Ditto.
" 5	1 Bundle round iron, C X, or no mark	Ditto	Ditto.
" 5	4 Bars flat, 11 red, or no mark	Ditto	Ditto.
" 5	2 Casks, J N N 77 in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 5	2 Cases, K E & B E in a triangle, bottom C & B	Ditto	Ditto.
" 5	1 Case, P B S in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 5	1 Cask, T D	Ditto	Ditto.
" 5	25 Bales, W M & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 5	1 Cask, W C R	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	2 Bags, A M S	Ditto	S. S. "Clan Graham."
" 6	1 Case, 17 in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	2 Casks, 275 in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	1 Cask, H A S in a block	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	7 Bars flat iron, no mark	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	1 Case, addressed	C. W. Johnston, Jaf- long Tea Estate, Gayanghat, Sylhet, Assam.	Ditto.
" 6	132 Loose bobbin, no mark	Order	Ditto.
" 6	2 Cases, A B C in a diamond, bottom G C R	Ditto	S. S. "City of Edin- burgh."
" 6	2 Cases, G K C C in a cross	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	2 Bales, G S	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	25 Cases, H W N	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	1 Casting, M C G 96 in a diamond, top 59	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	1 Bundle rod iron, no mark	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	1 Iron pipe, J S	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	15 Iron jaws, E I R	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	8 Sugar rollers, R L, bottom K C	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	1 Iron jaws, E I R or M E	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	2 Bales, J in a diamond, top H & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	1 Case, 260 in a diamond, top P P	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	2 Cases, 203 in a block, top R D & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	1 Parcel, addressed	Messrs. Macknight, Anderson & Co.	Ditto.

Calcutta, the 15th November 1884.

(703—1)

G. H. SIMMONS, Traffic Manager.

Notice.

Oudh Forest Department.
BAHRAMGHAT DEPOT.

ON THE OUDH AND ROHILKHAND RAILWAY.

FROM this date the prices of sal beams and scantlings supplied from this depot will be as follows:—

BEAMS.—21 feet length, at Rs. 2-10 per cubic foot.

22 " " 2-12 "

23 " " 2-14 "

24 " " 3 "

Above the length given two annas per foot run will be charged. Any inches over the foot will be charged as a foot.

SCANTLINGS.—From 12 to 20 feet, at Rs. 2-8 per c. ft.

Under 12 and over 7, at " 2-4 "

Under 7 feet, at " 2 "

The above prices are for ordinary building purposes.

For Planking, Sleepers, &c., special rates will be fixed by agreement.

The Department will still take orders for buildings all over at Rs. 2-4 per cubic foot, provided the scantlings are taken in fair proportion.

Second and Third Class Timber will be sold and price fixed by agreement.

Auction Sales will be held from time to time to clear off stock.

For further particulars apply to the Officer in charge. By order of the Conservator of Forests, N. W. P. and Oudh, Oudh Circle.

KANHYA LAL,

Sub-Assistant Conservator of Forests,
Bahramghat Division.

Bahramghat, the 1st April 1883.

Government Cinchona Febrifuge.

THIS preparation is an efficient substitute for Quinine and can be purchased by Government officers for public and charitable purposes, and by any one taking twenty pounds at a time, from the Superintendent, Botanical Garden, Calcutta, for cash only, at the following rates:—per four ounce tin, Rs. 4 ans. 8; per eight ounce tin, Rs. 8 ans. 8; per pound tin, Rs. 16 ans. 8. The general public can be supplied by the Superintendent, Botanical Garden, for cash only, at the undernoted rates:—per four ounce tin, Rs. 5 ans. 8; per eight ounce tin, Rs. 10 ans. 8; per pound tin, Rs. 20. This medicine is also sold by the principal European and Native druggists in Calcutta. Postage eight annas per 4 and 8 oz. tins, and twelve annas per pound tin, in addition to the foregoing rates.

Crystalline Cinchona Febrifuge.

A NEW and improved preparation made at the Government Factory from Red Cinchona Bark. This is a more perfect substitute for Quinine than the ordinary uncrystallized Febrifuge. It can be purchased by Government officers for public and charitable purposes, and by any one taking twenty pounds at a time, from the Superintendent, Botanic Garden, Calcutta, for cash only, at the rate of Rs. 24 per pound. The general public can be supplied by the Superintendent, Botanic Garden, for cash only, and also by the principal European and Native druggists at Rs. 32 per pound. Postage twelve annas extra.

Notice.

WANTED a Mohurir on Rs. 20 rising to Rs. 30 per mensem. Competent knowledge of English and experience in Civil Court work required. Applications both in English and Bengali with copies of testimonials and with certificates of age and character to be made to the undersigned in the applicants' own handwriting before the 15th December next.

BRUDAN MOHUN GHOSH, 2nd Moonsiff of Sathkira.

WANTED for the Chumparun Collectorate a temporary Embankment Clerk on a salary of Rs. 30 per mensem. Preference will be given to a Behari candidate who has passed the Calcutta University Examination and knows Urdu and Hindi well and writes a good hand. Applications with copies of testimonials (which will not be returned) will be received up to 30th November 1884.

C. F. WORSLEY, Collector.

Wanted

FOR the District Road Cess Committee of Khulna—An Accountant with a monthly salary of Rs. 50 rising to Rs. 80 by an annual increment of Rs. 5. He must be a passed Accountant of the Public Works Department or passed by the Examiner of Accounts.

A Sub-Overseer on a monthly salary of Rs. 40 to Rs. 60 by an annual increment of Rs. 2. Travelling allowance of Re. 1 a day when out of head-quarters. He should have the qualifications of a Public Works Department Sub-Overseer.

Applications with copies of testimonials should reach this office on or before the 30th November 1884.

DINANATHA DE,

(700—2) Vice-Chairman, D. R. C. C., Khulna.

Wanted

A CLERK for the Kandi Municipal office at Rs. 18 per month. Only those who possess experience in the work of a municipal office and know to keep the accounts under the new system need apply.

BEFIN BEHARI MUKERJI, Subdivisional Officer and Chairman.

Kandi, the 3rd November 1884. (686—2)

Notice.

WANTED a Surveyor and Leveller for Sherpore Municipality, on salary Rs. 50 per month, for three months. Candidates are required to send their applications with copies of testimonials to the undersigned within one month.

R. B. CHOUDHURI,
Vice-Chairman.

Town Sherpore Municipality, dated 15th November, District Mymensingh. (705—4)

Notice.

THE Public are hereby informed that the well-known Kartick Baruni Mela, which is held every year on the banks of the Dhaleshwari, near Munshigunge, in the district of Dacca, will commence on the 3rd November 1884 A.D., corresponding to the 19th Kartick 1291 B.S., and continue up to the 16th December 1884. Tradesmen, dealers, and others may buy and sell there during these six weeks.

F. WYER, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act, VI of 1878, that on the 30th day of September 1884, treasure, consisting of 36 large and 15 small Dasarikattu rupees, valued at about 43½ Government rupees, were found in a brass vessel underground in the street in front of Nandarapu Swami's house, in the village of Kottakota in the Golugonda taluq, Vizagapatam District.

All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof, are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Vizagapatam at his office at 11 A. M., on the 25th May 1885, in order to the matter being enquired into and determined in accordance with the provisions of the said Act.

H. G. TURNER, Acting Collector.

Vizagapatam Collector's Office, the 3rd November 1884.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act, VI of 1878, that on or about the 4th day of October 1884, treasure, consisting of 15 Dasarikattu rupees, valued at about 15 Government rupees, were found underground in front of the house of Tade people in the village of Bennabhupalapatnam in the Golugonda taluq, Vizagapatam District.

All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof, are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Vizagapatam at his office at 11 A. M., on the 25th May 1885, in order to the matter being enquired into and determined according to the provisions of the said Act.

H. G. TURNER, Acting Collector.

Vizagapatam Collector's Office, the 3rd November 1884.

Notice.

IT is hereby notified under section V of the Indian Treasure Trove Act (VI of 1878) that on the 27th day of October 1884, treasure, consisting of the under-mentioned articles, valued at Rs. 5-4, was found hidden in a quarry land now being worked by the Cuddapah-Nellore State Railway, in the village of Elaganur in the Kalahasti Zemindari, North Arcot District.

All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof, are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of North Arcot at his office on the 2nd day of March 1885, in order to the matter being enquired into and determined in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Description of Property.	Estimated Value.		
	Rs.	A.	P.
(1) Round flat-topped soap-stone box ...	0	4	0
(2) Two gold ear ornaments worn by females ...	2	8	0
(3) Two bent gold rings ditto ...	2	8	0
	5	4	0

G. N. FAWCETT, Acting Collector.

North Arcot Collector's Office, Chittoor,
the 4th November 1884.

Forest Department, Bengal.

AUTHORIZED CAMPING GROUNDS, 1884-85.

IN supersession of the notice, dated 3rd October 1883, published at page 1517, Part II of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 10th idem, and in accordance with rule 4 of the Rules passed by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, under section 75 (d) of the Indian Forest Act (VII of 1878) and published in the *Gazette* of the 15th December 1880, the following will be the authorized camping grounds in the reserved forests in the Julpigoori district from 6th November 1884 to 1st June 1885.

JULPIGORI DISTRICT.

JULPIGORI FOREST DIVISION.

Julpigori-Phulbari road.

1. Apalchand river crossing.
- Julpigori-Dalingkot road.

1. Chel river crossing.
2. Latagori hat on the Durlah river.

Ramshai-Tondou road.

1. Murti river crossing.
- Damdin-Nagrakot road.

1. Murti river crossing.
- Nunai road in Muraghat range.

1. Nunai crossing.
- Falakatta-Teeti road.

1. Teeti police guard station.

BUXA FOREST DIVISION.

Buza-Alipore road.

1. Jamguri.
2. Rajabhatkhawa.
3. Minagaon.

Patlakhawa-Borojhar road.

1. Chilpatta.

Bholka block, Haldibari range.

1. Bank of Jorai river, midway between north and south boundaries.

A. L. HOME, Conservator of Forests, Bengal.
Darjeeling, the 6th November 1884.

Forest Department, Bengal.

AUTHORIZED CAMPING GROUNDS, 1884-85.

IN supersession of the notice dated 3rd October 1883, published at page 1517, Part II of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 10th idem, and in accordance with rule 4 of the Rules passed by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, under section 75(d) of the Indian Forest Act (VII of 1878) and published in the gazette of the 15th December 1880, the following will be the authorized camping grounds in the reserved forests of the Darjeeling district from 7th November 1884 to 1st June 1885.

DARJEELING DISTRICT.

DARJEELING FOREST DIVISION.

Goom block.

1. Batasidhara.

Nepal Frontier road

- | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. Barbuttheadhara (Nai). | 16. Gairibash. |
| 2. Goompahar saddle. | 17. Simanabusti. |
| 3. Tungsong. | 18. Manibhanjan. |
| 4. Aloobaree. | 19. Chagara. |
| 5. Chetaidhura. | 20. Lambadhara. |
| 6. Goom rock. | 21. Dooteriah (Tonglu). |
| 7. Poobongdhara. | 22. Tonglu (Bhutiabusti). |
| 8. Lopeha Jagat. | 23. Jaobari. |
| 9. Captanibash. | 24. Barabhanjan. |
| 10. Dungdungia. | 25. Kyakatta. |
| 11. Majdhura. | 26. Kalapokri. |
| 12. Sukiapokri. | 27. Bikhlabhanjan. |
| 13. Dhareli. | 28. Sundukphu. |
| 14. Jarpokri. | 29. Subarkam. |
| 15. Hatticherra. | |

Chongtong road.

1. Chongtong dhara.

Rungbong road.

- | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1. Jaodhara (pillar No. 23). | 2. Chiboodhara. |
|------------------------------|-----------------|

Nagri spur road.

- | | |
|-----------|---------------|
| 1. Chaur. | 2. Dibrupani. |
| | 3. Pokri. |

Hill cart road.

1. Runemuk Jhora.

Old Military road.

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. Rangbul. | 6. 6th mile (from Kurseong). |
| 2. Purana engine. | 7. Sepoydhura. |
| 3. Nya engine. | 8. Mahalderam chimney. |
| 4. Chuttaekpore. | |
| 5. Bamanjhora. | |

Jor Bungalow—Teesta road.

- | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| 1. Chinchona. | 4. 4th mile post. |
| 2. Rungirum turning. | 5. Poomong stable. |
| 3. Rangbi ditto. | 6. Geille turning. |
| | 7. Lopeha. |

Jor Bungalow—Sureil road.

- | | |
|--------------|---------------|
| 1. 4th mile. | 2. 5th mile. |
| | 3. Phalencha. |

Sureil—Kurseong road.

- | | |
|------------|--------------------|
| 1. Labdah. | 2. Mamrem turning. |
|------------|--------------------|

TEESTA FOREST DIVISION.

Rangit-Teesta Valley road.

- | | |
|----------------------------|------------------|
| 1. Rangit bridge. | 6. Keyang river. |
| 2. Rungbong. | 7. Berrick koti. |
| 3. Teesta-Rangit junction. | 8. Ruyem river. |
| 4. Teesta bridge. | 9. Andara jhora. |
| 5. Rangu. | 10. Sivoke. |

Pashok-Teesta road.

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. Public Works Department halting shed (near 16th mile post.) | |
|--|--|

Boro Geille-Teesta road.

1. Kamfar.

Rilli road.

- | | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| 1. Right bank of Rilli stream. | 2. Teesta ferry ghat near mouth Killi. |
|--------------------------------|--|

Teesta Kalimpong and Ambikhh road.

- | | |
|--|---------------|
| 1. One mile above bridge. | 4. Rissisoom. |
| 2. Junction of Labah and Thibet roads. | 5. Merig. |
| 3. Payong. | 6. Labah. |
| | 7. Pasheteng. |

Labah-Loolagaon road.

- | | |
|------------|---------------|
| 1. Bekhim. | 2. Loolagaon. |
|------------|---------------|

Leesh Valley-Kalimpong road.

- | | |
|--------------|------------------------|
| 1. Chunbati. | 2. Planters' location. |
|--------------|------------------------|

Ambikhh-Julpigori road.

1. Jungi guard.

Gurubathan-Paren road.

- | | |
|--------------------------|-----------|
| 1. Neora river crossing. | 2. Gugo. |
| | 3. Paren. |

Kalimpong-Sikkim road.

- | | |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| 1. Balukop. | 2. Bank of Rumphoo stream. |
| | 3. Bank of Torchu stream. |

Kurseong Forest Division.

Road from Kurseong via Mahalderam and Sitong to the Mahanadi.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. 4th mile from Kurseong, old military road. | 4. Main busti (near Lepcha monuments). |
| 2. 6th mile from Kurseong, Mamring turning. | 5. Latpanchor spring. |
| 3. Babukhola pokra. | 6. Jungink. |
| | 7. Chibanni busti. |
| | 8. Jogijhora. |

Sukna-Sivoke Timber road.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. The Forester's compound. | 2. Galma river crossing. |
| | 3. Sivoke halting shed. |

Sivoke-Siligori road.

1. At South Forest boundary.

Darjeeling Himalayan railway and Hill Cart road.
The halting places appointed for carts and between 8th and 9th mile-posts.

Sukna-Adalpur road.

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| 1. Chamta bridge. | 2. Panchanai bridge. |
|-------------------|----------------------|

Kuklong timber road.

1. Kuklong bridge.

Mahanadi forest boundary road.

- | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. Mahaadin road turning. | 2. Galma river crossing. |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|

Bamonpokri forest roads.

- | | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| 1. Top of central forest road. | 2. Crossing of Rungsong Jhora on Pankabari forest road. |
|--------------------------------|---|

Path from Goomtee market to Fogotar Malutar Tea Estates.

- | |
|---|
| 1. Junction of Baffupani and Mahanadi rivers. |
|---|

Garidhura-Mechi road.

- | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| 1. Balasun crossing. | 2. Mechi crossing. |
|----------------------|--------------------|

Garidhura-Nawalhari road.

- | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. Balasun crossing, east bank. | 2. Balasun crossing, west bank. |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|

Tirihanna-Bagdogra road.

1. Harlia crossing.

Dulkajhar north boundary road.

1. Khadma corner.

Dulkajhar south boundary road.

- | | |
|-----------------------|----------------|
| 1. Harlia right bank. | 2. Ganda Haga. |
|-----------------------|----------------|

Balasun valley road.

- | | |
|---|------------------|
| 1. Sajbattiajhora. | 2. Manjowajhora. |
| 3. Chamirakhdia, half way between the Doodde and Manjha Jhoras. | |

A. L. HOME, Conservator of Forests, Bengal
Dated Darjeeling, the 7th November 1884.

LOST CURRENCY NOTES

THE following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned:—

Notes wholly Lost or Destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value. Rs.	Name of Claimant.
177	P 39—84022	50	Tarachand Sarkar, Scora-pully.
178	R 10—00219	100	Dwarkanath Koondy, inhabitant of Nagong, Manikgunge, zillah Dacca.
179	P 77—85245	100	Bissendyal Hurdial, 59, Cotton Street, Calcutta.
181	R 10—43128	100	Major R. F. Williamson, Royal Welsh Fusiliers, Dum-Dum.
"	—43129	100	
"	—43130	100	
182	P 39—55042	50	Jogendra Chandra Banerjee, Shamroypara, Kulna.
183	P 10—81206	100	Nurput Singh, 15, Ahir-tola Street, Calcutta.
"	R 9—62081	100	
184	P 40—46392	50	Namakalla Narain Shami, 22, Banstollah Gullee, Calcutta.
186	R 10—43845	100	Kawal Shaw, Dinapore.
190	P 45—28078	500	R. W. Sanderson, Foreign Office, Simla.
"	40—03305	50	
191	" 40—60769	50	Shew Das Bissin Das, 43½ Sootaputty, Burro Bazar, Calcutta.
192	R 10—52437	100	Pran Kristo Mondul, 37½, Jorasanko, Chitpore Road, Calcutta.
193	P 78—08144	1,000	Radha Kishen, Merchant, Amritsar.
194	R 10—42566	100	Bachoo Chondhri, Dulsing Sarai, Tirhoot Railway station.
"	10—42567	100	

JAS. TAYLOR,

Asst. Compt. Genl., in charge, Paper Currency.
PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT, the 18th Nov. 1884.

Bengal-Nagpore Railway.
BENGAL SECTION.

APPPLICANTS for employment as subordinates, who have not received replies, are informed that vacancies have been filled up.

W. H. PARKER, Engineer-in-Chief.

Statutory Notice to Creditors.

In pursuance of section 42, Act XXVIII of 1866, Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of Anna Kennedy, late of Benares, widow of the late Lieutenant-General James Kennedy, deceased, who died on the 1st day of November 1884, and Probate of whose Will and the Codicils and postscript annexed thereto was granted to Thomas Gilbert Kennedy, a Brigadier-General in the Indian Army and Companion of the Bath, one of the Executors, on the 14th day of November 1884, by the High Court of Calcutta, should send in their claims to the undersigned at Benares up to the 8th December 1884, and thereafter to Abbottabad, Punjab, on or before the 15th January next, after which date no claims will be admitted and the assets of the estate will be distributed.

T. G. KENNEDY,
Executor.

(704—3)

MISSING, on the 4th November 1884, two interest warrants No. 146904 for Rs. 430 and No. 68300 for Rs. 24, issued by the Public Debt Office in favour of Raj Coomar Dutt and Jogesh Chunder Dey, payments of which have been stopped at the Bank of Bengal (689—3)

Lost or Stolen.

GOVERNMENT Promissory Note No. 198933 of the 4 per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs 2,000 in favour of the Controller of Military Accounts, Bengal

Payment of the note and interest thereon has been stopped at the Bank of Bengal, Public Debt Office, and the public are cautioned against negotiating the note.

M. PERRAU, Colonel,
Controller of Military Accounts, Bengal.
(685—3)

Nutwanpore Tea Company, "Limited."

AN Extraordinary General Meeting of this Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 4, Clive Row, at 3 p.m., on Wednesday, the 10th of December 1884, for the purpose of confirming the following Special Resolution passed at an extraordinary general meeting of shareholders held this day:—

"That the Company by reason of its liabilities being unable to continue its business be wound up voluntarily, and Mr. C. L. Johnstone appointed liquidator on a remuneration of Rupees Five hundred."

JARDINE, SKINNER & Co., Secretaries.
Calcutta, 10th November 1884. (698—1)

R. Scott Thomson & Co., Limited.

THE Forty-third Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the registered office of the Company, 15, Government Place, on Wednesday, the 26th instant, at noon, for the purpose of declaring an *ad interim* dividend for the half-year which ended on the 30th September last.

By order of the Directors,
ROBERT J. CARBERY, Secy. and Acct.
Calcutta, 3rd November 1884. (684—3)

Insolvency Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Undermentioned Dividends are lying Unclaimed.

Nos.	Names of creditors.	Amount of claims.	1st dividend at Rs. 16 per cent.
<i>Estate KESSEN CHAND GOLERCHA, an Insolvent.</i>			
8	Sorooop Shaw Boidynanth Shaw	10,000 0 0	1,600 0 0
18	Bulch Dass Bungsheedhur ...	10,000 0 0	1,600 0 0
26	Ramjeebun Janakeyram ...	10,000 0 0	1,600 0 0
34	Amundomohun Soseemohun Paul ...	5,000 0 0	800 0 0
43	Preemram ...	5,000 0 0	800 0 0
44	Sorooop Shaw and Boydonanth Shaw ...	5,000 0 0	800 0 0
6	Woonan Churn Roy ...	5,000 0 0	800 0 0
49	Kallykristo Shaw ...	5 0 0	80 0 0
53	Gomabaye Janakey Dohar ...	1,000 0 0	160 0 0
55	Hurymoney Brahmonoy ...	2,000 0 0	320 0 0
56	Bhugubun Dass Mohun Lall ...	5,000 0 0	800 0 0
57	Bholanath Pandya's wife ...	418 12 6	67 0 0
62	Ras omoy Chowdherany ...	1,700 0 0	272 0 0
63	Kallykristo Gomastah ...	1,800 0 0	288 0 0
64	Shank Guzman er Hossain ...	4,000 0 0	640 0 0
<i>Estate WALTER GRAY AND ANOTHER (ROBERT AND CHARMIOL), Insolvents.</i>			
1	Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China ...	2,09,012 5 6	5,000 3 11
3	Hong-Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation ...	2,71,241 2 9	5,424 18 2
22	T. Durrand & Co. ...	35,925 1 10	718 8 0
24	Credit Lyonnais ...	28,115 13 7	622 5 1
29	Paul Prevot ...	7,590 14 4	161 13 1
73	P. Barrow, H. Beer and H. P. Chappins, Trustees of J. A. Charliol's Settlement, care of Messrs. Barrow and Orr ...	1,50,584 7 6	3,191 11 0
101	Nuesely & Co. ...	6,185 5 1	123 11 7
116	A. Vule account ship Annita ...	83,590 0 10	1,671 15 8
139	D. N. Bhunjo ...	21,800 2 6	437 5 2
145	Lalurne Freres & Co. ...	9,733 2 8	194 10 7
147	L. Adam ...	24,764 2 5	495 4 6
155	Charliol ...	5,150 0 5	103 0 2

A. B. MILLER, Official Assignee.

Official Assignee's Office, Calcutta, the 14th November 1884. (702—1)

Municipality of the Suburbs of Calcutta.

NOTICE UNDER PARAGRAPH 10 OF THE RULES FOR THE ELECTION OF MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that objections to entries in Register I and claims to entry in Registers I and II of Voters will be heard between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P.M. at the dates and places specified in the following schedule :—

Ward No.	Place.	Date.
I	Chitpore Police Station ...	December 1st, 1884.
II	Balliaghatta „ „ ...	„ 2nd „
III	Entally „ „ ...	„ 3rd „
IV	Ballygunge „ „ ...	„ 4th „
V	Municipal Office ...	„ 5th „
VI	Garden Reach Police Station	„ 6th „

Such objections and claims must be sent to the Suburban Municipal Office, Alipore, on or before the 30th November 1884. They should be in writing and should set forth the name, residence and registered number (if any) of the objector or claimant with a concise statement of the nature of the objection or claim.

C. C. STEVENS, Chairman.

Dated the 15th November 1884.

(716—1)

INSOLVENT NOTICES.

In the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of KALLY CHURN MOOZOOMDAR, an insolvent.

On Monday, the 20th day of October last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on the first court day in January next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Brojonaute MITTER, Attorney.

(707—2)

In the matter of HARRAN CHUNDER SHAH, DENOBUNDUO SHAH and MONEYMOHUN SHAH, lately carrying on business at No. 29, Puggahmooty, Burra Bazar, in the town of Calcutta, as Cloth Merchants under the style and firm of Sosheemohun Bollychand, insolvents.

On Friday, the 24th day of October last, it was on the petition of Ricknath Baugree, and Buewar Mull Baugree, creditors of the said insolvent, adjudged that the said Harran Chunder Shah, Denobundoo Shah, and Moneymohun Shah have committed an act of insolvency under the provisions of the Act XI Vic., Chap. XXI, and by another order of the same date the estate and effects of the said insolvents were vested in the Official Assignee.

C. D. Linton, Attorney.

(708—2)

In the matter of KALLY CHURN MOZOOMDAR of 15, Sikdarparah Street, in the town of Calcutta, Hindoo, inhabitant, an insolvent.

Notice that the petition of the said insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI Vic., Chap. XXI, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on Monday, the 20th day of October last, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Brojonaute Mitter, Attorney.

(709—1)

In the matter of CHARLES RICHARD LLOYD of No. 10, Sibtolah Lane, in the town of Calcutta, Overseer of Roads, Calcutta Municipal Corporation, an insolvent.

Notice that the petition of the said insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI Vic., Chap. XXI, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on Friday, the 31st day of October last, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Insolvent in person.

(710—1)

In the matter of MATILDA BEASS of No. 9, Lall Bazar, in the town of Calcutta, a sick nurse, an insolvent.

Notice that the petition of the said insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI Vic., Chap. XXI, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on Friday, the 31st day of October last, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Insolvent in person.

(711—1)

In the matter of JOSEPH ANTHONY SAVEDRA, an insolvent.

On Friday, the 31st day of October last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on the first court day in January next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

(712—2)

In the matter of MATILDA BEASS, an insolvent.

On Friday, the 31st day of October last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on the first court day in January next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said court.

Insolvent in person.

(713—2)

In the matter of CHARLES RICHARD LLOYD, an insolvent.

On Friday, the 31st day of October last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on the first court day in January next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

(714—2)

In the matter of JOSEPH ANTHONY SAVEDRA, of No. 14, Kenderdine's Lane, in the town of Calcutta, Assistant, Government Medical Stores, an insolvent.

Notice that the petition of the said insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI Vic., Chap. XXI, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on Friday, the 31st day of October last, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Insolvent in person.

(715—1)

Chief Clerk's Office, the 18th day of November 1884.

Insolvency Notice.

In the Court of the District Judge of Furrעדpore.

ON 6th November 1884, Jogobondhu Shaha, son of Joy Chandra Shaha of Gohala, station Muk-sudpur, district Furrעדpore, was declared an insolvent, and the Nazir of this Court was appointed Receiver of his property.

H. BEVERIDGE,

District Judge.

Furrעדpore District Judge's Office, the 17th November 1884.

(706—1)

POSTAL NOTICES.

Unclaimed Letters held in the Calcutta General Post Office on 18th November 1884.

Abro, W. P.	Hurbans & Co.
Aleese, Goffredo.	Kinney, T., Manager "The Criterion."
Allan, Alex.	Macdonald, J. P.
Baker, C. W.	Mills, Arthur.
Bisnee, S. R.	Minchin, C. N.
Brandon, E. J.	Perkins, Lieut. John D.
Bright, T.	Pogson, Mrs. W. R.
Brown, H. S.	Princep, C. R.
Cunningham, W.	Psyllas, Michel G.
Evans, F. Bowle	Rowe, C. F.
Fairtie, A. C.	Smart, O.
Finchett, W. A.	Stevens, R. J. F.
Gonsalves, F. A.	Walkem, Mrs. J. W.
Griffiths, Stanley.	Watts, G. W.
Hope Kirk, W.	Westwood, Mrs.
How, B. J.	

Letters marked "Care of Post Office."

Adda, Henry.	Hoskins, A. C.
Amoss, Thomas.	Huddleston, John E. Leslie.
Archdeacon of Colombo.	Hurst, W. H.
Armstrong, W. Cairns.	King, W.
Avenel, Miss.	Laupard, Henry.
Boileau, Captain H.	Laughlin, R. C.
Bott, Fred.	Lawless, Hiram.
Boucher, J.	Lewis, H.
Brigg, E. A.	Locke, Henry Hovor.
Caurey, Captain.	Lopez, E.
C. G.	Macdonald, Mrs. J.
Chancellor, Miss.	May, Mrs. Lilian.
Chapman, Frank.	Meij, H.
Cliff, Mrs. H. W.	Morris, Pierce M.
Cooper, H.	Murgatroyd, C. A.
DeLa Grange, Baron Louis.	Owen, L. C.
Dodd, Col. C. A.	Q. R.
E. S. H.	Ramiah, C. V.
Faerstermann, Ignatz.	"Regina."
Fradalis, Soni.	"Rex."
Gill, F. N. G.	Sestan, S.
Gloster, Mrs.	"Stanhope."
Golding, Herbert.	Stern, Edward.
Gray, John Raymond.	Thompson, James.
H. E. M.	T. P. H. C.
H. M. W.	Uren, Thomas.
Harcourt, W. H.	Wallace, Col. W. A. J.
Harman, J. M.	Wilson, Theos.

Registered Letters.

Bateman, W. E.	Hedge, G.
Cherkes, Laya.	Owen, Fritz Cunliffe.
Deverill, Geo.	Richter, Anton.
Fereford, Douglass.	Robin, L.
Gough, B. W.	Thibaud, Thomy.

E. HUTTON,

Presidency Postmaster, Calcutta.

Unclaimed Letters held in the Barrackpore Post Office on the 17th November 1884.

Beames, Mrs. E.	Fumer, A. B.
Chatterjee, Protap Chundro.	Kendall, Rev. W. C.
Croster, Capt.	Landale, J.
Dalrymple, Mr.	Lanc, C. H.
Duncan, Staff Sergt. W.	Olesmon, E. P.
Exe. Engr., N. Delta S. Dn.	Skinner, James.
Foley, Rev. T.	Wilson, Mrs.

A. P. GNOSAL, Postmaster, Barrackpore.

Foreign Mails for	Date of closing at Calcutta.	Per steamer.
Colombo, Penang, Singapore, Hong-Kong, Shanghai, Yokohama, and Australian Colonies.	1884. 25th Nov. ...	From Bombay.
Foreign mails via Bombay ..	25th " ...	Ditto.*
Ditto book-post and pattern packets.	24th " ...	Ditto.
Rangoon and Moumein ..	19th " ...	Str. Madura.
Chittagong, Akyab, Kyauk-Pyoo, Sandoway, and Rangoon.	19th " ...	Str. Calcutta.
Chittagong, Akyab, Kyauk-Pyoo, Sandoway, and Rangoon.	26th " ...	Str. Mahratta.
Rangoon and Moumein ...	26th " ...	Str. Pemba †
Port Blair and Camorta ...	26th " ...	Str. Maharani.

* Also for Cape Colonies through United Kingdom can be forwarded

† Also for Port Blair can be sent by this opportunity.

N.B.—The letter-box will close at 7 P.M. precisely, after which hour foreign letters fully prepaid and bearing an extra postage stamp of four (4) annas on each cover will be received up to 7½ P.M.

E. HUTTON, Presy. Postmaster.

General Post Office, the 19th November 1884.

Nuddea Rivers.

Weekly Water Report shewing the least depth of water in the Bhagiruttee, Matabangha, and Jellinghee Rivers for the week ending Friday, 14th November 1884.

Names of rivers.	Least depth of water.	REMARKS.
BHAGIRUTTEE.		
Entrance below Joyrampore	10 6	
Thence to Noorpore Junction.	3 6	Modonpur.
Entrance below Narainpore	0 0	
Thence to Noorpore Junction, 6 miles	8 0	Tiktikipara.
Thence to Jungipore, 9 miles	6 0	Radhanagor.
From Jungipore to Berhampore, 47 miles.	8 0	Cooti Rampur.
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 50 miles.	5 9	Khadirpur.
From Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles.	7 0	Lower Patooli.

MATABANGHA.

Entrance ...	5 0	
Thence to Tatarparah ...	3 9	
From Tatarparah to Hat-Bolia.	5 0	Megna.
From Hat-Bolia to Boalmaree.	6 6	Akubpur.
From Boalmaree to Alickdeah.	7 6	Rajapur.
From Alickdeah to Kissen-gunge.	11 0	Peerpur.

JELLINGHEE AND BYRUB.

Entrance of Byrub from the Ganges.	9 9	
Thence to Junction with the Jellinghee.	5 9	Chokgama.
From Junction of Byrub and Jellinghee to Teakatta.	7 0	Lalnagar.
From Teakatta to Nuddea	7 6	Gopinathpur.

Height of water on gauge at Berhampore, the 17th November 1884, above zero, 10 feet 1 inch.

G. J. R. LEESON, C.E.,

Exe. Engr., Nuddea Rivers Divn.

BERHAMPORE, the 17th November 1884.

Notes on Forestry,

By C. F. AMERY.

Deputy Conservator, Forests, N.-W. Provinces

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NOTICE.

In continuation of notice dated the 20th November 1877, intimating that no copies of the *Calcutta Gazette* or of the *Bengal Gazette* will be supplied unless the subscription to the same is prepaid.

NOTICE is further hereby given that the terms for the purchase of publications from, and for all work done in, the Bengal Secretariat Press for other than Government offices, or offices under the control of Government officers, are strictly cash.

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C. W. BOLTON.

Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 7th November 1882.

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The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1884.

CONTENTS.

	Page.		Page.
PART I.—Orders and Notifications by the Lt.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c. 1153—1179		PART IV.—Bills of the Bengal Council	<i>Nil.</i>
PART IA.—Orders and Notifications by the Government of India	183	PART V.—Acts of the Governor-General's Council assented to by the Governor-General	<i>Nil.</i>
PART II.—Advertisements 1821—1844		PART VI.—Bills introduced into the Council of the Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations, or published under Rule 22	<i>Nil.</i>
PART III.—Acts of the Bengal Council	<i>Nil.</i>	SUPPLEMENT No. 48	2357—2406

PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

No. 3156A.

GENERAL.—*The 17th November 1884.*—The undermentioned gentlemen have been granted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India extensions of furlough for the periods mentioned opposite their names :—

Mr. R. F. Rampini, District and Sessions Judge, Dacca ... 2 months.
 „ M. Finucane, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector ... 5 weeks.

The 18th November 1884.—The orders of the 13th ultimo, transferring Moulvie Fazlul Rahman, Sub-Deputy Collector, from Darjeeling to Bogra, and Moulvie Abdool Huq, Temporary Sub-Deputy Collector, from Bogra to Darjeeling, will have effect from the 1st October 1884.

The 20th November 1884.—The services of Mr. C. S. Bayley are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Revenue and Agricultural Department, with effect from the 10th instant.

The 21st November 1884.—The services of Mr. R. H. Wilson, Magistrate and Collector of Midnapore, on leave, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, for employment on the Commission to enquire into certain matters in connection with the Orissa Canals.

The 22nd November 1884.—In supersession of the order of the 18th instant, Mr. H. W. C. Carnduff, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Shahabad, is transferred to the Sudder station of the district of Mozufferpore.

Mr. A. S. Womack, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Bhagulpore, is transferred to Mozufferpore, and is appointed to have charge of the Seetamurhee sub-division of that district.

The 24th November 1884.—Mr. Edward Pegler is appointed to be a Lieutenant of the Cadet Company of the N. B. V. Rifle Corps at Kurseong, with effect from the 9th July 1884.

The 25th November 1884.—In supersession of the order of the 6th September 1884, Mr. E. F. Ainslie, Temporary Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Hazaribagh, is allowed leave for two months under rule 2, section 138, chapter X of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 4th idem.

Baboo Medni Pershad Singh, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Purneah, is allowed leave for one month, under section 72, chapter V of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from such date as he may avail himself of it.

Mr. G. H. P. Livesay, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Chittagong Hill Tracts, is also appointed to have charge of the Sungoo sub-division of that district.

POLICE.—*The 20th November 1884.*—Mr. R. F. Guise, Assistant Superintendent of Police, is posted to Cuttack.

In modification of the order of the 28th ultimo, Mr. R. L. Ward, Officiating Assistant Superintendent of Police, Sarun, is transferred to Gya.

Mr. W. D. Abercrombie, Assistant Superintendent of Police in charge of the District Police, Pooree, is transferred to Tipperah on being relieved of his present appointment by Mr. M. F. Beamish.

The 21st November 1884.—Mr. P. A. Sandilands, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Sarun, is appointed to act until further orders in the first grade of Assistant Superintendents of Police with effect from the 24th ultimo.

Mr. W. C. Fasson, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Chittagong Hill Tracts, is appointed to act until further orders in the first grade of Assistant Superintendents of Police with effect from the 1st instant.

ECCLESIASTICAL.—*The 22nd November 1884.*—The Reverend T. J. Rawson, Chaplain of Kidderpore and Presidency Jail, reported his departure from India on furlough on the 26th ultimo.

The 24th November 1884.—The Reverend H. Whitehead acted as Chaplain of St. Thomas' Church, Calcutta, from the 26th September 1884 to the 13th instant.

The 25th November 1884.—The Revd. J. H. Taylor is appointed to officiate as Second Chaplain of St. John's Church, Calcutta, with effect from the date on which he joined his appointment.

REGISTRATION.—*The 24th November 1884.*—Baboo Protap Chundra Banerjee is appointed to be Rural Sub-Registrar of Raipore in the district of Bankoora.

Moonshee Gholam Mukdoo is appointed to be Joint Sub-Registrar of the Begumgunge sub-district in the district of Noakholly, with head-quarters at Sonbagh.

Syed Nasir Ali is appointed to be Joint Sub-Registrar of the Lukhipurah sub-district in the district of Noakholly, with head-quarters at Ferashgunge.

EDUCATION.—*The 21st November 1884.*—Baboo Abhoy Chundra Dass, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is appointed to be Secretary to the District School Committee of the 24-Pergunnahs, *vice* Baboo Issur Chunder Mitter, retired.

The 25th November 1884.—Shah Eradut Hossein, zemindar, is appointed to be a member of the District School Committee of Monghyr.

MEDICAL.—*The 19th November 1884.*—Assistant-Surgeon Gobind Chunder Chatterjee, a Supernumerary at the Presidency, is allowed furlough for two years under section 132, chapter X of the Civil Leave Code.

Surgeon R. Macrae, Officiating Civil Surgeon, 24-Pergunnahs, is allowed furlough for one year and one-hundred and eighty-three days, under section 50, chapter V of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from such date as he may avail himself of it.

The 21st November 1884.—Baboo Jadoo Nath Chuckerbuttee is appointed to be Secretary to the Committee for the management of the Nelphamari Dispensary in the district of Rungpore.

ROAD CESS.—*The 19th November 1884.*—Baboo Harish Chandra Lahiree, Zemindar, is appointed to be a member of the Branch Road Cess Committee of Nelphamari in the district of Rungpore.

The following notifications are republished from the *Assam Gazette*:—

No. 426, the 11th November 1884.—Privilege leave of absence for one month, under section 74, chapter V, of the Civil Leave Code, is granted to Mr. G. Stevenson, c.s., Deputy Commissioner, Sylhet, with effect from the 30th November 1884, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 427, the 12th November 1884.—Mr. J. C. Arbuthnott, c.s., Assistant Commissioner, Kámrup, was granted examination leave, under section 77 of the Civil Leave Code, from the 22nd September to the 9th October 1884.

No. 76, the 12th November 1884.—Under the provisions of section 4 of the Assam Police Officers' Regulation, II of 1883, the Chief Commissioner is pleased to invest Mr. W. B. Waller, Assistant Superintendent of Police, with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class in respect to non-cognizable cases.

No. 79, the 13th November 1884.—Mr. B. G. Geidt, Assistant Commissioner, South Sylhet, reported his return to duty from privilege leave in the afternoon of the 5th November 1884.

J. WARE EDGAR,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th November 1884.—It is hereby notified for general information that in exercise of the powers conferred on the Lieutenant-Governor by section 8 of Act IV (B.C.) of 1865 (an Act for the prohibition of the practice of inoculation) the Lieutenant-Governor extends the provisions of the said Act to thanas Goalundo and Furreedpore, in the district of Furreedpore, with effect from the 1st December 1884.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

ERRATUM.

The 20th November 1884.—In the notification dated 7th June 1881, published at page 571, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th idem, appointing certain gentlemen to be Members of the Branch Road Committee at Goalundo, for Bipin Chandra Sircar and Abhoy Charan Majumdar, read Bipin Behari Sircar and Abhoy Charan Maitra, respectively.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

The 25th November 1884.—The following notification is published for general information:—

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Secy. to the Government of Bengal.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Dated Rangoon, the 31st October 1884.

No. 36.—Under the provisions of section 45 of the Indian Ports Act, 1875, the Chief Commissioner directs that, with effect from the 1st January 1885, the port due leviable on vessels entering the port of Rangoon shall be reduced from four annas to three annas per ton.

By order,
E. S. SYMES,
Offg. Secretary.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 17th November 1884.—Under the power conferred upon him by section 1 (2) of the Land Improvement Loans Act, No. XIX of 1883, the Lieutenant-Governor, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, directs that the said Act shall come into force in the Lower Provinces from the 1st December 1884.

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 17th November 1884.—Under the powers conferred upon him by section 10 of the Land Improvement Loans Act, No. XIX of 1883, the Lieutenant-Governor, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, is pleased to make the following rules for the working of the Act:—

1. Loans under these rules will be made from such sums as the local Government may from time to time allot to the Board of Revenue.
2. Commissioners will submit, by the 15th October of each year, an estimate of the requirements for loans under the Act for each of the districts of their divisions for the ensuing financial year; and when orders thereon are received from Government and an allotment is made, the Board will distribute as funds are available. It will be in the power of Commissioners to divide the sum so allotted among the districts of their divisions at their discretion, and to transfer assignments from one district to another, but expenditure in the division must be kept within the amount assigned.
3. In these rules Collector has the meaning defined for it by the Act.
4. Subject to the provisions of these rules, the Collector may sanction loans not exceeding Rs. 1,000 for purposes specified in the Act, provided the district allotment must not be exceeded without the sanction of the Commissioner of the division. Loans exceeding Rs. 1,000 require the sanction of the Commissioner, and exceeding Rs. 5,000 the sanction of the Board. In such cases the Commissioner or the Board may call for such detailed plans and estimates, or for such professional opinion on the project, as may seem necessary.
5. Applications for loans may be presented to any revenue officer, of or above the rank of a Cancongoe or Sub-Deputy Collector, for transmission to the Collector.
6. The application shall be made in writing as nearly as possible in the annexed Form A.

7. The Collector shall either make a local enquiry himself, or cause one to be made by a revenue officer not below the rank of a Canooongoe or Sub-Deputy Collector, for the purpose of ascertaining the particulars mentioned on the reverse of form A.

8. (a) When the applicant's interest in the land to be improved is sufficient to cover the loan, no collateral security need be required. (b) When the sureties are a body of village residents who bind themselves jointly and severally as provided in section 9 of the Act, their personal surety shall be sufficient. (c) In all cases not covered by clause (a) or clause (b) of this rule, immoveable property shall be hypothecated by the applicant as collateral security.

9. Repayment shall be by half-yearly instalments. The date of the first instalment shall not exceed two years from the date of the loan, and shall, in cases in which such a principle is applicable, be fixed with reference to the time when the improvement will begin to yield a return.

10. The date of the last instalment shall not ordinarily exceed ten years from the date of the loan, the amount of the instalments being fixed, in cases in which such a principle is applicable, with reference to the annual profit expected to accrue from the improvement. With the sanction of the Board of Revenue, the time for repayment may in special cases be extended to 20 years.

11. If the proposed improvements fall within the provisions of section 11, clause (2) of the Act, and the security offered is good and sufficient, the Collector may, on completion of the local enquiry, sanction the loan himself, if empowered to do so. Otherwise he shall forward the application with his report to his superior officer for disposal.

12. If the loan be sanctioned, the applicant shall be required to sign a certificate in the annexed Form B, and, when his interest in the land to be improved is not sufficient to cover the loan, to execute, together with his sureties, if any, a bond in the annexed Form C or Form D as the case may be.

13. A copy of the certificate shall be given to the applicant, and payment of the loan shall be made at the district or sub-divisional treasury on its presentation.

14. (a) The rate of interest shall be one anna in the rupee, or $6\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. per annum.

(b) But the local Government may for special reasons, and on special application through the Board of Revenue, sanction a loan at a lower rate of interest or without interest.

(c) If any instalment of principal or of interest, or of consolidated principal and interest, is not paid when it falls due, the Collector may, if he thinks fit, charge interest on it at any rate not exceeding $6\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. per annum from the date of its falling due to the date of payment.

15. The repayment of the loan shall be made in accordance with the table in annexed Form E, which shows the amount of equal half-yearly payments necessary to re-pay a loan advanced with interest at $6\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. per annum for any number of years from one to twenty.

16. The dates for payment of instalments shall usually be the dates fixed for payment of the land revenue.

17. Instalments may be suspended by order and at the discretion of the Collector on proof of failure of crops or other exceptional calamity. The Collector shall report the suspension through the Commissioner to the Board of Revenue, who shall pass such orders on the case as may seem proper.

18. The Collector shall make provision for the inspection from time to time of works undertaken under the Act. In all cases the work shall be inspected within one month after the expiration of the time within which completion was directed in the certificate.

19. If at any time it is proved to the satisfaction of the Collector that any part of the loan has been misapplied, he may, after recording in writing the grounds of his decision, and subject to the control of the superior revenue authorities, proceed to recover the whole amount of the loan with such interest as may have become due thereon.

20. When any portion of a loan made under these rules is found to be irrecoverable, a special report shall be made to the Board of Revenue.

21. The Board of Revenue shall regulate the forms of all returns, registers and accounts relating to loans under the Act.

Form A of application.

Name, residence, &c., of applicant.	Amount of loan required.	Nature of security, whether personal or otherwise.	Nature of proposed improvement.	Situation of the land.	Applicant's rights in the land.	Proposed dates of repayment.

Applicant's signature.

Particulars to be filled in by inspecting officer.

(Reverse of form A.)

- I.—Mehal, field number, area of land to be improved ... }
- II.—Status of applicant, i.e. proprietor or tenant. If a tenant, and the landlord's consent is required, whether the landlord objects ... }
- III.—Security—
- (1) If the land itself, the value of the applicant's interest in it ... }
- (2) If personal, the names and status of the co-sureties ... }
- (3) If property other than the land itself, its nature, value, and extent of pre-existing encumbrances, if any ... }
- IV.—The improvement—
- (1) Its estimated utility and value ... }
- (2) Objections, if any, of third parties ... }
- (3) Probable date on which it will begin to yield profit ... }
- V.—Repayment—
- (1) Suitable date for first instalment with reference to IV (3) ... }
- (2) Proposed instalments and period of repayment ... }
- VI.—Date or dates on which the loan or instalments of it should be received by the applicant ... }

Recommendations of inspecting officer.

B.

CERTIFICATE GRANTED UNDER THE LAND IMPROVEMENT LOANS ACT, 1883.

To son of of

1. On production of this certificate the aforesaid is entitled to receive from the Collector of the following sums, on the dates noted against them, as a loan to be expended on (here describe clearly the nature of improvement) the land specified in the margin.

Date	amount.
Date	amount.
&c.	&c.
&c.	&c.

2. The conditions relating to the making and repayment of this loan are as follows:—

(a).—That it, with interest thereon, shall be repayable on the dates and by the amount specified below:—

Date	Principal	Interest	Total
"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"

(b).—That it shall be applied solely to the purpose specified above, and that if it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Collector that any part of the loan has been misapplied, the whole amount of the loan shall, with such interest as may have become due thereon, be deemed to at once become due.

These clauses to be used only when needed.

(c).—That unless (here enter any conditions as to the period or periods appointed for completing the work) the work has been completed by (date) the loan shall be held to have been misapplied.

(d).—That for the repayment of the loan with any interest due on the same, the immoveable property specified in the margin is, in addition to the land on which the improvement is to be made, hypothecated to Government.

(e).—That if any instalment is not paid on the due date, the whole amount of the loan shall be deemed to at once become due.

Signature of Collector.

I have understood and agreed to the aforesaid terms and conditions.

Signature of Certificate-holder.

FORM C.

Security Bond to be used when Applicant proffers Personal Security.

WHEREAS _____ has on _____ received from the Collector of _____ a certificate under the Land Improvement Loans Act, 1883, in virtue of which he is entitled to receive the aggregate sum of Rs. _____ as a loan from Government, we hereby agree that if the said _____ shall fail to comply with the terms on which the loan has been granted, either by misapplying the same or by failing to pay any instalment on the date fixed for its payment or any interest that may be due, we will be jointly and severally liable to Government for such sum not exceeding _____ as may be necessary to make good the amount which in consequence of his default he may have become liable to pay.

FORM D.

Hypothecation Bond to be used when immoveable property is proffered by Collateral Surety.

WHEREAS _____ has on _____ received from the Collector of _____ a certificate under the Land Improvement Loans Act, 1883, of _____, in virtue of which he is entitled to receive the aggregate sum of Rs. _____ as a loan from Government; and whereas security for the due application of the loan, and for the punctual repayment of the same, according to the terms of the certificate, is demanded from him, I _____ hereby mortgage to Government the immoveable property mentioned in the schedule below as a collateral security, and agree that if he fails to comply with the terms on which the loan has been granted, either by misapplying the same or by failing to pay any instalment on the date fixed for its payment, it shall be lawful for the Collector to recover from the said property such sum as may be necessary to make good the amount which, in consequence of failure to comply with the conditions of the certificate, may be due from me.

FORM E.

Equal half-yearly payment necessary to repay capital advance with interest at 6½ per cent.

Amount of loan.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
50	26'172	13'4016	9'2813	7'180112	5'89807	5'0607	4'464108	4'018008	3'67390	3'39075
100	52'344	26'8031	18'5626	14'320823	11'79793	10'1213	8'928216	8'037338	7'34792	6'79049
200	104'688	53'6062	37'1252	28'641846	23'59580	20'2426	17'856432	16'074672	14'09594	13'50818
300	157'032	80'9493	55'6878	42'962409	35'39379	30'3639	26'784049	24'112003	22'04376	20'30847
400	209'376	107'6324	74'2504	57'283292	47'19172	40'4852	36'712864	32'149344	29'39108	27'19796
500	261'720	134'9165	92'8130	71'604115	58'98970	50'6070	44'041080	40'186680	36'73000	33'99760
600	314'064	161'8986	111'3756	85'924938	70'78768	60'7278	53'560290	48'224016	44'08752	40'79004
700	366'408	188'8817	120'0392	100'245781	82'58551	70'8491	62'497512	56'261352	51'43544	47'50848
800	418'752	215'8048	148'6008	114'666384	94'38344	80'9704	71'425728	64'296088	58'78336	54'30592
900	471'096	242'8479	167'0634	128'887407	106'18137	91'0917	80'363044	72'330024	66'13128	61'19541
1,000	523'440	269'6310	186'6260	143'208230	117'67930	101'2130	89'282160	80'373360	73'47920	67'09400

Amount of loan.	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
50	3'1760	2'09220	2'83729	2'70554	2'5024	2'40422	2'409	2'3331	2'26039	2'20705
100	6'3531	5'98452	5'67487	5'41107	5'1847	4'96814	4'917	4'6082	4'53279	4'41410
200	12'7062	11'96904	11'34014	10'82214	10'3694	9'97658	9'634	9'3324	9'06568	8'8282
300	19'0593	17'93350	17'02371	16'23311	15'5641	14'96532	14'461	13'8086	13'50837	13'2423
400	25'4124	23'93908	22'69828	21'64428	20'7388	19'95370	19'263	18'6048	18'13110	17'6564
500	31'7600	29'92300	28'37290	27'06540	25'9240	24'94220	24'090	23'3310	22'60300	22'0705
600	38'1188	35'90712	34'04742	32'48642	31'1082	29'93084	28'902	27'9072	27'19074	26'4846
700	44'4737	41'89164	39'72199	37'87749	36'2923	34'91908	33'719	32'6834	31'72053	30'8087
800	50'8248	47'87610	45'39858	43'28858	41'4770	39'90752	38'436	36'9296	36'26232	35'3128
900	57'1779	53'86068	51'07113	48'69908	46'6623	44'89596	43'363	41'9958	40'79511	39'7289
1,000	63'5310	59'84520	56'74270	54'11070	51'8470	49'88440	48'170	46'6020	45'32700	44'141

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th November 1884.—It is hereby notified for general information that, in the exercise of the power conferred on him by section 38, Act IV (B.C.) of 1871, as amended by Act II (B.C.) of 1879 and Act I (B.C.) of 1884, the Lieutenant-Governor approves and confirms the following bye-laws, which have been framed for the town of Gurbetta, in the district of Midnapore, with the assent of the Health Officer of the town appointed under the Act for the management of all matters necessary for the due enforcement of the Act within the said town of Gurbetta.

BYE-LAWS UNDER SECTION 37, ACT IV (B.C.) OF 1871 FOR THE TOWN OF GURBETTA, IN THE DISTRICT OF MIDNAPORE.

PART I.

On the appointment and constitution of a Committee to aid in carrying out the provisions of Act IV (B.C.) of 1871 in the town of Gurbetta.

THE provisions of this Act shall be carried out by a Committee consisting of three official and three non-official members appointed for that purpose by Government.

2. On the 1st of March in each year the Sub-Divisional Officer shall nominate the members to serve on the Committee during the ensuing official year, and shall report the nomination for the sanction of the local Government.

3. In the event of the death, removal, or resignation of any member of the Committee during his year of office, an official member shall be succeeded by the successor to his appointment or any other official; and in the case of a non-official member, his successor shall be appointed by the remainder of the Committee.

PART II.

Rules for the conduct of business.

4. The Committee shall meet for the transaction of business in the office of the local Sub-Registrar or Honorary Magistrate, who is the Chairman of the Committee, on the 15th of each month, or, if that date fall on a Sunday or holiday, on the next succeeding open day provided that it shall be lawful for the Chairman to call a meeting at any other time during the month, recording his reasons for doing so.

5. Notice of every meeting shall be issued to the members by the Chairman three clear days beforehand.

6. No question shall be decided at any meeting unless its substance has been included in the notice prescribed in Rule 5.

7. Every question shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the event of an equal division, the Chairman shall have a casting vote.

8. The proceedings of every meeting shall be recorded in a book to be kept by the Chairman for the purpose.

PART III.

On the receipt and disbursement of moneys under the Act.

9. On the 15th October of each year a budget of the probable receipts and expenditure of the ensuing financial year, together with the opening and closing balances, shall be submitted to the Magistrate for the sanction of Government.

10. It shall be competent for the Committee, subject to the orders of Government, to transfer sums from one item of the budget to another, provided that the total expenditure be not exceeded, and provided that an annual review of the same be submitted to the Commissioner.

11. In forming every annual estimate an amount not exceeding Rs. 25 per cent. shall be reserved for emergent contingencies, such as a sudden outbreak of cholera and sickness, and necessity for employment of extra and special establishment.

12. At the close of every year the Chairman shall submit a report on the working of the Act during the year, showing the works of improvement and conservancy carried out and a detailed account of the receipts and expenditure during the year and the balance in hand at its close. The report should be submitted through the District Magistrate and the Commissioner to Government.

PART IV.

13. If any person shall carry night-soil or other offensive matter through the town otherwise than in a closely covered receptacle, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

14. The Committee shall open a register of the sweepers engaging for various parts of the town, specifying the name or names of the sweepers engaging for each part and responsible for its cleanliness, and shall supply each sweeper with a metal ticket bearing his number painted on it, and the section of the town to which he is attached, the spots fixed under section 24 of the Act, in which they are bounded to deposit dirt, and any other detail that may seem necessary. Any sweeper neglecting to remove night-soil from any part of the quarter for which he is responsible once in twenty-four hours shall be liable for each omission to a fine not exceeding Re. 1.

15. If any person shall bury, or allow to be buried, within the limits of the town of Gurbetta night-soil or other offensive matter, or leave it within the premises occupied by him beyond such time as may be fixed by the Magistrate, he shall be liable to a fine which may extend to Rs. 20, provided that this penalty shall not extend to manure heaps until notice to remove them have been issued by the Health Officer. The Chairman of the Committee may issue notice ordering any person to remove any offensive matter that may be buried on the premises occupied by him within a specific term. Any person neglecting to comply with such notice shall be liable to a daily fine not exceeding Rs. 2 from the date of the expiry of notice.

16. If any person shall dispose, or cause to be disposed of, within the limits of the town of Gurbetta any corpse, or part of a corpse, otherwise than by burning or burying it at or in some burning or burial ground, specially set apart for that purpose, fixed, by the Chairman of the Committee with the assent of the Health Officer, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

17. Any person allowing land or premises occupied by him within the limits of the town of Gurbetta to be used as a camping place for cattle or carts or any beasts of draught or burden shall be bound to permit such premises to be inspected by the Health Officer or Chairman of the Committee, or any officer they may depute, and shall be liable to any penalty provided for any infringement of the laws or bye-laws committed on his premises.

18. Whoever shall offer for sale fish unfit for food, or shall offer for sale any fish in any part of the town except in places notified by the Magistrate, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

PART V.

Miscellaneous.

19. At each monthly meeting of the Committee one or more members shall be appointed to supervise the working of the Act during the calendar month next following.

20. The remarks and orders of the working member or members for each month, and the remarks of inspecting officers, shall be entered in the minute book prescribed in Rule 7.

21. Every lodging-house keeper taking out a license under this Act shall provide himself with a copy of the Act, and with a printed copy of the notice prescribed in section 14, which notice shall be in the form shown in appendix A of these bye-laws.

22. The register referred to in section 15 of the Act shall be in the form shown in appendix B of these bye-laws.

23. There shall be hung up in each compartment of a lodging-house a board on which shall be legibly written in Uriya, Hindustani, and Bengali the dimensions of such compartment and the number of lodgers it can properly accommodate, and this board shall bear the signature of the Health Officer.

24. Every lodging-house or hotel-keeper shall be bound, on requisition by the Health Officer, to provide himself with tickets or tokens bearing consecutive numbers, and to furnish each of his lodgers with one of such tickets or tokens.

25. For the purpose of this Act the year shall be considered to commence from 1st April, and all licenses shall run from that date.

APPENDIX A.

Form of Notice under Section 14.

Lodging-house	...	...	...	... No.
Proprietor or (Manager)	...	...	...	... A. B.
Licensed to accommodate	...	...	...	.. —Lodgers.
				Signature.

APPENDIX B.

Form of Inspection Register under Section 15.

Date of inspection and name of inspecting officer.	Number and name of lodging-house.	Result of inspection.	Orders by Magistrate or Health Officer

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 21st November 1884.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Dacca Municipality for a public purpose, viz. for widening the north entrance of the Northbrook Hall lane, in the town of Dacca, pergunnah Jahangirnugger, zillah Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose two pieces of land measuring more or less 1 cottah of standard measurement, are required. The lands are bounded as follows:—

Plot I.—North by the Allagully road, west by the Northbrook Hall lane, and east and south by the land of Girigobindo Roy, now under the Court of Wards.

Plot II.—On the north by the Allagully road, east by the Northbrook Hall lane, south by the land of Rup Lall and Raghu Nath Das and that of Ganga Charan Das and Rup Chand Shaha, and west by the lands of Baboo Rup Lall and Raghu Nath Das, Sonaton, Dwarka Nath Shaha, Satya Bhanua Shaha and of Raj Chandra Shaha.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 3157A.

The 22nd November 1884.—In supersession of the order of the 9th June last, Baboo Abinash Chunder Mitter, Subordinate Judge of Patna, is allowed leave for one month and twenty-two days, under rule 1, section 73, chapter V of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the afternoon of the 28th May 1884.

Baboo Nagendra Nath Ray, a Munsif of Muradnagar in the Tipperah district, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such a court up to the amount of Rs. 50 within the local limits of his munsifi.

The 24th November 1884.—The services of Baboo Hur Mohun Bose, Second Munsif of Sudharam, Noakholly, on deputation at Burrisal, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE TO MUNSIFS.—*The 19th November 1884.*—Baboo Biraj Krishna Ghose, Officiating Munsif of Kutwa, in the district of Burdwan, is allowed leave for 3 months, under section 128, chapter X of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave already granted him on the 12th June 1884.

The 22nd November 1884.—Baboo Mohendra Nath Roy, First Munsif of Narail, in the district of Jessore, is allowed leave for one month and 15 days, viz. one day under rule 3, and one month and 14 days under rule 1, section 73, chapter V of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

J. WARE EDGAR,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th November 1884.—Under section 3, Act I (B.C.) of 1876 (an Act to provide for the voluntary registration of Mahomedan marriages and divorces), the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to grant a license to Munshi Akram Ali, authorizing him to register Mahomedan marriages and divorces, and to exercise the other functions of a Mahomedan Registrar within the police station of Tabkibagra (Chandpore) in the Sudder sub-division of the Tipperah district, *vice* Moulvi Abdul Aziz.

J. WARE EDGAR,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 25th November 1884.—Under section 79 of Act III of 1877 (the Indian Registration Act), it is hereby notified for general information that, with the approval of the Governor-General in Council, the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the addition of the following article to the existing schedule of Registration Fees:—

T. When a document remains unclaimed for more than one month after refusal of registration, a fee of four annas shall be charged for every month or part of a month beyond the first month after refusal of registration. The amount of the fee shall not, however, exceed Rs. 5 (Five) in any case.

This article will come into force from the 15th December 1884.

Note.—The Inspector-General of Registration is empowered to remit the fee in any case when it appears to him that its exaction would be productive of injustice or hardship.

J. WARE EDGAR,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th November 1884.—Under the provisions of section 7 of the Indian Registration Act III of 1877, the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the establishment of an office of Joint Sub-Registrar in the sub-district of Putiya in the district of Chittagong, with head quarters at Boalkhali. The Joint Sub-Registrar will exercise concurrent jurisdiction with the Sub-Registrar of Putiya. This notification will take effect on and from the 1st December 1884.

J. WARE EDGAR,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th November 1884.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor has sanctioned the removal of the police outpost of Mowpore, in the Serajgunge sub-division of the Pubna district, to the village of Belkuchi, with effect from the 7th April 1884.

J. WARE EDGAR,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 5th November 1884.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the site of a pound in the village of Gowladih, pergunnah Bhagulpore, zillah Bhagulpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 6 cottahs 12 dhoors of standard measurement, bounded on the north by a lane leading to the busti; east by the dry Humrah pond; south by the bastu land or hut of Panchupasi; west by public road, is required within the aforesaid village of Gowladih.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

J. WARE EDGAR,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT—BENGAL.

The 20th November 1884.

No. 418.—The services of Mr. D. Scott, Executive Engineer, first grade, are, on his return from furlough, placed at the disposal of the Commissioners for making improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

S. T. TREVOR, Colonel, R.E.,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal. P. W. Dept.

The 21st November 1884.

No. 419.—Posting.—With reference to Notification No. 240 of the 7th October 1884 of the Government of India, Public Works Department, Mr. H. E. Pellereau, Assistant Engineer, second grade, from the Royal Indian Engineering College, is posted to the South-Western Circle.

J. M. McNEILE, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,
Joint-Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. Dept.

The 24th November 1884.

No. 420.—Appointment.—Mr. C. A. Mills, who reported his return from furlough on the 21st instant, is appointed to be Executive Engineer of the Chittagong Division.

S. T. TREVOR, Colonel, R.E.,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal P. W. Dept.

The 24th November 1884.

No. 421.—Posting.—With reference to Notification No. 373 of the 14th October 1884, Mr. C. Taylor, Executive Engineer, fourth grade, is posted to the Brahmini-Byturni Division.

J. M. McNEILE, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,
Joint-Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. Dept.

The 24th November 1884.

No. 422.—*Transfer*.—Mr. G. Deuchars, Assistant Engineer, second grade, is transferred from the Northern Bengal State Railway to the Benares-Cuttack Railway Surveys.

No. 428.—*Transfer*.—Mr. W. E. Newham, Assistant Engineer, first grade, is transferred from the Bengal-Nagpore to the Northern Bengal State Railway.

No. 424.—Colonel B. Lovett, R.E., C.S.I., Executive Engineer, first grade, is attached to the office of the Superintending Engineer, Central Circle, as a temporary measure.

No. 425.—*Transfer*.—Baboo Khetter Nath Chatterjee, Executive Engineer, second grade, is transferred in the interests of the public service from the Chittagong to the 2nd Calcutta Division.

No. 426.—Mr. F. Sills, Executive Engineer, second grade, is, on return from privilege leave, appointed to the charge of the Akra Brick Factory.

No. 427.—*Transfer*.—Mr. A. G. Bremner, Assistant Engineer, first grade, is transferred in the interests of the public service from the 1st Calcutta to the Darjeeling Division.

No. 428.—*Transfer*.—Mr. J. T. Simpson, Executive Engineer, third grade, is transferred in the interests of the public service from the 2nd Calcutta to the Calcutta Workshops Division.

S. T. TREVOR, Colonel, R.E.,
Secy. to the Govt of Bengal, P. W. Dept.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 9424, dated the 19th November 1884.—Surgeon J. B. Gibbons made over charge of the Jessore Jail to Surgeon W. Beatson on the afternoon of the 4th November 1884.

No. 9447, dated the 20th November 1884.—Mr. H. G. Tayler made over charge of the Bhagulpore Central Jail to Mr. W. Leonard in the forenoon of the 7th November 1884.

No. 9568, dated the 22nd November 1884.—Mr. C. Owen made over charge of the Beerbhoom Jail to Surgeon-Major H. Whitwell in the forenoon of the 13th November 1884.

No. 9569, dated the 22nd November 1884.—Mr. E. W. Payue, Superintendent, made over charge of the Dacca Jail to Mr. H. G. Tayler in the afternoon of the 10th November 1884.

J. W. HANLON, for Offg. Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal.

No. 9594, dated the 24th November 1884.—Mr. H. G. Tayler made over charge of the Bhagulpore District Jail to Mr. W. Leonard on the afternoon of the 6th November 1884.

M. S. EMERSON, for Offg. Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICES.

Subordinate Educational Service.

The 12th November 1884.—Baboo Mahendra Nath Dutt, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Rungpore (class VI), was on leave of absence from the 24th September to the 12th October last, both days inclusive, under section 72, chapter V of the Civil Leave Code.

The 17th November 1884.—Baboo Sures Chandra Kaviraj, B.A., Second Master, Mozufferpore zillah school (class VI), is allowed leave of absence for three months without pay, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 19th July last.

The 18th November 1884.—Baboo Mahendra Nath Ghosh, Second Master, Motihari zillah school, and now Officiating Additional Master in the Chuprah zillah school (class VII), is appointed to be Third Master of the Monghyr zillah school, *vice* Mir Sajjad Ali, transferred.

The 19th November 1884.—Baboo Mahendra Lal Ghosh, Head Clerk, office of the Inspector of Schools, Presidency Circle (class VI), is allowed leave of absence for one month, under section 72, chapter V of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 16th October last.

Baboo Girindra Gopal Ghosh, Fourth Clerk, office of the Inspector of Schools, Presidency Circle, is appointed to officiate as Second Clerk in that office, and to act in Class VII, with effect from the 16th October last, during the absence on deputation of Baboo Jogeswar Ghosh, or until further orders.

The 20th November 1884.—Baboo Debendra Nath Mookerjee, M.A., Lecturer in the Krishnaghur College (temporarily substantive in class V), is appointed substantively to that class with effect from the 31st October last, *vice* Baboo Bireswar Chatterjee, M.A., promoted.

Baboo Syama Prasanna Roy, Head Master, Hazaribagh zillah school (class VI and officiating in class V), is appointed temporarily substantive to class V, with effect from the 31st October last, *vice* Baboo Debendra Nath Mookerjee, M.A.

Baboo Indra Kumar Chatterjee, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Burdwan (class VII and officiating in class VI), is appointed temporarily substantive to class VI, with effect from the 31st October last, *vice* Baboo Syama Prasanna Roy.

Baboo Kali Charan Ganguli, Head Clerk of the Sanskrit College (officiating in class VII), is appointed temporarily substantive to that class, *vice* Baboo Indra Kumar Chatterjea.

Mr. E. Cleghorn, Head Master of the Colinga Branch School (temporarily substantive in class V) is appointed substantively to that class, *vice* Baboo Srinath Dutt, promoted.

Baboo Siddheswar Banerjea, B.A., Third Master, Sanskrit Collegiate School (temporarily substantive in class VI), is appointed substantively to that class, *vice* Mr. E. Cleghorn.

Baboo Dwarka Nath Ghosh, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Balasore (temporarily substantive in class VII), is appointed substantively to that class, *vice* Baboo Siddheswar Banerjea, B.A.

Baboo Kura Ram Roy, Head Master of the Patna survey school (class VI and officiating in class V), is appointed temporarily substantive to class V, with effect from the 31st October last, *vice* Baboo Ram Das Chakravarti, promoted.

Munshi Sajiwan Lal, B.A., Second Master, Patna normal school, and now Officiating Deputy Inspector of Schools, Chumparun (class VII and officiating in class VI), is appointed temporarily substantive to class VI, with effect from the 31st October last, *vice* Baboo Kura Ram Roy.

Baboo Sital Prasad Dutt, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Midnapore (officiating in class VII), is appointed temporarily substantive to that class with effect from the 31st October last, *vice* Munshi Sajiwan Lal, B.A.

Baboo Kesab Lal Bose, Head Master, Chaibasa zillah school (temporarily substantive in class VI), is appointed substantively to that class, *vice* Baboo Prasanna Kumar Chatterjea, M.A., resigned.

Baboo Radha Raman Guha, Second Master, Dacca survey school (temporarily substantive in class VII), is appointed substantively to that class, *vice* Baboo Kesab Lal Bose.

Baboo Bhubaneswar Gupta, head clerk, office of the Inspector of Schools, Rajshahye Circle (class VII and officiating in class VI), is appointed temporarily substantive to class VI, *vice* Baboo Sures Chandra Kaviraj, B.A., on leave.

Baboo Gadadhar Gorai, Fourth Master of the Beerbhoom zillah school (officiating in class VII), is appointed temporarily substantive to that class, *vice* Baboo Bhubaneswar Gupta.

Baboo Akhoy Kumar Mookerjea, Head Master, Rungpore zillah school (class VI), is appointed to officiate in class V, with effect from the 24th October last, *vice* Baboo Prabhat Chandra Sen, promoted.

Baboo Mahim Chandra Bose, Third Master, Mymensingh zillah school (class VII and officiating in class VI), will continue to officiate in class VI with effect from the 24th October last, *vice* Baboo Akhoy Kumar Mookerjea.

Baboo Satkari Chandra Ghosh, B.A., Extra Master, Hindu School, is appointed to officiate in class VII, with effect from the 24th October last, *vice* Baboo Mahim Chandra Bose.

Baboo Trailokya Nath Ghosh, B.A., Second Master, Balasore zillah school, and now temporarily as Deputy Inspector of Schools, Balasore (class VII), is appointed to officiate in class VI, *vice* Baboo Hari Charan Nag, promoted.

Baboo Baikanta Nath Gossami, Assistant Professor of Sanskrit in the Rajshahye College, is appointed to officiate in class VII, *vice* Baboo Trailokya Nath Ghosh, B.A.

Baboo Hari Taran Bhattacharjea, Fourth and Officiating Third Master of the Krishnaghur Collegiate School (class VII), is appointed to officiate in class VI, *vice* Munshi Baladeva Ram, B.A., under suspension.

Baboo Amrita Lal Ghosh, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Burdwan (class VII), is appointed to officiate in class VI, during the absence on leave of Baboo Nil Madhab Mazumdar, M.A.

Baboo Sarada Prasad Ganguli, Head Master of the Gya zillah school (class IV), is allowed leave of absence for two months, under sections 128 and 129, chapter X of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 1st November 1884, or such subsequent date as he availed himself of it.

Baboo Nitya Nanda Dey, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Midnapore (class VI), is allowed leave of absence for three months, under sections 128 and 129, chapter X of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

A. W. CROFT, *Director of Public Instruction.*

In accordance with the instructions contained in the Director of Public Instruction's Circular No. 77, dated 23rd May 1884, the eight junior scholarships allotted to this Division for 1885 are distributed as follows:—

Chittagong	...	...	...	...	...	3
Tipperah	...	...	...	...	...	3
Noakholly	...	...	...	...	...	2
						—
						8
						—

2. The two second grade scholarships will be open to competition throughout the division, and be awarded to the first two boys in the list of successful candidates.

D. R. LYALL, *Offg. Commissioner.*

CHITTAGONG, the 17th November 1884.

HIGH COURT NOTICE.

Circular Order issued by authority of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

CRIMINAL.

No. 10, dated the 21st July 1884.

Chapter VI, Rule 37. (viii), page 181,
Rules and Orders, Criminal, line 1, *for*

"should not,"

read

"must not."

At the end of the paragraph insert—

VIII. The number of copyists licensed should not be greater than will admit, under ordinary circumstances, of each vernacular copyist earning at least Rs. 12, and of each English copyist earning at least Rs. 20 per month. Each copyist is to keep a register showing his receipts, which he is to submit once a month to the Magistrate, who will thus be enabled to regulate the establishment of copyists and to reduce the number, if required, with reference to the provisions of the preceding rule. The Magistrate may, under pressure of work, depute to his head clerk the duty of examining these registers; but he is under no circumstance to omit doing so himself at least once a quarter, and a certificate of his inspection of these books is always to be inserted in the annual report.

"The number of copyists in each office must be so reduced as to bring the earnings of each at least up to the prescribed minimum. No copyists shall be employed, or, if already employed, retained in employment, whose work is carelessly performed or whose handwriting is illegible or difficult to decipher. The copying departments should, where practicable at the head-quarters of a district, be amalgamated into a single separate department of which the salaried examining clerk shall be the chief ministerial officer. All the copying work required by the several Magistrates' Courts at head-quarters should be done by the District Magistrates' Copying Department."

Chapter VI, Rule 37, for Clause IX
substitute

IX. A fee of 8 annas shall be charged for searching. This fee shall be levied by means of a court-fee stamp, to be affixed to all applications for information or for copies, except such copies as the law requires to be given free of cost. The stamp shall, in the case of applications for copies in form B, be in addition to the one-anna stamp required, under article I (a), schedule II of the Court-fees Act VII of 1870, on such applications. In the case of applications for information, the searching fee shall be the only fee required to be affixed to form A.

"A fee of 4 annas shall be charged for searching for all documents of which copies are applied for, whether certified* or uncertified. This fee shall be levied by means of a court-fee stamp to be affixed to all applications for information or copies, except such copies as the law requires to be given free of cost. The stamp shall, in the case of applications for copies in Form B, be, in addition to the one-anna stamp required under Article I (a), Schedule II of the Court-fees Act VII of 1870, on such applications. In the case of applications for information, the searching fee shall be the only fee required to be affixed to Form A. One searching fee only shall be charged for any number of copies taken from the same record and included in the same application. No searching fee shall be charged in respect of copies of papers which have not been deposited on the rack of the record-room."

* *Vide* Section LXIII of Act I of 1872 (The Indian Evidence Act.)

Charges for Authenticated and Unauthenticated Copies.

(a) In all Criminal Courts, a uniform charge shall be made for the preparation of copies; whether authenticated or unauthenticated, at the rate of four annas per folio. This term, it is to be carefully explained to all subordinate officers, merely denominates a certain quantity of manuscript; the folio to consist of 150 words English, or 300 words Vernacular, four figures counting as one word.

(c) All copies, whether authenticated or unauthenticated, must in future, before issue, be examined by a salaried officer. The copies themselves will in all cases be made by section-writers, who will be remunerated at the rate of two annas per folio.

(f) To protect the interests of the Government, care must be taken to see that no copies issue from the Courts which are not prepared on the prescribed stamp paper, which must be written on one side of the sheet only, and not contain more than the authorized number of words. On the other hand, care must be taken to see that applicants are not imposed upon by the copyists spreading their writing over a larger number of sheets than is necessary. By insisting on the number of lines in each sheet being uniform, control may easily be exercised in this matter, the number of words in a few of the lines in each folio being checked. The business of a copyist is (like most other occupations) one calling for skill, and greatly dependent for its successful practice in experience. Copyists, therefore, must possess or acquire skill in their business, or they ought not to be retained.

(i) In the cases of authenticated copies, the Court-fee chargeable under the Court-fees Act should be levied by affixing the necessary stamp to the first folio of the copy.

Chapter VI, Rule 89, page 135, Rules and Orders, Criminal, heading—

Strike out the words "authenticated and unauthenticated."

In clauses (a) and (c) for

"authenticated or unauthenticated,"
read

"certified or uncertified."

In clause (f) *insert at end* "copyists who fail to do their work satisfactorily must be removed."

In clause (i), for

"authenticated,"

read

"certified."

ORI

Rule No. 11, dated

• To be filled in for 1884 and future years.

In the list of Annual Statements. Chapter II, page 17, General Rules and of the trial of European British subjects.”*

2. Between pages 56 and 57 of the same chapter, after Annual Statement 7 (Civil and Criminal),

No. 14A.

ANNUAL STATE

Statement showing the general result of the trial of European

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCE.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ACCUSED AND BROUGHT BEFORE A MAGISTRATE.							Died, escaped, or transferred to other districts or provinces (1).	Number actually brought to trial.	PERSONS WHOSE CASES WERE DISPOSED OF													
	Remaining at the close of the previous year.	WITHIN THE YEAR.								By District Magistrates AND OTHER 1ST CLASS MAGISTRATES.				By Courts of Session.				By High Court.					
		On complaint, section 191 (a), Criminal Procedure Code.	On Police Report, section 191 (b) of the Code.	By Magistrate <i>ex motu</i> , section 191 (c) of the Code.	On transfer from another district or province (1).	Total.	Received by transfer under section 451B of the Code.			Convicted.	Acquitted or discharged.	Committed.		Transferred by order under section 45-B of the Code.	Total omitting entries in columns 14 and 15.	Received by transfer under section 451B of the Code.	Convicted.	Acquitted or discharged.	Transferred to High Court under section 449 of the Code.	Total exclusive of column 17.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Total.
												To Court of Session.	To High Court.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Offences against the State, Chapter VI of the Indian Penal Code.																							
Offences relating to the Army and Navy, Chapter VII.																							
Offences against the public tranquillity, Chapter VIII.																							
Offences by or relating to public servants, Chapter IX.																							
Contempts of the lawful authority of public servants, Chapter X.																							
False evidence and offences against public justice, Chapter XI.																							
Offences relating to coin and Government stamps, Chapter XII.																							
Offences relating to weights and measures, Chapter XIII.																							
Offences affecting the public health, safety, convenience, decency, and morals, Chapter XIV.																							
Offences relating to religion, Chapter XV.																							
Offences affecting the human body, Chapter XVI.	Offences affecting life																						
	Causing of miscarriage; injuries to unborn children; exposure of infants; and the concealment of births																						
	Hurt																						
	Wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement.																						
	Criminal force and assault																						
	Kidnapping, forcible abduction, slavery, and forced labour.																						
	Rape																						
	Unnatural offence																						
	Theft																						
	Extortion																						
Offences against property, Chapter XVII.	Robbery and dacoity																						
	Criminal misappropriation of property.																						
	Criminal breach of trust																						
	Receiving of stolen property																						
	Cheating																						
Offences relating to documents and to trade or property marks, Chapter XVIII	Fraudulent deeds and disposition of property.																						
	Mischief																						
	Criminal trespass																						
Offences relating to contracts of service, Chapter XIX.																							
Offences relating to marriage, Chapter XX																							
Defamation, Chapter XXI																							
Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance, Chapter XXII.																							
Offences under special and local laws																							
TOTAL																							

(1) Note against each entry the number of persons whose cases were transferred
(2) Omit cases brought forward from the preceding year.

MINAL.

the 21st July 1884.

Circular Orders (Criminal), after No. 14 insert the following: "14A—Statement showing the general result

No. 14, insert the following form :—

MENT 8 (CRIMINAL).

British Subjects in _____ in the year _____

[illegible]

and the district or province to or from which the transfers were made.

3. After the word "convenient" in clause (d), Rule 10, page 33 of the same chapter add the following:—

"In order to secure the accurate preparation of statement 8, a form of Register marked 80 shall be maintained in the Courts of all District Magistrates and other Magistrates exercising 1st class powers."

4. Between pages 71 and 72 of the same chapter, after "Register showing, under each head of crime, the number of offences reported, of cases struck off as false, and of cases brought to trial" (No. 29), insert the following form:—

No. 80.

Register showing, under each head of offence, the general result of the trial of European British Subjects in 188 .

(Heads of offence, as per "Description of offence" given in column 1 of Annual Statement 8.)

No. of case.	Name of accused.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ACCUSED AND BROUGHT BEFORE A MAGISTRATE.							Died, escaped, or transferred to other district or province.	Number actually brought to trial.	PERSONS WHOSE CASES WERE DISPOSED OF												NUMBER OF CASES.	REMARKS.		
		WITHIN THE YEAR.									BY DISTRICT MAGISTRATES AND OTHER 1ST CLASS MAGISTRATES.				BY COURTS OF SESSION.				BY HIGH COURT.							
		Remaining at the close of the previous year.	On complaint, section 191 (a), Criminal Procedure Code.								Received by transfer under section 451B of the Code.	Convicted.	Acquitted or discharged.	To Court of Session.	To High Court.	Transferred by order under section 451B of the Code.	Received by transfer under section 451B of the Code.	Convicted.	Acquitted or discharged.	Transferred to High Court under section 449 of the Code.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Number of persons under trial at the close of the year.	Brought to trial.	Disposed of.	Pending.
			On Police Report, section 191 (b) of the Code.	By Magistrate <i>suo motu</i> , section 191 (c) of the Code.	On transfer from another district or province.	Total.																				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27

Instructions.—The final result of trial as regards each person will determine the "head of offence" under which he is to be entered. When an accused is tried under more than one "head of offence," he should be exhibited under the principal one only, unless he happens to be accused of entirely distinct offences supported by separate evidence, in which case the trials would be separate and the results independent.

In the column for remarks against the name of each accused, a note should be made stating (1) whether the accused applied to the High Court for an order under Section 456 of the Code; (2) whether he applied to the High Court under Section 526 of the Code for the transfer of their cases; and (3) the class of officer (Magistrate or Sessions Judge) who disposed of the case, and whether or not they were European British Subjects.

The district or province, from or to which the cases of the persons entered in columns 7 and 9 were transferred, should also be noted in the column for remarks.

Distinctive marks should be made—

In column 5, to show the number of persons who applied under section 2, Act III of 1884, for transfer or committal of their cases.

In columns 12 to 15 and 18 to 22, to show the number who claimed to be tried (1) by a mixed Jury, section 451A (1) of the Code, or (2) by a mixed number of Assessors, Section 451 (2).

CRIMINAL.

Rule No. 12, dated the 15th September 1884.

Complaints should be received at a fixed hour each day, and should be immediately numbered in the order of their receipt. They should then be entered in a book to be kept in the form annexed. This book should be kept under the special control of the Magistrate himself.

For Rule 2, Chapter III, page 77 of the Criminal Rules and Orders (1883), substitute the following:—

Complaints should be received daily at a fixed hour either at the commencement or at the close of the day's sitting, and should be immediately numbered in the order of their receipt. They should be entered in the language employed by the presiding Magistrate in recording evidence in a book to be kept in the form annexed. The entries should be made immediately after the receipt of the complaints, if complaints are received in the morning, or, if complaints are received in the evening, the first thing on the following morning, and the entries should be signed by the Magistrate as soon as they are made. When a case is made over for trial to another Officer, an entry to this effect should be made in the column for remarks. All Officers or Benches of Magistrates receiving cases on transfer should maintain similar registers, in which every case so received should at once be entered, the entry being signed by the presiding Magistrate.

CRIMINAL.

Rule No. 13, dated the 15th September 1884.

Add to the instructions given at foot of the form of Annual Statement 5 (Criminal) in Chapter II, pages 48 and 49 of the General Rules and Circular Orders (Criminal)—
Columns 28 to 37 should include the persons entered in columns 6 to 8 and 17 and 18.

CIVIL.

No. 7, dated the 21st July 1884.

Chapter V, Rule 37 (viii), page 287, Rules and Orders, Civil, line 1, for

“should not”
read
“must not.”

At the end of the paragraph insert—

“The number of copyists in each office must be so reduced as to bring the earnings of each at least up to the prescribed minimum. No copyist shall be employed, or, if already employed, retained in employment, whose work is carelessly performed or whose handwriting is illegible or difficult to decipher. The copying department should, where practicable at the head-quarters of a district, be amalgamated into a single separate department of which the salaried examining clerk shall be the chief ministerial officer. All the copying work required by the several Civil Courts at head-quarters should be done by the District Judge's Copying Department.”

The above rule does not apply to Small Cause Courts.

Chapter V, Rule 37, for clause IX

substitute.

“A fee of 4 annas shall be charged for searching for all documents of which copies, whether certified* or uncertified, are required. This fee shall be levied by means of a court-fee stamp to be affixed to all applications for information or copies, except such copies as the law requires to be given free of cost. The stamp shall, in the case of applications for copies in Form B, be in addition to the one-anna stamp required under Article I (a), Schedule II of the Court-fees Act VII of 1870, on such applications. In the case of applications for information, the searching fee shall be the only fee required to be affixed to Form A. One searching fee only shall be charged for any number of copies taken from the same record and included in the same application. No searching fee shall be charged in respect of copies of papers which have not been deposited on the rack of the record-room.”

* Vide Section LXIII of Act I of 1872 (The Indian Evidence Act)

Chapter V, Rule 87, page 289, Rules and Orders, Civil, for Form B

substitute

Form of Application.

Petition for copy.

Court-fee stamp
to the value of {1;
anna.If the copy is wanted
on the day of application,
court-fee stamps to the
value of 1 rupee must be
attached here.

Application is made by me, the undersigned, for
 copy of _____ in the case
versus _____ decided by _____ on the

The case occurred in Thana

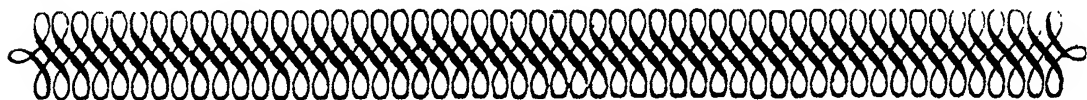
BANKIPORE, }
 Dated 188 . }

(Here state if the copy is required for the private use of the applicant or not.)

(Signature of Applicant)

Copyist's report—

	Rs.	A.	
The copy applied for will require $\frac{1}{2}$ folios of each one 2 annas			These were filed by the
impressed stamp			applicant on the
8 annas court-fee stamps			
Extra court-fee stamps for urgency			
TOTAL			Dated
(Signature of copyist.)			
Dated 188 .			(Signature of Court.)



Received from _____ an application for copy of
 _____ in the case of _____
versus _____

decided by _____ on the

BANKIPORE, }
 Dated 188 . }

(Signature of Court.)

NOTE.—This portion of the form must be filled up by the applicant. He will receive it back signed by the Court and on his presenting it, either personally or by an agent whose name has been endorsed on the back on the first open day after to-day, and on supplying with it the necessary stamped papers, he will (there being no objection) be granted a copy.

the Chief Commissionership of Assam, and provided also that no candidate who does not hold a certificate of having passed some examination specified in this rule other than the said Entrance Examination shall, in the event of his passing the examination mentioned in Rule 2, Clause 3, receive a certificate entitling him to practise beyond the limits of the said Chief Commissionership.

CIVIL.

Rule No. 12, dated the 18th September 1884.

In Chapter IV, Rules and Orders (Civil), for Rule 6 (g), page 223,

read—

6 (g.) In cases where the defendant appears and makes answer or desires to contest the claim, the case may either be taken up and tried at once if it appear to be likely to be a short one, or may be placed in the ordinary list of defended causes, and come on in its turn, if such latter cause appear to the Judge to be expedient course reference to the state of his file or the convenience of the parties.

6 (g.) Where the defendant appears and makes answer or desires to contest the claim, the case shall ordinarily be placed in the list of defended causes and come on in its turn; provided that if the case appear likely to be a short one, the Judge may take it up and try it immediately after the undefended cases fixed for the day, or may set it down for hearing on an early day, if either of such courses appear to him to be expedient with reference to the state of his file or the convenience of the parties."

CIVIL.

Rule No. 13, dated the 18th September 1884.

(aa). Vakils practising in the High Court shall note on their vakalatnamas the names of the Mukhtars from whom the vakalatnamas are received.

In clause (aa), rule 36, chapter V, page 283, Civil Rules and Orders, after the word mukhtars, insert "or other persons."

No. 13, dated Calcutta, the 15th August 1884.

From—C. S. BAYLEY, Esq., Officiating Registrar, High Court,
To—All District Judges in Bengal and Assam.

THE statements showing the receipts and disbursements on account of the employment of Civil Court Ameens in the various districts in Bengal and Assam during 1883-84 indicate that the practice observed in regard to the fees levied from parties in cases where the local enquiries are conducted by Judicial Officers is not uniform. Such fees should in future be levied in accordance with the scale laid down in Article 3, Parts II, III and IV of the Court Fee Rules, chapter IV, rule 8, pages 225—230, civil rules and orders, and should be shown in the return.

No. 15, dated Calcutta, the 17th November 1884.

From—C. S. BAYLEY, Esq., Officiating Registrar, High Court,
To—All District Judges and to the Commissioner of Chota Nagpore.

CERTAIN days having been appointed by the Government of Bengal for the election of Municipal Commissioners throughout the Lower Provinces, the High Court are pleased, at the instance of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, to direct that the days noted on the margin be observed as holidays in all Civil Courts.

7 Civil Courts at Alipur 29th November and 18th
and Sealdah. and 19th December 1884.
Civil Courts at Howrah 29th November and 1st
December 1884.
Other Civil Courts in 29th November 1884.
the Hooghly district.
All other Civil Courts ... 25th November 1884.

2. A copy of this letter should be communicated to all Civil Judicial Officers subordinate to you for information and guidance.

Sheriff's Office, the 29th October 1884.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Sixth Criminal Sessions of the year 1884 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the first day of December next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Sessions be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Sessions be present then and there to prosecute.

H. W. I. Wood, *Sheriff.*

সদরিক আফিস সন ১৮৮৪ সাল তারিখ ২৯শে অক্টোবর।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে শ্রবে বাঙ্গালার কোর্ট উইলিয়াম গবর্ন অধীন শহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের কৌজদারী বিচার সম্পত্তা আগামী সন ১৮৮৪ সালের ১ম ডিসেম্বর সোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্যন্ত সেশনসের কাষা শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময় কলিকাতার হাই কোর্টের আগল আদালত ঘরে সন ১৮৮৪ সালের ষষ্ঠ ডিসেম্বর সশিয়ান বসিবের এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কার্যের বিরুদ্ধে কৌজদারী মিছিল করিবের তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে তাহির থাকিয়া যোকদ্দমা করে ইতি।

এইচ: ডবলিউ: আই: উড, সর্দার।

TREASURY NOTICE.

COVENANTED Deputy Collector Mr. A. T. A. Shaw has been placed in temporary charge of the Midnapore Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other Treasuries.

J. BEAMES, *Commissioner.*

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVISION, the 20th November 1884.

NOTIFICATIONS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE.

No. 1119B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Twelfth Sale of Opium, the Provision of 1881-82 and 1882-83 will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall-street, on Tuesday, the 2nd December 1884, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,800 chests, viz.—

	Chests.
Opium manufactured at the Patna Factory, consisting of 5 chests of 1881-82, 50 chests of 74° of 1882-83 (tin-lined), and 1,745 chests of 75° 1882-83 of which 50 chests are tin-lined; in all	1,800
Opium manufactured at the Ghazee pore Factory, consisting of 1,700 chests of 70° of 1882-83, of which 100 chests are tin-lined, and 300 chests of 75° of 1882-83, in all	2,000
Total	3,800

2nd. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 27th November 1883, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3rd. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 8th and 17th December 1884, respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room will be received after 3-30 P.M. of Monday, the 8th December 1884, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 3-30 P.M. of Wednesday, the 17th December 1884.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

C. E. BUCKLAND, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L.P., FORT WILLIAM, the 27th October 1884.

Rule XLI (a), page 291, Rules and Orders, Civil, heading—

Strike out the words "authenticated and unauthenticated."

In clauses (a) and (c), for

"authenticated or unauthenticated"

read

"certified or uncertified."

In clause (f) *insert at end* "copyists who fail to do their work satisfactorily must be removed."

In clause (i), for

"authenticated,"

read

"certified."

The forms of application for copies now in use can be used while the present stock lasts.

CIVIL.

Rule No. 8, dated the 28th July 1884.

At page 53, Chapter III of the General Rules and Circular Orders, Civil, after Rule 51 insert the following :—

The remittances to the Treasury at the close of each day, as well as the particulars of each payment to the public, must be entered in column 3 of the form of pass-book No. 14. To facilitate the calculation of the amount to be remitted to the Treasury at the close of each day's business, two lines are provided in the form, one to show the total of receipts and payments at the Court, and the other the total for the day according to the receipt and payment sides. The receipts and payments at the Court being first entered and added up, the difference between the total of receipts and that of payments will, if the receipts exceed the payments, be entered on the left side as remittance to the Treasury, or, if the payments exceed the receipts, on the right side as remittance from the Treasury. The total for the day will then be made up for both sides, which will agree together. The number of the chalan or payment order, on the back of which the amount to be remitted to, or received from, the Treasury is noted, ~~shall~~ be shown against the entry made below the total of payments or receipts, but the head of account need not be noted in the Pass-book against the entries, nor need the entries be initialed by the Treasury Officer.

CIVIL.

Rule No. 9, dated the 18th August 1884.

In Chapter I, Rule 9, after clause (d) read—

*Clause (dd).—*In any case in which a commission has issued to a Court as provided in clause (c) and has been cancelled before execution, it is at the discretion of the Court issuing the commission, under the authority vested in it by the Government of India in Financial Resolution No. 1702, dated 20th June 1884, to allow a refund of the amount of the Commissioner's fees paid in Court-fee stamps. The fees so refunded shall be the additional fees prescribed in clause (b) for each witness.

*Clause (ddd).—*All applications for refunds, whether under clause (d) or under clause (dd), must be made within three years of the time when the right to the refund accrues. Applications made after the expiry of three years cannot be granted.

CIVIL.

Rule No. 10, dated the 21st August 1884.

2. The periods for which the trial nuthee shall be preserved entire shall be as follows :—

(a). In suits for rent, in which a question of right to enhance or vary the rent of a ryot, or tenant, or any question relating to a title to land or to some interest in land, or between parties having conflicting claims thereto, has not been determined by the judgment, in suits for money or damages, or for the specific performance of contracts relating to moveable property or for the recovery of moveable property, three years.

After clause (b), paragraph 2 of Rule No. 12A, in Chapter IV, add—

(c) In foreclosure suits relating to immoveable property falling under Act IV of 1882 } Twelve years.

After paragraph 3 of the same Rule, add—

(4) In foreclosure proceedings under Act IV of 1882, the final order shall be deemed to be made on the date of the decree absolute.

(b). In suits for or affecting immovable property, or in respect of succession to an office, or to establish or set aside an adoption or otherwise determine the status of an individual, and in suits or proceedings under the Indian Succession Act (X of 1865) and the Hindu Wills Act (XXI of 1870), twelve years.

(c). In proceedings under Regulation XVII of 1806, for foreclosure of mortgage by way of conditional sale, fifteen years.

(d). In cases under Act XXVII of 1860, Act XIX of 1841, Acts XXXV and XL of 1858, twelve years.

Provided that all accounts filed in Court under any of the last-mentioned Acts shall form part of the permanent record.

(e). In proceedings taken in execution of decrees, including proceedings under Sections 278, 332 and 335 of Act X of 1877 (Sections 246 and 269 of Act VIII of 1859),* three years.

* Proceedings under section 331 of Act X of 1877, or sections 229 and 230 of Act VIII of 1859, are regular suits: the records of these must be dealt with accordingly.

(f). In cases relating to moveable property of deceased persons under Section 7 of Regulation V of 1799, three years.

(g). All other miscellaneous cases, three years.

(8). The periods prescribed above shall be taken to run from the date of the final order or decree of the Court of first instance, or, in case of an appeal, from that of the decision of the Highest Court of appeal.

CIVIL.

Rule No. 11, dated the 8th September 1884.

For the 1st paragraph of rule 4 of Part II. of the revised rules as to the qualification, admission and certificate, &c., of pleaders and mukhtars subordinate to the High Court, Chapter IV, Rule 13, pages 241-243, Civil Rules and Orders,

Read—

1st.—He must hold a certificate of having passed the First Arts Examination of the University of Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay, or the first public examination before Moderators at Oxford, or the previous examination at Cambridge, or the preliminary examination in arts in one of the Scotch Universities, or the examination in arts for the second grade at Durham, or the Matriculation Examination at the University of Dublin or London, or a certificate of having passed some other public examination, which shall be certified by not less than three Judges of the High Court as being in their opinion equivalent to one or other of the above-mentioned examinations.

1st.—He must hold a certificate of having passed the Entrance Examination or the First Arts Examination of the University of Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay, or the first public examination before Moderators at Oxford, or the Previous Examination at Cambridge, or the preliminary examination in Arts in one of the Scotch Universities, or the examination in Arts for the second grade at Durham, or the Matriculation Examination at the University of Dublin or London, or a certificate of having passed some other public examination which shall be certified by not less than three Judges of the High Court as being in their opinion equivalent to one or other of the above-mentioned examinations: Provided that a certificate of having passed the Entrance Examination of the University of Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay shall be deemed to entitle a candidate to present himself at the Examination only in case such candidate shall be a native of one of the districts comprised within

No. 1228B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Provision Opium to be brought forward for sale by public auction in the year 1885 will consist of about 24,000 chests prepared at the Patna factory, each chest of which is believed to contain 1 maund 18 seers 12 chittacks of pure opium, besides 9 seers 6 chittacks used for pasting the leaves of the shell, and about 25,992 chests prepared at the Ghazee-pore factory, each chest of which is believed to contain 1 maund 18 seers 12 chittacks of pure opium, besides 9 seers 6 chittacks used for pasting the leaves of the shell; being of the two seasons 1882-83 and 1883-84 in the proportion marginally noted.

OPPIUM.	
H. A. Cockerell, Esq., C.S.I.	
<i>Opium manufactured at the Patna Factory.</i>	
Reserve of 1882-83	... 1,233
Supply from 1883-84	... 22,767
	24,000
<i>Opium manufactured at the Ghazee-pore Factory.</i>	
Reserve of 1882-83	... 1,058
Supply from 1883-84	... 24,936
	25,992
Total	49,992

2. The dates on or about which the sales will be held, and the total quantity of opium as well as the respective quantities manufactured at the Patna and Ghazee-pore factories, which will be brought forward for sale every month, are specified below. The Board of Revenue reserve to themselves the right of altering the dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so. In accordance with the notification of the Government of India, No. 2383, dated 23rd July 1884, 2,000 chests of Patna and 2,166 chests of Benares opium will be sold monthly from January to December 1885:—

DATES.		Chests manu- factured at the Patna factory.	Chests manu- factured at the Ghazee- pore factory.	Total chests.
On or about Monday,	5th January 1885	2,000	2,166	4,166
On or about Tuesday,	3rd February "	2,000	2,166	4,166
On or about Tuesday,	3rd March "	2,000	2,166	4,166
On or about Thursday,	2nd April "	2,000	2,166	4,166
On or about Monday,	4th May "	2,000	2,166	4,166
On or about Wednesday,	3rd June "	2,000	2,166	4,166
On or about Thursday,	2nd July "	2,000	2,166	4,166
On or about Monday,	3rd August "	2,000	2,166	4,166
On or about Wednesday,	2nd September "	2,000	2,166	4,166
On or about Monday,	5th October "	2,000	2,166	4,166
On or about Tuesday	3rd November "	2,000	2,166	4,166
On or about Thursday,	3rd December "	2,000	2,166	4,166
Total		24,000	25,992	49,992

The following are the conditions of sale:—

1.—The opium will be sold for exportation by sea only, and no certificate will be granted except to cover such export.

2.—The opium will be ordinarily offered for sale at an upset price of Rs. 800 per chest, and sold to the highest bidder above that price, except under the circumstances for which provision is made by clause 13 of these Conditions of Sale. The bids must advance by Rs. 5 at a time.

3.—The sale shall commence at the hour of 11 A.M. of the day fixed by previous notification, and shall not be continued after the hour of 5 P.M.; but if at that hour any of the lots advertised for sale shall remain unsold, the sale may, at the discretion of the Board of Revenue, be resumed on the next day following (not being Sunday or a public holiday), at the hour of 11 A.M., and so on until the whole of the remaining lots are disposed of; or, if the whole quantity advertised shall not be sold on the day appointed, the Board of Revenue may dispose of the lots which remain on hand at a future sale.

4.—Each lot shall contain five chests.

5.—A promissory note for a sum, calculated according to the scale noted in the margin, shall be taken as a deposit on each lot from the purchaser in the sale-room and before the lot is registered in the sale-book, and all such Promissory Notes shall be redeemed on the part of the purchasers at this Office by Bank of Bengal Receipts, or by substitution of other public securities of the Government of India, on or before 3-30 P.M. in the afternoon of the fifth day after the sale provided it does not fall on a Saturday; if it falls on a Saturday, the said notes must be redeemed by 1-30 P.M., or, on the other hand, failing such redemption by the time aforesaid, then the lot or lots for which no Bank of Bengal Receipts or deposit of other public securities as aforesaid shall have been delivered

DEPOSIT.

When the amount bid is less than Rs. 1,200 per chest, Rs. 400 per chest.
On bids of Rs. 1,200 and upwards, but less than Rs. 1,600 per chest, Rs. 800 per chest.
On bids of Rs. 1,600 and upwards, but less than Rs. 2,000 per chest, Rs. 400 per chest.
And so on, Rs. 100 being added to the deposit for every bid additional, to the extent of Rs. 400.

in, shall be re-sold at such time or times and under such conditions of re-sale as the Board of Revenue shall see fit; and all losses and expenses whatsoever attending such re-sale shall be borne and paid by the defaulters, whilst any profit accruing from such re-sale shall be forfeited to Government.

6.—The said promissory notes shall be absolutely payable in any event, and the amount thereof shall be absolutely forfeited upon such default as before mentioned, and the amount thereof shall not go or be credited in reduction of any loss on re-sale or expenses thereby incurred, but shall be recoverable whether such re-sale shall be had or not, or whether there shall be a loss on such re-sale or not.

7.—The Promissory Notes taken on the day of sale under the fifth condition, if remaining unredeemed at 3-30 P.M. of the fifth day following the day of sale, or 1-30 P.M. if the last day falls on a Saturday, will be placed in the hands of the Solicitor to the Government for realization in such manner as to him shall seem fit.

8.—No tender of money, Bank of Bengal Receipts, or public securities, on account of opium upon which the prescribed deposit may not have been made before the prescribed time in clause 5 on the fifth day following the day of sale, will be afterwards accepted. Provided always that money so subsequently tendered may be taken in payment of the said Promissory Note, but such acceptance of money shall in no way entitle the payer thereof to any right to delivery of the lot or lots in respect whereof the said note was given, or to any of the rights of a purchaser thereof, or release the payer from liability for any unpaid balance of such notes or from the additional liability for the loss and expenses of such re-sale as provided for in clauses No. 5 and No. 6.

9.—The opium advertised for sale shall be paid for not later than by 3-30 P.M. of the fifteenth day from the day of sale, provided it does not fall on a Saturday; if it falls on a Saturday, the opium must be paid for by 1-30 P.M.; and in case any lots of such opium shall not be so paid for and adjusted, then the cash deposit made under the fifth condition, or any public securities that may have been deposited on account of such lots or chests, shall be forfeited, and the opium shall be disposed of on account of Government at such time and in such manner as the Board of Revenue shall think fit; and the first purchaser shall further be required to make good all expenses and any loss or difference of price between that obtained at the re-sale and the amount at which the opium was first purchased, forfeiting all advantages that may arise from such re-sale, and the liability for the loss or difference of price and expenses shall be in addition to, and wholly independent of, the amount of the deposit so forfeited.

10.—Purchasers taking out certificates or orders for the delivery of opium after making full payment as above prescribed, shall have the option of naming the number of lots of their purchase, which they may desire to be included in each certificate or order; and it is to be clearly understood that the certificates or orders so taken out shall be considered final, and not afterwards changeable for other certificates or orders authorizing the delivery of single lots, or of a different number of lots or chests, whether more or less, than the number of lots or chests originally required to be included in each certificate or order.

11.—No deposit of public securities under the fifth of the present conditions will be received in this office except from the party recorded as the purchaser in the sale-book, or his authorized agent. The receipt for deposit of public securities will be granted only in the name of such purchaser, and the securities so deposited will be returned when payment in full has been made by the said purchaser or his order.

12.—The officer superintending the sale on the part of the Government is empowered to reject, at his discretion, the bid of any individual, unless such individual shall on demand tender at the time a deposit either in Government of India Notes, Bank of Bengal Receipts, or Government Securities, a sum equal to the amount for which a Promissory Note would otherwise be taken under the fifth of these conditions.

13.—With a view to prevent fictitious biddings designed to obstruct the sale, it is hereby notified that the officer of Government superintending the sale shall be competent, at any time during the sale, to withdraw any unsold lot, and immediately to put it up again for sale at a maximum upset price, diminishing the same gradually until a bid is obtained; and the first *bona fide* bidder for a lot after it has been offered for sale in the mode here described shall be held and declared to be the purchaser of the said lot, and the officer of Government superintending the sale shall also be competent to dispose, in the same manner, of as many of the subsequent lots as he may think proper, provided always that no lot shall be sold below the minimum price of Rs. 800 specified in the second of these conditions.

14.—The purchaser of any lot shall have the option of naming and purchasing in immediate succession, at the same price and under the same conditions, any number of lots of the same Agency opium not exceeding altogether twenty-five lots, provided always that there remain a sufficient number of lots of the opium to complete the said twenty-five.

15.—In the event of any dispute or difference touching or concerning any matter or question arising out of the sale of the opium included in this notification, or adjustment of the account thereof, the same shall and may be tried and decided in the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

16.—The following papers will be exhibited for inspection on the day of sale, or may be seen previously to that date by personal application at the office of the Board of Revenue:—No. 1, certificate of the opium advertised for sale; No. 2, report of the examination of such opium.

17. The public are hereby informed that in providing the investment of the opium manufactured at the Patna factory and the opium manufactured at the Ghazepore factory for the year 1883-84, the same precautions have been taken as those which have been observed during past years to have the drug procured and sent down in a pure state, to have only the prescribed quantity of leaves used in forming the cakes, and to have the due proportion of opium put into each cake. An account of the weight of the drug when packed at the Patna and Ghazepore factories, and a statement of the average weight of the chests, indiscriminately taken, for the purpose of comparison, from the despatches on arrival at Calcutta, may be seen on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

18. The public are hereby informed that the opium manufactured at the Patna factory in season 1883-84 includes about 4,500 chests of 76° consistence, and that the opium manufactured at the Ghazepore factory in the same season includes about 8,883 chests of 72° and 1,965 chests of 74° consistences. The higher consistences will be mentioned in the sale notifications of the months in which they will be sold.

19. Any further information respecting weight or quality of the opium advertised for sale that may be desired by parties connected with the trade will, as heretofore, be furnished to them on personal application at the office of the Board of Revenue. But, in accordance with established usage, under no circumstances will the Board of Revenue entertain or recognize any claim to compensation for loss from any alleged deficiency of weight, abstraction of opium, or adulteration of the drug, which may be preferred on reference to chests after the sale and delivery of the opium for shipment.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L.P.,

C. E. BUCKLAND,

FORT WILLIAM, the 24th November 1884.

Offg. Secretary.

Statement showing the Importation of Salt (Private Property) in Bond and Afloat on the River Hooghly subject to Customs Duty on the 15th November 1884.

DESCRIPTION OF SALT.	Government golabs.	Private golabs.	Afloat.	Total.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Liverpool Punga	5,44,002	.....	3,90,660	9,34,662
Italian Kurkutch	1,86,061	.....	.....	1,86,061
Bombay ditto	51,424	.....	59,657	1,11,081
Arabian and Persian Gulfs Kur- kutch and Muscat Rock	5,14,968	.....	42,790	5,57,758
Tuticorin Kurkutch	24,356	.....	.....	24,356
Total	13,20,811	.....	4,93,107	18,13,918

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

J. S. ARMSTRONG, Collector of Customs.

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 22nd November 1884.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1884.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India, &c.

[Reprinted from the Gazette of India.]

The following order, issued in the Military Secretary's Office, is republished for general information.

J. WARE EDGAR,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

Camp Delhi, the 18th November 1884.

It is hereby notified that His Excellency the Viceroy will arrive at the Sealdah Railway Station at 4-20 P.M. on the 2nd December 1884, instead of at 3-5 P.M., as notified in the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1884.

By Command,
WILLIAM BERESFORD, *Captain,*
Military Secretary to the Viceroy.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, are republished for general information.

J. WARE EDGAR,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Fort William, the 21st November 1884.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 623.—The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough by the Secretary of State for India:—

* * * * *
Brigade Surgeon J. Jones, M.D. (u. p. a.), without pay, for one month and 17 days.

No. 631.—VOLUNTEER CORPS—

The Eastern Bengal Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps will in future be designated the "Eastern Bengal State Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps."

E. H. H. COLLEN,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1884.

PART II. Advertisements.

[N.B.—Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this part of the Gazette, cannot be received after Noon on Monday.]

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Beerbhoom will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 10th day of January 1885, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of September 1884.

Class of mehal.	Number of estate.	Towji number.	Name of pergunnah and mehal.	Name of proprietor.	Government revenue.	Amount of arrear.	REMARKS.
First class	118	118	Pergunnah Khatanga, mehal Chormura.	Shekh Jalaluddin Mahmod, Ram Jadab Sarkar, Habibar Rahman, Shekh Shakha Uddin Mahmed.	Rs. A. P. 655 3 0	Rs. A. P. 0 8 0	The entire mehal will be put up to sale.
Ditto	207	207	Pergunnah Kutabpur, mehal Kirnahar.	Ram Doyal Bhattacharji, Raghu Nath Bhattacharji, Bara Matangini Dobi, Jagadis Chandra Chatterji, Kalidas Bhattacharji, Gopi Nath Bhattacharji, Tara Sundari Doby, Ram Taran Bhattacharji, Tares Chandra Bhattacharji, Iswar Chandra Bhattacharji, Nrisinha Chandra Bhattacharji, Sahachari Dasya, Hara Krishna Roy, Rumpriya Doby, Prosanna Mayi Doby, Chota Tares Chandra Bhattacharji.	793 11 0	2 1 6	Ditto ditto.

Beerbhoom Collectorate, the 21st October 1884.

W. FIDDIAN, Offg. Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Purneah will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on 2nd day of December 1884, corresponding with 18th of *Aghran* 1292 B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of September 1884.

Towji number.	Name of estate to be sold.	Name of proprietor.	Government revenue.	Demand.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1226	Khunti Kadamgachi, pergunnah Surjapur	Amritanath Jha	1,404 0 0	87 12 0

Collector's Office, Purneah, the 27th October 1884.

A. WEEKES, Collector of Purneah.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Rungpore will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 23rd day of December 1884, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 6th day of October 1884.

Towjee number.	Name of mehal and pergunnah.	Name of proprietor.	Sudder jum-mah.	Amount of arrears.	REMARKS.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
95	Dand mouza Chakleh Kazirhat.	Durga Moyee Dashya	603 4 1	123 14 3	Excepting the shares of Khajeh Enatullah Chowdhury and Nezumuddin Khan Chowdhury, of which separate accounts have been opened and the sudder jummahs of which are Rs. 1,096-5-8 and Rs. 587-5-2 respectively.
137	Ramnagar mouza Chakleh Kazirhat.	Sondamini Dashya	1,341 15 1	334 11 11	
223	Khamar Kursagyrnaha, pergunnah Pyraoanda.	Khejoh Enatullah Chowdhury, Nezumuddin Khan Chowdhury, Jasimannessa Chowdhuranee.	2,505 14 11	130 13 5	

Rungpore Collectorate, the 30th October 1884.

H. J. NEWBERRY, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates, in the district of Hooghly, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 22nd day of December 1884 for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of September 1884.

Number of mehal.	Name of mehal and pergunnah.	Names of defaulting proprietors.	Sudder jumma.	Amount in arrear.	REMARKS.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
9	First class permanently settled estate Dowlatpur, Pergunnah Pandua.	Shah Aolad Bux Molla and others Deduct 155. 10k. of land of village Sitolla, belonging to Knsam Kumari Dassee, whose sudder jumma is ... Also deduct 17. 12g. share of land of Gangadhar Kar in mouzah Sitalla including Pati Begandanga and Mirapara, whose sudder jumma is ... Also deduct 6a. 6p. share of land in mouzaha Nij Dowlatpur alias Sripala and Bag Moidan, belonging to Girish Chandra Kar, whose sudder jumma is ... Also deduct 2a. 3k. 1k. of land of Bireswar Sen, manager to the estate of minor Abdool Salem, whose sudder jumma is ... of which separate accounts have been opened. ... Total ...	1,132 0 2 5 4 0 42 14 0 103 6 0 44 7 0 105 9 0		
10	Ditto, Radhakantobati, Pergunnah ditto.	Balance due from Shaikh Aolad Bux Molla and others, of which no separate account has been opened ... Kailash Chandra Nandy and others Deduct 505. 10k. 1p. of land in villages Jamgram and Moookitry belonging to Hajee Ashaluddy Mistry, whose sudder jumma is Also deduct 12b. of land in village Deypara belonging to Hajee Ashaluddy Mistry, of which a separate account has been opened	538 7 2 624 11 11 24 14 0 2 10 0	29 2 9	This portion of the estate will be sold for this arrear.
38	Ditto, Sankhali, Pergunnah Balia.	Balance due from Kailash Chandra Nundy and others, of which no separate account has been opened ... Monohur Mukherji and others Of this 1 anna 12 gandas share of Kali Das Deb, Manager to the estate of Girja Nath Roy Chaudhuri and others, for which the revenue payable is ... Of this a separate account has been opened—A.	27 8 0 607 3 11 10,149 0 8 1,014 13 0	16 8 0 0 3 11	Ditto. Ditto.
56	Ditto, Champahati, Pergunnah Pandua.	Abada Bibi and others	608 7 2	21 14 0	Ditto.
67	Ditto, Gurbary, Pergunnah Chawanaba.	Grish Chandra Sing Roy and others Of this 16 annas share of two mauzahas Gurbary and Harirampur, belonging to Chandra Kanta Sing, whose sudder jumma is Of this a separate account has been opened—B.	2,695 14 0 892 2 9 720 0 8	110 0 0	Ditto.
117	Ditto, Rajhat, Pergunnah Khosalspur.	Deduct 5 annas share of Anondo Mowee Debee, executrix to the estate of minor Rash Bihari Roy, whose sudder jumma is Also deduct 3 annas share out of 5 annas 6 pio share of the three mauzahas Kismat Nasirpur, Boidyabatty and Abhirambati belonging to Haro Chandra Banerjee, the sudder jumma is Also deduct 3 annas 8 gandas 2k. 2kfa. share of Prasad Das Goswami, the revenue of which is Of which separate accounts have opened. Balance due from Rama Nath Goswami and others, whose sudder jumma is Of this no separate account has been opened. Bepin Bihari Goswami and others	228 14 0 82 3 0 151 4 0 460 5 0 285 11 3 2,968 0 8		
153	Ditto, Malliekbati, Pergunnah Boro.	Of this 4 annas share of Radhika Prasad Goswami and others, the sudder jumma of which is Of this a separate account has been opened—A.	742 0 0	39 14 0	Ditto.
191	Ditto, Haripur Ayma, Pergunnah Chaumba-bad.	Satyadoyal Banerjee and others Deduct 345 bighas of mouzah Mohestikry belonging to Naool Kissors Jiu Thakoor Sebayet, Khetter Nath Sil, whose sudder jumma is Of which a separate account has been opened. ... Balance due from Satyadoyal Banerjee and others, whose sudder jumma is No separate account has been opened. Chandra Nath Banerjee, and others	851 3 2 123 1 0 728 2 2 510-10 7		
3637	Ditto, Jolekul, Pergunnah Chntipore.	Satyadoyal Banerjee, and others	575 9 11	52 15 3	Ditto.
3891	Ditto, Setpur, Pergunnah Amirabad.	Of this 2 annas 13 gandas 1k. 1kfa. share of Rajkrishna Banerjee, whose sudder jumma is—C Of this a separate account has been opened. Mr. A. B. Miller, Receiver of the High Court, Calcutta, to the estate of Debendro Nath Deb Bahadur, and others Deduct 5 annas share of Brojo Nath Srimoney, the revenue of which is Of this a separate account has been opened. ... Balance due from Mr. A. B. Miller, Receiver of the High Court, to the estate of Debendra Nath Deb Bahadur and others Of which no separate account has been opened.	98 0 0 728 4 8-1 227 1 0 400 3 8-1	23 12 0 34 1 0	This portion of the estate will be sold for this arrear. Ditto.
3993	Permanently-settled Chur Howrah, Pergunnah Boro.	Amrito Nath Sen and others Balance due from Durga Narayan Sen, on account of 6 annas 8 gandas share, the revenue of which is ... Of this a separate account has been opened. And also due from Amrito Nath Sen, on account of 1 anna 12 gandas share, the revenue of which is ... Of which no separate account has been opened.	765 0 0 306 0 0 78 8 0		
1791	Ditto, Guptiparah, Pergunnah Mondalghat.		238 12 9 59 11 3		These two shares were sold on the 18th September 1884, and the purchaser deposited only the earnest money but defaulted to pay the balance. The deposit has therefore been forfeited to Government. The sale is now to be made at the risk of the first purchaser.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6 of Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Moorshedabad will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 18th December 1884, corresponding with the 4th Pous 1291 B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as the arrears of revenue due in Kist September 1884.

Number of class.	Nature of estates.	Towji number.	Names of mehals and pergunnahs.	Names of proprietors.	Government revenue.	REMARKS.
					Rs. A. P.	
1	1st class	80	Kismut mouzah Kodla Kabichandrapore, pergunnah Dayanagore.	Kristokinkur Roy and Provabati Dassya, mother and guardian of minor Krista Prasad Roy.	1,185 3 0	The ijmal 8 annas share of Kristokinkur Roy, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 697-9-6, will be sold after exclusion of separated 8 annas share of Provabati Dassya, mother and guardian of minor Kristo Prasad Roy, arrears being Rs. 75-11-1. The entire estate will be sold. Arrears being Rs. 1-6-10.
2	ditto	229	Kismut mouzah Pakorhansh, pergunnah Barbaksinha.	Hurradhun Goswami, Ram Nrisinha Mustafi, Pitambari Dassya, Upendra Nath Mustafi, Jagutmohini Dassya, mother and guardian of minors Tara Prasanna and Satyakinkur Mustafi, Behari Lal Thagore, Shebait of Mahaprobhu Thagore.	739 0 11	
3	ditto	307	Kismut mouzah Bezpurah, pergunnah Chunarua.	Kaji Fuzlo Ullah, Kaji Herasat Ullah, Kaji Mansur Ahmad, Khankar Jan Ali, and Khankar Mahmood Abdul Hawk, Nasira Bibi, Masuda Bibi, Mahammad Isafi, Jinnor Rohaman, Mofatunnessy Bibi, and Ataharanessa Bibi.	506 0 6	The entire estate will be sold. Arrears being Rs. 105-5-1.
4	ditto	354	Kismut pergunnah Mahalandi, pergunnah Mahaludi.	Krista Prasanna Ghose, Ram Prasanna Ghose, Radha Prasanna Ghose, Lakshminomi Dassya, mother and guardian of minor Shyam Prasanna Ghose, and Lakshminomi Dehya.	795 2 9	The entire estate will be sold. Arrears being Rs. 4-12-5.
5	ditto	380	Kismut taraf Matiparah, pergunnah Muraripore.	Brojo Lal Roy Bondopadhy, Gauri Prasad Maitra, and Amanda Kant Bhattacharya.	1,383 5 0	The entire estate will be sold. Arrears being 4 annas.
6	ditto	403	Kismut mouzah Rajhari, pergunnah Beharole.	Kumar Rukmini Bullub Roy, Shebait of Brindavan Behari Deo Thagore.	2,373 5 5	The entire estate will be sold. Arrears being Rs. 377-9-5.
7	ditto	453	Kismut mouzah Saktipore, pergunnah Plassy.	Baidya Nath Mukhopadhy, Sasisundari Dehya, Aghore Nath Mukhopadhy, Kumudini Dehya, mother and guardian of minors Srish Chunder and Gour Hari Mukhopadhy, and Hara Dhun Bondopadhy.	2,403 10 3	The ijmal 10 as. 11 gds. 4 dantis share of Hara Dhun Bondopadhy and others, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 1,685-11-7, will be sold after exclusion of separated 5 as. 8 gds. 3 ks. 2 dantis share of Baidya Nath Mukhopadhy and Sasi Sundari Dehya, bearing sudder jumma Rs. 817-14-8. Arrears being Rs. 602-5-9.
8	2nd class	558	Kismut chur Gota, pergunnah Samaskhali.	Tripura Sundari Dehya, mother and guardian of minor Debendra Narayan Roy, Ram Lal Roy, Ramaswar Roy, and Sita Nath Roy.	737 5 0	The entire estate will be sold. Arrears being Rs. 80-3.
9	1st "	2751	Kismut taraf Amaniguni, pergunnah Asadgaro.	Trailokyanath Sarkar	1,066 6 2 Road fund. 10 10 8	The entire estate will be sold. Arrears being Rs. 329-15-11. Road fund Rs. 32.
10	2nd "	2758	Kismut chur Mirzapore, pergunnah Plassy.	Jugut Tarini Dehya	1,725 8 0	The entire estate will be sold. Arrears being Rs. 600.

Berhampore, the 5th November 1884.

H. FARRER, Officiating Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs will be held at public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 22nd December 1884, corresponding with the 8th Pous 1291 B.S., for the recovery of arrears of revenue which were due up to the kist ending 28th September 1884.

Permanently-settled estates.

Number on the towji.	Name of estate.	Name of pergunnah.	Name of recorded proprietors.	Sudder jumma.	REMARKS.
				Rs. A. G.	
145	Kismut Angarbaria and others. Madarua, mouza Bonhugli and others.	Magura Calcutta	Sri Nath Roi Choudhuri and others. Kobailya Nath Biswas and others.	2,717 3 10½ 21,196 13 8	Exclusive of the 14 annas 8 gundas share of the estate in respect of which separate accounts have been opened. Only the joint share of one anna and twelve gundas of the estate, bearing a revenue demand of Rs. 2,119-11, from which Rs. 938-11½ is due up to the kist joint 1291 B. S., will be put up to sale.
147	Kismut Bowata and others.	Ditto	Ditto	3,637 9 0	Exclusive of 8 annas share in respect of which separate accounts have been opened. Only the joint share of annas eight of the estate bearing a revenue demand of Rs. 1,836-12-10½ from which Rs. 802-6 4½ is due up to kist joint 1291 B. S. will be sold.
609	Taraf Bena and others.	Balia	Roy Surendro Nath Choudhuri and others.	6,077 12 9 including police charge.	Only the 4 annas share of the estate for which a separate account has been opened under section 10, Act XI of 1859, with Roy Surendro Nath Choudhuri and others, as bearing No. 1 of 609 at an annual sudder jumma of Rs. 1,511-15-2½ including police charge will be put up to sale for the recovery of Rs. 7-14-6½ due up to kist Bhadro.
1534	Taraf Bantra and others.	Moyada	Bhupendro Narain Dutta and others.	14,081 6 4	Only the share of 3 annas 3 gundas 3 kowris and 2 krantis for which a separate account has been opened under section 10, Act XI of 1859, with Surath Kumari Dass and others as an annual sudder jumma of Rs. 2,032-7-4 will be put up to sale for the recovery of Rs. 133-2-3 due up to kist Bhadro 1291 B. S.

24-Pergunnahs Collectorate, the 5th November 1884.

C. C. STEVENS, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the District of Pubna will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on Monday, the 15th day of December 1884, corresponding with 1st Pous 1291 B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th September 1884.

Serial number.	Number on district revenue roll.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Names of recorded proprietors.	Amount of sudder jumma.	Amount of arrears due.	REMARKS.
1	74	Tarif Malanchi, Pergunnah Sinduri.	Bindoo Bashini Choudhuran and others.	Rs. A. P. 1,634 12 0	Rs. A. P. 21 13 0	In this mahal separate accounts have been opened under Act XI of 1859. The share of Bindoo Bashini Deba, with a sudder jumma of Rs. 70-10, will be first sold.
2	115	Tarif Bharara, Pergunnah Bajuras Nazirpur.	Mohobutnessa Bibi and others.	2,750 13 0	103 1 0	Separate accounts have been opened in this mahal under Act XI of 1859. The share of Mohobutnessa Bibi and others with a sudder jumma of Rs. 1,540-13 will be first sold.
3	124	Pergunnah Bajuchappa, ditto ditto.	Bijoy Gobind Choudhury and others.	2,899 10 0 Police 0 0 0	150 1 0	Separate accounts have been opened in this mahal under Act XI of 1859. Only the share of Bijoy Govind Chowdry with a sudder jumma of Rs. 551-1 and police Rs. 1-2 will be first sold.
4	133	Ditto ...	Bijoy Govind Chowdry	2,899 10 0 Police 6 6 0	205 6 0	Separate accounts have been opened in this mahal under Act XI of 1859. Only the share of Bijoy Govind Chowdry with a sudder jumma of Rs. 724-15 and police Rs. 1-4 will be first sold.
5	134	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	964 0 0 Police 2 2 0	66 10 0	Separate accounts have been opened in this mahal under Act XI of 1859. Only the share of Bijoy Govind Chowdry with a sudder jumma of Rs. 241-10 and police Rs. 9 will be first sold.
6	135	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	966 10 0 Police 2 2 0	66 9 0	Separate accounts have been opened in this mahal under Act XI of 1859. Only the share of Bijoy Govind Chowdry with a sudder jumma of Rs. 241-10 and police Rs. 8 will be first sold.
7	205	Chuk Govindpur, Pergunnah Katrimahal.	Roma Shoodary Debya and others.	1,560 0 0 Police 14 15 0	221 10 0	Separate accounts have been opened in this mahal under Act XI of 1859. Only the share of Roma Shoodary Debya with a sudder jumma of Rs. 1,072-8 and police Rs. 1-4 will be first sold.

Pubna Collectorate, the 4th November 1884.

C. VOWELL, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given under section VI, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates, in the district of Dinagapore, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 10th day of December 1884 for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of September 1884.

FIRST CLASS.—Permanently-settled estates.

Number of towjee.	Names of mahal and pergunnah.	Names of proprietors.	Amount of sudder jumma.	Amount of arrears for which the estate is to be sold.	REMARKS.
1173 Kismat 2.	Mouzah Fatehpore and others, Pergunnah Dehatia.	Joyeshwari Choudhuran, mother of Shobun Lall Choudhury, and others.	Rs. A. P. 1,027 14 3	Rs. A. P. 17 11 2	Of this estate, excluding 13a. 74p. share, with a sudder jumma of Rs. 859-1-4, for which separate accounts under section 10, Act XI of 1859, were opened, the remaining 2a. 12 1/2p. share, with a sudder jumma of Rs. 168-9-10 1/2, will be sold.

Dinagapore Collectorate, the 5th November 1884.

UMA CHURN BANERJEE, Deputy Collector in charge.

NOTICE is hereby given under section VI, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the District of Rajshahye will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that District on Tuesday, the 9th December 1884, corresponding with 25th Agrahoon 1291, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 6th October 1884.

Touji number.	Name of mahal and pergunnah.	Name of proprietor.	Sudder jumma.	Arrears for which the estate is to be sold.	REMARKS.
189	Bhoogra, pergunnah Gurrerhat.	Dalbaki Nundan Sen, Brojo Dyal Sen, Komola Kant Sen, Allad Moni Gupta, Radha Madhub Sen.	Rs. A. P. Revenue. 563 13 0 Police. 3 3 0	Rs. A. P. Revenue. 109 12 0 Police. 0 12 0	The entire estate will be sold.
309	Kusalpore, pergunnah Dhamun.	Brindaban Behari Mazumder	Revenue. 506 14 0	Revenue. 140 0 0	Ditto ditto.

Rampore Beaulah, the 5th November 1884.

E. H. RUDDOCK, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Monghyr will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 6th day of January 1884, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 6th day of October 1884.

Towji number.	Name of mehal.	Name of proprietor.	Amount of Government revenue.	Amount of arrears revenue.	REMARKS.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
I.—Permanently-settled estates.					
808	Nipama Buzurg, pergunnah Malki.	Mussamut Samap Kumri and others.	1,118 3 0	2 2 0	The estate will be sold, exclusive of six separated shares of Usomoorat Kumri and others, with a sudder jumma of Rs. 786-8.
816	Sihawan, pergunnah Malki	Mangal Singh und others ...	1,120 7 0	8 14 0	The estate will be sold, exclusive of 3a. 6g. 7c. 10b. separated share of Akloo Singh and others.
822	Singhoul, pergunnah Malki	Pundit Narsing Prokash Missir.	556 14 0	13 6 0	The entire estate will be sold.
831	Khemkaranpur, Nisf pergunnah ditto.	Gopal Singh and others ...	511 13 0	0 3 3	Ditto ditto.
833	Khutaha, pergunnah ditto	Kharakohari Singh and others.	800 6 0	4 12 0	Ditto ditto.
1364	Sahogawan, pergunnah Farukia.	Srinaram Singh and others.	700 0 0	9 5 0	The estate will be put up to auction, exclusive of 5a. 13g. 1k. share of Deboo Rai Singh and others.
2319	Kulhana, pergunnah Amerthoo.	Land Mortgage Bank, Calcutta, and Jatadhari Singh and others.	1,703 2 0	220 4 0	The 8 annas separated share of the Bank will be sold.
2649	Mahsonna, pergunnah Salimabad.	Isna Khan and others ...	1,420 9 0	43 9 0	The entire estate will be sold.
4515	Tuluq Jowahirpur, pergunnah sekarabad.	Kaloo Singh and others ...	764 16 0	10 15 0	The jumli share with a sudder jumma of Rs. 145-3 will be sold.
5259	Mohamedpur Fatta, pergunnah Enadpur.	Mussamut Kubra and others	708 0 0	21 12 0	The separated 12 annas share of Moulvi Ashrafuddin Khan and others will be sold.

Monghyr Collectorate, the 5th November 1884.

MOHENDRO NATH GUPTA, for Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Khulna will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 15th December 1884, corresponding with 1st Pous 1291 (B.S.), for the arrears of revenue due on the 28th September 1884.

Number of estate.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Name of the proprietor.	Sudder jumma.	Interest to be sold.	Sudder jumma of the interest to be sold.	Arrears for which to be sold.
			Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
44-1	Kismit Talu. Pergunnah	Narendra Nath Roy and others.	8,710 4 9	Separate share No. 1 opened under section 10, Act XI of 1859, for 1 anna and 12 gundas in the name of Kalidas Dev, Manager, Sathura estate.	871 0 5½	230 13 11
67-1	Kismit Talipore. Pergunnah	Gangamoni Devi and others.	569 0 6	Separate share No. 1 opened under section 10 of Act XI of 1859 for 13 annas, 6 gundas, 2 cowrie and 2 krantis in the name of Basudev Roy and others.	47½ 3 1	49 7 9
72	Kismit Dandia. Pergunnah	Chandrakumar Roy and others.	47,322 5 6½	Entire estate ... ..	...	174 2 0½
127-1	Kismit Bhaluka. Pergunnah	Meherulla Chowdhury and others.	14,913 15 8	Separate share No. 1 opened under section 10 of Act XI of 1859 for 18 gundas, 3c. in the name of Meherulla Chowdhury and others.	850 0 8	13 1 3½
159-1	Kismit Ramcanga Pergunnah Surparajberi.	Rudhabollov Chowdhury and others.	549 13 8	Separate share No. 1 opened under section 10 of Act XI of 1859 for annas 1 in the name of Rudhabollov Chowdhury and others.	137 7 5	25 2 11½
159-4	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	549 13 8	Separate share No. 4 opened under section 10 of Act XI of 1859 for annas 2 in the name of Haran Chunder Mozoomdar and others.	68 11 8	16 11 7
100-12	Ditto ..	Shostimoni Dasi and others.	553 12 8	Separate share No. 12 opened under section 10 of Act XI of 1859 for 1 anna and 15½ gundas in the name of Shustee Moni Dasi.	61 8 6	16 8 2
160-13	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	553 12 8	Separate share No. 13 opened under section 10 of Act XI of 1859 for annas 2, 4 gundas, 2 cowrie, &c., in the name of Jodunath Sirkar.	76 11 9	18 14 6
169-1	Kismit Selimabad. Pergunnah	Matangini Dasi and others.	1,212 8 0	Separate share No. 1 opened under section 10 of Act XI of 1859 for annas 12 in the name of Matangini Dasi and others.	909 6 0	44 7 1
208-1	Kismit Hiki. Pergunnah	Ram Ram Roy and others.	527 12 3	Separate share No. 1 opened under section 10 of Act XI of 1859 for annas 10, 18½ gundas, 2 kug in the name of Ram Ram Roy and others.	360 2 7	3 13 6
34-5	Kismit Gandharbopore, Hiki. Pergunnah	Anandamohane Ghose and others.	1,261 4 4	Separate share No. 5 opened under section 10, Act XI of 1859, for 1 anna 12 gundas in the name of Ananda Mohane Ghose.	126 2 0	31 1 11½

Khulna Collector's Office, the 6th November 1884.

W. CLAY, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 6, Act XI of 1859 and Act VII (B.C.) of 1868 that the undermentioned estates, in the district of Mymensingh, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 29th day of December 1884 for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 6th day of October 1884.

Name and number of estate.	Name of proprietor.	Government revenue.	Arrears.	REMARKS.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Pergunnah Nasirujal No. 66, zemindari hissa 4 annas, 10 gundas, with Bezaboda taluq joint share.	Gobinda Chandra Chowdhury and others.	7,174 0 0	1,587 10 0	Joint share to be sold.
Separated share of estate ditto under section 70 of Act VII (B.C.) of 1878 of kismat Chapla Kanda, hissa 18 gundas, 1 kara, 2 kags.	Ananda Chandra Chakravartty ...	1 14 0	.....
Ditto ditto hissa 10 gundas, 3 kags, 5½ tils	Ananda Chandra Chakravartty and Joy Chandra Chakravartty.	0 12 0	.....
Ditto ditto kismat taluq Bedu Mahamed, hissa 1 anna 15 gundas 2 cowries 2 dantis.	Shedhesvari Debya ...	3 1 0	.....
Ditto ditto kismat Chapla Kanda, hissa 10 gundas 3 kags 5½ tils.	Ram Sunder Chakravartty ...	0 12 0	.....
Ditto ditto ditto, hissa 18 gundas 1 kara 2 kags.	Ditto	1 14 0	.....
Ditto ditto kismat Sajhinra, hissa 5 annas 6 gundas 2 cowries 2 krantas.	Durga Prasad and Ram Sunder Sirkar	9 3 0	.....
Ditto ditto kismat ditto hissa 3 annas 11 gundas 1 krant ½ dant.	Haraldhan Shaha ...	1 8 0	.....
Ditto ditto hissa 3 annas 11 gundas 1 krant ½ dant.	Kasiram Sirkar and Jagat Chandra Sirkar.	4 15 0	.....
Toppah Rau Bhawal No. 116 taluq Nowazali, hissa 8 annas joint share.	Mohun Chandra Roy Chowdhury and others.	1,271 2 0	80 3 0	Joint share to be sold.
Ditto separated share under Act XI of 1859, hissa 4 annas of 21½ mouzals with Kanya Mandal	Prasanna Coomer Chakravartty.	341 15 3	.....
Ditto ditto ditto ...	Raj Chandra Chakravartty as guardian of Jogesh Chandra Chakravartty, minor.	341 15 3	.....
Ditto ditto ditto ditto	Dwarkan Nath Chakravartty ...	341 15 3	.....
Ditto ditto ditto ditto	Kailash Chandra Chakravartty ...	341 15 3	.....
Pergunnah Sherpore, No. 144, hissa 1 anna, 15 gundas, zemindary, joint share.	Tarini Kanta Lahiri Chowdhury, Govinda Coomer Chowdhury and others.	2,190 13 0	32 0 0	Joint share to be sold.
Ditto Kharija, hissa 2 annas, 14 gundas, 3 cowries, 3 daps.	Har Coomer Chowdhury ...	453 3 0	.....
Ditto Nasirujal, No. 4970, Chur Karansi ..	Krishna Prasad Lahiri Chowdhury, Bama Sundari Debn, and others.	1,000 0 0 Road Fund 10 0 0	51 4 0	Entire estate to be sold.
<i>Second Class Estate.</i>				
Pergunnah Mymensingh, No. 5085, Hill Shalangi, joint share 15 annas, 17 gundas, 2 karas.	Kasi Kisore Ray Chowdhury, Beswarsari Debya Chowdhurani and others.	578 7 0	25 0 0	Joint share to be sold.
Ditto separated share, section 10 Act XI of 1859, hissa 2 gundas, 2 karas.	Ishan Chandra Acharjee Chowdhury	4 9 0	.....

Mymensingh Collectorate, the 8th November 1884.

E. G. GLAZIER, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates, in the district of Burdwan, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on the 29th day of December 1884, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 28th day of September 1884.

No. in the revenue-roll.	Class.	Name of mahal and pergunnah.	Proprietors.	Government revenue.	Arrears.	REMARKS.
				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
62	First class permanently settled estate.	Palsona, pergunnah Dhenya, thana Cutwa.	Gour Kishore Chandro, Lakshminarain Chandro, for self and as guardian of minor Monindro Narain Chandro, Trilukya Nath Chandro, Bhagabari Chandro, Bedoor Charan Chandro, Poromsook Chandro, Bhobourini Daseo, guardian mother of minors Ashoolosh and Harihar Chandro, and Haro Mohon Chandro of Sribati, thana Cutwa, and Horek Chand Goleycha of Azingunge, district Moorshedabad	7,400 11 11	253 8 10	The following separate accounts have been opened in the estate, and the Government demand in respect of which having been paid, they will be exempted from sale :— Rs. A. P. Horo Mohon Chandro ... 025 1 6 Gour Kishore Chandro, Lakshminarain Chandro, for self and as guardian of minor Monindro Narain Chandro, and Trilukhya Nath Chandro ... 2,650 0 7 <u>3,575 2 1</u>
64	Ditto ...	Khorompur, pergunnah Sahabad, thana Cutwa, Sahibkunge, Burdwan, and Montesur.	Bireswar Sen, manager of Chowghoria Wards' estate, owned by minor Abdool Salem.	6,189 9 0	938 10 8	
158	Ditto ...	Soomoodrogoria, pergunnah Satsolka, thana Purlenatholi, Montesur, Cutwa, and Culna.	Uma Charan Nundoo of Jamgram, thana Pandooah.	2,710 8 11	990 4 10	

Burdwan Collectorate, the 21st November 1884.

T. E. COXHEAD, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates, in the district of Dacca, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on the 5th day of January 1885, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of September 1884.

Tolji number.	Names of mehals.	Names of proprietors.	Government revenue.	Arrears due.	REMARKS.
<i>Permanently-settled estates.</i>					
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
1	Pergunnah Bikrampur, Mudafat Rajkrishna Sen.	Mothoora Mohun Roy Choudhry ...	611 4 0	53 8 6	The residue share will be sold.
	Ditto, hissa 2a. 16g. ...	Mukanda Lal Pal Choudhury ...	213 15 1	.....
	Ditto, hissa 1a. 8g. ...	Kalikrishna Pal Choudhury ...	106 15 6	.....
	Ditto, hissa 1a. 8g. ...	Ramkrishna Pal Choudhury ...	106 15 6	.....
	Ditto, hissa 2a. 8g. ...	Shashi Mohun Pal Choudhury...	183 6 2	.....
		Total ...	1,322 8 4	53 3 6	
163	Pergunnah Utter Shahapur, hissa 10a. 13g.	Doctor George Manak Shahab ...	199 9 7	15 13 10	Ditto.
	Ditto, hissa 6a. 5g. ...	Gobinda Chandra Roy and others ...	278 5 11	.....
	Ditto, hissa 2a. 8g. 2k. 1d. ...	Shona Mani ...	109 0 7	.....
	Ditto, hissa 1a. 18g. 2k. 9k. ...	Hari Mohun Choudhury ...	88 2 4	.....
	Ditto, hissa 3g. 1k. 1k. 5d. ...	Kailash Chandra Roy Choudhury ...	7 10 9	.....
	Ditto, hissa 19g. 1k. 1d. ...	Tarak Chandra Roy Choudhury ...	31 12 9	.....
		Total ...	712 9 11	15 13 10	
107	Pergunnah Rajnagore, Chakla Fulbarai Debi Prosad.	Ananda Prosad Sen and others ...	350 8 3	57 4 9	Ditto.
	Ditto, hissa 2a. 5g. 2k. 6d. ...	Kailash Chandra Roy Choudhury and others ...	90 6 3	.....
	Ditto, hissa 2a. 5g. 2k. 6d. ...	Hurry Har Roy and others ...	90 6 3	.....
	Ditto, hissa 2g. 3k. 3k. ...	Shyamkishore Sen ...	5 7 9	.....
	Ditto, hissa 2a. 5g. 2k. 6d. ...	Chandrabali Dasya ...	90 6 3	.....
		Total ...	632 10 5	57 4 9	
247	Pergunnah Rasoolpore, hissa 5a., Latifannessa.	Jagat Chandra Basu and others ...	510 0 8	142 1 11	The residue and two other shares under separate accounts, viz. 1a. 10g. and 2a. will be sold.
	Ditto, hissa 3a. ...	Kumar Rajendra Narayan Roy Choudhury ...	284 3 0	.....
	Ditto, hissa 1a. 12g. ...	Nunda Kumar Goocha ...	151 9 1	.....
	Ditto, hissa 1a. 10g. ...	Krishna Chandra Das ...	142 0 0	59 15 8	
	Ditto, hissa 10g. 1k. 1k. ...	Harkishore Sen ...	48 15 11	.....
247	Ditto, hissa 2a. ...	Nim Chandra Das ...	189 7 8	80 2 0	
	Ditto, hissa 1a. 19g. 3k. 1k. ...	Gopi Mohun Roy Chowdhury and others.	188 15 2	.....
		Total ...	1,515 15 2	281 3 7	
302	Taluq Brindaban Chander Radha Kishore Sen, hissa 8a.	Syed Tajmal Ali and others ...	531 0 7	319 9 10	The residue share and Joar Mahakali hissa 4a. 8g. 1k. 1k. and Joar ditto hissa 4a. 15g. 1k. 1k. under separate accounts will be sold.
	Ditto, Joar Charail (specific) ...	Raj Behari Roy and others ...	641 9 8	.....
	Ditto, Joar Sibkhara, hissa 2a. 5g. ...	Krishna Chandra Sirkar and others ...	0 7 6	.....
	Ditto, Joar Mahakali, hissa 4a. 8g. 1k. 1k. ...	Jaga Bandhu Sikdar ...	21 7 10	.....
	Ditto, a piece of land within North, South, and Middle Joar.	Tamuzuddin Mijhi ...	6 9 0	2 7 0	
	Ditto, a piece of land of Joar Shirkhara.	Ram Chandra Banik ...	118 12 1	.....
	Ditto, Joar Shirkhar, hissa 6a. ...	Krishna Kumar Pal ...	19 1 7	.....
	Ditto, hissa 2a. 5g. ...	Guru Charan Mookhati ...	57 4 10	.....
	Ditto, Joar Khari Patter, hissa 8a. ...	Hari Prasanna Bhattacharji ...	21 7 10	.....
	Ditto, Joar Shirkhara, hissa 1a. ...	Ram Shama Choudhury ...	1 5 8	.....
	Ditto, ditto, ditto 1a. ...	Shama Kanta Mookhati ...	9 8 9	.....
	Ditto, Joar Mahakali, hissa 4a. 15g. 1k. 1k. ...	Purga Prasanna Sen ...	9 8 9	.....
	Ditto, within Joar Kharia Patter, kismut Teharbag.	Abdool Wajid ...	7 0 11	2 9 11	
		Brojo Nath Basu ...	1 5 4	.....
		Total ...	1,452 9 1	324 10 0	
	Taluq Ram Krishna Sen	Kashi Nath Sen and others ...	86 1 7	.....	Hissa 2a. 13g. 2k. and 5g. and 3g. 1k. 2k. under separate accounts will be sold.
	Ditto, hissa 8a. 8g. 2k. ...	Gura Nath and Kashi Nath Sen ...	144 2 0	.....
	Ditto, 2a. 13g. 2k. ...	Khurod Chandra, Gyan Chandra, and Tara Sunkar Roy.	89 13 10	137 10 8	
	Ditto, 2a. 13g. 1k. ...	Chandra Nath, Kashi Nath Chackravaty.	68 14 0	.....
	Ditto, hissa 6g. 2k. ...	Jaunkha ...	10 3 4	.....
	Ditto, hissa 5g. ...	Nitye Shaha and others, purchaser Krishna Sunder Sen.	8 11 10	13 6 4	
	Ditto, hissa 10g. ...	Ram Prosad Dutta ...	16 10 8	.....
	Ditto, hissa 14k. ...	Nara Naryan Roy ...	2 1 4	.....
	Ditto, hissa 4g. 2k. 2k. ...	Syed Abdoolin and others ...	7 12 5	.....
	Ditto, hissa 24k. ...	Hasir Mohamed and others ...	3 12 0	.....
	Ditto, hissa 1g. 2k. ...	Mohammad Hosen ...	1 14 0	.....
	Taluq Ramkrishna Sen, hissa 6g.	Uma Churun Chackravaty and others	10 6 8	.....
	Ditto, hissa 1a. 19g. 2k. 10k. ...	Girish Chandra Roy and others ...	65 6 1	.....
	Ditto, hissa 4g. ...	Ramsati Dutta ...	7 1 4	.....
	Ditto, hissa 2g. 2k. 1k. ...	Krishna Chandra Das ...	4 6 0	.....
	Ditto, hissa 1g. 3k. 3k. 7k. ...	Sharif Khan ...	3 4 3	.....
	Ditto, hissa 3g. ...	Nava Kishore Roy ...	5 13 4	.....
	Ditto, hissa 3g. 1k. 2k. ...	Dip Chand Shaha ...	5 6 0	7 8 7	
	Ditto, hissa 1g. 7k. ...	Fudma Lochun Shaha and others ...	7 6 4	.....
	Ditto, hissa 3g. 1k. 9k. ...	Ram Nath Shaha and others ...	5 7 5	.....
	Ditto, hissa 3g. 3k. 1k. 4k. ...	Manik Chandra Das and others ...	6 6 9	.....
	Ditto, hissa 1g. 3k. ...	Ladup Shaha ...	1 15 6	.....
		Total ...	534 5 4	158 9 7	
	Zillah Nurulapoor, pergunnah Chandrapotap Mudafat Khatula, taluq Nunda Ram Mozoomdar.	Garb Khan ...	249 4 14	39 3 6	The residue share will be sold.
	Ditto, hissa 14g. ...	Jaga Nath Guha Mozoomdar ...	23 12 7	.....
	Ditto, hissa 19g. 2k. ...	Dura Nath Guha Mozoomdar ...	15 4 8	.....
	Ditto, hissa 8g. 2k. ...	Dwarika Nath Guha Mozoomdar ...	15 4 8	.....
	Ditto, 16g. 10k. ...	Mohendra Narayan Guha Mozoomdar	27 3 0	.....
	Ditto, hissa 2a. ...	Dino Nath Ghose ...	66 12 9	.....
	Ditto, hissa 1a. 1g. 3k. ...	Hari Dayal, Dena Dayal Guha Mozoomdar.	36 4 9	.....
	Ditto, hissa 2a. 19g. 2k. ...	Braba Moy Chowdhurany ...	99 11 0	.....
	Ditto, mouzah Puthral and Dari Puthral, hissa 13g. 1k. 20d.	Shingbata Churn, Gura Churn Gangopadhyay.	0 12 9	.....
		Total ...	534 6 5	39 3 6	
<i>Temporarily-settled estate.</i>					
	Chur Baghutea, farmed with Krishna Gopal Bhattacharje and Surodu Sundary Debja.	Ballabhi Kanta and Rajani Kanta Bhattacharje.	1,413 0 0	24 12 0 up to and March 1884.	Under settlement. Its last settlement was for 1883-84.

THE owners of Lands in Calcutta or their Agents, Trustees, Executors, Administrators, &c., are hereby informed that, for purposes of more speedy and convenient collection of land revenue in Calcutta, the town has been divided into eleven parts, each embracing a certain number of survey blocks, and that the revenue payable on account of all holdings for the official year (1884-85), which will become due on the 1st day of April 1884 must be paid into this Collectorate within the time mentioned against each survey block within which such holdings are situated.

Survey blocks 24 and 25 North Division	}	Ditto	ditto	on or before 28th February 1855.
Ditto 21 and 23 South Division				
And Lettery Committee lands assessed under Act 23 of 1850.				

G. M. GOODRICKE, Collector of Calcutta.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 18th November 1884.

By order of the Directors,

J. GORDON, Chief Acctt. and Dy. Secy.
Rate for Demand Loans 8 per cent.
Percentage 57'8.

R. HARDIN,
Secy. and Treasurer.

(710-1)

Statement of Government Promissory Notes Enforced for Interest in London under deduction of Amount retransferred to India and Outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 15th November 1884.

PARTICULARS.	4 PER CENT. LOANS						4½ PER CENT. LOANS			Transfer loan of 1879, seven shillings per cent. Portion.	5 per cent. loan of 1866-67.	Grand Total.
	Of 1853-54.			Reduced 4 per cent. loan of 1879.	Total.	Of 1870.	Of 1878.	Transfer loan of 1879, 4½ per cent. Portion.				
	Of 1853-54.	Of 1855-56.	Of 1858-59.									
Balance of 31st October 1884 ..	54,100	13,36,853	27,96,400	2,36,09,700	99,86,600	3,00,40,737	2,44,82,600	9,22,44,890	45,89,800	82,700	20,84,00,590	
ADD—												
Amount enforced at Alacras between 1st and 15th November 1884 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,500
Ditto at Bombay between 1st and 15th November 1884 ..	.....	.....	.....	3,000	.....	9,500	4,500	17,000	.....	.....	1,56,000
Ditto at Calcutta between 1st and 15th November 1884 ..	.....	.....	10,300	62,000	6,000	49,700	47,800	1,75,900	5,000	.....	3,53,400
DEDUCT—												
Amount written off in the London Registers	54,100	13,36,853	27,96,700	2,36,74,700	99,94,600	3,00,99,937	2,45,35,000	9,24,37,790	45,89,800	32,700	20,89,11,490	
Balance on 15th November 1884 ..	.....	.....	24,300	2,92,400	20,000	4,43,300	97,800	8,77,600	16,100	.....	9,98,500
	54,100	13,36,853	27,72,400	2,33,82,300	99,74,600	2,88,51,637	2,44,37,400	9,15,60,190	45,73,700	32,700	20,79,14,980	

NOTE.—From 9th June 1867 to 15th Sept. 1881—Enforced from India 5,037 lakhs; retransferred from London 4,317 lakhs.
 " 16th Sept. 1884 " 30th " " " " 7 " " " 6 "
 " 1st Oct. " " 15th Oct. " " " 10 " " " 6 "
 " 16th " " 31st " " " 4 " " " 8 "
 " 1st Nov. " 15th Nov. " " 5 " " " 10 "

Balance against India

5,083 " 4,341 " 792 "

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE, BANK OF ENGLAND,
Calcutta, 18th November 1884.

R. HARDIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

(734-1)

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

NOTICE

UNDER SECTION 69 OF ACT V (B.C.) OF 1870.

THE following packages, landed at the Jetties, from the undermentioned ships have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item, they will be sold under section 72 of the said Act:—

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	Number, mark, and description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1884			
Nov., 10	1 Cask, 346 in a block ...	Order	S. S. "Astronomer."
" 19	1 Case, J M in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, 203 in a block ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	5 Cases, S & Co. in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	6 Cases, G K C C in a cross ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	2 Bales, B C D in a diamond, top H & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Bale, M A C, top D ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, W E C in a block, top S Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 12	1 Cask, A T M in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 12	1 Case, B G in a diamond, top C ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	2 Bales, B B M in a block ...	Ditto	S. S. "Hispania."
" 15	7 Cases, 22 in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	1 Bale, G P D in a block ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	1 Cask, 1095 in a diamond, bottom J S E	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	23 Cases, J C S & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	1 Case, J C S & Co., bottom C S & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 15	1 Case, addressed ...	Rev. M. C. Mason, Tura, Assam, care of Messrs. Skyes & Co.	Ditto.
" 15	1 Case, P in a triangle, bottom H C G ...	Order	Ditto.
" 15	1 Parcel, addressed ...	Messrs. Anderson, Wright & Co.	Ditto.
Oct., 27	6 Rundlots, R 74 in a triangle ...	Ditto	Ship "Siren."

Calcutta, the 22nd November 1884.

(721—1)

G. H. SIMMONS, Traffic Manager.

Notice.

Oudh Forest Department.

BAHRAMGHAT DEPOT.

ON THE OUDH AND ROHILKHAND RAILWAY.

FROM this date the prices of sal beams and scantlings supplied from this depot will be as follows:—

BEAMS.—21 feet length, at Rs. 2-10 per cubic foot.

22 " " 2-12 "

23 " " 2-14 "

24 " " 3 "

Above the length given two annas per foot run will be charged. Any inches over the foot will be charged as a foot.

SCANTLINGS.—From 12 to 20 feet, at Rs. 2-8 per c. ft.

Under 12 and over 7, at " 2-4 "

Under 7 feet, at " 2 "

The above prices are for ordinary building purposes.

For *Planking, Sleepers, &c.*, special rates will be fixed by agreement.

The Department will still take orders for buildings all over at Rs. 2-4 per cubic foot, provided the scantlings are taken in fair proportion.

Second and Third Class Timber will be sold and price fixed by agreement.

Auction Sales will be held from time to time to clear off stock.

For further particulars apply to the Officer in charge.

By order of the Conservator of Forests, N. W. P. and Oudh, Oudh Circle.

KANHYA LAL,

Sub-Assistant Conservator of Forests,

Bahramghat Division.

Bahramghat, the 1st April 1883.

Government Cinchona Febrifuge.

THIS preparation is an efficient substitute for Quinine and can be purchased by Government officers for public and charitable purposes, and by any one taking twenty pounds at a time, from the Superintendent, Botanical Garden, Calcutta, for cash only, at the following rates:—per four ounce tin, Rs. 4 ans. 8; per eight ounce tin, Rs. 8 ans. 8; per pound tin, Rs. 16 ans. 8. The general public can be supplied by the Superintendent, Botanical Garden, for cash only, at the undernoted rates:—per four ounce tin, Rs. 5 ans. 8; per eight ounce tin, Rs. 10 ans. 8; per pound tin, Rs. 20. This medicine is also sold by the principal European and Native druggists in Calcutta. Postage eight annas per 4 and 8 oz. tins, and twelve annas per pound tin, in addition to the foregoing rates.

Crystalline Cinchona Febrifuge.

A NEW and improved preparation made at the Government Factory from Red Cinchona Bark. This is a more perfect substitute for Quinine than the ordinary uncrystallized Febrifuge. It can be purchased by Government officers for public and charitable purposes, and by any one taking twenty pounds at a time, from the Superintendent, Botanic Garden, Calcutta, for cash only, at the rate of Rs. 24 per pound. The general public can be supplied by the Superintendent, Botanic Garden, for cash only, and also by the principal European and Native druggists at Rs. 32 per pound. Postage twelve annas extra.

Forest Department, Bengal.

AUTHORIZED CAMPING GROUNDS, 1884-85.

IN supersession of the notice dated 3rd October 1883, published at page 1517, Part II of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 10th idem, and in accordance with rule 4 of the Rules passed by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, under section 75(d) of the Indian Forest Act (VII of 1878) and published in the gazette of the 15th December 1880, the following will be the authorized camping grounds in the reserved forests of the Darjeeling district from 7th November 1884 to 1st June 1885.

DARJEELING DISTRICT.

DARJEELING FOREST DIVISION.

Goom block.

1. Batasidhara.

Nepal Frontier road

- | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. Barbuttheadhara (Nai). | 16. Gairibash. |
| 2. Goompahar saddle. | 17. Simanabusti. |
| 3. Tungsong. | 18. Manibhanjan. |
| 4. Aloobaree. | 19. Chagara. |
| 5. Chetaidhura. | 20. Lambadhara. |
| 6. Goom rock. | 21. Dooteriah (Tonglu). |
| 7. Poobongdhara. | 22. Tonglu (Bhutiabusti). |
| 8. Lepcha Jagat. | 23. Jaobari. |
| 9. Captanibash. | 24. Barabhanjan. |
| 10. Dungdungia. | 25. Kyakatta. |
| 11. Majdhura. | 26. Kalapokri. |
| 12. Sukiapokri. | 27. Bikhubhanjan. |
| 13. Dhareli. | 28. Sundukphu. |
| 14. Jarpokri. | 29. Subarkam. |
| 15. Hatticherra. | |

Chongtong road.

1. Chongtong dhara.

Rungbong road.

- | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1. Jaodhara (pillar No. 23). | 2. Chiboodhara. |
|------------------------------|-----------------|

Nagri spur road.

- | | |
|-----------|---------------|
| 1. Chaur. | 2. Dibrupani. |
| | 3. Pokri. |

Hill cart road.

1. Runemuk Jhora.

Old Military road.

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. Rangbul. | 6. 6th mile (from Kurseong). |
| 2. Purana engine. | 7. Sepoydhura. |
| 3. Nya engine. | 8. Mahalderam chimney. |
| Chuttackpore. | |
| Bamanjhora. | |

Jor Bungalow—Teesta road.

- | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| 1. Chinchona. | 4. 4th mile post. |
| 2. Rungirum turning. | 5. Poomong stable. |
| 3. Rangbi ditto. | 6. Geille turning. |
| | 7. Lopchu. |

Jor Bungalow—Sureil road.

- | | |
|--------------|---------------|
| 1. 4th mile. | 2. 5th mile. |
| | 3. Phalenchu. |

Sureil—Kurseong road.

- | | |
|------------|--------------------|
| 1. Labdah. | 2. Mamrem turning. |
|------------|--------------------|

TEESTA FOREST DIVISION.

Rangit-Teesta Valley road.

- | | |
|----------------------------|------------------|
| 1. Rangit bridge. | 6. Reyang river. |
| 2. Rungbong. | 7. Berriek koti. |
| 3. Teesta-Rangit junction. | 8. Ruyem river. |
| 4. Teesta bridge. | 9. Andara jhora. |
| 5. Rangu. | 10. Sivoke. |

Pashok-Teesta road.

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. Public Works Department halting shed (near 16th mile post). | |
|--|--|

Boro Geille-Teesta road.

1. Kamfar.

Rilli road.

- | | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| 1. Right bank of Rilli stream. | 2. Teesta ferry ghat near mouth of Killi. |
|--------------------------------|---|

Teesta Kalimpong and Ambikhh road.

- | | |
|--|---------------|
| 1. One mile above bridge. | 4. Rissisoom. |
| 2. Junction of Labah and Thibet roads. | 5. Merig. |
| 3. Payong. | 6. Labah. |
| | 7. Pasheteng. |

Labah-Loolagaon road.

- | | |
|------------|---------------|
| 1. Bekhim. | 2. Loolagaon. |
|------------|---------------|

Leesh Valley-Kalimpong road.

- | | |
|--------------|------------------------|
| 1. Chunbati. | 2. Planters' location. |
|--------------|------------------------|

Ambikhh-Julpigori road.

1. Jungi guard.

Gurubathan-Paren road.

- | | |
|--------------------------|-----------|
| 1. Neora river crossing. | 2. Gugo. |
| | 3. Paren. |

Kalimpong-Sikkim road.

- | | |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| 1. Balukop. | 2. Bank of Rumphoo stream. |
| | 3. Bank of Torehu stream. |

KURSEONG FOREST DIVISION.

Road from Kurseong via Mahalderam and Silong to the Mahanadi.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. 4th mile from Kurseong, old military road. | 4. Main busti (near Lepcha monuments). |
| 2. 6th mile from Kurseong, Mamring turning. | 5. Latpanchor spring. |
| 3. Babukhola pokra. | 6. Jungink. |
| | 7. Chibanni busti. |
| | 8. Jogijhora. |

Sukna-Sivoke Timber road.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. The Forester's compound. | 2. Galma river crossing. |
| | 3. Sivoke halting shed. |

Sivoke-Siligori road.

1. At South Forest boundary.

Darjeeling Himalayan railway and Hill Cart road.

The halting places appointed for carts and between 8th and 9th mile-posts.

Sukna-Adalpur road.

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| 1. Chamta bridge. | 2. Panchanai bridge. |
|-------------------|----------------------|

Kuklong timber road.

1. Kuklong bridge.

Mahanadi forest boundary road.

- | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. Mahaadin road turning. | 2. Galma river crossing. |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|

Bamonpokri forest roads.

- | | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| 1. Top of central forest road. | 2. Crossing of Rungsung Jhora on Pankabari forest road. |
|--------------------------------|---|

Path from Goomtee market to Fogotar Malutar Tea Estates.

1. Junction of Baffupani and Mahanadi rivers.

Garidhura-Mechi road.

- | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| 1. Balasun crossing. | 2. Mechi crossing. |
|----------------------|--------------------|

Garidhura-Naxalbari road.

- | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. Balasun crossing, east bank. | 2. Balasun crossing, west bank. |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|

Tirihanna-Bagdagra road.

1. Harlia crossing.

Dulkajhar north boundary road.

1. Khadma corner.

Dulkajhar south boundary road.

- | | |
|-----------------------|----------------|
| 1. Harlia right bank. | 2. Ganda Haga. |
|-----------------------|----------------|

Balasun valley road.

- | | |
|---|------------------|
| 1. Sajbattiajhora. | 2. Manjowajhora. |
| 3. Chamirakhdia, half way between the Doodie and Manjha Jhoras. | |

A. L. HOME, Conservator of Forests, Bengal.
Dated Darjeeling, the 7th November 1884.

Forest Department, Bengal.**AUTHORIZED CAMPING GROUNDS, 1884-85.**

IN supersession of the notice, dated 3rd October 1883, published at page 1617, Part II of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 10th idem, and in accordance with rule 4 of the Rules passed by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, under section 75 (d) of the Indian Forest Act (VII of 1878) and published in the *Gazette* of the 15th December 1880, the following will be the authorized camping grounds in the reserved forests in the Julpigoori district from 6th November 1884 to 1st June 1885.

JULPIGORI DISTRICT.**JULPIGORI FOREST DIVISION.***Julpigori-Phulbari road.*

1. Apalchand river crossing.

Julpigori-Dalingkot road.

1. Chel river crossing.
2. Latagori hat on the Durlah river.

Ramshai-Tundu road.

1. Murti river crossing.

Damdin-Nagrakot road.

1. Murti river crossing.

Nunai road in Muraghat range.

1. Nunai crossing.

Falakutta-Tecti road.

1. Tecti police guard station.

BUXA FOREST DIVISION.*Buxa-Alipore road.*

1. Jamguri.
2. Rajabhatkhawa.
3. Minagaon.

Patlakhawa-Borjhar road.

1. Chilapatta.

Bholka block, Haldibari range.

1. Bank of Jorai river, midway between north and south boundaries.

A. L. HOME, Conservator of Forests, Bengal.
Darjeeling, the 6th November 1884.

Forest Department, Bengal.

APPLICATIONS are invited for two posts in the offices of the Conservator of Forests and of the Deputy Conservator, Darjeeling Division, on salaries rising to Rs. 40 and Rs. 50 per mensem respectively, with 20 per cent. hill allowance. Applications must be accompanied by copies of testimonials (which will not be returned) and should be addressed to—

The Deputy Conservator of Forests,
Darjeeling Division, Darjeeling.

Notice

IS hereby given for general information that a piece of rent-free land, measuring four bighas, situated in village Ghoraghat, para Khonkertola, pergunnah Khash taluk, zillah Dinagepore, belonging to one Abhoy Churn Thakur, who died intestate, has escheated to Government. This piece of land will be put up to public sale in the Dinagepore Collectorate at 12 o'clock on the 15th January 1885, corresponding with 3rd Magh 1291 B.S., and will be sold rent and revenue free to the highest bidder on payment of the amount of bid in full.

Boundary.

1st plot.—Bounded north by mud wall of Moorareedhur Coondoo's baba; east by brick wall attached to the house of Rashik Roy Thakur (idol); west by public road; and south by the house of Ashok Nasya.

2nd plot.—Bounded north by the waste land belonging to Nasiruddeen Choudhury; east by public road; west by the waste land belonging to Ashokjama Choudhury; and south by waste land belonging to Nasiruddeen Choudhury.

H. HEADON, Collector.
Dinagepore Collectorate, the 20th November 1884.

Notification.

TO be peremptorily sold by the Registrar of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction in his sale-room, in the Court-house, on Saturday, the 20th of December next, at the hour of 12 o'clock at noon, pursuant to the decree and order of the said court made in suit No. 80 of 1883 (wherein Neel Comul Mookerjee is plaintiff and Rajender Nauth Dutt, and Omerto Loll Dutt, and Bhobunmohun Dutt are defendants), and dated respectively the 15th of March One thousand eight hundred and eighty-three and the 7th of August One thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, the following properties belonging to the said defendants, namely:—

Lot 1.—All that undivided three equal fourth parts or shares of and in all that upper-roomed brick-built messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house, hereditaments, and premises, and the piece or parcel of rent-free land whereon the same is erected and built, containing by estimation 7 cottahs, be the same a little more or less, situate at and being No. 38, Manick Bose's Ghaut Street, in the town of Calcutta, and bounded on the north by the tenanted land of Romanath Law; on the south by the said Manick Bose's Ghaut Street; on the east by the dwelling-house of Nobin Chunder Dutt; and on the west by the dwelling-house of Gopaul Chunder Dutt.

Lot 2.—All that undivided three equal fourth parts or shares of and in all that piece or parcel of rent-free tenanted land containing by estimation 9 cottahs, be the same a little more or less, situate at and being No. 38, Manick Bose's Ghaut Street, in town of Calcutta, and bounded on the north by the tenanted land of Nobin Chunder Dutt; on the south by the land of Gopaul Chunder Dutt; on the east by the tenanted land of Romanath Law; and on the west by the tenanted land of Bissonath alias Haboo Dutt and Kasynauth Dutt.

The abstract of title and the conditions of sale may be seen at the office of the Registrar of the High Court, Original Jurisdiction, or at the office of Messrs. Wilson and Chatterjee, the plaintiff's attorneys, at No. 7, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta, on any day before the sale, and will be produced at the sale.

R. BELCHAMBERS, Registrar.

Wilson and Chatterjee, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

High Court, Original Jurisdiction, the 15th of September 1884. (718—1)

Notice.

THE Public are hereby informed that the well-known Kartick Baruni Mela, which is held every year on the banks of the Dhaleshwari, near Munshigunge, in the district of Dacca, will commence on the 3rd November 1884 A.D., corresponding to the 19th Kartick 1291 B.S., and continue up to the 16th December 1884. Traders, dealers, and others may buy and sell there during the six weeks.

F. WYER, Collector.

Notice.

WANTED a temporary Surveyor for six months on a salary of Rs. 65 consolidated. Applications with copies of testimonials to be sent to undersigned before the 1st December next.

HARI DAS PAL, District Engineer, Khulna.

Dated the 19th November 1884. (720—1)

Notice.

WANTED a Surveyor and Leveller for Sherpore Municipality, on salary Rs. 50 per month, for three months. Candidates are required to send their applications with copies of testimonials to the undersigned within one month.

R. B. CHOUDHURI,

Vice-Chairman.

Town Sherpore Municipality, dated 15th November, District Mymensingh. (705—4)

WANTED an Overseer for the Moorshedabad Municipality for one year to survey the town, to take levels, and to do drainage and other works. Monthly pay Rs. 75, including horse allowance. Applications will be received up to the 7th proximo.

P. K. DAS,

Chairman of the Lalbag Municipality.

Dated Lalbag, the 23rd November 1884. (725—2)

Wanted

FOR the District Road Cess Committee of Khulna—
An Accountant with a monthly salary of Rs. 50 rising to Rs. 80 by an annual increment of Rs. 5. He must be a passed Accountant of the Public Works Department or passed by the Examiner of Accounts.

A Sub-Overseer on a monthly salary of Rs. 40 to Rs. 50 by an annual increment of Rs. 2. Travelling allowance of Re. 1 a day when out of head-quarters. He should have the qualifications of a Public Works Department Sub-Overseer.

Applications with copies of testimonials should reach this office on or before the 30th November 1884.

DINANATHA DE,
(700—2) Vice-Chairman, D. R. C. C., Khulna.

LOST CURRENCY NOTES

THE following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned:—

Notes wholly Lost or Destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
181	R 10—43128	100	Major R. F. Williamson.
"	—43129	100	Royal Welsh Fusiliers.
"	—43130	100	Dum-Dum.
182	P 39—55042	50	Jogendra Chandra Banerjee, Shamroypara, Kulna.
183	" 10—81206	100	Nurput Singh, 15, Ahir-tola Street, Calcutta.
"	R 9—62081	100	
184	P 40—46392	50	Namakalla Narain Shami, 22, Banstollah Gullee, Calcutta.
186	R 10—43845	100	Kawal Shaw, Dinapore.
190	P 45—28078	500	R. W. Sanderson, Foreign Office, Simla.
"	40—03305	50	
191	" 40—60769	50	Shew Das Bissin Das 43½ Sootaputty, Burro Bazar, Calcutta.
192	R 10—52437	100	Fran Kristo Mondul, 374, Jorasanko, Chitpore Road, Calcutta.
193	P 78—08144	1,000	Radha Kishen, Merchant, Amritsar.
194	R 10—42566	100	Bachoo Choudhri, Dulsing Sarai, Tirhoot Railway station.
"	10—42567	100	
196	" 9—11363	100	Nundo Lal Sett, 39, Clive Street, Calcutta.
"	—06915	100	
"	—04976	100	
197	" —90650	100	The Collector of 24-Per-gunnahs.
"	—90649	100	
199	P 10—63067	100	Sorup Chunder Sikdar, 32, Nundo Ram Sen's Lane, Hautkhola, Calcutta.

JAS. TAYLOR,

Asst. Comptroller-General, in charge, Paper Currency.
PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT, the 25th Nov. 1884.

Statutory Notice to Creditors.

In pursuance of section 42, Act XXVIII of 1866, Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of Anna Kennedy, late of Benares, widow of the late Lieutenant-General James Kennedy, deceased, who died on the 1st day of November 1884, and Probate of whose Will and the Codicils and postscript annexed thereto was granted to Thomas Gilbert Kennedy, a Brigadier-General in the Indian Army and Companion of the Bath, one of the Executors, on the 14th day of November 1884, by the High Court of Calcutta, should send in their claims to the undersigned at Benares up to the 8th December 1884, and thereafter to Abbottabad, Punjab, on or before the 15th January next, after which date no claims will be admitted and the assets of the estate will be distributed.

(704—3)

T. G. KENNEDY,
Executor.

Administrator-General's Office.

NOTICE.

ADMITTED claims against the undermentioned estates are payable on Tuesday and Friday as usual—

Estates.	Claims or dividend.	Rates of dividend per rupee.
* Dickens, P. D., late of the Bengal Civil Service and Judge of Nuddea.	Claims ...	In full.
* George, R. E., Mrs., late of No. 33, South Collingah Street, in the town of Calcutta, widow.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
Parry, S., Lieut.-Col., late of the Royal Horse Artillery.	1st dividend.	At 1 an. 1½ pie.
Showers, H. F., Capt., late of the Bengal Staff Corps.	1st ditto ...	At 3 ans. 2½ pie.
Serres, E. D., Lieut., late in the 1st Battalion, West Riding Regiment, attached to 11th Regiment, Native Infantry.	1st ditto ...	At 5 ans. 2½ pie.
McGivern, J. D., late of Monghyr, in the district of Bhagulpore.	1st ditto ...	At 6 ans. 10½ pie.
Sachs, J. E., late of Naini Tal, in the district of Kumaon, Photographer.	1st ditto ...	At 8 ans. 6½ pie.

N.B.—The surplus of the estates marked * is carried over to the account for the persons interested, and no other claims against the estate can be admitted.

Persons presenting receipts for payment are requested at the same time to produce the registry certificates which have been granted to them from this office.

L. BROUGHTON, Administrator-General.
Calcutta, 22nd November 1884. (722—1)

Bengal Civil Fund.

NOTICE.

THE Half-yearly General Meeting of Subscribers to the Bengal Civil Fund will be held at the Town Hall on Monday, the 26th January 1885, at 10 A.M., for the submission of the Annual Accounts, the election of Managers for the ensuing year, and the consideration of any other business that may be brought forward.

By order of the Managers,

CHAR. S. BAYLEY, Secretary.

Bengal Civil Fund Office, the 20th November 1884. (740—1)

Commissioners for Making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

AS required by section 53, Act V (B.C.) of 1870, notice is hereby given that the accounts of the Commissioners for Making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta for the half-year ending 30th September 1884 will be audited at the office of the said Commissioners on Monday, the 1st December 1884.

W. DUFF BRUCE, Vice-Chairman.

Port Commissioners' Office, the 21st November 1884. (723—1)

Bengal Iron Works Company, Limited, in Liquidation.

A MEETING of the Company is hereby convened to be held at the office of the Liquidators, No. 5-8, Clive Street, on Wednesday, the 10th day of December 1884, at 12 o'clock, to receive and pass the Liquidators' final account shewing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed of, and of hearing such explanations as may be required.

(688—2)

CHARLES H. MOORE, Liquidator.

The Bengal Coal Company, "Limited."

THE Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 1, Garstin's Place, Calcutta, on Saturday, the 13th December 1884, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of receiving and passing the Directors' report and accounts for the half-year ended 31st October last, declaring a dividend, and transacting any other business which may be brought forward.

By order of the Board,

H. H. MACLEOD, Superintendent.

Calcutta, the 26th November 1884. (739—3)

MISSING, on the 4th November 1884, two interest warrants No. 146904 for Rs. 430 and No. 68300 for Rs. 24, issued by the Public Debt Office in favour of Raj. Coomar Dutt and Jogesh Chunder Day, payments of which have been stopped at the Bank of Bengal. (689—3)

In the Court of the District Judge of Midnapore.

In the matter of Srinath Chandra Boau of Mohubani, pergunnah Brahmanbhum, in the district of Midnapore, an insolvent.

NOTICE is hereby given that the person described above has been declared an insolvent under section 351, C. C. P., and this Court's Nazir has been appointed Receiver.

H. GILLON, Offg. District Judge.
Midnapore, Judge's Office, the 18th November 1884. (717—1)

INSOLVENT NOTICES.

In the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of KALLY CHURN MOOZOOMDAR, an insolvent.

On Monday, the 20th day of October last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on the first court day in January next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Brojonauth Mitter, Attorney. (707—2)

In the matter of HARRAN CHUNDER SHAH, DENOBUNDOO SHAH and MONEYMOHUN SHAH, lately carrying on business at No. 20, Puggindutty, Burra Bazar, in the town of Calcutta, as Cloth Merchants under the style and firm of Sosheemohun Bollychand, insolvents.

On Friday, the 24th day of October last, it was on the petition of Ricknath Baugree, and Buetwar Mull Baugree, creditors of the said insolvent, adjudged that the said Harra Chunder Shah, Denobundoo Shah, and Moneymohun Shah have committed an act of insolvency under the provisions of the Act XI Vic., Chap. XXI, and by another order of the same date the estate and effects of the said insolvents were vested in the Official Assignee.

C. D. Linton, Attorney. (708—2)

In the matter of JOSEPH ANTHONY SAYEDRA, an insolvent.

On Friday, the 31st day of October last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on the first court day in January next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person. (712—2)

In the matter of MATILDA BRASS, an insolvent.

On Friday, the 31st day of October last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on the first court day in January next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said court.

Insolvent in person. (713—2)

In the matter of CHARLES RICHARD LLOYD, an insolvent.

On Friday, the 31st day of October last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on the first court day in January next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person. (714—2)

Chief Clerk's Office, the 18th day of November 1884.

In the matter of FRANCIS ANTONIA D'SILVA of No. 5, Chandney 2nd Lane, in the town of Calcutta, a Government pensioner, late Customs Wharf Department, Calcutta, an insolvent.

Notice that the petition of the said insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act, XI Vic. Chap. XXI, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on Monday, the 17th day of November instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Insolvent in person. (726—1)

In the matter of SOLOMON HYEM MUSLIEH of No. 10, Suken's Lane in Calcutta, but now without employment, an insolvent.

Notice that the petition of the said insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act, XI Vic. Chap. XXI, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on Monday, the 17th day of November instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Insolvent in person. (727—1)

In the matter of CHARLES TIMOTHY CORDELL of No. 22, Moulvie Golan Sobhan's Lane, in the town of Calcutta, Assistant, Government Medical Stores, an insolvent.

Notice that the petition of the said insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act, XI Vic. Chap. XXI, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on Monday, the 17th day of November instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Insolvent in person. (728—1)

In the matter of SUNKURPERSHAUD of No. 11, Doyalhatta Street, in the town of Calcutta, carrying on business under the style and firm of Sunkurpershaud Serenderpershaud, at Nos. 144 and 48, Cotton Street, in Calcutta, and under the style and firm of Ramdhonce Dhyannram, at No. 45, Cotton Street, in Calcutta, as traders in piece-goods, and Ramdhonce of No. 11, Doyalhatta, in Calcutta aforesaid, carrying on business at No. 45, Cotton Street aforesaid, in co-partnership with Sunkurpershaud and Dhyannram aforesaid, under the style and firm of Ramdhonce Dhyannram aforesaid, as traders in piece-goods, insolvents.

Notice that the petition of the said insolvents seeking the benefit of the Act, XI Vic. Chap. XXI, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on Monday, the 17th day of November instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said insolvents were vested in the Official Assignee.

N. C. Bural, Attorney. (729—1)

In the matter of SOLOMON HYEM MUSLIEH, an insolvent.

On Monday, the 17th day of November instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on the first Court-day in January next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person. (730—2)

In the matter of CHARLES TIMOTHY CORDELL, an insolvent.

On Monday, the 17th day of November instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on the first Court-day in January next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person. (731—2)

In the matter of FRANCIS ANTONIA D'SILVA, an insolvent.

On Monday, the 17th day of November instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on the first Court day in January next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person. (732—2)

In the matter of GOPAUL CHUNDER SAHA, who lately carried on trade and business at Hautkhola, in the town of Calcutta; also at Commercally; also at Julpigoree in the Cooch Behar Division; also at Hecke, Dhapree, and Bairmopore, all in the district of Rungpore, as a dealer in rice, grains, and jute, under the name, style, and firm of Nobokisto Gopaul Chunder Saha, an insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 18th day of November instant, it was, on the petition of Hookum Chand, a creditor of the said insolvent, adjudged that the said Gopaul Chunder Saha hath committed an act of insolvency under the provisions of the Act, XI Vic. Chap. XXI, and by another order of the same date the estate and effects of the said insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

C. F. Pittar, Attorney. (733—2)

In the matter of EDMOND HERMON GARATE, an insolvent.

On Wednesday, the 19th day of November instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee, from the 22nd day of July 1884 to the 17th day of November 1884, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Wednesday, the 3rd day of December next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

Any creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of said insolvent may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.

A. B. Miller, Official Assignee.

(734-1)

In the matter of GYULA VON BENKE, an insolvent.

On Wednesday, the 19th day of November instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee, from the 31st day of March 1884 to the 17th day of November 1884, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Wednesday, the 3rd day of December next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

Any creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said insolvent may attend and be heard having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.

A. B. Miller, Official Assignee.

(735-1)

In the matter of CHARLES SHARLING of No. 2, Ripon Street in Calcutta, Master of the S.S. *Goalundo*, India General Steam Navigation Company, Limited, Goalundo and Serajgunge, an insolvent

Notice that the petition of the said insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act, XI. Vic Chap. XXI, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on Wednesday, the 19th day of November instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Wilson and Chatterjee, Attorneys.

(736-1)

In the matter of CHARLES SHARLING, an insolvent.

On Wednesday, the 19th day of November instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be heard on the first Court-day in January next and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Wilson and Chatterjee, Attorneys.

(737-2)

In the matter of CHARLES SHARLING, an insolvent.

Notice that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said insolvent and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Wednesday, the 3rd day of December next, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

Any creditor of the said insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.

Wilson and Chatterjee, Attorneys.

(738-1)

In the matter of EDWARD BLOEMINK, an insolvent.

Notice that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said insolvent and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Wednesday, the 3rd day of December next, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

Any creditor of the said insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.

A. W. Carrie, Attorney.

(741-1)

Chief Clerk's Office, the 25th day of November 1884.

POSTAL NOTICES.

Foreign Mails for	Date of closing at Calcutta.	Per steamer.
	1884.	
Chittagong, Akyab, Kyauk-Phyoo, Sandoway, and Rangoon.	26th Nov. ...	Str. <i>Mahratta</i> .
Rangoon and Moulmein ...	26th " ...	Str. <i>Pemba</i> .*
Madras and Ceylon ...	29th " ...	P. & O. Str. <i>Kaisar-i-Hind</i> .
Foreign mails <i>via</i> Bombay ...	2nd Dec. ...	From Bombay.†
Ditto book-post and pattern packets.	1st " ...	Ditto.
Rangoon and Moulmein ...	3rd " ...	Str. <i>Khandalla</i> .
Chittagong, Akyab, Kyauk-Phyoo, Sandoway, and Rangoon.	3rd " ...	Str. <i>Coconada</i> .
Madras, Ceylon, Batavia, Singapore, and China.	5th " ...	French Str. <i>Tibre</i> .

* Also for Port Blair can be sent by this opportunity.

† Also for Cape Colonies through United Kingdom; also *via* Aden for Zanzibar, Lamoo, Mombasa, Kilwakinjer, Lindi, Mozambique, Delagoa Bay, and Cape Colonies can be forwarded.

N.B.—The letter-box will close at 7 P.M. precisely, after which hour foreign letters fully prepaid and bearing an extra postage stamp of four (4) annas on each cover will be received up to 7½ P.M.

E. HUTTON, Presy. Postmaster.

General Post Office, the 26th November 1884.

Unclaimed Letters held in the Calcutta General Post Office on 25th November 1884.

Abro, W. P.	Locken, H. W.
Bisnee, S. R.	Macdonald, J. P.
Brandon, E. J.	Maroath, A.
Bright, T.	Minchin, C. N.
Cameron, George.	Oleese, Goffredo.
Foster, Miss E.	Perkins, Lieut. John D.
Griffiths, Stanley.	Petric, D. Robert.
Hamilton, T.	Pogson, Mrs. W. R.
Hendrick, Miss Maggie C.	Ricksby, Thomas.
How, B. J.	Scott, A.

Letters marked "Care of Post Office."

Adda, Henry.	Lampard, Henry.
Alexander, D. D.	Laughlin, R. C.
Amoss, Thomas.	Lawless, Hiram.
Archdeacon of Colombo.	Lewis, H.
Armstrong, W. Cairns.	Lee, Miss C.
Boileau, Captain H.	Lopez, E.
Bott, Fred.	Macdonald, Mrs. J.
Brigg, E. A.	Meij, H.
Caurey, Captain.	Morris, Pierce M.
C. G.	Murgatroyd, C. A.
Chancellor, Miss.	Owen, L. C.
Chapman, Frank.	Q. B.
Clift, Mrs. H. W.	Ramioh, C. V.
Cooper, H.	"Regina."
DeLa Grange, Baron Louis.	"Rex."
Faerstermann, Ignatz.	Roberts, John Herbert.
Gill, F. N. G.	Robertson, W.
Gloster, Mrs.	Rustonjee, S.
Golding, Herbert.	Sestan, S.
Gray, John Raymond.	"Stanhope."
H. E. M.	Stern, Edward.
H. M. W.	Thompson, James.
Harcourt, W. H.	T. P. H. C.
Harman, J. M.	Thruswell, A.
Hodkins, A. C.	Tigbe, James.
Huddleston, John E. Leslie.	Wackerbarth, C.
Hurst, W. H.	Wilson, Theos.
King, W.	

Registered Letters.

Bateman, W. E.	Gedge, G.
Burgess, R.	Harrison, Lieut. E. B.
Cherkos, Laya.	Thibaud, Thomy.
Deverill, Geo.	Whitchello, R.
Ferefourd, Duglass.	

E. HUTTON,

Presidency Postmaster, Calcutta.

*Unclaimed Letters held in the Barrackpore Post Office
on the 17th November 1884.*

Beames, Mrs. E.	Famer, A. B.
Chatterjee, Protap Chundro.	Kendall, Rev. W. C.
Croster, Capt.	Landale, J.
Dalrymple, Mr.	Lanc, C. H.
Duncan, Staff Sergt. W.	Olesimon, E. P.
Exe. Engr., N. Delta S. Dn.	Skinner, James.
Foley, Rev. T.	Wilson, Mrs.

A. P. GHOSAL, Postmaster, Barrackpore.

Nuddea Rivers.

*Weekly Water Report showing the least depth of water
in the Bhagiruttee, Matubangha, and Jellinghee Rivers
for the week ending Friday, 21st November 1884.*

Names of rivers.	Least depth of water.	REMARKS.
BHAGIRUTTEE.		
	Ft. In.	
Entrance below Joyrampore	8 9	
Thence to Nootpore Junction.	3 3	Modonpur.
Thence to Jungipore, 9 miles	5 0	Radhanagor.
From Jungipore to Berhampore, 47 miles.	6 9	Cooti Rampur.
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 50 miles.	4 3	Khadirpur.
From Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles.	5 0	Akundanga.

MATABANGHA.

Entrance	5 0	
Thence to Tatarparah ...	4 0	
From Tatarparah to Hat-Bolia.	4 0	Pragpur.
From Hat-Bolia to Boalmaree.	3 9	Shampur.
From Boalmaree to Alickdeah.	7 6	Rajapur.
From Alickdeah to Kissongungo.	9 6	Bastoopur.

JELLINGHEE AND BYRUB.

Entrance of Byrub from the Ganges.	8 0	Romipur.
Thence to Junction with the Jellinghee.	5 0	
From Junction of Byrub and Jellinghee to Teakatta.	5 6	Gopinathpur.
From Teakatta to Nuddea	5 6	Taranagar.

Height of water on gauge at Berhampore, the 24th November 1884, above zero, 9 feet 0 inch.

G. J. R. LEESE, C.E.,

Exc. Engr., Nuddea Rivers Divn.

BERHAMPORE, the 24th November 1884.

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By C. F. AMERY,

Deputy Conservator, Forests, N.-W. Provinces

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WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1884.

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CONTENTS.

	Page.		Page.
PROCEEDINGS of an enquiry held, under Part III of the Rules for enquiring into, and reporting on, serious accidents on Indian Railways by the Magistrate of Nuddea in the case of an accident which occurred at the Arunghatta station of the Eastern Bengal State Railway on the 2nd October 1884	2357	STATEMENT of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Friday the 21st November 1884	2388
State of the salt market for the second quarter of 1884-85	2372	Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 16th to 22nd November 1884	2392
Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops	2377	Results of the Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 16th to 22nd November 1884	2393
Prices-current of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the districts of Bengal for the fortnight ending the 15th November 1884	2380	Statement showing the results of the Registration of Births and Deaths in the First Class Municipalities in Bengal during the week ending 8th November 1884	2394
Wholesale Prices-current of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the undermentioned Parts of Bengal for the fortnight ending 15th November 1884	2384	Statement showing heights over mean sea-level and low water on the rivers Ganges, Bhagirathce, Jhelinghee and Bramapootra for the month of October 1884	2397
Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal for the week ending Friday, the 21st of November 1884	2380	Statement showing the total amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Circular Canal at the Chitpur Toll Station for the month of October 1884	2408
		Nalhati State Railway	2401
		Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways	2402

PROCEEDINGS OF AN ENQUIRY HELD UNDER PART III OF THE RULES FOR ENQUIRING INTO, AND REPORTING ON, SERIOUS ACCIDENTS ON INDIAN RAILWAYS BY THE MAGISTRATE OF NUDDEA IN THE CASE OF AN ACCIDENT WHICH OCCURRED AT THE ARUNGHATTA STATION OF THE EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY ON THE 2nd OCTOBER 1884.

The following papers are published for general information.

J. WARE EDGAR,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

FROM the evidence adduced before me at Bagoola on the 30th and 31st October last it is clear that the entire blame for the railway accident at Aran-ghatta on the 2nd October last, and the dire consequences which resulted therefrom, rested with the unfortunate driver Walter Cumming, now deceased. It has been proved to my satisfaction by the statements of drivers, guards, station-masters, and other railway officials that the telegram containing the words "detained here," when taken with the main signal, which admittedly was at danger, was not misleading, and that with such there was no possible excuse for the driver not bringing his train to a stand short of the main signal. This is further supported by other telegrams, similarly worded, which had been made over to drivers who had stopped their trains before reaching, or else opposite, the station. Doubtless, in the cases of these last-mentioned telegrams, the distant as well as the main signal was at danger; but at Aranghatta especially, where the line is so straight that the main and distant signals can both

be seen at the same time, even had the latter been white, the former should have prevented the driver from entering the station limits, otherwise than at a slackened speed, and going beyond the station itself. It is quite evident, both from the evidence and conduct of the guard of the mail train, that he thoroughly understood what ought to have been done; and if he did so, there is no reason to suppose that the driver was misled thereby.

As regards the state of the distant signal, all the station staff swear positively to its being in working order and at danger. Their evidence must of course be received with caution, but for the following reasons I am inclined to believe that their statements are true.

The machine by which this signal is worked, if left untouched, keeps the red spectacle over the light, and it is only by pulling down the lever and fixing it that the said spectacle is removed from the face of the lamp. The rule, too, is that distant signals should remain at danger; that the lever should be lowered on the approach of a train, and again allowed to fly back as soon as the train has passed within it. Under such circumstances, it can scarcely be said that, through neglect, the signalman left the signal white. He must purposely, either of his own accord or under orders, have lowered the lever; but why he should have done so it is difficult to see. It certainly might be, that he neglected to unfix his lever after the last train had passed in; but had he done so, it is, I think, more than probable that this neglect would have been noticed by some one during the interval which elapsed between that and the mail train. The only witness, other than the staff station, who can or who is likely to be able to speak to the state of this signal is the guard of the train. Passengers, even if awake, would seldom, if ever, look at them. This guard states that when he sighted the distant signal, he was distant about one mile from it; that it was white; but at the same time, seeing the main at red, he at once went to his brake, and by means of it tried to attract the attention of the driver. But when this evidence is read with that of Mr. Patterson, the Permanent Way Inspector, there is a possible way of explaining how it was that the guard found this signal white. Mr. Patterson, it seems, took down from Bagoola a relief train some few hours after the accident, and he states that when at a distance of two miles from the distant signal, he, too, noticed that it was white; but on approaching nearer to it he saw it was red. This change, it seems, might be caused by the lamp not having been pulled up to its extreme height. Now, it is, I think, quite possible that the guard, after once seeing the light white, but perceiving the main signal against the train, busied himself with his brake, and in other attempts to attract the driver's notice, and never again looked at the signals. There was certainly no necessity for his doing so, and there was every necessity for his giving his full attention to other matters. I would here also remark that, under the rules, a half-red and half-white signal is a danger signal.

As to the distant signal being out of working order, there is not the slightest proof. The Reverend Mr. Bell, who heard a discussion on this subject, says that he heard a man, whom he took to be one of the station staff, say that it was out of order, and that if he saw that man again, he could identify him. When, however, the whole station staff were paraded before him, he distinctly said that that man was not among them. This gentleman further states that he heard the station-master say that he had shown a hand red light, from which he drew the inference that he (the station-master) admitted that the distant signal was out of order. I am, however, unable to concur in this latter view. It was the station-master's duty, whether the signal was at danger or not, to show the red hand-light under the circumstances; and as I have no doubt that any discussion which took place so soon after the accident would be attended with a certain amount of confusion, it is quite possible that the station-master's remarks had no connection with that of the person who said that the signal was out of order. Added to this, the evidence of Mr. Patterson goes most clearly to show that it was in good working order.

With reference to the conduct of the station staff after the accident, the most that can be said is, that for the space of some five minutes they were quite unnerved, and shut themselves up in one of the station rooms. But even this is not satisfactorily proved. Indeed, the evidence of the guard actually disproves that the station-master shut himself up, though it goes to show that he was too

unnerved to be of any great use at such a time, when there was so much for the station-master to do. There is nothing surprising in the fact that some of the passengers should have required his assistance and failed to find him; nor is it to be wondered at that for a short time he, and indeed every one not possessed of cool courage in time of danger, should have been unnerved. As far, then, as the station-master and his staff are concerned, there are, I consider, not the slightest grounds for believing that they in any way neglected their duty. In short, I can only account for this accident by the supposition that the driver and his firemen were asleep till it was too late to prevent the collision.

With reference to the management since the line has been taken over by Government and the "line-clear" system generally, the Manager, Major L. Conway Gordon, R.E., has fully deposed, and I feel sure that all who heard that evidence must have been thoroughly satisfied with the clear, free, and straightforward way in which it was given. From it there can be no doubt that complaints which have been made of reduction of the working staff, and the consequent overwork which has been forced on the existing staff, has no foundation in fact; but that, on the contrary, the strength of the working staff has been actually increased.

The line-clear system, as now described by the Manager, seems to ensure the safety of all trains; that is if, in practice, the rules are strictly enforced. In a case tried by me some months back, when the line was with the Eastern Bengal Railway Company, it seemed to me that the rules were not practically always attended to; and hence I made certain suggestions, which, however, I now find from Major Gordon's evidence, are not needed. I think, however, that it would be an additional safeguard if it was distinctly laid down that, when the "line-clear" was only from one station to the next, the rule that the telegram is to be delivered by the station-master to the guard, and by the guard to the driver, should be strictly carried out, and that drivers should not be permitted to pick up the "line-clear." This would ensure all trains, which were even only likely to cross another, to come to a stand at the station, irrespective of the signals, which would then be additional, and not the chief, guide for drivers, as they now are.

There now remains only to consider the action taken by the various authorities after the accident. The evidence shows that the guards of both trains, with the assistance of the passengers, did all that was possible, under the circumstances, till the arrival of relief trains from Bagoola, Kanchrapara, and Calcutta; that the Deputy Magistrate at Ranaghat, Inspector of Police, Sub-Deputy, Native Doctor, and some police were on the spot as soon as it was possible for them to get there; that the wounded were first attended to, and their sufferings relieved, as far as circumstances admitted, and they were sent down to Calcutta under charge of medical men; that the dead bodies were collected, and police deputed to watch them and all property that was lying about; that every endeavour was made to have dead bodies identified; and that when it was no longer advisable to keep the bodies, they were disposed of decently, and that not till descriptive rolls had been taken, and a list of all property made out. There were doubtless many difficulties to contend against, some insurmountable; but there is, I think, no reason to believe that more could have been done than was done under the circumstances.

On my return from Bagoola, the District Superintendent sent me a copy of the *Indian Mirror*, dated the 24th, in which complaints of robbery and want of due attention to the sufferers were made, and it was stated that some of the wounded in the hospital in Calcutta would speak thereto. I at once sent this off to the Deputy Magistrate of Ranaghat, with directions to go to Calcutta, see and examine the wounded there; and if he found any ready to depose to such facts, to send me word, in order that I might myself record their statements. I am glad, however, to be able to say that the report of the Deputy Magistrate clearly shows that none had any such complaint to make.

In conclusion, I have to express my thanks to Mr. W. C. Bonnerjee, Standing Counsel, for the assistance he rendered me in conducting this enquiry, and to Major Gordon for the arrangements made for the convenience of the Court and for my personal comfort.

W. V. G. TAYLER,

Magistrate.

The 5th November 1884.

BEFORE leaving Bagoola I directed the discharge of the station-master, who had been arrested and was on bail.

W. V. G. TAYLER,

The 5th November 1884.

Magistrate.

The deposition of MAJOR L. CONWAY GORDON, R.E., taken on oath or solemn affirmation under the provisions of Act X of 1873 before me, W. V. G. TAYLER, Magistrate of Nuddea, this 30th day of October 1884.

My name is Lewis Conway Gordon. I am Manager of Eastern Bengal State Railway. I took over charge of my office on the 31st August, or 1st September last, from Colonel DeBourbol. Since I have been in charge I have made no reductions except in the clerks of my own office. These clerks had nothing to do with the working of the railway. I am not aware of any reductions in the working staff since Government have taken over charge. No application for additional staff has been refused. All drivers and firemen who were previously employed are still in employ, except such as have been dismissed for faults. I could tell the number of such by reference to the minutes of the official meetings. The places of such dismissed men have been filled by others of the same class, as far as I know. The strength of the working staff has, if anything been increased. The meaning of a line-clear message is that the message is an intimation given to the drivers that the line is clear of all obstruction, as far as it is known, from one distant signal to the next. Between this and the block system the difference is that in one case you give the driver written intimation that the line is clear, and in the other the driver trusts entirely to signals. The driver, on receiving a line-clear message should not start till he has received a hand signal from the guard; then after passing out beyond the distant signal, he would run his train at such a pace to keep time towards the next station; the whole time in driving he would keep a sharp look out for any signals from the permanent-way men on the line, and he would obey any signals given in spite of his line-clear. He ought to have his train well in hand on approaching the next distant signal, and take his orders from that signal; if that signal showed danger, he ought to bring his train to a dead stop outside the distant signal. I know the Aranghatta station; it is a small roadside station 50 miles, 71 chains from Calcutta, and is situate to the south of Bogoola, and north of Ranaghat. It is about $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Bogoola and $5\frac{1}{4}$ from Ranaghat. There is nothing but one long dead siding, about 1,833 feet long. The points lead off exactly opposite the station building and the main signal. This plan Exhibit A, now before the court is correct. The dead siding is marked on it. The positions of the distant and main signals are correctly given. The dead-buffer is about six feet high. Engines at night have a red light in front; the dead-buffer at the end of the siding is not so high that this light would be hidden by it. The main signal shows red and green by night, with ordinary semaphore arms by day. The north distant is from the main signal 1,969 feet, and the south 1,820 feet from the main. The distant signal is about 136 feet from the dead-buffer. The distant signals are worked by a long wire leading from the distant to the lever near the main signal. Both distant signals are worked alike. The distant signals are the same as the ordinarily proscribed patterns on the State Railways. I have been two or three times over the line at Aranghatta, and made it a point to examine the whole station and the line running to and from it; the line is nearly straight the nearest curve to the north, is 2 miles 9 chains away, and that is a 2-mile curve, and the country is clear, and there is nothing to obstruct the distant signals. I went out specially to see how far off the signals could be seen at night. I found that the light was visible from $1\frac{1}{2}$ to two miles off. This specially applies to the north distant signal. This signal would ordinarily remain at danger, and it has to be pulled to be brought down to caution. The arrangements for working these signals are within a few feet of the main, and are visible from the main. Semaphore arms are of use only in the day time; at night a lamp is hoisted on the signal post, and the danger signal is given by a red spectacle, which covers it; the same wire that moves the arms moves the spectacle, and, as in the case of the arms, it would ordinarily remain at danger. As soon as the lamp is hoisted up as high as it can go, it would be at danger. When losing the wire to bring a caution signal to danger, a green spectacle falls over the bull's eye towards the station, and thus tells the man that the signal is at danger. Distant and main signals are intended entirely for guidance of drivers and guards. There is a disc signal at each point at most stations on this line. This is not a working signal; it is merely an indication how the points are laid. If for the main signal, this signal shows white, and if for the siding, it shows green. It is shown by a disc by day and lamps by night. There is a disc signal at Aranghatta, just opposite the station, where the points are. The disc signal gives merely shunting directions. According to working time-table the 14 down and the 16 up goods should have crossed at Bogoola on the 2nd October; the 14 down was due there at

1-40 A.M., and the 16 up at 2-10 A.M., the mail train stopping at Bogoola for refreshment, its booked starting time being 2-10 A.M. The 14 down mail had on that night 29 vehicles. There was the engine and tender, then 10 covered goods wagons, one second class carriage, one intermediate, six third class, one postal composite, one intermediate, one composite first and second, one first class carriage, one brakevan, one luggage van, two horse-boxes, and two fish vans. One brakevan is the ordinary number for that train, and this train has been run thus for years. When I took over charge, there was a great want of brakevans. The driver in charge of 14 down was Walter Cumming; he had the ordinary number of two firemen, both natives, viz., Gopal and Tomizzuddin. The guard was John Lander. The driver and Tomizzuddin are both dead, but Gopal is missing. I asked the police to look after him, but he has not yet been found. Walter Cumming had been in employ in the Company, and was taken over with the line. I have a record of his services. He was appointed by the Company as fireman from September 1877 to September 1878, and as shunter from September 1878 to July 1880, when he resigned. He was re-employed as fireman and shunter in March 1882, and finally promoted to driver in April 1883, and continued such till his death. I believe Gopal has been fireman since April 1883. The 16 up on the 2nd October had an engine and tender and three 45 wagons and one brakevan. James Morgan was driver in charge; he had two firemen, both natives, viz. Sheikh Aleo and Bundoo; they were not his regular men. The guard was H. Dec. The driver and firemen are dead. Morgan was engaged as fireman in March 1874; he served as such till April 1877, when he was promoted as shunter, and finally to driver in 1879, and continued as such till his death. We had no special system of appointing drivers for passenger and goods trains or other engine, but kept on the system of first in and first out, as done by the Company, the result of which is that a driver may have a goods train one day and the mail another. We were compelled to have this system, though I do not think it a good one. We could not, however, remedy it, on account of having agreed to keep on the Company system of overtime allowances till the 31st December next, and besides I was not anxious to introduce any material changes in the very height of the jute season, when the traffic is the heaviest. As far as records go, the 14 down came to Bogoola in time, composed and marshalled as given above, but the 16 up goods was running late; she left Sealdah about 19 minutes late; the train which then only consisted of engine and brakevan had to wait for the engine; the wagons were picked up on the road, 40 at Chitpore and 5 at Shannuggur. The engine was late because the driver was waiting for his firemen, Golab and Yakob. They did not appear or send notice that they could not come, and the locomotive foreman had to send two new men. Neither of the trains had to stop at Aranghatta according to the working time-table. The up train being late, while the 14 was in time at Bagoola, it was the duty of the station-master, Bagoola, to arrange for another crossing further down. This he would do by asking for line-clear from Aranghatta, and on receiving line-clear, he would give it to guard, and the guard to the driver. The up train left Chogda at 1-48, and before leaving that station would have a line-clear from Ranaghat. She left Ranaghat picking up line-clear at 2-8 A.M., working under line-clear between Ranaghat and Aranghatta. The Ranaghat station-master, under these circumstances, would ask for a line-clear from Aranghatta, and having received it would give it to driver as the train passed slowly through. It would be known at Bagoola when the train left Ranaghat, and I believe it would also be known when it left Chogda. The duty of station-master, under these circumstances, after giving line-clear to both stations, was to keep main and both distant signals at danger till arrival of the up goods. The usual rule is to give preference to the passenger, but owing to particular disposition of the Aranghatta station, a working order was issued to say that in all cases the up train was to have the preference, and thereby allow the up train to go straight into the siding. Those orders were issued by the Eastern Bengal Railway Company, and have been kept up by us. The mail train, therefore, should have remained at the distant signal till the goods was well in the siding. The station-master's first attention would be to the goods train. On arrival of the up, he would lower south distant, and let the train come in within station limits, keeping all other signals at danger. The south main would then be lowered, and south distant raised to red; he would then open the points, and hand-signal the train into the siding, and then see that all was clear, when he would then lower the north distant signal, and as the down train approached the main, he would raise the north distant signal to danger, and lower the down main, having previously put the points over the main line. The duty of driver of up goods would first be to satisfy himself before leaving Ranaghat as to the contents of his line-clear; he would then have driven cautiously on looking out for distant signal at Aranghatta; he would keep the train well in hand on approaching that signal; if he found it lowered for him he would bring his train cautiously within station limits, and if main signal were lowered he would go on cautiously, and seeing the disc light in his favour, and showing green, and the station-master's signals, he would have taken his train into the siding, and remained there till hand-signalled back, after departure of the mail. The duty of driver of down mail, having satisfied himself of the contents of the line-clear, would keep a sharp look out also for distant signals; on finding these against him, he should have brought his train to a dead stop outside that signal; he would then have crept inside, so as to get protection by that signal, and remained there till main was lowered. In case the distant signal was in his favour, he would come to a dead stop at the station, and under no circumstances have passed the main; he should, in fact, have brought his train to a standstill between the distant and main signal. If the goods had been in the siding, it was his duty to see, by observing the side lights of

the brakevan of the goods, if the whole train was within the siding. He could not, under any circumstances, go through to Aranghatta without the line-clear. If he had to run through picking up line-clear, he would have seen both the main and distant signals would have been in his favour. The line being very straight, the main signal can be seen at the same time as the distant. Under the circumstances, the guard of the down having satisfied himself as to the line-clear, would personally give it to driver, he would then keep a sharp look out, and if the driver did not slacken or stop, when he (the guard) thought he should do so, he ought to have applied his brake sharply and otherwise endeavour by danger signals to attract the notice of the driver. In some trains there are communication cords, but not in this one; it is not under the rules a necessary appendage. The train, as composed, could not have been supplied with one, since the stock handed over to me had no spirals. With short trains according to my experience, this cord does act, but not with long ones, and especially mixed trains, when it usually gets jammed. I here put in the line-clear message which passed from both sides (Exhibits B. C. and D. E. F. G.) To understand the meaning of message C "detained here," we must first look to wording of B. The station-master of Bagoola directs to "detain No. 16 at yours;" this was a form of message only necessary when 16 up was running on a through line-clear between Ranaghat and Bagoola, which she was not doing in this instance, and when after giving a through line-clear to No. 16 up from Ranaghat to Bagoola; it subsequently became necessary to stop No. 16 up at Aranghatta; the form of words used by Bagoola in this case was unnecessary. The station-master of Bagoola appears to be in the habit of using this form. The station-master of Aranghatta replied "Detained here" merely in answer to station-master of Bagoola, meaning that she would not be allowed to go further. I think the message on both sides was redundant, was intended as extra, and, in my opinion, ought not to have deceived the driver. The crossing of 14 down and 16 up was not unusual; it had happened on the morning of 3rd, 13th, 22nd, 24th, 26th and 30th of the month of September. I put in copies of the messages (exhibits) that passed on these days. On none of these occasions as far as records show had the 16 up arrived at Aranghatta when the messages were despatched. These messages would, however, worded clearly, indicate that the train had to cross, and the staff would rely for the position of the trains on in and out reports, but the drivers would simply know that they had to go as far as the distant signal. Drivers have to signal watering and crossing stations and train notice note. I produce that of 2nd October for the Bagoola station; it shows the trains the drivers have to cross (points out the signatures of Walter Cumming and Lander.) The duties of the staff above-mentioned are all given in a manual called general rules, which is common to all railways, and in addition thereto subsidiary rules, under the authority of the general rules, have been issued. These rules are given to all officers, who are obliged to have them. Alterations are issued from time to time by circular orders. After the accident, I went to the spot, arriving about 8 o'clock on the 2nd. I saw the two engines were blocked together about 357 feet to the south main signal; the engines had met face to face, the tenders had both mounted the engines, the under frame of tender resting on the outer shell of the fire-box. Driver Morgan and his firemen were still on the engine jammed between tender and fire-box; the rolling-stock of No. 16 up goods was a good deal damaged, and about five goods wagons were derailed. The ten covered goods wagons of 14 down were on the line between engine and platform, and just opposite the platform were the wrecks of the first second class carriage, the first intermediate, and the first third class. The intermediate carriage had overridden and destroyed the second class, and the third class had overridden and destroyed the intermediate, its own condition being only some breakage in the front portion. The wounded had been all taken away. As we came up in the train, we met them at Ranaghat, and I put one of the doctors, Dr. Seemans, in charge of them, and took on another doctor, viz. Dr. Corbett. The Deputy Magistrate had arrived previously, and was then taking depositions of the staff concerned. I saw some 11 passengers' dead bodies, and that of Morgan and one of his firemen. The uninjured portion of the 14 down had been run back to Bagoola. The third class carriage, which was on top of the other two, was in a dangerous position, and was consequently pulled over on to the ground clear of siding, and fell on the top of wire of the distant signal. I was, therefore, unable to enquire if the distant signal was or was not in proper order. I endeavoured subsequently to find this out, and I found it worked stiffly, by which I mean that it did not work readily, and had to be jerked at times to make it fly back to danger. After the Deputy Magistrate had completed his enquiries, at which I listened, I have had enquiries made, and myself made other enquiries. As an officer of experience, I believe, the lateness of the 16 up was not a direct cause for the accident; the whole line-clear system is devised solely to enable you to cross trains at other than their booked crossings. Even if distant signal was in the driver's favour, had the driver done his duty, the accident would not have occurred, and still less if both signals had been against the driver, and he had done his duty properly. Taking the most favourable assumption for the driver, i.e., that distant signal did not show red, I find, first, that he did not approach the station with every caution in accordance with paragraph 12 of Working order No. 80, dated 20th December 1880; second, that he did not pay attention to the main signal in accordance with clauses 228 and 236 of the General Rules; thirdly, that he did not keep a good look out in accordance with clause 227 of the General Rules; fourthly, that he passed the main or station signal when at danger in contravention of clauses 72 and 233 of the General Rules; fifthly, that he did not sound his engine whistle in accordance with clause 252 of the General Rules;

sixthly, that he did not attend to paragraph 10 of subsidiary rules regarding the noticing of the brake side lights when passing a train in a siding; seventhly, that he passed the Aranghatta platform and proceeded on without a line-clear in contravention of clause 342 of the general rules and paragraph 12 of the subsidiary rules. I can attach no blame to the Aranghatta station-master beyond having, first, answered a redundancy in the line-clear from Bagoola, which was unnecessary, but which I believed most people in his position would have answered; and secondly, such blame as may attach to him on the evidence with regard to the position of the distant signal. With regard to the latter point I wish to state that the two distant signals are worked from the same point, and the native signaller gets into the habit of never lowering both distant signals at the same time. To lower both at the same time would be quite unusual, so much so that I believe had the station-master by mistake ordered him to do so, the signalman would have been certain to have brought it to his notice, and it is in evidence that the south distant signal was lowered. The disc signal could, in no way, interfere or obstruct the other lights. From evidence before me, I formed an idea that the rate was about 15 to 17 miles an hour: no fixed speed is prescribed for trains going through stations and picking up line-clear; the rules simply require every caution. I would here mention that the 10 mile an hour through facing points would not apply to the 14 down as the points did not face his train. The dead bodies were buried by order of the Deputy Magistrate at about 1 or 2 o'clock; they were then most offensive, and when I spoke to the Deputy Magistrate about it, I agreed with that officer that there was nothing else to be done. The Bagoola and Aranghatta station-masters would know about the same time about the leaving of the up train.

L. CONWAY GORDON, *Major, R.E.*

The deposition of Reverend W. C. BELL taken on oath or solemn affirmation under the provisions of Act X of 1873 before me, W. V. G. TAYLER, Magistrate of Nuddea, this 30th day of October 1884.

My name is W. C. Bell. I reside at present at Dum-Dum where I am a Chaplain. I was a passenger on the down mail on the night of the 2nd October. I had come from Kooshtea. I don't remember whether I was awake or asleep at Bagoola. I was alone in a first class carriage, but I was disturbed by the shock of the accident at Aranghatta. I looked out of the window, saw and asked the guard what had happened, then got out of the carriage and ran up with the guard along the platform to the wreck of the carriages. We found nobody on the platform. I was eventually taken back to Bagoola. I did not, while at Aranghatta, notice the signal lights. Of my own personal knowledge I know nothing of the cause of the accident. But when talking to the guard, I was told that the distant signal was white, and seeing that the driver had been misled, though the main was at danger, when the guard said this a man, whom I took to be one of the station staff said:—"Oh! the distant signal was out of order." The station-master also remarked at the same time that he had shown a red light, from which I drew the inference that he admitted that the distant signal was out of order. I did all I could to assist the wounded. In order to render assistance I went to the station-room and found the door shut, and going round to a window I saw several (may have been five or six) men all looking very frightened inside. I spoke to them, and after that they came out, and I saw them afterwards showing lights. This was all done in some five or ten minutes. (The station staff being brought before witness says none of these men spoke of the distant signal being out of order.) Among the passengers I discovered an Assistant Surgeon, and with his help was able to afford help to the sufferers. The pilot-engine from Bagoola did not come till 5 A.M. to take us back and bring men to render assistance. We left before the wounded were sent off.

WILLIAM CHARLES BELL.

The deposition of BAROO PEARY MOHUN GUHA taken on oath or solemn affirmation under the provisions of Act X of 1873 before me, W. V. G. TAYLER, Magistrate of Nuddea, this 30th day of October 1884.

My name is Peary Mohun Guha, I am a pleader. I was a passenger in the 14 down train of the 1st October, which arrived at Aranghatta on the morning of the 2nd. I was in the first class. I got in at Goalundo. I was bound for Ranaghat by that time, I was asleep when the train was at Bagoola, and by the shock of the accident at Aranghatta awoko. I got out of the train immediately after the accident. My carriage was opposite the platform. I saw no lights on the platform. A few minutes after I met the guard. I saw none of the station staff at the time. Wanting a light to render assistance, I went to the station-house, and found the doors shut, and could get no response, though I knocked. This was some minutes after the accident; the door was shut from inside; about an hour after I saw the station people. I don't think they had lights; they may have been out before that, but I did not see them. One of them, who was standing at the door, said, now that the accident had happened, they should render assistance, and not be thinking of the consequences to themselves. I was brought back to Bagoola. I also heard a discussion between, I think, Mr. Ewbank and other European and native gentlemen about the cause of the accident, some saying that the distant signal was

out of order; but this a gentleman contradicted on the ground that he had lately examined it. I saw some 10 or 11 dead bodies, and several wounded, and the state of the injured engines and carriages. I did not go round to see if any door on the other side was open. I did not know the station staff and say they were absent because all complained of their absence.

PEARY MOHUN GUHA.

The deposition of PRINGLE DAVID BARCLAY taken on oath or solemn affirmation under the provisions of Act X of 1873 before me, W. V. G. TAYLER, Magistrate of Nuddea, the 30th day of October 1884.

My name is Pringle David Barclay. I am Traffic Superintendent, Eastern Bengal State Railway. I have been Traffic Superintendent since the Company made over the line to Government. No reductions have been made in the working staff, but on the contrary it has been increased. I don't know whether native firemen have replaced Europeans. On the 2nd October, the station staff at Aranghatta were M. N. Ghose, station-master, J. N. Dey, booking clerk, R. L. Biswas, signaller in charge, B. L. Adhikareo, assistant signaller, P. C. Haldar, assistant signaller and other menial servants, names not known. The number of men is quite sufficient; no reductions have been made. The whole staff was there when I took charge. I came up with Major Gordon after the accident occurred. I have heard his evidence given to-day. His description of the state of the injured carriages and other matters is, as far as I remember, correct, except the position of the three damaged carriages, which had been taken back a little northwards. I did not see the dead bodies. I heard the evidence of Major Gordon as regards the duties of the guards and station staff of the several stations under the circumstances, and I quite agree therewith. I am acquainted with the rules and orders alluded to by that officer, and they were correctly given. I concur in thinking that had the driver Cumming obeyed all orders, he could not have been where he was, but ought to have been north of the main signal; in fact nothing can excuse him passing the main signal with a running train, even though the distant were in his favour, if he had been carrying out runs, he ought to have been quite able to pull up before passing the main. I know of no practice that would render it impossible to pull up a train before reaching the main, even though the distant signal was in his favour. From personal experience, at a speed of 20 miles an hour, a line-clear is sometimes picked up. The line at Aranghatta is very straight, and the main signal is clearly visible from a mile and a half off. I take the same view that Major Gordon has done with regard to the conduct of the station staff. I saw the station staff paraded just now; all three men present that time were brought in. No application made for increased staff has been refused. I beg to produce a circular order issued to all station-masters on 27th August 1884, regarding the reprint of line-clear enquiry and line-clear message form (Exhibit M.)

Recalled—Says I produce two copies of line-clear messages 27th and 30th September, and the two original guard's reports of the No. 14 down mail for the train of 2nd, 12th, 21st, 23rd, 25th, 26th and 29th September.

P. D. BARCLAY.

The deposition of ALAN WOOD RENDALL taken on oath or solemn affirmation under the provisions of Act X of 1873 before me, W. V. G. TAYLER, Magistrate of Nuddea, this 30th day of October 1884.

My name is Alan Wood Rendall. I am Locomotive Superintendent of the Eastern Bengal State Railway. I took charge on the 1st July 1884. I kept on the old staff of drivers and firemen. I have reduced none of this staff, except for misconduct, nor substituted native for European firemen. There was an increase of two European firemen in October compared with the staff in July. When Europeans were discharged for misconduct, new Europeans have been appointed. The system in vogue under the Company was what is termed first in, first out. I do not approve of it. The system was in vogue up to October. I did not change, as the doing so would create discontent, as it would have made a difference as to the overtime earned by the men under the old rules. I heard the evidence given by Major Gordon. I heard what he said as to what both Cumming and Morgan should have done. I quite agree with Major Gordon thereon. At 3-47 A.M. I got information of the accident; the guard telegraphed to me from Aranghatta. I took the engine of No. 1 up, and arrived at Aranghatta at 5 to 5 A.M. I was the first superior official on the spot. On my arrival, I found the state of the carriages a little different to that described; the third class that mounted upon the other two was intact, but a third class which followed those carriages had its front knocked in, and the two wagons in front of the three carriages were derailed; otherwise the state of things, as stated by Major Gordon, was similar to what I saw. The reversing lever of the down mail was in back gear, but the reversing arm on the way bar shaft was broken off, so that the engine had fallen into fore gear; but whether this happened before or after I cannot say. The steam was full on, and the regulator jammed. The first duty of a driver is to shut off steam, but steam was put on full, as far as I can judge, after reversing. Walter Cumming was alive, but was unable

to speak. I saw the wounded there. I went to engine of 16 up. I would like to mention here that I found Cumming's leg had been cut off by the sector plate of the reversing lever. The leg I found jammed there. This would show that he actually was at his reversing lever when the collision occurred. Also from the position of the die block on the brake-screw, I should say that the brake was hard on, and the second fireman was lying on the brake side of engine on the grass. I did not observe the handle of the whistle. The shock of the accident would shut it, if it had been open. On the 16 up, the reversing lever was in back gear, and the regulator slightly open. The driver was jammed on the fire-box and was quite dead; he must have been scalded to death, if not killed otherwise. One fireman was dead. I at once sent all injured passengers to Bagoola, and then the Assistant Surgeon, who was brought up by me, attended to the injured, whom I despatched to Calcutta. I remained at Aranghatta till 8 p.m., and I reckoned that some 11 persons had been killed. They were laid out on the platform chiefly, some on the opposite side. I was there when the Deputy Magistrate arrived. The condition stated by Major Gordon as to the state of the deceased just before burial was quite correct. If the driver had come as far as the distant signal expecting to run through at 20 miles an hour, I don't think he could have pulled up before reaching the main signal, but his train ought to have been going at much less speed than it was when the collision occurred. The usual distance for shutting off steam for these trains is about half a mile outside distant signal. Walter Cumming was a European, also James Morgan. On the whole I take the same view of the conduct of the station staff as Major Gordon. It would have been an additional safeguard had the disc light shown for the siding and not for the main. The engines have all the ordinary brakes; it would be a great safeguard to have steam brakes; we are now about to introduce them, as engines for State lines are so provided. One engine on this line has steam brake, and one with a hand brake in addition to the tender brake. The disc light always shows for the main, except when the points are put for the siding. The driver can reverse his lever in a few seconds. There was a medical man there, besides the man I brought. I thought he was a passenger. The Deputy Magistrate wanted to bring out some of the injured in order to identify the dead, but they were too bad to come out for such a purpose, and attempts were made to get persons to assist in burying the dead, but no one could be got to assist.

Recalled.—I did not find the remains of the missing man Gopal. I believe that he was not one of the killed, but I fancy he must have absconded.

ALAN WOOD RENDALL.

The deposition of WILLIAM INNES taken on oath or solemn affirmation under the provisions of Act X of 1873 before me, W. V. G. TAYLER, Magistrate of Nuddea, this 30th day of October 1884.

My name is William Innes. I am Deputy Traffic Superintendent, Eastern Bengal State Railway. I have been Deputy Traffic Superintendent since Government took over the Railway. I was before Traffic Superintendent of the Eastern Bengal Railway Company. The 14 down starts from Goalundo at the same time now as it did at time of the Company, and the 16 up at the same time from Sealdah. Bagoola was, as far as I can recollect, the crossing station then, as now. The 14 down used at the time of the Company to run with one brake. In the time of the Company it frequently happened that these trains crossed at stations further down, and not at Bagoola, where they are booked to cross. We had no spare brakes in the time of the Company. We do not consider it necessary to run all our passenger trains with two brakes. In the time of the Company it was a mixed train as it is now. This train in the Company's time never had a cord, wagons having no spirals. There has been no reduction in the Traffic Department, nor, as far as I am aware, in the Locomotive.

WILLIAM INNES.

The deposition of WILLIAM GEORGE BOLTON, taken, on oath or solemn affirmation under the provisions of Act X of 1873 before me, W. V. G. TAYLER, Magistrate of Nuddea, on this the 30th day of October 1884.

My name is William George Bolton. I was station master of Bagoola in October, having been there 15 months. During that time Bagoola was the crossing station of the 16 up 14 times. It was not unusual for the trains to cross further down. H. D. Bannerjee was in charge of the station, but I have to come out to see that all is right. My assistant started the train. I was called from my bed after 3 A.M., and told of the accident. I at once sent for the permanent-way inspector, and I also sent the engine of No. 15, which was here about 4, with all the men that I could collect. I merely went to the telegraph office and learnt that 16 up was at Chogda, and I told this to the guard, but to the driver I only exchanged "good night." It was about a little before 2 that I enquired for the 16 up; neither I nor the guard could have thought that it was at Aranghatta. (Looks at train notice book, and points out Walter Cumming's signature, and says that the words 14 down above his signature is in his handwriting).

WILLIAM GEORGE BOLTON.

The deposition of JONATHAN RIST taken on oath or solemn affirmation, under the provisions of Act X of 1873, before me, W. V. G. TAYLER, Magistrate of Nuddea, this 30th day of October 1884.

My name is Jonathan Rist. I am a driver. I have been a driver in England and in this country since 1854. I am now a driver from Bogoola. I started first train in 1863, and have been in employ ever since. The witness was asked to look at message marked C, and said with such a message I should have stopped outside the distant signal, if that signal was against me; but if it was white and the main at danger, I should have drawn up within the distant signal. It depends on weight of train and number of vehicle, and other circumstances, when steam should be shut off. Grease on rails and position of wind have all to be considered. I know the line at Arunghatta. It is very straight. The main signal there is easily visible from a distance sufficient to draw up any ordinary train. With such a message I should certainly be going with caution, in order to stop at Arunghatta. If a guard applies his brake hard, the driver can always feel it. I consider I am bound by signal, whatever the telegraph is. A train picks up a line clear at a speed of 10 to 15 miles.

JONATHAN RIST.

The deposition of JOHN PEARSON taken on oath or solemn affirmation, under the provisions of Act X of 1873, before me, W. V. G. TAYLER, Magistrate of Nuddea, this 30th day of October 1884.

My name is John Pearson. I am a driver. I have been a driver 15 years and $\frac{1}{2}$. I see this message, exhibit C. With such a message I would keep the train under control till I got to Arunghatta, and even if seeing the distant signal white, I should continue to keep the train under control till I saw the main signal in my favour; and if that signal was red, I would draw up outside it. I know the Arunghatta line. Main signal can be seen from a long distance, sufficiently far off to draw up a train, even at a good speed. When shutting off steam, one has to consider weight of train, wind, &c. With a line clear only to next station, I should enter the station very cautiously. Our rules are all laid down.

JOHN PEARSON.

The deposition of THOMAS EDWIN COLLINS taken on oath or solemn affirmation, under the provisions of Act X of 1873, before me, W. V. G. TAYLER, Magistrate of Nuddea, this 30th day of October 1884.

My name is Thomas Edwin Collins. I am a driver. I have been a driver 15 years. With this message C, I should expect that No. 16 up goods was up and already in siding: and though the distant signal was in my favour, I would look out for the main, and if I saw it against me, I should pull up outside of it, or at the platform. It is a rule that my train must be quite under control, unless I am quite satisfied that I am to run through. I do not, as a rule, whistle if the signals are in my favour. If such a message and the distant signal were in my favour, though I might think I might otherwise have run through, and if the line clear was not ready for me, or for other reasons I had to stop, when coming inside a station I would always have my train under control: by this I mean from 10 to 12 miles an hour. I know the Arunghatta line and its peculiar siding. If a train were standing at it, the head light would always be visible: a wagon might be in the way, or it might be taken down for trimming.

THOMAS EDWIN COLLINS.

The deposition of HURREEDAS BANERJEE, aged about 21 years, taken on oath or solemn affirmation, under the provisions of Act X of 1873, before me, W. V. G. TAYLER, Magistrate of Nuddea, this 30th day of October 1884.

My name is Hurreedas Banerjee. My father's name is Khetore Mohun Banerjee. My home is at mouzah Debanundapore, zillah Hooghly. I reside at present in mouzah Bagoola. I am assistant station-master. I was assistant station-master on the 2nd October, and I was in charge. I despatched this telegram B. It would have been sufficient to say is line clear; but to make doubly sure I put the message in this way. I got in reply message C., but from my in and out-reports I knew that the train was not at Arunghatta. I understand "detained here" to mean would be detained, and that the line was clear between Bagoola and Arunghatta. I believe the 14 down came in at due time. I started the train at 2-10 A.M. Cumming was driver and Lander the guard. I saw the latter. I gave him the line-clear message. I sent message D. I heard of the accident at Arunghatta by telegram at a quarter past 3. I was waiting for 16 up goods. I called up station-master.

HURREEDAS BANERJEE.

The deposition of JOHN LANDER, taken on oath or solemn affirmation under the provisions of Act X of 1873, before me, W. V. G. TAYLER, Magistrate of Nuddea, this 30th day of October 1884.

My name is John Lander. I am a guard. I was in charge of No. 14 down on the 2nd October. We arrived at Bagoola in due time, and started at 2-10 A.M. I have been guard 13 years. I cannot say whether I got the message from station or assistant station-master and gave it to the driver, whom I saw and spoke to. He was perfectly sober, and so was I. When I first sighted the distant signal it was about five minutes before the accident. That signal was white. I could see the main at the same time was at danger. I was a mile from distant signal when I first sighted it. The line is very straight there. By the time I had got my brake on, we were half a mile from distant signal. My brake brought up the train a little, but beyond this there was no lessening of speed. Had driver attempted to stop his train when I put on the brake, we could have done so before reaching the platform, assuming the engine was in proper working order. There was no reason to believe that it was not in good order. When we collided, I should say with my brake on, we must have been going at about 15 miles an hour. I did not notice the disc signal. Whatever light that signal showed, I would have put on brake on seeing main at danger. As soon as we collided, I jumped out on platform, and I saw station-master with a red signal lamp and several others. Some passengers were out before I was. The station-master was on the platform, but too frightened to be of any use. I cannot say whether others of the station staff were about. The accident happened, I think, at 2-30: then looking at his journal says it took place at 2-30 A.M. I looked at my watch to fix the time. As guard I should take the time when driver signalled after receiving line-clear which he picked at passing. No such signal was given. We had a line-clear to Arunghatta only, and could not go beyond without a fresh line clear. The guard of the up train and I did all we could for the sufferers. When I got the message C., I expected we should have to stop at Arunghatta, and seeing the main at danger, I knew we had to stop. Besides Cumming, Morgan, and their firemen, and Mrs. Cann's baby, I knew none of the deceased. I sent this telegram, exhibit N. I saw Cumming after I sent the message. He was alive, but in a senseless state. He said something about distant signal being white. I counted the dead and found 11 passengers had been killed. I did not count the number of the wounded. Dee and I did all we could. I came to Bagoola with uninjured passengers, and returned to Arunghatta in about an hour. I was tending Cumming when he spoke about the distant signal. We had hardly finished extricating the people when Mr. Rendall arrived.

JOHN LANDER.

The deposition of MAURICE HENRY DEE taken on oath or solemn affirmation, under the provisions of Act X of 1873, before me, W. V. G. TAYLER, Magistrate of Nuddea, this 30th day of October 1884.

My name is Maurice Henry Dee. I am a guard. I was guard of the 16 up goods on the morning of the 2nd October. James Morgan was the driver. My train started late from Calcutta by 19 minutes. We were waiting for engine. I don't exactly know cause. We passed through Ranaghat between 2-10 and 2-11. We approached Arunghatta at very slow speed. The distant signal was lowered for us to enter, but the main was kept at danger, as is the custom when the train is going into a siding. I left the brake immediately after accident, and could not find or get an answer from the drivers or firemen of either train. Then I went to assist the sufferers. Lander and I did all in our power to help the wounded. Some time after I mounted the tender of my train, and found the bodies of the driver and firemen. I also saw Cumming afterwards. I did not count the dead. I remained at Arunghatta all that day. I did notice the north signals. James Morgan did all he could do, and was in no way to blame for the accident. I have been a guard about five years and three months. I cannot say that I felt that the driver had reversed his engine. I did not at first notice the station, but afterwards, when assisting the wounded, I saw station-master and booking clerk.

MAURICE HENRY DEE.

The deposition of UNNADINATH MOOKERJEE, aged about 38 years, taken on oath or solemn affirmation, under the provisions of Act X of 1873, before me, W. V. G. TAYLER, Magistrate of Nuddea, this 30th day of October 1884.

My name is Unnadinath Mookerjee. My father's name is Shama Charan Mookerjee. My home is at mouzah Goculgachee, zillah Hooghly. I reside at present in Calcutta, where I am an Assistant Engineer. I am employed as an Assistant Engineer on the Eastern Bengal State Railway. I have been in the Railway service for the last 12 years. I prepared this map, exhibit A. it is drawn to scale and is correct.

UNNADINATH MOOKERJEE.

The deposition of MOHENDRA NATH GHOSE, aged about 26 years, taken on oath or solemn affirmation, under the provisions of Act X of 1873, before me, W. V. G. TAYLER, Magistrate of Nuddea, this 30th day of October 1884.

My name is Mohendro Nath Ghose. My father's name is Ram Lall Ghose. I am by caste kaist. My home is at mouzah Doncheer, pergunnah Chogdah, zillah Nuddea. I reside at present in mouzah Arunghatta, where I am a station-master. I am employed by the Eastern Bengal State Railway. I was station-master of Arunghatta on the 2nd October 1884. I was three years assistant Station-master at Bagoola and for 18 months at Arunghatta. I was at Arunghatta on the morning of the 2nd October 1884. I first got intimation of the down train by telegram from Bagoola in words of message, exhibit B. I got that message at 1-58 A.M. On receipt thereof I sent message C. Then I sent a reply on receipt (looks at message C, and says I received message B before 1-44, at which time I sent a reply). It has happened before many times that these two trains crossed at Arunghatta. When I sent C, the 16 up had not arrived. By words "detained here," I meant will be detained. All my signals were at danger. It is the normal state for all four signals to be at danger, and I myself saw that they were placed at danger. About the time that I sent C, I received message from Ranaghat enquiring for line-clear for 16 up, exhibit E, and I sent message F. After this I got one message from Bagoola and one from Ranaghat, exhibits D and E. From the out-reports I knew that the 16 up had left Ranaghat at 2-8 A.M., and the 14 down at 2-10 A.M. In consequence of this I was on the alert. I allowed the up train into station limits first. Had the 14 down arrived first at distant signal, I should have kept the down train outside distant signal. Had the 16 up broken down on road, I would still have kept the 14 down standing. About 2-25 A.M. I was first aware of the up train's arrival. I waited for the whistle, and then ordered the distant signal to be lowered, but no orders were given to lower the other three signals. No one has power to lower any signals without my orders. Had any one done so, I should have seen it. When distant signal is at danger, a green light is seen from the station, hence we can tell the state of that signal. When lowering the south distant signal, I specially looked and satisfied myself that all the other signals were at danger, and did not take it for granted that they were so. After the distant signal was lowered, and previous to accident, I gave no orders to any one to lower any of the other signals, and all were at danger. I saw the up-train coming up slowly, and then I noticed it was coming on regardless, as if it had a line-clear right through. At that time on the platform with me were Madhub, policeman, and Hurree, ferash. We all three had red lights in our hands, and we ran forward northwards with our lights, which we raised, shouting at the same time. At our shouts the telegraph Baboos came out and joined us in shouting, but in a moment the collision occurred. The mail train never once whistled, neither grave nor ordinary. I could not see the position of the driver and firemen as they passed me. The mail train ought to have come in slowly after being signalled in, taken the line-clear and gone on to Ranaghat. A fireman or driver, standing on the outside edge of the engine, takes the message. No one was in such a position that night. I was naturally confused and frightened. On recovering myself a little, I looked to see what had occurred to passengers, and went to send telegrams of the accident. There were but few of us station staff on the platform. Some of the passengers ran into the room in the station. I saw Mr. Bell on the platform, as I was going to send my telegram. In the office I found passengers creating much noise. I told them to go out and send telegram, and after that I did what I could for the sufferers. On the night in question the staff for the station were three telegraph Baboos, station-master, booking clerk, one pointsman, two signalmen, two porters and one ferash—eleven in all were employed. Those not on duty were in their basah, some 25 cubits from the station, within station compound—I, the ferash, one signaller, pointsman, and two telegraph Baboos—six in all. Beharee Lall Adhikaree and another, name not known, were the telegraph Baboos. Niamut Sheikh was the signaller, and Sahab Ali was the pointsman. The telegraph staff consists of three Baboos: those present were then on duty, one having just relieved the one absent. At the time of the accident I did not see any one not on duty present, but a few minutes after they came. We all did what we could for the sufferers. I was at the station all that day and removed the locked carriages. I saw the dead bodies, but did not count them. All the dead bodies were collected together. I did not observe any pieces of a dead body so small as to indicate that any missing dead body was not likely to be discovered. Mr. Rendall was the first superior official to arrive and take charge.

MOHENDRA NATH GHOSE.

The deposition of BAHAREE LALL ADHIKAREE taken on oath or solemn affirmation, under the provisions of Act X of 1873, before me, W. V. TAYLER, Magistrate of Nuddea, this 30th day of October 1884.

My name is Baharee Lall Adhikaree. My father's name is Modoo Soodan Adhikaree. I am by caste Boistub. My home is at mouzah Sooksagur, zillah Nuddea. I reside at present in mouzah Arunghatta, where I am a signaller. I see telegrams B, C, D, E, F, G. These were received and sent from the Arunghatta telegraph office on the 2nd October. When C was sent the train had not arrived. The station-master gave us the message and we sent it *verbatim*. I understood it to mean that the train would be detained. We often send such messages, and with no bad results. When the accident occurred, I was at the door of my office, attracted by

the noise of the station-master, who was also showing red lights. I joined in shouting. I afterwards sent telegram of the accident. I sent this, exhibit N. I saw the main signal at danger and the north distant showing a green light.

BAHAREE LALL ADHICAREE.

The deposition of SHEIK NIAMUT, aged about 40 years, taken on oath or solemn affirmation, under the provisions of Act X of 1873, before me, W. V. G. TAYLER, Magistrate of Nuddea, this 30th day of October 1884.

My name is Sheik Niamut. My father's name is Sheikh Imam Baksh. I am by caste Mussalman. My home is at mouzah Kanholee, zillah Patna. I am signalman at Arunghatta. I have been 5 years at Arunghatta. My duty is to work the signals. I was on duty on the night of the accident. I cannot alter any signal without orders, nor, as a fact, do I ever do so, nor have I done so without orders. On the night of the accident, before the approach of the train, all signals were at danger. On the Kanaghat train's whistling, I was ordered to lower the south distant signal, and I did so. I got no orders before or after that to lower the north distant, and did not do so. In order to lower signal, I have to use some force. On the distant signal being lowered, the points were opened. The main signals remained at danger. I did not do anything to try and stop the down train. The station-house is directly opposite the main signal. The station-master and policeman and a ferash with lamps were on the station: they shouted and showed red lights. The north distant signal was in good order, and I distinctly saw the green light. I did not notice the position of the driver and firemen as the train passed. The points were opened to admit of the up train into the siding.

SHEIK NIAMUT.

The deposition of SAHEB ALI KHAN, aged about 35 years, taken on oath or solemn affirmation, under the provisions of Act X of 1873, before me, W. V. G. TAYLER, Magistrate of Nuddea, this 30th day of October 1884.

My name is Saheb Ali Khan. My father's name is Furabad Khan. My home is at mouzah Manee, zillah Jounpore. I reside at present in mouzah Arunghatta where I am a pointsman. On the night of the accident I was on duty. I have been pointsman for two months at Arunghatta. I have been elsewhere doing this duty for ten years. I was at my points when the accident occurred. I had opened the points to let the Kanaghat train into the siding. When the mail came in, however, by order of the station-master, I re-shut the points, and the mail went over them without breaking the points. I am certain that I re-shut the points at the order of the station-master. The lights of the points were showing green on both sides. I saw a green light in the north distant signal. The station-master on seeing the mail ordered me to reshut points, and then ran forward, northwards, shouting and showing his hand danger lights. I was naturally frightened when I saw the mail coming on regardless of signals. To open and reshut points the handle must be worked: it won't fly back of itself.

SAHEB ALI KHAN.

The deposition of HURREESH SHEIKH, aged about 25 years, taken on oath or solemn affirmation, under the provisions of Act X of 1873, before me, W. V. G. TAYLER, Magistrate of Nuddea, this 30th day of October 1884.

My name is Hurreesh Sheikh. My father's name is Roop Chund Mondal. I am by caste Mussalman. My home is at mouzah Arunghatta. I am a ferash of Arunghatta station, and have been so for a year. There are three signal lights and one disc light. I hoist the lamps on the staff. I remember the night of the accident. I hoisted the lights on that evening as usual, and they were burning all right when the accident happened. I had a red light in my hand and was on the platform. I saw the north distant signal was showing green towards the station. I hoisted the light up to the full at the north distant signal and found all was right. The station-master and policeman were on the platform, also with red lights: we all three shouted and showed our lights. As the train passed I did not notice the position of the driver or firemen, or if any one was standing to take the line-clear. Had any one been so standing, I must have seen him.

HURREESH SHEIKH.

The deposition of MADHOO MULLAH, aged about 26 years, taken on oath or solemn affirmation, under the provisions of Act X of 1873, before me, W. V. G. TAYLER, Magistrate of Nuddea, this 30th day of October 1884.

My name is Madhoo Mullah. My father's name is Kujajat. I am by caste a Hindoo. My home is at mouzah Kuttra, zillah Roy Bareilly. I am a policeman of Arunghatta. I have been employed for six months, and was on duty on the night of the railway accident. I was at that time on the platform. I had rung the bell for both trains, and was standing there. I noticed the north distant signal, which showed green. I had a red light in my hand, and showed it to stop the mail, going northward, by orders of the station-master. I was

examined by the Deputy Magistrate. I did not say before him that I had not seen the distant signal. The pointsman was at the points, which had been opened. This I saw by the green lights being north and south, and white towards the platform. I had gone northward, and cannot say whether the points were open when the train passed over them.

MADHOO MULLAH.

The deposition of WILLIAM JOHN PATTERSON taken on oath or solemn affirmation, under the provisions of Act X of 1873, before me, W. V. G. TAYLER, Magistrate of Nuddea, this 30th day of October 1884.

My name is William John Patterson. I am Permanent-way Inspector of the Eastern Bengal Railway Company now taken by Government. I have been as such since June 1877. I am stationed at Bagoola, where I have been four years. My duties with regard to signals and signal lamps are to inspect from time to time, and see that they are in repair, and to repair them. Arunghatta is within my jurisdiction. I remember the night of 2nd October. I examined the signals of Arunghatta on 22nd September and found them in good condition and thorough working order: before that I examined them on the 18th September. I went on the 18th in consequence of an extract of a driver's report which was sent me with orders to examine the signals. Points out extract of 12th September—"Down distant signal, Arunghatta, must be out of order: shows white light when at danger." I went to examine the post, and climbed it myself and examined it thoroughly, all spectacles, fastenings of delivery rods, and other fastenings, and balance levers, and found it all right and in good order. I examined the up distant signal also and ordered it to be repaired on the 12th September. On the 22nd September I also found the signal in good order. I account for the extract by saying that either the ferash had not thoroughly pulled up the light or contraction of wires at night: the cold would affect it then. There are compensating arrangements to counteract that. After my visit no further complaints were made. Had they been made, I should have been certain to hear of them. I heard of this accident at 3-19 A.M. from the station-master of Arunghatta. I collected all the men I could, and I arrived about 4 A.M. at Arunghatta. I remained there till 8-40 P.M. on the 2nd. It was not a foggy night. The distant signal showed white at a distance of two miles off, and on nearing red. Climpson drove the engine that took me down. About quarter of a mile from the distant signal it became red, and the train going at 40 miles could have stopped before reaching the station. A half-white half-red light is also "danger." When we came up to the light it seemed quite perfect. I examined the signal again on the 3rd and found it in good order. I saw the dead bodies brought out, and helped to dig the grave. I saw both wounded and dead, and counted the latter. I examined the debris and searched among it for all remains. I saw nothing to lead me to suppose that any one had been so smashed as to become part of the debris. After all identification had been attempted, the bodies were buried about 1 o'clock. Decomposition had then set in. The bodies were laid side by side, and covered with four feet of earth, and sleepers were placed on the graves on the following Sunday. The graves had not been in any way interfered with in the meanwhile. There was a talk of exhuming the bodies on the 3rd, and I had made arrangements for doing so, but received no orders. The Europeans present did everything. In fact, as the natives refused, we placed cloth over the bodies before covering them with earth. Some of the injured passengers returned to Bagoola and some stayed in the compound of the station. Those who were seriously injured were forced to go to Calcutta: others went or not as they liked.

WILLIAM JOHN PATTERSON.

The 31st October 1884.

The deposition of BABOO RAM CHARAN BOSE taken on oath or solemn affirmation, under the provisions of Act X of 1873, before me, W. V. G. TAYLER, Magistrate of Nuddea, this 30th day of October 1884.

My name is Ram Charan Bose. I am a Deputy Magistrate. I am in charge of the sub-division of Ranaghat, and was there on the 2nd October. I have been in charge for four years and one month, with the exception of short leave once. I got information at 4-30 A.M. of the accident, whereon I sent a chuprasie to the station-master to arrange for a trolly or other means of conveying me to the scene of the accident, and sent for the sub-deputy, inspector, native doctor, and the head constable with orders to hurry on to the station with constables. I then went off to the station, arriving at about two or three minutes to 5 A.M. I went on foot. Those I sent for arrived about the same time. I remained at the station till about 6-30 A.M., when an engine with brake-van took us to Arunghatta. Frankissen Dass, sub-deputy, Rashbeharee Biswas, inspector of police, Radhikar Prosad Banerjee, hospital assistant, Bomkesh Adhikaree, head constable at station, and some four or five constables and one chuprasie of mine went with me to the view. I found Mr Rendall there moving the wounded to the brake-van. We arrived at Arunghatta about 7 A.M., and after arrival I gave personal assistance to remove the wounded to the brake-van, and placed the hospital assistant under the Railway Doctor to give whatever medical assistance he could give and he was asked to give. I ordered the head constable with his constables to watch over the dead bodies and properties of passengers which were lying about exposed there. About eight bodies were then on the platform, which the constables had to look after. I found two dead bodies lying by the vehicles, and afterwards I found the bodies of Morgan and the firemen jammed together. After a good search

ten were on the spot, the two on the engine, and in the brake-van Mrs. Cann's baby. I made a special search for dead bodies in case there might be others. I did not that day see anything to lead me to think that any bodies had been so cut to pieces as not to be found or identified. Water was much needed for some sufferers, and I did the best I could to procure this. I then went to the brake-van, where the wounded were. I found three females who, I thought, had not been so severely wounded, viz., Mohamoye, Bishumoye, and Romah Bewa: these women informed me that others travelling with them were dead. I asked them to go with me and identify their relatives, but they were in too much pain, and notwithstanding my endeavours to help them, they could not move without serious pain, and so I was forced to leave them; but from what I learnt from them I was enabled to identify all but two persons. Those two were low caste Mahomedans. I then supervised the holding of the inquest by the inspector, and I took evidence as to the cause of the accident, and the sub-deputy and inspector also made an inventory of all property. I endeavoured in vain to take the evidence of driver Cumming. I was there till 2-30 A.M. I examined several persons, and wrote an intimation report and sent a telegram to the Magistrate of the district. On the 3rd I submitted from Arunghatta a second report. I went on that date to meet the District Magistrate and Superintendent of Police. That day a Marwaree came to enquire if his brother was one of the dead: he said his brother was 23, travelling from Assam. I told him there was one up-countryman found dead, who was over 45 or 46 years of age, and I further told him that there were certain properties left by that deceased, which he could come and see if belonging to his brother. I offered to exhume the bodies if he wished it. I took him afterwards to Ranaghat to show him the property, but on arrival there he had disappeared, and though I made enquiries for him, even in Calcutta, could not find him. On that day the Magistrate showed me a bone and some clothes. I am a Hindoo, caste Kaist. I first tried to get moochees or low caste people in order to help me in collecting the bodies, and either to make them over to relations and friends should any such come forward. From three villages all moochees had apparently disappeared. I then asked several spectators of various castes, whose assistance I asked for, but all refused: the bodies therefore remained there till up to 1 P.M., and I thought it best to bury them, and so have them ready to exhume if necessary. According to the Shastras, as far as my knowledge goes, I know that cremation of men dying by accident or unnatural causes is interdicted, and the custom is to throw the bodies into the river. This custom, of course, I could not follow out; to cremate the bodies also men of the same caste is necessary. I could not find out the castes of the dead. There were Kaist, Boishnab, Marwaree, whether Boishnab or not I cannot say, and Mohamedans. I could not have got them cremated had I wished to do so. Besides the application of the one man mentioned, no one applied to have bodies exhumed. Some fourteen days after the accident, a man named Kedar Thakoor came to me at Santipore, and said he was Roomali's husband. I asked him to come and take the body of Naluk Thakoor, who had been travelling with Roomali, but he positively declined to do so. On my arrival, Mr. Rendal and other officials were there, and subsequently Major Gordon and others came. I saw that every one did all that was possible under the circumstances. More could not have been done. A descriptive roll of the dead bodies was taken. Bodies of the Boishnab should be buried and not cremated, they having no caste. Mr. Patterson assisted in the burial. On the 14th October I sent in my final report.

RAM CHARAN BOSE,
Deputy Magistrate.

STATE OF THE SALT MARKET FOR THE SECOND QUARTER
OF 1884-85.

No. 753B, dated Calcutta, the 17th November 1884.

From—C. E. BUCKLAND, Esq., Offg. Secretary to the Board of Revenue, L. P.,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Department.

I AM directed to submit the following report on the state of the
SALT. salt market for the second quarter of 1884-85, com-
H. A. COCKERELL, Esq., O.S.I. prising the months of July, August, and September
1884.

2. The quantity of salt of every description cleared during the quarter under report amounted to 26,41,346 maunds 13 seers 11 chittacks, against 24,78,324 maunds 18 seers 7 chittacks in the previous quarter, and 28,29,977 maunds 30 seers 3 chittacks in the corresponding quarter of the previous year; and the net amount of duty levied thereon was Rs. 50,17,357, against Rs. 47,90,905-8 in the previous quarter, and Rs. 52,25,981-8 in the corresponding quarter of the previous year.

3. The quantity of excise salt sold in the districts of Cuttack, Pooree, Balasore, and 21-Pergunnahs during the quarter under review from the stock of the different seasons' manufacture, and the quantity which remained in store at the close of the quarter, are shewn in Table I:—

TABLE I.

	CUTTACK.					POOREE.					BALASORE.					24-PERGUNNAH.				
	Manufacture of—					Manufacture of—					Manufacture of—					Manufacture of—				
	1881-82.	1882-83.	1883-84.	1879-80.	1880-81.	1881-82.	1882-83.	1883-84.	1879-80.	1880-81.	1881-82.	1882-83.	1883-84.	1880-81.	1881-82.	1882-83.	1883-84.	1880-81.	1881-82.	1882-83.
Balance at close of the last quarter.	Mds. s. c.	Mds. s. c.	Mds. s. c.	Mds. s. c.	Mds. s. c.	Mds. s. c.	Mds. s. c.	Mds. s. c.	Mds. s. c.	Mds. s. c.	Mds. s. c.	Mds. s. c.	Mds. s. c.	Mds. s. c.	Mds. s. c.	Mds. s. c.	Mds. s. c.	Mds. s. c.	Mds. s. c.	Mds. s. c.
Manufactured or added during the quarter.	2,204 33 0	13,882 37 0	48,429 5 0	2,046 20 0	2,570 5 0	36,219 31 0	1,67,621 20 0	2,50,356 20 0	1,112 12 0	6,219 17 0	7,183 15 13	9,415 8 2	1,44,046 0 0	1,913 0 0	7,183 15 13	9,415 8 2	1,44,046 0 0	1,913 0 0	7,183 15 13	9,415 8 2
Total	2,204 33 0	13,882 37 0	51,576 5 0	2,046 20 0	2,570 5 0	36,219 31 0	1,67,621 20 0	2,50,356 20 0	1,112 12 0	6,219 17 0	7,183 15 13	9,415 8 2	1,44,046 0 0	1,913 0 0	7,183 15 13	9,415 8 2	1,44,046 0 0	1,913 0 0	7,183 15 13	9,415 8 2
Sales during the quarter	966 0 0	10,300 30 0	4,700 0 0	2,046 20 0	1,352 0 0	8,425 0 0	47,761 0 0	8,809 0 0	1 8 6	515 39 4	977 35 10	3,532 0 0	25,895 0 0	1,124 0 0	977 35 10	3,532 0 0	25,895 0 0	1,124 0 0	977 35 10	3,532 0 0
Wastage	521 53 0	840 53 0	3,337 32 0	2,046 20 0	1,352 0 0	8,425 0 0	39 5 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	1,487 53 0	11,140 23 0	8,037 32 0	2,046 20 0	1,352 0 0	8,425 0 0	43,151 5 0	8,809 0 0	1 8 6	515 39 4	977 35 10	3,532 0 0	25,895 0 0	1,124 0 0	977 35 10	3,532 0 0	25,895 0 0	1,124 0 0	977 35 10	3,532 0 0
Balance at close of the quarter	723 0 0	2,733 14 6	43,539 13 0	...	1,513 5 0	27,794 31 0	1,19,470 15 0	2,85,151 10 0	1,111 3 10	5,703 17 12	6,385 20 5	5,802 35 14	1,18,474 30 0	780 0 0	6,385 20 5	5,802 35 14	1,18,474 30 0	780 0 0	6,385 20 5	5,802 35 14

4. The above statement shews that the total sale of excise salt during the quarter under review amounted to 1,13,656 maunds 30 seers, against 1,40,266 maunds 14 seers in the previous quarter and 92,102 maunds 5 seers in the corresponding quarter of the previous year.

5. The subjoined Table II shews in comparison the importations into the port of Calcutta and the total clearances of sea-imported salt during the quarter under review and the corresponding quarters of the previous two years:—

TABLE II.

	1882-83.		1883-84.		1884-85.	
	Second quarter.		Second quarter.		Second quarter.	
	Imported.	Cleared.	Imported.	Cleared.	Imported.	Cleared.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Liverpool	15,16,017	20,02,079	17,72,031	20,77,278	23,07,106	19,02,902
Foreign	2,47,350	3,29,389	7,00,718	3,73,874	3,44,707	3,77,026
Indian	2,47,940	1,88,477	3,11,299	1,84,693	1,70,245	1,23,126
Total	20,11,307	23,20,845	27,84,048	26,35,845	29,21,148	24,02,054

6. The following are the details of the Indian kurkutch salt shewn in the above table:—

TABLE III.

	1882-83.		1883-84.		1884-85.	
	Second quarter.		Second quarter.		Second quarter.	
	Imported.	Cleared.	Imported.	Cleared.	Imported.	Cleared.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Bombay	2,47,940	1,88,477	3,11,299	1,84,693	1,45,245	1,14,996
Tuticorin ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	34,000	7,190
Total	2,47,940	1,88,477	3,11,299	1,84,693	1,79,245	1,22,126

7. Table IV shews the quantity of sea-imported salt remaining in the warehouses at the close of the quarter, as compared with the results of the previous four quarters:—

TABLE IV.

WHERE STORED.				Second quarter of 1883-84.	Third quarter of 1883-84.	Fourth quarter of 1883-84.	First quarter of 1884-85.	Second quarter of 1884-85.
				Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Sulkea	Government	golus	...	6,03,256	11,09,031	12,68,977	7,59,555	9,52,416
Chittagong	ditto	ditto	...	1,09,707	1,01,502	1,60,986	1,02,491	88,286
Naraingunge	private	ditto	...	10,489	29,747	29,707	16,507	.....
Total				7,23,452	13,20,280	14,48,210	8,77,553	10,40,702

8. The despatches of salt from Calcutta by water and the three railways passing the several salt pass stations into the interior of the country, both east

and west of the river Hooghly, during the quarter under review and the corresponding quarters of the previous two years, are shewn in Table V :—

TABLE V.

PERIOD.	Via Balikhall.	Via Sankrail.	Via Gowakhally.	Via Kidderpore.	Via Ballaghatta.	Via Buttollah Ghat.	By the East Indian Railway.	By the East- ern Bengal and South- Eastern Rail- ways, or via Chitpore.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Second quarter of 1882-83 ...	6,71,543	1,57,694	39,723	5,03,953	60	.....	7,10,414	2,78,635
Ditto of 1883-84 ...	7,57,156	1,70,391	44,073	1,87,068	3,57,794	.....	8,38,350	3,75,279
Ditto of 1884-85 ...	6,40,482	1,61,602	60,834	1,20,536	3,75,533	1,61,423	8,10,248	1,10,077

9. The quantity of salt despatched by the East Indian Railway to stations beyond Buxar during the quarter under review amounted to 82,126 maunds 10 seers as noted in the margin, against 86,727 maunds in the previous quarter and 42,115 maunds 10 seers in the corresponding quarter of the previous year.

10. The shipments of Liverpool salt for the port of Calcutta, according to published market reports, were as follows :—

						Tons.
July	...	...	...	...	...	28,290
August	...	...	...	...	...	22,770
September	...	...	...	...	...	21,020
Total	...	...	...	...	...	72,080

No shipments were reported during the quarter under review for the port of Chittagong.

11. Table VI shews the market prices per 100 maunds of Liverpool and other descriptions of salt at the close of each fortnight during the quarter, as compared with those obtaining during the same period last year :—

TABLE VI.

DESCRIPTION OF SALT.	Prices on the 15th July.		Prices on the 31st July.		Prices on the 15th August.		Prices on the 31st August.		Prices on the 15th September.		Prices on the 30th September.	
	1883.	1884.	1883.	1884.	1883.	1884.	1883.	1884.	1883.	1884.	1883.	1884.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Liverpool pungah ...	60	57	61	58	60	57	66	54	65	56	69	58
French kurkutch ..	76	47	75	46	73	46	68	45	68	45	57	45
Jeddah ..	80	46	78	48	75	47	60	44	60	43	59	44
Bombay ..	76	55	82	55	76	57	60	57	60	57	45	57
Madras ..	71	...	71	...	71	...	71	...	71	...	71	...
Italian ..	76	47	75	46	73	46	68	45	69	45	57	45
Muscat ..	65	50	65	50	65	40	65	40	65	43	75	41
Ceylon ..	71	...	71	.....	76	...	76	...	76	...	76	...
Rock ...	95	100	95	110	76	85	75	80	75	80	75	80

12. The following table shews the quantities of sea-imported salt admitted into bond and cleared from bond and shipboard at Chittagong and Naraingunge

during the quarter under review and the corresponding quarter of 1883-84:—

TABLE VII.

PORT.	DESCRIPTION OF SALT.	ADMITTED INTO BOND.		CLEARED.	
		Second quarter of 1883-84.	Second quarter of 1884-85.	Second quarter of 1883-84.	Second quarter of 1884-85.
		Mds. s. c.	Mds. s. c.	Mds. s. c.	Mds. s. c.
Chittagong ...	Liverpool pungah	96,382 0 0	49,200 0 0	1,02,004 20 8	1,00,825 14 0
	Jeddah kurkutoh ... ..	.....	.....	12 0 0	.....
	French .. ..	.....	.....	10 0 0	.....
	Ceylon .. ..	.....	.....	1 27 0	1 19 0
	Madras .. ..	.....	.....	2 7 0	2 10 0
	Maldiva .. ..	.....	.....	0 12 0	.....
	Bombay .. ..	.....	.....	.....	0 5 0
	British Burmah salt ... ..	.....	.....	0 2 0	1 15 0
Naraingunge ...	Liverpool pungah	10,469 0 0	10,538 0 0	.....	25,305 0 0
	Total ...	1,00,801 0 0	59,738 0 0	1,02,080 28 8	1,25,635 23 0

No transactions in sea-imported salt have been reported for the quarter from the ports of Cuttack, Pooree and Balasore.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 22nd November 1884.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date
BENGAL.			
<i>Western Districts.</i>			
BURDWAN DIV.	1 Burdwan, Nov. 22 '84	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of <i>amun</i> paddy in the Rancegunge sub-division and part of the Sudder sub-division generally fair. Prospects have improved somewhat in Cutwa, but they are very bad in some parts and indifferent in the rest of the district. In most places there has been a slight fall in price, while nowhere has there been a rise. Health satisfactory.
	Cuttwa ..	Nil	
	Rancegunge ..	Nil	
	2 Bankoora, „ 22 „	Nil	Weather—cool and fine. Prospects of <i>rubbee</i> continue favourable. Harvesting of winter paddy about to commence. Health good.
	3 Beerbhoom, „ 22 „	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Cold-weather crops doing well. Prospects of <i>amun</i> paddy improved. An outturn of 6 annas expected in Nulhati. The crop partially failed in parts of the east, centre, and south of the district. Common rice selling at from 14 to 15 seers per rupee. Health satisfactory.
	Rampore Haut ..	Nil	
BURDWAN DIV.	4 Midnapore, „ 22 „	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Paddy is yielding a good outturn. Prospects of winter crops fair. Fever prevails in the Ghatal and Sudder sub-divisions.
	5 Hooghly, „ 22 „	Nil	Weather—fine and seasonable. Prospects of winter crops throughout the district favourable. Outturn of sugarcane, jute and hemp good. Fever is prevalent everywhere, and is reported to be specially bad in Jehanabad. Cholera in parts of the Serampore sub-division.
	Howrah, „ 21 „	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of winter paddy generally good. Sugarcane also promising well. The cold weather and spring crops are almost all sown. Public health good.
	Ootloobernah ..	Nil	
<i>Central Districts.</i>			
PRESIDENCY DIV.	6 24-Perghs. Nov. 21 '84	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of <i>amun</i> paddy satisfactory. Cold-weather crops doing well. Public health generally good, though cholera of sporadic nature is reported from Barackpore.
	7 Nudden, „ 22 „	Nil	Weather—dry and cool. Prospects of cold-weather crops good. Some cases of fever and cholera are reported.
	Kooshien ..	Nil	
	Meherpore ..	Nil	
	Choochanga ..	Nil	
	Ranaghat ..	Nil	
PRESIDENCY DIV.	8 Khoolna, „ 22 „	Nil	Weather—warmer than before; bright and clear. Harvesting of late paddy has commenced. Cases of cholera occur in many places, and particularly near the Sudder station.
	9 Jessore, „ 22 „	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of <i>amun</i> paddy has commenced. Prospects on the whole above fair. <i>Rubbee</i> sowings are doing well. A kind of insect has been doing injury to <i>rubbee</i> crops here and there in the Magoora sub-division. Cholera and fever prevalent in the Narail and Magoora sub-divisions.
	Jhemda ..	Nil	
	Magoora ..	Nil	
PRESIDENCY DIV.	10 Moorsheebad, „ 22 „	Nil	Weather—bright and cool. <i>Amun</i> paddy is being cut. <i>Rubbee</i> crops are doing well, except that in some places they are being damaged by insects. Cholera prevails in thana Dewanseri and in outpost Khamrah
	Bongong ..	Nil	
	Narail ..	Nil	
	Magoora ..	Nil	
RAJSHAHY DIV.	11 Dinagepore, Nov. 21 '84	Nil	Weather—getting cold. Late paddy being cut; as also sugarcane in some parts. Prospects of pulses and mustard good. Price of rice ranges from 11 to 15 seers per rupee.
	12 Rajshahye, „ 22 „	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of <i>amun</i> paddy has commenced and it promises a fair outturn. Prospects of <i>rubbee</i> crops generally good. Fever prevalent. Prices somewhat improving. Cholera decreasing.
	Nartore ..	Nil	
	Nowgong ..	Nil	
	13 Rungpore, „ 22 „	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of <i>amun</i> paddy bad. Harvesting has commenced in some places. Other winter crops doing well. Malarious fever still prevalent. Cholera appeared in the Gaidanda and the Nilphamati sub-divisions.
	Nilphamari ..	Nil	
	Kurigan ..	Nil	
	Gaidanda ..	Nil	
RAJSHAHY DIV.	14 Bogra, „ 22 „	Nil	Weather—cold. State and prospects of <i>amun</i> paddy are very unfavourable over a large part of the district. The cold-weather crops are promising. There are still some cases of cholera and fever, but public health is now improving.
	15 Pubna, „ 21 „	Nil	Weather—cold with northerly breezes. Prospects of winter crops good. Fever and cholera still prevailing in every part of the sub-division Serajgunge and in many places in head-quarters.
	16 Darjeeling, „ 22 „	Nil	Weather—dry and cold. Prospects of all crops very fair, though they are a little below the average.
	17 Tulpigoree, „ 22 „	Nil	Weather—seasonable, cold and clear. Late paddy being cut in places and is on the whole a fair crop. Sugarcane good. Tobacco and mustard doing well. Cholera still prevails at Patgram and fever everywhere.

No.	District. and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.—concl'd			
<i>Eastern Districts.</i>			
Dacca Divn.	18 Dacca, Nov. 22 '84	Nil	Weather—seasonably cold. Cutting of sugarcane and <i>amun</i> paddy continues. Chillies, mustard and other winter crops being sown. Prospects of crops generally good. Several cases of cholera reported from many villages in the Munshigunge sub-division and other parts of the district, as well as from the town of Dacca. Otherwise public health generally good.
	Manickgunge ...	Nil	
	Mocushceegunge ...	Nil	
	Naraingunge ...	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of <i>amun</i> paddy going on well, with very fair outturn. Sugarcane very good. Spring crops being sown. Fever and cholera prevalent in most thanas.
	19 Furreedpore, " 22 "	Nil	
	Gonlundo ...	Nil	
	Madaripore ...	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of <i>amun</i> paddy generally fair. A few sporadic cases of cholera in the town which are generally fatal. Fever still prevailing in some parts of the district. Price of rice has fallen a little.
	20 Backergunge, " 20 "	Nil	
	Mymensingh, " 21 "	Nil	
Chittagong Divn.	Jamulpore ...	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of crops good. Cholera appears to be raging all over the district.
	Kishoregunge ...	Nil	
	Attin ...	Nil	
	Netrokona ...	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Reaping of <i>amun</i> paddy has commenced. Prospects of crops favourable. Prices of food-grains stationary. Cholera lingers. Cattle-disease reported from Raojan.
	22 Chittagong, Nov. 21 '84	Nil	
	Noakholly, " 21 "	Nil	
	Fenny ...	Nil	Weather—fair and seasonable. Reaping of late <i>aus</i> crop is not yet completed. <i>Amun</i> paddy in ear. <i>Rubbee</i> crops are still being sown.
	24 Tipperah, " 20 "	Nil	
	Brakmanbariah ...	Nil	
BEHAR.	Chandpore ...	Nil	Weather—bright and dry; mornings cool and misty. Prospects of paddy continue to be excellent as before. <i>Rubbee</i> sowings continue. Prices going down. Public health generally good. Cholera is reported from different stations.
	25 Chittagong Hill Tract, " 18 "	Nil	
	Hill Tipperah, " 19 "	Nil	
Patna Divn.	26 Patna, Nov. 22 '84	Nil	Weather—getting cold. Mornings foggy. Cotton being gathered and mustard being sown. Prospects of plough-paddy and sugarcane good.
	Behar ...	Nil	
	27 Gya, " 22 "	Nil	
	Shahabad, " 22 "	Nil	Weather—becoming seasonably cool. Prospects of <i>amun</i> paddy continue to be good. <i>Joom</i> crops, <i>teel</i> and cotton, being gathered. Chillies and mustard being sown. Public health generally good.
	Arrah ...	Nil	
	Buxar ...	Nil	
	Sasaram ...	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of paddy fair. <i>Rubbee</i> promising. Poppy coming on well. Public health good.
	Phubhua ...	Nil	
	29 Darbhanga, " 22 "	Nil	
	Tajpur ...	Nil	Weather—clear and not very cold. Prospects of <i>rubbee</i> crops excellent everywhere. Harvesting of paddy has begun; outturn expected to be fair in the south-west and very bad in the north-east of the district. Prices falling in Gya. Opium sowings completed very early. Prospects very good. Health good.
	Modhubani ...	Nil	
	30 Mozufferpore, " 22 "	Nil	
Bhagulpore Divn.	Hajipur ...	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Early paddy being reaped. Prospects of <i>rubbee</i> fine. Root crops being gathered with good outturn. Opium and tobacco doing well. Prices stationary. Public health good.
	Sitamarhi ...	Nil	
	31 Sarun, " 22 "	Nil	
	Sewan ...	Nil	Weather—seasonable, dews very heavy. Paddy ripening. <i>Rubbee</i> particularly promising. Poppy has germinated fully, some plants are about an inch in height and the weather continues favourable for the crop. Public health good.
	Gopalgunge ...	Nil	
	32 Champua, " 22 "	Nil	
	Monghyr, Nov. 22 '84	Nil	Weather—clear and cool. Harvesting of paddy has commenced. Prospects of <i>rubbee</i> crops continue good. Of 75,918 beegahs engaged for poppy, 74,831 beegahs have been sown. Prospects excellent. Prices falling. Public health good.
	Begusarai ...	Nil	
	Jamui ...	Nil	
	34 Bhagulpore, " 22 "	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of crops continue favourable. Prices falling. Public health fair. Condition of poppy crop is very promising. Sowings in low lands have not yet been completed.
	Purneah, " 22 "	Nil	
	Kissengunge ...	Nil	
	Arrareah ...	Not received.	Weather—cool and bright. Prospects of <i>aghani</i> crops, except those in Sheikpurah, continue good. <i>Rubbee</i> sowings promising. Poppy sowings still going on, and prospects favourable. Prices stationary. Public health good.
	36 Maldah, " 22 "	Nil	
	Southal Perghs, " 22 "	Nil	
	Doomka ...	Nil	Weather—getting cold at nights, heavy dews, clear skies. Cutting of winter paddy has commenced, only about one-half of paddy lands was planted, and the outturn will be from 3 to 16 annas generally, or on an average about 10 annas. Prospects of <i>rubbee</i> crops very favourable. Public health good.
	Deoghur ...	Nil	
	Godda ...	Nil	
	Rajmehal ...	Nil	Weather—cool and pleasant. Paddy in the north pretty good, but in the rest of the district poor. <i>Rubbee</i> crops promising well. Fever prevalent.
	Pakour ...	Nil	

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
ORISSA.			
ORISSA DIVY.	38 Cuttack, Nov. 21 '84	Nil	Weather—cool and clear. Reaping of early <i>sarad</i> in progress. Prospects of late <i>sarad</i> good. Price of common rice varies from 15 to 18 seers per rupee in the town and 15 to 20 seers in the interior. Sporadic cases of cholera are reported, otherwise public health good.
	39 Pooree, Khoorda „ 20 „	Nil 02	Weather—seasonable <i>Laghu sarad</i> being harvested. Late <i>sarad</i> is ripening. Miscellaneous crops doing well. Land is being prepared for spring crops. Common rice selling at an average of 21 seers 13 chittacks per rupee in the Sudder sub-division and 22 seers 1 chittack in Khoorda. Cholera still reported.
	40 Balasore „ 21 „	Nil	Weather—cool. Reaping of <i>sarad</i> continues. <i>Rubbee</i> crops thriving well. Malarious fever reported from the north of the district, otherwise public health good.
CHOTA NAGPORE.			
South-West Frontier Agency.			
41	Hazaribagh, Nov. 21 '84	Nil	Weather—bright and cold. Paddy harvest continues. Prospects of <i>rubbee</i> crops good. Sowings of poppy completed, but hardly a half of the crop has germinated owing to scanty water-supply. Public health generally good.
42	Lohardugga, „ 22 „	Nil	Weather—clear and cold. Prospects of <i>rubbee</i> crops good. Prices stationary. Public health good, a few cases of small-pox are reported.
43	Singbhoon, „ 21 „	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Agricultural prospects continue favourable. Harvesting of paddy continues, and cold-weather crops are also doing well. A few cases of cholera are reported from thana Boharagora, otherwise general health good.
44	Manbhoon, „ 22 „	Nil	Weather—bright and cool. Cutting of paddy continues. Coarse rice sold on 22nd at the Purulia market at 22 seers per rupee. Public health generally good, except few cases of small-pox and cattle-disease in Raghunathpore.
	Govindpore „ „	Nil	

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT.,
The 25th November 1884.COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Districts of Bengal for the Fortnight ending the 15th November 1884.

K SEERS OF 80 TOLAHS.																				WHOLESALE PRICES PER MAUND OF 40 SEERS			DISTRICTS.											
JESSE MILLET— LAGI OR MURWA AND GREENA.						MAIZE OR INDIAN- CORN.					GRAM.					FIREWOOD.					SALT.					SALT.								
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.		Corresponding return of last year.										
Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.		S.										
...	20	0	17	12	19	8	120	0	120	0	13	0	13	0	12	12	2-14-8	2-14-8	8-1-4	Burdwan.									
...	28	0	32	0	22	0	17	12	17	12	17	0	240	0	240	0	12	12	12	12	12	0	3-2-6	3-2	3-3-6	Bankoora.						
...	16	0	17	4	18	0	160	0	160	0	160	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	3-2-6	3-2-6	3-1-3	Beerbhoom.							
...	16	0	16	0	16	0	155	0	155	0	155	0	12	12	13	0	13	8	3	0	2	15	2	14	Midnapore.				
...	16	0	17	0	17	0	120	0	120	0	120	0	13	9	13	9	13	9	2	14	2	14	2	14	Hooghly.				
...	17	8	17	8	16	0	80	0	80	0	80	0	13	0	13	0	13	0	3	0	2	15	3	0	Howrah.				
Central Districts.																								BENGAL.			Western Districts.							
...	21	8	21	8	22	10	19	11	19	11	14	9	100	0	100	0	90	0	12	13	12	13	13	6	2	12	2	12	2	12	Calcutta.	
...	22	12	22	12	20	0	17	8	17	8	16	0	90	0	100	0	80	0	12	13	12	13	12	4	3	0	3	0	3	5	24-Pergunnahs.	
...	21	5	20	0	18	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	10	12	12	11	10	3	0	3	0	3	0	3	0	Nudda.		
...	16	0	16	0	16	0	200	0	240	0	2	0	12	0	12	0	10	8	3	2	3	2	3	4	3	4	Khoolna.		
...	16	0	16	0	16	0	120	0	120	0	120	0	11	12	12	0	11	8	3	2	3	0	3	2	3	2	Jessore.		
...	20	0	19	0	19	0	120	0	120	0	120	0	12	0	11	0	12	0	3-1-3	3-1-3	3	0	3	0	3	0	Moorshedabad.		
...	14	0	13	0	14	0	160	0	160	0	160	0	12	0	12	0	11	8	3	4	3	4	3	4	3	6	Dinapore.		
...	20	0	20	0	18	0	240	0	240	0	240	0	12	12	12	12	12	0	8	0	3	0	3	0	3	1	3	Rajshahye.	
...	9	12	9	12	16	0	93	0	110	0	110	0	10	0	10	0	...	...	4	0	4	0	...	...	...	...	Burgpore		
...	15	0	16	8	15	0	80	0	80	0	67	8	12	0	12	0	13	0	3-5-4	3-5-4	3-2-8	3-2-8	3-2-8	3-2-8	3-2-8	3-2-8	Bogra.		
...	17	4	17	4	18	0	200	0	200	0	200	0	12	6	12	6	12	0	3	1	3-1-6	3-1-6	3-2-6	3-2-6	3-2-6	3-2-6	Pubna.		
3	0	11	0	13	0	20	0	20	0	16	0	8	0	8	0	9	0	16	0	102	8	110	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	4	4	4	8	Darjeeling.
...	16	0	16	0	14	0	128	0	128	0	128	0	12	4	12	4	12	4	3	4	3	4	3	4	3	4	3	4	Julpigoree.
Eastern Districts.																								BENGAL.			Western Districts.							
...	18	0	17	0	18	0	80	0	80	0	97	0	13	0	13	0	12	0	3	0	3	0	3	4	3	4	Dacca.		
...	16	0	16	0	20	0	120	0	120	0	120	0	12	0	12	0	13	0	3	2	3	2	3	5	3	5	Furreedpore.		
...	16	0	17	0	16	0	120	0	120	0	120	0	13	0	11	0	13	0	3	2	3	0	2	11	2	11	Backergunge.		
...	15	4	15	0	18	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	8	12	8	12	4	3	3	3	3	3	4	3	4	Mymensingh.		

K The retail price of salt at Raingunge was 11½ seers per rupee.

L In the sub-division the retail price of salt per rupee at Natore and Nowgong was 12 seers.

M In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Gaibanda and Kurigram 13 seers, and Nilphamari 12 seers.

N The retail price of salt at Noregunge was 13 seers per rupee.

O The retail price of salt at Fallacotta in Alipur sub-division was 10 seers per rupee.

P In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Manickgunge 12 seers, and Naraingunge 14 seers.

Q In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Goalundo 13 seers, and Madaripur 12 seers.

R In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Patuakhali 10½ seers, Perozepore 11 seers, and Bhola 10 seers.

S In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Kishoregunge 10½ seers, Atia 12 seers, Jamalpore 11½ seers, and Netrakona 12½ seers.

PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains, Firewood and Salt in the

Number.	DISTRICTS.	RETAIL SALE :—QUANTITIES PER RUPEE BY THE																	
		WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			BULROOH MILL— CUMBOO, RAJEA.			GRASS MILL— (HOLM JOWAR).		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.

Eastern Districts.—Concluded.

		S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.	S.	Ch.
22	Chittagong	...	15 0	15 0	11 0	...	...	...	...	13 0	12 0	14 0	16 0	16 0	23 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	Noakholly	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 0	13 0	17 0	14 0	14 0	19 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24	Tipperah	...	14 8	14 9	13 0	...	...	...	...	13 8	13 5	17 0	13 10	15 4	18 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 10	11 8	13 4	11 13	16 0	13 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Hill Tipperah	...	12 0	12 0	10 0	...	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	15 0	14 0	14 0	18 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

BEHAR.

26	Patna	..	20 8	21 0	20 0	20 15	25 0	29 0	0 12	11 4	13 0	16 3	12 0	14 0	.	...	.	..	..	..
27	Gya	...	17 12	18 0	17 0	18 0	16 0	23 0	8 8	8 4	10 8	13 0	11 8	19 0	...	...	..	...	...	...
28	Shahabad	...	$\left\{ \begin{smallmatrix} 18\ 0 \\ \text{to} \\ 19\ 0 \end{smallmatrix} \right\}$	18 8	$\left\{ \begin{smallmatrix} 16\ 0 \\ \text{to} \\ 17\ 0 \end{smallmatrix} \right\}$	21 0	21 0	28 8	8 0	8 0	$\left\{ \begin{smallmatrix} 10\ 0 \\ \text{to} \\ 11\ 0 \end{smallmatrix} \right\}$	12 0	12 0	$\left\{ \begin{smallmatrix} 13\ 8 \\ \text{t.} \\ 14\ 0 \end{smallmatrix} \right\}$	..	..	24 0	...	23 0	24 0
29	Durbhunga	...	18 12	18 11	13 0	19 12	22 0	23 0	9 10	9 5	11 0	12 6	13 3	13 0	...	...	.	...	...	...
30	Mozufferpore	...	17 0	17 0	17 0	26 0	26 0	25 0	11 0	11 0	10 0	16 0	16 0	13 0	.	...	...	...	..	...
31	Sarun	...	20 0	19 8	15 8	25 0	23 0	24 0	8 0	8 0	9 8	13 0	11 8	13 0	...	...	..	27 0	26 0	23 0
32	Chumparun	...	16 0	16 0	19 0	...	19 0	31 0	12 0	12 0	14 0	17 0	18 0	19 0	...	...	..	...	...	...
33	Monghyr	...	19 15	19 7	17 13	18 14	18 9	21 0	10 8	10 8	10 9	12 1	11 9	11 9	...	...	..	...	...	...
34	Bhagulpore	..	19 9	18 15	15 2	20 3	20 3	12 11	10 11	10 6	11 15	13 14	13 4	13 14	...	...	..	...	..	...
35	Purneah	...	18 0	16 0	15 0	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	13 0	14 0	18 0	15 0	...	...	..	...	.	...
36	Maldah	..	19 8	19 0	17 8	..	...	..	10 0	10 0	12 0	12 0	13 0	13 0	...	...	...	..	..	...
37	Southul Perga.		15 0	16 0	14 0	...	...	..	11 0	10 0	14 0	15 0	14 8	17 0	..	...	..	..	..	...

ORISSA.

38	Cuttack	21	0	19	11	13	2	...	...	...	13	2	13	2	13	2	17	1*	17	1	21	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	Pooree	14	7	14	7	10	8	...	...	...	11	13	13	2	14	7	15	12	17	1	19	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
40	Balasore	18	0	18	0	14	0	11	0	11	0	...	13	0	16	0	16	0	21	8	28	0	16	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

CHOTA NAGPORE

South-Western Frontier Agency.

41	Hazaribagh	15	8	15	0	15	8	15	0	16	0	18	0	11	8	11	0	9	8	17	0	14	0	15	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42	Lohardugga	15	0	15	0	15	0	...	...	...	16	0	16	0	13	0	14	0	20	0	18	0	18	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
43	Singbhoom	18	0	18	0	16	0	20	0	20	0	24	0	20	0	20	0	18	0	24	0	24	0	22	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
44	Manbhoom	13	0	14	0	13	0	...	...	...	16	0	13	0	14	8	21	0	18	0	20	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

* In the interior the retail price of rice ranges from 23 seers 10 chittacks to 20½ seers per rupee.
T The retail price of salt at Hathazari was 10 seers per rupee.
U In the interior the retail price of salt ranged from 9 to 13 seers per rupee.
V In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Brahmanbariah 13 seers, and Chandpore 12½ seers.
W In the sub-division the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Buxar and Sasaram 12 seers and Bhabuah 11 seers.
X In the sub-division of Tajpore the retail price of salt was 11½ seers per rupee.
Y In the interior the retail price of salt ranged from 9 to 12½ seers per rupee.
Z In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Sewan 11½ seers and Gopalgunge 13 seers.

Districts of Bengal for the Fortnight ending the 15th November 1884.—(Concl'd.)

SEER OF 80 TOLANS.																				WHOLESALE PRICES PER MAUND OF 40 SEERS.			DISTRICTS.
LESSER MILLET— RAGI OR MURWA AND CHEENA.			MAIZE OR INDIAN- CORN			GRAM.			FIREWOOD.			SALT.			SALT.								
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.			
																				Eastern Districts.—Concluded			
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.			
...	Chittagong.		
...	Noakholly.		
...	Tipperah.		
...	Chittagong Hill Tracts.		
...	Hill Tipperah.		
																				BEHAR.			
...	Patna.		
...	Gya.		
...	Shahabad.		
28 0	27 0	24 0	28 12	27 0	23 0	21 4	19 13	22 0	198 0	176 0	160 0	13 3	13 3	12 6	3-3-6	3-3-6	3-1-6	...	...	...	Darbhanga.
...	Mozufferpore.		
24 0	23 0	26 0	28 0	27 8	23 0	21 0	21 8	20 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	12 0	12 0	11 0	3 2	3 2	3 5	...	...	...	Sarun.
...	Chumparan.		
...	Monghyr.		
...	Bhagulpore.		
...	Purneah.		
...	Maldah.		
...	Sontal Pergn.		
																				ORISSA.			
15 12	15 12	15 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Cuttack.
...	Pooree.		
...	Balasore.		
																				CHOTA NAGPORE.			
...	South-Western Frontier Ag.		
27 0	30 0	24 0	24 0	24 0	20 0	17 0	16 0	18 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	3-7-3	3 10	3 0	...	...	...	Hazareebast
44 0	...	32 0	24 0	24 0	28 0	15 0	16 0	14 0	120 0	120 0	100 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	3 10	3 10	4 0	...	...	...	Lohardugga
...	Singbhoom.		
...	Manbhoom.		

Z1 In the interior the retail price of salt ranged from 10 to 13 seers per rupee.

Z3 In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Begusarai 11 seers, and Jamui 11½ seers.

Z3 In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Banka 12 seers, Madhupura 10½ seers, and Moopole 11½ seers.

Z4 In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Kisangungo 10 seers and at Kanengungo in Arrareah 11 seers.

Z5 In the sub-divisions the retail prices of salt per rupee were:—Kajmahal and Godda 11 seers and Deoghur 13 seers.

Z6 The retail price of salt at Chatra was 11 seers and at Kuaruckdih 12 seers per rupee.

Published for general information.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal

WHOLESALE PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in

PLACES.	PRICES PER MAUND														
	WHEAT			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			BULBUSH MILLST— CUMBOO BAJRA.		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
Calcutta ...	2 4 0	2 4 0	2 14 0	2 0 0	2 0 0	2 0 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 8 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	2 12 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	1 15 0
Chaugunge ...	2 8 0	2 8 0	2 4 0	...	...	...	4 2 0	4 4 0	4 0 0	3 2 0	3 3 0	2 9 0	...	...	...
Dacca ...	2 4 0	2 3 6	2 8 0	...	1 15 6	2 8 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	2 12 0	3 0 0	3 0 6	2 8 0	...	...	...
Faraingunge ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 3 3	3 2 0	2 12 0	2 15 0	2 13 6	2 2 0	...	...	...
Hittagong ...	2 8 0	2 8 0	2 9 0	...	...	...	3 0 0	3 4 0	2 12 0	2 8 0	2 6 0	1 12 0	...	...	...
Patna ...	1 14 0	1 13 0	2 0 0	1 10 0	1 8 0	1 8 6	3 5 0	3 0 0	3 13	2 8 0	2 14 0	2 14 0	...	...	...
Rahore ...	2 0 0	2 0 0	2 8 0	3 2 0	3 2 0	...	3 0 0	2 4 0	3 5 6	1 12 0	1 4 0	2 0 0	...	...	...
Rooree ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 7 6	2 4 0	2 0 0	...	...	...
Tuttack ...	1 11 0	1 14 0	3 0 0	...	...	...	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	2 2 0	2 2 0	1 11 0	...	...	...

CALCUTTA,
25th November 1884.

the undermentioned Marts of Bengal for the Fortnight ending the 15th November 1884.

OF 40 SEERS.

GRANAT MILLET— CHOLUM JOWAR			LESSER MILLET— RAGI OR MURWA AND CHENNA.			MAIZE OR INDIAN- CORN.			GRAM.			FIRWOOD.			SALT			MARTS.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	
3 0 03	3 0 01	15 0	..	..	..	1 12 01	1 12 01	12 03	2 1 02	2 12 00	5 9 00	5 9 00	03	2 12 02	02 12 00	02 12 00	02 12 00	Calcutta.
..	2 9 02	2 9 02	8 00	..	..	..	3 1 03	00 03	00 00	Serajgunj
..	2 4 00	2 4 02	2 0 08	00 08	7 00	7 00	3 0 03	00 03	4 0	Dacca.
..	2 4 00	2 4 02	9 0 08	00 08	8 00	7 00	2 11 02	14 03	2 0	Naraingu
..	2 8 03	3 8 02	4 0 04	00 04	4 00	03	3 8 00	..	3 0 00	Chittago
..	1 4 01	4 01	4 01	13 01	9 6 00	5 00	5 00	5 00	5 00	3 0 03	2 03	00 00	Patna.
..	2 6 00	2 6 02	8 0 05	00 05	6 00	4 03	6 03	6 04	2 0	Balasore
..	2 7 02	7 02	12 00	Pooree.
..	2 5 00	2 5 00	2 6 00	..	..	..	1 10 00	1 10 00	1 11 00	8 00	8 00	8 00	2 12 02	12 02	12 00	Cuttack.

Published for general information.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISION.	DISTRICT	Representative station.	STATION OBSERVATIONS.													Average humidity at 10 A. M.	Average cloud amount at 10 A. M. for week.
			AIR PRESSURE.			WIND.		TEMPERATURE.									
			Mean barometric height, 10 A. M.	Mean reduced to sea-level.	Variation from mean.	Prevailing direction.	Mean wind velocity.	Highest during week.	Lowest during week.	Mean maximum temperature.	Mean minimum temperature of week.	Mean daily temperature of week.	Variation from normal mean of week.	Mean 10 A. M. temperature.			
CENTRAL.	Pooree ...	Gopalpore ...	29°002	30°012	—	NNW	274	81°6	57°0	77°5	60°2	68°0	—	72°7	50°	2°7	
	False Point ...	False Point ...	29°005	30°017	—0°50	NE	163	80°9	55°0	79°5	57°1	65°3	—5°5	73°9	61	5°3	
	Outtack ...	Outtack ...	29°014	30°027	—0°53	Calm & ENE	21	83°8	55°9	83°2	57°8	70°5	—4°6	75°1	57	2°3	
	Balasore ...	Balasore ...	29°073	30°033	—	NNE	67°0	82°0	54°5	80°5	55°1	67°8	—	75°6	51	0	
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	South-West Midnapore ...	Saugor Island ...	29°088	30°015	—0°52	N	237	79°2	59°6	78°8	62°4	70°0	—3°4	73°2	67	5°9	
	South 24 Pargunnahs... ..	Midnapore ...	29°076	30°031	—	N	119°2	81°8	55°2	80°0	56°3	68°5	—	75°7	44	1°6	
	Midnapore ...	Midnapore ...	29°089	30°020	—0°28	NNW	106	80°1	58°3	79°5	60°8	70°2	—2°0	73°9	61	2°1	
	Howrah ...	Calcutta ...	29°035	30°038	—0°30	NW	53°4	81°7	56°3	80°8	58°5	69°7	—2°7	72°4	54	2°1	
	Hooghly ...	Burdwan ...	29°035	30°038	—0°30	NW	53°4	81°7	56°3	80°8	58°5	69°7	—2°7	72°4	54	2°1	
	Burdwan ...	Burdwan ...	29°035	30°038	—0°30	NW	53°4	81°7	56°3	80°8	58°5	69°7	—2°7	72°4	54	2°1	
	Bankura ...	Ranigunge ...	29°000	—	—	NW	98	82°1	53°5	81°6	54°7	68°2	—	72°4	50	1°1	
	Beerbhoom ...	Ranigunge ...	29°000	—	—	NW	98	82°1	53°5	81°6	54°7	68°2	—	72°4	50	1°1	
	West Burdwan ...	Berhampore ...	29°037	30°026	—0°34	NNW	43°3	81°1	58°2	79°8	58°8	69°2	—3°6	72°4	63	0°3	
	Moorshedabad ...	Berhampore ...	29°037	30°026	—0°34	NNW	43°3	81°1	58°2	79°8	58°8	69°2	—3°6	72°4	63	0°3	
	Nuddea ...	.....	Observatory not started.													
	Jessore ...	Jessore* ...	29°071	30°005	—0°47	NW	62°8	84°2	56°5	82°1	59°6	70°9	—1°7	76°1	57	2°4	
EAST BENGAL.	Khoolna ...	Chittagong ...	29°085	30°077	—0°58	NE	39	84°1	59°4	81°8	61°6	73°2	—0°5	76°7	76	4°0	
	Chittagong ...	Chittagong ...	29°085	30°077	—0°58	NE	39	84°1	59°4	81°8	61°6	73°2	—0°5	76°7	76	4°0	
	Chittagong Hill Tracts... ..	Demagiri ...	29°012	—	—	N*	Out of order.	77°1*	58°1*	76°5*	60°9*	68°7*	—	75°3*	70*	0*	
	Backergunge ...	Barrisai ...	29°013	29°087	—	N	—	84°0	58°3	82°3	62°3	72°3	—	76°8	63	0°0	
	Noakholly ...	Noakholly ...	29°045	—	—	NW	39	82°5	58°0	80°5	60°1	70°3	—	75°4	63	1°0	
	Furzedpore ...	Furzedpore ...	29°051	29°077	—0°53	N	34	86°8	58°9	83°2	60°9	72°1	—1°3	77°0	67	1°1	
	Dacca ...	Dacca ...	29°011	29°077	—	NW	15°6	85°4	57°5	83°7	61°0	72°1	—	76°6	67	0°0	
	Commillah ...	Commillah ...	29°036	—	—	ENE	71°0	84°4	66°1	82°5	68°2	75°1	—	76°5	66	4°0	
	Mymensingh ...	Mymensingh ...	29°017	29°065	—	NNW	38°0	85°1	56°7	81°3	68°2	69°8	—	73°9	69	1°0	
	Bogra and Pubna ...	Serajgunge ...	29°010	30°015	—	NW	36°6	75°6	59°7	74°5	53°6	64°1	—	74°7	57	0	
	Rajshahye ...	Rampore Beaulah ...	29°001	30°025	—	NNE	48°0	82°1	62°7	81°1	54°7	67°4	—	73°1	60	0°1	
	Dinagopore ...	Dinagopore ...	29°002	30°021	—	NE	52	83°1	53°4	81°2	54°5	67°8	—	73°2	65	0°3	
NORTH BENGAL.	Rungpore ...	Rungpore ...	29°019	30°014	—	E	67°2	82°4	61°1	81°6	53°1	67°4	—	74°6	59	0°3	
	Julpigoree ...	Julpigoree ...	29°019	30°014	—	E	67°2	82°4	61°1	81°6	53°1	67°4	—	74°6	59	0°3	
	Cooch Behar ...	Darjeeling ...	29°043	—	—	Calm	10°0	54°8	36°0	52°6	38°0	45°5	—	49°2	70	2°6	
	Darjeeling Hill Districts ...	Darjeeling ...	29°043	—	—	Calm	10°0	54°8	36°0	52°6	38°0	45°5	—	49°2	70	2°6	
	Purneah ...	Purneah ...	29°002	30°034	—0°09	Calm	4°5	82°0	50°5	81°6	41°0	66°5	—3°6	69°9	67	0	
	North Bhagulpore ...	Purneah ...	29°002	30°034	—0°09	Calm	4°5	82°0	50°5	81°6	41°0	66°5	—3°6	69°9	67	0	
	Mozufferpore ...	Mozufferpore ...	29°078	30°051	?	WNW	173	78°9	55°9	78°2	57°2	67°7	—2°9	71°3	65	0	
	Durbhunga ...	Durbhunga ...	29°004	30°038	—	WNW	83°0	81°2	47°8	80°1	49°7	64°9	—	71°8	61	0	
	Chumpran ...	Motihari ...	29°004	30°038	—	WNW	83°0	81°2	47°8	80°1	49°7	64°9	—	71°8	61	0	
	Sarun ...	Chupra ...	29°004	30°038	—	WNW	15°7	80°5	54°4	79°3	55°5	67°4	—	73°6	58	0	
	Dehree ...	Dehree ...	29°001	30°060	—	SSW	155°5	78°5	55°0	73°8	56°9	65°3	—	70°6	52	0	
	Bhabhabad ...	Buxar ...	29°002	30°043	—	WNW	50°4	81°4	50°4	79°6	52°6	69°1	—	74°4	48	0	
SOUTH BENGAL.	Arrah ...	Arrah ...	29°030	30°034	—	NW	19°1	80°5	52°0	78°6	53°3	68°0	—	71°6	58	0	
	Gya ...	Gya ...	29°053	30°043	?	W	34°2	81°3	50°2	79°8	54°1	67°6	—3°4	74°6	40	0	
	Patna ...	Bankipore ...	29°083	30°074	—0°11	W	36°2	79°5	53°1	72°6	55°4	67°6	—2°4	71°1	57	0	
	South Bhagulpore ...	Bhagulpore ...	29°062	30°020	—	NW	24°7	73°4	51°0	77°8	55°1	65°5	—	72°6	57	0	
	Monghyr ...	Doonah ...	29°019	—	—	NW	90°6	79°6	52°1	78°9	53°6	66°3	—	71°8	60	0	
	Sonthal Pargunnahs ...	Doonah ...	29°019	—	—	NW	90°6	79°6	52°1	78°9	53°6	66°3	—	71°8	60	0	
	Hazaribagh ...	Hazaribagh* ...	29°057	30°049	—0°34	NW	163°7	77°2	50°8	74°8	52°7	63°7	—2°0	64°8	30	0°6	
	Lohardugga ...	Lohardugga ...	29°053	30°039	—	—	—	77°3	49°4	74°2	50°3	62°3	—	67°4	43	0	
Manbhoom ...	Manbhoom ...	29°053	30°039	—	—	—	77°3	49°4	74°2	50°3	62°3	—	67°4	43	0		
Singbhoom ...	Chyabansa ...	29°037	—	—	N	155°1	—	51°5	—	52°2	—	—	73°3	46	1°0		

* Observations for five days.

tion.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical averages or means of the readings during the same day of the atmosphere is expressed as a percentage, saturated air being represented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky fall, the normal means are the numerical means or averages of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the sub-division (4a), the total rainfall at the sub-divisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A rainy

or the week ending Friday, the 21st of November 1884.

Rainfall of week at observing stations.	DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS.										Representative station.	DISTRICT.	METEOROLOGICAL DIVISION.
	RAINFALL.												
	Of week.		Since 1st of month.			Since 15th May.			Average number of rainy days.	Normal number of rainy days.			
	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.					
Nil	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Gopalpore	...	ORISSA.
Nil	Nil	0.21	0.05	1.74	-1.60	49.48	56.79	-7.31	0.0	0.3	False Point	...	
Nil	Nil	0.23	Nil	0.83	-0.83	47.65	52.08	-4.43	0.0	0.2	Cuttack	...	
Nil	Nil	0.07	0.02	0.90	-0.88	56.07	53.28	+2.79	0.0	0.1	Balasore	...	
Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.60	-0.60	69.59	61.53	+8.04	0.0	0.0	Saugor Island	...	
Nil	Nil	0.01	Nil	0.24	-0.24	43.01	49.78	-6.75	0.0	0.1	Midnapore	...	SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.
Nil	Nil	Nil	0.02	0.33	-0.31	49.03	50.74	-1.71	0.0	0.0	Calcutta	...	
Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.37	-0.37	35.92	46.16	-10.24	0.0	0.0	Burdwan	...	
Nil	Nil	Nil	0.05	0.24	-0.19	38.94	50.95	-12.01	0.0	0.0	Hanikunge	...	
	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.30	-0.30	35.42	49.58	-14.16	0.0	0.0	Berhampore	...	
	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.36	-0.36	36.42	49.30	-12.88	0.0	0.0	.....	...
	Nil	Nil	0.28	0.35	-0.07	53.11	52.83	+0.28	0.0	0.0	Jessore	...	
	Nil	Nil	2.74	1.01	+1.73	106.63	111.39	-4.76	0.0	0.0	Chittagong	...	
	Nil	Nil	2.41	1.52	+0.89	62.66	85.52	-22.86	0.0	0.0	Demagiri	...	
	Nil	Nil	4.26	0.79	+3.47	83.23	70.06	+13.17	0.0	0.0	Barrisal	...	
	Nil	Nil	7.83	1.53	+6.30	96.44	109.38	-13.94	0.0	0.0	Noakholly	...	
	Nil	Nil	0.63	0.29	+0.34	43.88	55.78	-11.90	0.0	0.0	Furzedpore	...	
	Nil	Nil	0.76	0.48	+0.28	47.81	58.48	-10.67	0.0	0.0	Dacca	...	
	Nil	0.02	1.81	0.54	+1.27	64.15	70.75	-6.60	0.0	0.1	Commillah	...	
	Nil	Nil	0.34	0.31	+0.03	46.04	68.43	-22.42	0.0	0.0	Mymensingh	...	
	Nil	Nil	0.16	0.37	-0.21	37.71	55.70	-17.99	0.0	0.0	Sorajunge	...	
	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.23	-0.23	34.05	53.10	-19.05	0.0	0.0	Rampore Bennteah	...	
	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.08	-0.08	38.74	56.37	-17.63	0.0	0.0	Dinapore	...	
	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.11	-0.11	49.46	75.39	-25.93	0.0	0.0	Rangpore	...	
	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.02	-0.02	95.25	115.80	-20.55	0.0	0.0	Jalpigoree	...	
	Nil	0.08	Nil	0.21	-0.21	113.01	152.01	-38.90	0.0	0.4	Darjeeling	...	
	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.03	-0.03	46.18	57.56	-11.38	0.0	0.0	Purneah	...	
											Mozufferpore	...	
	Nil	0.02	Nil	0.05	-0.05	31.70	42.10	-7.40	0.0	0.1	Durbhunga	...	
	Nil	0.04	Nil	0.06	-0.06	41.80	43.92	-2.12	0.0	0.2	Mothari	...	
	Nil	0.04	Nil	0.07	-0.07	30.52	40.02	-10.10	0.0	0.1	Chupra	...	
											Dehree	...	
	Nil	0.06	Nil	0.21	-0.21	29.10	38.95	-9.85	0.0	0.1	Buxar	...	
											Arrah	...	
	Nil	Nil	- Nil	0.18	-0.18	27.74	39.53	-11.79	0.0	0.0	Gya	...	
	Nil	0.01	Nil	0.13	-0.13	28.99	40.24	-11.25	0.0	0.1	Bankipore	...	
	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.13	-0.13	29.82	41.81	-11.99	0.0	0.0	Shahabad	...	
											Monghyr	...	
	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.17	-0.17	33.44	49.57	-16.13	0.0	0.0	South Bhagulpore	...	
	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.33	-0.33	34.10	46.40	-12.30	0.0	0.0	Doomaa	...	
											Hazaribagh	...	
	Nil	0.03	Nil	0.31	-0.31	36.89	47.04	-10.15	0.0	0.1	Kanchoe	...	
											Loharuanga	...	
	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.26	-0.26	44.07	50.98	-6.91	0.0	0.0	Manohoom	...	
											Singhoom	...	

iod for the past ten years. The variations are negative when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and positive when 10. The number denoting cloud amount represents the part of the sky covered, the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head "district" stations for the period in question during the past 12 years. The means for the "district" are the numerical averages of the rainfall returns 1 is one on which at least an hundredth of an inch fell.

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Friday (6 p.m.), the 21st November 1884.

Meteorological division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL.							TOTAL.		Total rainfall from 1st to 21st November 1884.	Average total rainfall from 1st to 21st November.	Total rainfall since 15th May 1884.	Average rainfall from 15 May to date.
			Saturday, 15th November.	Sunday, 16th November.	Monday, 17th November.	Tuesday, 18th November.	Wednesday, 19th November.	Thursday, 20th November.	Friday, 21st November.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.				
ORISSA	Pooree	Pooree	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.01	1.72	58.83	51
		Khurdah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.03	1.42	50.17	59
		Banpur	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.10	1.67	37.01	51
		False Point	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.09	2.13	61.04	66
		Hookitola	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	?	30.76	?
	Cuttack	Jagatsingapore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.01	0.91	45.12	46
		Banki	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.03	50.63	50
		Cuttack	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.80	40.65	53
		Kendrapara	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.64	44.02	52
		Jajpore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Balasore	Chandbali	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	1.06	50.06	51
		Bhuddruck	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	1.01	58.20	51
		Sorah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.12	0.79	45.37	51
		Balasore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.65	67.50	51
		Jellaxore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.33	50.51	51
	Midnapore	Baripodah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.60	54.81	51
		Contai	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.74	60.85	51
		Saugor Island	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.69	75.44	51
		Tumlook	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.35	43.00	51
		Midnapore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.26	46.15	51
	24-Pargunnah	Ghatatal	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.09	37.88	51
		Diamond Harbour	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.38	60.29	51
		Alipore Jail	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.37	57.84	51
		Barrackpore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.59	49.80	51
		Dum-Dum	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.26	55.18	51
	Howrah	Baraset	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.30	46.33	51
		Ruseerhat	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.02	0.66	59.32	51
		Howrah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.01	0.35	46.63	51
		Mohesraha	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.44	43.49	51
		(Ooloberia)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.22	56.75	51
	Hooghly	Serampore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.22	39.23	51
		Hooghly	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.18	0.26	36.42	51
		Jehanabad	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
	Burdwan	Culina	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.44	36.70	51
		Burdwan	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.36	35.42	51
		Cutwa	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.30	35.73	51
		Kaneegungo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.18	40.03	51
		Bankoora	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.19	54.86	51
	Bankoora	Indas	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	?	?	?
		Bishenpore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.02	8.48	51
		Kotulpur	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	?	?	?
		Maitra	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.33	0.31	34.54	51
		Khatra	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.66	46.25	51
	Beerbhoom	Bh. Soory	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.11	41.66	51
		Hetanpore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.18	Nil	Nil
		Songong	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.32	35.80	51
		Itanaghat	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.46	34.33	51
		Kishinaghat	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.42	29.72	51
	Nuddea	Choudanga	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.54	37.44	51
		Meherpore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.15	34.72	51
		Kooshtas	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.27	41.81	51
		Satkira	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.41	62.17	51
		Bagirhat	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	1.05	0.39	65.14	51
	Khoolna	Khoolna	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.50	0.12	64.64	51
		Narail	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.17	0.45	31.91	51
		Jessore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.12	0.29	51.75	51
		Jhendah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.24	48.89	51
		Magoorah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.11	0.22	44.19	51
	Moorshedabad	Kandi	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.16	35.02	51
		Rampore Haul	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.20	33.12	51
		Berhampore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.32	33.04	51
		Lalbagh	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.54	34.05	51
		Azimgunge	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.24	30.04	51
EAST BENGAL.	Chittagong	Junkipore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.11	32.42	51
		Lalgaia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.25	39.26	51
		Cox's Bazar	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	2.61	1.17	128.89	51
		Chittagong	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	2.87	0.83	84.38	51
		Chittagong Hill Tracts.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	2.41	1.32	62.06	51
	Backergunge	Bankamati	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	2.19	?	82.49	51
		Keicha	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.01	0.07	64.78	51
		Agariola	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.00	1.05	81.20	51
		Patuakhali	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.76	0.76	Nil	Nil
		Porosopore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	3.71	0.63	79.02	51
	Noakholly	Burrisal	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	3.06	0.71	87.00	51
		Bhola	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
		Noakholly	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	8.02	0.97	97.01	51
		Fenny	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.74	2.11	93.24	51
		Furzedpore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
	Dacca	Madripore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	1.25	0.22	46.31	51
		Furzedpore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.55	0.31	47.47	51
		Gwalundo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.30	0.33	37.87	51
		Munshingunge	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	1.24	0.60	50.74	51
		Dacca	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.86	0.59	42.84	51
	Cumilla	Munshingunge	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	1.05	?	46.81	51
		Munshingunge	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.21	0.44	43.84	51
		Comilla	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	2.23	0.67	77.04	51
		Chandpore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	1.83	0.30	61.30	51
		Brahmunberia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	1.16	0.39	63.49	51
	Mymensingh	Kishoregunga	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.56	0.40	42.07	51
		Atia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.24	28.51	51
		Mymensingh	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.29	0.32	61.40	51
		Jamshilpore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.32	0.25	42.11	51
		Netrokona	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.10	?	63.01	51

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Friday (6 p.m.), the 21st November 1884—concluded.

Meteorological division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL.							TOTAL.		Total rainfall from 1st to 21st November 1884.	Average total rainfall from 1st to 21st November.	Total rainfall since 15th May 1884.	Average rainfall from 15th May to date.
			Saturday, 15th November.	Sunday, 16th November.	Monday, 17th November.	Tuesday, 18th November.	Wednesday, 19th November.	Thursday, 20th November.	Friday, 21st November.	Number of rainy days.	Rainfall in inch.				
NORTH BENGAL	Pubna	Pubna	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.10	42.31	53.94
		Seraingunge	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.42	40.13	52.35
	Bogra	Sherpore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.47	0.75	37.23	61.58
		Nowkhilla	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.44	0.05	38.10	34.94
RAJSHAHY		Bogra	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.19	0.28	37.98	6.07
		Panchbibi	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.01	39.97	53.22
		Beaulah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.18	33.99	51.57
		Natore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.32	36.10	55.41
MALDAH		Nowgong	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	0.10	?	41.88	?
	Maldah	Maldah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.20	33.81	50.43
	Dinapore	Mohadebpor	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.15	33.98	58.72
		Churamon	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	44.61	40.05
RANGPORE		Raigunge	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.09	42.39	54.40
		Dinapore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.07	34.03	62.82
		Baloorghat	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	?	37.72	?
		Bhawanigunge	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.08	43.37	62.85
JALPAIGUR		(Gyabanda).	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.11	56.57	74.30
		Rangpore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.22	48.57	74.20
		Kurigram	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.03	49.99	90.45
		Bagdogra	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.10	101.56	115.94
JALPAIGUR		(Nilphamari.)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	?	?	?
		Julpigore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	?	?	?
		Dinbatta	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	84.38	98.74
		Cooch Behar	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	119.02	113.37
COOCH BEHAR		Mickligunge	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	84.74	110.29
		Matabhanga	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	80.55	125.75
		Buxa	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.31	131.09	106.08
		Siliguri	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	?	85.43	?
DARJEELING		Darjeeling	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	?	96.13	107.92
		Kalimpong	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	?	61.29	?
		Kissengunge	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.02	65.73	66.89
		Arraresh	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.03	61.02	67.71
PURNIAH		Purneah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.07	40.39	60.52
		Maddapore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.04	37.80	40.33
		Sooopool	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.01	23.29	43.22
		Tajpore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.05	33.77	40.17
DURBHUNGA		Durbhunga	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.03	30.33	44.18
		Madhubani	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.02	40.62	42.97
		Sitamardi	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.02	36.93	38.74
		Mozufferpore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.05	32.43	44.44
MOZUFFERPORE		Hajipore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.00	34.08	41.04
		Motihari	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.02	41.51	41.13
		Bettiah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.01	44.53	47.44
		Gopalgunge	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.15	39.36	43.70
SARUN		Sewan	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.05	23.75	43.28
		Uluiprah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.07	32.28	37.06
		Buxar	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.12	23.79	37.34
		Dohree	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	?	31.27	?
SHAHABAD		Bhuboah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.48	23.94	40.48
		Sasseram	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.14	34.04	40.03
		Arrah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	N	0.08	24.21	37.97
		Aurangabad	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.16	38.28	40.06
GYA		Gya	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.27	23.93	40.91
		Nowadah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.11	21.52	34.80
		Jehanabad	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.18	27.20	38.54
		Patna	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.09	20.84	40.38
PATNA		Dinapore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.07	30.23	38.98
		Behar	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.17	18.05	41.84
		Barra	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.18	31.63	39.45
		Begooerai	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.23	25.30	38.50
MONGHYR		Moukhyr	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.09	31.39	43.12
		Jamui	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.03	35.70	41.44
		Bhagulpore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.23	25.68	30.38
		Blanka	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.08	25.68	43.50
MONTAL PERGUNNAH.		Rajmehal	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.14	32.47	48.47
		Gouda	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.07	27.11	45.72
		Pakour	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.05	34.92	51.72
		Nya Doonka	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.21	29.00	53.54
NAG.		Deognur	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.13	31.11	48.50
		Jamtara	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.39	47.13	45.44
		Pachamba	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.20	28.55	45.68
		Hazaribagh	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.22	34.59	46.74
LOHARDUGGA		Sentagurah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.29	33.80	45.48
		Mahudi Hills	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.60	35.44	47.98
		Lohardugga	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	?	40.44	?
		Kanchi	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.41	49.91	50.87
SINGHBHOOM		Palamow	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.30	29.67	41.78
		Chyebassa	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.26	44.07	50.95
		Purulia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.19	35.25	49.14
		Gobinapore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.20	30.15	46.35

Blank space.—Indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, the corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns are missing, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank.

CALCUTTA, the 21st November 1884.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL DURING THE WEEK ENDING THE 21ST NOVEMBER 1884.

The weather in Bengal during the past week was of the usual cold-weather character. The barometric changes were small in amount, the temperature low and below the average, the air dry, and skies clear. The steadiness of the conditions in Bengal and at the head of the Bay appears to be largely due to the continuance of strong north-east monsoon winds on the Coromandel coast, which accompanies a very marked tendency to deficient pressure in the south-west of the Bay. This has been a permanent feature of the meteorology of the past six weeks. The logs of several vessels received in the Bengal Meteorological Office show that unusually heavy rain fell during the early part of the past week (i.e. from the 11th to the 16th) in the south-east and centre of the Bay. It is described in one log as "deluges of rain," and in another as "torrents of rain." This excessive rainfall at sea apparently accompanied or gave rise to a small cyclonic disturbance, the existence of which was first shown by the Madras coast observations of the 18th and 19th. It increased slightly in intensity on the 20th, and passed across the Coromandel coast on the morning of the 21st. The indraught to this from the north slightly intensified the northerly winds at the head of the Bay, and gave the weather in Bengal the steady character it had during the week. The chief feature of the week was unusually low temperature. The mean temperature of the week was 5° below the normal temperature in Orissa, 3° in South-West Bengal, Chutia Nagpur, and Behar, and 1° in East Bengal. This was chiefly due to the abnormally low night temperatures which at several stations in the interior were frequently from 5° to 8° below the normal night temperature.

Pressure—Was very steady during the greater part of the week. The disturbance in the south of the Bay reduced pressure in Bengal slightly below the average until the 20th. The passage inland of the storm on the 21st was accompanied with a moderate rise of the barometer, and pressure was on the 21st for the only time during the week above the average. The mean pressure of the week was $\cdot 04$ " in defect in Orissa and South-West Bengal, $\cdot 05$ " in East Bengal, and from $\cdot 01$ " to $\cdot 03$ " in Behar and Chutia Nagpur.

Temperature—Was, as it has been for some weeks past, considerably below the average. The maximum day temperature was, for the whole province, 2° in defect, and the minimum night temperature 4° below the average. The mean daily temperature of the Province was thus 3° below the normal temperature of the week. The following table gives data for comparison of the mean maximum and minimum temperature of the week with the normal in the case of several stations.

			MAXIMUM DAY TEMPERATURE.		Deficiency.	MINIMUM NIGHT TEMPERATURE.		Deficiency.
			Normal average for week.	Actual average of week.		Normal average for week.	Actual average of week.	
Cuttack	...	...	85.7	83.2	2.5	64.5	57.8	6.7
Calcutta	...	...	81.4	79.5	1.9	63.0	60.8	2.2
Burdwan	...	...	82.5	80.8	1.7	62.2	58.5	3.7
Jessore	...	...	83.6	82.1	1.5	61.6	59.6	2.0
Dacca	...	...	83.2	83.2	Nil	63.6	60.9	2.7
Patna	...	...	81.5	78.6	2.9	57.2	55.4	1.8
Purneah	...	...	82.6	81.6	1.0	58.0	61.9	6.1
Hazaribagh	...	...	76.7	74.6	2.1	56.5	52.7	3.8

Wind and cloud.—Light westerly winds prevailed in Behar and Chutia Nagpur, and light to moderate north-westerly to north-easterly winds in Bengal and Orissa. The skies were cloudless during the greater part of the week, and no rain fell in any part of the Province.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the Province for the week ending Friday, the 21st November 1884 :—

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISIONS.	TEMPERATURE.							RAINFALL.								
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Averages for week.			Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Of week.			Rainy days.			Since 1st of month.		Since 15th May.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	83°8	54°5	60°2	57°6	68°9	-5°1	Nil	0°15	-0°15	0°0	0°3	-0°2	0°03	1°10	51°79	53°91
South-West Bengal	81°2	53°8	60°4	58°7	60°0	-2°7	Nil	Nil	Nil	0°0	0°0	0	0°06	0°34	44°51	51°07
East Bengal	86°8	17°5	81°5	62°6	72°1	-0°9	Nil	Nil	Nil	0°0	0°0	0	2°21	0°66	35°34	75°29
North Bengal	83°1	50°7	60°0	54°6	67°3	-	Nil	Nil	Nil	0°0	0°0	0	0°06	0°17	53°12	72°41
North Behar	82°0*	47°8*	70°8*	53°6*	66°7*	-3°2*	Nil	0°02	-0°02	0°0	0°1	-0°1	Nil	0°05	39°10	47°08
South Behar	81°4	50°2	78°2	54°1	66°2	-2°9	Nil	0°01	-0°01	0°0	0°0	0	Nil	0°16	30°11	42°45
Chittagong	77°3†	46°4†	74°4†	51°5†	63°0†	-2°9†	Nil	0°01	-0°01	0°0	0°0	0	Nil	0°31	36°46	47°36

* Mozufferpore not included.
† Chyobassa not included.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL;

JOHN ELIOT,

The 24th November 1884.

Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 16th to 22nd November 1884.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 53° Fahr.	TEMPERATURE.				HYGROMETRY.				Wind.		Rain.	WEATHER.
					Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Prevailing direction.	Miles recorded.		
Nov.	16th	136.8	10.5	29.909	69.7	80.1	18.0	62.1	62.7	0.477	57.6	67	NW	...	143	Nil. Partially cloudy.
"	17th	134.7	9.2	29.88	69.1	80.0	17.9	62.1	62.2	0.472	57.4	68	NNW	...	119	Partially cloudy, P.
"	18th	135.3	8.4	29.42	68.6	79.0	17.9	61.1	62.4	0.485	58.1	71	NNW and N by W	...	98	Chiefly cloudy, P.
"	19th	133.9	9.4	29.11	68.4	79.5	19.2	60.3	61.8	0.466	57.0	69	NNW	...	95	Partially cloudy.
"	20th	134.6	10.3	29.36	67.6	78.6	20.5	58.1	61.9	0.486	58.2	74	NNW	...	65	Chiefly clear, P.
"	21st	133.9	10.1	29.83	67.8	80.0	21.7	58.3	62.2	0.489	58.3	74	NNW and NW by N	...	65	Chiefly clear, P.
"	22nd	134.5	9.7	30.009	68.2	80.1	22.4	57.7	61.5	0.465	56.4	66	NNW and NW by N	...	72	Clear, P.

The mean pressure of the seven days ... Inches 29.917
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, S. G.'s Office ... 29.992

The total number of hours of bright sunshine ... Hours. 67.6
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine ... 76.7

The mean temperature of the seven days ... ° 68.5
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, S. G.'s Office ... 73.8
The extreme variation of temperature ... 22.4
The maximum temperature ... 80.1

The highest velocity of the wind in one hour ... Miles. 10

The highest pressure of wind on one square foot ... lbs. Not measurable.

The mean relative humidity ... % 70
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, S. G.'s Office ... 70

The total fall of rain from 16th to 22nd November 1884 ... Inches. Nil

The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, S. G.'s Office ... 0.01

The total fall from 1st January to 22nd November 1884 ... 62.61

The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, S. G.'s Office ... 65.14

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph, and from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h, and 22h.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified, and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides, and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard Newmann's No 86 formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph. The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

2. dew.

HENRY F. BLANFORD,

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA;
Calcutta, the 24th November 1884.

Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India.

Results of the Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 16th to 22nd November 1884.

MONTH.	Date.	TEMPERATURE.				Mean wet bulb.	HYGROMETRY.			Rain.
		Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.		Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	
		°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
November	16th	71.5	79.6	16.7	62.9	63.2	.470	57.3	61	Nil
"	17th	70.6	78.8	17.4	61.4	62.8	.489	57.3	63	"
"	18th	69.0	76.6	16.9	59.7	62.8	.490	58.4	69	"
"	19th	69.6	77.3	17.4	59.9	63.0	.489	58.4	68	"
"	20th	69.4	78.8	20.9	57.9	63.3	.504	59.2	70	"
"	21st	69.9	78.8	20.5	58.3	63.4	.498	58.8	68	"
"	22nd	70.0	80.9	22.0	58.9	63.2	.490	58.4	68	"

The mean temperature of the seven days ... 70.0

The extreme variation of temperature ... 23.0

The maximum temperature ... 80.9

The mean relative humidity ... 67
Ins.

The total fall of rain from 16th to 22nd November 1884 ... Nil

The mean temperature and humidity are obtained by applying to the mean of the 10h, 16h and minimum readings a correction dependent on the range, and derived from the hourly observations at the Surveyor-General's Office, Chowringhee, in past years.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA;
Calcutta, the 24th November 1884.

H. F. BLANFORD,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

MEMORANDA.

THE returns received from the first class Municipalities in Bengal, during the week ending 8th November 1884, disclose the following results:—

1. That during the week in question births and deaths were recorded in the proportions, respectively, of 28·4 and 38·5 per 1,000 of population, as opposed to 21·9 and 31·3 per 1,000, respectively, during the preceding week ending 1st November, indicating a considerable rise in the registration of both events.

2. That these events were returned at the highest rates by the undermentioned Municipalities:—

<i>Births.</i>			<i>Deaths.</i>		
		Ratio per mille.			Ratio per mille.
Serampore ...	...	52·9	Poori ...	...	156·3
Bhagulpore ...	...	52·4	Dacca ...	...	68·3
Ranaghat ...	...	42·0	Chittagong ...	...	65·7
Mozufferpore ...	...	40·2	Suburbs of Calcutta ...	...	48·4
Durbhanga ...	...	39·4	Mozufferpore ...	...	43·7
Howrah ...	...	39·0	Bhagulpore ...	...	43·4
Dacca ...	...	35·6	Durbhanga ...	...	41·7
Hughli ...	...	33·6	Purneah ...	...	41·6
Gya ...	...	32·1	Burdwan ...	...	39·7
			Darjeeling ...	...	39·1
			Kishnaghur ...	...	37·8
			Naraingungo ...	...	37·2
			Midnapore ...	...	35·6
			Gya ...	...	32·8
			Howrah ...	...	30·6
			Jessore ...	...	30·6
			Ranaghat ...	...	30·0

3 That the principal diseases, specified in the table appended to this memoranda, furnished the death-rates indicated below:—

			Ratio per mille during the weeks ending—	
			8th November 1884.	1st November 1884.
Cholera ...	...	...	4·8	2·0
Small-pox ...	...	...	·2	·1
Fever ...	...	...	17·9	15·1
Bowel-complaints ...	...	...	5·7	4·5
Injury ...	...	...	·5	·2
Other causes ...	...	...	9·4	9·4

The above figures denote that, in comparison with the preceding week, there occurred during the week under review a noticeable increase of mortality from cholera, fever and bowel-complaints, particularly from the two first-named diseases.

4. That while small-pox and bowel-complaints were nowhere conspicuously fatal, the rest of the death-causes exhibited their greatest activity in the undermentioned Municipalities:—

<i>Cholera.</i>		<i>Fever.</i>		<i>Injury.</i>		<i>Other Causes.</i>	
	Ratio per mille.		Ratio per mille.		Ratio per mille.		Ratio per mille.
Poori ...	102·7	Purneah ...	38·1	Beauleah ...	13·1	Poori ...	27·8
Chittagong ...	28·2	Jessore ...	30·6			Darjeeling ...	26·0
Narainganj ...	12·4	Chittagong ...	30·5			Dacca ...	22·1
Chupra ...	6·8	Ranaghat ...	30·0			Suburbs of Calcutta ...	15·3
Dacca ...	6·5	Dacca ...	28·5			Mozufferpore ...	14·6
Durbhanga ...	6·3	Bhagulpore ...	26·3			Kishnaghur ...	13·2
Mozufferpore ...	4·8	Burdwan ...	22·9			Hughli ...	10·7
Suburbs of Calcutta ...	4·5	Midnapore ...	21·7			Gya ...	10·2

It will be noticed that cholera prevailed with abnormal virulence in Poori and with marked severity in Chittagong. Fever is also seen to have prevailed with great fatality in Purneah, Jessore, Chittagong and Ranaghat.

5. That the death-rates under the heads of *Sex*, *Class* and *Age*, stand as noted below:—

<i>According to Sex.</i>		<i>According to Class.</i>		<i>According to Age.</i>	
	Ratio per mille.		Ratio per mille.		Ratio per mille.
Males ...	39·4	Christians ...	52·1	Under 1 year ...	300·2
Females ...	37·6	Hindus ...	36·2	1 and under 5 years ...	43·2
Ratio of male deaths to every 100 female deaths ...	118	Mahomedans ...	43·5	5 " 10 " ...	25·8
		Budhists ...	24·1	10 " 15 " ...	23·1
		Other classes ...	72·8	15 " 20 " ...	27·2
				20 " 30 " ...	24·2
				30 " 40 " ...	26·7
				40 " 50 " ...	31·1
				50 " 60 " ...	43·7
				60 years and upwards ...	82·1

R. LIDDERDALE, M.D., Deputy Surgeon-General,

The 24th November 1884.

Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

[illegible]

DISTRICTS.	NAMES OF MUNICIPALITIES.	DEATHS AMONG—										RATIO PER 1,000 OF POPULATION PER ANNUM.		DEATHS.										RATIO PER 1,000 OF POPULATION PER ANNUM.									
		Christians.	Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Buddhists.	Other classes.	Christians.	Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Buddhists.	Other classes.	Under 1 year.	1 and under 5 years.	5 and under 10 years.	10 and under 15 years.	15 and under 20 years.	20 and under 30 years.	30 and under 40 years.	40 and under 50 years.	50 and under 60 years.	60 years and up.	Under 1 year.	1 and under 5 years.	5 and under 10 years.	10 and under 15 years.	15 and under 20 years.	20 and under 30 years.	30 and under 40 years.	40 and under 50 years.	50 and under 60 years.	60 years and up.		
Burdwan	Burdwan	18	395	405	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	2	1	3	2	3	3	4	...	630.3	...	44.6	20.7	49.9	131	22.6	35.3	54.7	...
Midnapore	Midnapore	19	381	298	5	1	3	...	2	2	2	2	3	2	3	349.9	22.1	41.6	...	32.9	14.2	18.7	41.9	50.4	85.3		
Hughli	Hughli and Chinsurah	13	214	45.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	1	1	1	...	1	1	1	...	5	411.1	19.5	14.9	17.2	...	6.8	7.4	10.1	...	103.7
Serampore	Serampore	9	185	211.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4	...	1	...	2	1	1	2	...	146.5	115.2	...	23.4	...	19.3	10.5	13.4	54.3	...
Howrah	Howrah	1	98	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	823.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24 Pargunnahs	Suburbs of Calcutta	42	288	42.9	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	4	2	3	6	8	7	4	3	9	343.1	31.8	14.1	20.1	36.0	16.0	16.5	15.2	...	104.4
		145	50.3	45.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	45	16	8	12	7	38	35	28	10	29	491.1	51.5	21.0	34.8	29.2	34.0	33.3	42.9	49.0	105.1
		12	33.6	50.3	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	2	1	2	2	1	4	...	2	629.0	...	30.3	18.3	50.6	21.6	12.1	63.9	...	60.2
Nudda	Kishnagar	3	21.3	76.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	5	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	251.2	...	139.9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Banghat	6	12.5	29.1	2	...	2	1	...	1	123.1	...	27.5	17.9	14.8	43.3	26.3		
Jessore	Jessore	3	31.6	27.2	1	1	2	1		
Rajshaye	Rampore Beaulah	4	21.0	37.1	1	3	2	1	2	1	...	1	129.1	62.6	12.5	23.9	21.2	...	92.4	53.9		
Darjiling	Darjiling	4	186.1	11.3	1	...	1	...	2	1	1	106.6	307.7		
	Dacca	46	59.4	74.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	8	4	1	7	17	12	9	13	21	274.0	66.4	21.0	6.5	49.8	57.7	53.5	55.8	143.8	195.9
	Narainganj	6	49.3	25.3	2	3	1	1	1	1	79.8		
Chittagong	Chittagong	1	65.3	78.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	8	3	2	1	6	1	2	3	1	92.4	211.4	62.4	40.4	21.5	67.3	13.6	46.1	145.8	66.3
Tipperah	Comillah	3	26.2	7.0	2	2	82.7	129.8		
Palna	Palna City	1	146.5	25.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	13	6	9	4	6	4	6	6	16	153.8	46.3	18.5	32.5	18.6	10.8	8.9	16.6	23.0	60.2
Gya	Gya	36	31.2	38.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	7	2	5	1	5	2	3	4	10	231.5	57.3	14.9	39.6	9.9	17.7	14.1	16.0	31.6	101.0
Shahabad	Arrah	4	67	12.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	40.4	11.7	20.3	...	16.5	6.8	...	...	...	...
Monroepore	Monroepore	1	23.2	46.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	3	4	1	1	1	2	5	4	5	544.6	38.6	46.2	13.1	17.2	6.1	14.9	51.9	64.1	106.8
Durbhanga	Durbhanga	27	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	5	10	2	1	3	3	3	1	14	400.8	34.3	66.5	19.7	12.9	7.3	14.0	21.0	11.9	22.70
Saran	Chuprah	17	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	2	...	2	6	2	1	3	...	9.6	16.9	20.2	...	10.9	38.6	16.6	12.3	44.8
Bhagulpore	Bhagulpore	1	134.7	47.1	8	8	5	6	1	4	4	3	7	2	349.4	76.8	44.3	47.6	12.4	12.4	19.0	22.4	24.3	33.5	28.9		
Monghyr	Monghyr	15	17.4	33.1	6	3	2	1	1	3	...	4	...	3	210.1	25.1	14.7	9.1	13.8	13.1	45.6	...		
Purneah	Purneah	9	51.0	27.6	1	4	1	1	1	...	3	183.7	17.2	32.9	43.5	52.3		
Poori	Poori	73	157.9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	7	16	25	9	7	...	1,566.4	...	...	...	200.3	160.9	26.7	31.1	43.7	88.1
	TOTAL	637	323	1	2	52.1	36.2	43.5	24.1	72.8	17.5	91	126	117	96	80	127	300.2	45.2	25.8	23.1	27.2	24.2	26.7	31.1	43.7		

OFFICE OF SANITARY COMMISSIONER FOR BENGAL,

R. LIDDERDALE, M.D., Deputy Surgeon-General,
Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

THE 24th November 1884.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT—BENGAL.

IRRIGATION BRANCH.

Statement showing heights over mean sea-level and low water on the Rivers Ganges, Bhagiruhce, Jellinghee, and Brahmapootra for the month of October 1884.

Statement showing heights over mean sea-levels and 600 feet on the River Ganges.																		
RIVER GANGES.																		
RIVER BRAHMAPOOTRA.																		
RIVER JELINGHEE.																		
RIVER BHAGIRATH.																		
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C. W. ODLING,

Under-Secy. to the Government of Bengal.

Dated 24th November 1884.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, NOVEMBER 5, 1884.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

Statement showing the total amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Circular Canal at the Chitpur Toll Station for the month of October 1884.

Number of carts.	NATURE OF CARGO.	APPROXIMATE		TONNAGE OF BOATS.		Tollage.
		Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Maunds.	Tons.	
	LOCAL TRAFFIC.	Mds.	Rs.			Rs. A. P.
219	Coal ...	1,77,266	67,099	3,48,475	12,445	2,406 0 6
9	Roadstone ...	9,200	2,944	18,925	675	74 1 6
29	Earthenware ...	2,100	1,050	8,250	294	34 14 0
12	Sand ...	4,100	1,230	9,025	322	68 6 6
2	Firewood ...	500	100	1,225	43	9 3 0
6	Iron ...	1,913	5,739	5,025	179	38 7 6
11	Jute ...	4,100	12,300	10,100	360	37 14 0
2	Paddy ...	1,325	1,987	3,000	107	26 4 0
1	Wheat ...	200	550	700	25	6 2 0
1	Gram ...	500	1,000	1,200	42	10 8 0
4	Mustard-seed ...	1,600	4,800	3,625	129	31 11 6
1	Oil-cake ...	81	86	950	33	3 9 0
3	Vegetables ...	250	500	675	24	4 0 6
1	Tobacco ...	75	750	150	5	1 5 0
1	Spices ...	100	2,000	1,900	67	16 10 0
313	Salt ...	1,29,115	3,71,205	3,21,700	11,489	2,747 15 0
3	Bones ...	800	1,200	1,650	58	10 7 0
618	Total ...	3,33,225	4,74,540	7,36,575	26,297	5,527 7 0
619	Total of same month last year.	3,57,632	2,51,615	7,44,375	26,590	5,907 0 0
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
961	Empty, passenger, planks, fish, golepatta, onion, fowls, &c.	50,300	2,01,200	6,50,950	23,248	3,252 14 0
172	Boats under 25 maunds	.....	.....	.....	.....	43 0 0
.....	Demurrage ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	96 9 0
1,133	Total ...	50,300	2,01,200	6,50,950	23,248	3,392 8 0
1,130	Total of same month last year.	1,00,000	3,00,000	2,74,200	9,793	2,564 3 0
1,751	Grand Total ...	3,83,525	6,75,740	13,87,525	49,545	8,919 15 0
1,749	Grand total of same month last year.	4,57,632	5,51,615	10,18,575	36,383	8,471 3 0

MEMORANDUM.

				Rs. A. P.
Unrecovered balance on the 1st of the month	...	...	...	90 4 3
Amount of tollage for the month ...	...	...	...	8,919 15 3
		Total	...	9,010 3 6
Amount credited in the accounts for the month	...	...	...	8,607 9 6
		Balance at the end of the month	...	402 10 0

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

Statement showing the total amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Circular Canal at the Dhappa Toll Station for the month of October 1884.

Number of boats.	NATURE OF CARGO.	APPROXIMATE		TONNAGE OF BOATS.		Tollage.
		Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Maunds.	Tons.	
	LOCAL TRAFFIC.	Mds.	Rs.			Rs. A. P.
14	Earthenware ...	730	365	2,125	75	18 9 6
88	Lime ...	1,04,900	89,165	1,92,275	6,866	1,680 5 6
458	Firewood ...	2,21,900	44,380	4,16,700	14,882	3,125 4 0
7	Iron ...	472	1,416	2,975	106	12 12 9
7	Brass ...	800	28,000	2,525	90	12 5 9
730	Jute ...	5,15,943	15,47,829	10,33,500	36,910	9,043 2 0
37	Mats ...	3,250	16,250	10,450	373	91 7 0
5	Paddy ...	1,050	1,575	2,400	85	21 0 0
616	Rice ...	2,66,924	7,34,234	5,22,900	18,675	4,575 6 0
24	Gram ...	11,250	22,500	22,850	816	200 0 6
8	Linseed ...	2,000	8,000	5,300	189	46 6 0
27	Mustard-seed ...	12,322	36,966	24,325	868	212 12 6
163	Other oils ...	32,361	1,61,805	72,475	2,588	317 1 3
26	Oil-cake ...	5,750	6,109	16,750	598	146 9 6
101	Fruits ...	7,150	28,600	15,800	564	138 4 0
142	Vegetables ...	38,539	77,078	75,625	2,700	661 11 6
5	Tobacco ...	1,227	8,589	2,950	105	20 14 3
5	Spices ...	600	12,000	1,400	50	12 4 0
3	Turmeric ...	200	2,000	525	18	2 4 9
1	Cocoanut ...	500	10	225	8	1 15 6
45	Grass for cattle ...	996	3,984	15,825	565	138 7 6
1	Straw ...	20	100	425	15	3 11 6
27	Betelnuts ...	6,465	64,650	12,750	455	111 9 0
10	Sugar, unrefined ...	2,505	15,030	4,075	145	35 10 6
26	Jaggery ...	7,486	37,430	14,875	531	130 2 6
67	Salt ...	5,431	14,256	17,250	616	75 7 6
10	Hides ...	4,415	8,830	1,150	41	10 1 0
12	Bones ...	1,225	1,837	2,900	103	25 6 0
20	Dry fish ...	925	9,250	3,000	107	26 4 0
2,685	Total ...	12,57,336	29,82,238	24,96,325	89,144	20,897 3 9
2,932	Total of same month last year.	11,27,460	33,72,275	24,16,400	86,287	19,830 10 9
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
4,138	Empty, passenger, planks, golpatta, onion, tamarind, fish, shells, &c.	3,87,200	15,48,800	8,85,600	31,628	5,993 6 9
541	Boats under 25 maunds	.....	.....	.....	.....	135 4 0
.....	Demurrage	.....	.....	.....	.....	731 15 6
4,679	Total ...	3,87,200	15,48,800	8,85,600	31,628	6,860 10 3
5,735	Total of same month last year.	4,57,150	9,62,500	12,97,550	46,340	12,576 3 3
7,364	Grand Total ...	16,44,536	45,31,038	33,81,925	1,20,772	27,757 14 0
8,667	Grand total of same month last year.	15,84,610	43,34,775	37,13,950	1,32,627	32,406 14 0

MEMORANDUM.

		Rs. A. P.
Unrecovered balance on the 1st of the month ...	...	434 10 9
Amount of tollage for the month ...	...	27,757 14 0
	Total	28,192 8 9
Amount credited in the accounts for the month ...	...	27,110 14 9
Balance at the end of the month	...	1,081 10 0

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

Statement showing the total amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Tolly's Nullah for the month of October 1884.

Number of boats.	NATURE OF CARGO.	APPROXIMATE		TONNAGE OF BOATS.		Tollage.
		Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Maunds.	Tons.	
	LOCAL TRAFFIC.	Mds.	Rs.			Rs. A. P.
50	Coal ...	24,761	9,284	51,725	1,846	203 2 0
28	Roadstone ...	18,900	4,725	38,550	1,376	144 9 0
35	Bricks ...	4,75,800	4,282	1,20,150	4,291	450 9 0
9	Tiles ...	9,100	291	4,750	169	17 13 0
101	Earthenware ...	5,540	2,770	16,725	595	74 7 6
22	Sand ...	8,900	2,669	20,225	721	80 8 0
1	Limo ...	25	21	25	.....	0 4 0
204	Firewood ...	65,650	13,130	89,600	3,196	673 0 0
7	Iron ...	1,860	5,580	5,500	196	24 12 0
4	Brass ...	400	14,000	1,200	41	7 14 0
6	Cotton ...	188	2,256	2,650	93	23 3 6
17	Jute ...	6,360	19,080	13,425	478	117 8 0
37	Mats ...	4,500	22,500	14,100	503	123 6 0
340	Paddy ...	30,791	46,186	64,625	2,307	565 11 6
1,129	Rice ...	1,07,165	3,45,060	2,14,650	4,097	1,234 5 0
8	Gram ...	1,940	3,880	4,175	88	36 0 9
32	Mustard seed ...	10,770	32,310	24,625	879	198 0 9
38	Other oils ...	5,134	25,670	12,200	435	53 6 0
3	Fruits ...	110	440	300	9	1 7 0
59	Vegetables ...	5,411	10,822	11,750	418	48 7 0
12	Tobacco ...	1,650	16,500	3,375	220	29 11 6
2	Spices ...	10	200	50	1	0 8 0
16	Cocoanut ...	1,800	3,600	400	14	4 0 0
5	Grass for cattle ...	38	152	1,050	37	9 3 0
505	Straw ...	3,252	18,260	69,075	2,466	463 7 0
9	Betelnuts ...	3,320	33,200	8,125	290	71 8 6
90	Jaggery ...	8,551	42,755	19,700	702	140 10 0
129	Salt ...	26,016	82,344	98,475	3,551	419 2 0
13	Cattle ...	360	720	775	27	6 13 6
2	Dry fish ...	60	600	225	8	1 15 6
2,913	Total ...	8,28,362	7,63,287	9,12,200	29,054	5,225 5 0
3,395	Total of same month last year.	4,59,921	6,44,394	9,61,875	34,325	6,571 14 9
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
3,812	Empty, passenger, chee-rah, shells, planks, fish, babla wood, &c., &c.	83,600	3,34,400	5,77,125	20,611	3,450 6 6
186	Boats under 25 maunds	.....	.....	.....	.....	46 8 0
.....	Demurrage ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	74 0 9
3,998	Total ...	83,600	3,34,400	5,77,125	20,611	3,570 15 3
4,322	Total of same month last year.	4,00,738	15,00,651	8,22,050	29,357	3,820 13 0
6,911	Grand Total ...	9,11,962	10,97,687	14,89,325	49,665	8,796 4 3
7,717	Grand total of same month last year.	8,60,659	21,45,045	17,83,925	63,682	10,392 11 9

MEMORANDUM.

		Rs. A. P.
Unrecovered balance on the 1st of the month	...	183 2 9
Amount of tollage for the month	...	8,796 4 3
	Total	8,979 7 0
Amount credited in the accounts for the month	...	8,594 7 6
	Balance at the end of the month	384 15 6

ABSTRACT FOR THE MONTH OF OCTOBER 1884.

	TRAFFIC 1884-85.		TRAFFIC, 1883-84.	
	During the month.	To end of the month.	During the corresponding month.	To end of the corresponding month.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
CIRCULAR CANAL.				
lar Canal at Chitporo toll-station ...	8,919 15 3	44,279 13 0	8,471 3 3	40,675 13 3
itto at Dhappa toll-station ...	27,757 14 0	1,24,659 3 9	32,406 14 0	1,41,336 12 0
Total ...	36,677 13 3	1,68,939 0 9	40,878 1 3	1,82,012 9 3
's Nullah ...	8,796 4 3	57,187 7 6	10,392 11 9	64,809 9 9
GRAND TOTAL ...	45,474 1 6	2,26,126 8 3	51,270 13 0	2,46,822 3 0

CALCUTTA,
24th November 1884.

C. W. ODLING,
Under-Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

Nalhati State Railway.

Statement showing Increases and Decreases in maundage of Staples carried over the line during the month of October 1884, as compared with the corresponding period of October 1883.

STAPLES.	1883.		1884.		1883.	1884.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Total.	Total.		
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
XXII. 1 & 3. Brass and bell-metal ware ...	12	10	9	8	22	17	.....	5
XIV. 2. Edible grain ...	134	56	42	10	190	53	.....	133
VIII. 4. Piece-goods ...	47	.....	41	.....	47	41	.....	6
XXXIII. 1 & 2. Sugar and jagree ...	13	.....	4	.....	13	4	.....	9
XXX. 1 & 2. Silk and silk clothes ...	.....	15	.....	22	15	22	7	.....
XXIX. 1 & 2. Seeds of all sorts ...	30	4	36	.....	34	36	2	.....
XXXVIII. Sundries ...	76	80	86	22	156	108	.....	48
VII. Cotton ...	10	.....	2	.....	10	2	.....	8
VI. Coal ...	234	.....	188	.....	234	188	.....	46
XXXVIII. Revenue stores ...	.....	.....	13	.....	.....	13	13	.....
XXVII. Salt ...	20	.....	11	.....	20	11	.....	9
Total ...	578	165	432	62	711	494	22	263

DECREASE.

Edible grains ... Tons. 133

This decrease is due to partial failure of paddy crops for want of early rain. ...

Sundries ... 48

This decrease is due to less import for want of purchasers. ...

Coal ... 46

This decrease is due to previous stock not exhausted. ...

Nalhati, the 21st November 1884.

RUSSICKLAL ROY, A.E.,
Offy. Manager, Nalhati State Railway.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th November 1884 on 1,509½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	203,192	2,65,215 15 0	20,06,712 10	5,43,327 11 0	14,720 4 0	8,25,283 14 0	63,415	60,463	1,23,878
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	175 11 2	.....	361 4 3	9 12 0	540 11 5	.....	.....	.....
For previous 19 weeks of half-year ...	3,785,029	43,31,434 11 0	3,51,87,174 0	82,50,139 14 0	2,78,464 11 4	1,28,30,043 4 4	1,169,327	1,578,140½	2,747,467½
Total for 20 weeks ...	3,988,221	45,96,650 10 0	3,71,93,916 10	87,65,467 0 0	2,93,188 15 4	1,36,53,307 2 4	1,232,742	1,638,612½	2,871,354½
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	220,001	3,05,183 13 1	22,55,641 0	5,95,647 11 9	20,919 10 1	9,21,751 2 11	69,255	104,371	173,626
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	202 3 10	.....	394 11 8	13 13 10	610 13 4	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	3,031,345	44,52,716 10 10	4,71,45,808 0	1,23,37,131 11 7	3,55,783 11 2	1,71,45,632 1 7	1,265,044	2,529,268	3,794,312

Approximate Statement of gross receipts of the East Indian Railway, prepared in accordance with Public Works Department Circular No. XXI, Railway, dated 23rd July 1883.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 17TH NOVEMBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 15TH NOVEMBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 17TH NOVEMBER 1883.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 15TH NOVEMBER 1884.			Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.		
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1,509	9,21,751	611	1,509½	8,25,264	547	1,509	3,12,60,230	20,716	1,509½	2,52,82,875	16,749	.....	59,77½

SINDIA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th November 1884 on 74½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	4,556	4,292 9 0	55,101 30	2,748 11 0	192 4 0	7,143 8 0	671	1,012	1,683
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	57 9 11	.....	36 14 4	1 5 11	95 14 2	.....	.....	.....
For previous 19 weeks of half-year ...	80,914	65,047 2 0	8,92,547 30	41,946 12 3	1,833 5 3	1,68,787 3 6	12,047	17,311½	29,358½
Total for 20 weeks ...	85,470	69,339 11 0	9,47,709 20	44,695 7 3	1,925 9 3	1,16,939 11 6	12,718	18,323½	31,041½
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	4,318	3,759 2 6	49,606 0	2,513 13 0	81 3 0	6,354 2 6	630	987	1,617
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	50 7 4	.....	33 11 11	1 1 5	85 4 8	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	89,101½	70,661 1 11	6,18,212 30	42,360 10 0	2,231 8 0	1,17,303 12 11	12,765	17,220	30,000

Approximate Statement of gross receipts of the Sindia State Railway, prepared in accordance with Public Works Department Circular No. XXI, Railway, dated 23rd July 1883.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 17TH NOVEMBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 15TH NOVEMBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 17TH NOVEMBER 1883.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 15TH NOVEMBER 1884.			Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.		
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
74½	6,354	85	74½	7,144	96	74½	2,61,925	2,710	74½	2,14,268	2,870	12,343	.....

PATNA AND GYA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th November 1884 on 57½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	11,837	8,043 12 0	37,523 30	2,874 13 0	58 0 0	10,637 2 0	1,767½	1,169½	2,937
Or per mile of railway ...	207	140 10 0	656 10	49 8 11	1 0 5	181 3 4	.....	.....	.....
For previous 19 weeks of half-year ...	262,829	1,67,206 13 0	8,08,618 30	58,552 3 0	1,810 0 6	2,17,029 0 6	32,700½	18,639½	51,454
Total for 20 weeks ...	274,666	1,65,316 9 0	8,46,141 20	61,387 0 0	1,868 0 6	2,23,568 2 6	34,528½	19,802½	54,331
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	16,362	8,225 7 11	46,636 20	3,394 6 0	41 0 0	11,661 6 11	1,508	860	2,694
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	269	143 12 10	813 20	59 5 6	0 11 7	203 13 11	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	228,525	1,20,673 8 7	6,69,926 0	46,610 13 0	1,069 0 0	1,68,392 14 7	30,812	13,704	50,516

Approximate Statement of gross receipts of the Patna and Gya State Railway, prepared in accordance with Public Works Department Circular No. XXI, Railway, dated 23rd July 1883.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 17TH NOVEMBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 15TH NOVEMBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 17TH NOVEMBER 1883.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 15TH NOVEMBER 1884.			Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Rs.	Rs.
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
57½	11,661	204	57½	10,937	191	57½	2,88,116	5,037	57½	3,42,063	5,980	53,947	.....

GHAZIPUR-DILDARNAGAR STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th November 1884, on 12 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	2,166	389 4 0	14,808 0	357 6 8	27 4 0	773 14 0	226½	102½	329
Or per mile of railway ...	...	32 7 0	.....	29 12 6	2 4 4	64 7 10	.....	.....	.....
For previous 19 weeks of half-year ...	38,725	7,303 15 0	1,63,861 10	3,563 0 0	514 12 0	11,382 4 0	4,094	2,365	6,459
Total for 20 weeks ...	40,881	7,693 3 0	1,80,669 10	3,920 13 0	542 0 0	12,136 2 0	4,320½	2,467½	6,788
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	2,223½	402 13 6	10,701 10	394 12 0	46 13 0	844 6 6	221	138	359
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	33 9 2	.....	32 14 4	3 14 5	70 5 11	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	42,013½	7,368 10 8	2,24,014 0	5,020 11 0	497 13 0	12,877 2 8	4,369	2,283	6,652

Approximate Statement of gross receipts of the Ghazipur-Dildarnagar State Railway, prepared in accordance with Public Works Department Circular No. XXI, Railway, dated 23rd July 1883.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 17TH NOVEMBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 15TH NOVEMBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 17TH NOVEMBER 1883.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 15TH NOVEMBER 1884.			Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Rs.	Rs.
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
12	841	70	12	774	64	12	28,410	2,368	12	30,000	2,500	1,690	.....

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate return of traffic for week ended 1st November 1884 on 359 miles open, including Calcutta and South-Eastern and Bengal Central Railway mileage.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
A.—Total traffic for the week ...	105,039	Rs. 41,521 0 0	Mds. 3,28,207 0	Rs. 74,042 0 0	Rs. 5,572 0 0	Rs. 1,21,135 0 0	12,729	11,245	23,97
Or per mile of railway ...	293	116 0 0	914 0	203 0 0	.....	322 0 0	.....	.....	.....
For previous 17 weeks of half-year ...	1,391,111	5,53,877 0 0	55,10,809 0	13,25,419 0 0	1,33,111 0 0	20,12,407 0 0	213,768	191,776	405,54
Total for 18 weeks ...	1,496,150	5,95,398 0 0	58,48,016 0	13,99,461 0 0	1,38,683 0 0	21,33,542 0 0	226,497	203,021	429,51
COMPARISON.									
B.—Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	85,270	39,996 0 0	2,76,205 0	56,854 0 0	10,105 0 0	1,05,955 0 0	9,839	8,111	17,95
Per mile of railway corresponding period of previous year ...	324	152 0 0	1,051 0	212 0 0	.....	364 0 0	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	1,350,818	6,20,360 0 0	52,01,741 0	10,71,737 0 0	1,84,817 0 0	18,76,914 0 0	176,173	144,754	320,95

A.—Includes receipts of Calcutta and South-Eastern Railway, and 50 per cent. of receipts of Bengal Central Railway, viz. Rs. 4,874 and Rs. 4,870 respectively apportioned over the several heads of traffic.

B.—Includes share of Bengal Central Railway receipts due to Eastern Bengal Railway for working, viz. Rs. 1,188, and Calcutta and South-Eastern receipt Rs. 4,445.

FINANCIAL YEAR.

Approximate Statement of gross receipts of the Eastern Bengal State Railway.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 3RD NOVEMBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 1ST NOVEMBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 3RD NOVEMBER 1883.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 1ST NOVEMBER 1884.			Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.		
243	Rs. 1,05,955	Rs. 403	359	Rs. 1,21,135	Rs. 337	240	Rs. 51,03,499	Rs. 12,931	333	Rs. 51,70,978	Rs. 9,522	Rs. 67,479	.....

Increase in mileage.

Eastern Bengal State Railway	.....	Miles. 5
Bengal Central Railway	.....	91
		96

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 8th November 1884, on 359 miles open, including Calcutta and South-Eastern and Bengal Central Railway mileage.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
A.—Total traffic for the week ...	104,141	Rs. 40,850 0 0	Mds. 3,80,681 0	Rs. 84,485 0 0	Rs. 17,803 0 0	Rs. 1,43,141 0 0	12,716	11,457	24,173
Or per mile of railway ...	290	114 0 0	1,060 0	235 0 0	.....	349 0 0	.....	.....	.....
For previous 18 weeks of half-year ...	1,406,150	5,95,398 0 0	59,48,016 0	13,99,461 0 0	1,38,683 0 0	21,33,542 0 0	226,497	203,021	429,518
Total for 19 weeks ...	1,600,291	6,36,248 0 0	62,28,697 0	14,83,919 0 0	1,56,484 0 0	22,76,683 0 0	239,213	214,478	453,691
COMPARISON.									
B.—Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	72,267	40,278 0 0	3,07,430 0	60,821 0 0	11,545 0 0	1,21,614 0 0	10,063	8,093	18,756
Per mile of railway corresponding period of previous year ...	275	153 0 0	1,169 0	266 0 0	.....	419 0 0	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	1,423,085	6,60,638 0 0	55,09,171 0	11,41,558 0 0	1,96,362 0 0	19,98,558 0 0	186,236	153,477	339,713

A.—Includes receipts of Calcutta and South-Eastern Railway, and 50 per cent. of receipts of Bengal Central Railway, viz., Rs. 6,445 and Rs. 5,610 respectively apportioned over the several heads of traffic.

B.—Includes share of Bengal Central Railway receipts due to Eastern Bengal Railway for working, viz., Rs. 1,192, and Calcutta and South-Eastern receipt Rs. 4,601.

FINANCIAL YEAR.

Approximate Statement of gross receipts of the Bengal Central Railway.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 10TH NOVEMBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 8TH NOVEMBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 10TH NOVEMBER 1883.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 8TH NOVEMBER 1884.			Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.		
263	Rs. 1,21,644	Rs. 463	359	Rs. 1,43,141	Rs. 399	240	Rs. 32,25,143	Rs. 13,438	331	Rs. 33,14,119	Rs. 9,923	Rs. 68,976	.....

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 1st November 1884 on 126 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	17,149	8,841 0 0	11,127 0	854 0 0	45 0 0	8,740 0 0	2,390	1,812	4,202
Or per mile of railway ...	136	70 0 0	88 0	7 0 0	.....	77 0 0	.....	.....	.....
For previous 17 weeks of half-year ...	296,372	1,14,644 0 0	1,71,348 0	16,033 0 0	753 0 0	1,31,430 0 0	52,203	20,365	72,648
Total for 18 weeks ...	313,521	1,23,485 0 0	1,82,473 0	16,887 0 0	798 0 0	1,41,170 0 0	54,683	22,167	76,850
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	10,327	1,809 0 0	22,051 0	458 0 0	20 0 0	2,377 0 0	919	269	1,208
Per mile of railway corresponding period of previous year ...	292	54 4 1	647 0	13 1 5	0 0 2	67 14 8	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	171,153	30,589 0 0	2,50,572 0	6,445 0 0	421 0 0	37,455 0 0	16,274	5,502	21,776

FINANCIAL YEAR.

Approximate Statement of gross receipts of the Bengal Central Railway.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 3RD NOVEMBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 1ST NOVEMBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 3RD NOVEMBER 1883.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 1ST NOVEMBER 1884.			Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.		
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
35	2,377	68	126	9,740	77	35	66,165	1,891	126	2,77,728	2,222	2,11,533	.....

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 8th November 1884 on 126 Miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	23,382	11,608 0 0	13,954 0	1,213 0 0	70 0 0	12,891 0 0	3,046	1,336	4,382
Or per mile of railway ...	186	92 0 0	111 0	10 0 0	.....	102 0 0	.....	.....	.....
For previous 18 weeks of half-year ...	313,521	1,23,485 0 0	1,82,473 0	16,887 0 0	798 0 0	1,41,170 0 0	54,683	22,167	76,850
Total for 19 weeks ...	336,903	1,35,093 0 0	1,96,427 0	18,100 0 0	868 0 0	1,54,061 0 0	57,729	23,503	81,232
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	10,030	1,849 0 0	21,019 0	622 0 0	13 0 0	2,384 0 0	902	306	1,208
Per mile of railway corresponding period of previous year ...	287	53 0 0	601 0	15 0 0	.....	68 0 0	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	181,183	32,439 0 0	2,71,591 0	6,907 0 0	434 0 0	39,830 0 0	17,176	5,808	22,984

FINANCIAL YEAR.

Approximate Statement of Gross Receipts of the Bengal Central Railway.

RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 10TH NOVEMBER 1883.			RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 8TH NOVEMBER 1884.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1883 TO 10TH NOVEMBER 1883.			TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1884 TO 8TH NOVEMBER 1884.			Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.
Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.	Mean mileage worked.	Total receipts.	Per mile worked.		
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
35	2,384	68	126	12,801	102	35	68,679	1,960	125	2,90,619	2,325	2,22,040	.....

BENGAL PROVINCIAL RAILWAYS.
Weekly Statement of Traffic Receipts.

Latest return received	Name of Railway.	Length open.	RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING		TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1st JANUARY		Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.	Percentage of increase or decrease.
			22nd September 1883.	20th September 1884.	To 22nd September 1883.	To 20th September 1884.			
1884.		Miles.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
27th September ...	Northern Bengal	240	42,538 0 0	49,595 0 0	16,00,255 0 0	14,14,886 0 0	.....	1,85,419 0 0	-12
Ditto ...	Tirhoot	183	17,439 0 0	17,611 0 0	8,16,028 0 0	8,63,182 0 0	2,40,134 0 0	.....	+60
11th October ...	Nalhati	27½	1,306 0 0	1,308 0 0	62,250 0 0	68,004 0 0	.....	4,185 0 0	-7
	Total.	490½	61,343 0 0	68,604 0 0	22,87,542 0 0	23,38,092 0 0	50,550 0 0	.....	+2

BENGAL PROVINCIAL RAILWAYS.
Weekly Statement of Traffic Receipts.

Latest return received.	Name of Railway.	Length open.	RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING		TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1st JANUARY		Total increase in 1884.	Total decrease in 1884.	Percentage of increase or decrease.
			29th September 1883.	27th September 1884.	To 29th September 1883.	To 27th September 1884.			
1884.		Miles.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
27th September ...	Northern Bengal	240	49,904 0 0	58,895 0 0	16,50,219 0 0	14,73,731 0 0	.....	1,85,488 0 0	-11
Ditto ...	Tirhoot	183	17,107 0 0	19,222 0 0	8,33,135 0 0	8,93,384 0 0	2,50,240 0 0	.....	+30
11th October ...	Nalhati	27½	1,436 0 0	1,710 0 0	68,006 0 0	69,810 0 0	.....	3,885 0 0	-6
	Total	490½	68,507 0 0	79,833 0 0	23,56,049 0 0	24,16,925 0 0	60,876 0 0	.....	+3

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

	Rs. A. P.
Earnings for week ending 8th November 1884	11,481 0 0
Corresponding week last year	8,783 9 9
Increase	2,697 6 3
Receipts from 1st July to 8th November 1884	1,65,600 15 5
from 1st July to 10th November 1883	1,59,576 11 7
Increase	6,024 3 10
	Miles.
Miles open week ending 8th November 1884	50
Corresponding week last year	50
	Rs. A. P.
Receipts per mile open week ending 8th November 1884	229 9 11
Corresponding week last year	175 10 9
Increase	53 15 2

DARJEELING, the 15th November 1884. W. STEVENSON, Secretary.